

TOP SPRING INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED





We Believe 使命

Quality property for quality life 精品地產,品質生活

We Value 企業價值

Responsibility • Simplicity • Innovation • Sharing 擔當 • 簡單 • 創新 • 共享





Brand Commitment 品牌承諾

To be time tested 時間見證價值

Our Mission 願景

Premium & Boutique Developer 特色精品地產開發商



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公司資料

CORPORATE INFORMATION

董事會

執行董事

黃俊康先生(主席兼行政總裁) 林美家女士 梁瑞池先生 袁志偉先生(自二零二一年五月三十一日起辭任)

非執行董事

葉康文先生 隗強先生

獨立非執行董事

鄭毓和先生 吳泗宗教授 陳儀先生

公司秘書

黃德俊先生

授權代表

林美家女士(自二零二一年五月三十一日起獲委任) 黃德俊先生 袁志偉先生(自二零二一年五月三十一日起辭任)

審核委員會

鄭毓和先生(主席) 陳儀先生 吳泗宗教授

薪酬委員會

鄭毓和先生(主席) 黃俊康先生 吳泗宗教授

提名委員會

吳泗宗教授(主席) 黃俊康先生 鄭毓和先生

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所,於《財務匯報局條例》下 的註冊公眾利益實體核數師

香港法律顧問

盛德國際律師事務所香港 龍炳坤、楊永安律師行

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr WONG Chun Hong (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)
Ms LAM Mei Ka, Shirley
Mr LIANG Rui Chi
Mr YUAN Zhi Wei (resigned with effect from 31 May 2021)

Non-executive Directors

Mr YIP Hoong Mun Mr KUI Qiang

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr CHENG Yuk Wo Professor WU Si Zong Mr CHAN Yee Herman

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr WONG Tak Chun

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms LAM Mei Ka Shirley (appointed with effect from 31 May 2021) Mr WONG Tak Chun Mr YUAN Zhi Wei (resigned with effect from 31 May 2021)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr CHENG Yuk Wo (Chairman) Mr CHAN Yee Herman Professor WU Si Zong

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr CHENG Yuk Wo (Chairman) Mr WONG Chun Hong Professor WU Si Zong

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Professor WU Si Zong *(Chairman)* Mr WONG Chun Hong Mr CHENG Yuk Wo

AUDITORS

KPMG, Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISERS

Sidley Austin Hong Kong Loong & Yeung

公司資料

CORPORATE INFORMATION

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港總部及 主要營業地點

香港 灣仔港灣道6-8號 瑞安中心 26樓04-08室

主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶 登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

主要往來銀行

恒生銀行有限公司 中國銀行 華商銀行 大華銀行有限公司 創興銀行有限公司 上海浦東發展銀行股份有限公司 廣東華興銀行

投資者關係

黄德俊先生

股份代號

03688

買賣單位

500股

公司網址

www.topspring.com

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Rooms 04–08, 26th Floor Shui On Centre 6–8 Harbour Road Wanchai Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKS

Hang Seng Bank Limited
Bank of China
Chinese Mercantile Bank
United Overseas Bank Limited
Chong Hing Bank Limited
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd.
Guangdong Huaxing Bank

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Mr WONG Tak Chun

STOCK CODE

03688

BOARD LOT

500 Shares

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.topspring.com

主席報告書

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

集團簡介

萊蒙國際集團有限公司(「**萊蒙**」或「本公司」, 連同其附屬公司,統稱「本集團」或「我們」)是 中華人民共和國(「中國」)內地(不包含香港、 澳門及台灣省,「內地」)及香港特別行政區(「香港」)的集房地產投資與發展、產業運營、商業 物業管理、啟蒙教育及新興產業投資為一體的 綜合性集團。

本集團始終堅持精品地產的定位,聚焦以香港、深圳、廣州等為核心的粵港澳大灣區(定義見下文)及上海、澳洲悉尼等經濟活躍地區從事商住物業的投資與發展、資產管理和產業運營等業務,積極發揮跨國經營、同時熟稔香港和內地的特點,整合全球資源,以產城融合方式打造可持續發展的都市產業社區,服務城市發展和產業升級,努力成為助力國家戰略實現的多元化投資踐行者。

業務回顧

於二零二一年,本集團錄得物業及停車位預售額合共約1,709,600,000港元(二零二零年:1,125,200,000港元)、已預售可銷售建築面積25,527平方米(二零二零年:16,839平方米)。

於二零二一年,本集團從投資物業取得之租 金收入約為247,000,000港元(二零二零年: 231,100,000港元),增幅為約6.9%。於二零 二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的投資物業 整體出租率約為82.1%。於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,本集團正在營運中之投資物業組 合的可租賃總建築面積由二零二零年十二月 三十一日約259,914平方米上升至約305,502 平方米。此外,本集團於二零二一年十二月 三十一日管理物業總體面積已經累計至約1,818 萬平方米,其中約1,335萬平方米為非本集團 開發的物業及約483萬平方米為商業物業管理 項目。目前,本集團其中一家物業公司於二零 一五年至二零二一年連續七年於 「中國物業服 務百強企業」中排名第58位,其物業管理規模 逐年擴展。

PROFILE OF THE GROUP

Top Spring International Holdings Limited ("**Top Spring**" or the "**Company**", together with its subsidiaries, collectively the "**Group**", "**we**" or "**us**") is a conglomerate group integrating the real estate investment and development, industrial operation, commercial property management, formative education and emerging industries investment businesses operating in the mainland (excluding Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan Province, "**Mainland China**") of the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**" or "**China**") and the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("**Hong Kong**").

The Group always adheres to the positioning of building quality property. With a strong focus on the commercial and residential property investment and development, asset management, industrial operation and other businesses in the Greater Bay Area (as defined below), the centres of which are Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Guangzhou, as well as the economically dynamic regions including Shanghai and Sydney, Australia, the Group actively leverages multinational operations and is familiar with the characteristics of Hong Kong and Mainland China to integrate global resources and develop sustainable metropolitan industry communities through city-industry integration, serve urban development and industrial upgrading and strive to become a practitioner on diversified investments in facilitating the achievement of national strategies.

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2021, the Group recorded an aggregate of pre-sales of properties and car park units of approximately HK\$1,709.6 million (2020: HK\$1,125.2 million), pre-sold saleable GFA of 25,527 sq.m. (2020: 16,839 sq.m.).

In 2021, the Group's rental income from investment properties was approximately HK\$247.0 million (2020: HK\$231.1 million), representing an increase of approximately 6.9%. As at 31 December 2021, the overall occupancy rate of the Group's investment properties was approximately 82.1%. As at 31 December 2021, the total leasable GFA of the Group's operating investment property portfolio increased to approximately 305,502 sq.m. from approximately 259,914 sq.m. as at 31 December 2020. In addition, as at 31 December 2021, the accumulated total area of properties managed by the Group amounted to approximately 18,180,000 sq.m., of which approximately 13,350,000 sq.m. was properties not developed by the Group and approximately 4,830,000 sq.m. was commercial property management projects. Currently, one of the property companies of the Group ranked 58th in the "Top 100 Property Service Companies in China" for seven consecutive years from 2015 to 2021 with its scale of property management expanding year on year.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團22個項目之土地儲備(即淨可銷售/租賃建築面積)約為510,243平方米。本集團之土地儲備策略將主要佈局於中國的粵港澳大灣區(「大灣區」)及一線城市,如深圳、上海及香港。

業務分析

二零二一年,全球經濟在不確定中艱難前行, 在百年未有之大變局和2019冠狀病毒疫情的 多重衝擊和壓力下,中國經濟表現出強大的 韌性,經濟發展保持全球領先地位,實現了 [十四五]的良好開局。上半年,房地產市場[穩 房價、穩地價、穩預期」的政策基調不變,調 控不斷加碼,三條紅線試點範圍擴大、貸款集 中度管理全面實施等政策相繼發佈;下半年, 市場快速降溫,第二、第三批集中供地集體遇 冷,中央經濟工作會議再提堅持房住不炒,並 提出要加強預期引導,探索新的發展模式,堅 持租購並舉、因城施策促進房地產業良性循環 和健康發展。同時,國家「十四五」《規劃綱要》 為香港確定了新的發展定位,《北部都會區發 展策略》等一系列政策規劃為香港帶來新的發 展機遇,香港正在全面融入國家發展大局。

本集團一直保持對經濟形勢和宏觀政策的緊密 跟蹤、理性分析以及專業研判,始終堅持穩中 求進的經營策略,抓住經濟復蘇的窗口期和新 發展格局構建的關鍵期,穩步且積極推進各項 業務有序開展。二零二一年,深圳、香港和悉 尼項目持續銷售,集團盈利能力提升,利潤回升。 As at 31 December 2021, the land bank (that is, the net saleable/leasable GFA) of 22 projects of the Group was approximately 510,243 sq.m.. In terms of land bank strategy, the Group will primarily focus on the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area (the "**Greater Bay Area**") and the first-tier cities in China, such as Shenzhen, Shanghai and Hong Kong.

BUSINESS ANALYSIS

In 2021, the global economy moved forward amid uncertainties and difficulties. Under the impacts and pressures of the great change that humanity has experienced in a century as well as the COVID-19 pandemic, China's economy showed strong resilience, maintained its global leading position in terms of economic growth and achieved a healthy start in the "14th Five-year Plan" period. In the first half of the year, the policy keynote of "stabilising land price, housing price and expectation" on the real estate market remained unchanged with increasingly intensifying control measures implemented. The policies expanded the implementation scope of the "three red lines" on a pilot basis and the full implementation of loan concentration management were released successively. In the second half of the year, the property market cooled down rapidly and the second and third batch of centralised land supply experienced downturns. The Central Economic Work Conference reiterated the position of "housing is for accommodation and not for speculation" and put forward strengthening guidance on expectation, exploring new development models and placing emphasis on both rental and purchase with differential policies across cities to promote the virtuous cycle and healthy development of the real estate industry. Meanwhile, the Outline of the "14th Five-year Plan" of the PRC determined the new development positioning of Hong Kong. The Northern Metropolis Development Strategy and other policies and planning brought new development opportunities for Hong Kong with the latter comprehensively integrating into China's overall development.

The Group has always maintained close monitoring, rational analysis and professional judgment on economic conditions and macroeconomic policies and always persisted in implementing the strategy of seeking growth amid prudent development, seized the opportunity of economic recovery and the crucial period in building new development layout, and steadily and proactively promoted the orderly progress of all businesses. In 2021, we maintained continuous sales of the projects in Shenzhen, Hong Kong and Sydney and our profitability improved with a rebound in profit.

都市產業社區業務方面,持續整合產業資源, 推進廣州南沙粵港澳國際創新城項目。二零 二一年,與廣東省科技廳下屬的廣東省生產力 促進中心簽訂戰略合作協議,雙方將集聚優勢 資源,共同打造前述之創新城項目。上海萊蒙 國際中心都市產業社區項目,以戰略性新興產 業為主要定位,繼掛牌上海首個「區塊鏈大廈」 後,被認定為「上海楊浦區人工智能及大數據 創新基地」,產業集聚效應初現。

內地舊改項目方面,集團重點推進的深圳龍崗區吉盛昌城市更新項目,正根據政府最新政策調整更新方向,製定可行性研究報告。二零二二年上半年預計深圳將發佈關於住宅用地供應、土地整備利益統籌以及城市更新「十四五」規劃等相關政策,將多方面利好吉盛昌項目。此外,集團在廣州南沙區的舊廠改造項目,目前已完成超過50畝的啟動地塊收儲改造實施方案編制,預計二零二二年年底集團將與南沙區政府簽訂地塊收儲協議,並推動地塊列入政府供地計劃。

內地在建項目開發建設方面,深圳水榭雲上家園,建築面積約7.32萬平方米的高級住宅和公寓,截至二零二一年底,住宅已基本完成去化,目前剩餘貨值主要為商務公寓和商鋪。深圳萊蒙國際大廈和深圳簡上商務大樓,建築面積約12.9萬平方米,預計於二零二二年第三季度預售。深圳「十四五」《規劃綱要》中,上述項目所在區域已被納入都市核心區,將有助於進一步提升項目整體價值。

For our urban industrial community business, we continued to integrate industrial resources and promoted the "Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao International Innovative City (粵港澳國際創新城)" Project in Nansha District, Guangzhou. In 2021, we entered into a strategic cooperation agreement with Guangdong Productivity Promotion Center under the Department of Science and Technology of Guangdong Province, pursuant to which both parties will gather their advantageous resources and jointly construct and complete the said Innovative City Project. For the urban industrial community project of Shanghai Top Spring International Centre, it is mainly targeted at strategic emerging industries. After introducing the first "blockchain building" in Shanghai, the project is being recognised as the "Artificial Intelligence and Big Data Innovation Base in Yangpu District, Shanghai", with preliminarily showcasing effect of industrial conglomeration.

For the renovation projects of old communities in Mainland China, the Group focused on promoting the Jishengchang urban renewal project in Longgang District, Shenzhen. Adjustment on the renovation orientation according to the latest government policies is underway and a feasibility study report is in preparation. It is expected that Shenzhen will publish relevant policies on residential land supply, coordination on benefits in land consolidation, the "14th Five-year Plan" on urban renovation and other relevant policies in the first half of 2022, which will benefit the Jishengchang project in various aspects. In addition, for the renovation of old factories in Nansha District, Guangzhou, the preparation works of the land acquisition and renovation plan for an area of over 50 mu are completed. It is expected that the Group will sign an agreement on land acquisition with the government of Nansha District by the end of 2022 and facilitate the land to be included in the land supply plan of the government.

For the development and construction of projects under construction in Mainland China, the residential properties of Shenzhen Upper Residence, a high-end residential project with a GFA of approximately 73,200 sq.m., has basically sold out as at the end of 2021. Currently, the remaining inventory is mainly commercial apartments and shops. Topspring International Mansion and Jianshang Commercial Building in Shenzhen, with a GFA of approximately 129,000 sq.m. are scheduled for pre-sale in the third quarter of 2022. According to the Outline of the "14th Five-year Plan" of Shenzhen, the areas where the said projects are located have been included as urban core areas, which will further improve the overall value of the projects.

集團在澳洲的各項目進展都十分理想,悉尼東 區的 Bellevue Hill、Elizabeth Bay 以及 Double Bay 三個豪宅項目業績表現最為出色,為集團在當 地豪宅市場打造精品地產品牌奠定了良好基礎。 Bellevue Hill項目為集團在悉尼東區的首個豪 宅項目,已順利去化約90%,預計於二零二二 年第二季度竣工。Elizabeth Bay的中型豪宅項 目在銷售方面取得傲人業績,已順利去化約 90%,預計二零二三年年中竣工。Double Bay 項目是集團二零二一年九月獲取的精品豪宅地 標項目,最快可在二零二二年七月開始預售。 此外,位於悉尼下北岸St Leonards的大型住宅 項目,已完成申請立項等工作,並計畫於二零 二二年年中開始預售及動工。位於悉尼市區北 部植被非常好區域的大型甲級住宅項目,遠眺 能看到著名的Manly Beach海岸,目前進展順 利。集團將繼續深耕澳洲市場,著力尋找契合 集團發展的投資項目。

The Group's projects in Hong Kong have also reported sound progress. 128 WATERLOO in Hong Kong, located in a traditional high-end residential area in a district with good schools and a GFA of approximately 86,000 sq.ft., has obtained the occupation permit in the fourth quarter of 2021. The Yuen Long Shap Pat Heung Road Project with a GFA of approximately 245,000 sq.ft. has officially initiated project development. The negotiation of land premium payment arrangement with the government for the Yuen Long Tai Tong Road Project with a GFA of approximately 36,000 sq.ft. is in progress. We have entered into relevant cooperative development agreements with Kerry Properties Limited on the above two projects in Yuen Long. Both parties agreed to leverage the synergistic effects and jointly develop high-quality residential projects. The Sheung Shui Ma Sik Road Project with a site area of approximately 103,000 sq.ft. has received approval from the Town Planning Board for developing into low-density residential units. Meanwhile, an application for planning to increase the plot ratio has been submitted to the Town Planning Board to fully explore the land development potential. The Group will work actively through various channels to identify opportunities for investment in premium projects, with a view to ensuring continuous investment and development in the Hong Kong market.

The Group's projects in Australia are progressing promisingly. The three luxury residential projects in Bellevue Hill, Elizabeth Bay and Double Bay in the eastern suburb of Sydney have recorded outstanding performance, laying a solid foundation for the Group to establish its premium property brands in local luxury residential markets. As our first luxury residential project in the eastern suburb of Sydney, the Bellevue Hill project has completed approximately 90% of its sales and is expected to complete construction in the second quarter of 2022. The medium-sized luxury residential project in Elizabeth Bay achieved outstanding performance in sales and approximately 90% are sold. It is expected to complete construction by mid-2023. The Double Bay project is a premium luxury residential landmark project secured by the Group in September 2021 and the earliest time to start pre-sale is in July 2022. In addition, the large residential project in St Leonards at the Lower North Shore of Sydney has completed the application for project initiation etc and plans to start pre-sale and construction in mid-2022. A large class-A residential project in the northern urban area of Sydney with outstanding vegetation coverage and a bird's eye view of the famous Manly Beach is currently under smooth progress. The Group will continue to deeply explore the Australian market and focus on seeking investment projects in line with the development of the Group.

商業及物業管理方面,集團的商業公司榮登[中 購聯購物中心行業2021年度商業管理公司卓 越榜」;物業公司連續7年榮獲「2021年物業服 務百強企業」稱號,連續四年榮獲「廣東省守合 同重信用企業」稱號。目前,物業在管面積1,818 萬平方米,包含92個在管項目,其中,四個榮 獲「省級物業管理示範小區」、九個榮獲「市級 物業管理示範小區」稱號。二零二一年,面對 國內疫情的多次反復,集團在商業管理上積極 應對,保證商業出租率和場地坪效的穩定;在 物業管理方面積極拓展商業物業、住宅物業、 市政公共物業、機場等交通物業和院校物業等 業態。未來集團在保持商業及物業營業收入、 營業利潤穩健增長的基礎上,將重點深耕城市 配套服務的物業細分市場,積極拓展物業管理 面積。

教育產品和教育服務方面,集團積極應對和適應2019冠狀病毒持續影響下的宏觀環境,配合所服務的學校應暫停面授課的要求,改為網絡視頻教學,已陸續應用相關教材,從實踐中後化「線上+線下」教育的質量。縱使疫情反複,我們在做足防疫措施的情況下仍積極進行產,我們在做足防疫措施的情況下仍積極進行產品銷售和服務平台的宣傳推廣。在業務發展方面,集團以輕資產的模式或戰略合作的形式,積極工學港澳大灣區(包含港澳地區)推廣「啟思」品牌,探索可落地的教育項目,並加強人才培訓以提升服務競爭力,尤其是做深做好香港業務。

In connection with commercial and property management, the Group's commercial company was on the "List of Excellent Commercial Management Companies in 2021 of Mall China Golden Mall Industry". The property company was awarded the "2021 China Top 100 Property Service Companies" for seven consecutive years and the "Guangdong Provincial Enterprise of Observing Contract and Valuing Credit" for four consecutive years. Currently, there are properties with an area of 18.18 million square metres under management, including the 92 projects currently managed by the Group, 4 of them were awarded the title of "Provincial Excellence Demonstration Community under Property Management" and 9 of them were awarded the title of "City Excellent Demonstration Community under Property Management". Facing the reoccurrence of the pandemic in 2021, the Group made active response in commercial management and guaranteed stable commercial occupancy rate and area efficiency. For property management, the Group actively expanded commercial properties, residential properties, municipal services properties, airports and other transportation properties, property management services for education institutions and other business types. In future, we will focus on urban ancillary facilities of property market segmentation and actively expand our property management business in terms of the area under management on the basis of maintaining solid growth in operating revenue and profit from commercial and property businesses.

For our education products and education services business, the Group actively responded and adapted to the macro-environment under the impacts of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, and coordinated with the schools we serve under the requirements of suspending face-to-face teaching and initiating online video teaching. The Group gradually implemented relevant teaching materials and optimised the quality of "online + offline" education in practice. Despite the reoccurrence of the pandemic, the Group still actively carried out product sales and the publicity and promotion of service platforms on the basis of having sufficient measures on pandemic prevention. For business development, the Group actively promoted the "Creative" brand in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area (including Hong Kong and Macao), explored the implementation of education projects in asset-light model or through strategic cooperation and enhanced talent training to enhance the service competitiveness and deepen and improve the business in Hong Kong in particular.

未來展望

堅定聚焦粵港澳大灣區、鎖定核心城市 核心區域的發展機會

大灣區建設持續推進,二零二一年經濟總量已突破12萬億元,大灣區正不斷加快硬、軟聯通,不斷探索區域協調發展新機制新路徑,不斷探索區域協調發展新機制新路徑,不斷豐富「一制度創新和改革開放新高地邁進,不斷豐富「一大灣區被賦予更重要的角色,未來將進一步引領全國經濟高質量發展。本集團將緊密把握大灣區發展的歷史性機遇,高度聚焦香港、深圳、廣州等核心城市,充分發揮自身優勢和能力,助力大灣區經濟社會發展,實現集團發展戰略。

保持及適度增加具有穩定增長的收租 物業

本集團認為保持穩定上揚的租金收入非常重要,期望在未來通過持有更多優質物業,做好資產的精細化管理,讓租金收入有更大的上升空間,實現物業保值增值,保證穩定可持續的現金流。

著眼香港、悉尼,積極拓展優質項目

本集團將繼續在香港、悉尼等核心城市進行投資,持續深耕,提升集團在境內外市場的品牌價值和形象,構建境內、境外業務高效協同的 生態。

關注潛在投資機會,培育新的業務增長點

持續關注市場及行業變化,結合本集團實際發展需要,整合資源,審慎投資,培育「地產+」業務,實現多元化業務與地產業務的有機融合和雙向賦能。

致謝

謹此衷心感謝全體同事的辛勤勞動與全力付出。 在充滿不確定性的年代,股東的信賴與認同是 我們的前進的動力。我們將繼續為股東創造最 大價值,並繼續為社會作出貢獻。

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Focusing on the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area and targeting the development opportunities in the core cities and main regions as well

The development of the Greater Bay Area continued to advance, underpinned by an aggregate economic volume of over RMB12 trillion in 2021. The Greater Bay Area is continuously accelerating the connection between infrastructure construction and policy implementation, exploring innovative mechanisms and new paths for coordinated regional development, charting new heights in institutional innovation as well as reform and opening up, and substantiating the notion of "One country, two systems". In the Outline of the "14th Five-Year" Plan, the Greater Bay Area has been given a more important role in further guiding the high quality development of the national economy in the future. The Group will closely seize opportunities arising from the historic development of the Greater Bay Area with a strong focus on the core cities including Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Guangzhou and give full play to its strengths and capabilities so as to contribute to the economic and social development of the Greater Bay Area and implement the development strategy of the Group.

Maintaining and increasing where appropriate rental properties that generate stable income growth

The Group believes that it is very important to maintain a steady increase in rental income and hopes to foster a greater scope for rental income growth by holding more premium properties and properly conducting refined asset management in the future, so as to preserve and enhance property value and ensure stable and sustainable cash flow.

Actively expanding premium projects by focusing on Hong Kong and Sydney

The Group will continue to invest and conduct intensive development in core cities such as Hong Kong and Sydney, so as to enhance our brand value and image in domestic and overseas markets as well as to build an efficient and synergistic ecology for domestic and overseas businesses.

Eyeing potential investment opportunities to foster new business growth points

We will continue to monitor market and industry changes. In line with the actual development needs of the Group, we will integrate resources and make prudent investments to cultivate the "property +" business, so as to achieve organic integration of and two-way empowerment between the diversified businesses and the property business.

APPRECIATION

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to all our colleagues for their hard work and dedication. The trust and recognition of our shareholders are our driving force in such era of uncertainties. We will continue to create the maximum value for our shareholders and contribute to our society on an ongoing basis.

榮譽及獎項

HONOURS AND AWARDS



萊蒙國際集團 慶祝中國共產黨成立100週年 上海設計·第九屆金創獎優秀企業紀念獎 上海現代服務業聯合會 上海市楊浦區人民政府

Top Spring International Holdings
to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the founding
of the Communist Party of China
Shanghai Design - Outstanding Enterprise Memorial
Award of the 9th Golden Innovation Award
Shanghai Modern Services Industry Federation
Shanghai Yangpu People's Government



萊蒙國際創新中心 創新創業生態合作夥伴獎 上海市楊浦區眾創空間促進會

Top Spring International Innovation Centre Innovation and Entrepreneurship Ecosystem Partnership Award Shanghai Yangpu Public Innovation Space Promotion Association



上海萊蒙國際中心 2021 年度商務園區典範項目 地產風尚企業表現 觀點指數研究院

Shanghai Top Spring International Centre 2021 Model Project in Commercial Park Outstanding Real Estate Companies Guandian Index Academy



深圳市萊蒙物業服務有限公司 2017-2020 連續四年廣東省守合同重信用企業 深圳市市場監督管理局

Shenzhen Top Spring Property Services Co., Ltd. 2017–2020 Guangdong Provincial Enterprise of Observing Contract and Valuing Credits for four consecutive years Shenzhen Administration For Market Regulation



常州市萊蒙物業服務有限公司 2020年度優秀會員單位 常州市物業管理協會

Changzhou Top Spring Property Services Co., Ltd. 2020 Outstanding Member Unit Award Changzhou Property Management Association

榮譽及獎項 HONOURS AND AWARDS



深圳市萊蒙商業投資管理有限公司 2021年度商業管理公司卓越榜 Golden Mall 中購聯購物中心行業 中購聯中國購物中心國際論壇第十九屆年會 暨CASC 2021亞洲購物中心大會

Shenzhen Topspring Business and Investment Management Co., Ltd.
List of Excellent Commercial Management Companies 2021
Mall China Golden Mall Industry
The 19th Annual Conference of Mall China International Forum &
CASC EXPO 2021



深圳市萊蒙物業服務有限公司 2021年度中國物業服務百強企業 2015-2021 連續七年中國物業服務百強企業 中國指數研究院

Shenzhen Top Spring Property Services Co., Ltd.
2021 China Top 100 Property Service Companies
2015–2021 China Top 100 Property Service
Companies for seven consecutive years
China Index Academy



上海萊俊商業管理有限公司 優秀征文獎

楊浦區企業創建學習型党組織征文評選活動 楊浦區學習型社會建設與終身教育促進委員會辦公室

Shanghai Laijun Commercial Management Co., Ltd.
Outstanding Essay Award
Selection of Essay on the Establishment of Learning-oriented Party
Organisation by Enterprises in Yangpu District
Office of Yangpu District Learning Society
Construction and Lifelong Education Promotion Committee



上海萊蒙國際中心 理事單位 上海市楊浦區科技金融聯合會

Shanghai Top Spring International Centre
A Council Member
Yangpu Sci-tech Finance Association of Shanghai

企業社會責任

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

荣誉证书

授予:上海萊俊商业管理有限公司 杨浦区学习型企业建设联盟 成员单位

> 杨油区学习型社会建设与终身教育促进委员会办公室 2021年1月



作為一家上市公司,在自身不斷經營壯大的同時,萊蒙時刻銘記其作為企業公民之社會責任。 多年來,萊蒙一直積極主動履行社會責任,積 極踐行「共創輝煌,分享成功」的企業價值觀, 堅持不懈地推進企業社會責任方面的發展。

二零二一年,本集團在集團主席黃俊康先生的帶領下,在助殘救孤、扶貧濟困、改善民生、 扶持教育、文化事業上的貢獻收到社會各界的 高度讚譽。

萊蒙人一直努力前行,在全國範圍內自助貧困學生,幫他們築起知識的長城。自二零一零年起,萊蒙國際與中國扶貧基金合作創立新東東、 助學基金項目-萊蒙助學基金,為來自廣東、 江蘇、江西及四川的貧困大學生提供支持。同時,成立於二零一三年的深圳市萊蒙慈善基人, 會,秉承著「支持教育發展,關愛孤寡老人的宗 發揚人道主義精神,發展社會公益活動與捐款, 為中國慈善事業的發展貢獻出一份力量。 As a listed company, Top Spring always bears in mind its social responsibility as a corporate citizen, while continuing to grow and expand in business. Over the years, Top Spring has been vigorously performing its social responsibility in active fulfilment of its corporate value of "joint efforts in creating and celebrating success", working relentlessly to advance developments in corporate social responsibility.

Under the leadership of our Chairman, Mr WONG Chun Hong, the Group made contributions to charitable causes such as aid for the disabled and the homeless, relief for the poor, improvements to people's livelihood, support for education and cultural initiatives during 2021, earning enthusiastic praises from the community.

Top Springers continued to venture forward, as we support education for underprivileged students across China. Since 2010, the New Great Wall Scholarship Project – Top Spring International Scholarships established by Top Spring in association with China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation has been providing support to underprivileged college students in Guangdong, Jiangsu, Jiangxi and Sichuan. Meanwhile, Shenzhen Topspring Charity Foundation, founded in 2013, has been actively supporting and participating in charitable initiatives and donations in adherence to its philosophy of "supporting education development, caring lonely elderly; promoting humanitarian spirit, developing social welfare undertakings" to contribute its part to the development of charity undertakings in China.

企業社會責任 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



CONSTRUCTION 1000THY COUNCIL 1000THY COUNCIL

二零二一年,集團向北京桂馨慈善基金會、北京中倫公益基金會、香港建築業議會、許曉暉紀念基金等機構共捐助逾912,000港元,以促進青少年的健康成長,扶持教育文化事業及抗擊2019冠狀病毒疫情。

在抗擊2019冠狀病毒疫情、保障有序復工的 關鍵時刻,萊蒙國際集團助力緩解防疫物資的 燃眉之急,用愛心守護人民的生命健康安全。

本集團穩健發展的同時,一如既往投身民生、 扶貧、教育等慈善公益活動,致力成為善盡社 會責任的良好企業公民,推動企業和社會的可 持續發展。 In 2021, the Group made donations of over HK\$912,000 in total to the institutions such as Beijing Green and Shine Foundation (北京桂馨慈善基金會), Beijing Zhonglun Charity Foundation (北京中倫公益基金會), Hong Kong Construction Industry Council (香港建築業議會), Florence Hui Hiu-Fai Foundation (許曉暉紀念基金) for the promotion of healthy growth of the youth, support of educational and cultural activities and fight against the COVID-19 pandemic.

At the critical moment of fighting the COVID-19 pandemic and ensuring the orderly resumption of work, Top Spring International Group assisted in meeting the urgent need for anti-epidemic supplies to protect people's life, health and safety with charity.

While pursuing stable development, the Group continued to commit itself to charity and public welfare activities relating to people's livelihood, poverty alleviation and education, as it endeavoured to be a good corporate citizen that honoured its social responsibility and drive sustainable development of the community as well as the enterprise.

我們的業務概覽

OVERVIEW OF OUR BUSINESS

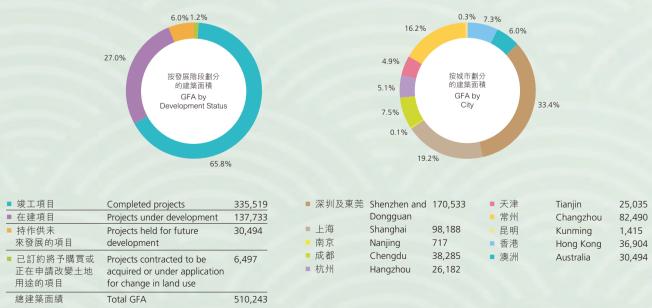
下表載列於二零二一年十二月三十一日我們 22個物業項目的淨可銷售及可租賃建築面積 資料(按已規劃物業用途劃分)。 The table below sets forth the net saleable and leasable GFA information of our 22 property projects in terms of planned use of the properties as at 31 December 2021.

		竣工 建築面積	在建 建築面積	持作供未來 發展建築面積	已訂約將予購買 或壓土地用途 建築面積 Contracted to be acquired or under
		Completed GFA 平方米 sq.m.	Under development GFA 平方米 sq.m.	Held for future development GFA 平方米 sq.m.	application for change in land use GFA 平方米 sq.m.
持作出售物業 住宅 服務式公寓 零售	Properties held for sale Residential Serviced apartments Retail	10,695 662 20,671	69,921 - 67,812	30,494 - -	6,497 - -
/ \	Sub-total	32,028	137,733	30,494	6,497
持作投資物業 零售/辦公室 校舍	Properties held for investment Retail/Office Campus	302,917 574	-	=	-
小計	Sub-total	303,491	-	-	-
淨可銷售及可租賃建築面積	Net saleable and leasable GFA	335,519	137,733	30,494	6,497

按發展階段及區域/城市劃分的估計淨可銷售及可租賃建築面積 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

Estimated net saleable and leasable GFA by development status and region/city

as at 31 December 2021



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

二零二一年業務回顧

(1) 預售額

於二零二一年,本集團錄得物業及停車 位預售額合共約1,709,600,000港元(其中 約1,701,300,000港元來自物業預售額), 較二零二零年上升約51.9%。本集團已預 售總建築面積(「建築面積」)約為25,527 平方米(「平方米」),較二零二年上升 約51.6%。於二零二一年,本集平均售價(「平均售價」)為每平方升 約66,647.1港元(二零二零年上升 約66,647.2港元),較二零二零年上升 約66,647.2港元),較二零二零年上升的 更由於深圳及香港的物業預售額之平均 實較其他城市項目的平均售價相出對售 價較其他城市項目的平均售價相出對 實於其他城市項目的平均售價相出對 重位的停車位預售額約為8,300,000港元。

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度的物業及停車位預售總額明細 載列如下:

(a) 物業預售額

REVIEW OF BUSINESS IN 2021

(1) Pre-sales

In 2021, the Group recorded an aggregate of pre-sales of properties and car park units of approximately HK\$1,709.6 million (of which approximately HK\$1,701.3 million was from pre-sales of properties), representing an increase of approximately 51.9% as compared with 2020. The Group's total pre-sold gross floor area ("**GFA**") was approximately 25,527 square metres ("**sq.m.**"), representing an increase of approximately 51.6% as compared with 2020. The average selling price ("**ASP**") of the Group's pre-sales of properties in 2021 was approximately HK\$66,647.1 per sq.m. (2020: approximately HK\$66,417.2 per sq.m.), representing an increase of approximately 0.3% as compared with 2020. The increase in the Group's overall ASP was mainly due to the pre-sales of properties in Shenzhen and Hong Kong, which has a relatively higher ASP as compared to projects in other cities. In addition, the Group's pre-sales of car park units in 2021 was approximately HK\$8.3 million from the sale of car park units.

A breakdown of the total pre-sales of the properties and car park units of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out as follows:

(a) Pre-sales of properties

城市	City	項目-項目類別	Project – type of project	已預售建築 Pre-sold G 平方米 sq.m.		預售額 Pre-sale : 百萬港元 HK\$ million	s	預售平均售價 Pre-sales ASP 港元/平方米 HK\$/sq.m.
天津	Tianjin	天津萊蒙城 -住宅	Tianjin Le Leman City – residential	9,464	37.1	121.7	7.2	12,859.3
深圳	Shenzhen	深圳水榭雲上家園 一住宅	Shenzhen Upper Residence – residential	14,836	58.1	1,187.1	69.8	80,014.8
香港	Hong Kong	香港 128 WATERLOO 一住宅	Hong Kong 128 WATERLOO – residential	1,227	4.8	392.5	23.0	319,885.9
總計	Total			25,527	100	1,701.3	100	66,647.1

(b) 停車位預售額

(b) Pre-sales of car park units

城市	City	項目	Project	已預售停車位 Number of pre car park un 個 unit	e-sold	預售 Pre-sales 百萬港元 HK\$ million	%	預售平均售價 Pre-sales ASP 港元/個 HK\$/unit
南京	Nanjing	水榭春天-南京	The Spring Land – Nanjing	7	11.5	0.9	10.8	128,571.4
南京	Nanjing	水榭陽光-南京	The Sunny Land – Nanjing	54	88.5	7.4	89.2	137,037.0
總計	Total			61	100	8.3	100	136,065.6

(2) 於二零二一年交付及入賬的項目

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團於天津的物業發展業務實現物業銷售收入(不包括停車位銷售)約70,900,000港元,同時已確認的可銷售建築面積約為6,323平方米,較截至二零年十二月三十一日止年度分別減至零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團銷售物之.6%及增加約2.0%。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團銷售物之.6%及增加約2.0%。截至二零二一年中已確認平均售價約為每平方米11,213.0港元。已確認平均售價約為每平方米11,213.0港元。已確認平均售價於較,其等的住宅項目目的上午的重大(該項目與截至二零二等日的平均售價比較,其平均售價較低)所致。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團交付及確認停車位銷售約為5,100,000港元,售出41個停車位。

(2) Projects delivered and booked in 2021

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's property development business in Tianjin achieved revenue from sale of properties (excluding sale of car park units) of approximately HK\$70.9 million with saleable GFA of approximately 6,323 sq.m. being recognised, representing a decrease of approximately 2.6% and an increase of approximately 2.0%, respectively, as compared with the year ended 31 December 2020. The recognised ASP of the Group's sale of properties was approximately HK\$11,213.0 per sq.m. for the year ended 31 December 2021. The approximate 4.5% decrease in recognised ASP was primarily attributable to a significant proportion of the recognised sale of properties (excluding sale of car park units) being contributed by the Group's residential project in Tianjin, which has a relatively lower ASP as compared with the ASP of other projects sold during the year ended 31 December 2020.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group delivered and recognised the sale of car park units of approximately HK\$5.1 million from the sale of 41 car park units.

本集團於二零二一年確認的物業及停車 位銷售詳情列示如下:

Details of sale of properties and car park units of the Group recognised in 2021 are listed below:

城市	City	項目-項目類別	Project – type of project	已入賬 可銷售 建築面積 Saleable GFA booked 平方米 sq.m.	已確認 物業銷售額 Sale of properties recognised 百萬港元 HK\$ million	已確認 平均售價 Recognised ASP 港元/平方米 HK\$/sq.m.
天津	Tianjin	天津萊蒙城 一住宅	Tianjin Le Leman City – residential	6,323	70.9	11,213.0
城市	City	項目	Project	已入賬 停車位數目 Number of car park units booked 個 unit	已確認 停車位銷售額 Sale of car park units recognised 百萬港元 HK\$ million	已確認 平均售價 Recognised ASP 港元/個 HK\$/unit
南京	Nanjing	水榭陽光 一 南京	The Sunny Land – Nanjing	34	4.2	123,529.4
南京	Nanjing	水榭春天 - 南京	The Spring Land – Nanjing	7	0.9	128,571.4
總計	Total			41	5.1	124,390.2

(3) 投資物業

除銷售自主開發的物業外,本集團亦出 租或計劃出租投資物業組合,主要包括 購物商場、社區商業中心、零售商店、服 務式公寓及停車位,位於中國內地的水 榭春天-深圳、常州萊蒙都會、東莞萊蒙 商業中心、杭州萊蒙商業中心、深圳水榭 花都、成都萊蒙都會、上海莎瑪世紀公園、 上海灣谷及昆明滇池湖濱半島,以及位於 香港的九龍塘律倫街項目。於二零二-年十二月三十一日,本集團投資物業的 總公允價值約為9.016.600.000港元,佔 本集團資產總值約31.8%。本集團投資物 業組合的可租賃總建築面積約為305.502 平方米。截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團錄得投資物業公允價 值收益(扣除遞延税項)約152,100,000港 元(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度:投資物業公允價值虧損約58,900,000 港元(扣除遞延税項))。

本集團根據項目的整體定位、周邊地區的市場需求、市場租金水平及租戶的条票或素精心規劃及挑選租戶、集團吸引大型主力租戶,有助於選租戶。本集團與該等知名合學。本集團與該等知名會應以及餐飲業務的頂級營運商人。 一年十二月三十一日,數十二月三十一日,與該等工一年十二月三十一日,數34.9%)。

(3) Investment properties

In addition to the sale of properties developed by the Group, the Group has also leased out or expects to lease out its investment property portfolio comprising mainly shopping malls, community commercial centres, retail shops, serviced apartments and car park units in The Spring Land - Shenzhen, Changzhou Fashion Mark, Dongguan Landmark, Hangzhou Landmark, Shenzhen Water Flower Garden, Chengdu Fashion Mark, Shanghai Shama Century Park, Shanghai Bay Valley and Kunming Dianchi Lakeside Peninsula in Mainland China and Kowloon Tong Rutland Quadrant Project in Hong Kong. As at 31 December 2021, the total fair value of the investment properties of the Group was approximately HK\$9,016.6 million, representing approximately 31.8% of the Group's total asset value. The Group's investment property portfolio had a total leasable GFA of approximately 305,502 sq.m.. The Group recorded approximately HK\$152.1 million (net of deferred tax) as gain in fair value of its investment properties for the year ended 31 December 2021 (for the year ended 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$58.9 million (net of deferred tax) as loss in fair value of its investment properties).

The Group carefully plans and selects tenants based on factors such as a project's overall positioning, market demand in surrounding areas, market levels of rent and development needs of tenants. The presence of large-scale anchor tenants which the Group has attracted enhances the value of its projects. The Group enters into longer-term and more favourable lease contracts with such anchor and reputable tenants which include well-known brands, chain cinema operators, reputable restaurants and top operators of catering businesses. As at 31 December 2021, the GFA taken up by these anchor and reputable tenants, whose leased GFA was over 10.0% of the total leasable GFA of a single investment property, made up approximately 29.6% (as at 31 December 2020: approximately 34.9%) of the Group's total leasable area in its investment properties under operation.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團投資物業的出租率由二零二零二年十二月三十一日約90.9%下降至二零二一年十二月三十一日約82.1%。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本較截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約231,100,000港元增加約6.9%。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度本集團營運中投資物業的月均租金收入約為每平方米82.6港元(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度:約為每平方米82.3港元)。

本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 主要投資物業及其各自截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度的租金收入詳情

載列如下:

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the occupancy rate of the Group's investment properties decreased from approximately 90.9% as at 31 December 2020 to approximately 82.1% as at 31 December 2021. The Group generated rental income of approximately HK\$247.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, representing an increase of approximately 6.9% from approximately HK\$231.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The average monthly rental income of the Group's investment properties under operation for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$82.6 per sq.m. (for the year ended 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$82.3 per sq.m.).

Details of the Group's major investment properties as at 31 December 2021 and their respective rental income for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out as follows:

					截至	
					二零二一年	
					十二月	
				截至	三十一日	
				二零二一年	止年度的	
				十二月	每平方米	
		於二零二一年		三十一日	月均租金收入	於二零二一
		十二月	於二零二一年	止年度的	Average monthly	+=)
		三十一日的	十二月	租金收入	rental income	三十一日的
		可租賃	三十一日的	Rental income	per sq.m.	出租
		建築面積	公允價值	for the year	for the year	Occupancy rat
		Leasable GFA as	Fair value as at	ended	ended	as a
投資物業		at 31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 Decembe
Investment properties		2021	2021	2021	2021	202
			百萬港元	百萬港元	港元/平方米	
		sq.m.	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	HK\$/sq.m.	
營運中投資物業	Investment properties under operation					
常州萊蒙都會一期及	Changzhou Fashion Mark Phases 1 and 2 (Shopping					
二期(購物商場及	mall and car park units)					
停車位)		80,771	1,568.6	37.7	56.3	78
杭州萊蒙商業中心	Hangzhou Landmark (Shopping mall)					
(購物商場)		26,182	454.9	19.0	63.8	94
成都萊蒙都會	Chengdu Fashion Mark (Shopping mall and car park					
(購物商場及停車位)	units)	38,285	835.0	28.4	66.0	93
上海灣谷	Shanghai Bay Valley	97,854	3,193.3	50.1	59.0	73.

附註:於二零二一年十二月三十一日的可租賃建 築面積不包括停車位。 Note: The leasable GFA as at 31 December 2021 excluded car park units.

(4) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日的土 (4) Land bank as at 31 December 2021 地儲備



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

本集團於中國大灣區、長江三角洲、華中、 京津及成渝地區從事城市綜合體的發展 及營運以及住宅物業的發展及銷售。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團於11個城市擁有合共22個處於不同發展階段的項目,包括估計淨可銷售/可和賃建築面積約335,519平方米的已竣工項目、估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積約30,494平方米的在建項目、估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積約30,494平方米的持作供未來發展的項目及估計淨可銷的持作供未來發展的項目及估計淨可銷的持作供未來發展的項目及估計淨可銷的對於多時間或正在申請改變土地用途的項目,所有項目的估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積合計約為510,243平方米,有關詳情如下:

The Group is specialised in the development and operation of urban mixed-use communities and the development and sale of residential properties in the Greater Bay Area, the Yangtze River Delta, the Central China, the Beijing-Tianjin and the Chengdu-Chongqing regions in the PRC.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a total of 22 projects over 11 cities in various stages of development, including an estimated net saleable/leasable GFA of completed projects of approximately 335,519 sq.m., an estimated net saleable/leasable GFA of projects under development of approximately 137,733 sq.m., an estimated net saleable/leasable GFA of projects held for future development of approximately 30,494 sq.m. and an estimated net saleable/leasable GFA of projects contracted to be acquired or under application for change in land use of approximately 6,497 s.q.m., totalling an estimated net saleable/leasable GFA of approximately 510,243 sq.m., the details of which are as follows:

項目編號 Project no.		Region/ City	項目	Project	項目類型	Type of project	估計淨 可銷售/可租賃 建築面積 Estimated net saleable/ leasable GFA 平方米 sq.m.	本集團 應估權益 Interest attributable to the Group %
竣工項目	1							
	ted Projec	rts						
1	深圳	Shenzhen	深圳水榭山	Shenzhen Hidden Valley	住宅	Residential	4,015	100.0
2	深圳	Shenzhen	水榭春天 - 深圳	The Spring Land – Shenzhen	商業	Commercial	33,454	100.0
3	深圳	Shenzhen	深圳水榭花都	Shenzhen Water Flower Garden	商業	Commercial	4,992	100.0
4	常州	Changzhou	常州萊蒙都會	Changzhou Fashion Mark	商業	Commercial	82,490	100.0
5	東莞	Dongguan	東莞萊蒙商業中心	Dongguan Landmark	商業	Commercial	20,172	100.0
6	杭州	Hangzhou	杭州萊蒙商業中心	Hangzhou Landmark	商業	Commercial	26,182	100.0
7	成都	Chengdu	成都萊蒙都會	Chengdu Fashion Mark	商業	Commercial	38,285	100.0
8	上海	Shanghai	上海莎瑪世紀公園	Shanghai Shama Century Park	服務式公寓	Serviced apartments	662	70.0
9	天津	Tianjin	天津萊蒙城	Tianjin Le Lemen City	住宅/商業	Residential/Commercial	25,035	58.0
10	南京	Nanjing	水榭春天 - 南京	The Spring Land – Nanjing	商業	Commercial	717	100.0
11	上海	Shanghai	灣谷項目	Bay Valley Project	商業	Commercial	97,526	70.0
12	香港	Hong Kong	香港九龍塘律倫街 項目	Hong Kong Kowloon Tong Rutland Quadrant Project	校舍	Campus	574	100.0
13	昆明	Kunming	昆明滇池湖濱半島	Kunming Dianchi Lakeside Peninsula	商業	Commercial	1,415	100.0
小計	Sub-tota	al					335,519	

							估計淨 可銷售/可租賃 建築面積	本集團 應佔權益
項目編 Project no.	號 : 區域/ 城市	Region/ City	項目	Project	項目類型	Type of project	Estimated net saleable/ leasable GFA 平方米	Interest attributable to the Group
							sq.m.	%
在建項								
Project	s under Dev	relopment						
14	深圳	Shenzhen	深圳萊蒙國際大廈	Shenzhen Topspring International Mansion	商業	Commercial	58,294	100.0
15	深圳	Shenzhen	深圳簡上商務大樓	Shenzhen Jianshang Commercial Building	商業	Commercial	9,518	100.0
16	深圳	Shenzhen	深圳水榭雲上家園	Shenzhen Upper Residence	住宅	Residential	40,088	100.0
17	香港	Hong Kong	香港 128 WATERLOO	Hong Kong 128 WATERLOO	住宅	Residential	6,796	60.0
18	香港	Hong Kong	香港元朗十八鄉路 項目	Hong Kong Yuen Long Shap Pat Heung Road Project	住宅	Residential	20,050	50.0
19	香港	Hong Kong	香港元朗大棠路項目	Hong Kong Yuen Long Tai Tong Road Project	住宅	Residential	2,987	50.0
小計	Sub-total						137,733	
	未來發展的 s Held for F	項目 uture Develo	pment					
20	澳州悉尼	Sydney, Australia	悉尼St. Leonards項目	Sydney, St. Leonards Project	住宅	Residential	30,494	49.0
已訂約	將予購買或	正在申請改變	土地用途的項目					
Project	s Contracte	d to be Acqui	red or under Application	for Change in Land Use				
21	香港	Hong Kong	香港元朗唐人新村項目	Hong Kong Yuen Long Tong Yan San Tsuen Road Project	綜合發展	Composite development	不適用 N/A	100.0
22	香港	Hong Kong	香港上水馬適路 項目	Hong Kong Sheung Shui Ma Sik Road Project	住宅	Residential	6,497	50.0
小計	Sub-total						6,497	
- 4 4 4	Total						E40.242	
總計	Total						510,243	

於主要城市的土地儲備詳情載列如下:

Details of land bank in major cities are set out below:

區域/城市	Region/City	估計淨 可銷售/可租賃 建築面積 Estimated net saleable/ leasable GFA 平方米 sq.m.
深圳及周邊地區(包括東莞)	Shenzhen and surrounding regions (including Dongguan)	170,533
上海	Shanghai	98,188
南京	Nanjing	717
成都	Chengdu	38,285
杭州	Hangzhou	26,182
天津	Tianjin	25,035
常州	Changzhou	82,490
昆明	Kunming	1,415
香港	Hong Kong	36,904
澳洲悉尼	Sydney, Australia	30,494
總計	Total	510,243

本集團擬繼續憑藉經驗,在有利時機於中國境內及/或中國境外物色具備投資潛力的土地,並收購會或將會與交通及基礎設施發展緊密連繫的土地儲備。此外,本集團擬繼續於中國境內及/或中國境外充滿經濟活力並具備巨大增長潛力的地區收購新土地或項目,尤其是大灣區(包括香港、深圳及東莞)、上海及澳洲悉尼。

The Group intends to continue to leverage its experience in identifying land parcels in and/or outside the PRC with investment potential at advantageous times and acquiring land reserves which are or will be well connected with transportation and infrastructure developments. Moreover, the Group intends to continue to acquire new land parcels or projects in locations in and/or outside the PRC with vibrant economies and strong growth potential, in particular, the Greater Bay Area (including Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Dongguan), Shanghai and Sydney of Australia.

(5) 於二零二一年開始興建的項目

於二零二一年,本集團開始興建數個項目, 估計淨可銷售/可租賃總建築面積約為 90,849平方米。

有關項目詳情載列如下:

(5) Projects with commencement of construction in 2021

In 2021, the Group commenced construction of several projects with a total estimated net saleable/leasable GFA of approximately 90,849 sq.m..

Details of such projects are set out below:

區域/ 城市	Region/ City	項目	Project	估計淨可銷售/ 可租賃建築面積 Estimated net saleable/ leasable GFA 平方米 sq.m.
深圳	Shenzhen	深圳萊蒙國際大廈	Shenzhen Topspring International Mansion	58,294
深圳	Shenzhen	深圳簡上商務大樓	Shenzhen Jianshang Commercial Building	9,518
香港	Hong Kong	香港元朗十八鄉路項目	Hong Kong Yuen Long Shap Pat Heung Road Project	20,050
香港	Hong Kong	香港元朗大棠路項目	Hong Kong Yuen Long Tai Tong Road Project	2,987
				90,849

財務回顧

於二零二一年,本集團綜合收入約達639,000,000港元,相比二零二零年增加約11.1%。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司權益股東應佔溢利約為33,400,000港元,而去年錄得本公司權益股東應佔虧損約為283,300,000港元。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的本公司股份(「股份」)每股基本及攤薄盈利分別為約0.02港元及0.02港元(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度:每股基本及攤薄虧損約0.19港元及0.19港元)。本公司權益股東及永久次級可換股證券(「永久次級可換股證券」)持有人應佔每股資產淨值由二零二零年十二月三十一日約6.6港元增加約1.5%至二零二一年十二月三十一日約6.7港元。

為維持穩定的股息政策,董事會建議向本公司權益股東及永久次級可換股證券持有人派發截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度末期股息每股1港仙(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度:每股4港仙),惟須待本公司股東週年大會上批准,方可作實。建同截至二零二一年六月三十日止六個月之中期股息每股3港仙(截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月:無),本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度將分派股息合共4港仙(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度:每股4港仙)。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

In 2021, the Group's consolidated revenue reached approximately HK\$639.0 million, increased by approximately 11.1% as compared with 2020. The profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$33.4 million, as compared to a loss attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company of approximately HK\$283.3 million recorded in the previous year. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's basic and diluted earnings per share of the Company (the "Share(s)") were approximately HK\$0.02 and HK\$0.02 respectively (for the year ended 31 December 2020: basic and diluted loss per Share of approximately HK\$0.19 and HK\$0.19, respectively). Net assets per Share attributable to equity shareholders of the Company and the holders of perpetual subordinated convertible securities ("PCSs") increased by approximately 1.5% from approximately HK\$6.6 as at 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$6.7 as at 31 December 2021.

In order to maintain a stable dividend policy, the Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK1 cent per Share attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company and the holders of PCSs for the year ended 31 December 2021 (for the year ended 31 December 2020: HK4 cents per Share), subject to the approval by the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. Together with the interim dividend of HK3 cents per Share for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (for the six months ended 30 June 2020: Nil), the Company would distribute a combined total of HK4 cents as dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (for the year ended 31 December 2020: HK4 cents per Share).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

收入

收入指物業銷售收入、租金收入以及年內因提供物業管理及相關服務的收入以及因提供教育相關服務賺取的收入(已扣除增值税以及其他銷售相關稅項及所允許折扣)。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的收入由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約575,100,000港元增加約11.1%至約639,000,000港元。收入增加主要由於本集團之租金收入、物業管理及相關服務收入增加。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團已確認物業銷售額約76,000,000港元,佔總收入約11.9%。本集團確認租金收入約247,000,000港元,佔總收入約38.7%。本集團確認物業管理及相關服務收入約271,400,000港元,佔總收入約42.5%。總收入的餘下約6.9%(約44,500,000港元)為教育相關服務收入。

二零二一年來自本集團租金收入的收入較二零二零年增加6.9%,乃主要由於二零二一年物業租賃的租賃建築面積增加所致。

直接成本

直接成本主要部分為已售竣工物業的成本,包括土地出讓金、建設及其他發展成本、施工期間資本化的借貸成本、租金收入成本、物業管理及相關服務成本以及教育相關服務成本。本集團僅會就特定期間內確認的已售竣工物業收入確認有關期間的該等物業成本。

本集團的直接成本由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約313,900,000港元增加至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約318,800,000港元。增加主要是由於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度租金收入及提供物業管理及相關服務的收入增加所致。

Revenue

Revenue represents income from sale of properties, rental income and income from provision of property management and related services and income from provision of education related services earned during the year, net of value-added tax and other sales related taxes and discounts allowed.

Revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021 increased by approximately 11.1% to approximately HK\$639.0 million from approximately HK\$575.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. This increase was primarily due to the increase in the Group's income from rental income, property management and related service income. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recognised property sales of approximately HK\$76.0 million, representing approximately 11.9% of the total revenue. The Group recognised rental income of approximately HK\$247.0 million, representing approximately 38.7% of the total revenue. The Group recognised property management and related services income of approximately HK\$271.4 million, representing approximately 42.5% of the total revenue. The remaining approximately 6.9% of the total revenue of approximately HK\$44.5 million was income from education related services.

Revenue from the Group's rental income increased by 6.9% in 2021 as compared with 2020 primarily due to the increase in leased GFA in 2021 for property leases.

Direct costs

The principal component of direct costs is the cost of completed properties sold, which consists of land premium, construction and other development costs, capitalised borrowing costs during the construction period, the cost of rental income, the cost of property management and related services and the cost of education related services. The Group recognises the cost of completed properties sold for a given period to the extent that revenue from such properties has been recognised in such period.

The Group's direct costs increased to approximately HK\$318.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 from approximately HK\$313.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. This increase was primarily attributable to the increase in the revenue of rental income and provision of property management and related services for the year ended 31 December 2021.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

毛利

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的毛利由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約261,100,000港元增加約22.6%至約320,200,000港元。本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度錄得毛利率約50.1%,而於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度則約為45.4%。毛利率增加主要受具有穩固成本之租金收入及物業管理及相關服務收入增加所帶動。

其他收入

其他收入由二零二零年約139,900,000港元增加約35,600,000港元或約25.4%至二零二一年約175,500,000港元。有關增加主要是由於銀行及其他利息收入增加所致。

其他收入淨額

其他收入淨額由二零二零年約48,700,000港元大幅增加約348.9%至二零二一年約218,600,000港元,主要由於收回若干已減值應收款項之減值撥回及出售香港附屬公司所產生的收益所致,並由香港特區政府出售元朗地塊部份抵銷。

銷售及營銷開支

銷售及營銷開支由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約76,900,000港元(佔二零二零年預售總額約6.8%)增加約7.7%至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約82,800,000港元(佔二零二一年預售總額約4.8%)。

銷售及營銷開支增加主要由於二零二一年產生的佣金開支較二零二零年有所上升所致。

行政開支

行政開支由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約310,100,000港元增加約7.3%至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約332,800,000港元。有關增加乃由於所產生的員工成本及法律及專業費用增加所致。

Gross profit

The Group's gross profit increased by approximately 22.6% to approximately HK\$320.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 from approximately HK\$261.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The Group reported a gross profit margin of approximately 50.1% for the year ended 31 December 2021 as compared with approximately 45.4% for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase in gross profit margin was primarily driven by the increase in rental income and property management and related services income with steady fixed costs.

Other revenue

Other revenue increased by approximately HK\$35.6 million, or approximately 25.4%, to approximately HK\$175.5 million in 2021 from approximately HK\$139.9 million in 2020. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in bank and other interest income.

Other net income

Other net income increased significantly by approximately 348.9% to approximately HK\$218.6 million in 2021 from approximately HK\$48.7 million in 2020, mainly due to the reversal of impairment on recovery of certain impaired receivables and the gain on disposal of subsidiaries in Hong Kong, which was partly offset by the disposal of land parcels in Yuen Long by the HKSAR Government.

Selling and marketing expenses

Selling and marketing expenses increased by approximately 7.7% to approximately HK\$82.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 (accounting for approximately 4.8% of total pre-sales amount in 2021) from approximately HK\$76.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 (accounting for approximately 6.8% of total pre-sales amount in 2020).

The increase in selling and marketing expenses was primarily attributable to the increase in commission expenses incurred in 2021 as compared with 2020.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses increased by approximately 7.3% to approximately HK\$332.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 from approximately HK\$310.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase was due to the increase in staff costs incurred and legal and professional fee.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

投資物業及分類為持作出售的投資物業的估值收益/(虧損)

投資物業及分類為持作出售的投資物業的估值 收益由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度估值虧損約77,900,000港元增加約359.7% 至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約 202,300,000港元。有關增加乃主要由於二零 二一年自存貨轉撥至投資物業後之公允價值收 益所致。

融資成本

融資成本由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約301,800,000港元減少約2.4%至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約294,500,000港元。有關減少主要由於平均借貸成本減少所致。

所得税

所得税開支由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約20,900,000港元增加約574.2%至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度約140,900,000港元。有關增加主要由於撥回企業所得稅撥備抵減於二零二零年產生之相應遞延稅項資產116,500,000港元所致。

非控股權益

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,非控股權益應佔溢利約為13,300,000港元(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度:虧損約84,300,000港元)。

Valuation gains/(losses) on investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale

Valuation gains on investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale increased by approximately 359.7% to approximately HK\$202.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 from valuation losses of approximately HK\$77.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase was primarily due to the fair value gain upon the transfer from inventories to investment properties in 2021.

Finance costs

Finance costs decreased by approximately 2.4% to approximately HK\$294.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 from approximately HK\$301.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in the average borrowing cost.

Income tax

Income tax expense increased by approximately 574.2% to approximately HK\$140.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 from approximately HK\$20.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase was primarily attributable to the reversal of corporate income tax provision netted off against corresponding deferred tax assets of HK\$116.5 million incurred in 2020.

Non-controlling interests

The profit attributable to non-controlling interests was approximately HK\$13.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 (for the year ended 31 December 2020: loss of approximately HK\$84.3 million).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

流動資金、財務及資金資源

現金狀況

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的現金及銀行存款賬面值約為3,939,400,000港元(於二零二零年十二月三十一日:約4,699,800,000港元),較二零二零年十二月三十一日減少約16.2%。

借貸及本集團資產的抵押

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的借貸總額(包括銀行貸款及其他借貸、應付債券及租賃負債)約為10,142,300,000港元,其中約6,454,000,000港元須於一年內償還,約2,819,100,000港元須於一年後但五年內償還及約869,200,000港元須於五年後償還。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團約8,670,000,000港元(於二零二零年十二月三十一日:約9,532,000,000港元)的銀行貸款以本集團總賬面值約12,168,500,000港元(於二零二零年十二月三十一日:約13,159,500,000港元)的若干投資物業(包括分類為持作出售的投資物業)、其他土地及樓宇、持作待售發展中租賃土地、待售發展中物業、持作得售發展中租賃土地、待售發展中物業、持售已竣工物業、已抵押存款及應收租金作票抵押。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的應付債券由本公司一間附屬公司的已發行股本及本公司擁有的應收款項所抵押。

本集團所有銀行貸款及其他借貸及應付債券的 賬面值均以人民幣計值,惟於二零二一年十二 月三十一日總額約3,817,400,000港元(於二零 二零年十二月三十一日:約4,028,200,000港元)及985,700,000港元(於二零二零年十二月 三十一日:約1,178,900,000港元)的若干借貸 則分別以港元及美元計值。

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash position

As at 31 December 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's cash and bank deposits was approximately HK\$3,939.4 million (as at 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$4,699.8 million), representing a decrease of approximately 16.2% as compared with that as at 31 December 2020.

Borrowings and charges on the Group's assets

The Group had an aggregate borrowings (including bank loans and other borrowings, bonds payable and lease liabilities) as at 31 December 2021 of approximately HK\$10,142.3 million, of which approximately HK\$6,454.0 million is repayable within one year, approximately HK\$2,819.1 million is repayable after one year but within five years and approximately HK\$869.2 million is repayable after five years.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's bank loans of approximately HK\$8,670.0 million (as at 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$9,532.0 million) were secured by certain investment properties (inclusive of investment properties classified as held for sale), other land and buildings, leasehold land held for development for sale, properties under development for sale, completed properties for sale, pledged deposits and rental receivables of the Group with total carrying values of approximately HK\$12,168.5 million (as at 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$13,159.5 million). As at 31 December 2021, the Group's bonds payable was secured by issued share capital of a subsidiary of the Company and receivables owned by the Company.

The carrying amounts of all the Group's bank loans and other borrowings and bonds payable were denominated in RMB except for certain borrowings with an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$3.817.4 million (as at 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$4,028.2 million) and HK\$985.7 million (as at 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$1,178.9 million) as at 31 December 2021 which were denominated in Hong Kong dollars and US dollars, respectively.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

借貸成本

本集團二零二一年平均借貸成本(按已支銷及已資本化利息開支總額除以年內平均借貸計算)約為6.0%(二零二零年:約6.1%)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團現有借貸的加權平均借貸成本約5.1%(二零二零年:約5.4%)。

淨負債比率

淨負債比率按本集團的借貸淨額(經扣除現金 及現金等值項目以及受限制及已抵押存款後的 借貸總額)除以權益總額計算。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日及二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團的淨負債比率為約59.8%。

外匯風險

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團以人民幣計值的現金結餘約為人民幣3,029,000,000元(相當於約3,707,500,000港元)、以美元計值的現金結餘約為3,000,000美元(相當於約23,100,000港元)及以澳元計值的現金結餘約為200,000澳元(相當於約1,300,000港元)。

Cost of borrowings

The Group's average cost of borrowings (calculated by dividing total interest expenses expensed and capitalised by average borrowings during the year) was approximately 6.0% in 2021 (2020: approximately 6.1%).

As at 31 December 2021, the weighted average borrowing cost for the Group's existing borrowings was approximately 5.1% (2020: approximately 5.4%).

Net gearing ratio

The net gearing ratio is calculated by dividing the Group's net borrowings (total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents, and restricted and pledged deposits) by the total equity. The Group's net gearing ratio was approximately 59.8% as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

Foreign exchange risk

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had cash balances denominated in RMB of approximately RMB3,029.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,707.5 million), in US dollars of approximately US\$3.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$23.1 million) and in Australian dollars of approximately AUD\$0.2 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$1.3 million).

Almost all of the Group's operating activities are carried out in the PRC with most of the transactions denominated in RMB. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from the exposure of RMB against Hong Kong dollars or Australian dollars as a result of its investment in Mainland China and the settlement of certain general and administrative expenses and other borrowings in Hong Kong dollars or Australian dollars. In addition, RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currencies and the conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to rules and regulations of the foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC Government. The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the Directors monitor the Group's foreign exchange exposure closely and may, depending on the circumstances and trend of foreign currency, consider adopting significant foreign currency hedging policy in the future.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

每股資產淨值

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日的 本公司每股股份的資產淨值計算如下:

NET ASSETS PER SHARE

Net assets per Share of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are calculated as follows:

		於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2021	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2020
本公司權益股東應佔資產淨值 (千港元)	Net assets attributable to equity shareholders of the Company (HK\$'000)	10,302,826	10,074,929
已發行普通股數目(千股) 尚未行使永久可換股證券數目(千股)	Number of issued ordinary Shares ('000) Number of outstanding PCSs ('000)	1,412,733 116,553	1,412,733 116,553
用作計算每股資產淨值的股份數目 (千股) 本公司權益股東及永久可換股證券持	Number of Shares for the calculation of net assets per Share ('000) Net assets per Share attributable to equity	1,529,286	1,529,286
有人應佔每股資產淨值(港元)(附註	shareholders of the Company and the holders of PCSs (HK\$) (Note)	6.7	6.6

附註: 本公司權益股東及永久可換股證券持有人應佔 每股資產淨值按永久可換股證券持有人於二 零二一年十二月三十一日及二零二零年十二月 三十一日已轉換永久可換股證券為股份計算。 Note: The net assets per Share attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company and the holders of PCSs is calculated as if the holders of PCSs have converted the PCSs into Shares as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

或然負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,除就授予本集團物業買家的按揭貸款融資而向金融機構提供約862,000,000港元(於二零二零年十二月三十一日:約557,900,000港元)擔保外,本集團並無其他重大或然負債。

根據按揭合同,相關銀行要求本集團向買家的 按揭貸款提供擔保,直至相關物業竣工以及房 地產權證及與相關物業有關的其他權益證書交 付予買家為止。倘買家拖欠按揭貸款,本集團 可能須以清償按揭形式購回相關物業。倘本集 團無法購回相關物業,則按揭銀行可拍賣相關 物業並向本集團(作為擔保人)索回按揭貸款的 任何差額。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2021, save for the guarantees of approximately HK\$862.0 million (as at 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$557.9 million) given to the financial institutions for the mortgage loan facilities granted to the purchasers of the Group's properties, the Group had no other material contingent liabilities.

Pursuant to the mortgage contracts, the Group is required by the relevant banks to guarantee its purchasers' mortgage loans until it completes the relevant properties and the property ownership certificates and certificates of other interests with respect to the relevant properties are delivered to its purchasers. If a purchaser defaults on a mortgage loan, the Group may have to repurchase the underlying property by paying off the mortgage. If the Group fails to do so, the mortgagee bank may auction the underlying property and recover any shortfall from the Group as the guarantor of the mortgage loan.

附屬公司、聯營公司及合資企業 之重大收購及出售事項

於二零二一年五月五日,(i)萊蒙國際(香港)有限公司(本公司之直接全資附屬公司)(「萊蒙國際(香港)」)、Leading Model Limited(「Leading Model」)及本公司訂立買賣協議,據此,萊蒙國際(香港)同意出售且Leading Model同意自萊蒙國際(香港)購買英兆有限公司(「英兆」)全部已發行股本之50%及轉讓英兆結欠萊蒙國際(香港)之50%股東貸款,代價為265,008,197港元;及(ii)萊蒙國際(香港))及本公司訂立另一份買賣協議,據此,萊蒙國際(香港)的公司等出售且Master Best 同意自萊蒙國際(香港)間意出售且Master Best同意自萊蒙國際(香港)購買寶臨集團有限公司(「寶臨」)全部已發行股本之50%及轉讓寶臨結欠萊蒙國際(香港)之50%股東貸款,代價為49,965,061港元。

於前述買賣協議中,各訂約方於買賣完成後就 英兆及寶臨各自協定股東協議的主要條款。為 滿足英兆及寶臨開發英兆及寶臨所持物業的的 金要求,協定本集團將向英兆及寶臨提供合共 不超過1,640,000,000港元的財務資助,其主 要以股東貸款及/或就外部銀行借款提供合共 擔保的形式按本集團於英兆及寶臨的持股權 比例提供。根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第14章, 前述出售英兆及寶臨各自之50%股權及可能 財務資助分別構成本公司的一項須予披露交易 及主要交易。

詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二一年五月五日 之公告。

除上文所披露者外,本集團自二零二一年一月 一日起直至本年報日期並無任何附屬公司、聯 營公司或合資企業之其他重大收購及出售事項。

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

On 5 May 2021, (i) Top Spring International (Hong Kong) Company Limited (a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) ("TSIHK"), Leading Model Limited ("Leading Model") and the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which TSIHK agreed to sell, and Leading Model agreed to purchase from TSIHK, 50% of the entire issued share capital of Great Billion Corporation Limited ("Great Billion") and assign 50% of shareholder's loan owed by Great Billion to TSIHK for the consideration of HK\$265,008,197; and (ii) TSIHK, Master Best Limited ("Master Best") and the Company entered into another sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which TSIHK agreed to sell, and Master Best agreed to purchase from TSIHK, 50% of the entire issued share capital of Wealth Channel Holdings Limited ("Wealth Channel") and assign 50% of shareholder's loan owed by Wealth Channel to TSIHK for the consideration of HK\$49,965,061.

In the said sale and purchase agreements, the respective parties agreed upon the key terms of the shareholders' agreements for each of Great Billion and Wealth Channel upon completion of the sales and purchases. To cater for the funding requirements of Great Billion and Wealth Channel for development of the properties held by Great Billion and Wealth Channel, it was agreed that financial assistance of not more than HK\$1,640 million will be provided by the Group to Great Billion and Wealth Channel in aggregate mainly in the form of shareholder's loan and/or provision of corporate guarantee for external bank borrowings and in proportion to the Group's shareholding interests in Great Billion and Wealth Channel. The said disposals of 50% shareholding in each of Great Billion and Wealth Channel as well as the possible financial assistance constituted a discloseable transaction and a major transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Rules (the "Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), respectively.

For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 5 May 2021.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any other material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures from 1 January 2021 up to the date of this annual report.

僱員及薪酬政策

為表彰及感謝合資格僱員對本集團作出或可 能作出的貢獻,本公司已於二零一一年二月 二十八日採納首次公開發售後購股權計劃。 於二零一二年六月二十六日、二零一三年六月 二十日、二零一五年四月二十八日、二零一五 年九月八日及二零一五年十月二十三日,本集 團根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃分別以每股 2.264港元(經調整)、每股4.14港元、每股3.3 港元、每股3.65港元、每股3.45港元及每股 2.796港元的行使價向本集團若干董事、高級 管理層及入選僱員分別授出15,720,000份購股 權(第一批)、14,000,000份購股權(第二批)、 82,650,000份購股權(第三批)、3,000,000份 購股權(第四批)、10,000,000份購股權(第五 批)及31,000,000份購股權(第六批)。首次 公開發售後購股權計劃已於二零二一年二月 二十七日屆滿。儘管不可授出新購股權,惟於 該計劃屆滿前授出之所有尚未行使購股權將繼 續有效並可根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃之 規則行使。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2021, the Group employed a total of approximately 860 employees (as at 31 December 2020: 876 employees) in mainland China, Hong Kong and Australia, of which, approximately 51 were under the headquarters team, approximately 151 were under the property development division, approximately 654 were under the retail operation and property management division and approximately 4 were under the education division. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the total staff and related costs incurred was approximately HK\$247.1 million (for the year ended 31 December 2020: approximately HK\$214.1 million). The remuneration of the employees was based on their performance, work experience, skills, knowledge and the prevailing market wage level. The Group remunerated the employees by means of basic salaries, fringe benefits, cash bonus and equity settled share-based payment. For any inconsistency between the numbers of employees as disclosed in the results announcement of the Company dated 25 March 2022 and this report, the figures as disclosed in this report shall prevail.

The Company had adopted a post-IPO share option scheme on 28 February 2011 for the purpose of recognising and acknowledging the contribution that eligible employees have made or may make to the Group. On 26 June 2012, 20 June 2013, 28 April 2015, 8 September 2015 and 23 October 2015, the Group granted 15,720,000 share options (Lot 1), 14,000,000 share options (Lot 2), 82,650,000 share options (Lot 3), 3,000,000 share options (Lot 4), 10,000,000 share options (Lot 5) and 31,000,000 share options (Lot 6), respectively, under the post-IPO share option scheme at the exercise prices of HK\$2.264 per Share (adjusted), HK\$4.14 per Share, HK\$3.3 per Share, HK\$3.65 per Share, HK\$3.45 per Share and HK\$2.796 per Share, respectively, to certain Directors, senior management and selected employees of the Group. The post-IPO share option scheme expired on 27 February 2021. While no new share option can be granted, all outstanding share options granted prior to the expiration of the scheme shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the rules of the post-IPO share option scheme.

WE GROW WITH YOU

我們與你

一起成長





物業項目概覽

PROPERTY PROJECTS PORTFOLIO

深圳水榭山

SHENZHEN HIDDEN VALLEY

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	4	4
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	143,047	143,047
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零零七年七月	July 2007
竣工日期	Completion date	二零一一年六月	June 2011
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	131,736	131,736
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	4,015	4,015

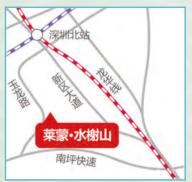
項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	廣東省深圳市寶安區玉龍路	Yulong Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province
物業類型	Property type	住宅	Residential
亮點	Highlights	深圳最佳別墅項目之一並榮獲「全球國際花園社區提名獎」及「中國國際花園社區大獎」	One of the best villa projects in Shenzhen and was awarded "Global International Garden Community Nominations Award" and "China International Garden Community Award"
		就近中心商務區(「 中心商務區 」)(距離福田中心商務區僅十分鐘車程),而且環抱城郊公園,居住環境自然	Offers close proximity to central business district ("CBD") (10 minutes drive from Futian CBD) and is surrounded by suburb parks with natural living environment
		一期於二零零八年五月推出並於二零零九年成為深圳豪華住宅市場的最暢銷項目。二期於二零零八年九月推出,即使面對全球金融危機,仍於短時間內全部售出	Phase 1 was launched in May 2008 and became the best selling project in the luxury residential market in Shenzhen in 2009. Phase 2 was launched in September 2008 and was sold out within a short period of time despite the global financial crisis

深圳水榭山 Shenzhen Hidden Valley





水榭春天-深圳

THE SPRING LAND – SHENZHEN

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	6	6
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	166,979	166,979
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零零九年五月	May 2009
竣工日期	Completion date	二零一四年八月	August 2014
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	774,371	774,371
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	33,454	33,454

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Project Overview

地點	Location	廣東省深圳市寶安區龍華鎮 人民南路	Renmin South Road, Longhua Town, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province
投資部分的 租賃期限	Lease term of investment portion	長期租賃	Long lease
物業類型	Property type	住宅及零售	Residential and retail
亮點	Highlights	位於地鐵四號線紅山站	Located at the Hongshan Station of Subway Line No. 4
		水榭春天-深圳(一期及二期)及(三期)於二零一零年及二零一年分別名列深圳最暢銷及第二暢銷項目	The Spring Land – Shenzhen (Phases 1 and 2) and (Phase 3) were ranked the best and the second best-selling projects in Shenzhen for 2010 and 2011, respectively
		水榭春天-深圳(五期)於二零一二年第三季名列深圳最暢銷住宅項目	The Spring Land – Shenzhen (Phase 5) was ranked the best selling residential project in Shenzhen in the third quarter of 2012

水榭春天-深圳

The Spring Land – Shenzhen





深圳水榭花都

SHENZHEN WATER FLOWER GARDEN

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	3	3
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	164,764	164,764
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零零二年三月	March 2002
竣工日期	Completion date	二零零六年十月	October 2006
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	294,638	294,638
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	4,992	4,992

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Project Overview

地點	Location	廣東省深圳市福田區香梅路	Xiangmei Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province
投資部分的 租賃期限	Lease term of investment portion	長期租賃	Long lease
物業類型	Property type	住宅、零售及會所	Residential, retail and clubhouse
亮點	Highlights	座落市中心優越地段,提供香蜜湖 獨一無二的風光	Situated prominently in the exclusive region of the city centre and offers unique view of the Honey Lake
		榮獲二零零三年「中國住宅經典示範 樓盤」以及二零零二年及二零零三年 兩年「年度中國名盤」	It was awarded 'Classical Chinese Model Residential Property' in 2003 and 'Real Estate of the Year' in both 2002 and 2003

深圳水榭花都 Shenzhen Water Flower Garden





常州萊蒙都會

CHANGZHOU FASHION MARK

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	4	4
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	120,296	120,296
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零零五年八月	August 2005
竣工日期	Completion date	二零一三年六月	June 2013
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	513,404	513,404
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	82,490	82,490

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	江蘇省常州市鐘樓區西瀛里	Xiyingli, Zhonglou District, Changzhou, Jiangsu Province
投資部分的 租賃期限	Lease term of investment portion	中期租賃	Medium–term lease
物業類型	Property type	住宅、零售及辦公室	Residential, retail and office
亮點	Highlights	位於常州市商業中心	Located at the commercial centre of Changzhou city
		名列二零零五年「中國商業地產十大 主流房項目」,而項目的萊蒙雙子星 座國際公寓(服務式公寓)榮獲「二零 零六中國最佳國際公寓」	Ranked in "China Top 10 Mainstream Real Estate Projects" in 2005 and Twin Stars (serviced apartments) of the project was awarded "2006 Best International Apartment in China"
		一期至三期主要由零售或公寓組成, 四期則為高逾150米的大型住宅項 目	Phases 1–3 comprise mainly retail or apartments while Phase 4 is a large-scale residential project with height over 150 metres
		有知名主要租戶	Secured well-known anchor tenants

常州萊蒙都會

Changzhou Fashion Mark





東莞萊蒙商業中心

DONGGUAN LANDMARK

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	1	1
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	18,738	18,738
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零零六年六月	June 2006
竣工日期	Completion date	二零零八年七月	July 2008
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	79,679	79,679
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	20,172	20,172

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	廣東省東莞市南城區鴻福路88號	No. 88 Hongfu Road, Nancheng District, Dongguan, Guangdong Province
投資部分的 租賃期限	Lease term of investment portion	長期租賃	Long lease
物業類型	Property type	住宅及零售	Residential and retail
亮點	Highlights	位於東莞中心商務區,本商業中心 應有盡有,位置便利,大大提升當 地設施的水平	Located in the CBD of Dongguan and the dramatic setting and accessibility of the mall substantially upgrade the local amenities

東莞萊蒙商業中心

Dongguan Landmark





杭州萊蒙商業中心

HANGZHOU LANDMARK

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	1	1
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	14,780	14,780
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零零六年一月	January 2006
竣工日期	Completion date	二零零七年七月	July 2007
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	49,989	49,989
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	26,182	26,182

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	浙江省杭州市余杭區臨平 藕花洲大街	Ouhuazhou Avenue, Linping, Yuhang District, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province
投資部分的 租賃期限	Lease term of investment portion	中期租賃	Medium-term lease
物業類型	Property type	零售	Retail
亮點	Highlights	靠近地鐵站	Close proximity to metro station
		憑藉高增長城市優勢,臨平被定為 杭州三個高增長衛星城市之一	Leveraging on high growth city attributes, Linping is set to be one of the three high growth satellite cities of Hangzhou
		覓得知名品牌主力租戶,不僅成功 吸引其他零售商,而且吸引龐大人 流	Secured well-known anchor tenants attract not only other retailers, but also significant pedestrian traffic

杭州萊蒙商業中心 Hangzhou Landmark





成都萊蒙都會

CHENGDU FASHION MARK

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	2	2
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	20,727	20,727
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零一一年六月	June 2011
竣工日期	Completion date	二零一二年十二月	December 2012
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	139,265	139,265
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	38,285	38,285

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	四川省成都市武侯區二環路四段 紅牌樓	Hongpailou, Fourth Section of Second Ring Road, Wuhou District, Chengdu, Sichuan Province
物業類型	Property type	零售及辦公室	Retail and office
亮點	Highlights	靠近地鐵三號線嘉陵路站	Close proximity to Jialing Road Station of Metro line no. 3
		地盤按每平方米約人民幣1,426.5元 購得,大幅低於可資比較項目的平 均土地成本	Site was secured at approximately RMB1,426.5 per sq.m., significantly lower than the average land cost for comparable projects

成都萊蒙都會

Chengdu Fashion Mark





上海莎瑪世紀公園

SHANGHAI SHAMA CENTURY PARK

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	不適用	N/A
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一三年 九月二十七日	27 September 2013
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	49,357	49,357
地下停車位總數	Total number of underground car park units	240	240
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	662	662

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	上海浦東新區東綉路	Dongxiu Road, Pudong New District, Shanghai
投資部分的 租賃期限	Lease term of investment portion	長期租賃	Long lease
物業類型	Property type	服務式公寓	Serviced apartment
亮點	Highlights	上海莎瑪世紀公園為位於浦東新區 的服務式公寓	Shanghai Shama Century Park is a serviced apartment located in Pudong New District

上海莎瑪世紀公園 **Shanghai Shama Century Park**





天津萊蒙城

TIANJIN LE LEMAN CITY

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	3	3
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	114,080	114,080
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零一二年六月	June 2012
竣工日期	Completion date	二零二零年六月	June 2020
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	114,080	114,080
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	25,035	25,035

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	天津市靜海縣北華路與 津滄高速公路路口	Junction of Beihua Road and Jincang Expressway, Jinhai County, Tianjin
物業類型	Property type	住宅及零售	Residential and retail
亮點	Highlights	距離天津市中心(南開區)20公里 (「公里」)	Located 20 kilometres (" km ") away from Tianjin city centre (Nankai District)
		距離北京天津高速鐵路南站約12 公里及北京天津高速公路約5公里	Approximately 12 km away from the south station of Beijing-Tianjin high-speed railway and 5 km away from Beijing-Tianjin Expressway

天津萊蒙城 Tianjin Le Leman City





水榭春天-南京

THE SPRING LAND - NANJING

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	1	1
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	60,825	60,825
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零一三年一月	January 2013
竣工日期	Completion date	二零一五年八月	August 2015
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	188,125	188,125
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	717	717

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	江蘇省南京市建鄴區河西中心 商務區	Hexi CBD, Jianye District, Nanjing, Jiangsu Province
物業類型	Property type	住宅及零售	Residential and retail
亮點	Highlights	位於河西中心商務區的中心地帶	Located in the central area of Hexi CBD
		河西中心商務區規劃發展成為城中 糅合貿易、商業、文化及運動的時 尚地帶,並連接位於長江三角洲的 上海	Hexi CBD has been planned to be a modern area integrating trade, business, culture and sports in the city which is connected with Shanghai in the Yangtze River Delta

水榭春天-南京 The Spring Land – Nanjing





上海灣谷項目

SHANGHAI BAY VALLEY PROJECT

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	不適用	N/A
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一七年 七月三十一日	31 July 2017
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	97,854	97,854
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	97,526	97,526

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	上海楊浦區新江灣城國際社區板塊	International Community Sector, New Jiangwan City, Yangpu District, Shanghai
物業類型	Property type	辦公室	Office
亮點	Highlights	位於楊浦科創中心-上海灣谷科技 園,具有與張江高科技園區同等量 級定位	Located at Yangpu Technology Venture Centre – Bay Valley Technology Park, with the same level as Zhangjiang Hi-tech Park

上海灣谷項目 Shanghai Bay Valley Project





香港九龍塘律倫街項目

HONG KONG KOWLOON TONG RUTLAND QUADRANT PROJECT

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	不適用	N/A
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	958	958
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一八年 二月七日	7 February 2018
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	574	574

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	香港九龍塘律倫街6號	No. 6 Rutland Quadrant, Kowloon Tong, Hong Kong
物業類型	Property type	校舍	Campus
亮點	Highlights	距九龍塘地鐵站步行5分鐘	5-minute walk from Kowloon Tong MTR Station
90 mil	riigiiiigiitä	近7016742015年115万姓	5-minute walk from Rowloon Tong With Station

香港九龍塘律倫街項目 HONG KONG KOWLOON TONG RUTLAND QUADRANT PROJECT





昆明滇池湖濱半島

KUNMING DIANCHI LAKESIDE PENINSULA

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	不適用	N/A
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	558	558
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一八年 一月三十一日	31 January 2018
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	1,415	1,415

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	雲南省官渡區六甲街道辦事處滇池 湖濱半島商務中心	Dianchi Lakeside Peninsula Business Center, Liujia Sub-district Office, Guandu District, Yunnan Province
物業類型	Property type	住宅	Residential
亮點	Highlights	瀕 臨 滇 池 水 岸 , 環 境 優 越 , 居 住 舒適	Close to the waterfront of Dianchi with superior and comfortable living environment

昆明滇池湖濱半島 KUNMING DIANCHI LAKESIDE PENINSULA





深圳萊蒙國際大廈

SHENZHEN TOPSPRING INTERNATIONAL MANSION

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	1	1
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零一九年八月	August 2019
預期竣工日期	Expected completion date	二零二三年一月	January 2023
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	107,281	107,281
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	58,294	58,294

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	廣東省深圳市龍華區新區大道西	Xinqu Ave West, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province
物業類型	Property type	零售及辦公室	Retail and office
亮點	Highlights	交通方便,臨近上塘地鐵站	Convenient transportation and close to Shangtang Metro Station

深圳萊蒙國際大廈 SHENZHEN TOPSPRING INTERNATIONAL MANSION





深圳簡上商務大樓

SHENZHEN JIANSHANG COMMERCIAL BUILDING

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	1	1
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零一九年九月	September 2019
預期竣工日期	Expected completion date	二零二二年八月	August 2022
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	21,829	21,829
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	9,518	9,518

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	廣東省深圳市龍華區新區大道西	Xinqu Ave West, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province
物業類型	Property type	零售及辦公室	Retail and office
亮點	Highlights	交通方便,臨近上塘地鐵站	Convenient transportation and close to Shangtang Metro Station

深圳簡上商務大樓 SHENZHEN JIANSHANG COMMERCIAL BUILDING





深圳水榭雲上家園

SHENZHEN UPPER RESIDENCE

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	1	1
開始施工日期	Construction start date	二零一七年四月	April 2017
預期竣工日期	Expected completion date	二零二二年四月	April 2022
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	73,228	73,228
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	40,088	40,088

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	廣東省深圳市龍華區新區大道西	Xinqu Ave West, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province
物業類型	Property type	住宅	Residential
亮點	Highlights	交通方便,臨近上塘地鐵站,步行 5分鐘	Highly accessible with a 5-minute walking distance from Shangtang Metro Station

深圳水榭雲上家園 SHENZHEN UPPER RESIDENCE





香港 128 WATERLOO HONG KONG 128 WATERLOO

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	1	1
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	1,692	1,692
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一七年 十二月十五日	15 December 2017
總建築面積(平方米)	Total GFA (sq.m.)	7,966	7,966
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	6,796	6,796

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	香港九龍塘窩打老道128號	No. 128 Waterloo Road, Kowloon Tong, Hong Kong
物業類型	Property type	住宅	Residential
亮點	Highlights	毗鄰九龍塘名校地標性豪宅	Luxurious landmark residence located in prestigious school district in Kowloon Tong

香港 128 WATERLOO HONG KONG 128 WATERLOO





悉尼ST. LEONARDS項目 **SYDNEY ST. LEONARDS PROJECT**

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	不適用	N/A
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一七年 四月二十八日	28 April 2017
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	35,876	35,876
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	30,494	30,494

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	悉尼St. Leonards	St. Leonards, Sydney
物業類型	Property type	住宅	Residential
亮點	Highlights	距St. Leonards火車站步行5分鐘	5-minute walk from St. Leonards train station

悉尼ST. LEONARDS項目 **SYDNEY ST. LEONARDS PROJECT**





香港元朗十八鄉路項目

HONG KONG YUEN LONG SHAP PAT HEUNG ROAD PROJECT

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	1	1
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	6,504	6,504
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一五年 十月九日	9 October 2015
總建築面積(平方米)	Total GFA (sq.m.)	22,764	22,764
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計淨可銷售/可租賃建築面積(平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	20,050	20,050

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	香港新界元朗區十八鄉路	Shap Pat Heung Road, Yuen Long District, NT, Hong Kong
物業類型	Property type	住宅	Residential
亮點	Highlights	距西鐵線元朗站5分鐘車程,半小時 內可達市區	5-minute drive from Yuen Long Station of West Rail Line, to reach downtown within half an hour

香港元朗十八鄉路項目 HONG KONG YUEN LONG SHAP PAT HEUNG ROAD PROJECT





香港元朗大棠路項目

HONG KONG YUEN LONG TAI TONG ROAD PROJECT

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	1	1
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	1,031	1,031
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一五年 十二月三十一日	31 December 2015
總建築面積(平方米)	Total GFA (sq.m.)	3,383	3,383
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計凈可銷售/可租賃建築面積 (平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	2,987	2,987

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	香港新界元朗區大棠路	Tai Tong Road, Yuen Long District, NT, Hong Kong
物業類型	Property type	住宅	Residential
亮點	Highlights	距西鐵線元朗站5分鐘車程, 半小時內可達市區	5-minutes drive from Yuen Long Station to West Rail line, to reach downtown within half an hour

香港元朗大棠路項目 HONG KONG YUEN LONG TAI TONG ROAD PROJECT





香港元朗唐人新村項目

HONG KONG YUEN LONG TONG YAN SAN TSUEN PROJECT

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	不適用	N/A
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	11,123	11,123
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一七年 十月二十五日	25 October 2017

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	香港新界元朗區屏山南部唐人新村	Tong Yan San Tsuen, Ping Shan South, Yuen Long District, NT, Hong Kong
物業類型	Property type	綜合發展	Composite development
亮點	Highlights	輕鐵可接駁西鐵綫元朗站	Interchange for Light Rail Line and Yuen Long Station of West Rail Line

香港元朗唐人新村項目 HONG KONG YUEN LONG TONG YAN SAN TSUEN PROJECT





香港上水馬適路項目

HONG KONG SHEUNG SHUI MA SIK ROAD PROJECT

主要統計數據	Key Statistics		
期數	No. of phases	不適用	N/A
地盤面積(平方米)	Site area (sq.m.)	9,098	9,098
收購日期	Acquisition date	二零一七年 七月十一日	11 July 2017
估計總建築面積(平方米)	Total estimated GFA (sq.m.)	7,278	7,278
於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 估計凈可銷售/可租賃建築面積 (平方米)	Estimated net saleable / leasable GFA (sq.m.) as at 31 December 2021	6,497	6,497

項目概覽

Project Overview

地點	Location	香港新界上水馬適路	Ma Sik Road, Sheung Shui, NT, Hong Kong
物業類型	Property type	住宅	Residential
亮點	Highlights	臨近上水地鐵站以及粉嶺地鐵站	Proximity to Sheung Shui MTR Station and Fanling MTR Station

香港上水馬適路項目 HONG KONG SHEUNG SHUI MA SIK ROAD PROJECT





ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

關於本報告

萊蒙國際集團有限公司(「萊蒙」或「本公司」, 連同其附屬公司,統稱「本集團」或「我們」) 欣 然呈報我們的環境、社會及管治報告(「環境、 社會及管治報告」),概述我們二零二一歷年及 財政年度的環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及 管治」)策略、管理方針及成就。本報告詳述我 們履行環境及社會責任而採取的措施及方法。 本報告須與本公司二零二一年年報一併閱讀, 年報載有其財務表現及企業管治的全面檢討。

報告期間

本報告乃於二零二一年一月一日至二零二一年十二月三十一日(「**報告期間**」或「**回顧年度**」), 萊蒙的環境、社會及管治管理方針及表現之概 述,除另行訂明者除外。

本報告範圍

本報告著眼於於回顧年度內我們核心業務的環境及社會表現。本集團主要從事中國內地及香港的房地產開發及管理,並聚焦大灣區的物業發展及產業運營業務。除上述業務外,本集團亦透過其與香港知名幼兒園及托兒所運營商(即「啟思幼稚園」及「啟思幼兒園」)的合作提供教育產品和教育服務。

本報告披露的環境關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)涵蓋於回顧年度內我們本身於中國內地及香港控制運營下的資產(銷售前),如下文所載:

- 深圳水榭山
 Shenzhen Hidden Valley
- 深圳水榭花都
 Shenzhen Water Flower Garden
- 東莞萊蒙商業中心Dongguan Landmark
- 杭州萊蒙商業中心 Hangzhou Landmark
- 天津萊蒙城
 Tianjin Le Leman City

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Top Spring International Holdings Limited ("**Top Spring**" or the "**Company**", together with its subsidiaries, collectively the "**Group**", "**we**" or "**us**") is pleased to present our Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "**ESG Report**") to outline our environmental, social and governance ("**ESG**") strategy, management approach and achievements for the 2021 calendar and financial year. This report details our initiatives and measures undertaken to fulling our environmental and social responsibility. This report should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2021 annual report, which contains a comprehensive review of its financial performance and corporate governance.

Reporting Period

This report provides an overview of Top Spring's ESG management approach and performance during the year from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 ("the reporting period" or "the year under review"), unless otherwise specified.

Scope of this Report

This report focuses on the environmental and social performance of our core business during the year under review. The Group is principally engaged in the development and management of real estate property in Mainland China and Hong Kong with a strong focus on the property development and industrial operation businesses in the Greater Bay Area. On top of the forementioned business, the Group also provides education products and education services through its cooperation with the renowned kindergartens and nurseries operator in Hong Kong, namely the "Creative Kindergarten" and "Creative Day Nursery".

The environmental key performance indicators (the "**KPIs**") disclosed in this report cover our own assets (prior to sales) under our operational control in Mainland China and Hong Kong during the year under review as listed below:

- 水榭春天-深圳 The Spring Land – Shenzhen
- 常州萊蒙都會 Changzhou Fashion Mark
- 深圳萊蒙領尚Shenzhen Fashion Walk
- 成都萊蒙都會
 Chengdu Fashion Mark

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

報告指引

本報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交 所**」)頒佈的主板上市規則附錄二十七所載的環 境、社會及管治報告指引的「強制披露規定」及 「不遵守就解釋」條文編撰。

我們已遵守聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引 所載的四項匯報原則界定報告內容及確保本報 告所呈報資料的質素,包括:

Reporting Guidelines

This report is prepared in accordance with the "mandatory disclosure requirements" and the "comply or explain" provisions of the ESG Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 27 of the Main Board Listing Rules issued by the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("**HKEX**").

We have followed the four reporting principles as set out in the HKEX ESG Reporting Guide to define the report content and to ensure the quality of information presented in this report, including:

重要性 本集團已透過重要性評估識別其重大事宜。有關更多資料,請參閱本報告「重要性評估」一節。

Materiality The Group has identified its material issues through materiality assessment. For more information, please refer to

the section headed "Materiality Assessment" of this report.

量化 本集團盡可能以量化方式記錄及披露關鍵績效指標。有關標準、方法、假設及用於計算環境數據的換算公

Quantitative 式來源的資料亦於本報告披露。

KPIs are recorded and disclosed in quantitative terms whenever possible. Information on the standards, methodologies, assumptions and source of conversion factors used for the calculation of environmental data are

also disclosed in this report.

平衡 本集團於本報告中以客觀的方式披露正面及負面表現,確保內容及數據無偏差。

Balance The Group disclosed both positive and negative performance in this report in an impartial manner to ensure that

the content and data are unbiased.

一致性 本報告的編製方法總體與上一年度一致。報告範圍及計算方法有任何變動將適時進行披露。

Consistency The preparation approach of this report is substantially consistent with the previous year. Any changes in the

reporting scope and calculation methodologies will be disclosed where applicable.

董事會監督環境、社會及管治策略的整體管理並向本集團呈報。董事會已檢討重大環境、社會及管治事宜並將監督及管理該等事宜及於釐定本集團業務方向及策略時將其納入考量範圍。有關環境、社會及管治的管理方針的詳情,請參閱本報告「整體環境、社會及管治方針」一節。

The Board oversees the management of the overall ESG strategy and reporting of the Group. The Board has reviewed the material environmental, social and governance issues, and will manage and monitor these issues and take them into consideration in determining the Group's business directions and strategies. For details on our ESG management approach, please refer to the section headed "Overall ESG Approach" in this report.

關於本報告的反饋

我們致力於推動萊蒙的可持續發展,高度重視 持份者的意見和見解以設定整體環境、社會及 管治策略。我們重視持份者的意見及建議,竭 力為持份者排解疑慮。如持份者對我們的環境、 社會及管治工作及本報告有任何意見及建議, 歡迎郵寄至IR@topspring.com,助力強化萊蒙 日後環境、社會及管治的表現。

Feedback for this Report

Dedicated to promoting the sustainable development of Top Spring, we attach great importance to the views and insights of stakeholders to shape our overall ESG strategy. We value the comments and suggestions of stakeholders and aim to address their concerns wherever possible. Stakeholders are welcome to share their comments and suggestions regarding our ESG work and this report via IR@topspring.com to help strengthen Top Spring's future ESG performances.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

整體環境、社會及管治方針

我們意識到,大家對商業在當今社會所扮演角色的期望正在發生變化。作為一家具有社會責任感的企業,我們在經營業務的同時積極管理環境、社會及管治事宜,為股東、客戶、僱員、供應商和其他相關持份者創造共同價值。我們致力於在本集團內部推動可持續發展,積極減少對環境和社會的潛在影響,並通過對房地產行業和教育行業的積極變革,為社會做出貢獻。於二零二一年,我們繼續專注於我們的主要領域,包括「合規運營」、「以人為本」、「環境管理」及「社區關懷」。

我們致力於加強我們的環境、社會及管治管理,並將可持續發展的概念納入我們的企業管治社會及管治策略及報告。董事會認識到全面的環境、社會及管治策略及報告。董事會認識到全面的環境、社會及管治治理實踐的重要性,監督和舉工。 董事會於治理實踐的重要性,監督和舉工。 環境會及管治為重要性,監督和舉工。 電事會於為對重,以及相關政策和舉工,的。 是實治相關風險並確保環境、社會及管治系關風險並確保環境、社會及管治系關於之時,管理層監督有關於。 為確保上述制度的有效性,管理層監督有治會 類及措施的執行,以及與環境、社會及管治會 類的目標和指標的進展情況。本公司向董事會 提出報告,供其審查和確認。

持份者參與

持份者的期望和意見對我們持續改善可持續發展策略至關重要。我們致力於為持份者創造長遠價值,與包括股東、客戶、僱員、供應商、社區、政府及監管機構在內的持份者保持開放的對話並建立可信任的關係。通過持續和有組織的參與及多元化渠道,我們不斷與持份者溝通,了解他們的主要關切,並參考彼等的意見,制定我們整體的環境、社會及管治方針。

Overall ESG Approach

We are aware that expectations of the role of business in today's society are changing. As a socially responsible corporate, we proactively manage ESG issues while operating our business and creating shared value for our shareholders, customers, employees, suppliers and other relevant stakeholders. Striving to promote sustainability within the Group, we actively reduce the potential impacts on the environment and the society and contribute to the society by effecting positive change in the real estate industry and education industry. In 2021, we continued to focus on four major areas, including "Compliance Operation", "People-oriented", "Environmental Management" and "Community Care".

We are committed to enhancing our ESG governance and integrating the concept of sustainability into our corporate governance and risk management. The Board is ultimately responsible for Top Spring's ESG strategy and reporting. Acknowledging the significance of comprehensive ESG governance practices, the Board oversees the Group's ESG issues and relevant policies and initiatives. The Board is also held responsible for evaluating and determining the ESG-related risks and ensuring that appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems are in place. In order to ensure the effectiveness of aforementioned systems, the management monitors the implementation of relevant policies and measures, as well as the progress of ESG-related goals and targets. Reports are made to the Board for their review and confirmation.

Stakeholder Engagement

The expectations and opinions of stakeholders are crucial for us to continuously improving our sustainability strategy. Striving to create long-term values for stakeholders, we maintain open dialogues and build trusted relationships with our stakeholders, including shareholders, customers, employees, suppliers, communities, government and regulators. Through ongoing and structured engagement and diversified channels, we constantly communicate with stakeholders to understand their major concerns, and shape our overall ESG approach with reference to their opinion.

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重要性評估

由於持份者的關注和期望可能會因時間的推移 而改變,了解和回應持份者的觀點和期望對我 們業務的成功起著關鍵作用。於二零二一年, 經考慮到本集團的經營狀況、市場趨勢和最新 法律及法規,本集團進行了重要性評估,以審 查上一年報告中識別的重大事宜的適用性。

通過檢討環境、社會及管治問題對萊蒙及持份 者的影響和重要性,本集團的重大事宜清單通 過將其分類歸併到環境、社會及治理方面進行 了細化。

Materiality Assessment

As stakeholders' concerns and expectations may change over time, understanding and responding to the views and expectations of our stakeholders play a critical role in the success of our business. In 2021, a materiality assessment was carried out to review the applicability of the material issues identified in the prior year's report by taking into consideration of the Group's operating conditions, market trends and the latest laws and regulations.

Through a review of the impact and importance of ESG issues to Top Spring and its stakeholders, the Group's material issues list was refined by clustering them into environmental, social and governance aspects.

環境	社會	管治
Environmental	Social	Governance
 耗水量及節約用水 Water consumption and conservation 能源效應及節能措施 Energy efficiency and conservation 廢水管理 Waste management 室內空氣質素 Indoor air quality 廢氣排放 Air emission 氣候變化及溫室氣體排放 Climate change and GHG emission 	 社區 Community 產品責任 Product responsibility 供應鏈管理 Supply chain management 勞工準則 Labour practices 健康與安全 Health and safety 僱員發展及培訓 Employee development and training 員工福利 Employee benefits 	 企業管治 Corporate governance 商業信譽 Business integrity

於上文所列的15項事宜中,八項事宜被識別為 對持份者及本集團屬非常重大的事宜。我們努 力充分解決這些問題,並讓持份者更全面地了 解萊蒙的環境、社會及管治政策、行動和成就。 Among the 15 issues listed above, eight issues have been identified as being of significant importance to our stakeholders and the Group. We strive to adequately address these issues and provide stakeholders a more comprehensive understanding of Top Spring's ESG policies, actions and achievement.

環境、社會及管治報告 **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

環境、社會及管治重要層面

ESG Material Aspect

層面 Aspects	重大事宜 Material issues	適切性 Relevance
環境 Environmental	室內空氣質素 Indoor air quality	透過提升我們住宅項目的室內空氣質素以改善生活質素 Improve living quality with enhanced indoor air quality in our residential projects
	耗水量及節約用水 Water consumption and conservation	在我們設計和管理的物業中·通過節水設計來提高用水效益: 儘量將工地的水循環再用及重用:確保本工地排放的污水 符合有關的排放標準
		Improve water use efficiency through water efficient designs in our designed and managed properties; recycle and reuse of water in our construction sites as much as possible; ensure
	能源效應及節能措施 Energy efficiency and conservation	wastewater discharge on our construction sites meet relevant discharge standards 透過在我們所設計及管理的物業採納節能設計及設備改善能源效益;持續監督能源消耗,促進節約能源
	Energy emelency and conservation	Improve energy efficiency through the adoption of energy- efficient designs and equipment in our designed and managed properties; continue monitoring of energy consumption to
社會 Social	產品責任 Product responsibility	promote energy conservation 確保物業項目及教育物資的品質:確保已收集的客戶資料 得到妥善保護
Jociui	r roduce responsibility	Ensure the quality of property projects and educational supplies; ensure customer information collected is well
	健康與安全 Health and safety	protected 確保員工可享有安全的工作環境:物業管理已獲OHSAS 18001職業健康及安全評估系列(Occupational Health and Safety Assessment Series) 認證:向員工提供定期健康及安全 培訓
		Ensure safe working environment for our staff; property management is certified with OHSAS 18001 Occupational Health and Safety Assessment Series; provide regular health
	僱員發展及培訓 Employee development and training	and safety training for staff 透過向前線員工提供內部培訓及贊助申請進修繼續進行員 工發展
	Employee development and training	Continue staff's development by providing in-house training to front-line staff and sponsoring further studies by application
管治 Governance	企業管治 Corporate governance	確保本公司的規則、常規和程序到位,並確保本公司的管理符合股東利益
		Ensure system of rules, practices and processes are in place and that the Company is managed in the interest of shareholders
	商業信譽 Business integrity	管理有關商業道德操守的事宜,包括合規、反腐敗及賄賂、 保護第三方的知識產權,以及防止反競爭行為 Manage issues surrounding ethical conduct of business,
		including compliance, anti-corruption and bribery, protecting intellectual property rights of third parties, and preventing anti-competitive practices

環境、社會及管治報告 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境

承諾原則

我們認識到我們保護環境的責任,因此一直致力提升各項業務的可持續發展表現。為盡量減少我們運作運營中可能產生的潛在不利影響,我們嚴格遵守有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污及產生有害及無害廢棄物的政策遵守國家及當地環保法律法規,包括但不限於《中國環境保護法》、《中國大氣污染防治法》、《中國水污染防治法》及《中國固體廢物污染環境防治法》。

本集團採取多種可持續發展常規與措施,將對環境及天然資源的負面影響減至最低。我們不斷在業務中引入綠色元素,在物業發展業務及教育相關業務中採用多種環保措施,例如納入綠色建築設計及在工地實施負責任的施工慣例以及推廣減少、回收和再利用的原則。

ENVIRONMENT

Commitment Principle

Recognising our responsibility to safeguard the environment, we have been stepping up our efforts to enhance the sustainability performance across our businesses. In an effort to minimising potential adverse impacts arising from our operation, we strictly comply with the applicable national and local laws and regulations relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, including but not limited to the Environmental Protection Law of the PRC, the Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Air Pollution, the Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Water Pollution and the Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste.

The Group adopts a variety of sustainability practices and measures to minimise the negative impacts on the environment and natural resources. We have continuously introduced green elements in our business by adopting a wide range of environmental-friendly practices in our property development business and education-related business, such as incorporating green building designs and implementing responsible construction practices in our work sites, as well as promoting the principles of reduce, recycle and reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

倡議及表現

物業設計

在整個物業的開發、設計和施工過程中,我們不斷將可持續發展的元素引入到我們的物業項目中。在新建築設計方面,我們遵循綠色建築物評估標準(Assessment Standard for Green Building)(GB/T 50378-2020)等綠色建築要求,從利用公共綠地、室內自然通風、隔聲性能、建築採光、建築材料優化、隔熱及遮陽等不同方面的考慮,打造綠建設計。

於回顧年度內,本集團已實施的多項綠色建築物設計及特點,包括:

Initiatives and Performances

Property Design

Throughout the development and design to construction of properties, we continue to introduce sustainable elements into our property projects. For design of new buildings, we follow green building requirements such as the Assessment Standard for Green Building (GB/T 50378-2020) to create green building design by taking into consideration of different-aspects such as public green space, indoor natural ventilation, sound insulation quality, building lighting, building material optimisation, thermal insulation and shadings, etc.

A number of green building designs and features have been implemented during the year under review, including:

Relevant measures 被動式建築物設計 Passive building design		—————————————————————————————————————
被動式建築物設計 - 納入被動式建築物設計以改善通風情況及盡量爭取天然光源 - Incorporating passive building designs to improve ventilation and optimise sunlight exposure - 在每個單元安裝智能溫濕度感測器,改善居民的生活條件 - Installing smart sensors for temperature and humidity measurement in each unit to enhance living conditions of residents		
Passive building design - Incorporating passive building designs to improve ventilation and optimise sunlight exposure - 在每個單元安裝智能溫濕度感測器,改善居民的生活條件 - Installing smart sensors for temperature and humidity measurement in each unit to enhance living conditions of residents 能源效應及節能措施 - 使用節能裝置(如LED燈具) Energy efficiency and conservation - Using energy-efficient fixtures such as LED lighting - 使用變速驅動器及熱能回收系統等設計改善能源效益 - Improvement of energy efficiency with designs such as variable speed drives and heat recovery systems - 考慮採用如太陽能等可再生能源設計 - Considering the use of renewable energy features such as solar energy 節約用水 - 使用如節水裝置等節水設計 Water efficiency and conservation 室內空氣質素 - 安裝空氣淨化設備改善室內空氣質素 Indoor air quality 绿地 - Installing air purifying equipment to improve indoor air quality 绿地		
sunlight exposure	被動式建築物設計	- 納入被動式建築物設計以改善通風情況及盡量爭取天然光源
- 在每個單元安裝智能溫濕度感測器,改善居民的生活條件 - Installing smart sensors for temperature and humidity measurement in each unit to enhance living conditions of residents 能源效應及節能措施 - 使用節能裝置(如LED燈具) - Using energy-efficient fixtures such as LED lighting - 使用變速驅動器及熱能回收系統等設計改善能源效益 - Improvement of energy efficiency with designs such as variable speed drives and heat recovery systems - 考慮採用如太陽能等可再生能源設計 - Considering the use of renewable energy features such as solar energy 節約用水 - 使用如節水裝置等節水設計 Water efficiency and conservation 字內空氣質素 - 安裝空氣淨化設備改善室內空氣質素 Indoor air quality 绿地 - Installing air purifying equipment to improve indoor air quality 绿地 - 屋頂綠化及垂直綠化	Passive building design	
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and heat recovery systems		- 使用變速驅動器及熱能回收系統等設計改善能源效益
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節約用水-Considering the use of renewable energy features such as solar energy節約用水-使用如節水裝置等節水設計Water efficiency and conservation-Using water-efficient designs such as water-saving features室內空氣質素-安裝空氣淨化設備改善室內空氣質素Indoor air quality-Installing air purifying equipment to improve indoor air quality綠地-屋頂綠化及垂直綠化		and heat recovery systems
節約用水 - 使用如節水裝置等節水設計 Water efficiency and conservation - Using water-efficient designs such as water-saving features 字 安装空氣淨化設備改善室內空氣質素 - 安装空氣淨化設備改善室內空氣質素 Installing air purifying equipment to improve indoor air quality 緑地 - 屋頂綠化及垂直綠化		- 考慮採用如太陽能等可再生能源設計
Water efficiency and conservation		 Considering the use of renewable energy features such as solar energy
室內空氣質素-安裝空氣淨化設備改善室內空氣質素Indoor air quality-Installing air purifying equipment to improve indoor air quality緣地-屋頂緣化及垂直緣化	節約用水	- 使用如節水裝置等節水設計
Indoor air quality – Installing air purifying equipment to improve indoor air quality 綠地 - 屋頂綠化及垂直綠化	Water efficiency and conservation	 Using water-efficient designs such as water-saving features
綠地	室內空氣質素	- 安裝空氣淨化設備改善室內空氣質素
	Indoor air quality	 Installing air purifying equipment to improve indoor air quality
Greening of reaftens and vertical walls	緑地	- 屋頂綠化及垂直綠化
- Greening of footops and vertical waits	Green space	 Greening of rooftops and vertical walls

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工地

我們在運營地點嚴格遵守有關法律規定,並已 採取各種管制措施以減少及管理建築活動對環 境的影響。我們專注於下列關鍵建築工地管理 層面,務求盡量減少項目建設對周邊環境的不 利影響。

Construction Sites

We strictly comply with relevant legal requirements in the locations where we operate and have adopted various control measures to reduce and manage environmental impacts arising from construction activities. By focusing on the following key construction site management aspects, we are dedicated to minimising the adverse impact of project construction on the surrounding environment.

管理層面 Management aspects	相關措施 Relevant measures
大氣排放 Air emissions	 根據監管規定於工地上對塵埃污染預防及監控實施「6個100%」(「6個100%」) Implementing the "Six 100%" ("6個100%") measures of dust pollution prevention and control at construction sites in accordance with regulatory requirements 根據當地政府規定測量及限制非道路移動機械的柴油引擎的廢氣排放 Measuring and limiting the exhaust smoke of diesel engines for non-road mobile machinery as required by local government
廢棄物管理	- 加強處置建築廢料並應最新規定回收建築廢料的管理
Waste management	 Reinforcing the management of the disposal and recycling of construction wastes in response to latest requirements 聘用合資格的商家確保妥善處理及處置有害廢物 Using qualified vendors to ensure proper treatment and disposal of hazardous wastes
廢水管理	- 在排放之前將工地廢水處理至可接納水平
Wastewater management 環境管理 Environmental management	 Treating wastewater at our work sites to acceptable limits prior to discharge 安排對建築承包商進行的環境、安全及衛生措施進行定期檢查 Arranging regular inspections on the environmental, safety and health measures conducted by construction contractors

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物業管理

本集團在自營物業中採納多項綠色措施以降低環境影響。於回顧期內,經考慮節能、噪音防治、減少廢物、節約用水等方面後,我們已在物業管理方面推行以下環保目標,以進一步減少對環境的潛在影響。

Property Management

Various green measures are adopted at our self-operating properties to mitigate our environmental impacts. During the period under review, we have implemented the following environmental objectives regarding property management with consideration of aspects such as energy saving, noise prevention and control, waste reduction, water conservation, so as to further reduce our potential environmental impact.

環境層面 Environmental aspects	相關措施 Relevant measures
能源管理 Energy management	 將照明燈具更換為LED Replacing lighting fixtures with LEDs 減少公共區域的照明燈具使用量 Reducing the amount of lighting used in common areas
環境管理 Environmental management 租戶參與 Tenants' engagement	 獲得ISO 14001環境管理系統的認證 Obtaining ISO 14001 Environmental Management System certification 鼓勵租戶將資源(電、水及物料使用)消耗減至最低 Encouraging tenants to minimise their resource consumption (electricity, water and material use)
循環利用 Recycling	 向租戶提供回收設施,以減少廢物 Providing tenants with recycling facilities for waste reduction 我們提供場地安置設備及進行宣傳活動並鼓勵租戶捐出舊衣物予有需要的人士,以支持當地政府的舊衣物循環再用活動
雨水收集及重用 Rainwater collection and reuse	 Supporting the old clothing recycling activity of local government by providing venues for equipment and publicity activities and encouraging tenants to donate old clothes to those in need 我們通過將雨水與污水分隔,向建築承辦商為其租戶實行安全保障措施提供協助 Providing assistance to construction contractors to carry out safety protective
物業管理 Property management	measures for tenants during when conducting works to separate rainwater from sewage - 確保嚴格按照相關法規使用農藥及清潔劑,目標為每年零宗有關其儲存和使用的事故 - Ensuing strict compliance with relevant regulations when using pesticides and
	cleansing agents, and aiming for zero incidents regarding their use and storage - 根據國家及地方標準管理社區內排放的污水、廢物和噪音 - Managing community wastewater, waste and noise according to national and local standards

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教育相關業務

就我們的教育相關業務而言,主要環境影響通常來自能源使用及紙張消耗。有鑑於此,我們積極推動節能,倡導辦公區域無紙化。我們亦以電子辦公(OA)系統替代以紙張記錄為主的辦公室行政系統,同時鼓勵僱員盡量重複使用紙張或採用雙面打印。

就學校物資安排而言,除遵守香港教育局的嚴格品質要求外,我們亦竭力提倡使用具能源效益及環保的產品。我們向學校提供可循環再用的教材並將之存放於倉庫以於必要時重用。為進一步推動耗紙量減少,我們亦支持由傳統紙張書本過渡至電子書,並在書本出版的過程中朝著此方向發展。

氣候變化

於二零二零年九月,中國在第75屆聯合國大會 上公佈二零三零年碳排放達峰目標及二零五零 年碳中和目標,積極應對氣候變化,推動綠色 低碳發展。我們承認氣候變化為業務運營帶來 的重大風險及機遇,包括但不限於可能增加合 規及運營成本的氣候相關政策、法律及法規的 潛在變動,以及可能會嚴重干擾我們正常業務 運營的嚴重颱風、洪水、異常熱浪等自然災害 等。

我們擁護我們的責任,並正採取更多行動應對 及減輕氣候變化的潛在影響。我們積極採取各 種節能減排措施,旨在優化業務運營的資源效 率,逐步減少碳足跡。未來,我們將繼續推出 相關政策及程序,以識別氣候相關風險,評估 氣候相關風險及機遇的影響,並制定提高我們 應對氣候變化能力的策略。

Education-related business

With regard to our education-related business, our major environmental impacts generally arise from energy use and paper consumption. In view of this, we actively promote energy conservation and advocate paperless practices in office areas. We have also replaced the paper-based office administrative system with electronic office automation (OA) system, while employees are encouraged to reuse paper or adopt double-sided printing whenever possible.

For the arrangement of school supplies, in addition to abiding by the stringent quality requirements of the Education Bureau of Hong Kong, we also endeavour to promote the use of energy-efficient and environmental-friendly products. Recyclable teaching supplies are provided to schools, where the supplies could be stored in warehouses for reuse whenever necessary. To further promote the reduction in paper consumption, we also support the transition from traditional paper books to e-books and will move towards this direction in the course of book publications.

Climate Change

In September 2020, China announced its 2030 carbon emission peaking target and 2050 carbon neutrality target at the 75th Session of the United Nations General Assembly to actively respond to climate change and promote green and low-carbon development. Acknowledging the significant risks and opportunities brought by climate change to our business operations, including but not limited to potential changes in climate-related policies, laws and regulations which may increase compliance and operating costs, and natural disasters such as severe typhoons, floods, abnormal heat waves, etc. that may severely interrupt our normal operation.

We embrace our responsibility and are taking additional action to address and mitigate the potential impacts of climate change. By actively adopting a variety of energy-saving and emission reduction measures, we aim to optimise the resource efficiency of business operations and gradually reduce our carbon footprint. In the future, we will continue to introduce policies and procedures to identify of climate-related risks, assess the impacts of climate-related risks and opportunities, and formulate strategies to enhance our capacity to cope with climate change.

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二零二一年確定的重要環境層面表現

Performance of Identified Material Environmental Aspects 2021

		單位	二零二一年	二零二零年	變動(%)
重要層面	Material Aspects	Unit	2021	2020	% change
總建築面積(建築面積)	Total GFA (Gross floor area)	10,000平方米	155.79	178.66	-0.13%
	()	10,000 m ²			
用水量1	Water consumption ¹				
用水量	Water consumption	立方米	606,782.30	372,833.00	+62.75%
m -1, 74 A		m ³			
用水強度	Water intensity	立方米/平方米	0.39	0.21	+86.64%
		m³/m²			
能源耗量1	Energy consumption ¹				
<i>間接能源耗量</i> 用電量	Indirect energy consumption	~			
用电里	Electricity consumption		16,410,564.00	13,034,739.32	+25.90%
用電強度		kWh			
	Electricity intensity	千瓦時/平方米	10.53	7.30	+ 44.38%
大 拉丝连丝		kWh/m²			
直接能源耗量 ² 用柴油量	Direct energy consumption ²	T T n+	25.405.04		不 矮 四
巾木 /川里	Diesel consumption	千瓦時	36,406.01	-	不適用
用柴油強度	B: 1: 1: 1:	kWh	0.00		N/A
	Diesel intensity	千瓦時/平方米 kWh/m²	0.02	_	不適用
用天然氣量	Natural gas consumption		1 010 222 07		N/A 不適用
用大然料里	Natural gas consumption	千瓦時 kWh	1.010,333.07	_	小週用 N/A
天然氣強度	Natural gas intensity	千瓦時/平方米	0.65		不適用
八州末以	Natural gas intensity	kWh/m²	0.03	_	N/A
能源總耗量	Total energy consumption		17,457,303.09	13 034 739 32	+33.93%
月27/// MS/PU主	rotal chergy consumption	kWh	17,437,303.03	13,034,733.32	133.3370
能源總強度	Total energy intensity	千瓦時/平方米	11.21	7.30	+53.39%
		kWh/m²		, .50	. 22.22 /0
所產生的廢棄物	Waste generated				
一般廢棄物	General waste	噸	33,079.07	_	不適用
		tonne			N/A
建築廢料	Construction waste	噸	72.00	_	不適用
		tonne			N/A

¹ 於二零二一年,用水量及能源耗量增加乃由於 我們商業物業管理項目的運營活動隨著業務從 COVID-19疫情中復甦而恢復。

柴油及天然氣自容積單位至能源單位的換算係數 參考港交所所發佈「如何編製環境、社會及管治報 告」項下附錄2:環境關鍵績效指標報告指南。

The increase in water and energy consumption in 2021 is attributable to the resumption of the operational activities at our commercial property management projects as the businesses recovered from the COVID-19 pandemic.

The conversion factors from volumetric units of diesel and natural gas consumption to energy units are referenced from Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs under "How to Prepare an ESG Report" released by HKEX.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

監管合規性

於回顧年度,本集團概無違反與我們運營所在 國家的空氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排 污,以及產生有害及無害廢棄物相關的法律法 規。

僱傭

我們認為我們的員工是最寶貴的資產,亦是我們成功不可或缺的一部分。有鑑於此,我們非常重視人力資源,努力吸引及挽留人才。我們為僱員提供具競爭力的薪酬及福利、平等機會、多樣化的培訓及發展計劃以及全面的健康及安全措施,致力為所有僱員創造包容、安全的工作場所。

僱傭常規及僱員福利

我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《勞動合同法》、《未成年人保護法》以及與薪金及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多樣性、反歧視以及其他福利及福祉相關的其他適用法律及法規。我們已制定一套政策及指引,如《員工招聘管理制度》、《考勤和假期管理制度》、《委派人員管理制度》及《幹部職業規劃管理指引》,當中載有招聘制度、標準、程序、僱員福利及福祉、考勤管理、行為守則等條款。

我們致力提倡公平競爭,並禁止對任何僱員或求職者在其性別、年齡、婚姻狀況、宗教、種族、國籍、殘疾或任何受法律保障的地位作出歧視或騷擾。我們平等對待所有求職者,並根據我們的僱傭政策、《人才推薦獎勵指引》及《培訓管理制度》執行所有招聘流程。此外,我們期望與旗下各僱員懷抱「德才兼備,以德為先」的原則。我們對工作場所任何形式的歧視及騷擾行為採取零容忍的態度。

同時,我們嚴格禁止僱傭童工或剝削強迫勞工, 並嚴格按照《禁止使用童工規定》及有關防止使 用童工及強迫勞工的其他法律及法規執行。我 們將於招聘過程中檢查求職者的身份證件,以 確保彼等達到法定工作年齡並有資格就業。

Regulatory Compliance

During the year under review, the Group did not involve in any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste of the countries where we operate.

EMPLOYMENT

We believe our people are the most valuable assets and an integral part of our success. With this in mind, we attach great importance on our human resources in an effort to attract and retain talents. By providing employees with competitive remuneration and benefits, equal opportunities, diversified training and development programmes, and comprehensive health and safety measures, we are dedicated to creating an inclusive and safe workplace for all employees.

Employment Practice and Employee Benefits

We strictly comply with the Labour Law of the PRC, the Labour Contract Law, the Law on the Protection of Minors, and other applicable laws and regulations relevant to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. A series of policies and guidelines such as the Recruitment Management System, the Attendance and Leave Management System, the Assignee Management System, and the Guidelines for Career Planning for Officers are in place to set out provisions on the recruitment system, standards, processes, employee benefits and welfares, attendance management, code of conduct, etc.

We strive to promote fair competition and prohibit discrimination or harassment against any employees or job applicants based on their gender, age, marital status, religion, race, nationality, disability or any status protected by law. We view all job applicants equally and carry out all recruitment process in accordance with our Employment Policy, Guidelines for Talent Referral Reward and Training Management System. In addition, employees are expected to adhere to the principle of "be virtuous and talented, have morality come first". We adopt a zero-tolerance attitude towards any form of discrimination or harassment behaviours in the workplace.

Meanwhile, we strictly forbid the employment of child labour or exploitation of forced labour, and strictly operate in accordance with the Provisions on Prohibition of Child Labour and other law and regulations relating to preventing child and forced labour. Identity documents of job applicants will be inspected during recruitment process to ensure they are of legal working age and eligible for employment.

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為吸引及挽留人才,我們為僱員提供具有競爭力的薪金及福利組合,以及明確的晉升階梯。我們定期檢討薪金及獎勵組合以及職業機會,確保僱員的貢獻獲得認可。我們開展年度績效評估,為所有僱員提供機會,可與其直屬經理討論職業規劃、了解需要提高的領域並將自身職業潛力最大化。

除法定節假日外,本集團提供帶薪年假(根據資歷調整)、帶薪病假、照顧性准假、產假/流產假、工傷假等,以滿足僱員需求,促進工作與生活平衡。根據法律規定,所有合資格員工均獲納入香港的定額供款強制性公積金計劃或中國大陸的社會保險計劃。

我們亦鼓勵僱員與我們進行無拘無束的交流, 令我們了解其需求及建議。我們透過社交活動 及反饋環節,保持雙向溝通。此外,我們為僱 員提供表達不滿及投訴的溝通渠道。於收到僱 員的意見或投訴後,我們將按事先既定程序妥 善處理,並設法解決其疑慮。

監管合規性

本集團就勞工標準在中國嚴格遵守一切監管規定,同時亦禁止僱用童工及強迫勞工。於回顧年度內,我們概無接獲任何有關僱傭、童工或強迫勞工的違規事件,亦無發生任何歧視或騷擾事件。

To attract and retain talents, competitive compensation and benefit packages, as well as a clear promotion ladder are offered to employees. Our salary and reward packages and career opportunities are regularly reviewed to ensure the contributions of employees are recognised. Annual performance appraisals are carried out to provides an opportunity for all employees to discuss career planning, identify areas for further development and maximise career potential with their line managers.

On top of statutory holidays, paid annual leave (adjusted by seniority), paid sick leave, compassionate leave, maternity leave or abortion leave, work injury leaves and etc are provided, thus accompanying the needs of employees and promoting their work-life balance. In accordance with statutory regulations, all eligible employees are enrolled to a defined contribution mandatory provident fund scheme in Hong Kong or social insurance scheme in Mainland China.

We also encourage our employees to have unrestrained communications with us, allowing us to learn their needs and suggestions. We maintain two-way communication through networking activities and feedback sessions. In addition, we provide communication channels for our employees to express grievances and complaints. Upon receiving opinions or complaints from employees, we will address the complaint according to our predetermined procedures and seek to resolve their concerns.

Regulatory Compliance

The Group strictly complies with all the regulatory requirements with respect to labour standards and prohibits the employment of child and forced labour. During the year under review, neither any non-compliances with respect to employment, child labour or forced labour, nor any discrimination or harassment incidents were reported within the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

健康安全的工作環境

僱員的健康與安全對我們的運營至關重要。因此,我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》、《工作場所職業衛生監督管理規定》、《工傷保險條例》及有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的其他相關法律法規。

我們的《安全管理手冊》及《緊急管理手冊》載有 健康與安全管理的詳細指引。我們為物業管 理業務開發一套安全管理體系,該體系已通過 OSHAS 18001職業健康與安全管理系列的認 證。為進一步促進安全績效的提升,我們已設 定安全目標,竭力達到每年零宗重大健康安全 意外,包括健康安全意外及緊急事故。為是是 安全管理及確保我們物業所在社區的交通安全, 我們已制定職業健康與安全政策。我們定期對 自營物業及工地進行檢查,以確保我們的健康 與安全措施得以妥善實施。

為提升員工的健康及安全意識,我們不時提供相關的培訓課程。此外,我們會識別工地僱員的工作類型並為彼等提供合適的工傷保險、意外傷害保險及年度體檢。我們亦定期為工人提供身體檢查及醫療保險。

於COVID-19大流行期間,我們一直密切關注疫情發展,實施疫情預防措施,準備充足的應急物資並保障僱員的健康與安全。就我們的物業管理業務而言,僱員均配備口罩、面罩及外用酒精等防護用品。我們亦安排培訓班,提升員工防疫意識。同時,我們於僱員每天上崗前檢查其防護準備情況,將感染風險降至最低。就教育相關業務而言,我們已暫停面授課程,提供在線教學,保障教職工的健康。

監管合規性

於回顧年度,概無錄得因工作而導致死亡³或因工作導致工傷損失工時的事件,亦無任何違反有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的法律及法規的情況。

Healthy and Safe Working Environment

The health and safety of our employees are of utmost importance to our operations. Therefore, we stringently comply with the Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases of the PRC, the Provisions on the Supervision and Management of Occupational Health at Work Sites, the Regulation on Work-related Injury Insurances and other relevant laws and regulations relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.

Our Safety Management Handbook and Emergency Management Handbook have detailed guidance for health and safety management. We have developed a safety management system for our property management business, which has been certified with the OSHAS 18001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System. In order to further promote the improvement of our safety performance, we have set the safety objective of striving for zero major health and safety incidents, including health and safety accidents and emergencies. The occupational health and safety policy has been formulated to enhance safety management and ensure traffic safety of the community where our properties are located. Inspections on our self-managed properties and construction sites are carried out regularly to ensure our health and safety measures are properly implemented.

In an effort to enhance employees' health and safety awareness, we offer relevant training sessions from time to time. In addition, the job types of site employees will be identified to provide them with appropriate work injury insurance, accidental injury insurance and annual physical examinations. We have also provided workers with regular body check-ups and medical insurance.

Amid the COVID-19 pandemic, we have been paying close attention to the development of the pandemic to implement pandemic prevention measures, prepare sufficient emergency supplies and protect the health and safety of our employees. For our property management business, employees are equipped with protective supplies such as masks, face shields and rubbing alcohol. Training sessions are also arranged to enhance the pandemic prevention awareness of employees. At the same time, their protection preparation statuses are inspected before going on duty every day to minimise the risks of infection. With regard to our education-related business, we have suspended face-to-face classes and provide online teaching, thus safeguarding the health of teaching staffs.

Regulatory Compliance

During the year under review, there were no work-related fatalities³ and lost days due to work-related injuries recorded, nor any non-compliance of laws and regulations relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.

於過往三年(包括回顧年度)內,本集團並未錄得 因工作而導致死亡的事件。

There were no work-related fatalities recorded within the Group in the past three years (including the year under review).

環境、社會及管治報告 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

發展及培訓

我們認為,僱員的發展及成長是企業持續發展的不可或缺的一部分,且我們重視培養僱員, 為彼等提供廣泛的學習及發展機會,以提高彼等的工作相關技能及知識。

為促進僱員的專業發展,我們鼓勵僱員透過執 教及進修持續學習。本集團已制定《培訓管理制 度》、《外派培訓管理指引》及《內部培訓師管理 指引》等內部政策及指引,以指導培訓項目及計 劃的制定。我們每年均制定《年度培訓計劃》, 確保所提供的培訓符合本集團及僱員的需求。

我們提供定制的在職培訓及自學計劃,藉以提高員工的知識及技能,進而打造一支持久、專業及高效的精英團隊。為建立更強健的團隊精神及加深僱員對本集團的歸屬感,我們亦與外部專業機構合作組織團隊建設活動及環境操作培訓。

於二零二一年,由於COVID-19疫情,我們暫停面對面的培訓課程。然而,我們已針對不同工作職能的僱員引進虛擬培訓活動。培訓涵蓋物業發展及管理、客戶服務、財務風險管理及人力資源管理等範疇。

Development and Training

We believe the development and growth of employees is an indispensable part of the continuous development of our business, and put emphasis on cultivating our employees with extensive learning and development opportunities to enhance their job-related skills and knowledge.

To facilitate the professional development of our employees, we encourage our employees to learn continuously through coaching and further studies. Internal policies and guidelines such as the Training Management System, the Guidelines for Assignment Management Training and the Internal Trainer Management Guidelines have been formulated to guide the development of training programmes and plans. Annual Training Plan are developed every year to ensure the training provided aligns with the needs of the Group and employees.

By offering tailored on-the-job training and self-learning programmes, we seek to improve the knowledge and skillsets of employees, thus building an elite team that is long-lasting, professional, and highly efficient. In order to strengthen team bonding and deepen employees' sense of belonging to the Group, we also arrange team building activities and environmental operation training in collaboration with external professional institutes.

In 2021, we suspended face-to-face training courses due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Nonetheless, we have introduced virtual training activities catering to employees with different job functions. The training covered areas such as property development and management, customer service, financial risk management and human resources management.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

商業道德

本集團致力於提供公平、公開及公正的商業環境,努力維護最高的道德及管治標準,避免任何形式的貪污行為。我們嚴格遵守有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的法律法規,我們已於「僱員手冊」及《集團處罰制度》中概述反貪污條文。

我們對任何與賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗錢有關的行為採取零容忍態度,期望員工以最高的職業標準,且光明磊落、胸襟寬廣,正直做事,正氣做人。我們絕不容忍業務活動中任何形式的貪污,我們的員工如獲客戶贈送任何禮物或收取任何利益,均需立即匯報。為提高本集團的誠信意識,我們不時向董事會及全體僱員提供反貪污培訓。

我們已設立匯報渠道,以便僱員舉報本集團內 的任何疑似貪污或瀆職事件,並定期進行內部 審查以作出例行監控,以消除集團內部的所有 違規行為。

於回顧年度內,概無有關涉及本集團或我們僱員的賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的違規事件。

產品責任及供應鏈管理

可持續且負責任的業務運營是我們取得長期成功的關鍵。憑藉創新及精緻,本集團竭力提供 優質物業開發及生活方式服務。透過與價值鏈 上的持份者密切合作,我們努力為客戶創造快 樂和諧的生活環境。

供應鏈管理

秉持打造「公開、公平及公正」的供應鏈管理的 承諾,我們已制定政策及措施,以管理供應鏈 風險及維持透明、公平的採購流程及合約安排。

為有效管理供應鏈上的環境及社會風險,我們已建立全面的供應商挑選流程,並於潛在供應商評估過程中採用嚴格標準。除產品及服務、商譽及成本外,我們亦考慮施工安全及產品安全等因素。我們僅與具有高企業標準的聲譽良好的第三方供應商合作。為確保對潛在供應商的有效評估,於將潛在供應商納入供應商名單前,我們會實地考察以評估潛在供應商的經營狀況、資質等方面。

Business Ethics

Committed to delivering a fair, open and just business environment, the Group strives to uphold the highest ethics and governance standards and avoid corruption in any form. Strictly abiding by laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, we have outlined the provisions on anti-corruption in our Employee Handbook and Group Disciplinary System.

We take a stand against any behaviour related to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, and expect our people to uphold the highest professional standard and work with honesty, broadmindedness, integrity and righteousness. Taking zero tolerance towards any form of corruption in our business activities, our employees are required to report any gifts or benefits they receive from clients immediately. To enhance the awareness of integrity within the Group, anti-corruption trainings are provided to the Board and all employees from time to time.

Reporting channels are in place for employees to report on any suspected incidents of corruption or malpractice within the Group. Internal audits are also carried out for routine monitoring, so as to eliminate all irregularities within the Group.

During the year under review, there were no reported non-compliances with regard to bribery, extortion, fraud or money laundering involving the Group or our employees.

PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY AND SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Sustainable and responsible business operations are the key to our long-term success. We are committed to delivering high-quality property development and lifestyle services through innovation and delicacy. By working closely with stakeholders along the value chain, we strive to create a joyful and harmonious living environment for customers.

Supply Chain Management

Adhering to our commitment to building an "open, fair and impartial" supply chain management, we have developed policies and measures to manage the risks along the supply chain and maintain transparency and fairness in our procurement process and contractual arrangements.

In an effort to effectively manage the environmental and social risks along the supply chain, we have established a comprehensive supplier selection process and adopt stringent criteria in the course of potential supplier evaluation. Apart from the products and services, goodwill and cost, we also consider factors such as construction safety and product safety. We only work with reputable third-party suppliers who have demonstrably high corporate standards. To ensure effective evaluation of potential suppliers, site visits are arranged to assess operation status, qualifications and other aspects of potential suppliers before including them into the supplier list.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

就我們的教育相關業務而言,我們不僅與擁有 良好聲譽及成熟產品的品牌及公司(如食品供應 商及校車運營商)密切合作,亦定期評估其與我 們戰略願景的一致性。

為確保可持續發展理念於我們的整個價值鏈中 得以貫徹,我們提倡綠色及負責任的採購,以 減輕潛在的環境及社會影響。我們定期安排對 供應商及承包商於環境及社會風險管理方面的 表現進行評估。供應商的企業管治、勞工情況、 道德及環境績效等標準亦是我們需考慮的重點 方面,以鼓勵供應商不斷提高其環境及社會責 任績效。

另一方面,我們就所有施工及採購事務與供應 商及承包商保持密切聯繫,確保品質及服務, 亦定期舉行會議以促成雙方溝通及加強協作, 從而確保任何可能延誤或衝突的有效溝通,並 最大限度地減少因供應商提供不良服務而影響 我們的產品及服務品質的機會。

優質服務

我們認為高質量的服務及產品是我們業務的基石。除嚴格遵守與所提供產品及服務相關的健康與安全相關法律法規外,我們亦已建立獲ISO 9001品質管理系統認證的綜合管理體係,指導我們的日常工作。

For our education-related business, we not only work closely with brands and companies with a good reputation and mature products, such as food suppliers and school bus operators, but also regularly evaluate them to assess their alignments with our strategic visions.

With the aim to ensure the concept of sustainability has been implemented in our entire value chain, we advocate green and responsible procurement to mitigate the potential environmental and social impact. Evaluation of the performances of suppliers and contractors on their management of environmental and social risks are arranged regularly. Criteria such as corporate governance, labour conditions, ethics and environmental performances of suppliers are also our key aspects to be considered, so as to encourage suppliers to continuously improve their environmental and social responsibility performance.

On the other hand, we maintain close liaisons with suppliers and contractors on all construction and sourcing affairs to ensure the quality and services. Regular meetings are organised to facilitate two-way communications and strengthen collaborations, thus ensuring effective communication of any possible delay or conflict and minimising the chances of affecting our product and service quality due to undesirable services from suppliers.

Quality Services

We believe services and products of high quality are the cornerstones of our business. On top of strictly abiding by laws and regulations relevant to the health and safety relating to products and services provided, we have established a comprehensive management system that is certified with the ISO 9001 Quality Management System to guide our daily work.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

就我們的物業管理服務而言,我們已制定以下 各項目標,以確保持續改善向租戶提供的服務 質量:

- 發展優質、具備創意的物業,並強化鄰里 關係;
- 提供真誠服務、持續改善物業管理質量;
- 打造科學及標準化物業管理以追求高標準,並達致顧客得到滿足感;及
- 提供具備標準化服務的品味生活與工作環境。

作為負責任的房地產開發商,我們的首要任務 是確保客戶的健康與安全。除制定及實施相關 內部政策外,我們對實測實量、安全文明、確 量風險、管理措施等多項標准進行評估,確保 物業建造的質量。除內部質量評估外,我們更 委託第三方專業人員進行附加檢查,包括交 風險檢查、品質排查及觀感評估。此舉令觀 能夠獲得以客戶視角對交付項目進行的現 們。我們每年會對本年度檢查評估中發現們 要缺陷及改進措施進行提煉總結,以便我們 要缺陷及改進措施進行提煉總結,以便我們 未來項目中採用更合適及有效的建造方法,不 斷提高我們的建造質量。

就教育相關業務而言,我們已設立廣泛的品質 監控系統,以監察日常食品供應品質,從而保 障旗下學校的學生及員工的健康及安全。為確 保食品供應的質量,我們已委派專人於各所學 校特定地區內管理食品的供應。我們亦定期檢 查食品加工、處理、儲存及配送的衛生狀況。

除通過嚴格的管理措施來確保不同業務部門的服務及產品質量外,我們亦非常重視客戶的意見及建議。我們透過滿意度調查定期與我們的客戶及租戶溝通,以識別潛在可改進之範疇,從而保護其權利及福址。就我們的物業管理。務而言,我們對客戶投訴實行閉環管理。通戶的投訴及意見,為客戶提供及時有效的反饋。於回顧年度內,本集團解決與產品及服務有關的客戶投訴,及時處理率達100%。

於回顧年度內,本集團所提供的產品及服務並無違反有關健康及安全的相關法律法規。

For our property management services, we have developed the following objectives to ensure continuous improvement on the service quality to our tenants:

- Develop quality properties that embrace innovation and enhance the neighbourhood;
- Provide sincere service and constantly improve our property management;
- Strive for high standards by building scientific and standardised property management, and achieve customer satisfaction; and
- Provide a tasteful living and working environment with standardised service.

As a responsible property developer, our priority is ensuring the health and safety of customers. On top of formulating and implementing relevant internal policies, assessments on a variety of criteria, including actual measurements, safety and civilisation, quality risk and management measures, are conducted to ensure the quality of property construction. In addition to internal quality assessments, we entrust third-party professionals to carry out additional inspections, including delivery risk inspection, quality inspection and sentience evaluation. This allows us to obtain objective comments on delivered projects from the prospect of our client. Major defects identified from the assessments and relevant improvement measures will be summarised annually, thus allowing us to adopt more appropriate and effective construction methods in future projects and continuously improve our construction quality.

For our education-related business, an extensive quality control system has been established to monitor the quality of our day-to-day food supplies, thereby safeguarding the health and safety of students and staff in our schools. In order to secure the quality of food supplies, we have appointed dedicated personnel to manage food supplies in specific areas of each school. Regular inspections on the hygiene conditions of food processing, handling, storage and distribution are also conducted.

Apart from ensuring the quality of services and products across different business units through stringent management measures, we also attach great importance to the comments and suggestions from customers. We regularly communicate with our customers and tenants through satisfaction surveys to identify potential areas for improvement, thus protecting their rights and well-being. For our property management business, we have implemented closed-loop management for complaints received from customers. Through integrating our offline and online platforms, we are able to promptly handle the complaints and comments from customers, providing them with timely and effective feedback. During the year under review, the Group addressed customer complaints related to our products and services, with a 100% prompt processing rate.

During the year under review, the Group had no non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations concerning health and safety relating to products and services provided.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

保護私隱

秉持保護客戶資料私隱的最高標准,我們的業務營運嚴格遵守香港《個人資料(私隱)條例》及其他與私隱事宜相關的當地法律法規。我們將客戶資料保密,並已制定一系列內部政策以載列私隱及保密要求,包括但不限於《信息系統安全管理指引》及《員工保密協議》。

我們已制定階級授權管理系統,以向不同人員 授予不同權限,從而確保僅限相關人員可接觸 客戶機密資料。此外,我們已制定內部政策以 規範收集及儲存客戶數據及資料的方法。所有 員工須嚴格遵守有關收取、處理、轉讓、儲存 及處置客戶個人資料的所有內部指引。

於回顧年度內,本集團內概無得悉有關產品責任方面的違規報告。

保護知識產權

我們深知知識產權的重要性,因此努力保護我們的知識產權、商標及版權。雖然本集團的業務涉及書本出版,但我們嚴格遵守香港《知識產權法》、《中華人民共和國專利法》及其他與廣告、標籤及知識產權相關的適用法律法規,以保障我們商標及書本作者的知識產權免受侵犯。

於回顧年度內,概無得悉有關知識產權及版權 以及我們產品及服務的廣告及標籤方面的違規 報告。

社區投資

除推動業務繁榮發展外,我們深知與社區建立 密切關係的重要性,並致力於為我們運營所在 社區創造長期價值。於回顧年度內,我們繼續 發力重點領域,並通過深圳市同泉慈善基金會 為貧困學生創造教育機會、幫助困難家庭和照 顧老人。

Protection of Privacy

Upholding the highest standards in protecting customer data privacy, our operations strictly abide by the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance of Hong Kong and other local laws and regulations relevant to privacy matters. We keep customers' information confidential and have formulated a series of internal policies to set out the privacy and confidentiality requirements, including but not limited to the Guidelines for Information System Security Management and the Staff Non-disclosure Agreement.

A hierarchical authorisation management system has been established to grant different personnel with different permissions, thus ensuring the access to customers' confidential information are limited to relevant personnel. In addition, we have formulated internal policies to regulate the approaches adopted to collect and store customer data and information. All employees are required to stringently comply with all internal guidelines relating to the collection, handling, transferring, storage, and disposal of customers' personal information.

During the year under review, there were no reported non-compliances regarding product responsibility within the Group.

Protection of Intellectual Property

Recognising the importance of intellectual property rights, we make effort to protect our intellectual property, trademark and copyrights. While the Group's business involves book publishing, we strictly comply with the Intellectual Property Law of Hong Kong, the Patent Law of the PRC and other applicable laws and regulations relevant to advertising, labelling, and intellectual property rights, so as to protect our trademark and the book authors' intellectual properties from infringement.

During the year under review, there were no reported non-compliances regarding intellectual property and copyright, and advertising and labelling of our products and services.

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

In addition to pursuing prosperous business development, we are well aware of the importance of developing a close relationship with the community and are devoted to creating long-term value for the communities where we operate. During the year under review, we continued to put effort into our focus area and create education opportunities for under-privileged students, assist families in difficulties and take care of elderlies through Shenzhen Topspring Charity Foundation.

環境、社會及管治報告 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

香港聯交所環境、社會及管治內 HKEX ESG CONTENT INDEX 容索引

	層面 Aspects	章節 Section	説明 Remarks
Α	環境 Environmental		
A1	排放物 Emissions 一般披露 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料 General Disclosure	環境 — 承諾原則 Environment – Commitment Principle	
A1.1	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste 排放物種類及相關排放數據 Types of emissions and respective emission data		此關鍵績效指標未識別為對本集團屬重要。我們將繼續觀察 監管變動以於日後必要時更新任何披露資料。 This KPI is not identified as material for the Group. We will continue to observe regulatory changes to update any disclosures
A1.2 A1.3	直接 (範圍1) 及能源間接 (範圍2) 溫室氣體排放量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 密度 (如以每產量單位、每項設施計算) Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 所產生有害廢棄物總量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 密度 (如以每	-	needed in the future. 此關鍵績效指標未識別為對本集團屬重要。我們將繼續觀察監管變動以於日後必要時更新任何披露資料。 This KPI is not identified as material for the Group. We will continue to observe regulatory changes to update any disclosure needed in the future. 有害廢棄物的數量屬微不足道。然而,我們將計劃於未來監
	產量單位、每項設施計算) Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)		察其數量。 The amount of hazardous waste is insignificant. We will however plan to monitor its quantity in the future.
A1.4	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算) Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	環境- 倡議及表現 Environment – Initiatives and Performances	
A1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟 Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them	環境- 倡議及表現 Environment – Initiatives and Performances	

	層面 Aspects	章節 Section	説明 Remarks
A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟	環境-	
	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are	Environment –	
	handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps	Initiatives and	
	taken to achieve them	Performances	
A2	資源使用		
	Use of resources		
	一般披露	環境-	
		承諾原則:	
	有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策	倡議及表現	
	General Disclosures	Environment –	
	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water	Commitment Principle;	
	and other raw materials	Initiatives and	
	and other raw materials	Performances	
A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以	環境一	
	千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	倡議及表現	
	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity,	Environment –	
	gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of	Initiatives and	
	production volume, per facility)	Performances	
A2.2	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	環境-	
	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of	倡議及表現	
	production volume, per facility)	Environment –	
		Initiatives and	
A2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的	Performances 環境-	
AZ.3	描述所引立的	倡議及表現	
	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken	Environment –	
	to achieve them	Initiatives and	
		Performances	
A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益	環境-	用水由市級供水部門提供。其源頭預計並無潛在風險。
	目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟	倡議及表現	Water is supplied by municipal water supply department. No
	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that	Environment –	potential risk is anticipated in its sources.
	is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to	Initiatives and	
	achieve them	Performances	
A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單	-	包裝材料使用未識別為本集團的重要層面。
	位佔量		The use of packaging material is not identified as a material
	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes)		aspect of the Group.
	and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced		

	層面 Aspects	章節 Section	説 Re
A3	環境及天然資源		
	The environment and natural resources		
	一般披露	環境-	
		倡議及表現	
	盡量減少發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策	Environment –	
	General Disclosure	Initiatives and	
	Policies on minimizing the inquest circuities the inquest on the	Performances	
	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources		
A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有	環境-	
A3.1	關影響的行動	倡議及表現	
	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the	Environment –	
	environment and natural resources and the action taken to	Initiatives and	
	manage them	Performances	
A4	氣候變化		
	Climate Change		
	一般披露	環境-	
		倡議及表現	
	識別及減輕已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關	Environment –	
	事宜的政策	Initiatives and	
	General Disclosure	Performances	
	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate		
	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate- related issues which have impacted, and those which may		
	impact, the issuer		
A4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,	環境-	
	及已採取管理有關影響的行動	倡議及表現	
	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have	Environment –	
	impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the	Initiatives and	
	actions taken to manage them	Performances	

	層面 Aspects	章節 Section	説明 Remarks
В	社會 Social		
B1	僱傭		
	Employment		
	一般披露	僱傭常規及 僱員福利	
	有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、	Employment	
	多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的:	Practice and	
	(a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料 General Disclosure	Employee Benefits	
	Information on:		
B1.1	(a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare 按性别、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的		於回顧年度末,本集團共有860名僱員,當中的男性與女性比
	僱員總數 Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region		例分別為61%及39%。為確保所匯報數據之定義的連貫性及一致性,本集團計劃於未來匯報按僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。
			As at the end of the year under review, the Group had 860 employees, with a male to female ratio of 61% and 39% respectively. To ensure alignment and consistency of the definition of data reported, the Group aims to report on the total workforce by employment type, age group and geographical region in the future.
B1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率 Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical		為確保所匯報數據之定義的連貫性及一致性,本集團計劃於 未來匯報僱員流失比率。
	region		To ensure alignment and consistency of the definition of the data reported, the Group aims to report on the employee turnover rate in the future.

	層面 Aspects	章節 Section	説明 Remarks
B2	健康與安全 Health and safety		
	一般披露	健康安全的 工作環境	
	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) 政策;及	Healthy and Safe Working	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 General Disclosure	Environment	
	Information on:		
	(a) the policies; and(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have		
	a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards		
B2.1	過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率	健康安全的	
	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year	工作環境 Healthy and	
	the past time years including the reporting year	Safe Working	
		Environment	
B2.2	因工傷損失工作日數	健康安全的	
	Lost days due to work injury	工作環境 Healthy and	
		Safe Working	
		Environment	
B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方 法	健康安全的 工作環境	
	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored	Healthy and Safe Working Environment	

	層面	章節	説明
	Aspects	Section	Remarks
В3	發展及培訓		
	Development and training		
	一般披露	發展及培訓	
		Development	
	有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	and Training	
	General Disclosure		
	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for		
D2 1	discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.		4. 個担供控制作为個人聯書及控制電表的一部八、無於性別
B3.1	按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比		我們提供培訓作為個人職責及培訓需求的一部分,無論性別及管理/非管理職責為何。為持續監控我們向僱員提供的培
	唯貝日刀比 The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee		以官注/ 非官注職員為內。為持續監控我則內僱員提供的培訓及發展支持,我們正檢討及收集有關培訓參與率及僱員參
	category (e.g. senior management, middle management)		加培訓活動時數的數據。
	category (e.g. seriloi management, midule management)		We provide training as part of one's role and training needs
			regardless of gender and management/non-management role.
			To continuously monitor the training and development support
			we provide to our employees, we are in the process of reviewing
			and collecting data with regards to the training participation rate
			and the hours our employees spend pursuing training activities.
B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數		1 7 1 1 3 3
	The average training hours completed per employee by gender		
	and employee category		
B4	勞工標準		
	Labour standard		
	一般披露	僱傭常規及	
		僱員福利	
	有關防止童工或強制勞工的:	Employment	
	(a) 政策;及	Practice and	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	Employee	
	General Disclosure	Benefits	
	Information on:		
	(a) the policies; and		
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a		
	significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child		
	and forced labour	(= ()	
B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工	僱傭常規及	
	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid	僱員福利	
	child and forced labour	Employment	
		Practice and	
		Employee	
D4 2	供油左發用语用棒边時冰岭右腿棒边形板面丛上 瞰	Benefits 僱傭常規及	
B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情况所採取的步驟 Perception of story taken to diminate such practices when	催備吊規及 僱員福利	
	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered	惟貝価刊 Employment	
	discovered	Practice and	
		Employee	
		Benefits	
		Denents	

	層面	章節	説明
	Aspects	Section	Remarks
B5	供應 鏈管理 Supply chain management 一般披露	供應鏈管理 Supply Chain	
	管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策 General Disclosure	Management	
	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain		
B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目 Number of suppliers by geographical region		本集團於中國境內外開展業務·尤其專注於大灣區(包括香港、深圳及東莞)、上海及澳洲悉尼。我們於該等地區擁有各類供應商。我們正物色有效方法跟蹤有關數據。 The Group has businesses in and outside the PRC with strong focus in the Greater Bay Area (including Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Dongguan), Shanghai and Sydney of Australia. We have a wide diversity of suppliers located in these regions. We are in the process of identifying effective ways to keep track of such data.
B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目,以及相關執行及監察方法 Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored	供應鍵管理 Supply Chain Management	
B5.3	描述有關識別供應鍵每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法 Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored	供應鏈管理 Supply Chain Management	
B5.4	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法 Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored	供應鍵管理 Supply Chain Management	

	層面	章節	説明
	Aspects	Section	Remarks
B6	產品責任		
	Product responsibility		
	一般披露	優質服務:	
	13/7 W/7 Peld	保護隱私;	
	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事	保護知識產權	
	宜以及補救方法的:	Quality Services;	
	(a) 政策;及	Protection	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	of Privacy;	
	General Disclosure	Protection of	
	GOTION PISCISSAIC	Intellectual	
	Information on:	Property	
	(a) the policies; and	rioperty	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have		
	a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and		
	safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to		
	products and services provided and methods of redress		
B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分	_	該事宜與本集團的業務性質無關。
50.1	比		The issue is not relevant to the Group's business nature.
	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for		The issue is not relevant to the endaps susmission nature.
	safety and health reasons		
B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法	優質服務	
	Number of products and service related complaints received and		
	how they are dealt with	Commy comme	
B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例	保護知識產權	
	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting	Protection of	
	intellectual property rights	Intellectual	
		Property	
B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序	優質服務	
	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures	Quality Services	
B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法	保護隱私	
	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and	Protection of	
	how they are implemented and monitored	Privacy	
В7	反貪污	,	
	Anti-corruption		
	一般披露	商業道德	
		Business Ethics	
	有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:		
	(a) 政策;及		
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料		
	General Disclosure		
	Information on:		
	(a) the policies; and		
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have		
	a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery,		
	extortion, fraud and money laundering		

環境、社會及管治報告 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

	層面 Aspects	章節 Section	説明 Remar
B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件 的數目及訴訟結果	商業道德 Business Ethics	
	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices	Dusiness Ethics	
	brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases		
B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法	商業道德	
	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored	Business Ethics	
B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓 Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and	商業道德 Business Ethics	
	staff	Dusilless Ethics	
B8	社區投資 Community investment		
	一般披露	社區投資	
	有關以社區參與來了解發行人營運所在社區需要及確保其業	Community investment	
	有關於社區於與不了解設打入當建所在社區而安及唯味共来務活動會考慮社區利益的政策	investment	
	General Disclosure		
	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs		
	of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests		
B8.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)	社區投資	
	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport)	Community investment	
B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)	社區投資	
	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area	Community investment	

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治原則及常規

董事認為,於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司一直遵守上市規則附錄十四所 載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)的所有守則 條文,並(如適用)採納企業管治守則所載的建 議最佳常規,惟以下偏離者除外:

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.1條,主席與行政總裁的角色須予以分立,且不應由同一人士擔任。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,黃俊康先生擔任公司主席兼行政總裁。董事會認為由同一人兼任主席及行政總裁角色會確保本集團內一致的領導力,且規劃長期略及實施商業計劃可更有效率及見效。董事會來相信董事會的營運及監管已適當確保權力及權利之平衡,董事會由有經驗及高水準的個人或組成,超過一半以上的董事會成員為非執行或獨立非執行董事。本公司將適時檢討現有架構。

董事致力維持本公司的企業管治,確保執行正規及具透明度的程序,從而保障及盡力提升本公司股東利益。本公司已將本報告所述的企業管治守則的原則納入其企業管治架構及常規。

董事會

董事會負責監察及監督本公司所有主要事宜, 包括制定及批准整體管理及經營策略、審閱內 部控制及風險管理制度、審閱財務表現、考慮 股息政策及監察高級管理層的表現,管理層則 負責本集團的日常管理及經營。

董事會現由三名執行董事(即黃俊康先生、林 美家女士及梁瑞池先生)、兩名非執行董事(即 葉康文先生及隗強先生)及三名獨立非執行董 事(即鄭毓和先生、吳泗宗教授及陳儀先生)所 組成。黃俊康先生為董事會主席。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied with all the Code Provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the "**CG Code**") during the year ended 31 December 2021 and, where appropriate, adopted the Recommended Best Practices set out in the CG Code, except for the following deviation:

Under Code Provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the year ended 31 December 2021, Mr. WONG Chun Hong performed his duties as the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company. The Board considers that vesting both roles in the same person ensures consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient planning of long-term strategies and implementation of business plans. The Board believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operations and governance of the Board which comprises experienced and high calibre individuals, with more than half of the Board members being non-executive or independent non-executive Directors. The Company will review the current structure when and as it becomes appropriate.

The Directors are committed to upholding the corporate governance of the Company to ensure that formal and transparent procedures are in place to protect and maximise interests of the shareholders of the Company. The Company has applied the principles of the CG Code to its corporate governance structure and practices as described in this report.

THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for supervising and overseeing all major matters of the Company, including the formulation and approval of overall management and operation strategies, reviewing the internal control and risk management systems, reviewing financial performance, considering dividend policies and monitoring the performance of the senior management, while the management is responsible for the daily management and operations of the Group.

The Board currently comprises three executive Directors, namely Mr WONG Chun Hong, Ms LAM Mei Ka, Shirley and Mr LIANG Rui Chi, two non-executive Directors, namely Mr YIP Hoong Mun and Mr KUI Qiang, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr CHENG Yuk Wo, Professor WU Si Zong and Mr CHAN Yee Herman. Mr. WONG Chun Hong is the chairman of the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

於回顧年度內,董事會曾舉行四次董事會會議 (不包括由董事會設立的董事委員會於回顧年 度內舉行的會議)。各董事的出席次數載列於 下表: During the year under review, the Board held four Board meetings (exclusive of meetings of the Board committees constituted by the Board held during the year under review). The attendance of each Director is set out in the table below:

出席次數/總數 Number of attendance/Total

執行董事 **Executive Directors** 黃俊康先生(主席兼行政總裁) Mr WONG Chun Hong (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) 4/4 袁志偉先生(自二零二一年 Mr YUAN Zhi Wei (resigned with effect from 五月三十一日起辭任) 1/4 31 May 2021) 林美家女士 Ms LAM Mei Ka, Shirley 4/4 Mr LIANG Rui Chi 梁瑞池先生 4/4 非執行董事 **Non-executive Directors** 葉康文先生 Mr YIP Hoong Mun 4/4 隗強先生 Mr KUI Qiang 4/4 獨立非執行董事 **Independent non-executive Directors** 鄭毓和先生 Mr CHENG Yuk Wo 4/4 吳泗宗教授 Professor WU Si Zong 4/4 陳儀先生 Mr CHAN Yee Herman 3/4

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事通常根據彼等各 自之委任書獲委任,任期為三年。每份委任書 可根據其條款由任何一方向另一方提前發出不 少於三個月的書面通知予以終止。

The non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors are typically appointed for a term of three years under their respective letters of appointment. Each appointment letter may be terminated in accordance with the provisions therein by either party giving to the other not less than three months' prior written notice.

所有董事均須根據本公司組織章程細則(「**組織章程細則**」)至少每三年於股東週年大會上輪席退任並符合資格重選連任。

All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and eligible for re-election at the annual general meeting at least once every three years in accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association").

為遵守企業管治守則的要求,董事會亦負責履 行企業管治職責,包括但不限於: To comply with the requirements under the CG Code, the Board is also responsible for performing the corporate governance duties including but not limited to:

- 制訂及檢討本公司企業管治政策及常規, 向董事會提出建議;
- develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及 持續專業發展;
- review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- 檢討及監察本公司就遵守法律及監管要求之政策及常規;
- review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事之操守準 則及合規手冊:及
- develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors; and
- 檢討本公司遵守守則條文的情況及在企業管治報告內的披露。
- review the Company's compliance with the Code Provisions and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

培訓及承擔

✓ 指已遵守

為確保新委任的董事妥善了解本公司的運作及 業務,以及全面知悉其根據所有適用法例及法 規(包括上市規則)所承擔的責任,其於首次獲 委任後將獲提供一次全面、度身訂造及正式的 就職介紹。

本公司向董事提供內容包括「將有關首次公開招股及上市發行人的一般豁免及原則編納成規以及《上市規則》非主要修訂的《主板上市規則》修訂」、「有關僅售予專業投資者的債務證券的《主板上市規則》修訂」、「有關網上展示文件及減少須展示文件的《主板上市規則》修訂」、「有關無紙化上市及認購機制的《主板上市規則》修訂」及「有關債務證券發行計劃的新標題類別的《主板上市規則》修訂」之一連串培訓及相關開資資料,以協助及確保彼等獲悉與本集團經營業務相關的商業、法律與規管環境的最新變化,並更新彼等作為上市公司董事於角色、職能及職責方面的知識及技能。

董事須不時向本公司提供彼等所進行的持續專業發展(「持續專業發展」)培訓的詳情。根據所提供的詳情,董事於二零二一年進行的持續專業發展培訓概述如下。

TRAINING AND COMMITMENT

To ensure that a newly appointed Director will have a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Company and is fully aware of his/her responsibilities under all applicable laws and regulations (including the Listing Rules), he/she will be provided with a comprehensive, tailor-made and formal induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment.

The Company provides a series of directors' trainings including "Amendments to Main Board Listing Rules relating to the Codification of General Waivers and Principles relating to IPOs and Listed Issuers and Minor Rule Amendments", "Amendments to Main Listing Rules relating to Debt Issues to Professional Investors Only", "Amendments to Main Board Listing Rules relating to Online Display of Documents and Reduction of the Types of Documents on Display", "Amendments to Main Board Listing Rules relating to Paperless Listing and Subscription Regime" and "Amendments to Main Board Listing Rules relating to the new headline categories for debt issuance programmes" with relevant reading materials to the Directors to help and ensure that they are apprised of the latest changes in the commercial, legal and regulatory environment in which the Group conducts its businesses and to refresh their knowledge and skills on the roles, functions and duties of a director of listed company.

The Directors are required to provide the Company with details of the continuous professional development ("CPD") trainings undertaken by them from time to time. Based on the details so provided, the CPD trainings undertaken by the Directors in 2021 are summarized as follows.

			範圍 Areas	
董事姓名	Name of Director	法律、法規及 企業管治 Legal, regulatory and corporate governance	本集團業務 Businesses of the Group	董事的角色、 職能及職責 Directors' roles, functions and duties
執行董事	Executive Directors			
黃俊康先生	Mr WONG Chun Hong			
(主席兼行政總裁)	(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	✓	✓	✓
袁志偉先生(自二零二一年	Mr YUAN Zhi Wei (resigned with effect			
五月三十一日起辭任)	from 31 May 2021)	/	/	/
林美家女士 梁瑞池先生	Ms LAM Mei Ka, Shirley Mr LIANG Rui Chi	1		1
未师旭儿工	IVII LIANG RUI CIII	· ·	v	v
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors			
葉康文先生	Mr YIP Hoong Mun	1	/	/
隗強先生	Mr KUI Qiang	✓	1	1
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive Directors			
鄭毓和先生	Mr CHENG Yuk Wo	/	/	1
吳泗宗教授 陳儀先生	Professor WU Si Zong Mr CHAN Yee Herman	/	/	1
M	IVII CITAIN TEE HEITHAIT	V	v	v
備註:	Remarks:			

✓ represents compliance

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

本公司接獲董事就彼等已提供足夠時間參與及關注本集團事務的確認函。此外,董事須適時向本公司披露其作為董事的利益及於其他上市公司與機構的其他職務,並須於其後有變更時通知本公司。各董事均已遵守企管守則守則條文第C.1.4條。

主席及行政總裁

根據企管守則守則條文第C.2.1條,主席與行政總裁的角色須予以分立,且不應由同一人士擔任。自二零一八年三月一日起,黃俊康先生擔任本公司董事長兼行政總裁,董事會認為本島一人兼任董事長及行政總裁角色會確保本的領導力,且規劃長期策略及實体本題,重會的營運及監管已適當確保權力及權利之,超過一半以上的董事會成員為非執行或獨立非執行董事,本公司將適時檢討現有架構。

The Company has received confirmations from the Directors that they have provided sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group. Besides, the Directors have disclosed to the Company their interests as director and other office in other public companies and organisations in a timely manner and have updated the Company on any subsequent changes. Each of the Directors has complied with Code Provision C.1.4 of the CG Code.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Under Code Provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. With effect from 1 March 2018, Mr WONG Chun Hong has become the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company. The Board considers that vesting both roles in the same person ensures consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient planning of long-term strategies and implementation of business plans. The Board believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operations and governance of the Board which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals, with more than half of the Board members being non-executive or independent non-executive Directors. The Company will review the current structure when and as it becomes appropriate.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事出席股東大會的記錄

於回顧年度內,本公司於二零二一年五月二十五日舉行一次股東週年大會(「二零二一年股東週年大會」),並於二零二一年六月二十八日舉行一次股東特別大會。各董事的出席情況載列於下表。

DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE AT GENERAL MEETINGS

During the year under review, the Company held one annual general meeting on 25 May 2021 ("**2021 AGM**") and one extraordinary general meeting on 28 June 2021. The attendance of each Director is set out in the table below.

			股東特別大會 Extraordinary general meeting
		二零二一年	二零二一年
		股東週年大會	六月二十八日
		2021	28 June
董事姓名	Name of Director	AGM	2021
執行董事	Executive Directors		
黄俊康先生	Mr WONG Chun Hong		
(主席兼行政總裁)	(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	/	/
袁志偉先生(自二零二一年五月	Mr YUAN Zhi Wei		
三十一日起辭任)	(resigned with effect from 31 May 2021)	✓	NA
林美家女士	Ms LAM Mei Ka Shirley	✓	/
梁瑞池先生	Mr LIANG Rui Chi	1	✓
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors		
葉康文先生	Mr YIP Hoong Mun	✓	✓
隗強先生	Mr KUI Qiang	1	X
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive Directors		
鄭毓和先生	Mr CHENG Yuk Wo	✓	✓
吳泗宗教授	Professor WU Si Zong	✓	1
陳儀先生	Mr CHAN Yee Herman	X	1
備註:	Remarks:		
✓ 指出席	✓ represents attendance		
X 指缺席	x represents absence		

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」)主席為鄭毓和先生。於本報告日期,薪酬委員會包括一名執行董事(黃俊康先生)以及兩名獨立非執行董事(鄭毓和先生及吳泗宗教授)。

薪酬委員會的主要職責為就本公司對董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構以及就發展有關薪 酬政策設立正式及具透明度的程式,向董事會 提出推薦建議。

在釐定董事及高級管理層的薪酬時,薪酬委員會考慮可資比較公司支付的薪金、董事及高級管理層的投入時間與其職責、董事及高級管理層的表現及貢獻以及市況變動等因素。

於回顧年度內,薪酬委員會曾舉行兩次會議。各薪酬委員會成員的出席次數載列於下表:

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") is Mr CHENG Yuk Wo. As at the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee consists of one executive Director, Mr WONG Chun Hong and two independent non-executive Directors, Mr CHENG Yuk Wo and Professor WU Si Zong.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of formal and transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy.

In determining the remuneration of the Directors and the senior management, the Remuneration Committee would consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and the senior management, performance and contributions of the Directors and the senior management and the change in market conditions.

The Remuneration Committee held two meetings during the year under review. The attendance of each member of the Remuneration Committee is set out in the table below:

出席次數/總數 Number of attendance/Total

鄭毓和先生(主席) 黃俊康先生 吳泗宗教授 Mr CHENG Yuk Wo (Chairman) Mr WONG Chun Hong Professor WU Si Zong 2/2 2/2

2/2

於回顧年度內,薪酬委員會釐定執行董事之薪 酬政策,評估執行董事之表現,並批准執行董 事服務合約之條款,建議董事會向本公司執行 董事及高級管理層發放截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的年終花紅。概無董事參與決 定其本身薪酬或獲授的購股權。

本公司採納企業管治守則所建議之兩種模式 其中所載之守則條文第E.1.2(c)(ii)條。因此, 董事會整體負責釐定非執行董事之薪酬,而薪 酬委員會就個別執行董事及本公司及其附屬公 司之高級管理層之薪酬待遇以及購股權相關事 宜向董事會提供建議。截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,董事及本公司高級管理層各 自的薪酬詳情載列於本集團綜合財務報表附註 9及本報告中董事報告書「高層管理人員之酬金」 一節。 For the year under review, the Remuneration Committee determined the policy for the remuneration of executive directors, assessed performance of the executive Directors, approved the terms of executive Directors' service contracts, recommended to the Board on the year-end bonus of executive Directors and the senior management of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021. No Director was involved in deciding his own remuneration or options granted.

The Company adopted Code Provision E.1.2(c)(ii) out of the two models suggested by the CG Code. As a result, the Board as a whole is responsible for determining the remuneration of non-executive Directors whereas the Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management of the Company and its subsidiaries as well as share options related matters. Details of the remuneration of each of the Directors and senior management of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group and in the section headed "Remuneration for Senior Management" under the Directors' Report of this report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

提名委員會

本公司提名委員會(「**提名委員會**」)主席為吳泗宗教授。於本報告日期,提名委員會包括一名執行董事(黃俊康先生)以及兩名獨立非執行董事(鄭毓和先生及吳泗宗教授)。

提名委員會的主要職責為(i)定期檢討董事會的 架構、人數、組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面) 及多元化;(ii)當由於董事資格被取消、辭任、 退休、去世或董事會規模擴大以至董事會出現 空缺時,經考慮公司董事會成員多元化政策及 提名政策,物色具備合適資格之人士出任董事, 以及對獲提名出任董事之人士進行甄選或就此 向董事會提供意見;(iii)就有關委任或重新委 任董事及董事繼任計劃的事宜及其他需要採取 行動或實施改進的事宜向董事會提出推薦建議; (iv)評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性;(v)在適當 時候檢討董事會成員多元化政策,就該政策的 任何所需變動向董事會提出建議,以供考慮及 批准, 監察其實行, 以確保其行之有效, 以及 在企業管治報告內披露其概要及執行進度;(vi) 檢討董事提名政策,並每年在公司的年報內披 露提名政策摘要;及(vii)若董事會擬於股東大 會上提呈決議案選任某人士為獨立非執行董事, 確保股東通函中列明職權範圍所要求的披露。

提名委員會主席需出席本公司股東週年大會, 並回答股東有關提名董事及其他提名政策事宜 的提問。

提名政策

董事會於二零一九年一月一日起已採納有關提名、委任及重新委任新董事以及本公司提名程序的「提名政策」。當中載明,在評估及甄選任何候選人擔任董事時,提名委員會應考慮候選人的品格與誠實,專業資格、技能、知識及經驗,獨立性,董事會多元化,是否願意投入足夠時間履行身為董事會成員的職責及適用於本公司業務的相關其他標準。

於回顧年度內,提名委員會於本公司網站上披 露提名政策。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The chairman of the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") is Professor WU Si Zong. As at the date of this report, the Nomination Committee consists of one executive Director, Mr WONG Chun Hong and two independent non-executive Directors, Mr CHENG Yuk Wo and Professor WU Si Zong.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to (i) review the structure, size, composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience required) and diversity of the Board on a regular basis; (ii) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships, having due regard to the board diversity policy and the nomination policy of the Company, when a vacancy occurs on the Board by reason of disqualification resignation, retirement, death or an increase in the size of the Board; (iii) to make recommendations to the Board on matters related to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, and any other area where action or improvement is needed; (iv) to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; (v) to review the board diversity policy as appropriate and make recommendations on any required changes to the Board for consideration and approval, and monitor its implementation so as to ensure its effectiveness, and make disclosure of its summary and the progress of its implementation in the corporate governance report; (vi) to review the nomination policy for directors and to make disclosure of the summary of nomination policy in annual report of the Company annually; and (vii) to ensure the disclosures required by the terms of reference are set out in the circular where the Board propose a resolution to elect an individual as an independent non-executive Director.

The chairman of the Nomination Committee shall attend the annual general meeting of the Company to answer questions raised by the Shareholders on Directors' nomination and other nomination policy matters.

NOMINATION POLICY

The Board has adopted a "Nomination Policy" on 1 January 2019 in relation to the nomination, appointment, re-appointment of new Directors and the nomination procedure of the Company, which provides that in evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship, the Nomination Committee shall consider the candidates' character and integrity, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience, independence, diversity on the Board, willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a Board member and such other criteria that are appropriate to the business of the Company.

For the year under review, the Nomination Committee disclosed the nomination policy on the Company's website.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

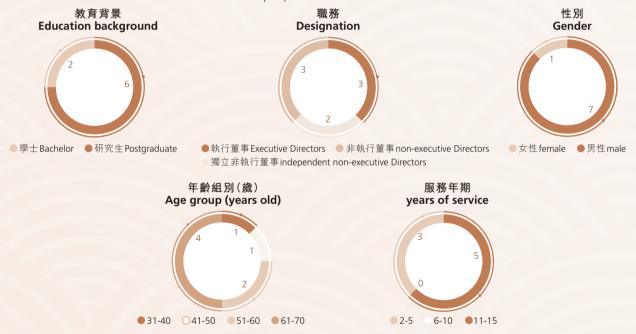
董事會成員多元化政策

於本報告日期,多元化視角下的董事會組成情 況概述如下:

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted a revised "Board Diversity Policy" on 1 January 2019 in relation to the nomination and appointment of new Directors, which provides that the selection of Board candidates shall be based on a range of diversity perspectives with reference to the Company's business model and specific needs, including but not limited to gender, age, race, language, cultural background, educational background, industry experience and professional experience. The above measurements were also reviewed and adopted when the Nomination Committee reviewed the composition of the Board. After assessing the suitability of the Directors' skills and experience to the Company's business, the Nomination Committee confirmed that the existing Board was appropriately structured and no change was required. The Nomination Committee reviews the Board Diversity Policy annually.

The Board's composition as at the date of this report under diversified perspectives is summarised as follows:



董事會已委任一名女性董事實現性別多元化。 董事會將於董事會成員中維持至少一名女性董 事。為了發展董事會潛在繼任者儲備以實現性 別多元化,本公司在考慮高級管理層職位的候 選人時採取相關的聘用政策,對多元化視角, 包括性別多元化加以考慮。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,僱員人數當中的男性與女性的比例分別為61%及39%,以及高級管理層的男性與女性的比例分別為90%及10%。因此,本公司的僱員人數及高級管理層均實現男性與女性的性別多元化。本公司在聘用方面將繼續考慮包括性別多元化在內的多元化視角。

The Board achieved gender diversity as it has appointed one female Director. The Board will maintain at least one female Director to be a member of the Board. To develop a pipeline of potential successors to the Board to achieve gender diversity, the Company has adopted relevant hiring policies for considering candidates of senior management positions which would take into account diversity perspectives including gender diversity.

As at 31 December 2021, the ratio of male and female in the workforce is 61% and 39%, respectively; and the ratio of male and female in the senior management is 90% and 10% respectively. As such, the Company's workforce and the senior management have both achieved gender diversity between males and females. The Company would continue to take into account of diversity perspectives including gender diversity in its hiring.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

於回顧年度內,提名委員會曾舉行一次會議。各提名委員會成員的出席次數載列於下表:

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year under review. The attendance of each member of the Nomination Committee is set out in the table below:

出席次數/總數	
Number of	
attendance/Total	

吳泗宗教授(主席)Professor WU Si Zong (Chairman)黃俊康先生Mr WONG Chun Hong鄭毓和先生Mr CHENG Yuk Wo

1/1 1/1

1/1

於回顧年度內,提名委員會根據上市規則第 3.10A條檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成以及 建議重選退任董事。 During the year under review, the Nomination Committee reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board in accordance with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules, and recommended the re-election of the retiring Directors.

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)主席為鄭毓和先生。於本報告日期,審核委員會包括三名獨立非執行董事,即鄭毓和先生、吳泗宗教授及陳儀先生。

審核委員會向董事會匯報並獲董事會授權評估、審閱及監察本公司財務報表的完整性。審核委員會監督所有財務報告程式及本公司之風險管理及內部控制系統的成效、就委任及續聘外聘核數師向董事會提供意見以及根據適用準則審閱及監督外聘核數師的獨立性及客觀性及審核過程之成效。

審核委員會負責就有關委任、續聘及罷免外聘核數師的事宜向董事會提出推薦建議,惟有關事宜須獲董事會及股東於本公司股東大會上批准,方可作實。於回顧年度內,董事會並無就甄選、委任、辭退或罷免外聘核數師而採納與審核委員會不同的意見。審核委員會會每年在無管理層出席之情況下與外聘核數師會面,以討論任何因審核產生之事宜及外聘核數師可能提出之任何其他事宜。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The chairman of the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") is Mr CHENG Yuk Wo. As at the date of this report, the Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, Mr CHENG Yuk Wo, Professor WU Si Zong and Mr CHAN Yee Herman.

The Audit Committee reports to the Board and is authorised by the Board to assess, review and monitor the integrity of the financial statements of the Company. The Audit Committee oversees all financial reporting procedures and the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control system, advises the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of external auditors, and reviews and monitors the independence and objectivity of external auditors and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with the applicable standard.

The Audit Committee is responsible for recommending to the Board on matters related to the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditors, which is subject to the approval of the Board and the Shareholders at general meeting of the Company. For the year under review, the Board has not taken a different view from that of the Audit Committee regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditors. The Audit Committee meets with the external auditors annually in the absence of management to discuss matters relating to any issues arising from audit and any other matters the external auditors may wish to raise.

出席次數/總數 Number of

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

於回顧年度內,審核委員會曾舉行兩次會議。 各審核委員會成員出席會議的次數載列於下表: The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year under review. The attendance of each member of the Audit Committee is set out in the table below:

		attenuance/Total
鄭毓和先生(主席)	Mr CHENG Yuk Wo <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
吳泗宗教授	Professor WU Si Zong	2/2
陳儀先生	Mr CHAN Yee Herman	2/2

於上述會議,審核委員會已考慮、審閱及討論本集團採納的會計原則及常規、截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的年度業績、截至二零二一年六月三十日止六個月的中期業績,以及財務申報、內部控制、顧問服務、內部審核職能,風險管理系統及企業管治守則項下之其他職責的有效性。

At the above meetings, the Audit Committee has considered, reviewed and discussed the accounting principles and practice adopted by the Group, the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020, the interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2021 and the effectiveness of financial reporting, internal control, consultancy services, internal audit function, risk management systems and its other duties under the CG Code.

核數師酬金

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,就審核及非審核服務已付/應付本公司外聘核數師 畢馬威會計師事務所的費用總額載列如下:

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the total fees paid/payable to the external auditors of the Company, KPMG, in respect of audit and non-audit services are set out below:

		截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2021 千港元 HK\$'000
審核服務	Audit services	4,950
其他服務(附註)	Other services (Note)	2,336
總計	Total	7,286

附註: 年內,除提供年度審核服務外,本集團外聘核數 師畢馬威會計師事務所亦就本集團中期財務業績 提供審閱服務、就本集團附屬公司財務報表提供 核數服務,以及其他非審核服務(包括提供環境, 社會及管治報告意見以及稅務意見)。 Note: Apart from the provision of annual audit services, KPMG, the Group's external auditors, also provided review services on half yearly financial results, audit services on the financial statement of the Group's subsidiaries and other non- audit services including provision of environmental, social and governance report advice and tax advice during the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事對財務報表所負的責任

董事確認彼等須就編製截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的財務報表承擔責任,並確認 財務報表真實公平地反映回顧年度的情況,且 根據適用的法定規定及會計準則編製。本公司 外聘核數師畢馬威會計師事務所就其對本集團 財務報表所作的申報責任聲明載於本報告的獨 立核數師報告。

內部控制

本公司的內部審核部門負責定期審閱及審核本 集團的主要財政及經營活動。該等工作的目的 為確保內部控制的正常運作及妥善履行該部門 的責任。

風險管理

董事會全面負責風險管理框架,釐定本公司為達成目標而願意承受的主要風險。

審核委員會獲授權監察內部控制及風險管理的成效,而管理層負責設計、落實及監控有關系統。董事會辦公室負責統籌風險管理活動,並定期向董事會匯報。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, and confirm that the financial statements give a true and fair view for the year under review, and are prepared in accordance with the applicable statutory requirements and accounting standards. The statement of the external auditors of the Company, KPMG, in relation to their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report of this report.

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is fully responsible for maintaining proper and effective internal control system and for regularly reviewing the operational efficiency of the financial, operational, compliance controls, risk management and other aspects of the system in order to safeguard the investment of Shareholders and the assets of the Company. During the year under review, the Board has conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Group covering the above aspects. The Board has also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget during the year under review. The Board is not aware of any significant internal control and risk management weaknesses nor significant breach or limits of risk management policies, and considers the existing internal control system and risk management systems effective and adequate. The Company has complied with the risk management and internal control code provisions under the CG Code for the year ended 31 December 2021

The internal audit department of the Company is responsible for regular review and audit of the Group's major finance and operating activities. The purpose of such work is to ensure the normal operation of internal control and the playing of its due role.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board has an overall responsibility for the risk management framework, and for determining the significant risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's objectives.

The Audit Committee is delegated with overseeing the effectiveness of internal control and risk management, while management is responsible for the design, implementation and monitoring of such systems. The Board office is responsible for coordinating risk management activities, and to report regularly to the Board.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

我們管理風險的措施包括識別及評估各組織層面來自外部及內部環境的主要風險。評估考慮主要風險性質及程度,以及本集團應對其業務及外部環境變化的能力。我們已就各主要風險制訂行動計劃及指定風險負責人。風險負責人負責統籌緩解措施,以確保妥善落實該等行動計劃。該程序由董事會辦公室緊密監控。內部控制及風險管理系統及內部審核職能的成效由董事會持續審閱以確保其有效。

經考慮主要風險及緩解措施後,董事會相信本公司有能力應對其業務及外部環境所產生的任何有關變化。

股息政策

董事會於二零一九年一月一日起已採納有關建議宣派股息的「股息政策」,以允許股東參與本公司的利潤分配及為本公司保留足夠的儲備供日後發展所需。當中載明,經股東批准及根據相關法律規定,倘本集團盈利、營運環境穩定且本集團並無重大投資或承擔,本公司應向股東派付年度股息。

主要風險及不明朗因素

或會引致本集團的財務狀況或業績與預期或過往業績出現重大偏差的主要風險及不明朗因素 敘述如下:

有關中國物業市場的風險

本集團大部分物業項目位於中國內地,其他則位於香港及海外,故本集團大部分收益均於中國產生。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有合共22個處於各個發展階段的項目。因此,本集團須承擔與中國物業市場相關的風險。本集團於中國的營運亦可能面對政策轉變、利率變動、供需不均及整體經濟狀況的風險,此等情況可能會對本集團的業務、財務狀況或營運業績造成不利影響。

Our approach to manage risks involves identification and assessment of principal risks from the external and internal environment at different organisation levels. The assessment considers the changes in nature and extent of significant risks and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment. Action plans have been developed and risk ownership has been assigned for each key principal risk. The risk owners coordinate the mitigation measures to ensure proper implementation of these action plans. The process is closely monitored by the Board office. The internal control and risk management systems and the effectiveness of internal audit function are reviewed by the Board on an on-going basis to ensure they are effective.

Taking into consideration the principal risks and mitigation actions, the Board believes that the Company has the ability to respond to any such changes in our business and the external environment.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has adopted the "Dividend Policy" on 1 January 2019 in recommending dividends, to allow the Shareholders to participate in the Company's profits and enable the Company to retain adequate reserves for future growth, which provides that subject to the approval of the Shareholders and requirement of the relevant law, the Company shall pay annual dividends to the Shareholders if the Group is profitable, operations environment is stable and there is no significant investment or commitment made by the Group.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks and uncertainties that may cause the Group's financial conditions or results materially different from the expected or historical results are described below:

Risks with regard to the property market in the PRC

Most of the Group's property projects are located in Mainland China, and some in Hong Kong and overseas, and most of the Group's revenue is derived in the PRC. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had a total of 22 projects at various stages of development. As such, the Group is therefore subject to the risks associated with the PRC property market. The Group's operations in the PRC may also be exposed to the risks of policy change, interest rate change, demand-supply imbalance and the overall economic conditions, which may pose an adverse impact on the Group's business, financial condition or results of operations.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

有關為物業發展提供資金的風險

物業發展業務屬資本密集性質。本集團主要透 過銀行貸款、內部產生的現金流量(包括預 及銷售本集團項目的所得款項)、應付票據 可換股債券及主要股東提供的貸款為土地 及物業發展提供資金。本集團能否取得足地 金視乎多項因素而定,當中若干因素非本 無所能控制,如中國整體經濟狀況、中國物力 展行業的表現及前景、本集團的財務 展行業的表現及前景、本集團的財務 展行業的表融機構的可用信貸及中國政府 現、取自金融機構的可用信貸及中國政府 現、取自金融機構的可用信貸及中國政府 , 可監管措施。概不保證本集團將能取得足夠 發表 的監管措施。概不保證本集團將能取得足夠 發表 的監管措施。概不保證本集團將能取得足夠 發表 可

有關重建項目的風險

中國的重建項目牽涉多項不明朗因素及屬資本密集性質。本集團須向政府取得眾多有關本集團市區重建項目的批准,並取得重新安置所有原居民的同意。概不保證本集團將能取得重新安置原居民的一切必要同意或本集團將能取得政府一切必要批准。

有關物業租賃的風險

租金及入住率視乎多項因素而定,包括但不限於現時供求情況、經濟狀況及物業質素。概不保證本集團將能於短時間內物色新租客或按現行市價取得新租約或重續現有租約。

營運風險

本集團營運受物業發展及物業相關業務的若干特定風險因素影響。本集團的承建商、買家、租戶及戰略業務合作夥伴失責,以及內部程序、人為及制度的不足或過失或其他外部因素均可能對本集團的營運業績造成多種程度的負面影響。此外,儘管已設立預警系統及政策,意外仍可發生,並導致本集團面臨財務損失、訴訟或令其聲譽受損。

利率風險

本集團大部分借貸是浮動利率的銀行貸款,使 本集團面臨利率上升的風險。我們會密切監察 利率風險,並適時採取措施以管理相關風險, 包括但不限於發行固定利率債券及使用衍生工 具,如息率掉期及管理固定或浮動貸款組合的 比例。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無進行任何對沖活動以管理其利率風險。

Risks with regard to the funding of property development

The property development business is capital intensive. The Group funded its land acquisitions and property developments primarily through bank loans, internally generated cash flows (including proceeds from the pre-sale and sale of the Group's projects), note payable, convertible bonds and loans from substantial Shareholders. The Group's ability to obtain adequate funding depends on a number of factors, some of which are beyond the Group's control, such as general economic conditions in the PRC, the performance and outlook of the property development industry in the PRC, the Group's financial strength and performance, the availability of credit from financial institutions, and regulatory measures instituted by the PRC government. There is no assurance that the Group will be able to obtain adequate financing for land acquisitions or property developments at all and/or on terms that will allow the Group to earn reasonable returns.

Risks with regards to the redevelopment projects

Redevelopment projects in the PRC involve many uncertainties and are capital intensive. The Group is required to obtain numerous government approvals in relation to the Group's urban redevelopment projects and to obtain consents to relocate all of the existing residents. There is no assurance that the Group will be able to obtain all of the necessary consents to relocate the existing residents or that the Group will be able to obtain all necessary government approvals.

Risks with regard to the property leasing

The rental rates and the occupancy rates depend on various factors, including but not limited to, prevailing supply and demand conditions, economic conditions as well as the quality of the properties. There is no assurance that the Group will be able to look for new tenants within a short period of time or procure new leases or renew existing leases at the prevailing market rates.

Operational risks

The Group's operation is subject to a number of risk factors distinctive to property development and property related businesses. Default on the part of the Group's contractors, buyers, tenants, and strategic business partners, and inadequacies or failures of internal processes, people and systems or other external factors may have various levels of negative impact on the results of the Group's operation. In addition, accidents may happen despite systems and policies set up for their prevention, which may lead to the Group's financial loss, litigation, or damage in reputation.

Interest rate risks

Most of the Group's borrowings are floating-rate bank loans, which expose the Group to rising interest rates. We will closely monitor the interest rate risk and when appropriate adopt measures to manage the associated risk, including but not limited to, the issuance of fixed rate bonds, and use of derivatives such as interest rate swaps and management of the ratio of fixed or floating loan portfolio. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had not carried out any hedging activities to manage its interest rate exposure.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

貨幣風險

本集團幾乎所有經營業務均在中國進行,且大部分交易以人民幣計值。由於本集團於中國內地的投資以及若干一般及行政開支與其他借貸均以港元、美元或澳元結算,故本集團面對人民幣兑港元或美元引發的外幣風險。我們會密切監察人民幣匯率的波動,並慎重考慮適時部立任何貨幣掉期安排對沖相應風險。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並無進行任何對沖活動以管理其外幣匯率風險。

處理及發佈內幕消息

本公司已訂立一項處理及發佈內幕消息的政策,列出處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部控制。 使內幕消息得以適時處理及發佈,而不會導等 任何人士在證券交易上處於佔優的地位。內 消息政策亦為本集團僱員提供指引,確保的 適當的措施,以預防本公司違反法定及上市規 則的披露規定。本公司設有適當的內幕消息, 匯報制度,識別及評估潛在的內幕消息,會透 上市規則的規定,本公司發佈內幕消息, 過聯交所及本公司網站刊登相關消息。

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為董事進行證券交易的行為守則。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,全體董事已確認,彼等於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守標準守則所載規定標準。為確保遵守標準守則,於回顧年度內,全體董事須就買賣本公司證券向企業管治委員會主席發出意向通知,並須獲得企業管治委員會主席或董事會指定人員的批准,方可買賣本公司證券。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,有可能掌握本公司內幕消息的相關僱員亦須遵守不較標準守則寬鬆的準則。

Currency risks

Almost all of the Group's operating activities are carried out in the PRC with most of the transactions denominated in RMB. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from the exposure of RMB against Hong Kong dollars or US dollars as a result of its investment in Mainland China and the settlement of certain general and administrative expenses and other borrowings in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars or Australian dollars. We will closely monitor the fluctuations of the RMB exchange rate and give prudent consideration as to entering into any currency swap arrangement as and when appropriate for hedging corresponding risks. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had not carried out any hedging activities to manage its foreign exchange rate risk.

HANDLING AND DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Company has put in place a policy on handling and dissemination of inside information which sets out the procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner in such a way to avoid placing any person in a privileged dealing position. The inside information policy also provides guidelines to employees of the Group to ensure proper safeguards exists to prevent the Company from breaching the statutory and listing rule disclosure requirements. The Company has appropriate internal control and reporting systems to identify and assess potential inside information. Dissemination of inside information of the Company shall be conducted by publishing the relevant information on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, according to the requirements of the Listing Rules.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its code of conduct for securities transactions by the Directors. After having made specific enquiries with all Directors, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2021. To ensure compliance, all Directors were requested to send a notice of intention to deal with the securities of the Company to the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee and should obtain an approval from the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee or the designated person by the Board during the year under review to deal with securities of the Company.

Relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company are also subject to compliance with guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2021.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51B條,自二零二一年一月 一日起直至本年報寄發日期的董事資料變動載 列如下:

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of the Directors since 1 January 2021 up to the despatch date of this annual report is set out below:

董事姓名	變動詳情
Name of Director	Details of change
袁志偉先生	辭任執行董事及授權代表,自二零二一年五月三十一日起生效。
Mr. YUAN Zhi Wei	Resigned as an executive Director and an authorized representative with effect from 31 May 2021.
林美家女士	獲委任為授權代表,自二零二一年五月三十一日起生效。
Ms. LAM Mei Ka Shirley	Appointed as an authorized representative with effect from 31 May 2021.

經本公司作出具體查詢後並根據董事發出的確認書,除以上所述外,自本公司二零二一年年報日期以來,概無董事的資料變更須根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條予以披露。

Upon specific enquiry by the Company and based on the confirmations from the Directors, save as the above, there has been no change in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the date of the Company's 2021 Annual Report.

公司秘書

公司秘書負責確保董事會全面獲悉一切與本集 團有關的法律、法規及企業管治發展,並於就 本集團作出決策時加以考慮。彼不時籌辦講座, 探討重要與受關注的專題,並將參考資料發送 予董事參閱。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary"), Mr WONG Tak Chun, is responsible to the Board for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and Board activities are efficiently and effectively conducted. These objectives are achieved through adherence to proper Board processes and the timely preparation and dissemination to the Directors of comprehensive meeting agendas and papers. Minutes of all Board meetings and Board committees are prepared and maintained by the Company Secretary to record in sufficient details of the matters considered and decisions reached by the Board or Board committees, including any concerns raised or dissenting views voiced by any Director. All draft and final versions of the minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board committees are sent to Directors and committee members respectively for comment and record and are available for inspection by any Director upon request.

The Company Secretary is responsible for ensuring that the Board is fully apprised of all legislative, regulatory and corporate governance developments relating to the Group and that it takes these into consideration when making decisions for the Group. From time to time, he organises seminars on specific topics of significance and interest and disseminates reference materials to the Directors for their information.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

公司秘書亦直接負責確保本集團遵守上市規則 與公司收購、合併及股份購回守則所規定的所 有責任,包括於上市規則規定的期限內籌備、 出版和寄發年報與中期報告,及適時向股東及 市場發佈有關本集團的資料。

此外,公司秘書就董事披露其於本公司證券的 權益及交易、關連交易和內幕消息方面的責任 向彼等提供意見, 並確保上市規則規定的標準 與披露事宜獲得遵守,以及必要時於本公司年 報中反映。

於回顧年度內,黃德俊先生已遵照上市規則第 3.29條出席不少於15小時相關專業培訓。

投資者關係及股東權利

本公司透過多種正式的溝通管道,確保對其業 務及財務表現作出公平而透明的披露。有關本 公司的資料將於其網站www.topspring.com公 佈,並向股東寄發本公司的中期報告及年報、 通函及通告。本公司網站提供電郵地址、通訊 地址及電話號碼等資料以供查詢,並提供有關 本集團業務活動的資料。股東可隨時透過電郵 (IR@topspring.com)或直接以書面郵件形式向本 公司的香港主要營業地點寄發諮詢及意見,以 便公司秘書向董事會傳達有關諮詢及意見。

本公司股東週年大會乃董事會與股東溝通的良 機。股東週年大會通告及相關文件根據上市規 則及組織章程細則的規定向股東寄發,並於本 公司及聯交所網站刊登。

The Company Secretary is also directly responsible for the compliance of the Group with all obligations of the Listing Rules and the Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Buy-backs, including the preparation, publication and despatch of annual reports and interim reports within the time limits laid down in the Listing Rules, the timely dissemination to the Shareholders and the market of information relating to the Group.

Furthermore, the Company Secretary advises the Directors on their obligations for disclosure of interests and dealings in securities of the Company, connected transactions and inside information and ensures that the standards and disclosures required by the Listing Rules are observed and, where required, reflected in the annual report of the Company.

During the year under review, Mr WONG Tak Chun attended no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company ensures that fair and transparent disclosure is made for its business and financial performance through a variety of formal communication channels. Information regarding the Company is published in its website: www.topspring.com. Interim and annual reports, circulars and notices of the Company are despatched to the Shareholders. The website of the Company provides information such as e-mail address, correspondence address, telephone numbers for enquiries, and provides information on the business activities of the Group. Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing either by email to IR@topspring.com or direct mailing to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The Company's annual general meeting of the Shareholders is a good opportunity for communication between the Board and the Shareholders. Notice of annual general meeting and related documents will be sent to Shareholders pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules and the Articles of Association, and are published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

本集團鼓勵股東出席本公司所有股東大會。根 據章程細則第58條,持有本公司不少於十分 之一附帶本公司股東大會投票權的繳足股本的 股東,有權隨時向董事會或公司秘書提交書面 要求,要求董事會就有關要求所指任何業務交 易召開股東特別大會。該要求必須述明會議的 目的,由提出要求之股東簽署,可由多份格式 相若之文件組成,每份均須經一名或以上提出 要求之股東簽署。要求須以書面提出,並郵寄 至本公司在香港之主要營業地點(地址為香港 灣仔港灣道6-8號瑞安中心26樓04-08室), 董事會或公司秘書收。本公司將於接獲有關要 求後兩個月內舉行股東大會。倘董事於該項要 求提交後二十一(21)日內未能召開股東特別大 會,有關股東可以相同形式自行召開大會,而 本公司須向有關股東償付所有由有關股東因董 事會未能召開大會而產生之合理開支。

倘股東欲於股東大會中提名一名退任董事以外 的人士參選董事,根據章程細則第85條,合資 格出席及於股東大會中投票的股東(被提名人 除外)應以書面通知,並由股東妥為簽署,表 明其擬推舉該人士參選並由候選人簽署表明其 被提名的意願。該等通知應寄發予本公司總部 或本公司之香港股份過戶登記處(「香港股份過 戶登記處」) 卓佳證券登記有限公司辦事處。寄 發該等通知期間應自該股東大會通知寄發日期 起至該股東大會日期前不少於七天為止。股東 大會上所有實質性決議案均以按股數表決方式 進行投票。投票由公司秘書帶領,並由本公司 的香港股份過戶登記處監票。投票結果於本公 司及聯交所網站公佈。本公司網站登載並定期 更新本集團財務、業務與其他資料以供股東及 投資者閱覽。

股東可於股東大會上提呈動議,將有關動議的 書面通知送達公司秘書,地址為本公司於香港 的主要營業地點,收件人為公司秘書。

本公司亦不時與投資界人士舉行會議,回應其 對本公司情況的查詢,藉以加強本公司與投資 者之間的聯繫與溝通。

Shareholders are encouraged to attend all general meetings of the Company. Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles of Association, Shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in the requisition. The requisition must state the objects of the meeting, and must be signed by the Shareholder(s) concerned and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more of those Shareholders. The requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary via mail to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Rooms 04-08, 26th Floor, Shui On Centre, 6-8 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. The Company shall hold general meeting within two months after receiving the requisition. If the Directors fail to proceed to convene the extraordinary general meeting within twenty-one (21) days of the deposit of such requisition, the Shareholder(s) himself or themselves may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by him/her/them as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the Shareholder(s) by the Company.

If a Shareholder wishes to propose a person other than a retiring Director for election as a Director at a general meeting, pursuant to Article 85 of the Articles of Association, the Shareholder (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting shall send a written notice, duly signed by the Shareholder, of his/her intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his/her willingness to be elected. These notices should be lodged at the Company's head office or the office of the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong (the "Hong Kong Share Registrar"), Tricor Investor Services Limited. The period for lodgement of such notices shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of such general meeting and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting. All substantive resolutions at general meetings are decided on a poll which is conducted by the Company Secretary and scrutinised by the Hong Kong Share Registrar of the Company. The results of the poll are published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. Regularly updated financial, business and other information on the Group is made available on the website of the Company for Shareholders and investors.

Shareholders may put forward proposals at general meetings by sending written notice of their proposals to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The Company also meets the investment community and responds to their enquiries about the status of the Company from time to time, so as to strengthen the contacts and communication between the Company and its investors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度及直至 本年報日期,本公司組織章程大綱及組織章程 細則並無任何重大變動。

經考慮上述股東有多種渠道傳達彼等的意見, 以及董事會於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度內為徵求及了解股東及持份者的意見所 採取的步驟,包括但不限於在股東週年大會期 間與股東進行公開討論,董事會對股東溝通政 策的實施和有效性的檢討被認為是充分有效。

There has not been any significant changes in the memorandum of association of the Company and the Articles of Association during the year ended 31 December 2021 up to the date of this annual report.

After taking into account that the Shareholders have multiple channels to communicate their views as mentioned above as well as the steps taken by the Board to solicit and understand the views of Shareholders and stakeholders during the year ended 31 December 2021 including but not limited to open discussion with the Shareholders during the AGM, the Board's review of the implementation and effectiveness of the shareholders' communication policy was found to be sound and adequate.

董事及高級管理層履歷

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事

執行董事

黃俊康先生,67歲

執行董事、主席兼行政總裁

黃先生為本集團的創始人並擔任本公司之執行董事、主席兼行政總裁。彼亦為本集團旗下多間附屬公司的董事。此外,彼也是天虹數科商業股份有限公司(一間於深圳證券交易所上市的公司)的創辦人、第二大股東及董事會副主席。彼於內地及香港的房地產行業擁有逾30多年的經驗,於金融及零售領域亦有突出表現。

於一九九三年至一九九六年期間,黃先生為聯 交所上市公司(現已私有化)鵬利國際集團有限 公司(前稱世貿中心集團有限公司)的副董事總 經理及第二大股東以及聯交所上市公司中國食 品有限公司(前稱中國食品發展集團有限公司) 的副主席。一九九六年至二零零一年期間,黃 先生為一間於聯交所上市的公司德祥地產集團 有限公司(前稱祥泰行集團有限公司)的主要股 東、主席兼行政總裁。黃先生於二零零七年參 加由中歐工商管理學院、IESE商學院及哈佛商 學院合辦的全球CEO課程。彼為香港廣東社團 總會有限公司執行主席、香港廣州社團總會有 限公司主席、香港房地產協會會長及廣州市政 協常委。二零一六年七月,香港特別行政區政 府向黃先生頒授銅紫荊星章(BBS),對黃先生為 香港特別行政區多年來的貢獻作出肯定,同時 表彰黃先生於商界及社會事務上的成就。銅紫 荊星章(BBS)自一九九八年起開始頒授,是嘉 獎予長期服務社會並有傑出表現的人士。黃先 生於二零二零年十月獲得香港城市大學授與榮 譽社會科學博士學銜。

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr WONG Chun Hong (黃俊康), aged 67

Executive Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Mr WONG is the Founder of the Group and is the executive Director, Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. He is also a director of various subsidiaries within the Group. In addition, he is also the founder, the second largest shareholder and vice chairman of the board of directors of Rainbow Digital Commercial Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange. He has over 30 years of experience in the real estate business in the Mainland and Hong Kong, and has profound accomplishments in the finance and retail fields.

From 1993 to 1996, Mr WONG was the deputy managing director and the second largest shareholder of Top Glory International Holdings Limited (formerly known as World Trade Center Group Limited), a company which was listed on the Stock Exchange and is now privatised and was the vice chairman of China Foods Limited (formerly known as China Foods Holdings Limited), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. From 1996 to 2001, Mr WONG was a major shareholder, chairman and chief executive officer of ITC Properties Group Limited (formerly known as Cheung Tai Hong Holdings Limited), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr WONG attended the Global CEO Programme for China in 2007 which was co-organised by China Europe International Business School, IESE Business School and Harvard Business School. He is the executive chairman of Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organizations Limited, the chairman of Hong Kong Federation of Guangzhou Associations Limited, the president of Hong Kong Real Property Federation and a member of Guangzhou Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (廣州市政協常委). In July 2016, Mr WONG was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in recognition of his continuous contribution to the well-being of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region over the years, and for his achievements towards the commercial sector and community affairs. The Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) was introduced in 1998 and is presented to individuals who demonstrate remarkable performance in long-term community services. Mr WONG was bestowed an Honorary Doctor of social science by City University of Hong Kong in October 2020.

Chance Again Limited ("Chance Again"), a substantial shareholder (as defined

in the Listing Rules) of the Company, is wholly-owned by Cheung Yuet (B.V.I.)

Limited ("BVI Co"). The entire issued share capital of BVI Co is wholly-owned

by HSBC International Trustee Limited ("HSBC International Trustee") as

the trustee of The Cheung Yuet Memorial Trust, a discretionary family trust

established by Mr WONG (the "Wong's Family Trust"), the beneficiaries of

which include Mr WONG's family members. Mr WONG is the settlor and the

protector of the Wong's Family Trust. Mr WONG is also a director of Chance

董事及高級管理層履歷

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Chance Again Limited (「Chance Again」) 為 本公司的主要股東(定義見上市規則),由 Cheung Yuet (B.V.I.) Limited (「BVI Co」) 全資擁 有。BVI Co全部已發行股本由滙豐國際信託 有限公司(「滙豐國際信託」)作為The Cheung Yuet Memorial Trust的受託人全資擁有。The Cheung Yuet Memorial Trust 為黃先生成立的全 權家族信託(「黃氏家族信託」),受益人包括黃 先生的家族成員。黃先生為黃氏家族信託的創 立人及保護人。黃先生亦為Chance Again 的董 事。除上述者外,黃先生與本公司的任何董事、 高級管理層、主要股東或控股股東並無任何關係。

Again. Save as mentioned above, Mr WONG does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management, substantial Shareholders or controlling Shareholders of the Company. The discloseable interest of Mr WONG in the Shares and underlying Shares under the provisions of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") is set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of

the Company and its Associated Corporations" under the Directors' Report of

黃先生於股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例(「**證券及期貨條例**」)第XV部條文須予 披露的權益載於本報告中董事報告書「董事及 主要行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團的股份、 相關股份及債券的權益及淡倉 | 一節。

林美家女士,51歲 執行董事

林女士於二零一八年三月一日獲委任為本公司 的執行董事。彼於二零一七年十月加入本公司, 獲委任為萊蒙健康控股(香港)有限公司(本公 司附屬公司)的董事總經理,負責監督本集團 教育及保健服務的業務營運。林女士加入本公 司之前,曾擔任香港多間藍籌房地產開發商的 高級管理職位,包括德朗科技(研製)有限公司 (恒基兆業地產有限公司旗下全資附屬公司)、 新世界發展中國有限公司、合和物業代理有限 公司及香港鐵路有限公司。林女士於房地產行 業已積逾20年管理經驗,專注於房地產發展、 資產管理及商場業務管理。林女士畢業於美國 渥太華大學,取得工商管理學士學位,並獲得 香港理工大學項目管理碩士學位,為英國皇家 特許測量師學會及英國特許房屋經理學會的會 員。

林女士與本公司任何董事、高級管理層、主要 股東或控股股東並無任何關係。

林女士於本公司及相聯法團的股份、相關股份 及債券中並無擁有任何證券及期貨條例第XV 部條文項下的權益。

Ms LAM Mei Ka, Shirley (林美家), aged 51

Executive Director

this report.

Ms LAM was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 1 March 2018. Ms LAM joined the Company in October 2017 and was appointed as the managing director of Top Spring Healthcare Holdings (Hong Kong) Company Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, where she was responsible for overseeing the business operations related to education and healthcare services of the Group. Prior to joining the Company, Ms LAM served in senior managerial positions in a number of blue-chip property developers in Hong Kong, including Techno Factor (Development) Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Henderson Land Development Company Limited, New World Development China Limited, Hopewell Real Estate Agency Limited and MTR Corporation Limited. Ms LAM has accumulated over 20 years of the management experience in the real estate industry with a focus on real estate development, asset management and management of shopping mall operations. Ms LAM graduated from Ottawa University, the United States with a bachelor's degree in business administration and obtained a master's degree in Project Management from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. She is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and Chartered Institute of Housing.

Ms LAM does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management, substantial Shareholders or controlling Shareholders of the Company.

Ms LAM does not have any interests in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO.

董事及高級管理層履歷

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

梁瑞池先生,50歲 執行董事

梁先生於二零一九年八月五日獲委任為執 行董事。梁先生於二零零六年二月加入本集 團,歷任集團經營部、戰投部及深圳水榭花 都公司之總經理,以及擔任本公司旗下多間 附屬公司之董事,彼於二零一四年二月獲委 任為集團助理總裁及廣東區域公司總經理, 後因個人原因於二零一五年四月離開本集 團。梁先生於二零一九年四月重新加入本集 團並獲委任為集團執行副總裁,並於同年 十一月獲委任為集團副首席執行官。梁先生 具有逾22年企業管治、投資及戰略管理之經 驗。梁先生現任天虹數科商業股份有限公司 (股份代碼:002419.SZ)之非獨立董事。梁先生 曾擔任聯交所及深圳交易所上市公司東江環保 股份有限公司(股份代碼:895.HK,002672.SZ) 及深圳交易所上市公司天虹數科商業股份有 限公司(股份代碼:002419.SZ)之監事。彼於 -九九四年畢業於中央財經大學,獲經濟學學 士學位。

梁先生與本公司任何董事、高級管理層、主要 股東或控股股東並無任何關係。

梁先生於本公司及相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債券中並無擁有任何證券及期貨條例第XV部條文項下的權益。

Mr LIANG Rui Chi (梁瑞池), aged 50

Executive Director

Mr LIANG was appointed as an executive Director on 5 August 2019. Mr LIANG joined the Group in February 2006 and worked as the general manager of operations management department, strategic investment department and Water Flower Property Development Co., Ltd. of the Group, and a director of several subsidiaries of the Company. He was appointed as the assistant president of the Group and the general manager of the Guangdong regional branch in February 2014, and then left the Group in April 2015 due to personal reason. He rejoined the Group and was appointed as the executive vice president of the Group in April 2019, and was later appointed as the Group vice chief executive officer in November the same year. Mr LIANG has over 22 years of experience in corporate governance, investment and strategic management. Mr LIANG is currently a non-independent Director of Rainbow Digital Commercial Co., Ltd (stock code: 002419.SZ). He was a supervisor of each of Dongjiang Environmental Company Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock codes: 895.HK, 002672.SZ), and Rainbow Digital Commercial Co., Ltd, a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 002419.SZ). Mr LIANG graduated from Central University of Finance and Economics and was awarded a bachelor degree in economics in 1994.

Mr LIANG does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management, substantial Shareholders or controlling Shareholders of the Company.

Mr LIANG does not have any interests in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

非執行董事

葉康文先生,60歲 非執行董事

葉先生於二零一七年九月一日獲委任為本公司 非執行董事及企業管治委員會成員。葉先生自 二零一九年六月起擔任本公司之主要股東(定 義見上市規則),即美羅控股有限公司(「美羅 控股」, 連同其附屬公司統稱[美羅集團])(一 間於新加坡證券交易所上市的公司)的執行董 事及集團首席執行官。

葉先生擔任執行級和高層管理職位超過30年, 在企業的策略制定、營運、管理服務、房地產 投資和開發各方面擁有豐富的管理經驗。葉先 生的職業生涯始於Indeco Engineers,隨後他加 入英國石油東南亞公司。在加入美羅之前,他 在凱德集團任職20多年,曾在多個商務部門 擔任不同的職務。2003年,他在雅詩閣-中國 公司出任常務董事。2006年,葉先生受委為雅 詩閣集團在亞太和中東灣區的首席執行官,隨 後他從事凱德集團在中東灣區、越南及印尼的 房地產開發工作。

葉先生擁有新加坡國立大學土木工程一級榮譽 學士學位以及美國斯坦福大學工商管理碩士學 位。他也在中國上海的復旦大學完成了管理課程。

除上文披露者外,葉先生與本公司任何董事、 高級管理層或主要或控股股東概無任何關係。

葉先生於本公司及相聯法團的股份、相關股份 及債券中並無擁有任何證券及期貨條例第XV 部條文項下的權益。

Non-executive Director

Mr YIP Hoong Mun (葉康文), aged 60

Non-executive Director

Mr YIP was appointed as a non-executive Director and a member of the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company on 1 September 2017. Mr YIP is the executive Director and Group Chief Executive Officer of Metro Holdings Limited ("Metro Holdings", together with its subsidiaries, the "Metro Group") since June 2019. Metro Holdings is a company listed on The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and a substantial shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company.

Mr Yip has over 30 years of experience in executive and senior management roles in strategic planning, operations, hospitality, real estate investment and development. Mr Yip started his career with Indeco Engineers and later joined BP South East Asia. Prior to joining Metro, he spent over 20 years with the CapitaLand Group, and served different roles in various strategic business units. He was Managing Director of Ascott China in 2003 and then Chief Executive Officer, Asia Pacific and the Gulf Region of The Ascott Group in 2006. Subsequent to that, Mr Yip has been involved in property developments in the Gulf Region, Vietnam and Indonesia of the CapitaLand Group.

Mr Yip has a Bachelor of Civil Engineering degree with first class honours from the National University of Singapore and a Master's degree in Business Administration from Stanford University, USA. He also completed a management course at Fudan University, Shanghai, China

Save as disclosed above, Mr YIP does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling Shareholders of the Company.

Mr YIP does not have any interests in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

隗強先生,36歳

非執行董事

隗先生於二零一九年十二月六日獲委任為非執行董事。彼現為彩雲國際投資有限公司(「彩雲」)之董事及財務總監。於二零一五年十二月至二零一七年三月,隗先生擔任雲南省康旅控股集團有限公司(「雲南康旅集團」)之財務部副主管。隗先生於二零零八年自東北師範大學獲取電子商務及英語雙學士學位,並於二零一零年在同一所大學獲取會計碩士學位。隗先生亦為美國註冊管理會計師學會註冊管理會計師。隗先生於基金管理、資訊技術、房地產開發及電子通訊領域擁有逾12年經驗。

除上文披露者外,隗先生與本公司任何其他董事、高級管理層或主要或控股股東(各定義見上市規則)概無任何關係。

隗先生於本公司及相聯法團的股份、相關股份 及債券中並無擁有任何證券及期貨條例第XV 部條文項下的權益。

獨立非執行董事

鄭毓和先生,61歲

獨立非執行董事

鄭先生於二零一零年十一月三十日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。鄭先生於一九八四年在倫敦的羅兵咸永道(前稱Coopers and Lybrand)任職,其後於一九八九年在多倫多瑞士銀行(前稱瑞士銀行集團)任職。彼亦為Centurion Corporate Finance Limited 的聯席創始人。於一九九九年,彼成為鄭毓和會計師行的獨資經灣院的九八四年獲得倫敦政治經濟學院的九八四年獲得倫敦政治經濟學院的九八四年獲得倫敦政治經濟學院的九八四年獲得情敦政治經濟學院的大學的會計學(榮譽)文學士學位。深傳人生目前為加拿大特許專業會計師,並為英格與及威爾士特許會計師公會資深會員。彼亦為一名香港執業會計師,並為英格與及威爾士特許會計師公會資深會員。彼亦為一名香港執業會計師,並為英格與及威爾士特許會計師公會資深會員。被亦為一名香港執業會計師,並為英格與及威爾士特許會計師公會資深會員。被亦為一名香港執業會計師,並為英格與及威爾士特許會計師公會資深會員。被亦為一名香港執業會計師,並為英格與及威爾士特許會計師公會資深會員。被亦為一名香港執業會計師,並為英格與東並無任何關係。

Mr KUI Qiang (隗強), aged 36

Non-executive Director

Mr KUI was appointed as a non-executive Director on 6 December 2019. He is currently the director and financial controller of Caiyun International Investment Limited ("Caiyuan"). From December 2015 to March 2017, Mr KUI worked as the deputy supervisor of the financial department of Yunnan Health & Cultural Tourism Holding Group Co., Ltd. ("YHCT"). Mr KUI obtained a double bachelor degree in E-commerce and English Studies from Northeast Normal University (東北師範大學) in 2008 and a master degree in Accounting from the same university in 2010. Mr KUI is also a certified management accountant of the Institute of Management Accountants in the USA. Mr KUI has over 12 years of experience in the fields of fund management, information technology, real estate development and telecommunication.

Save as disclosed above, Mr KUI does not have any relationship with any other Directors, senior management or substantial or controlling Shareholders (each as defined in the Listing Rules)

Mr KUI does not have any interests in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr CHENG Yuk Wo (鄭毓和), aged 61

Independent non-executive Director

Mr CHENG was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 November 2010. Mr CHENG worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers (formerly known as Coopers and Lybrand) in London in 1984 and at UBS AG (formerly known as Swiss Bank Corporation) in Toronto in 1989. He is also the cofounder of Centurion Corporate Finance Limited. In 1999, he became the sole proprietor of Erik CHENG & Co., Certified Public Accountants. Mr CHENG received his master's degree of science (economics) in accounting and finance from the London School of Economics and Political Science in 1984, and his bachelor's degree of arts (honours) in accounting from the University of Kent in 1983. Mr CHENG is currently a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. He is also a Certified Public Accountant practising in Hong Kong and a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr CHENG does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management, substantial Shareholders or controlling Shareholders of the Company.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

下表載列鄭先生截至本報告日期在多間香港上 市公司擔任董事職務的情況:

The table below sets out Mr CHENG's directorships in a number of companies listed in Hong Kong up to the date of this report:

上市公司名稱	職務
Name of the listed company	Position
創興銀行有限公司	獨立非執行董事
Chong Hing Bank Limited	Independent non-executive director
中糧包裝控股有限公司	獨立非執行董事
CPMC Holdings Limited	Independent non-executive director
資本策略地產有限公司(前稱資本策略投資有限公司)	獨立非執行董事
CSI Properties Limited (formerly known as Capital Strategic Investment Limited)	Independent non-executive director
新百利融資控股有限公司	獨立非執行董事
Somerley Capital Holdings Limited	Independent non-executive director
廖創興企業有限公司	獨立非執行董事
Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited	Independent non-executive director
卓珈控股集團有限公司	獨立非執行董事
Miricor Enterprises Holdings Limited	Independent non-executive director
正大企業國際有限公司	獨立非執行董事
Chia Tai Enterprises International Limited	Independent non-executive director
凱知樂國際控股有限公司	獨立非執行董事
Kidsland International Holdings Limited	Independent non-executive director
中國再生能源投資有限公司	獨立非執行董事
China Renewable Energy Investment Limited	Independent non-executive director

鄭先生於股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部條文須予披露的權益載於本報 告中董事報告書「董事及主要行政人員於本公 司及其相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債券的權 益及淡倉」一節。

The discloseable interest of Mr CHENG in the Shares and underlying Shares under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO is set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company and its Associated Corporations" under the Directors' Report of this report.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

吳泗宗教授,70歳

獨立非執行董事

吴教授於二零一零年十一月三十日獲委任為獨 立非執行董事。自一九九七年起至今,彼一直 為同濟大學教授、博士生導師以及曾任同濟大 學經管學院副院長、黨委書記等職務。吳教授 為上海市市場學會副總裁,以及中國市場學會 的常務理事。吳教授教授經濟學及國際貿易課 程。彼主要研究領域為商業管理、市場營銷及 國際貿易。於一九九四年到一九九七年期間, 彼擔任江西財經大學國際經貿學院事務委員會 主席。於二零零一年到二零零八年期間,吳教 授發表多篇論文,涉及其專業領域的眾多研究 項目。於二零零零年到二零零十年期間,彼亦 出版多本市場營銷、商業及貿易領域的書籍。 吳教授於一九八二年獲得江西財經大學的經濟 學士學位。於一九九五年,彼取得上海財經大 學經濟碩士學位。吳教授與本公司任何董事、 高級管理層、主要股東或控股股東並無任何關係。

吳教授於股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部條文須予披露的權益載於本報 告中董事報告書「董事及主要行政人員於本公 司及其相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債券的權 益及淡倉」一節。

陳儀先生,67歲

獨立非執行董事

陳先生與本公司任何董事、高級管理層、主要 股東或控股股東概無任何關連。

陳先生於本公司及其相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債券中並無擁有任何證券及期貨條例第 XV部條文項下的權益。

Professor WU Si Zong (吳泗宗), aged 70

Independent non-executive Director

Professor WU was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 30 November 2010. Since 1997 and until now, he is a professor, a doctoral tutor, at 同濟大學 (Tongji University), where he had been the secretary of the Party Committee and the vice dean of the Economic and Management School. Professor WU is the vice chairman of 上海市市場學會 (Shanghai Marketing Society) and the standing director of 中國市場學會 (China Marketing Society). Professor WU lectures in economics and international trade. His main research fields are business management, marketing and international trade. From 1994 to 1997, he was the Head of Affairs Committee of the International Trade Faculty at Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics (江西財經大學). From 2001 to 2008, Professor WU published several theses and was involved in various research projects in his fields of expertise. He also published many books in marketing, commerce and trade from 2000 to 2007. Professor WU received his Bachelor's degree in Economics from (Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics) 江西財經大學 in 1982. In 1995, he received his master's degree in economics at Shanghai University of Finance and Economics (上海 財經大學). Professor WU does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management, substantial Shareholders or controlling Shareholders of the Company.

The discloseable interest of Professor WU in the Shares and underlying Shares under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO is set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company and its Associated Corporations" under the Directors' Report of this report.

Mr CHAN Yee Herman (陳儀), aged 67

Independent non-executive Director

Mr CHAN was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairperson of the Corporate Governance Committee and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company on 2 January 2018. He is currently a consultant of Y.T. Chan & Co., a law firm. Mr CHAN has more than 10 years of experience in the legal sector. He was admitted as a solicitor of the High Court in Hong Kong in May 2011. Prior to his legal career, he was a superintendent in the Hong Kong Police Force and had served the public for over 37 years. Mr CHAN obtained his bachelor of laws (LLB) degree from the University of London in 2003 and a postgraduate certificate in laws from City University of Hong Kong in 2005. Mr CHAN was a non-executive director of Infinity Financial Group (Holdings) Limited (Stock Code: 1152) from July 2013 to June 2017.

Mr CHAN does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management, substantial Shareholders or controlling Shareholders of the Company.

Mr CHAN does not have any interests in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

李國華先生,48歲

副總裁

李先生於二零零九年十二月二十六日加入本集 團,現擔任本集團高級副總裁。彼於加入本集 團前,曾擔任過多家公司之高級管理職位,包 括寶龍集團青島商業物業公司總經理等職位。 李先生在房地產行業從業22餘年,具有豐富 的實操管理經驗。李先生於一九九六年獲得華 南理工大學無線電專科學位,二零二零年完成 北京大學滙豐商學院私募股權投資與企業上市 研修班進修。現就讀於清華大學深圳國際研究 生院新實戰型房地產高級戰略研修班。李先生 與本公司任何董事、高級管理層、主要股東或 控股股東並無任何關係。

李守穩先生,45歲

副總裁

李先生於二零一八年八月加入本集團,現擔任 本集團副總裁職務,彼於加入本集團前,曾擔 任過多家公司之高級管理職位,包括香港中旅 集團國際投資有限公司建設開發部總經理;歷 任佳兆業集團控股有限公司區域總經理、萬科 項目總經理等職位。李先生具有22多年一流 房地產及文旅項目從業經歷,對於房地產開發 全程運作及項目管控投具有較深理解,具有豐 富的認識和實操管理經驗,亦有文旅景區項目 實操經驗。李先生於一九九八年獲得西安建築 科技大學工業與民用建築本科學位,並於二零 一八年十二月自中央財經大學產業及經濟學研 究生畢業。李先生與本公司任何董事、高級管 理層、主要股東或控股股東並無任何關係。

Mr LI Guohua (李國華), aged 48

Vice President

Mr LI joined the Group on 26 December 2009, and is currently the executive vice president of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, he had held senior management positions in a number of companies, including the general manager at the Baolong Group (Qingdao) Commercial Properties Company (寶龍集團青島商業物業公司). Mr LI has engaged in real estate industry for over 22 years and gained extensive experiences in practical management. Mr LI obtained a degree specialized in radio communication from the South China University of Technology in 1996, and completed the Private Equity Investment and Corporate Listing Programme (私募股權投資與企業上市研修班) at the HSBC Business School, Peking University in 2020. He is now attending the Advanced Strategy Programme for the New Practical Real Estate (新實戰型房地 產高級戰略研修班) at the Tsinghua Shenzhen International Graduate School. Mr LI does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management, substantial Shareholders or controlling Shareholders of the Company.

Mr LI Shouwen (李守穩), aged 45

Vice President

Mr LI joined the Group in August 2018 and currently acts as the vice president of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, he held various senior management positions in several companies, including the general manager of business development department of China Travel International Investment Hong Kong Limited, the regional general manager of Kaisa Group Holdings Limited, the general manager of Vanke Projects. Mr LI has over 22 years of outstanding experience in real estates as well as cultural tourism projects. He has a thorough understanding of the entire operation of real estate development and project management and control of investment. He has extensive expertise and practical management experience, as well as practical experience in cultural tourism scenic area projects. Mr LI obtained a bachelor's degree in industrial and civil architecture from Xi'an University of Architecture and Technology in 1998 and got the graduate degree in industrial and economic studies from the Central University of Finance and Economics in December 2018. Mr LI does not have any relationship with any directors, senior management, substantial shareholder or controlling shareholder of the Company.

BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

黃德俊先生,40歳

首席財務官及公司秘書

黃先生於二零一八年一月九日獲委任為本公司 之首席財務官。彼於二零一七年二月加入本集 團,擔任公司秘書。黃先生為香港會計師公會 執業會計師、香港公司治理公會以及特許公司 治理公會。彼於二零零五年於英屬哥倫比亞大 學取得經濟學學士學位及於二零一四年於香港 理工大學取得企業管治碩士學位。

黃先生於會計、企業管治、企業融資、資本市場及投資者關係方面擁有超過十七年經驗。 二零零五年八月至二零一零年五月,彼擔任軍馬威會計師事務所助理經理。自二零一三年六月,彼擔任建業地產財務所財理經理。自二零一三年五月,彼擔任建業地產財務。 限公司(股份代號:0832)公司秘書兼財業(內國)有限公司(股份代號:1107)之副首席財業(中國)有限公司(股份代號:1107)之副首席財務至二零一六年一月為止。自二零一六年三月,被擔任中國湖南省和立東務至二零一七年二月,彼擔任中國湖南省和京東新至二零十七日起,黃先生獲委任為大地教育控股有限公司(股份代號:8417)之獨立非執行董事。

黃先生與本公司任何董事、高級管理層或主要 股東概無任何關係。

Mr WONG Tak Chun (黄德俊), aged 40

Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary

Mr WONG was appointed as chief financial officer of the Company on 9 January 2018. He joined the Group as the Company Secretary in February 2017. Mr WONG is a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and the Chartered Governance Institute. He obtained a bachelor's degree in economics from the University of British Columbia in 2005, and a master's degree in corporate governance from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2014.

Mr WONG has more than 17 years of experience in accounting, corporate governance, corporate finance, capital markets, and investor relations. He worked as an assistant manager in KPMG from August 2005 to May 2010. From May 2010 to June 2013, he served as a company secretary and finance manager of Central China Real Estate Limited (Stock Code: 0832). He served as the deputy chief financial officer since February 2014 and the company secretary since April 2014 of Modern Land (China) Co., Limited (Stock Code: 1107) until January 2016. He served as the company secretary and the chief financial officer of Helidongsheng International Logistic Company Limited* (和立東升國際物流產業有限公司) in Hunan, the PRC, from March 2016 to February 2017. Mr WONG has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Dadi Education Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8417) since 17 January 2017.

Mr WONG does not have any relationship with any Directors, senior management, substantial Shareholders or controlling Shareholders of the Company.

董事謹此提呈其年度報告及本公司截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核綜合財 務報表。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。本集團為中國 房地產開發商,專門從事城市多功能綜合體的 開發及營運,以及於中國粵港澳大灣區、長江 三角洲、京津及成渝地區住宅物業的開發及銷 售。本公司附屬公司的主要業務詳情載於財務 報表附註14。年內,本集團的主要業務性質並 無重大變動。

業務回顧及表現

本集團就香港法例第622章香港公司條例附表 5所規定作出公正的業務回顧及本集團年內表 現的討論及分析以及有關其業績與財務狀況的 重大因素分別載列於本報告的主席報告書及管 理層討論及分析。本集團業務的未來發展於本 報告的主席報告書論述。此外,有關本集團主 要風險及不明朗因素的進一步詳情載於本報告 的企業管治報告一節。主席報告書、管理層討 論及分析以及企業管治報告各節構成本報告一 部分。

末期股息

董事會建議向於二零二二年六月二日(星期四) 名列本公司股東名冊或永久可換股證券持有人 名冊的股東及永久可換股證券持有人派發截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的本公司權 益股東及永久可換股證券持有人應佔末期股息 每股1港仙(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度:4港仙)。待本公司股東於股東週年大 會批准後,末期股息預期將於二零二二年六月 十六日(星期四)派付。

連同截至二零二一年六月三十日止六個月之中 期股息每股3港仙(截至二零二零年六月三十 日止六個月:無),本公司於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度將分派股息合共4港仙 (截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度:每 股4港仙)。

The Directors are pleased to present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Group is a real estate property developer in the PRC and is specialised in the development and operation of urban mixed-use communities, and the development and sale of residential properties in the Greater Bay Area, the Yangtze River Delta, the Beijing-Tianjin and the Chengdu-Chongging regions in the PRC. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 14 to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE

A fair review of the business of the Group and a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year and the material factors underlying its results and financial position as required by schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) are included in the sections of Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis of this report, respectively. The future development of the Group's business is discussed in the section of the Chairman's Statement of this report. In addition, further details regarding the Group's principal risks and uncertainties are included in the section of the Corporate Governance Report of this report. The sections of the Chairman's Statement, the Management Discussion and Analysis and the Corporate Governance Report form part of this report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK1 cent per Share attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company and the holders of PCSs for the year ended 31 December 2021 (for the year ended 31 December 2020: HK4 cents) to the shareholders and the holders of PCSs whose names appear on the register of members or the register of holders of PCSs of the Company on Thursday, 2 June 2022. Upon approval by the shareholders of the Company at the AGM, it is expected that the final dividend will be payable on Thursday, 16 June 2022.

Together with the interim dividend of HK3 cents per Share for the six months ended 30 June 2021 (for the six months ended 30 June 2020: Nil), the Company would distribute a combined total of HK4 cents as dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (for the year ended 31 December 2020: HK4 cents per Share).

暫停辦理股份過戶登記及永久可 換股證券持有人登記手續

為確認股東出席股東週年大會並於會上投票的 資格以及彼等收取擬派末期股息的權利,本公 司將按以下方式暫停辦理股份過戶登記及永久 可換股證券持有人登記手續:

(i) 為確認本公司股東出席股東週年大會或 有關大會的任何續會並於會上投票的資格:

本公司將於二零二二年五月十九日(星期四)至二零二二年五月二十四日(星期二)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記及永久可換股證券持有人登記手續,在此期間內不會登記任何股份及永久可換股證券轉讓。

為符合資格出席股東週年大會或有關大 會的任何續會及於會上投票,(a)就股份 而言,所有股份過戶文件連同相關股票 須不遲於二零二二年五月十八日(星期三) 下午四時三十分送交本公司香港股份過 戶登記分處(「香港股份過戶登記處」) 卓 佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港皇后 大道東183號合和中心54樓;及(b)就永 久可換股證券而言,指定形式的轉換通 知連同永久可換股證券的相關證書以及 永久可換股證券持有人經已支付任何應 付款項的確認文件,必須填妥、簽立並須 不遲於二零二二年五月十一日(星期三) 下午四時三十分送交本公司, 地址為香 港灣仔港灣道6-8號瑞安中心26樓04-08 室。

有關目的之記錄日期為二零二二年五月二十四日(星期二)。

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS AND REGISTER OF HOLDERS OF THE PCSs

For the purposes of determining the eligibility of the shareholders to attend and vote at the AGM and their entitlements to the proposed final dividend, the register of members and the register of holders of the PCSs of the Company will be closed as set out below:

(i) For determining the eligibility of the shareholders of the Company to attend and vote at the AGM or any adjournment of such meeting:

The register of members and the register of holders of the PCSs of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 19 May 2022 to Tuesday, 24 May 2022 (both days inclusive), during such period no transfer of the Shares and PCSs will be effected.

In order to qualify for attending and voting at the AGM or any adjournment of such meeting, (a) in the case of the Shares, all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong (the "Hong Kong Share Registrar"), Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong by no later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 18 May 2022; and (b) in the case of the PCSs, the notice of conversion in prescribed form, together with the relevant certificate of the PCSs and confirmation that any amounts required to be paid by the holder of the PCSs have been so paid, must be duly completed, executed and deposited with the Company at Rooms 04–08, 26th Floor, Shui On Centre, 6–8 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 11 May 2022.

The record date for such purposes is Tuesday, 24 May 2022.

為確認股東及永久可換股證券持有人收 取擬派末期股息的權利:

本公司將於二零二二年五月三十一日(星 期二)至二零二二年六月二日(星期四)(首 尾兩天包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記 及本公司永久可換股證券持有人登記手 續,在此期間內不會登記任何股份及永 久可換股證券轉讓。

為符合資格收取擬派末期股息,(a)就股 份而言,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股 票須不遲於二零二二年五月三十日(星期 一)下午四時三十分送交香港股份過戶登 記處,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合 和中心54樓;及(b)就永久可換股證券而 言,所有永久可換股證券過戶文件連同 永久可換股證券的相關證書須不遲於二 零二二年五月二十三日(星期一)下午四 時三十分送交本公司,地址為香港灣仔 港灣道6-8號瑞安中心26樓04-08室。

有關目的之記錄日期為二零二二年六月 二日(星期四)。

財務資料概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的已刊發業績以及 資產及負債概要載於本報告第277至280頁。 本概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

物業及設備及投資物業

本集團於年內的物業及設備及投資物業變動詳 情分別載於財務報表附註12。本集團的主要投 資物業進一步詳情載於本報告的管理層討論及 分析一節。

待售發展中物業

本集團於年內的待售發展中物業詳情載於財務 報表附註18。本集團的主要待售發展中物業進 一步詳情載於本報告的管理層討論及分析一節。

待售已竣工物業

本集團於年內的待售已竣工物業詳情載於財務 報表附註18。本集團主要持作出售已竣工物業 的進一步詳情載於本報告的管理層討論及分析 一節。

For determining the entitlement of the shareholders and the holders of PCSs to the proposed final dividend:

The register of members and the register of holders of the PCSs of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 31 May 2022 to Thursday, 2 June 2022 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of the Shares and PCSs will be effected.

In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, (a) in the case of the Shares, all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Hong Kong Share Registrar at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong by no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 30 May 2022; and (b) in the case of the PCSs, all transfers of the PCSs accompanied by the relevant certificate of the PCSs must be lodged with the Company at Rooms 04-08, 26th Floor, Shui On Centre, 6–8 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 23 May 2022.

The record date for such purposes is Thursday, 2 June 2022.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on pages 277 to 280 of this report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT **PROPERTIES**

Details of movements in the property and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 12 to the financial statements, respectively. Further details of the Group's major investment properties are set out in the section of Management Discussion and Analysis of this report.

PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

Details of the properties under development for sale of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the financial statements. Further details of the Group's major properties under development for sale are set out in the section of Management Discussion and Analysis of this report.

COMPLETED PROPERTIES FOR SALE

Details of the completed properties for sale of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the financial statements. Further details of the Group's major completed properties held for sale are set out in the section of Management Discussion and Analysis of this report.

待售發展中租賃土地

本集團於年內的待售發展中租賃土地詳情載於 財務報表附註18。本集團持作發展以供出售的 主要之租約物業的進一步詳情載於本報告的管 理層討論及分析一節。

股本

本公司於年內的股本變動詳情載於財務報表附 註28。

優先購買權

章程細則或開曼群島法例並無關於優先購買權 的規定,致令本公司必須按比例向現有股東發 售新股份。

税項減免

本公司並不知悉有任何股東因持有本公司證券而獲得任何稅項減免。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證 券

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

儲備

本公司及本集團於年內的儲備變動詳情載於財 務報表附註28及綜合權益變動表。

可供分派儲備

根據開曼群島公司法及章程細則計算,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派予本公司權益股東及永久可換股證券持有人的儲備總額為4,851,298,000港元(二零二零年:4,602,462,000港元)。根據開曼群島法例第22章公司法(一九六一年法例三,經綜合及修訂),本公司的股份溢價可作為分派或股息向股東章程細則規定,並於緊隨分派股息後,本公司須東程細則規定,並於緊隨分派股息後,本公司須有能力於日常業務過程中支付到期的債務。根據章程細則,股息須以本公司的保留盈利或其他儲備(包括股份溢價及繳入盈餘)派付。

LEASEHOLD LAND HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

Details of the leasehold land held for development for sale of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the financial statements. Further details of the Group's major leasehold properties held for development for sale are set out in the section of Management Discussion and Analysis of this report.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Company is not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2021.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 28 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the aggregate amount of the Company's reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders and the holders of PCSs of the Company, as calculated in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association, was HK\$4,851,298,000 (2020: HK\$4,602,462,000). Under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for paying distributions or dividends to Shareholders and holders of PCSs subject to the provisions of the Articles of Association and provided that immediately following the distribution of dividend the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. In accordance with the Articles of Association, dividends shall be distributed out of the retained profits or other reserves, including share premium and contributed surplus, of the Company.

銀行及其他借貸

本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的銀行及 其他借貸詳情載於財務報表附註24。

主要績效指標(「主要績效指標」)

(a) 預售

- 定義和計算方法:預售以預售建築 • 面積乘以預售平均售價評估本集團 物業及停車位的銷售表現。
- 目的:本集團根據預售建築面積及 預售平均售價監察將推出銷售的產 品組合。預售建築面積和預售平均 售價為本集團釐定新一年的銷售策 略提供方向。此目標的完成進度經 本集團的實際預售對比預售目標後 進行評估,乃由於其為顯示本集團 實現其銷售計劃的指標。
- 已量化主要績效指標數據:截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,預售、預售建築面積及預售 平均售價分別約為1,709,600,000 港元、25,527平方米及每平方米 66,644.7港元(二零二零年:分別約 為1,125,200,000港元、16,839平方 米及每平方米66,417.2港元)。

(b) 毛利率

- 定義和計算方法:毛利率透過比較 本集團扣除直接成本的收入佔收入 的百分比計算其收入產生的盈利能 力,是表示本集團主要業務的財務 成績和能力的指標。
- 目的:本集團旨在提升毛利率。此 目標的完成進度透過比較本集團某 年度與下一年度的毛利率進行評估, 乃由於其為顯示本集團盈利能力的 指標。
- 已量化主要績效指標數據:截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 毛利率約為50.1%(二零二零年:約 45.4%) •

BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2021 are set out in note 24 to the financial statements

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS ("KPI")

(a) Pre-sales

- Definition and calculation: Pre-sales measures the sale performance of the Group's properties and car park units by multiplying the presold GFA with the pre-sales ASP.
- Purpose: The Group monitors its product mix to be launched for sale on the basis of the pre-sold GFA and the pre-sales ASP. The presold GFA and the pre-sales ASP provide direction for the Group to determine its sale strategies in the forthcoming year. The extent to which this objective has been achieved is assessed by comparing the Group's actual pre-sales to the pre-sales target, as it is an indicator showing the Group's achievement in its sales planning.
- Quantified KPI data: The pre-sales, pre-sold GFA and pre-sales ASP was approximately HK\$1,709.6 million, 25,527 sq.m. and HK\$66,644.7 per sq.m., respectively, for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: approximately HK\$1,125.2 million, 16,839 sq.m. and HK\$66,417.2 per sq.m.).

(b) Gross profit margin

- Definition and calculation: Gross profit margin measures the profitability that the Group generates from its revenue by comparing the revenue net of direct costs as a percentage of the revenue. It indicates the financial success and viability of the Group's principal business.
- Purpose: The Group aims to enhance its gross profit margin. The extent to which this objective has been achieved is assessed by comparing the Group's gross profit margin from one year to the next, as it is an indicator showing the Group's profitability.
- Quantified KPI data: The gross profit margin was approximately 50.1% for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: approximately 45.4%).

(c) 年內利潤

- 定義和計算方法: 純利計算本集團 扣除所有費用和税項後由業務產生 的收入。其為本集團業務營運和其 他相關活動的盈利指標。
- 目的:本集團重視成本控制。純利 為更妥善控制及使用開支提供方向。 此目標的完成進度透過比較本集團 某年度與下一年度的純利進行評估, 乃由於其為顯示本集團業務營運和 其他相關活動的盈利指標。
- 已量化主要績效指標數據:截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 淨盈利約為46,700,000港元(二零二零年:淨虧損約367,500,000港元)。

(d) 淨負債比率

- 定義和計算方法:淨負債比率透過 比較本集團經扣除現金及現金等值 項目以及受限制及已抵押存款後的 借貸總額佔權益總額百分比,計算 本集團的財務槓桿比率,顯示本集 團向資產撥付資金時一直所運用的 權益及債務比例。
- 目的:本集團根據淨負債比率監控 其資本結構。淨負債比率為本集團 改善其融資和業務發展活動提供方 向。此目標的完成進度透過比較本 集團某年度與下一年度的淨負債比 率進行評估,乃由於其為顯示本集 團財務槓桿水平的指標。
- 已量化主要績效指標數據:於 二零二一年十二月三十一日,淨負 債比率約為59.8%(二零二零年: 59.8%)。

慈善捐款

本集團於年內作出的慈善捐款達約912,000港元(二零二零年:2,224,000港元)。

(c) Profit for the year

- Definition and calculation: Net profit measures the revenue derived from the Group's business, less all expenses and taxes. It indicates the Group's earnings from its business operations and other related activities.
- Purpose: The Group emphasises cost control. The net profit provides direction for a better control and utilisation of expenses. The extent to which this objective has been achieved is assessed by comparing the Group's net profit from one year to the next, as it is an indicator showing the Group's earnings from its business operations and other related activities.
- Quantified KPI data: The net profit was approximately HK\$46.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: net loss approximately HK\$367.5 million).

(d) Net gearing ratio

- Definition and calculation: Net gearing ratio measures the financial leverage of the Group by comparing the total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents, and restricted and pledged deposits as a percentage of total equity. It indicates the proportion of equity and debt the Group has been using to finance its assets.
- Purpose: The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a
 net gearing ratio. The net gearing ratio provides direction for the
 Group to optimise its financing and business development activities.
 The extent to which this objective has been achieved is assessed by
 comparing the Group's net gearing ratio from one year to the next,
 as it is an indicator showing the Group's level of leverage.
- Quantified KPI data: The net gearing ratio was approximately 59.8% as at 31 December 2021 (2020: 59.8%).

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

The charitable donations made by the Group during the year amounted to approximately HK\$912,000 (2020: HK\$2,224,000).

持續關連交易

框架發展管理協議

於二零一八年五月三十一日,本公司當時 之附屬公司Top Spring Australia Property and Development Services Pty Ltd (TSI Australia) 與Silver Pond Investments Pty Ltd(「Silver Pond」)訂立一項發展管理協議(「發展管理協 議」),據此,TSI Australia同意擔任有關位於澳 洲之一幅地塊之開發項目之發展經理以提供發 展管理服務,自二零一八年六月一日起計初步 為期三年。

Silver Pond由黃俊康先生(「黃先生」)(本公司 董事會主席、行政總裁、執行董事兼主要股東) 之直系家族成員持有51%,以及由本公司間接 持有49%,因而為黃先生(及其直系家族成員) 之聯繫人士及本公司之關連人士(定義見上市 規則)。TSI Australia 根據發展管理協議向 Silver Pond提供發展管理服務構成本公司於上市規 則項下的持續關連交易(「持續關連交易」)。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度經獨立 股東批准或由本公司設定(視情況而定)的最高 年度上限總額(「年度上限」)及持續關連交易實 際錄得的年度交易價值總額載列如下:

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Framework development management agreement

On 31 May 2018, Top Spring Australia Property and Development Services Pty Ltd ("TSI Australia"), a then subsidiary of the Company, and Silver Pond Investments Pty Ltd ("Silver Pond") entered into a development management agreement (the "Development Management Agreement"), pursuant to which TSI Australia agreed to act as the development manager for the development project in relation to a land parcel located in Australia to perform the development management services for an initial term of three years from 1 June 2018.

As Silver Pond is held as to 51% by the immediate family members of Mr WONG Chun Hong ("Mr WONG") (the chairman of the Board, the chief executive officer, an executive Director and a substantial shareholder of the Company), and as to 49% indirectly by the Company, it is therefore an associate of Mr WONG (and his immediate family members) and a connected person of the Company within the meaning of the Listing Rules. The provision of development management services by TSI Australia to Silver Pond under the Development Management Agreement constituted continuing connected transactions of the Company (the "CCTs") under the Listing rules.

The maximum aggregate annual caps (the "Annual Caps") approved by the independent Shareholders or set by the Company (as the case may be) and the aggregate annual transaction value of the CCTs actually recorded for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

			年度上限
		(千澳元)	(千澳元)
		自二零二一年一月一日	自二零二一年一月一日
		起至二零二一年	起至二零二一年
		十二月三十一日止	十二月三十一日止
		Actual transaction	Annual Caps
		amount (AUD'000)	(AUD'000)
		From 1 January 2021	From 1 January 2021
交易協議	Transaction agreement	to 31 December 2021	to 31 December 2021

發展管理協議

三十一日的公告內披露。

Development Management Agreement

As the highest applicable percentage ratio is more than 0.1% but less than 5%, the provision of development management services by TSI Australia to Silver Pond under the Development Management Agreement is subject to the reporting, announcement and annual review requirements but is exempt from the independent Shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Further details of the Development Management Agreement were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 31 May 2018.

於二零二零年內出售TSI Australia 之 100% 股權 後,發展管理協議項下之交易不再為本公司之 持續關連交易。

由於最高適用百分比率高於0.1%但少於5%,

故TSI Australia 根據發展管理協議向 Silver Pond

提供發展管理服務須遵守上市規則第14A章項

下申報、公告及年度審閱之規定,惟獲豁免遵

守獨立股東批准的規定。有關發展管理協議的

進一步詳情已於本公司日期為二零一八年五月

Following the disposal of 100% shareholding in TSI Australia within 2020, the transactions under the Development Management Agreement ceased to be continuing connected transactions of the Company.

於審閱持續關連交易及本公司核數師報告後,獨立非執行董事各自根據上市規則第14A.55條,確認該等持續關連交易已:

- (i) 於本集團一般日常業務過程中訂立;
- (ii) 按一般商業條款或更佳條款進行;及
- (iii) 根據規管有關持續關連交易的有關協議 進行,而有關條款屬公平合理,並符合本 集團及股東的整體利益。

本公司核數師已受聘根據香港會計師公會發出的香港核證委聘準則第3000號(經修訂)「審核或審閱過往財務資料以外的核證工作」,並參考《實務說明》第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」,就持續關連交易作出報告。

核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56條發出載有 持續關連交易的調查結果及結論的無保留意見 函件。本公司已向聯交所提供核數師函件的文 本。核數師已確認,就持續關連交易而言,彼 等並無發現任何事宜導致彼等認為:

- (i) 持續關連交易未獲董事會批准;
- (ii) 對於本集團提供貨品或服務的交易而言, 該等交易在所有重大方面並無根據本集 團的定價政策進行;
- (iii) 並非在所有重大方面根據規管相關持續 關連交易的有關協議訂立交易:及
- (iv) 各持續關連交易總額已超過年度上限。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,向本集團五大客戶作出的銷售額佔本集團年度收入約4.3%,而向最大客戶作出的銷售額則佔本集團年度收入約1.5%。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,向本集團五大供應商作出的採購額佔本集團年度採購額約8.7%,而向最大供應商作出的採購額則佔本集團年度採購額約2.9%。

概無董事或彼等的任何緊密聯繫人士或任何股東(就董事所知,於本公司已發行股本中擁有超過5%權益)於本集團任何五大客戶及供應商擁有任何權益。

Upon reviewing the CCTs and the report of the auditor of the Company, each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed in accordance with Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules that the CCTs have been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the relevant CCTs and on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the CCTs in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The auditor has issued their unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the CCTs in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange. The auditor has confirmed that regarding the CCTs, nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that:

- (i) the CCTs have not been approved by the Board;
- (ii) for transactions involving the provision of goods or services by the Group, such transactions were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group;
- (iii) the transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing respective CCTs; and
- (iv) the aggregate amount of each of the CCTs has exceeded the Annual Caps.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2021, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 4.3% of the Group's revenue for the year and sales to the largest customer amounted to approximately 1.5% of the Group's revenue for the year.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 8.7% of the Group's purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier amounted to approximately 2.9% of the Group's purchases for the year.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in any of the five largest customers and suppliers of the Group.

董事

DIRECTORS

於年內及截至本報告日期的董事如下:

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

		委任日期 Date of appointment	辭任日期 Date of resignation
執行董事 黃俊康先生 <i>(主席兼行政總裁)</i> 袁志偉先生	Executive Directors Mr WONG Chun Hong (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Mr YUAN Zhi Wei	二零零九年八月 二十五日 25 August 2009 二零一七年九月一日	不適用 N/A 二零二一年五月三十一日
林美家女士 梁瑞池先生	Ms LAM Mei Ka, Shirley Mr LIANG Rui Chi	1 September 2017 二零一八年三月一日 1 March 2018 二零一九年八月五日 5 August 2019	7
非執行董事 葉康文先生 隗強先生	Non-executive Directors Mr YIP Hoong Mun Mr KUI Qiang	二零一七年九月一日 1 September 2017 二零一九年十二月六日 6 December 2019	不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A
獨立非執行董事 鄭毓和先生	Independent non-executive Directors Mr CHENG Yuk Wo	二零一零年十一月 三十日 30 November 2010	不適用 N/A
吳泗宗教授	Professor WU Si Zong	二零一零年十一月 三十日 30 November 2010	不適用 N/A
陳儀先生	Mr CHAN Yee Herman	二零一八年一月二日 2 January 2018	不適用 N/A

根據章程細則第84(1)條,於每屆股東週年大 會上,當時三分之一的董事(倘人數並非三的 倍數,則取最接近但不少於三分之一的人數) 須輪席退任,每名董事須至少每三年於股東週 年大會輪席退任一次。每年退任的董事為自上 次獲選連任或委任以來任期最長的董事,倘多 名董事於同日獲選連任,則將以抽籤方式決定 須退任的董事(除非彼等另有協定)。根據章程 細則第84(1)條,梁瑞池先生、葉康文先生及 隗強先生將於二零二二年股東週年大會退任及 符合資格並願意膺選連任。

In accordance with Article 84(1) of the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than onethird) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. The Directors to retire in every year will be those who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment but as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire will (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. By virtue of Article 84(1) of the Articles of Association, Mr LIANG Rui Chi, Mr YIP Hoong Mun and Mr KUI Qiang will retire from office and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the 2022 AGM.

鄭毓和先生為本公司服務超過九年。作為經驗 豐富、見識深廣,對本公司的業務營運瞭解透 徹的獨立非執行董事,鄭毓和先生於過往年度 一直向本公司表達客觀的見解及給予獨立的指 導。董事會認為鄭毓和先生的長期服務並不會 影響彼等行使獨立判斷,並信納鄭毓和先生具 備所需誠信及經驗繼續擔任獨立非執行董事角 色,並認為鄭毓和先生具備獨立性。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 第3.13條就其獨立身分所發出的年度確認。本 公司認為於本報告日期,全體獨立非執行董事 均為獨立人士。

董事及高級管理層履歷

董事及本集團高級管理層履歷詳情載於本報告 的「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。

董事的履歷詳情變更

經本公司作出具體查詢後並根據董事發出的確 認書,自本公司最近期刊發年報以來,概無董 事的資料變更須根據上市規則第13.51B條予 以披露。

董事服務合約

擬於二零二二年股東週年大會上重選連任的董 事概無訂立本集團於一年內在未付賠償(法定 賠償除外)的情況下不可終止的服務合約或委 任書(視情況而定)。

金陋書董

董事袍金須於股東大會上獲得股東批准。其他 酬金由本公司行政總裁釐定,並由薪酬委員會 審閱,當中參考可資比較公司所付薪酬、董事 的投入時間及職責、表現及貢獻以及市況變動。

Mr CHENG Yuk Wo has served the Company for more than nine years. As an independent non-executive Director with extensive experience and knowledge and in-depth understanding of the Company's operations and business, Mr CHENG Yuk Wo has expressed objective views and given independent guidance to the Company over the past years. The Board considered that their long service would not affect their exercise of independent judgment and was satisfied that Mr CHENG Yuk Wo has the required integrity and experience to continue fulfilling the role of an independent non-executive Director and consider Mr CHENG Yuk Wo to be independent.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that, as at the date of this report, all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S **BIOGRAPHIES**

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out in the section of Biography of Directors and Senior Management.

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS

Upon specific enquiry by the Company and based on the confirmations from the Directors, there has been no change in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B of the Listing Rules since the Company's last published annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the 2022 AGM has a service contract or appointment letter (as the case may be) which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Company's Chief Executive Officer and reviewed by the Remuneration Committee with reference to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, performance and contributions of the Directors and also the change in market conditions.

董事於交易、安排或合約的權益

除財務報表附註32所披露者外,於回顧財政 年度內或回顧財政年度末概無存續董事或與董 事有關連的實體於其中擁有重大權益(不論直 接或間接)的重大交易、安排或合約。

高級管理層之酬金

按組別劃分之本公司高層管理層之酬金如下:

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTION. ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACT

Save as disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements, there is no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance subsisting during or at the end of the financial year under review in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly.

REMUNERATION FOR SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The emoluments of the senior management of the Group by bands are as follows:

		人數 Number of individuals
2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	1
3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	1
4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	1
4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	2

董事及主要行政人員於本公司及 其相聯法團的股份、相關股份及 債券的權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及 主要行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或 債券中擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第 7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所(包括彼等根 據證券及期貨條例的該等條文被當作或被視作 擁有的權益及淡倉);或(ii)根據證券及期貨條 例第352條須記錄於該條例所指登記冊;或(iii) 根據上市規則所載標準守則須知會本公司及聯 交所的權益及淡倉如下:

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules, were as follows:

於本公司股份及相關股份的好倉

Long positions in Shares and underlying Shares of the Company

權益類別	持有股份 數目(股)	持有購股權 數目(股)	持有永久 可換股證券 數目(股)	持有股份及 相關股份總數 Total number	佔已發行股份 概約百分比
	Number of	Number of Share	Number of		Approximate
	Shares held		PCSs held		percentage of
Type of interest	(Shares)	(Shares)	(Shares)	Shares held (附註1)	issued Shares
			(c)	(a)+(b)+(c)	(%)
受控法團權益	148.500	_	_	148.500股股份 (L)	0.01
Interest in a controlled corporation				148,500 Shares (L)	
信託創立人	417,593,500		116,552,800	534,146,300股股份 (L)	37.8
Settlor of a trust				534,146,300 Shares (L)	
實益擁有人	5,083,200	1,400,000	-	6,483,200股股份 (L)	0.46
Beneficial owner				6,483,200 Shares (L)	
實益擁有人	_	1,420,000	_	1,420,000股股份 (L)	0.10
Beneficial owner				1,420,000 Shares (L)	
實益擁有人	_	400,000	_	400,000股股份 (L)	0.03
Beneficial owner				400,000 Shares (L)	
	受控法團權益 Interest in a controlled corporation 信託創立人 Settlor of a trust 實益擁有人 Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	權益類別 數目(股) Number of Shares held (Shares) (a) 受控法團權益 148,500 Interest in a controlled corporation 信託創立人 417,593,500 Settlor of a trust 實益擁有人 5,083,200 Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 —	横益類別 數目(股) 数目(股) Number of Shares held (Shares) (Shares held (Shares) (Shares) (Shares) (Shares) (Shares) (Shares) (Shares) グ控法團権益 148,500 - Interest in a controlled corporation 信託創立人 417,593,500 - Settlor of a trust 質益擁有人 5,083,200 1,400,000 Beneficial owner 寛益擁有人 - 1,420,000 Beneficial owner	接有股份 转有關股權 可換股證券 數目(股) 數目(股) 數目(股) 數目(股) 數目(股) 數目(股) 數目(股) 數目(股) 數目(股) 数目(股) 数目(股) 数目(股) 数目(股) 数目(股) 和加速 (Shares held options held (Shares) (Share	接益類別 數目 (股) 數目 (股) 數目 (股) 數目 (股) 相關股份經數 Total number of Shares held options held (內註 1) (Note 1) (Not

附註:

- (1) 「L」指董事於股份或相關股份的好倉。
- Kang Jun Limited (「Kang Jun」) 由黃先生全資擁有, 根據證券及期貨條例,黃先生被視為於由Kang Jun 持有的 148,500 股股份中擁有權益。Chance Again由BVI Co全資擁有。BVI Co的全部已發行股 本則由滙豐國際信託作為黃氏家族信託受託人全 資擁有,其受益人包括黃先生的家族成員。黃先 生為黃氏家族信託的創立人及保護人。根據證券 及期貨條例,黃先生被視為於Chance Again持有 的417,593,500股股份及由Chance Again持有與 永久可換股證券有關的116,552,800股相關股份 中擁有權益。黃先生亦實益擁有5,083,200股股 份及根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃獲本公司授 出之1,400,000份購股權(第一批)。所有該等於 二零二一年十二月三十一日仍可行使之購股權, 可於二零一三年六月二十六日至二零二二年六月 二十五日期間按每股股份2.264港元之認購價行使。

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the Director's long position in the Shares or underlying Shares.
- Kang Jun Limited ("Kang Jun") is wholly-owned by Mr WONG. By virtue of the SFO, Mr WONG is deemed to be interested in 148,500 Shares held by Kang Jun. Chance Again is wholly-owned by BVI Co. The entire issued share capital of BVI Co is wholly-owned by HSBC International Trustee as the trustee of the Wong's Family Trust and the beneficiaries of which include Mr Wong's family members. Mr WONG is the settlor and the protector of the Wong's Family Trust. By virtue of the SFO, Mr WONG is deemed to be interested in 417,593,500 Shares held by Chance Again and 116,552,800 underlying Shares in relation to the PCSs held by Chance Again. And Mr WONG beneficially owned 5,083,200 Shares and 1,400,000 options granted to him by the Company under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme (Lot 1). These share options, all of which remained exercisable as at 31 December 2021, were exercisable at the subscription price of HK\$2.264 per Share during the period from 26 June 2013 to 25 June 2022.

- 鄭先生擁有的相關股份好倉包括(i)根據首次公開 發售後購股權計劃獲本公司授出的420,000份購 股權(第一批)及(ii)根據首次公開發售後購股權計 劃獲本公司授出的1,000,000份購股權(第三批)。 所有該等於二零二一年十二月三十一日仍可行使 的購股權中,(i) 420,000份購股權(第一批)可於二 零一三年六月二十六日至二零二二年六月二十五 日期間按每股股份2.264港元的認購價行使,及(ii) 1,000,000份購股權(第三批)可於二零一六年四月 二十八日至二零二五年四月二十七日期間按每股 股份3.3港元的認購價行使。
- 吳教授擁有的相關股份好倉包括根據首次公開發 售後購股權計劃獲本公司授出的400,000份購股權 (第三批)。於二零二一年十二月三十一日仍可行 使的購股權中,400,000份購股權(第三批)可於二 零一六年四月二十八日至二零二五年四月二十七 日期間按每股股份3.3港元的認購價行使。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,董事或本公司主要行政人員概無於 本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債券中擁有 或被視作擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部 第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所(包括彼等 根據證券及期貨條例的該等條文被當作或被視 作擁有的權益及淡倉);或(ii)根據證券及期貨 條例第352條須記錄於該條例所指登記冊;或(iii) 根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或 淡倉。

董事收購股份或債券的權利

除本報告所披露者外,董事或其各自的配偶或 未成年子女概無於年內任何時間獲授予可藉購 入本公司股份或債券而獲益的權利,且彼等亦 無行使任何該等權利;本公司、其控股公司或 其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司亦無參與訂立 任何安排,致使董事或其各自的配偶或未成年 子女可取得任何其他法人團體的該等權利。

董事於競爭業務的權益

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,概無 董事被視作於直接或間接與本集團業務構成競 爭或可能構成競爭之業務(定義見上市規則)中 擁有權益。

- Mr CHENG's long position in the underlying Shares comprises (i) 420,000 options granted to him by the Company under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme (Lot 1) and (ii) 1,000,000 options granted to him by the Company under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme (Lot 3). These share options, all of which remained exercisable as at 31 December 2021, were exercisable as to (i) 420,000 share options (Lot 1) at the subscription price of HK\$2.264 per Share during the period from 26 June 2013 to 25 June 2022 and (ii) 1,000,000 Share options (Lot 3) at the subscription price of HK\$3.3 per Share during the period from 28 April 2016 to 27 April 2025.
- Professor WU's long position in the underlying Shares comprises 400,000 options by the Company under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme (Lot 3). The share options, which remained exercisable as at 31 December 2021, were exercisable as to 400,000 Share options (Lot 3) at the subscription price of HK\$3.3 per Share during the period from 28 April 2016 to 27 April 2025.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors or the chief executives of the Company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (i) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR **DEBENTURES**

Save as disclosed in this report, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any of the Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; nor was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or their respective spouses or minor children to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

For the year ended 31 December 2021, none of the Directors are considered to have interests in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, as defined in the Listing Rules.

獲准許的彌償條文

章程細則規定,董事可就彼等因執行職務或有關的其他原因而將會或可能承擔或蒙受的所有訴訟、成本、押記、虧損、損害及開支獲得以本公司的資產及盈利作出的彌償保證及免受損害,惟此彌償保證並不延伸至與任何董事可能涉及的任何欺詐或不誠實行為有關的任何事項。

於回顧年度內及本報告日期,本公司已購買及維持董事責任保險,為董事提供適當保障。

股本掛鈎協議

於年內訂立或於年底仍存續的股本掛鈎協議的 詳情載列如下:

購股權計劃

本公司已於二零一一年二月二十八日採納首 次公開發售後購股權計劃,旨在表彰及感謝合 資格僱員對本集團已作出或可能作出的貢獻。 於二零一二年六月二十六日、二零一三年六月 二十日、二零一五年四月二十八日、二零一五 年九月八日、二零一五年十月二十三日及二零 一六年十二月五日,本集團根據首次公開發售 後購股權計劃分別以每股2.264港元(經調整)、 每股4.14港元、每股3.3港元、每股3.65港元、 每股3.45港元及每股2.796港元的行使價,向 本集團若干董事、高級管理層及入選僱員授 出15,720,000份購股權(第一批)、14,000,000 份購股權(第二批)、82,650,000份購股權 (第三批)、3,000,000份購股權(第四批)、 10,000,000 份購股權(第五批)及31,000,000份 購股權(第六批)。首次公開發售後購股權計劃 於二零二一年二月二十七日屆滿。雖然並無新 的購股權可授出,於計劃屆滿前授出的所有尚 未行使購股權根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃 的規則應繼續有效且可行使。在首次公開發售 後購股權計劃所載若干限制的規限下,可於適 用購股權期間(即授出有關購股權當日起計十 年內)隨時根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃條 款及授出購股權的有關條款行使購股權。所有 尚未行使購股權已於各自屆滿日期前歸屬且可 由承授人行使。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Articles of Association provide that the Directors are entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they shall or may incur or sustain in or about the execution of the duties of their office or otherwise in relation thereto, provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any of the Directors.

The Company has purchased and maintained Directors' liability insurance during the year under review and as at the date of this report, which provides appropriate cover for the Directors.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Details of the equity-linked agreements entered into during the year or subsisting at the end of the year are set out below:

Share Option Schemes

The Company adopted the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme on 28 February 2011 for the purpose of recognizing and acknowledging contributions that eligible employees have made or may make to the Group. On 26 June 2012, 20 June 2013, 28 April 2015, 8 September 2015, 23 October 2015 and 5 December 2016, the Group granted 15,720,000 share options (Lot 1), 14,000,000 share options (Lot 2), 82,650,000 share options (Lot 3), 3,000,000 share options (Lot 4), 10,000,000 share options (Lot 5) and 31,000,000 share options (Lot 6) respectively, under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme at the exercise prices of HK\$2.264 per Share (adjusted), HK\$4.14 per Share, HK\$3.3 per Share, HK\$3.65 per Share, HK\$3.45 per Share and HK\$2.796 per Share respectively, to certain Directors, senior management and selected employees of the Group. The post-IPO share option scheme expired on 27 February 2021. While no new share option can be granted, all outstanding share options granted prior to the expiration of the scheme shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the rules of the post-IPO share option scheme. Subject to certain restrictions contained in the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme, an option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and the terms of grant thereof at any time during the applicable option period, which is not more than 10 years from the date of grant of the relevant share option. All the outstanding share options have been vested and may be exercised by the grantees prior to the respective expiry dates thereof.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,根據 首次公開發售前及首次公開發售後購股權計劃 的尚未行使購股權變動如下:

Movement of the outstanding share options under the pre-IPO and post-IPO share option schemes during the year ended 31 December 2021 is as follows:

		行使價 Exercise Price 每股港元 HK\$ per Share	於 二零二一年 一月一日 As at 1 January 2021	已授出 購股權 Share options granted	已行使 購股權 Share options exercised	已註銷 購股權 Share options cancelled	已失效 購股權 Share options lapsed	於 二零二一年 十二月 三十一日 As at 31 December 2021
首次公開發售後	Post-IPO							
第一批	Lot 1	2.264	3,451,500	_	_	-	55,500	3,396,000
第二批	Lot 2	4.14	6,716,000	6 6 -	-	_	2,570,000	4,146,000
第三批	Lot 3	3.3	48,923,000	_	_	-	17,705,000	31,218,000
第四批	Lot 4	3.65	420,000	-		-	200,000	220,000
第五批	Lot 5	3.45	10,000,000	_	_	-	-	10,000,000
第六批	Lot 6	2.796	22,700,000	-	-	_	2,700,000	20,000,000
總計	Total		92,210,500	-		-	23,230,500	68,980,000

於二零二一年一月一日的3,451,500份尚未行 使第一批購股權中,1,400,000份由黃先生持 有、420,000份由鄭先生持有及餘下1,631,500 份由本集團僱員持有。於截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團僱員持有之55,500 份第一批購股權已失效且並無授出、行使或 註銷第一批購股權。因此,於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,存在3,396,000份尚未行使第一 批購股權,其中1,400,000份由黃先生持有、 420,000份由鄭先生持有及餘下1,576,000份由 本集團僱員持有。

於二零二一年一月一日之所有6,716,000份尚 未行使第二批購股權由本集團僱員持有。於 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團僱員持有之全部2,570,000份第二批購股 權已失效且並無授出、行使或註銷第二批購 股權。因此,於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 4,146,000份尚未行使第二批購股權全部由本 集團僱員持有。

Out of the 3,451,500 outstanding Lot 1 share options as at 1 January 2021, 1,400,000 of which were held by Mr. WONG, 420,000 of which were held by Mr. CHENG while the remaining 1,631,500 were held by employees of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2021, 55,500 Lot 1 share options held by employees of the Group lapsed and no Lot 1 share option was granted, exercised or cancelled. Therefore, as at 31 December 2021, there were 3,396,000 outstanding Lot 1 share options, out of which 1,400,000 were held by Mr. WONG, 420,000 of which were held by Mr. CHENG while the remaining 1,576,000 were held by employees of the Group.

All 6,716,000 outstanding Lot 2 share options as at 1 January 2021 were held by employees of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2021, 2,570,000 Lot 2 share options all held by employees of the Group lapsed and no Lot 2 share option was granted, exercised or cancelled. Therefore, as at 31 December 2021, there were 4,146,000 outstanding Lot 2 share options all held by employees of the Group.

於二零二一年一月一日,48,923,000份尚未行使第三批購股權中,1,000,000份由鄭先生持有、400,000份由吳教授持有及餘下47,523,000份由本集團僱員持有。於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團僱員持有之17,705,000份第三批購股權已失效且並無授出、行使或註銷第三批購股權。因此,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,存在31,218,000份尚未行使第三批購股權,其中1,000,000份由鄭先生持有、400,000份由吳教授持有及餘下29,818,000份由本集團僱員持有。

於二零二一年一月一日,所有420,000份尚未行使第四批購股權由本集團僱員持有。於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團僱員持有之全部200,000份第四批購股權已失效且並無授出、行使或註銷第四批購股權。因此,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,220,000份尚

於二零二一年一月一日,所有10,000,000份尚未行使第五批購股權由本集團僱員持有。於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,並無授出、行使、註銷或失效第五批購股權。因此,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,10,000,000份尚未行使第五批購股權全部由本集團僱員持有。

未行使第四批購股權全部由本集團僱員持有。

於二零二一年一月一日,所有22,700,000份 尚未行使第六批購股權由本集團僱員持有。 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團僱員持有之全部2,700,000份第六批購 股權已失效且並無授出、行使或註銷第六批購 股權。因此,於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 20,000,000份尚未行使第六批購股權全部由本 集團僱員持有。

有關本公司的股份獎勵及購股權計劃的進一步 詳情載於財務報告附註27。 Out of the 48,923,000 outstanding Lot 3 share options as at 1 January 2021, 1,000,000 of which were held by Mr. CHENG, 400,000 of which were held by Professor WU while the remaining 47,523,000 were held by employees of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2021, 17,705,000 Lot 3 share options held by employees of the Group lapsed and no Lot 3 share option was granted, exercised or cancelled. Therefore, as at 31 December 2021, there were 31,218,000 outstanding Lot 3 share options, out of which 1,000,000 were held by Mr. CHENG, 400,000 of which were held by Professor WU while the remaining 29,818,000 were held by employees of the Group.

All 420,000 outstanding Lot 4 share options as at 1 January 2021 were held by employees of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2021, 200,000 Lot 4 share options all held by employees of the Group lapsed and no Lot 4 share option was granted, exercised or cancelled. Therefore, as at 31 December 2021, there were 220,000 outstanding Lot 4 share options all held by employees of the Group.

All 10,000,000 outstanding Lot 5 share options as at 1 January 2021 were held by employees of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2021, no Lot 5 share option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed. Therefore, as at 31 December 2021, there were 10,000,000 outstanding Lot 5 share options all held by employees of the Group.

All 22,700,000 outstanding Lot 6 share options as at 1 January 2021 were held by employees of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2021, 2,700,000 Lot 6 share options all held by employees of the Group lapsed and no Lot 6 share option was granted, exercised or cancelled. Therefore, as at 31 December 2021, there were 20,000,000 outstanding Lot 6 share options all held by employees of the Group.

Further details of the share award and share option schemes of the Company are set out in note 27 to the financial statements.

永久次級可換股證券(「永久次級 可換股證券一

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度 仍存續有關發行紅利永久次級可換股證券的平 邊契據的詳情載列如下:

於二零一三年六月二十日,本公司就發行 25,092,080港元的紅利永久次級可換股證券 簽立平邊契據。紅利永久次級可換股證券將 不可贖回,但將有兑換權,賦予紅利永久次級 可換股證券持有人兑換合共250,920,800股股 份(可予調整)的權利。發行紅利永久次級可 換股證券的先決條件載於本公司日期為二零 一三年三月二十七日的公告第9頁。發行永久 次級可換股證券的所有先決條件已於二零一三 年六月二十日達成。於刊發本報告前的最後 可行日期,為數13,436,800港元的永久次級可 換股證券已兑換為134,368,000股股份,而為 數11,655,280港元的尚未行使永久次級可換 股證券可兑換為116,552,800股股份(可予調 整)。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零一三年三 月二十七日的公告。

董事認為,發行紅利永久次級可換股證券乃恢 復股份最低公眾持股量的可行兼有效解決方法。

重大合約

回顧年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司與本公 司或其任何附屬公司的控股股東概無訂立任何 重大合約。

概無就本公司或其任何附屬公司的控股股東向 本公司或其任何附屬公司提供服務訂立任何重 大合約。

管理合約

回顧年度內,除僱傭合約外,概無訂立或存在 任何有關本公司或其任何附屬公司全部或任何 重大部分的業務管理及行政的合約。

PERPETUAL SUBORDINATED CONVERTIBLE **SECURITIES ("PCSs")**

Details of the deed poll in relation to the bonus issue of the PCSs subsisting at the financial year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

On 20 June 2013, the Company executed the deed poll in relation to the bonus issue of HK\$25,092,080 PCSs. The bonus PCSs will be irredeemable but will have conversion rights entitling the bonus PCS holders to convert into an aggregate of 250,920,800 Shares (subject to adjustment). The conditions precedent of the bonus issue of the PCSs are set out on page 9 of the Company's announcement dated 27 March 2013. All the conditions precedent of the issue of the PCSs had been fulfilled on 20 June 2013. As at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this report, HK\$13,436,800 PCSs had been converted into 134,368,000 Shares, and there were HK\$11,655,280 outstanding PCSs which can be convertible into 116,552,800 Shares (subject to adjustment). For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 27 March 2013.

The Directors considered that the bonus issue of the PCSs was a feasible and practical solution to restore the minimum public float of the Shares.

CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance had been entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling shareholder of the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year under review.

There is no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by the controlling shareholder of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company or any of its subsidiaries were entered into or existed during the year under review.

主要股東於本公司股份或相關股份的權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,據任何董事或本公司主要行政人員所知悉,以下人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於本公司股份的中擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部項下條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉,部接或間接擁有附有權利可在任何情況下於本值數份股本面值5%或以上的權益:

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES OR UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2021, so far as is known to any Director or the chief executive officer of the Company, the following persons (other than a Director or the chief executive officer of the Company) had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO or which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or, who was, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at the general meetings of any other members of the Group:

名稱/姓名 Name	身份 Capacity	持有股份 數目 Number of Shares held	持有購股權 數目 Number of Share options held	持有永久 可換股證券 數目 Number of PCSs held	持有股份及 相關股份總數 Total number of Shares and underlying Shares held (附註1) (Note 1)	佔已發行股份 的概約百分比 Approximate percentage of issued Shares
						(%)
Chance Again (附註2) Chance Again (Note 2)	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	417,593,500	-	116,552,800	534,146,300股股份 (L) 534,146,300 Shares (L)	37.81
BVI Co (附註2) BVI Co (Note 2)	受控法團權益 Interest in a controlled corporation	417,593,500	-	116,552,800	534,146,300股股份 (L) 534,146,300 Shares (L)	37.81
滙豐國際信託(附註2) HSBC International Trustee (Note 2)	信託受託人 Trustee of a trust	417,593,500	-	116,552,800	534,146,300股股份 (L) 534,146,300 Shares (L)	37.81
廖彩蓮女士(「 廖女士 」) (附註2及3) Ms LIU Choi Lin (" Ms LIU ") (Notes 2 & 3)	配偶權益 Interest of spouse	422,825,200	1,400,000	116,552,800	540,778,000 股股份 (L) 540,778,000 Shares (L)	38.28
彩雲(附註4) Caiyun (Note 4)	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	400,959,840	-	-	400,959,840 股股份 (L) 400,959,840 Shares (L)	28.38
雲南康旅集團 (附註 4) YHCT (Note 4)	受控法團權益 Interest in a controlled corporation	400,959,840	-	-	400,959,840 股股份 (L) 400,959,840 Shares (L)	28.38
Crown Investments Limited (「Crown Investments」)(附註5) Crown Investments Limited	受控法團權益 Interest in a controlled corporation	227,970,810	-	-	227,970,810股股份 (L) 227,970,810 Shares (L)	16.14
("Crown Investments") (Note 5)						
Metro Holdings Limited (「 Metro 」) (附註5) Metro Holdings Limited (" Metro ") (Note 5)	受控法團權益 Interest in a controlled corporation	228,390,110	-		228,390,110 股股份 (L) 228,390,110 Shares (L)	16.17
ONG Jenn 先生(附註6) Mr ONG Jenn (Note 6)	受控法團權益 Interest in a controlled corporation	228,390,110	77/-	-	228,390,110股股份 (L) 228,390,110 Shares (L)	16.17
ONG Sek Hian 先生 (附註6) Mr ONG Sek Hian (Note 6)	受控法團權益 Interest in a controlled corporation	228,390,110	-	-	228,390,110 股股份 (L) 228,390,110 Shares (L)	16.17
	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000 股股份 (L) 2,000,000 Shares (L)	0.14

附註:

- [L]指有關人士於本公司股份或相關股份的好倉。 (1)
- Chance Again 由 BVI Co 全資擁有。 BVI Co 全部已 發行股本由滙豐國際信託作為黃氏家族信託的 受託人全資擁有。黃先生為黃氏家族信託的創立 人及保護人。根據證券及期貨條例,黃先生被視 為於Chance Again 持有的417,593,500 股股份及 由Chance Again 持有與永久可換股證券有關的 116,552,800股相關股份中擁有權益。
- 廖女十為黃先生的配偶。根據證券及期貨條例, 廖女士被視為於黃先生擁有權益的所有股份及相 關股份中擁有權益。
- 400,959,840 股股份由彩雲(由雲南康旅集團全資 擁有)持有。因此,雲南康旅集團被視為於彩雲所 持有的所有股份及相關股份中擁有權益。
- 227,970,810股股份由Crown Investments持有,而 Crown Investments

 Metro China Holdings Pte Ltd 全資擁有,Metro China Holdings Pte Ltd則由Metro 全資擁有。419,300股股份由Meren Pte Ltd持有, 而 Meren Pte Ltd 由 Metro 全資擁有。根據證券及期 貨條例,Metro被視為於分別由Crown Investments 及 Meren Pte Ltd 持有的 227.970.810 股股份及 419,300股股份中擁有權益。
- 美羅的最終控股股東(定義見上市規則)為Ong Jenn 先生及Ong Sek Hian 先生,彼等於美羅的 直接權益及視為擁有權益合共約為35.398%.根 據證券及期貨條例, ONG Jenn 先生被視為於分 別由Crown Investments及Meren Pte Ltd持有的 227,970,810股股份及419,300股股份中擁有權 益。ONG Sek Hian先生被視為於分別由Crown Investments及Meren Pte Ltd持有的227,970,810股 股份及419,300股股份中擁有權益。此外,ONG Sek Hian 先生實益擁有 2,000,000 股股份。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,概無任何人士(董事或本公司主要 行政人員除外)在本公司股份及相關股份中擁 有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條 規定須予存置的登記冊或根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司及聯交所 披露的任何權益或淡倉。

附註: 本報告所載若干金額及百分比數字已經湊至整數。 因此,若干圖表總金額一欄所示的數字或與數字 相加計算所得總數略有出入。

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company.
- Chance Again is wholly-owned by BVI Co. The entire issued share capital of BVI Co is wholly-owned by HSBC International Trustee as the trustee of the Wong's Family Trust. Mr WONG is the settlor and the protector of the Wong's Family Trust. By virtue of the SFO, Mr WONG is deemed to be interested in 417,593,500 Shares held by Chance Again and 116,552,800 underlying Shares in relation to the PCSs held by Chance Again.
- Ms LIU is the spouse of Mr WONG. By virtue of the SFO, Ms LIU is deemed to be interested in all the Shares and underlying Shares in which Mr WONG is interested.
- 400,959,840 Shares were held by Caiyun, which is wholly-owned by YHCT. Accordingly, YHCT is deemed to be interested in all the Shares and the underlying Shares held by
- 227,970,810 Shares were held by Crown Investments which was in turn wholly-owned by Metro China Holdings Pte Ltd which was in turn wholly-owned by Metro. 419,300 Shares were held by Meren Pte Ltd which was in turn wholly-owned by Metro. By virtue of the SFO, Metro is deemed to be interested in 227,970,810 Shares and 419,300 Shares held by Crown Investments and Meren Pte Ltd, respectively.
- Metro's ultimate controlling shareholders (as defined under the Listing Rules) are Mr. Ong Jenn and Mr. Ong Sek Hian, and their aggregate direct and deemed interest in Metro is approximately 35.398%. By virtue of the SFO, Mr ONG Jenn is deemed to be interested in the 227,970,810 Shares and 419,300 Shares held by Crown Investments and Meren Pte Ltd, respectively. Mr ONG Sek Hian is deemed to be interested in the 227,970,810 Shares and 419,300 Shares held by Crown Investments and Meren Pte Ltd, respectively. In addition, Mr ONG Sek Hian beneficially owned 2,000,000 Shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, no person (other than a Director or chief executive(s) of the Company) had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO or which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

Notes: Certain amounts and percentage figures included in this report have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, figures shown as total sums in certain tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of figures preceding them.

遵守不競爭承諾

為使本集團免於潛在競爭,黃先生與本公司訂立一項不競爭契據(「不競爭契據」),據此彼向本公司(為本公司及本集團其他成員公司利益)聲明、保證及承諾(其中包括),在沒有經過本集團的情況下,彼或其任何聯繫人士目前並無直接或間接擁有、參與或從事,或者可能擁有、參與或從事任何現時或將會直接或間接與本集團的業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭的任何業務。不競爭契據詳情載於本公司日期為二零一一年三月十一日之招股章程「與本公司控股股東及思嘉伯集團的關係」一節的「黃先生的不競爭承諾」一段。

本公司已接獲黃先生就彼遵守不競爭契據條款作出的年度確認。

為確保黃先生遵守不競爭契據及管理任何來自 控股股東業務的潛在利益衝突以及保障股東權 益,本公司已採納以下的企業管治措施(「企業 管治措施」):

- (a) 獨立非執行董事每年根據不競爭契據檢 討黃先生遵守承諾的情況;
- (b) 黃先生按本公司要求,提供獨立非執行 董事對黃先生遵守不競爭承諾情況進行 年度檢討所需的一切資料,如:(i)有關彼 或其任何聯繫人士可能識別的業務機遇 資料,包括項目名稱、投資額及地理位置; 及(ii)有關彼或其任何聯繫人於年內從事 的任何物業開發的資料,或作出一項否 定性確認(如適用);
- (c) 本公司於本公司年報或以向公眾發佈公告的形式披露獨立非執行董事審查有關以下事宜的決定(如適用):(i)黃先生遵守及執行其不競爭承諾:(ii)本集團於獲介紹一項商機時行使優先權:及/或(iii)於黃先生違反不競爭承諾時作出強制執行的任何決定:

COMPLIANCE OF NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS

To protect the Group from potential competition, Mr WONG entered into a deed of non-competition (the "**Deed of Non-Competition**") with the Company pursuant to which he represents, warrants and undertakes to the Company (for itself and for the benefit of the other members of the Group), among other things, that other than through the Group, neither he nor any of his associates is currently interested, involved or engaged, or is likely to be interested, involved or engaged, directly or indirectly, in any business which is or is about to be engaged in any business which competes or is likely to compete directly or indirectly with the Group's business. Details of the Deed of Non-Competition have been set out in the paragraph headed "Non-Competition Undertakings from Mr WONG" in the section headed "Relationship with our Controlling Shareholders and the Scarborough Group" of the prospectus of the Company dated 11 March 2011.

The Company has received the annual confirmation from Mr WONG in respect of his compliance with the terms of the Deed of Non-Competition.

In order to ensure compliance by Mr WONG of the Deed of Non-Competition and to manage any potential conflict of interests arising from the business of the Controlling Shareholders and to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders, the Company has adopted the following corporate governance measures (the "Corporate Governance Measures"):

- (a) the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed, on an annual basis, the compliance with the undertakings by Mr WONG under the Deed of Non-Competition;
- (b) Mr WONG provided all information requested by the Company which is necessary for the annual review by the independent non-executive Directors of his compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition such as: (i) information on business opportunities including project names, amount of investment and the geographical location which may be identified by him or any of his associate(s); and (ii) information on any property developments conducted by him or any of his associate(s) during the year or a negative confirmation, as appropriate;
- (c) the Company disclosed decisions on matters reviewed by the independent non-executive Directors relating to (where applicable) (i) compliance and enforcement of Mr WONG's non-competition undertakings; (ii) the exercise of the pre-emption rights where a business opportunity is referred to the Group; and/or (iii) any decision on the enforcement of breaches of his non-competition undertakings either through the annual reports of the Company, or by way of announcement to the public;

- 黄先生於本公司年報中就遵守其不競爭 承諾作出年度聲明,並確保其遵守並執 行不競爭承諾的披露詳情符合上市規則 附錄十四所載企業管治報告中的披露原則;
- (e) 於存在任何實際或潛在利益衝突時,黃 先生須於所有股東及/或董事會會議上 放棄投票;
- 董事會中執行董事、非執行董事與獨立非 執行董事的組成均衡,令董事會具備有 效地作出獨立判斷的穩固基礎。由於獨 立非執行董事具備不同專業領域的知識, 本公司相信獨立非執行董事具備所需才 能及專業知識,在本集團及控股股東之 間出現利益衝突時能作出及行使獨立判斷;
- (g) 當出現潛在利益衝突時,即當董事於一 間將與本集團訂立協議的公司中擁有權 益時,在有關交易中擁有權益的董事不 可出席相關的董事會會議,將不會參與 董事會商議,並於董事會會議上就有關 決議放棄投票,且在相關董事會會議上 不會就有關決議案而計入法定人數內;
- (h) 當出現潛在利益衝突時,控股股東將在 本公司股東大會上就有關決議案放棄投 票;及
- 由於本集團擁有其本身的公司秘書、授 權代表及行政人員,因此在行政上獨立 於控股股東。

董事認為以上企業管治措施足以管理控股股東 及其各自聯繫人士與本集團之間的任何潛在利 益衝突以及保障股東(尤其是少數股東)的權益。

董事確認,截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 財政年度期間,各項企業管治措施的執行效果 理想。

- Mr WONG made an annual declaration on compliance with his non-competition undertakings in the annual report of the Company and ensure that the disclosure of details of his compliance with and the enforcement of his non-competition undertakings is consistent with the principles of disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules;
- Mr WONG abstained from voting in all meetings of the Shareholders and/ or the Board where there is any actual or potential conflicting interest;
- the Board has a balanced composition of executive Directors, non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors so that there is a strong element on the Board that can effectively exercise independent judgement. With expertise in different professional fields, the Company believes that the independent non-executive Directors have the necessary caliber and expertise to form and exercise independent judgement in the event that conflicts of interest between the Group and the controlling shareholders arise;
- in the event that potential conflicts of interest materialise, that is, where a Director has an interest in a company that would enter into an agreement with the Group, the Director(s) with an interest in the relevant transaction(s) would not be allowed to attend the relevant Board meeting, and would be excluded from the Board deliberation and abstained from voting and would not be counted towards guorum in respect of the relevant resolution(s) at such Board meeting;
- in the event that potential conflicts of interest materialise, the (h) controlling shareholders would be required to abstain from voting in the Shareholders' meeting of the Company with respect to the relevant resolution(s); and
- the Group is administratively independent from the controlling shareholders as it has its own company secretary, authorised representatives and administrative personnel.

The Directors consider that the above Corporate Governance Measures are sufficient to manage any potential conflict of interests between the Controlling Shareholders and their respective associates and the Group and to protect the interests of the Shareholders, in particular, the minority Shareholders.

The Directors confirm that each of the Corporate Governance Measures has been performed satisfactorily during the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

遵守相關法律及法規

本集團已制訂合規政策及程序,以確保遵守適用法律、規則及法規(特別是對本集團有重大影響者)。本集團會向其法律顧問尋求專業法律意見,以確保本集團進行的交易和業務均符合適用的法律及法規。於回顧年內,本集團並不知悉本集團違反任何對其造成重大影響的相關法律及法規。

環境政策及表現

本集團努力遵守有關環境保護的法律及法規, 以對環境負責的方式行事,並採取有效措施, 以有效運用資源,達致節能及減廢。本集團已 就辦公室消耗品(如碳粉盒及紙張)制訂內部循 環再用計劃,以盡量減少營運時對環境及自然 資源造成的影響。

本集團將不時檢討其環境政策,並會進一步實施環保措施及行動,以密切提高環境可持續發展。

有關詳情,請參閱本報告的環境、社會及管治 報告。

與本集團員工的關係

本集團相信員工是重要和寶貴的資產。本集團 將為員工提供培訓,以增進彼等對企業價值和 企業文化的認識,並貫徹落實。同時,本集團 建立學習團隊加快年輕領袖的發展和培育,並 讓彼等掌握最新的知識和適時的發展。

本集團亦旨在提供具競爭力和吸引力的薪酬待 遇以留聘員工。管理層每年檢討給予本集團僱 員的薪酬待遇。同時,為對本集團的業務成就 付出貢獻的合資格參與者提供激勵和獎勵,本 集團採納首次公開發售前購股權計劃、股份獎 勵計劃及首次公開發售後購股權計劃。有關該 等計劃的資料載於本報告的董事報告書「購股 權計劃」一段。

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group has compliance policies and procedures in place to ensure adherence to applicable laws, rules and regulations, in particular, those have a significant impact on the Group. The Group would seek professional legal advice from its legal advisers to ensure transactions and business to be performed by the Group are in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations. During the year under review, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on it.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

Acting in an environmentally responsible manner, the Group endeavours to comply with laws and regulations regarding environmental protection and to adopt effective measures to achieve efficient use of resources, energy saving and waste reduction. The Group has implemented internal recycling programme for office consumables such as toner cartridges and paper to minimise the operational impact on the environment and natural resources.

The Group will review its environmental practices from time to time and will implement further eco-friendly measures and practices closely enhancing environmental sustainability.

For details, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report in this report.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE GROUP'S EMPLOYEES

The Group believes that employees are important and valuable assets. The Group will provide trainings for employees to enhance their knowledge in corporate values and culture and to implement them thoroughly. Meanwhile, the Group accelerates development of young leaders and nurtures them in establishing study-oriented teams and keeps them abreast of updated knowledge and timely development.

The Group also aims to provide competitive and attractive remuneration packages to retain the employees. Management reviews annually the remuneration package offered to employees of the Group. Meanwhile, for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contributed to the success of the Group's operations, the Group adopted the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, the Share Award Scheme and the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme. Information about these scheme is set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Schemes" in the Directors' Report of this report.

與本集團客戶及供應商的關係

本集團重視與供應商和客戶的長期關係。本集 團旨在為客戶提供優質物業和服務,並建立互 信和促進本集團及其供應商(特別是與商業銀 行和金融機構)之間的溝通和加強彼此間的承 諾,原因為本集團的業務屬資本密集性質,持 續需要資金以維持可持續增長。

報告期後的重要事項

除本年報其他章節所披露者,於報告期後,概 無任何影響本集團的重要事項。

足夠公眾持股量

截至刊發本報告前的最後可行日期,根據本公 司可從公開途徑取得的資料及據董事所知悉, 本公司符合上市規則項下公眾持股量規定。

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所將於本公司應屆股東週年 大會退任,屆時將提呈續聘其為本公司核數師 的決議案。

RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE GROUP'S CUSTOMERS **AND SUPPLIERS**

The Group values long standing relationships with its suppliers and customers. The Group aims at delivering high quality properties and services to its customers and developing mutual trust and enhancing communication and commitment between the Group and its suppliers, especially the commercial banks and financial institutions as the Group's businesses are capital intensive which require on-going funding to maintain sustainable growth.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING **PERIOD**

Save as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, there are no material events affecting the Group after the end of the reporting period.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this report.

AUDITORS

KPMG will retire and a resolution for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

代表董事會 萊蒙國際集團有限公司

主席 黃俊康

香港 二零二二年三月二十五日

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD TOP SPRING INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

WONG Chun Hong

Chairman

Hong Kong 25 March 2022

獨立核數師報告

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



致萊蒙國際集團有限公司股東 的獨立核數師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計載列於第 146至276頁的萊蒙國際集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表及截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實公允地反映 貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審核準則(「**香港審核準則**」)進行審計。我們根據該等準則承擔的責任已在本報告*核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任*一節進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會的*專業會計師道德守則(*「**守則**」),連同開曼群島有關我們審計綜合財務報表的任何道德規定,我們獨立於 貴集團,並已根據該等規定及守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對 審計本期綜合財務報表最為重要的事項。該等 事項在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及就此出具 意見時進行處理,我們不會對該等事項提供單 獨意見。

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Top Spring International Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Top Spring International Holdings Limited ("**the Company**") and its subsidiaries ("**the Group**") set out on pages 146 to 276, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

存貨轉撥至投資物業及投資物業的估值

Transfer of inventories to investment properties and valuation of investment properties

參閱綜合財務報表附註12及會計政策附註2(i)。

Refer to Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies Note 2(i).

關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理該事項

documentation;

and independence:

The Key Audit Matter

How the matter was addressed in our audit

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團持有 位於中國內地及香港的投資物業組合,公允 價值為9,016,630,000港元,合共佔 貴集團 資產總值的31.8%。該等投資物業主要包括住宅、零售及辦公物業。

As at 31 December 2021, the Group held a portfolio of investment properties located in Mainland China and Hong Kong with a fair value of \$9,016,630,000 which, in aggregate, accounted for 31.8% of the Group's total assets. These investment properties principally comprise residential, retail and office premises.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 貴 集團將中國內地的存貨(主要包括賬面總值 為1,308,389,000港元的辦公室及停車位)轉 撥至投資物業。管理層需要對存貨轉撥至投 資物業是否符合現行會計準則中規定的相關 標準作出判斷。這些判斷主要是定性的。

During the year ended 31 Decemeber 2021, the Group transferred inventories in Mainland China, which principally comprised offices and carparks, with an aggregate carrying value of \$1,308,389,000 to investment properties. Management is required to exercise judgement in determining if the relevant criteria as set out in the prevailing accounting standards have been met in order to transfer inventories to investment properties. Such judgements are principally qualitative in nature.

董事根據合資格外部物業估值師公司編製的 獨立估值,評估投資物業於二零二一年十二 月三十一日的公允價值。

The fair values of the investment properties as at 31 December 2021 were assessed by the directors based on independent valuations prepared by a firm of qualified external property valuers.

我們就評估投資物業的估值進行的審計程序包括以下各項:

Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of investment properties included the following:

- 通過檢查物業的租賃協議及其他相關文件,質疑管理層確定從存貨轉撥到投資物業用途變化是否符合準則要求:
 challenging management's criteria for determining the change in use of the properties transferred from inventories to investment properties by inspecting the lease agreements for the properties and other relevant
- 對從存貨轉撥到投資物業的項目進行實地視察, 以抽樣方式觀察各項物業的租賃活動, 並評估管理層聲稱的物業用途變化 : conducting site visits to investment properties transferred from inventories, on a sample basis, to observe the leasing activities of the respective properties and assess the change in use of the properties as asserted by management;
- 取得並調查由管理層委聘的外部物業估值師所編製的估值報告,該估值報告是董事評估投資物業的公允價值的依據:
 obtaining and inspecting the valuation reports prepared by the external property valuers engaged by management and on which the directors' assessment of the fair values of investment properties was based;
- 評估外部物業估值師於所估值物業方面的資歷、經驗及專業知識, 以及考慮彼等的客觀性及獨立性;
 assessing the external property valuers' qualifications, experience and expertise in the properties being valued and considering their objectivity

關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

存貨轉撥至投資物業及投資物業的估值

Transfer of inventories to investment properties and valuation of investment properties

參閱綜合財務報表附註12及會計政策附註2(i)。

Refer to Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies Note 2(i).

關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理該事項

The Key Audit Matter

How the matter was addressed in our audit

釐定該等公允價值涉及管理層的重大判斷及估計,特別是有關選擇適當估值方法、資本化率、市場租金及可比較物業的平均市場價格。The determination of these fair values involves significant management judgement and estimation, particularly in relation to selecting the appropriate valuation methodology, capitalisation rates, market rents and average market price of the comparable properties.

由於評估存貨轉撥至投資物業是否符合標準時行使管理層判斷以及估計物業價值涉及的固有風險,特別是現時經濟狀況,故我們確定存貨轉撥至投資物業及投資物業的估值屬關鍵審計事項。

We identified the transfer of inventories to investment properties and valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter because of the exercise of management judgement in assessing if the criteria for the transfer of inventories to investment properties were met and the inherent risks involved in estimating the values of the properties, particularly in light of the current economic circumstances.

- 在我們內部物業估值專家的協助下,與外部物業估值師討論彼等在估值中採用的估值方法及主要估計及假設 ; with the assistance of our internal property valuation specialists, discussing with the external property valuers their valuation methodology and the key estimates and assumptions adopted in their valuations;
- 透過比較市場可得數據及/或政府所作市場統計數據,以抽樣方式 評估外部物業估值師的估值方法,並對估值中採用的主要估計及假 設(包括資本化率、現行市場租金及可比較市場交易)提出質疑;

 及
 - evaluating the external property valuers' valuation methodology and challenging the key estimates and assumptions (including capitalisation rates, prevailing market rents and comparable market transactions) adopted in the valuations, on a sample basis, by comparison with available market data and/or government produced market statistics; and
- 以抽樣形式將 貴集團向外部物業估值師提供的租賃資料(包括承諾租金及出租率)與相關合約及有關文件作比較。 comparing tenancy information, including committed rents and occupancy rates, provided by the Group to the external property valuers with underlying contracts and related documentation, on a sample basis.

關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

未指定結算日期的應收第三方款項的估值

Valuation of receivables from the third parties without specified dates of settlement

參閱綜合財務報表附註17及會計政策附註2(a)。

Refer to Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies Note 2(q).

關鍵審計事項

The Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理該事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團擁有若干未指定結算日期的應收第三方款項1,366,245,000港元,於綜合財務狀況表分類為透過損益按公允價值入賬(「透過損益按公允價值入賬」)計量的金融資產。於二零二一年, 貴集團就上述應收款項確認相關公允價值虧損13,757,000港元。

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had certain receivables from the third parties without specified dates of settlement of HK\$1,366,245,000 which were classified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss ("**FVPL**") in the consolidated statement of financial position. In 2021, the Group recognised relevant fair value loss of \$13,757,000, regarding the above receivables.

該等金融資產分類為公允價值等級架構的第三級金融工具。該等金融資產的估值乃源自 大量輸入數據及假設的估值模型,且該等輸 入數據及假設大部分無法自市場數據獲取, 對整體計量而言屬重大。

These financial assets are classified as level 3 financial instruments in the fair value hierarchy. The valuations of these financial assets are derived from valuation models which require a number of inputs and assumptions which are not observable from market data and which are significant to the entire measurement.

由於估值該等金融資產涉及的複雜程度及管理層在釐定估值模式所採用輸入數據時所行使的判斷程度將對 貴集團的財務業績產生重大影響,故我們確定未指定結算日期的應收第三方款項的估值屬關鍵審計事項。

We identified the valuation of receivables from the third parties without specified dates of settlement as a key audit matter because of the degree of complexity involved in valuing these financial assets and the degree of judgement exercised by management in determining the inputs used in the valuation models which may have significant impact to the financial results of the Group. 我們就評估未指定結算日期的應收第三方款項的估值進行的審計程序包括以下各項:

Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of receivables from the third parties without specified dates of settlement included the following:

- 取得並調查管理層編製的估值;
 obtaining and inspecting the valuation prepared by management;
- 在我們內部估值專家協助下,參考現行會計標準的規定,評估估值中所採用的估值方法,並對估值中採用的估計未來現金流量及貼現率提出質疑;
 - with the assistance of our internal valuation specialists, assessing the valuation methodology adopted in the valuations with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards and challenging the estimation in future cash flows and discount rates adopted in the valuations;
- 通過閱覽各協議所載條款, 評估 貴集團債務人於估值模式中所採用的估計未來現金流量, 並參考彼等的財務狀況, 對管理層就債務人支付能力及結算時間的假設提出質疑; 及
 - evaluating the Group's estimated future cash flows from the debtor used in the valuation model which include reading the terms set out in the respective agreements and challenging management's assumptions in respect of the ability of the debtors to pay and timing of settlements with reference to the debtors' financial condition; and
- 參考現行會計標準的規定,評估 貴集團於綜合財務報表就估值所 採用的主要輸入數據及假設的披露充足性。
 - assessing the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in relation to the key inputs and assumptions adopted in the valuation with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards.

關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

商譽減值評估

Assessment of impairment of goodwill

參閱綜合財務報表附註13及會計政策附註2(f)。

Refer to Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies Note 2(f).

關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理該事項

The Key Audit Matter

How the matter was addressed in our audit

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,於二零 一八年收購教育相關服務產生的商譽為 40,736,000港元。

As at 31 December 2021, goodwill arising from the acquisition of the educated related service in 2018 amounted to HK\$40,736,000.

管理層每年根據為每一個已獲分配商譽的現金產生單元(「**現金產生單元**」)編製的貼現現金流量預測對商譽進行減值評估。減值評估是由管理層參照管理層委任的外部估值師編製的估值報告進行。

Management perform annual impairment assessment of goodwill based on discounted cash flow forecast prepared for each cashgenerating unit ("CGU") to which goodwill is allocated. The impairment assessment is carried out by management with reference to a valuation report prepared by an external valuer appointed by management.

編製貼現現金流量預測涉及管理層作出重大 判斷,特別是在確定合適的短期和長期收入 增長率、利潤率及貼現率方面。

The preparation of discounted cash flow forecasts involves the exercise of significant management judgement, in particular in determining the appropriate short-term and long-term revenue growth rates, profit margin and discount rates.

我們就評估商譽減值進行的審計程序包括以下各項:

Our audit procedures to assess the impairment of goodwill included the following:

- 了解管理層的減值評估模式,參考現行會計準則的要求,評估對現金產生單位的識別及對該現金產生單位的資產分配: obtaining an understanding of the management's impairment assessment model, evaluating the identification of the CGU and the allocation of assets to that CGU with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
- 評估管理層委任的外部估值師的資歷、 經歷及專業知識 : assessing the qualifications, experience and expertise of the external valuer appointed by management;
- 與管理層討論未來的營運計劃,並透過將該等估計及假設與歷史業績、經濟及行業預測作對比,對貼現現金流量預測中所採用的主要估計及假設(尤其是與收入增長率及利潤率相關者)提出質疑: discussing future operating plans with management and challenging the key estimates and assumptions adopted in the discounted cash flow forecast, in particular in relation to revenue growth rates and profit margin, by comparing these with historical results, economic and industry forecasts;
- 對管理層於年底評估時所得出之可收回金額進行重新計算, 及將經計算的可收回金額與實際賬面值作對比 : re-performing calculations made by management in arriving at the year end assessments of recoverable amounts and comparing the calculated recoverable amounts to the actual carrying amounts;
- 透過對比上一年度的貼現現金流量預測與本年度的結果, 進行追溯 性審閱, 以評估管理層預測過程的可靠性及過往準確性 : performing a retrospective review by comparing the prior year's discounted cash flow forecast with the current year's results to assess the reliability and historical accuracy of management's forecasting process;

閣鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

商譽減值評估

Assessment of impairment of goodwill

關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理該事項

The Key Audit Matter

How the matter was addressed in our audit

由於現金產生單位可收回金額的評估本質上 具有主觀性,並要求管理層作出重大判斷及 估計,這會增加錯誤或管理層偏倚的風險(尤 其是COVID-19對教育行業的影響),故我們 確定商譽減值評估屬關鍵審計事項。

We identified the assessment of impairment of goodwill as a key audit matter because the assessment of the recoverable amounts of CGU can be inherently subjective and requires the exercise of significant management judgement and estimation which increases the risk of error or management bias, in particular the impact to education industry brought by COVID-19.

- 在我們內部估值專家協助下, 透過與同行業其他可比較公司的基準 評估貼現率的恰當性;
 - with the assistance of our internal valuation specialists, evaluating the appropriateness of the discount rates by benchmarking against other comparable companies in the same industry;
- 對主要假設(包括貼現現金流量預測中所用的增長率及貼現率)進行 敏感性分析, 並考慮對減值評估產生的影響及是否有任何跡象顯示 管理層存有偏頗; 及
 - performing sensitivity analysis of key assumptions, including growth rates and discount rates applied in the discounted cash flow forecast and considering the resulting impact on the impairment assessment and whether there were any indicators of management bias; and
- 參考現行會計準則的要求, 評估就管理層的商譽減值評估在綜合財 務報表中的披露。
 - assessing the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of management's impairment assessment of goodwill with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards.

綜合財務報表及我們就此發出的 核數師報告以外的資料

董事須就其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所 載的全部資料,綜合財務報表及我們就此發出 的核數師報告除外。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

就審計綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任是閱覽 其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務 報表或我們在審計過程中所知悉的情況出現重 大不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。

倘我們基於已執行的工作得出此等其他資料存 在重大錯誤陳述,則須報告該事實。我們並無 此方面的報告事項。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編製真實公允的綜合財務報表,以及落實董事認為必要的內部控制,以使編製綜合財務報表時不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與 持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營會計 基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停業, 或別無其他現實的替代方案。

董事在審核委員會協助下履行監督 貴集團財 務報告過程的責任。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OUR AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

我們的目標是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合 理保證,並發出載有我們意見的核數師報告。 本報告僅向 閣下(作為整體)出具。除此以外, 本報告不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告 的內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔責任。

合理保證屬高水平的保證,但並非擔保根據香港審核準則進行的審計總能發現某一存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可由欺詐或錯誤引起,倘個別或整體合理預期將影響使用者根據該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定,則視為重大錯誤陳述。

作為根據香港審核準則進行審計工作的一部分, 我們於整個審計過程中行使專業判斷並持專業 懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或錯誤導致重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足及適當的審計憑證為我們的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或僭越內部控制,故未能發現因欺詐導致的重大錯誤陳述。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計在 各種情況下適用的審計程序,但目的並 非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任(續)

- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及所 作出會計估計及相關披露的合理性。
- 總結董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性,並根據所得審計憑證,總結是否存在重大不明朗因素,涉及可能令 貴集黑色 计續經營能力嚴重成疑的事件或情況。倘我們得出結論認為存在重大不明朗因素,我們須在核數師報告中提請資料,或我會關披露不足,則修訂我們的意論基於截至核數師報告日期所得的審計憑證得出。然而,未來事件或情況可能導致 貴集團不再持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報、結構及 內容(包括披露資料),以及綜合財務報 表是否以公平列報方式反映相關交易及 事件。
- 就 貴集團旗下實體或業務活動的財務 資料獲取充足及適當的審計憑證,以就 綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責指導、 監督及執行 貴集團的審計工作。我們就 審計意見承擔全部責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

獨立核數師報告 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任(續)

我們與審核委員會溝通有關(其中包括)審計工作的計劃範圍及時間以及重大審計發現,包括我們在審計過程中識別的任何內部控制重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已遵守有關獨立性的相關道德規定,並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事項以及(倘適用),為消除威脅而採取的行動或防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定對審計本期綜合財務報表最為重要的該等事項,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,倘我們合理預期在報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過其產生的公眾利益,則決定不在報告中溝通該事項。

發出本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為黃 振邦。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Wong Chun Pong.

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二二年三月二十五日

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

25 March 2022

綜合損益表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度(以港元列示) For the year ended 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

				一馬一馬左
			二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020
		附註	千元	
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
收入	Revenue	4	638,957	575,051
直接成本	Direct costs		(318,788)	(313,922)
			(, , , , ,	<u> </u>
毛利	Gross profit		320,169	261,129
	·		·	,
投資物業及分類為持作 出售的投資物業的估值	Valuation gains/(losses) on investment properties and investment properties			
收益/(虧損)	classified as held for sale	12	202,341	(77,944)
其他收入	Other revenue	5	175,544	139,945
其他收入淨額	Other net income	6	218,551	48,742
銷售及營銷開支	Selling and marketing expenses		(82,825)	(76,898)
行政開支 貿易及其他應收款項的	Administrative expenses Impairment loss on trade and other		(332,774)	(310,126)
演	receivables	29(a)	(9,477)	(18,527)
經營業務產生的盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) from operations		491,529	(33,679)
融資成本	Finance costs	7(a)	(294,547)	(301,811)
分佔聯營公司虧損 分佔合營企業盈利減虧損	Share of losses of associates Share of profits less losses of joint	15	(1,997)	(2,122)
27 旧口召正未血们/%准1点	ventures		(7,397)	(8,992)
除税前盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) before taxation		187,588	(346,604)
所得税 所得税	Income tax	8(a)	(140,874)	(20.032)
がけれ	income tax	O(d)	(140,874)	(20,932)
年度盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year		46.714	(367,536)
一	From (loss) for the year		40,7 14	(307,330)
以下人士應佔:	Attributable to:			
XIXI PECILI	Attributable to.			
本公司權益股東及紅利永久	Equity shareholders of the Company			
次級可換股證券	and holders of bonus perpetual			
(「 永久可換股證券 」) 持有人	subordinated convertible securities		22.422	(202.250)
非控股權益	(" PCSs ") Non-controlling interests		33,432 13,282	(283,258) (84,278)
/ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	130.1 Controlling Interests		13,232	(07,270)
年度盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year		46,714	(367,536)
每股盈利/(虧損)(港元)	Earnings/(loss) per share (HK\$)			
************************************		1.4	0.63	(0.40)
基本及攤薄	Basic and diluted	11	0.02	(0.19)

第154至276頁的附註組成該等財務報表一部 分。應付本公司權益股東及永久可換股證券持 有人股息的詳情載於附註28(b)。

The notes on pages 154 to 276 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company and holders of PCSs are set out in Note 28(b).

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
年度盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year	46,714	(367,536)
年度其他全面收益(除税及重新分 類調整後)	Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax and reclassification adjustments)		
日後將不會重新分類至損益的 項目:	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
於將物業、廠房及設備用途變 更為投資物業之後的重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment upon change of use to investment	5.640	
將用途變更為投資物業的重估 收益所產生的遞延税項負債	properties Deferred tax liability arising on revaluation gain on change of use to investment properties	5,619 (1,405)	-
		4,214	-
日後可能重新分類至損益 的項目:	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
換算匯兑差額: 一境外附屬公司的財務報表 一出售附屬公司後重新分類	Exchange differences on translation of: – financial statements of foreign subsidiaries – reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal	379,050	685,152
至損益	of subsidiaries	624	26
分佔聯營公司及合營企業的	Share of other comprehensive income of	379,674	685,178
其他全面收益	associates and joint ventures	(18,461)	34,047
		361,213	719,225
年度其他全面收益,扣除所得税	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	365,427	719,225
年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	412,141	351,689
以下人士應佔:	Attributable to:		
本公司權益股東及永久可換 股證券持有人 非控股權益	Equity shareholders of the Company and holder of PCSs Non-controlling interests	394,643 17,498	421,274 (69,585)
年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	412,141	351,689

第154至276頁的附註組成該等財務報表一部分。 The notes on pages 154 to 276 form part of these financial statements.

綜合財務狀況表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零二一年十二月三十一日(以港元列示) At 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

			二零二一年	二零二零年
			2021	2020
		附註	千元	千元
		Note	\$'000	\$′000
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
投資物業	Investment properties	12	8,970,030	7,238,615
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	12	192,006	199,281
			9,162,036	7,437,896
無形資產	Intangible assets		3,769	3,769
商譽	Goodwill	13	40,736	40,736
於聯營公司的權益	Interest in associates	15	5,257	7,072
於合營企業的權益	Interest in joint ventures	16	1,069,950	423,328
透過損益按公允價值入賬	Financial assets measured at fair value		,,	,
(「透過損益按公允價值入	through profit or loss (" FVPL ")			
賬 」)計量的金融資產	amough prome or loss (TTTE)	17	1,443,808	1,488,143
其他應收款項	Other receivables	19	268,023	231,761
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	8(d)	87,451	85,540
	Deferred tax assets	o(u)	67,431	65,540
			12,081,030	9,718,245
流動資產	Current assets			
存貨及其他合約成本	Inventories and other contract costs	18	9,951,592	10,884,496
透過損益按公允價值入賬計	Financial assets measured at FVPL	10	3,33 1,332	10,001,150
量的金融資產	Tillalicial assets illeasured at 1 VI L	17	130,858	115,657
貿易及其他應收款項	Trade and other receivables	19	-	
	Trade and other receivables		2,152,059	1,654,142
預付税項	Prepaid tax	8(c)	72,320	38,846
受限制及已抵押存款	Restricted and pledged deposits	20	2,862,004	3,046,639
現金及現金等值項目	Cash and cash equivalents	21(a)	1,077,346	1,653,196
			16,246,179	17,392,976
分類為持作出售的投資物業	Investment properties classified			
	as held for sale	12	46,600	70,657
			16,292,779	17,463,633
流動負債	Current liabilities			
貿易及其他應付款項	Trade and other payables	22	4,252,279	4,004,074
合約負債	Contract liabilities	23	1,927,173	726,231
銀行貸款及其他借貸	Bank loans and other borrowings	24	6,196,768	5,966,708
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	25	7,581	21,971
應付債券	Bonds payable	26	249,665	248,552
應付税項	Tax payable	8(c)	217,567	168,259
75.13 70 71		5(0)		
			12,851,033	11,135,795

綜合財務狀況表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於二零二一年十二月三十一日(以港元列示) At 31 December 2021 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

		附註 Note	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
		Note		
流動資產淨值	Net current assets		3,441,746	6,327,838
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		15,522,776	16,046,083
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
銀行貸款及其他借貸	Bank loans and other borrowings	24	3,649,180	4,495,656
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	25	39,204	40,684
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	8(d)	1,464,559	1,355,501
			5,152,943	5,891,841
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		10,369,833	10,154,242
股本及儲備	CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
股本	Share capital	28(c)	141,273	141,273
儲備	Reserves		10,161,553	9,933,656
本公司權益股東及永久可換 股證券持有人 應佔權益總額	Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company and holders of PCSs		10,302,826	10,074,929
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		67,007	79,313
權益總額	TOTAL EQUITY		10,369,833	10,154,242

董事會於二零二二年三月二十五日批准及授權 Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 March 2022. 刊發。

> 黃俊康 **Wong Chun Hong** 董事 Director

林美家 Lam Mei Ka Shirley 董事 Director

綜合權益變動表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

			本公司權益股東及永久可換股證券持有人應佔 Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company and holders of PCSs										
			股本	股份溢價	發行永久 可換股證券 產生的儲備 Reserve	資本儲備	匯兑儲備	中國法定儲備	其他儲備	保留盈利	總額	- 非控股權益	權益總額
						Capital	Exchange		Other	Retained			
			capital	premium	PCSs	reserve	reserve	reserves	reserve			interests	
			· 千元 \$'000	· 千元 \$'000	千元 \$'000	千元 \$'000	千元 \$ '000	千元 \$′000	千元 \$'000	千元 \$'000	千元 \$ ′000	千元 \$ '000	千元 \$'000
於二零二零年一月一日的結餘	Balance at 1 January 2020		141,273	1,952,155	11,655	78,350	(1,044,084)	486,423	(3,279)	8,061,748	9,684,241	155,932	9,840,173
二零二零年權益變動:	Changes in equity for 2020:												
年度虧損 其他全面收益	Loss for the year Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	- 704,532	-	-	(283,258)	(283,258) 704,532	(84,278) 14,693	(367,536) 719,225
全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	704,532	-	-	(283,258)	421,274	(69,585)	351,689
已沒收購股權及獎勵股份	Share options and awarded shares forfeited		-	-	_	(9,275)	_	_	_	9,275	-	_	_
轉撥至中國法定儲備 上年度宣派的股息	Transfer to PRC statutory reserves Dividends declared in respect of	28(d)(iv)	-	-	-	-	-	2,311	-	(2,311)	-	-	-
向非控股股東派付股息	the previous year Dividend paid to non-controlling	28(b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,586)	(30,586)	-	(30,586)
	shareholder		-			-			-		-	(7,034)	(7,034)
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2020		141,273	1,952,155	11,655	69,075	(339,552)	488,734	(3,279)	7,754,868	10,074,929	79,313	10,154,242

綜合權益變動表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

			本公司權益股東及永久可換股證券特有人應佔 Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company and holders of PCSs											
			股本	股份溢價	發行永久 可換股證券 產生的儲備 Reserve	資本儲備	匯兑儲備	中國法定儲備	物業重估儲備	其他儲備	保留盈利	總額	非控股權益	権益總額
		附註 Note	Share capital 千元 \$'000	Share premium 千元 \$'000	arising from issuance of PCSs $\mp\bar{\pi}$ \$'000	Capital reserve 千元 \$'000	Exchange reserve 千元 \$'000	PRC statutory reserves 千元 \$'000	Property revaluation reserve 千元 \$'000	Other reserve 千元 \$'000	Retained profits 千元 \$'000	Total 千元 \$ ′000	Non-controlling interests $+\pi$ \$'000	Total equity 千元 \$'000
於二零二一年一月一日的結餘	Balance at 1 January 2021		141,273	1,952,155	11,655	69,075	(339,552)	488,734	-	(3,279)	7,754,868	10,074,929	79,313	10,154,242
二零二一年權益變動:	Changes in equity for 2021:													
年度盈利 其他全面收益	Profit for the year Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	- 356,997	-	- 4,214	-	33,432 -	33,432 361,211	13,282 4,216	46,714 365,427
全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	356,997	-	4,214	-	33,432	394,643	17,498	412,141
向非控股權益收購附屬公司的 額外權益	Acquisitions of additional interests in subsidiaries from non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(59,696)	-	(59,696)	(1,383)	(61,079)
已沒收購股權及獎勵股份 轉撥至中國法定儲備	Share options and awarded shares forfeited Transfer to PRC statutory reserves	28(d)(iv)	-	-	-	(16,403)	-	44,363	-	-	16,403 (44,363)	-	-	-
特徴至中國/広延師備 上年度批准的股息	Dividends approved in respect of the previous year	28(d)(lV) 28(b)						44,303		-	(61,171)	(61,171)	-	(61,171)
本年度批准的股息	Dividend approved in respect of the current year	28(b)		_			_				(45,879)	(45,879)		(45,879)
向非控股股東派付股息	Dividend paid to a non-controlling shareholder		<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	.		-	-		(28,421)	(28,421)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	Balance at 31 December 2021									(40.05-)			4.4	
的結餘			141,273	1,952,155	11,655	52,672	17,445	533,097	4,214	(62,975)	7,653,290	10,302,826	67,007	10,369,833

綜合現金流量表

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

			二零二一年	二零二零年
			2021	2020
		附註	千元	千元
		Note	\$'000	\$'000
經營業務	Operating activities			
經營業務所產生/(所動用)	Cash generated from/(used in)			
現金	operations	21(b)	303,485	(51,831)
已付税項	Tax paid		(81,838)	(431,346)
經營業務所產生/(所動用) 現金淨額	Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		221,647	(483,177)
投資活動	Investing activities			
# == == = = > = (4 ± 4)				
購買理財產品付款	Payment for purchase of wealth		(2.766.694)	(246.050)
出售理財產品的所得款項	management products Proceeds from disposal of wealth		(2,766,684)	(346,950)
山台连别连吅的川特孙块	management products		2,834,109	260,485
購買透過損益按公允價值	Payment for purchase of financial assets		2,034,109	200,463
入賬計量的金融資產付款	measured at FVPL		(22,059)	_
	Proceeds from disposal of financial		(22,033)	
量的金融資產的所得款項	assets measured at FVPL		47,530	102,944
已收利息	Interest received		74,976	13,984
已收投資收益	Investment income received		49,086	4,889
出售一間合營企業	Proceeds from disposal of a			
之所得款項	joint venture		_	21,148
向合營企業墊款	Advance to joint ventures		(616,036)	(11,748)
一間合營企業還款之	Proceeds from repayment of a			
所得款項	joint venture		69,366	-
出售附屬公司之現金	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from			
流入/(流出)淨額	disposals of subsidiaries		499,523	(8,292)
購買物業、廠房及設備付款	Payment for purchase of property,		(a)	()
	plant and equipment		(9,130)	(9,534)
出售物業、廠房及設備之	Proceeds from disposal of property,		277	1 105
所得款項	plant and equipment Proceeds from other receivables		377	1,185
於過往年度其他已減值應收 款項之所得款項(已收取相關	impaired in prior years with			
新填之所待款填(C) 收取相關 賠償收入)	the related compensation income			
7H IR 7K/\/	received		191,847	_
向非控股股東收購權益付款	Payment for acquisition of interest from		131,0-17	
. 321 JT 192192212 PC/UT [E III] J97	a non-controlling shareholder		(48,647)	_
投資活動所產生現金淨額	Net cash generated from investing			
2.2.2.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	activities		304,258	28,111

綜合現金流量表

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

		附註 Note	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
融資活動	Financing activities			
新增銀行貸款及其他	Proceeds from new bank loans and			
借貸所得款項	other borrowings	21(c)	3,420,842	2,516,707
發行債券所得款項 償還銀行貸款及其他借貸	Proceeds from issuance of bonds Repayment of bank loans and other	21(c)	-	251,966
	borrowings	21(c)	(4,150,233)	(1,401,711)
償還應付債券	Repayment of bonds payable	21(c)	_	(503,802)
已付租賃租金之資本部分	Capital element of lease rentals paid	21(c)	(23,888)	(39,861)
已付租賃租金之利息部分	Interest element of lease rentals paid	21(c)	(3,550)	(4,019)
非控股權益墊款	Advance from non-controlling interests	21(c)	30,661	42,236
償還非控股權益款項	Repayment to a non-controlling interest	21(c)	-	(39,167)
已抵押存款減少/(增加)	Decrease/(increase) in pledged deposits		315,419	(271,815)
已付利息及其他借貸成本 向非控股股東派付股息	Interest and other borrowing costs paid Dividends paid to non-controlling	21(c)	(587,561)	(626,656)
	shareholders		(28,421)	(7,034)
向本公司權益股東及永久可換股	, , ,			
證券持有人派付股息	of the Company and holders of PCSs	28(b)	(107,050)	(30,586)
融資活動所動用現金淨額	Net cash used in financing activities		(1,133,781)	(113,742)
現金及現金等值項目	Net decrease in cash and cash			
減少淨額	equivalents		(607,876)	(568,808)
於一月一日的現金及	Cash and cash equivalents at			
現金等值項目	1 January	21(a)	1,653,196	2,115,129
匯率變動的影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate			
	changes		32,026	106,875
於十二月三十一日的	Cash and cash equivalents at			
現金及現金等值項目	31 December	21(a)	1,077,346	1,653,196

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

一般資料

萊蒙國際集團有限公司(「本公司」)根據 開曼群島公司法第22章(一九六一年法 例三,經綜合及修訂)於二零零九年八月 二十五日在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免 有限責任公司。本公司股份於二零一一 年三月二十三日(「上市日期」)在香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

本公司主要從事投資控股,而其附屬公 司主要於中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事 物業發展、物業投資、物業管理及相關服 務以及教育相關服務業務。

主要會計政策

(a) 合規聲明

該等財務報表已按照香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的所有 適用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」),包括所有適用個別香 港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香 港會計準則」)及詮釋、香港公認會 計原則及香港公司條例的披露規定 編製。該等財務報表亦符合香港聯 合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)的適用披露條文。本集團 所採納的主要會計政策載列如下。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干香港財 務報告準則的修訂, 並於本集團及 本公司的本會計期間首次生效或可 提早採納。附註2(c)提供有關會計政 策因首次應用該等改進所導致任何 變動的資料,範圍為該等變動關乎 本集團本會計期間,並於該等財務 報表中呈現。

GENERAL INFORMATION

Top Spring International Holdings Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 25 August 2009 under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") on 23 March 2011 ("Listing Date").

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are property development, property investment, property management and related services and education related services in the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("the Listing Rules"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表的編製基準

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表包括本公司及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)及本集 團於聯營公司及合營企業的權益。

編製財務報表所用計量基準為歷史 成本法,惟以下資產及負債如下文 的會計政策所闡釋以其公允價值列 賬:

- 投資物業,包括持作投資物業的租賃土地及樓宇的權益,本集團為其物業權益的註冊所有人(參閱附註2(j));
- 其他債務投資及股本證券(參 閲附註2(g));及
- 一 衍生金融工具(參閱附註2(h))。

持作出售非流動資產按賬面值與公允價值減銷售成本的較低者列賬(參 閱附註2(aa))。

按照香港財務報告準則編製財務報表要求管理層作出判斷、估計及假設計計及假設等應用及所呈報的資產、負別。此等判斷、估計及假設會負別。此等組織。此等估額。此等估量與在具體情況。 假設以過往經驗和在具體情況。 假設以過往經驗和在具體情況。 所得結果用作判斷目前顯然無及自別 即通值的依據。實際結果可能有別 於此等估計。

該等估計及相關假設會持續審閱。如會計估計的修訂僅對作出修訂的期間產生影響,則有關修訂只會會該期間內確認;如會計估計的修訂對現時及未來期間均產生影響,則會在作出該修訂期間和未來期間內確認。

管理層應用香港財務報告準則時所 作對財務報表有重大影響的判斷以 及估計不確定因素的主要來源於附 註3中討論。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "**Group**") and the Group's interest in associates and joint ventures.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below:

- investment properties, including interests in leasehold land and buildings held as investment property where the Group is the registered owner of the property interest (see Note 2(i));
- other investments in debt and equity securities (see Note 2(g));
 and
- derivative financial instruments (see Note 2(h)).

Non-current assets held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell (see Note 2(aa)).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in Note 3.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 會計政策變動

香港會計師公會已頒佈以下於本集 團的本會計期間首次生效的香港財 務報告準則修訂:

- 香港財務報告準則第16號修 訂,於二零二一年六月三十日 之後有關Covid-19的租金減免
- 香港財務報告準則第9號、香港財務報告準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號修訂,利率基準改革一第二階段

概無任何發展對本報告所編製或呈列的本集團於本期間或過往期間的 業績及財務狀況有重大影響。本集 團尚未應用任何在當前會計期間尚 未生效的新準則或詮釋。採納該修 訂對本集團概無重大影響。

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司為本集團控制的實體。當本集團通過參與實體業務而享有或有權享有浮動回報,並有能力通過對實體之權力而影響該等回報時,即控制該實體。當評估本集團是否擁有權力時,僅考慮實質性權利(由本集團及其他公司持有)。

於附屬公司的投資自控制開始當日起併入綜合財務報表,直至控制開始當日然止當日為止。集團內公司間間交易及現金流量,以及集現公司間交易所產生的任何未變現於合財務報表時均產生的抵銷。集團內公司間交易所產生出現減值起去出現減值相關,於編製綜合財務報表時產生數的未變現虧損則僅在未出現減值相同的方法予以抵銷。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued the following amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

- Amendments to HKFRS 16, Covid-19-related rent concessions beyond 30 June 2021
- Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16, Interest rate benchmark reform – phase 2

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented in this report. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. There is no material impact by adoption of the amendment to the Group.

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

非控股權益是指並非由本公司直接 或間接應佔的股權,且本集團並無 就此與該等權益的持有人訂立任 額外條款,導致本集團整體須就 等權益負上界定為財務負債的合 責任。就各項業務合併而言,本權 團可選擇按公允價值或非控股 所佔附屬公司可識別淨資產之比例 來計算非控股權益。

本集團於一間附屬公司的權益變動 (並無導致失去控制權)列作權益交 易,並對綜合權益中的控股及非控 股權益數額作出調整,以反映有關 權益變動,惟概無對商譽作出任何 調整,亦無確認任何收益或虧損。

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司的控制權,其將列作出售其於該附屬公司的全部權益,而因此產生的收益或虧損於損益中確認。於失去控制權當日仍保留於該前附屬公司的任何權益按公允價值確認,而該款類附入,而該於初步確認金融資產時(參閱附註2(g))的公允價值,或(如適用)於一間聯營公司或合營企業(參閱附註2(e))的投資初步確認成本。

於本公司的財務狀況表內,於一間附屬公司的投資按成本減去減值虧損列賬(參閱附註2(n)),除非該投資被分類為持作出售(或計入被分類為持作出售的出售組別內)(參閱附註2(aa))。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with Notes 2(s) or (t) depending on the nature of the liability.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see Note 2(g)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture (see Note 2(e)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see Note 2(n)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) (see Note 2(aa)).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 聯營公司及合營企業

聯營公司為本集團或本公司對其擁有重大影響力,但並非單獨或共同控制其管理事宜(包括參與財務及營運決策)的實體。

根據合營企業的安排,本集團或本公司及其他方協定同意共同享有該 安排的控制權,並有權獲取該安排 的資產淨值。

於一間聯營公司或合營企業的投資 以權益法計入綜合財務報表,惟分 類為持作出售(或歸為分類持作出售 的出售組別內)則另作別論(參閱附 註2(aa))。根據權益法,投資初步按 成本入賬,並按本集團應佔被投資 公司可識別資產淨值於收購當日的 公允價值較投資成本(如有)的超出 部分作出調整。投資成本包括購買 價、收購該投資的直接應佔其他成 本,以及構成本集團股本投資一部 分於聯營公司或合營企業的任何直 接投資。此後,該投資因應本集團 於收購後所佔被投資公司的資產淨 值份額變動及與該投資有關的任何 減值虧損作出調整(參閱附註2(f)及 (n)(iii))。於各報告日期,本集團評 估是否存在投資出現減值的客觀證 據。收購當日超出成本的任何部分、 本集團於年內應佔被投資公司收購 後的税後業績以及任何減值虧損於 綜合損益表確認,而本集團應佔被 投資公司收購後的税後其他全面收 益項目於綜合損益及其他全面收益 表內確認。

當本集團應佔聯營公司或合營企業的虧損超出本集團於該聯營公司或合營企司或合營企司或合營企司。 會營企業的權益時,本集團的虧損 在業團須代被投資公司。 在政策,在企業與人人。 在政策, 的權益。 法計算, 在政策, 的任何其他長期權益(於將預期權益 (如適用)後(見附註 2(n)(i))。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group or Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or Company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) (see Note 2(aa)). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). The cost of the investment includes purchase price, other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment, and any direct investment into the associate or joint venture that forms part of the Group's equity investment. Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see Note 2(f) and (n)(iii)). At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate or the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with any other long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or the joint venture (after applying the ECL model to such other long-term interests where applicable (see Note 2(n)(i)).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

主要會計政策(續)

(e) 聯營公司及合營企業(續)

本集團與其聯營公司及合營企業之 間交易產生的未變現損益,均以本 集團於被投資公司所佔的權益為限 對銷,惟倘未變現虧損顯示已轉讓 資產出現減值,則該等未變現虧損 會即時在損益內確認。

倘於一間聯營公司的投資變成於一 間合營企業的投資,則所保留權益 不會重新計量,反之亦然。相反, 該投資繼續按權益法入賬。

在所有其他情況下,當本集團失去 對一間聯營公司的重大影響力或 對一間合營企業的共同控制權時, 其將被列作出售於該被投資公司的 全部權益,所產生收益或虧損於損 益中確認。於失去重大影響力或共 同控制權當日,保留於該前被投資 公司的任何權益按公允價值確認, 而該金額則被視為一項金融資產於 初步確認時的公允價值(參閱附註 2(g)) °

(f) 商譽

商譽指

- 所轉讓代價的公允價值、於被 收購公司的任何非控股權益金 額及本集團先前所持有被收購 公司權益的公允價值的總和; 超出
- 被收購公司可識別資產及負債 於收購當日的公允價值淨值的 差額。

當(ii)較(i)為大,則該差額即時在損 益內確認為議價收購的收益。

商譽按成本值減累計減值虧損列賬。 來自業務合併的商譽將分配予預期 可受惠於合併協同效益的現金產生 單位或現金產生單位組合,並會每 年進行減值測試(參閱附註2(n)(iii))。

若於年內出售現金產生單位,則所 收購商譽所佔任何金額將被計入出 售所得收益或虧損之內。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Associates and joint ventures (Continued)

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see Note 2(g)).

(f) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cashgenerating unit, or groups of cash-generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see Note 2(n)(iii)).

On disposal of a cash-generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 其他債務及股本證券投資

本集團關於債務及股本證券投資(於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業的投資除外)的政策載列如下。

購買/出售投資當日確認/終止確認有關債務及股本證券投資。有關債務及股本證券投資應於資源。有關於實施,性透過損益接公允價值入賬(透過損益按公允價值交無則計量的該等投資除外,則其交值及易國計量的資產定金融工具的闡釋,列方式與實別。該等投資其後按下列方式列賬:

(i) 股本投資以外的投資

本集團持有的非股本投資分類 為以下其中一個計量類別:

- 一 倘持有投資的目的為收取 合約現金流量,即純粹為 獲得本金及利息付款,則 按攤銷成本。投資所得利 息收入乃使用實際利率法 計算(見附註2(x)(vi))。
- 倘投資的合約現金流量僅 包括本金及利息付款,及 以旨在同時收取合約現金 流量及出售的業務模式持 有的投資,則按透過其他 全面收益按公允價值入賬 (诱過其他全面收益按公 允價值入賬)-可轉回。 公允價值變動於其他全面 收益確認,惟於損益確認 的預期信用虧損、利息收 入(使用實際利率法計算) 及外匯收益及虧損除外。 倘終止確認投資,於其他 全面收益內累計的金額自 權益轉回為損益。
- 一 倘投資不符合以攤銷成本 或透過其他全面收益按公 允價值入賬(可轉回)的標 準,則按透過損益按公允 價值入賬(透過損益按公 允價值入賬)。投資的公 允價值變動(包括利息)在 損益中確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Other investments in debt and equity securities

The Group's policies for investments in debt and equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, are set out below.

Investments in debt and equity securities are recognised/ derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investment. The investments are initially stated at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss. For an explanation of how the Group determines fair value of financial instruments, see Note 29(g). These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows:

(i) Investments other than equity investments

Non-equity investments held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method (see Note 2(x)(yi)).
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) recycling, if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss.
- fair value at profit or loss (FVPL) if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 其他債務及股本證券投資(續)

(ii) 於業務合併中承擔的任何或然 代價

於業務合併中承擔的任何或然 代價均以收購日期的公允價 計量。如果支付符合金融被 對價的義務被 為權益,那麼不予以重 且在權益內結算。否則,其公 個重新計量,而公允的 實值重新計量,而公允的 其後變化在損益中確認。

(iii) 股本投資

股本證券投資分類為透過損益 按公允價值入賬,除非股本投 資並非持作買賣用途,且於初 步確認投資時,本集團不可撤 銷地選擇指定投資為透過其他 全面收益按公允價值入賬(不 可轉回),以致公允價值的後 續變動於其他全面收益確認。 有關選擇以個別工具為基準作 出,惟僅或會在發行人認為投 資符合股本的定義的情況下作 出。作出有關選擇後,於其他 全面收益內累計的金額仍將保 留在公允價值儲備(不可轉回) 內直至投資出售為止。出售時, 於公允價值儲備(不可轉回)內 累計的金額轉撥至保留盈利, 且不會透過損益轉回。股本證 券投資的股息(不論分類為透 過損益按公允價值入賬或透過 其他全面收益按公允價值入賬) 按附註2(x)(v)所載政策於損益 內確認為其他收益。

(h) 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具按公允價值確認。本 集團將於各報告期末重新計量公允 價值。重新計量公允價值所產生的 收益或虧損將即時在損益表中確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Other investments in debt and equity securities (Continued)

(ii) Contingent considerations assumed in business combinations

Any contingent consideration assumed in a business combination is measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. If an obligation to pay contingent consideration that meets the definition of a financial instrument is classified as equity, then it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, other contingent consideration is remeasured at fair value at each reporting date and subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an irrevocable election to designate the investment at FVOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(x)(v).

(h) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金收入及/或為資本增值而以租賃權益(參閱附註2(m))擁有或持有的土地及/或樓宇,當中包括就目前尚未確定未來用途的持有土地及在建或開發以供日後用作投資物業的物業。

投資物業按公允價值列賬,除非於報告期末該等物業仍然在建或處於開發中且該等物業的公允價值於該期間無法可靠確定。投資物業公允價值變動或報廢或出售投資物業產生的任何收益或虧損均於損益中確認。投資物業的租金收入按附註2(x)(ii)所述方式入賬。

(j) 物業、廠房及設備

以下物業、廠房及設備項目按成本減累計折舊(參閱附註2(k))及減值虧損(參閱附註2(n)(iii))的方式列賬:

- 租賃土地及樓宇的權益(見附 註2(m))(本集團為物業權益的 註冊擁有人);
- 租賃物業的租賃產生的使用權 資產(本集團並非物業權益的 註冊擁有人)(見附註2(m));及
- 傢俱、固定裝置及其他設備。

自行興建的物業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括材料、直接勞動、(如有關)初步估計拆卸及搬遷項目以及恢復項目所在地原貌的成本,以及適當比例的生產費用及借貸成本(參閱附註2(z))。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項目所產生的收益或虧損,以出售所得款項淨額與項目賬面值之間的差額釐定,並於報廢或出售當日於損益中確認。任何有關重估盈餘由物業重估儲備轉至保留盈利,且並無重新分類至損益。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(i) Investment property

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest (see Note 2(m)) to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment properties are stated at fair value, unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the end of the reporting period and their fair value cannot be reliably measured at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in Note 2(x)(ii).

(j) Property, plant and equipment

The following items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (see Note 2(k)) and impairment losses (see Note 2(n)(iii)):

- interest in leasehold land and buildings where the Group is the registered owner of the property interest (see Note 2(m));
- right-of-use assets arising from leases over leasehold properties where the Group is not the registered owner of the property interest (see Note 2(m)); and
- furniture, fixtures and other equipment.

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see Note 2(z)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal. Any related revaluation surplus is transferred from the property revaluation reserve to retained profits and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 物業、廠房及設備折舊

物業租賃土地的成本按租賃未 屆滿年限計提折舊撥備。土地 上的樓宇成本採用直線法按租 賃未屆滿年限及其預計使用年 限,即於竣工日期後不超過50 年(以較短者為準)計提折舊撥 備。

(ii) 傢俱、固定裝置及其他設備

傢俱、固定裝置及其他設備折 舊按3至5年的估計可使用年 限以直線法撇銷其成本減其估 計剩餘價值(如有)計算。

倘其他物業、廠房及設備項目的組成部分有不同可使用年限,有關項目的成本則按合理基準分配至各部分,而每個部分將分開折舊。資產的可使用年限及其剩餘價值(如有)將會每年進行審閱。

(I) 無形資產(商譽除外)

本集團所收購的其他無形資產按成本減累計攤銷(倘估計使用年限為有限期)及減值虧損列賬(參閱附註2(n)(iii))。內部產生的商譽及品牌的開支於產生期間確認為開支。

無形資產毋須攤銷且其可使用年限評估為無限期。無形資產的每年時間等限別的任何結論須每年時期的任何結論須續實別。在明期的任何結論獨續實別。在與其一時期的一個無限期變為有限期,並有限等的無限期根據上述有限等的無形資產攤銷政策入賬。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

(i) Ownership and leasehold interests in land and buildings

Depreciation is provided on the cost of the leasehold land of properties over the unexpired terms of lease. Costs of buildings thereon are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the unexpired term of lease and their estimated useful lives, being no more than 50 years after the date of completion.

(ii) Furniture, fixtures and other equipment

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of furniture, fixtures and other equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

(I) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred. Expenditure on development activities is capitalised if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the Group has sufficient resources and the intention to complete development. The expenditure capitalised includes the costs of materials, direct labour, and an appropriate proportion of overheads and borrowing costs, where applicable (see Note 2(z)). Capitalised development costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (see Note 2(n)(iii)). Other development expenditure is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Other intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see Note 2(n)(iii)). Expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Intangible assets are not amortised while their useful lives are assessed to be indefinite. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite lives.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 租賃資產

於訂立合約後,本集團評估合約是否為租賃或包含租賃。倘合約賦予權利於一段時間內控制已識別資產的用途以換取代價,則該合約為租賃或包含租賃。倘客戶既有權指示已識別資產的使用,亦有權自該使用中獲得絕大部分經濟利益,則控制權已轉移。

(i) 作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃部分及非租賃 部分,本集團已選擇不分離所 有租賃的非租賃部分,並將各 租賃部分及相關非租賃部分作 為單一租賃部分列賬。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(i) As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily laptops and office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

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2 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 租賃資產(續)

(i) 作為承租人(續)

- 根據附註2(i)符合投資物 業定義的使用權資產以公 允價值列賬:及
- 根據附註2(o)與租賃土地 權益相關的使用權資產(土 地權益作為存貨持有), 按成本與可變現淨值兩者 中較低者列賬。

根據適用於以攤銷成本列賬的債務證券投資的會計政策,可處務證券投資的會計政策,可處還租金按金的初始公允價值與使用權資產分開入賬(見附註2(g)(i)、2(z)(vi)及2(n)(i)))。按金初始公允價值與面值之間的任何差額均作為已作出的額外租賃付款入賬,並計入使用權資產成本。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Leased assets (Continued)

(i) As a lessee (Continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see Notes 2(k) and 2(n)(iii)), except for the following types of right-of-use asset:

- right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value in accordance with Note 2(i); and
- right-of-use assets related to interests in leasehold land where the interest in the land is held as inventory are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value in accordance with Note 2(o).

The initial fair value of refundable rental deposits is accounted for separately from the right-of-use assets in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to investments in debt securities carried at amortised cost (see Notes 2(g)(i), 2(z)(vi) and 2(n)(i)). Any difference between the initial fair value and the nominal value of the deposits is accounted for as additional lease payments made and is included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 租賃資產(續)

(i) 作為承租人(續)

當租賃範疇發生變化或租賃合 約原先並無規定的租賃代價發 生變化(「租賃修改」),且未作 為單獨的租賃入賬時,則亦要 對租賃負債進行重新計量。在 此情況,租賃負債根據經修訂 的租賃付款及租賃期限,使用 經修訂的貼現率在修改生效日 期重新計量。唯一的例外是因 COVID-19疫情而直接產生的租 金減免,且符合香港財務報告 準則第16號租賃第46B段所載 的條件。在該等情況下,本集 團已利用實際權宜方法不對租 金寬減是否為租賃修改進行評 估,並於觸發租金寬減的事件 或條件發生期間的損益內將對 價變動確認為負可變租賃付款。

於綜合財務狀況表中,長期租 賃負債的即期部分被釐定為須 於報告期後十二個月內清償之 合約付款現值。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Leased assets (Continued)

(i) As a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and met the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16 Leases. In such cases, the group has taken advantage of the practical expedient not to assess whether the rent concessions are lease modifications, and recognised the change in consideration as if negative variable lease payments in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concessions occurred.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.

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2 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 租賃資產(續)

(ii) 作為出租人

倘本集團為出租人,其於租賃 初始階段釐定一項租賃為融賃 租賃或經營租賃。倘租賃實轉 相關資產的所有權附帶的絕租 部分所有風險及報酬,該租賃。倘不屬於 應分類為融資租賃。倘不屬於 該情況,該租賃被分類為經營 租賃。

倘合約包括租賃及非租賃部分,本集團根據相對獨立的售價基準將合約代價分配予各部分。經營租賃產生的租金收入根據附註2(x)(ii)確認。

倘本集團為中間出租人,經參考總租約產生的使用權資產,分租被分類為融資租賃或經營租賃。倘總租約為短期租賃,本集團豁免遵守附註2(m)(i)所載規定,則本集團將分租分類為經營租賃。

(n) 信用虧損及資產減值

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用虧 捐

> 本集團就以下項目確認預期信 用虧損(預期信用虧損)的虧損 撥備:

- 就按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產(包括現金及現金等 值項目、受限制及已抵押 存款、貿易及其他應收表 項(包括向合營企業提供 的貨款),為收取僅包括 本金及利息付款的合約現 金流量而持有);及
- 應收租賃。

其他按公允價值計量的金融資產(包括透過損益按公允價值 入賬計量的股本及債務證券及 衍生金融資產)毋須進行預期 信用虧損評估。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Leased assets (Continued)

(ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognised in accordance with Note 2(x)(ii).

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified as a finance lease or as an operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described in Note 2(m)(i), then the Group classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

(n) Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on the following items:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, restricted and pledged deposits, trade receivables and other receivables, including loans to joint ventures, which are held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest); and
- lease receivables.

Other financial assets measured at fair value, including equity and debt securities measured at FVPL and derivative financial assets, are not subject to the ECL assessment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 信用虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用虧 損(續)

預期信用虧損的計量

預期信用虧損為信用虧損的概率加權估計。信用虧損以所有預期現金差額(即根據合約應付本集團的現金流量與本集團預期收取的現金流量之間的差額)的現值計量。

倘貼現影響重大,則預期現金 差額將採用以下貼現率貼現:

- 固定利率的金融資產和貿易及其他應收款項:於初始確認時釐定的實際利率或其近似值:
- 一 浮息金融資產:即期實際 利率;及
- 應收租賃:用於計量應收 租賃的折現率。

估計預期信用虧損時所考慮的 最長期間為本集團面臨信用風 險的最長合約期間。

於計量預期信用虧損時,本集 團計及毋須付出不必要成本或 努力即可獲得的合理可靠資料。 該等資料包括有關過往事件、 現時狀況及未來經濟狀況預測 的資料。

預期信用虧損將採用以下其中 一個基準計量:

- 一 12個月預期信用虧損:指 報告日期後12個月內可 能發生的違約事件導致的 預期虧損:及
- 全期預期信用虧損:指預期信用虧損模型適用項目的預期年期內所有可能發生的違約事件導致的預期虧損。

貿易應收款項的虧損撥備一般 按等同於全期預期信用虧損粉 金額計量。於報告日期,該 金融資產的預期信用虧損經驗 本集團的過往信用虧損經驗進 行估計,並就對債務人而高 特定因素以及對當前及預整 體經濟狀況的評估進行調整。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

 (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets and trade and other receivables: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate: and
- lease receivables: discount rate used in the measurement of the lease receivable.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 信用虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用虧 損(續)

預期信用虧損的計量(續)

就所有其他金融工具而言,本集團所確認的虧損撥備相當於 12個月預期信用虧損,除非自 初始確認以來金融工具的信用 風險大幅上升,於此情況下, 虧損撥備乃按相當於至期預期 信用虧損的金額計量。

信用風險大幅上升

評估金融工具的信用風險自初 始確認以來有否大幅上升時, 本集團會比較於報告日期及於 初始確認日期所評估的金融工 具發生違約的風險。在進行此 項重新評估時,本集團認為金 融資產於下列情況將發生違約 事件:(i)借款人在本集團無追 索權(例如:變現擔保)(如持有) 的情況下向本集團悉數支付其 信用責任的可能性不大;或(ii) 金融資產已逾期90日。本集團 會考慮合理及有理據的定量和 定性資料,包括毋須付出不必 要的成本或精力即可獲得的過 往經驗及前瞻性資料。

具體而言,在評估自初始確認 後信用風險是否顯著增加時, 會考慮以下資料:

- 未能在合約到期日支付本 金或利息;
- 金融工具外部或內部的信 用評級(如有)實際或預期 顯著惡化;
- 債務人經營業績實際或預期顯著惡化;及
- 技術、市場、經濟或法律 環境的當前或預期變動對 債務人向本集團履行責任 的能力有重大不利影響。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs (Continued)

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

主要會計政策(續)

(n) 信用虧損及資產減值(續)

金融工具及應收租賃的信用虧 損(續)

信用風險大幅上升(續)

對信用風險是否顯著上升的評 估乃視乎金融工具的性質按個 別基準或共同基準進行。於按 共同基準進行評估時,本集團 會根據共享信用風險特徵(如 逾期狀況及信用風險評級)對 金融工具進行分類。

預期信用虧損於各報告日期重 新計量,以反映金融工具的信 用風險自初始確認以來發生的 變動。預期信用虧損金額的任 何變動均會於損益中確認為減 值收益或虧損。本集團確認所 有金融工具的減值收益或虧損, 並通過虧損撥備賬對其賬面值 作出相應調整,惟透過其他全 面收益按公允價值入賬計量(可 轉回)的債務證券投資則除外, 其虧損撥備於其他全面收益內 確認並於公允價值儲備(可轉 回)中累計。

利息收入的計算基準

根據附註2(x)(vi)的利息收入乃 按金融資產的賬面總值計算, 除非該金融資產出現信用減值, 在此情况下,利息收入按該金 融資產的攤銷成本(即賬面總 值減虧損撥備)計算。

於各報告日期,本集團會評估 金融資產是否出現信用減值。 當發生一項或多項對金融資產 估計未來現金流量有不利影響 的事件時,即表示金融資產出 現信用減值。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (Continued)

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt securities that are measured at FVOCI (recycling), for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling).

Basis of calculation of interest income

Interest income recognised in accordance with Note 2(x)(vi) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 信用虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用虧 損(續)

利息收入的計算基準(續)

以下可觀察事件可證明金融資 產出現信用減值:

- 債務人出現嚴重財務困難;
- 一 違反合約,如拖欠或逾期 事件;
- 一 借款人有可能將告破產或 進行其他財務重組;
- 科技、市場、經濟或法律 環境出現對債務人有不利 影響的重大變動;或
- 某證券因發行人面臨財政 困難而失去活躍市場。

撇銷政策

倘屬日後實際上不可收回的金融資產或租賃應收款項,本集團會撇銷其(部分或全部)賬面總值。該情況通常出現於本集團確定債務人並無可產生足夠現金流量的資產或收入來源以償還須撇銷金額之時。

隨後收回先前撇銷的資產於收 回期間在損益內確認為減值撥 回。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Basis of calculation of interest income (Continued)

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset or lease receivable is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

主要會計政策(續)

(n) 信用虧損及資產減值(續)

(ii) 已發出財務擔保的信用虧損

財務擔保指要求發行人(即擔 保人)於特定債務人未能依照 債務工具條款按期付款時,作 出特定付款以補償擔保受益人 (「持有人」)損失的合約。

已發出財務擔保初步按公允價 值確認,其於參考類似服務經 公平磋商後的收費後釐定,前 提是可诱過比較貸款人於獲發 擔保時設定的實際利率及(倘 並無發出擔保且能夠可靠估計 有關資料)貸款人原應設定的 估計利率後取得有關資料,或 經參考利率差異後作出估計。 倘在作出該擔保時已收或應收 代價,則該代價根據適用於該 類資產的集團政策確認。倘並 無已收或應收代價,則即時於 損益內確認開支。

於初始確認後,初步確認為遞 延收益的擔保款額,在擔保年 期內以已發出財務擔保的收益 於損益內攤銷。

就有關擔保而言,倘財務擔保 的預期信用虧損釐定為高賬面 值(即初步確認的金額減累計 攤銷),則本集團會監控特定 債務人違約的風險並確認撥備。

為釐定預期信用虧損,本集團 會考慮自發出擔保以來特定債 務人違約風險的變動。本集團 使用12個月預期信用虧損計 量,除非特定債務人違約的風 險自發出擔保以來顯著上升, 於此情況下,則使用全期預期 信用虧損計量。誠如附註2(n)(i) 所述, 違約的定義及信用風險 大幅上升的評估應用相同標準。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantees issued are initially recognised at fair value, which is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantees not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the amount initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial quarantees issued.

The Group monitors the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract and recognises a provision when ECLs on the financial guarantees are determined to be higher than the carrying amount in respect of the guarantees (i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation).

To determine ECLs, the Group considers changes in the risk of default of the specified debtor since the issuance of the guarantee. A 12-month ECL is measured unless the risk that the specified debtor will default has increased significantly since the guarantee is issued, in which case a lifetime ECL is measured. The same definition of default and the same assessment of significant increase in credit risk as described in Note 2(n)(i) apply.

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2 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 信用虧損及資產減值(續)

(ii) 已發出財務擔保的信用虧損(續)

由於本集團僅須在特定債務人違約時根據已擔保工具的條係表支付,預期信用虧損估計付款補償持關人的信用虧損,減本集團人的信用虧損,減本集團人人生仍其他人士收取的任何款項採用當時就特定現時間,減至與所有的人力。而與所不能調整的現時,與利率貼現。

(iii) 其他非流動資產減值

內部及外部來源的資料會於各報告期末進行審閱,以識別下 列資產是否可能出現減值跡象 (商譽除外)或之前已確認的減 值虧損是否不存在或可能減少:

- 物業、廠房及設備(包括 使用權資產);
- 無形資產;
- 商譽;
- 一 於聯營公司及合營企業之權益;及
- 本公司財務狀況表所列於 附屬公司的投資。

若存在任何該等跡象,則須估計有關資產的可收回金額。此外,就商譽、尚未可供使用的無形資產及有無指定可使用年期的無形資產而言,須每年就其可收回金額評估有否出現任何減值跡象。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued (Continued)

As the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the specified debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, an ECL is estimated based on the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amount that the Group expects to receive from the holder of the guarantee, the specified debtor or any other party. The amount is then discounted using the current risk-free rate adjusted for risks specific to the cash flows.

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets;
- intangible assets;
- goodwill;
- Interests in associates and joint ventures; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 信用虧損及資產減值(續)

(iii) 其他非流動資產減值(續)

- 計算可收回金額

資產的可收回金額為其公 允價值減出售成本與使用 價值之間的較高者。於評 估使用價值時,估計未來 現金流量利用可反映現時 市場所評估資金時值及資 產特定風險的稅前貼現 率, 贴現至其現值。倘資 產未能產牛大致獨立於其 他資產所產生者的現金流 入,則釐定可獨立產生現 金流入的最小組別資產(即 現金產生單位)的可收回 金額。倘可在合理及一致 的基礎上進行分配,則公 司資產(例如總部大樓)的 部分賬面值會分配予個 別現金產牛單位,否則分 配予最小的現金產生單位 組別。

一 確認減值虧損

一 撥回減值虧損

就商譽以外的資產而言, 倘用作釐定可收回金額的 估算出現有利變動,減值 虧損將予以撥回。有關商 譽的減值虧損不予以撥回。

減值虧損的撥回以有關資產於過往年度如並無確認 任何減值虧損而應有的賬 面值為限。減值虧損的撥 回於確認撥回的年度計入 損益。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets (Continued)

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). A portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (for example, head office building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if the allocation can be done on a reasonable and consistent basis, or to the smallest group of cash-generating units if otherwise.

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

主要會計政策(續)

(n) 信用虧損及資產減值(續)

(iv) 中期財務報告及減值

根據上市規則,本集團須遵照 香港會計準則第34號「中期財 務報告」就財政年度的首六個 月編製中期財務報告。於中期 期間末,本集團如同於財政年 度年末般採用相同減值測試、 確認及撥回標準(參閱附註 2(n)(i) 及(iii))。

於中期期間就商譽確認的減值 虧損於隨後期間並無撥回。倘 減值僅於與中期期間有關的財 政年度年末進行評估,概無確 認任何虧損或小額虧損,上述 方式將會適用。

(o) 存貨及其他合約成本

(i) 存貨

存貨指於一般業務過程中、於 該等出售的生產過程中或以在 生產過程中或提供服務時所消 耗的材料或供應的形式而持作 出售的資產。

存貨按成本與可變現淨值的較 低者列賬如下:

持作發展以供出售的租約 十批

> 持作發展以供出售的租約 土地成本指收購成本以及 應付有關政府機關的地價 (如有)。可變現淨值參考 管理層按現行市況所作估 計釐定。

持作出售/待售發展中物

持作出售/待售發展中物 業的成本包括特別識別 的成本,其中包括租賃土 地權益收購成本、開發、 材料及供應的總成本、工 資及其他直接開支以及適 當部分的營運開支及資本 化的借貸成本(參閱附註 2(z))。可變現淨值指按現 行市況估計的售價減估計 完成物業的成本及出售物 業所產生的成本。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iv) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see Notes 2(n)(i) and (iii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

(o) Inventories and other contract costs

Inventories

Inventories are assets which are held for sale in the ordinary course of business, in the process of production for such sale or in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process or in the rendering of services.

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value as follows:

Leasehold land held for development for sale

The cost of leasehold land, which is held for development for sale, represents the cost of acquisition and the premium, if any, payable to the relevant government authorities. Net realisable value is determined by reference to management estimates based on prevailing market conditions.

Properties held for/under development for sale

The cost of properties held for/under development for sale comprises specifically identified cost, including the acquisition cost of interests in leasehold land, aggregate cost of development, materials and supplies, wages and other direct expenses, an appropriate proportion of overheads and borrowing costs capitalised (see Note 2(z)). Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price. based on prevailing market conditions, less estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in selling the property.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 存貨及其他合約成本(續)

(i) 存貨(續)

一 待售已竣工物業

持作出售已竣工物業的成本包括所有採購成本、轉出成本及將存貨運送至其 現址及條件所產生的成本。

低價值消耗品及供應品 成本以加權平均法釐定。 可變現淨值指一般業務過

可變現淨值指一般業務過程中的估計售價減估計銷售所需成本。

於出售存貨時,該等存貨的賬 面值在相關收入確認的期間確 認為開支。

存貨撇減至可變現淨值的任何 金額及存貨的所有虧損,在撇 減或出現虧損的期間確認為開 支。存貨的任何撇減撥回在出 現撥回期間確認為沖減確認為 開支的存貨金額。

(ii) 其他合約成本

其他合約成本指向客戶取得合約的遞增成本或不獲資本化為存貨的履行客戶合約的成本(參閱附註2(o)(i)),物業、廠房及設備(參閱附註2(j))或無形資產(參閱附註2(j))。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Inventories and other contract costs (Continued)

(i) Inventories (Continued)

Completed properties for sale

The cost of completed properties held for sale comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

In the case of completed properties developed by the Group which comprise of multiple units which are sold individually, the cost of each unit is determined by apportionment of the total development costs for that development project to each unit on a per square metre basis, unless another basis is more representative of the cost of the specific unit. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less costs to be incurred in selling the property.

Low value consumables and supplies

Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(ii) Other contract costs

Other contract costs are either the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer or the costs to fulfil a contract with a customer which are not capitalised as inventory (see Note 2(o)(i)), property, plant and equipment (see Note 2(j)) or intangible assets (see Note 2(l)).

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

主要會計政策(續)

(o) 存貨及其他合約成本(續)

(ii) 其他合約成本(續)

取得客戶的遞增成本指本集團 為向客戶取得合約所產生的該 等成本,而該等成本在未取得 合約時不會產生(例如遞增銷 售佣金)。取得合約的遞增成 本於產生時予以資本化,條件 為有關成本與將於未來報告期 間確認的收入相關且該等成本 預期可收回。其他獲得合約的 成本於產生時支銷。

倘履行合約的成本與現有合約 或特定可識別的預計合約直接 相關;產生或提升於未來將用 作提供貨品或服務的資源; 並 預期可收回時,則有關成本獲 資本化。與現有合約或特定可 識別的預計合約直接相關的成 本可能包括直接勞動、直接材 料、分配成本、明確可自客戶 收取的成本以及僅因本集團訂 立合約而產生的其他成本(如 分包商付款)。其他未獲資本 化為存貨、物業、廠房及設備 或無形資產的履行合約成本於 產生時支銷。

資本化合約成本按成本減累計 攤銷及減值虧損列賬。倘合約 成本的賬面值超出(i)本集團就 交換與該資產有關的貨品或服 務預計收取的餘下代價金額, 減(ii)與提供該等貨品或服務直 接相關且尚未確認為開支的任 何成本的淨額,則確認減值虧損。

當確認與該資產相關的收入時, 資本化合約成本的攤銷於損益 中扣除。收入確認的會計政策 載於附註2(x)。

(p) 合約負債

當客戶於本集團確認相關收入前支 付不可退款代價(參閱附註2(x)),則 確認合約負債。倘本集團於本集團 確認相關收入前擁有無條件權利收 取不可退款代價,亦會確認合約負 債。在該等情況下,亦會確認相應 應收款項(參閱附註2(q))。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Inventories and other contract costs (Continued)

(ii) Other contract costs (Continued)

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained e.g. an incremental sales commission. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are capitalised when incurred if the costs relate to revenue which will be recognised in a future reporting period and the costs are expected to be recovered. Other costs of obtaining a contract are expensed when incurred.

Costs to fulfil a contract are capitalised if the costs relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract; generate or enhance resources that will be used to provide goods or services in the future; and are expected to be recovered. Costs that relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract may include direct labour, direct materials, allocations of costs, costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer and other costs that are incurred only because the Group entered into the contract (for example, payments to subcontractors). Other costs of fulfilling a contract, which are not capitalised as inventory, property, plant and equipment or intangible assets, are expensed as incurred.

Capitalised contract costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Impairment losses are recognised to the extent that the carrying amount of the contract cost asset exceeds the net of (i) remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the asset relates, less (ii) any costs that relate directly to providing those goods or services that have not yet been recognised as expenses.

Amortisation of capitalised contract costs is charged to profit or loss when the revenue to which the asset relates is recognised. The accounting policy for revenue recognition is set out in Note 2(x).

(p) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays nonrefundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see Note 2(x)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see Note 2(q)).

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2 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 合約負債(續)

當合約包括重大融資部分時,合約 結餘則包括根據實際利率法應計利 息(參閱附註2(x))。

(q) 貿易及其他應收款項

於本集團擁有無條件權利收取代價 時,方會確認應收款項。倘僅須一 段時間後即須到期支付代價,則收 取代價的權利為無條件。倘收入已 於本集團擁有無條件權利收取代價 前確認,則有關款項呈列為合約資產。

不包含重大融資成分的貿易應收款項初步按其交易價格計量。包含重大融資成分的貿易應收款項及其他應收款項初步按公允價值加交易成本計量。所有應收款項其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬,並包括信貸虧損撥備(見附註2(n)(i))。

(r) 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括存於銀行的現金及手頭現金、銀行及其他可與金、銀行及其他可與強為已期存款、與值波動類現金、價值波動與為一旦於購入後三個月內到金數,應要求價還且構成內現金管理組成部分的銀行透支金數,應要求償還且構成本支支。 現金管理組成部分的銀行透支金數, 表面項目根據附註2(n)(i)所載與 金等值項目根據附註2(n)(i)所載與 金等預期信用虧損(預期信用虧損)進行評估。

(s) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公允價值確認。於初步確認後,貿易及其他應付款項其後按攤銷成本列值,惟倘貼現的影響並不重大,則按發票金額列值。

(t) 計息借貸

計息借貸初步按公允價值減交易成本計量。於初步確認後,計息借貸採用實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。利息開支根據本集團借貸成本的會計政策確認(參閱附註2(z))。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Contract liabilities (Continued)

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see Note 2(x)).

(g) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are initially measured at their transaction price. Trade receivables that contain a significant financing component and other receivables are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. All receivables are subsequently stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method and including allowance for credit losses (see Note 2(n)(i)).

(r) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses (ECL) in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(n)(i).

(s) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at invoice amounts.

(t) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see Note 2(z)).

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2 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及定額供款退休 計劃的供款

> 薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、 定額供款退休計劃的供款及非 貨幣福利成本於僱員提供相關 服務年度內計付。倘付款或結 算遭遞延且影響可屬重大時, 有關金額按其現值列賬。

(ii) 股份付款

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(u) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

Contributions to Mandatory Provident Funds ("MPFs") as required under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately, there is no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contribution.

The employees of the Group participate in retirement plans (defined contribution retirement plans) managed by respective local governments of the municipalities in which the Group operates in the PRC. The contribution to the retirement plan is calculated based on fixed rates of the employees' salaries cost and charged to profit or loss as and when incurred, except to the extent that they are included in the cost of inventories not yet recognised as an expense. Contributions to the scheme vest immediately, there is no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contribution. The Group has no other obligation for the payment of retirement and other post-retirement benefits of staff other than the contributions described above

(ii) Share-based payments

The fair values of share options and awarded shares granted to employees are recognised as employee costs with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using valuation techniques, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options and awarded shares were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair values of the options and awarded shares are spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

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2 主要會計政策(續)

(u) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 股份付款(續)

於歸屬期間,將會審閱預期歸 屬的購股權及獎勵股份數目。 對於過往年度確認的累計公允 價值所作任何調整,將於回顧 年度的損益中扣除/計入,並 於資本儲備中作出相應調整, 除非原來的僱員開支可確認為 資產。於歸屬日期,已確認為 開支的金額將調整至反映歸屬 的實際購股權及獎勵股份數目 (並於資本儲備中作出相應調 整),惟因無法達到與本公司 股份市價相關的歸屬條件而被 沒收者則除外。股本金額將於 資本儲備確認,直至購股權/ 獎勵股份獲行使(屆時轉入股 份溢價賬)或購股權/獎勵股 份屆滿(屆時直接撥至保留盈 利)。

(v) 所得税

年度所得税包括即期税項及遞延税項資產及負債的變動。即期税項及遞延税項資產及負債的變動於損益確認,惟與於其他全面收益確認就權益確認的項目有關者則除外,在該等情況下,有關稅額分別於其他全面收益確認或直接於權益確認。

即期税項為年度應課税收入的預期 應繳税項(税率為於報告期間結算日 已頒佈或實質頒佈的税率)及以往年 度應繳税項的任何調整。

因可扣稅及應課稅暫時性差異分別 產生的遞延稅項資產及負債,即就 財務申報而言資產及負債的賬面值 與其稅基之間的差額。遞延稅項資 產亦因未動用稅項虧損及未動用稅 項抵免而產生。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(u) Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Share-based payments (Continued)

During the vesting period, the number of share options and awarded shares that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options and awarded shares that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option/ awarded share is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option/awarded share expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

(v) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 所得税(續)

除少數例外情況外,將確認所有遞 延税項負債,以及於日後可能有應 課税盈利抵銷可利用資產時確認所 有遞延税項資產。可引證確認源自 可扣税暫時性差異的遞延税項資產 的日後應課税盈利,包括撥回現有 應課税暫時性差異將產生者,惟差 額必須與相同税務機關及相同税務 實體有關,並預期在可扣稅暫時性 差異預計撥回的同一期間或遞延税 項資產所產生税項虧損可予撥回或 結轉的期間撥回。如該等差額與相 同税務機關及相同税務實體有關, 並預期可於動用税項虧損或税項抵 免期間撥回,則釐定現有應課税暫 時性差異是否足以確認源自未動用 税項虧損及税項抵免的遞延税項資 產時,亦採納相同準則。

確認遞延税項資產及負債的少數例外情況,為不可扣稅商譽所產課稅盈 時性差異、不影響會計或應課稅盈 利的資產或負債的初步確認(並非盈 務合併的一部分),及與於附屬公業 投資有關的暫時性差異,惟就應 稅差異而言,僅以本集團可控撥 回時間且不大可能在可見未來撥回 的差異為限,或就可扣稅差異而限, 則以可能在未來撥回的差異為限。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Income tax (Continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(i), the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 所得税(續)

遞延稅項資產的賬面值會於各報告 期間結算日進行檢討,並減至不再 可能有足夠應課稅盈利以利用有關 稅務優惠時為止。若可能存在足夠 應課稅盈利,則任何該等扣減將被 撥回。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘與其變動將分開列示,且不會抵銷。倘本集團或本公司擁有法定強制執行權利以即期税項資產抵銷即期税項負債,並符合下列附帶條件,則即期税項資產及遞延税項資產可分別抵銷即期税項負債及遞延税項負債:

- 倘為即期稅項資產及負債,則 本集團或本公司擬按淨額結算 或同時變現資產及清償負債;或
- 倘為遞延稅項資產及負債,則 該等資產及負債須與同一稅務 機關就以下其中一項徵收的所 得稅有關:
 - 同一應課税實體;或
 - 一 計劃在預期須清償或收回 大額遞延稅項負債或資產 的每個未來期間,按淨額 或同時變現即期稅項資產 與清償即期稅項負債的不 同應課稅實體。

(w) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件而須承擔法律 或推定責任,而履行該責任可能導 致經濟利益外流,並可作出可靠估 計時,則須確認撥備。倘金額涉及 重大時間價值,則有關撥備按履行 責任的預期開支現值列賬。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Income tax (Continued)

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Group or the Company has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Group or the Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(w) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(w) 撥備及或然負債(續)

倘不大可能發生經濟利益流出,或 相關金額未能可靠估計,則須披露 有關責任為或然負債,惟不大可能 發生經濟利益流出者除外。當潛在 責任須視乎一項或多項未來事件是 否發生方可確定是否存在,則該等 責任亦披露為或然負債,惟不大可 能發生經濟利益流出者除外。

倘用以結算撥備之部份或全部開支 預期將由另一方償付,則就基本确 定的任何預期償付確認一項單獨資 產。就償付確認的金額以撥備的賬 面值為限。

(x) 收入及其他收入

於本集團將於其日常業務過程中物 業銷售、提供服務或供他人使用本 集團租賃下資產所產生的收入分類 為收入。

收入乃於產品或服務的控制權按本 集團預期有權獲取的承諾代價數額 (不包括代表第三方收取的金額)轉 移至客戶,或承租人有權使用資產 時予以確認。收入不包括增值稅或 其他銷售稅,並經扣除任何貿易折扣。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) Provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, a separate asset is recognised for any expected reimbursement that would be virtually certain. The amount recognised for the reimbursement is limited to the carrying amount of the provision.

(x) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of properties, the provision of services or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of HKFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(x) 收入及其他收入(續)

本集團收入及其他收入確認政策的 進一步詳情如下:

(i) 物業銷售

在日常業務過程中物業銷售所產生的收入於物業交付予中內地客戶或於香港完成法定可說時(即當客戶有能力指示定數 物業用途及獲得該物業用途及獲得該物業於收入確認日期前所認的預付款項作於財務狀況或的預付款項作於財務狀況。 收表列為合約負債(見附註2(p))。

就客戶付款與承諾的物業轉期 間超過一年的合約,該交易價 格及自銷售已竣工物業的收入 金額就融資部分的影響作出調 整。倘客戶的預付款項被視為 為本集團提供重大融資效益, 則本集團將於付款日期起至交 付完成日期止期間累計因調整 貨幣時間價值產生的利息開支。 該應計費用增加於在建期間的 合約負債金額,因此,於已竣 工物業的控制權轉移至客戶時 增加已確認的收入。除非根據 載於附註2(z)所載政策香港會 計準則第23號借貸成本合資格 資本化,否則該利息按應計開 支支銷。

(ii) 來自經營租賃的租金收入

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(x) Revenue and other income (Continued)

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

(i) Sale of properties

Revenue arising from the sale of properties in the ordinary course of business is recognised when property is delivered to customer in Mainland China or when legal assignment is completed in Hong Kong, which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the property and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the property. Advanced payments received on properties and prior to the date of revenue recognition are included in the statement of financial position as contract liabilities (see Note 2(p)).

For contracts where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised property exceeds one year, the transaction price and the amount of revenue from the sales of completed properties is adjusted for the effects of a financing component. If the advance payments by the customer are regarded as providing a significant financing benefit to the Group, interest expense arising from the adjustment of time value of money will be accrued by the Group during the period between the payment date and the date of delivery of property. This accrual increases the balance of the contract liability during the period of construction, and therefore increases the amount of revenue recognised when control of the completed property is transferred to the customer. The interest is expensed as accrued unless it is eligible to be capitalised under HKAS 23, Borrowing costs, in accordance with the policies set out in Note 2(z).

(ii) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

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2 主要會計政策(續)

(x) 收入及其他收入(續)

(iii) 物業管理及相關服務收入

物業管理及相關服務收入於提 供服務時確認。

(iv) 教育相關服務收入

教育相關服務收入於提供服務 時確認。

(v) 股息

來自非上市投資的股息收入於 確立股東收款權利時確認。

(vi) 利息收入

(vii) 政府補助金

倘可合理確定能夠收取政府補助金,而本集團將符合政府補助金所附帶的條件,則初步在財務狀況表中確認政府補助金。補償本集團所產生開支的補助金於產生開支的同一期間有系統地於損益中確認為收益。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(x) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(iii) Property management and related services income

Property management and related services income is recognised when services are provided.

(iv) Education related services income

Education related services income is recognised when services are provided.

(v) Dividends

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

(vi) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not creditimpaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see Note 2(n)(i)).

(vii) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred.

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2 主要會計政策(續)

(v) 外幣換算

年內外幣交易按交易日的匯率換算。 以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債則按 報告期間結算日的匯率換算。匯兑 盈虧於損益確認。

以外幣形式按歷史成本計算的非貨 幣資產及負債按交易日的匯率換算。 交易日為公司初步確認非貨幣性資 產或負債的日期。以外幣計值而以 公允價值列賬的非貨幣資產及負債 按計量公允價值當日的匯率換算。

海外業務的業績按與交易日匯率相若的匯率換算為港元。財務狀況表項目按報告期間結算日的收市匯率換算為港元。由此產生的匯兑差額於其他全面收益中確認並於匯兑儲備的權益中單獨累計。

出售海外業務時,與該海外業務相關的匯兑差額累計數額會於出售損 益確認時自權益重新歸類為損益。

(z) 借貸成本

直接用作收購、建設或生產一項資產(需要相當長時間方可作擬定用途或銷售)的借貸成本,資本化為該資產成本的一部分。其他借貸成本於產生期間支銷。

當有關合資格資產產生開支、借貸成本產生及將資產作擬定用途或銷售所需的活動進行時,則開始將借貸成本資本化為該資產成本的一部分。於將合資格資產作擬定用途或銷售所需的絕大部分活動中止或完成時,借貸成本的資本化將會暫停或終止。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(y) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the company initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

(z) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(aa) 持作出售的非流動資產

倘非流動資產(或出售組別)的賬面 值很可能透過出售交易而非透過持 續使用得以收回及其可以現況出售 時,則有關非流動資產(或出售組別) 被分類為持作出售。出售組別指將 作為一個組別於單一交易中出售的 一組資產,及與該等將於該交易中 被轉移的資產直接相關的負債。

倘本集團承接一項涉及失去附屬公司控制權的出售計劃,則該附屬公司的全部資產及負債分類維持作出售的售,倘符合上述分類維持作出售的標準,則無論本集團是否於出售後仍保留附屬公司的非控股權益。

於緊接被分類為持作出售前,非流動資產(及一個出售組別內的所有個別資產及負債)的計量須於分類的動力與實施,於初步動類為持作出售時至出售前,於初步動資產(按公允價值計量的投資物式出售成本兩者中的較低者列賬價值減出售成本兩者中的較低者列賬本。此項計量政策的主要預測乃關本本此期務報表內的投資物業有關。集此等持作出售資產將持續按附註2(i)所載政策計量。

初步分類為持作出售及其後於持作 出售時重新計量產生的減值虧損, 均於損益確認。非流動資產被分類 為持作出售,或計入持作出售的出 售組別時,該非流動資產均毋須作 折舊或攤銷。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(aa) Non-current assets held for sale

A non-current asset (or disposal group) is classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that its carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the asset (or disposal group) is available for sale in its present condition. A disposal group is a group of assets to be disposed of together as a group in a single transaction, and liabilities directly associated with those assets that will be transferred in the transaction.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the above criteria for classification as held for sale are met, regardless of whether the Group still retain a non-controlling interest in the subsidiary after the sale.

Immediately before classification as held for sale, the measurement of the non-current assets (and all individual assets and liabilities in a disposal group) is brought up-to-date in accordance with the accounting policies before the classification. Then, on initial classification as held for sale and until disposal, the non-current assets (except for investment properties which are measured at fair value), or disposal groups, are recognised at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The principal exceptions to this measurement policy so far as the financial statements of the Group are concerned are investment properties. These assets, even if held for sale, would continue to be measured in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(i).

Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale, and on subsequent remeasurement while held for sale, are recognised in profit or loss. As long as a non-current asset is classified as held for sale, or is included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale, the non-current asset is not depreciated or amortised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(bb)關聯方

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或該 人士的近親家族成員與本集團 有關聯:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團擁有重大影響 力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司 的主要管理層的成員。
- (b) 倘符合以下任何條件,則該實 體與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集 團的成員公司(即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬 公司彼此間有關聯)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯 營公司或合營企業(或另 一實體為成員公司的集團 成員公司的聯營公司或合 營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方 的合營企業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的 合營企業,而另一實體為 該第三方實體的聯營公司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團 有關聯的實體就僱員利益 而設的離職後福利計劃。
 - (vi) 實體受(bb)(a)所識別人士 控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(bb)(a)(i)所識別人士對 實體有重大影響力或屬該 實體(或該實體的母公司) 主要管理層的成員。
 - (viii) 實體、或一間集團的任何 成員公司(為集團的一部 分),向本集團或其母公 司提供主要管理人員服務。

個別人士的近親家族成員為與實體 交易時預期可能影響該人士或受該 人士影響的家族成員。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) (bb)Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (bb)(a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (bb)(a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2 主要會計政策(續)

(cc) 分部報告

經營分部及財務報表內所呈報的各分部項目金額,乃透過向本集團最高層行政管理人員定期呈報的財務資料識別,以向本集團不同業務及區域分配資源,並評估該等業務及區域的表現。

個別重大經營分部不會因財務報告 而合併,除非相關分部具有類似經 濟特徵且產品及服務性質、生產流 程性質、客戶類型或類別、分銷產 品或提供服務所用方法以及監管環 境性質相近則另作別論。符合上述 大部分標準的非個別重大經營分部 可進行合併。

3 會計判斷及估計

除該等財務報表其他部分所披露者外, 應用本集團會計政策時涉及的估計不確 定因素及關鍵會計判斷的主要來源載述 如下。

(a) 投資物業的估值

誠如附註12所述,投資物業乃基於獨立專業估值師行作出的估值按公允價值入賬。

於釐定投資物業的公允價值時,估值師所採用的估值方法涉及(其中包括)若干估計,包括相同地段及狀況的類似物業的現行市場租金及市價、適當的貼現率及預期日後市場租金。

管理層於依賴估值報告時已作出判 斷,並信納該估值方法已反映當前 市況。

(b) 應收第三方款項的評估

誠如附註17及29(g)所述,應收第三方款項以公允價值計量且計入損益,並於公允價值等級中分類為第3級金融工具。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(cc) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the key sources of estimation uncertainty and critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies are described below.

(a) Valuation of investment properties

As described in Note 12, investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by an independent firm of professional valuers.

In determining the fair value of investment properties, the valuers have based on a method of valuation which involves, inter alia, certain estimates including current market rents and market price for similar properties in the same location, and condition, appropriate discount rates and expected future market rents.

In relying on the valuation report, management has exercised their judgement and is satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions.

(b) Valuation of receivables from the third parties

As described in Notes 17 and 29(g), receivables from the third parties are measured at FVPL and classified as level 3 financial instruments in the fair value hierarchy.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(b) 應收第三方款項的評估(續)

為釐定應收第三方款項的公允價值, 本集團已根據需要大量輸入數據及 假設的估值模型,且該等數據獲取, 設大部分無法自市場數據獲取, 整體計量而言屬重大。管理區 等三方款項特徵感到滿意。鑑不 定估值模型所用輸入數據的各 定估值計公允價值可能會於確定 性,估計公允價值可能會於增 期末發生變化。估計的任何增表 減少均將影響未來數年的收益表。

(c) 非流動資產減值

(d) 中國土地增值税撥備

誠如附註8(a)所述,本集團已根據相 關中國税務法律法規所載規定,估 計、作出及在税項內計入中國土地 增值税撥備。實際的中國土地增值 税負債須待物業開發項目完工後, 由税務當局釐定,而税務當局可能 不同意本集團計算中國土地增值税 撥備的基準。由於中國土地增值稅 撥備視乎最終税額計算而定,故釐 定撥備水平時須作出重大判斷。鑒 於當地税務局所詮釋的中國土地增 值税計算基準並不確定,實際結果 可能會高於或低於報告期末所估計 者。實際結果/估計的任何增減均 會影響作出有關計算期間的所得税 撥備。

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

(Continued)

(b) Valuation of receivables from the third parties (Continued)

In determining the fair value of receivables from the third parties, the Group has based on valuation models which require a number of inputs and assumptions which are not observable from market data and are significant to the entire measurement. Management has exercised their judgement and is satisfied that valuation models are reflective of the features of receivables from the third parties. Given the uncertainties in determining the inputs used in the valuation models, the estimated fair value may change at the end of each reporting period. Any increase or decrease in estimates would affect income statement in the future years.

(c) Impairment of non-current assets

If circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, interest in associates and joint ventures and goodwill may not be recoverable, the assets may be considered impaired and are tested for impairment. An impairment loss is recognised when the asset's recoverable amount has declined below its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In determining the recoverable amount which requires significant judgements, the Group estimates the future cash flows to be derived from continuing use and ultimate disposal of the asset and applies an appropriate discount rate to these future cash flows.

(d) Provision for PRC LAT

As explained in Note 8(a), the Group has estimated, made and included in tax provision for PRC LAT according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. The actual PRC LAT liabilities are subject to the determination by the tax authorities upon completion of the property development projects and the tax authorities might disagree with the basis on which the provision for PRC LAT is calculated. Significant judgment is required in determining the level of provision, as the calculation of which depends on the ultimate tax determination. Given the uncertainties of the calculation basis of PRC LAT as interpreted by the local tax bureau, the actual outcomes may be higher or lower than those estimated at the end of the reporting period. Any increase or decrease in the actual outcomes/estimates will impact the income tax provision in the period in which such determination is made.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(e) 遞延税項負債

本集團已向第三方租出若干已完成物業,據此董事認為該等安排並非臨時性安排。有鑑於此,本集團決定將該等物業視為投資物業,乃因本集團擬將該等物業用作長期租金收入及/或資本升值。

就此而言,本集團定期審閱其投資物業組合並於二零二一年的經濟十二日總結,釐定為以目的發濟利益隨功業絕大部分的經濟利益隨的廣內,因而推翻該等物假式持有,因而推翻該等物假設不動,本集團已根據這些物業的嚴不的與使用而收回價值時適用稅項。來,繼續計算這些物業的遞延稅項。

(f) 確認遞延税項資產

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

(Continued)

(e) Deferred tax liabilities

The Group has leased out certain of the completed properties to third parties whereby the directors consider that such arrangement is not temporary. In the circumstance, the Group has decided to treat those properties as investment properties because it is the Group's intention to hold these properties in long-term for rental income and/or capital appreciation.

Under HKAS 12, deferred tax is required to be measured with reference to the tax consequences that would follow the manner in which the entity expects to recover the carrying amount of the assets in question. In this regard, HKAS 12 has a rebuttable presumption that the carrying amount of investment property carried at fair value under HKAS 40, *Investment property*, will be recovered through sale. This presumption is rebutted on a property-by-property basis if the investment property in question is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

In this connection, the Group has reviewed its investment property portfolio on a regular basis and has concluded that as at 31 December 2021, the Group has determined that each of these properties are held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time and consequently the presumption in HKAS 12 is rebutted for these properties. As a result, the Group has continued to measure the deferred tax relating to these other properties using the tax rate that would apply as a result of recovering their value through use.

(f) Recognition of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised and measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. In determining the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets, expected taxable profits are estimated which involves a number of assumptions relating to the operating environment of the Group and require a significant level of judgment exercised by the directors. Any change in such assumptions and judgment would affect the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets to be recognised and hence the net profit in future years.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(q) 釐定存貨撥備

誠如附註2(o)所釋,本集團未來待開發土地、在建物業及待售已完工物業按成本與可變現淨值兩者中的較低數額列賬。根據本集團近期經驗及有關物業的性質,本集團就售價、在建物業的竣工成本及出售該物業將引致的成本作出估計。

倘竣工成本增加或淨銷售額減少, 則可能導致須就待售已完工物業、 未來待開發物業及待售在建物業作 出撥備。該等撥備需要運用判斷及 估計。倘預期異於最初估計,則該 等物業的賬面值及撥備於有關估計 變動期間將相應予以調整。

鑑於中國物業市場波動及個別物業獨特性質使然,成本及收益的實際結果可能會高於或低於報告期末所估計者。撥備的任何增減均會影響未來年度的損益。

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

(Continued)

(g) Determining the provision for inventories

As explained in Note 2(o), the Group's land held for future development, properties under development and completed properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Based on the Group's recent experience and the nature of the subject property, the Group makes estimates of the selling price, the costs of completion in case for properties under development, and the costs to be incurred in selling the properties.

If there is an increase in costs to completion or a decrease in net sales value, provision for completed properties held for sale, properties held for future development and under development for sale may be resulted. Such provision requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, the carrying value and provision for properties in the periods in which such estimate is changed will be adjusted accordingly.

Given the volatility of the PRC property market and the distinctive nature of individual properties, the actual outcomes in terms of costs and revenue may be higher or lower than estimated at the end of the reporting period. Any increase or decrease in the provision would affect profit or loss in future years.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

4 收入及分部報告

(a) 收入

收入指物業銷售收入、租金收入、 年內因提供物業管理及相關服務的 收入以及因提供教育相關服務賺取 的收入(已扣除增值税及其他有關銷 售税項及獲允許的折扣)。

(i) 收入分拆

與客戶訂約的收入根據主要產 品或服務系列分拆如下:

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Revenue

Revenue represents income from sale of properties, rental income, income from provision of property management and related services and income from provision of education related services earned during the year, net of value added tax and other sales related taxes and discounts allowed.

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products or service lines is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
香港財務報告準則第 15 號範 圍內的與客戶訂約的收入	Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15		
一物業銷售 一物業管理及相關服務收入	Sales of propertiesProperty management and related services income	75,980	79,211
一教育相關服務收入	Education related services income	271,446 44,520	228,176 36,536
		391,946	343,923
其他來源的收入	Revenue from other sources		
來自投資物業的租金總額	Gross rentals from investment properties		
一固定或取決於利率的 租賃付款	- Lease payments that are fixed or depend on a rate	230,577	218,104
一不取決於指數或利率的 可變租賃付款	 Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate 	16,434	13,024
		247,011	231,128
		638,957	575,051

按分部及按地區市場劃分與客戶訂約的收入分拆分別披露於附註4(b)(i)及4(b)(iii)。

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by divisions and by geographic markets are disclosed in Notes 4(b) (i) and 4(b)(iii) respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

4 收入及分部報告(續)

(a) 收入(續)

(ii) 預期於日後確認於報告日期來 自與現有客戶訂約的收入

> 本集團已就其物業管理及相關服務以及教育相關服務應用香港財務報告準則第15號第121段所載可行權宜方法,因此遵料不包括本集團將按則上述資料不包括本集團認認的政策。 有權出具發票金額所確認的反映本集團迄今已完成履約部分對客戶的價值。

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(a) Revenue (Continued)

(ii) Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date

As at 31 December 2021, the aggregated amount of \$2,450,744,000 (2020: \$1,058,322,000) under the Group's existing contracts expected to be recognised as revenue in the future upon delivery of properties to customers in Mainland China or upon the completion of legal assignment in Hong Kong. This amount includes the interest component of properties sales contracts under which the Group obtains significant financing benefits from the customers (see Note 2(x)(i)). The Group will recognise the expected revenue in future when or as the work is completed or, in the case of the properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale, when the properties are assigned to the customers, which is expected to occur over the next 12 months.

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to its property management and related services and education related services such that the above information does not include information about revenue that the Group will recognise at the amount to which it has a right to invoice, which corresponds directly to the value to the customer of the Group's performance completed to date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

4 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告

本集團根據結合兩個業務系列(產品 及服務)及地區劃分的分部管理其業 務。本集團按照符合向本集團最高 層行政管理人員報告用於資源配置 及表現評估的內部資料的方式,呈 列以下四個報告分部。概無經營分 部合併計算以構成下列報告分部:

- 物業發展:該分部開發並銷售 住宅及零售物業。
- 物業投資:該分部通過出租商場、會所、服務式公寓及停車位賺取租金收入並從長遠的物業升值中獲益。本集團現時的投資物業組合全部位於中國內地及香港。
- 物業管理及相關服務:該分部 主要為本集團的自有已開發住 宅及零售物業的買家及租戶提 供物業管理及相關服務,以及 為集團公司提供裝修服務。
- 教育相關服務:該分部主要向 學生提供教育相關服務及產品。

(i) 分部業績、資產及負債

就評估分部表現及各分部間資源配置而言,本集團的高層行政管理人員按以下基準監控各報告分部應佔的業績、資產及負債:

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by a mixture of both business lines (products and services) and geography. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following four reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments:

- Property development: this segment develops and sells residential and retail properties.
- Property investment: this segment leases shopping arcades, club houses, serviced apartments and car park units to generate rental income and to gain from the appreciation in the properties' values in the long term. Currently, the Group's investment property portfolio is located entirely in Mainland China and Hong Kong.
- Property management and related services: this segment mainly provides property management and related services to purchasers and tenants of the Group's self-developed residential and retail properties and decoration services to group companies.
- Education related services: this segment mainly provides education related services and products to students.

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible, intangible assets, noncurrent and current assets with the exception of interests in associates and joint ventures, other financial assets other than receivables from the third parties, prepaid tax, deferred tax assets and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade and other payables and lease liabilities attributable to the operating activities of the individual segments and bank and other borrowings managed directly by the segments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

4 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(i) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

收入及開支根據該等分部產生的收入及開支分配至報告分部。

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to revenues generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is "adjusted EBITDA" i.e. "adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation", where "depreciation and amortisation" is regarded as including impairment losses on non-current assets. To arrive at adjusted EBITDA, the Group's earnings are further adjusted for items which are non-recurring or not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as share of profits less losses of associates and joint ventures, other revenue and net income, valuation change on investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale, impairment loss on trade and other receivables and other head office or corporate expenses.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning adjusted EBITDA, management is provided with segment information concerning inter-segment sales, interest income and expense from cash balances and borrowings managed directly by the segments, depreciation and amortisation, valuation changes on investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale, impairment loss on trade and other receivables and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations. Inter-segment sales are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar orders.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(i) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度,提供 予本集團最高層行政管理人員 以供進行資源分配及評估分部 表現的與客戶訂約的收入分拆、 其他來源的收入及有關本集團 報告分部的資料載於下文。

REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers, revenue from other sources as well as information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 is set out below.

		物業 Property de		物業:		物業管 相關 Property man related	服務 agement and	教 相關 Educa related s	服務 ntion	總 To	
		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$'000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$'000	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$'000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$'000	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$'000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$'000	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$'000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$'000	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$'000	- 零二零年 2020 千元 \$'000
來自外界客戶的收入	Revenue from external customers	75,980	79,211	247,011	231,128	271,446	228,176	44,520	36,536	638,957	575,051
分部間收入	Inter-segment revenue	-	-	61,828	49,319	69,600	117,854	-	-	131,428	167,173
報告分部收入	Reportable segment revenue	75,980	79,211	308,839	280,447	341,046	346,030	44,520	36,536	770,385	742,224
報告分部盈利/(虧損) (經調整EBITDA)	Reportable segment profit/(loss) (adjusted EBITDA)	(179,001)	(178,293)	177,358	163,846	18,011	12,933	8,043	(1,508)	24,411	(3,022)
銀行存款利息收入	Interest income from bank deposits	78,419	33,889	4,185	4,005	1,109	910	-	-	83,713	38,804
其他利息收入	Other interest income	53,897	39,134	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,897	39,134
利息開支	Interest expense	(240,286)	(235,516)	(50,260)	(57,699)	(4,001)	(8,596)	-	-	(294,547)	(301,811)
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	(15,125)	(14,471)	(3,545)	(3,217)	(3,023)	(1,011)	(5,143)	(890)	(26,836)	(19,589)
貿易及其他應收款項的 減值虧損	Impairment loss on trade and other receivables	(1,496)	(1,795)	(1,877)	(1,593)	(2,293)	(2,246)	(2,046)	(8,576)	(7,712)	(14,210)
透過損益按公允價值入賬計量 金融資產的公允價值 (虧損)/收益	Eair value (loss)/gain on financial assets measured at FVPL	(13,757)	71	-	-	-	-	-	(2,482)	(13,757)	(2,411)
投資物業及分類為持作 出售的投資物業的估值 收益/(虧損)	Valuation gains/(losses) on investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale	-	-	202,341	(77,944)	-	-	-	-	202,341	(77,944)
年內添置非流動分部資產	Additions to non-current segment assets during the year	2,977	2,350	2,110	1,947	2,560	1,120	408	331	8,055	5,748
報告分部資產	Reportable segment assets	17,736,730	18,286,464	8,375,139	7,211,424	501,165	494,397	144,730	145,184	26,757,764	26,137,469
報告分部負債	Reportable segment liabilities	15,202,485	13,812,341	521,050	1,090,473	291,899	293,282	52,074	53,283	16,067,508	15,249,379

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

4 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(ii) 報告分部收入、損益、資產及 負債的對賬

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

- **(b) Segment reporting** (Continued)
 - (ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
收入	Revenue		
報告分部收入 分部間收入抵銷	Reportable segment revenue Elimination of inter-segment revenue	770,385 (131,428)	742,224 (167,173)
綜合收入(附註4(a))	Consolidated revenue (Note 4(a))	638,957	575,051
盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss)		
來自本集團外界客戶的報告 分部盈利/(虧損) 分佔聯營公司虧損 分佔合營企業盈利減虧損 其他收入及收益淨額	Reportable segment profit/(loss) derived from Group's external customers Share of losses of associates Share of profits less losses of joint ventures Other revenue and net income	24,411 (1,997) (7,397) 394,095	(3,022) (2,122) (8,992) 188,687
貿易及其他應收款項的 減值虧損 折舊及攤銷 融資成本 投資物業及分類為持作 出售的投資物業的 估值收益/(虧損) 未分配總部及企業開支	Impairment loss on trade and other receivables Depreciation and amortisation Finance costs Valuation gains/(losses) on investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale Unallocated head office and	(9,477) (34,877) (294,547) 202,341	(18,527) (39,261) (301,811) (77,944)
	corporate expenses	(84,964)	(83,612)
綜合除税前盈利/(虧損)	Consolidated profit/(loss) before taxation	187,588	(346,604)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(ii) 報告分部收入、損益、資產及 負債的對賬(續)

REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

- **(b) Segment reporting** (Continued)
 - (ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities (Continued)

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
資產	Assets		
報告分部資產 於聯營公司的權益 於合營企業的權益 透過損益按公允價值入 賬計量的金融資產 預付税項 遞延税項資產 未分配總部及企業資產	Reportable segment assets Interest in associates Interest in joint ventures Financial assets measured at FVPL Prepaid tax Deferred tax assets Unallocated head office and corporate assets	26,757,764 5,257 1,069,950 208,421 72,320 87,451	26,137,469 7,072 423,328 316,828 38,846 85,540
綜合總資產	Consolidated total assets	28,373,809	27,181,878
負債	Liabilities		
報告分部負債 應付税項 遞延税項負債 未分配總部及企業負債	Reportable segment liabilities Tax payable Deferred tax liabilities Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	16,067,508 217,567 1,464,559 254,342	15,249,379 168,259 1,355,501 254,497
綜合總負債	Consolidated total liabilities	18,003,976	17,027,636

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(iii) 地區資料

下表載列有關(i)本集團來自外 部客戶的收入及(ii)本集團的投 資物業、物業、廠房及設備、 無形資產、商譽及於聯營公司 及合營企業的權益、應收第三 方款項及其他應收款項(「指定 非流動資產」)的地理位置資料。 客戶的地理位置乃根據提供服 務或交付貨物的位置。指定非 流動資產的地理位置乃根據資 產實際所在(倘為投資物業及 物業、廠房及設備)、經營所用 (倘為無形資產、商譽及其他非 流動應收款項)及經營所在(倘 為於聯營公司及合營企業的權 益) 地點劃分。

REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(iii) Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's investment properties, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, goodwill and interests in associates and joint ventures, receivables from the third parties and other receivables ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The geographical location of the specified noncurrent assets is based on the physical location of the asset, in the case of investment properties and property, plant and equipment, the location of the operation to which they are allocated, in the case of intangible assets, goodwill and other non-current receivables, and the location of operations, in the case of interests in associates and joint ventures.

			來自外界客戶的收入 Revenue from external customers		.動資產 current assets
		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$'000	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
中國內地 香港 澳洲	Mainland China Hong Kong Australia	586,409 52,548 -	530,486 44,565 -	10,294,002 1,339,057 282,957	8,451,905 576,608 390,589
		638,957	575,051	11,916,016	9,419,102

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

其他收入

5 OTHER REVENUE

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
銀行利息收入 其他利息收入	Bank interest income Other interest income	84,742 53,897	39,605 39,435
按攤銷成本計量金融資產的 利息收入 停車位服務收入 賠償收入 其他服務收入 其他(附註)	Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Service income from carparks Compensation income Other service income Others (Note)	138,639 35,680 - - - 1,225	79,040 35,842 10,331 1,826 12,906
		175,544	139,945

附註:於二零二零年該金額主要指本集團收取 的政府補助金,主要與若干附屬公司就 COVID-19大流行獲取關於挽留員工、銀行 貸款利息、產業資本總部營運支援及已付僱 員薪金補償的補貼有關。

Note: The amount in 2020 mainly represents the government grants received by the Group which are mainly related to subsidies for staff retention, interest in bank loans, operation supporting of industrial capital headquarters and compensation for salaries paid to employees received by certain subsidiaries related to COVID-19 pandemic.

其他收益淨額

OTHER NET INCOME

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
透過損益按公允價值入賬計量的金融資產的公允價值收益 出售附屬公司的收益/(虧損)淨額 一英兆有限公司(「 英兆 」)及 寶臨集團有限公司(「 寶臨 」) (附註(i))	Fair value gain on financial assets measured at FVPL Net gain/(loss) on disposal of subsidiaries – Great Billion Corporation Limited ("Great Billion") and Wealth Channel Holdings Limited	29,218	49,943
一其他附屬公司(附註(ii))	(" Wealth Channel ") (Note (i)) – other subsidiaries (Note (ii))	146,575 63,058	(269)
失去控制權時重新計量先前持有附屬公司的收益(附註(i))	Gain on remeasurement of previously held subsidiaries upon loss of control		(209)
出售一間合營企業的虧損淨額	(Note (i)) Net loss on disposal of a joint venture	108,834	(5,456)
以相關賠償收入撥回其他應收款項 減值(附註(iv))	Reversal of impairment on other receivables with the related compensation income		(3,430)
出售位於元朗的地塊的虧損	(Note (iv)) Loss on disposal of land parcels in	191,847	_
(附註(iii))	Yuen Long (Note (iii))	(314,079)	_
匯兑(虧損)/收益淨額	Net exchange (loss)/gain	(7,268)	4,576
出售物業、廠房及設備的	Net loss on disposal of property,		
虧損淨額	plant and equipment	(7)	(138)
	Others	373	86
		218,551	48,742

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

其他收益淨額(續)

附註:

- 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團向嘉里建設有限公司的全資附屬公司 Leading Model Limited 及 Master Best Limited 分別出售其於英兆及寶臨(彼等合共持有於 香港元朗的一個物業發展項目)各自之50% 權益,總代價為184,076,000港元。於完成 後,英兆及寶臨的股權減少至50%,並成為 本集團的合營企業。因此,確認出售收益淨 額146,575,000港元及重新計量保留合營企 業所產生的收益108,834,000港元。
- 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,除 上文(i)所述的出售事項外,本集團向其他第 三方出售其於持有若干物業的若干附屬公司 的全部100%權益,總代價為138,697,000 港元,產生出售收益63,058,000港元。
- 於二零二一年七月,香港特區政府發佈通 知,收回本集團持有的元朗若干地塊。管理 層經參照香港特區政府預期採用的補償率 估計該等地塊的價值,並確認出售地塊的虧 損314,079,000港元。
- 本集團就出售若干附屬公司的有爭議應收 款項向債務人提起訴訟。於過往年度,管理 層認為未結算金額不大可能收回,並計提減 值撥備119,904,000港元。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,法院裁定債務人應 向本集團支付未結算款項及相關利息合計 人民幣160,000,000元(相等於191,847,000 港元)。該款項已於年內結清並於損益確認 為其他收益淨額。

OTHER NET INCOME (Continued)

Notes:

- During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group disposed of its 50% interest in each of Great Billion and Wealth Channel, which together hold a property development project in Yuen Long, Hong Kong, to Leading Model Limited and Master Best Limited, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Kerry Properties Limited, respectively, at a total consideration of HK\$184,076,000. Upon the completion, the equity interests of Great Billion and Wealth Channel were reduced to 50% and they became the joint ventures of the Group. The net gain on disposal of HK\$146,575,000 and gain on remeasurement on retained joint ventures of HK\$108,834,000 are recognised accordingly.
- During the year ended 31 December 2021, apart from the disposal mentioned in (i) above, the Group disposed of its entire 100% interest in certain subsidiaries which hold certain properties to other third parties at a total consideration of HK\$138,697,000, resulting a gain on disposal of HK\$63,058,000.
- In July 2021, the HKSAR government issued a notice for the resumption of certain land parcels in Yuen Long held by the Group. Management estimated the value of these land parcels by reference to the compensation rates that are expected to be applied by the HKSAR government and recognised a loss on disposal of land parcels of HK\$314,079,000
- The Group initiated a proceeding against a debtor for a disputed receivable in respect of disposals of certain subsidiaries. In prior year, management considered the unsettled amount was unlikely recoverable and provision for impairment of HK\$119,904,000 was made. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the court judged that the debtor should pay the unsettled amount to the Group with related interest of RMB160,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$191,847,000) in total. The amount was settled during the year and recognised as other net income in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

7 除税前盈利/(虧損)

除税前盈利/(虧損)於扣除/(計入)以下各項後列賬:

7 PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

Profit/(loss) before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

		附註 Note	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
(a) 融資成本 (a	a) Finance costs			
銀行及其他借貸利息 租賃負債利息 應付債券的利息 應付非控股權益款項的 利息 其他借貸成本	Interest on bank and other borrowings Interest on lease liabilities Interest on bonds payable Interest on amounts due to noncontrolling interests Other borrowing costs		523,977 3,550 22,296 1,946 10,848	558,233 4,022 41,330 14,552 15,915
合約負債重大融資部分的 應計利息	Accrued interest on significant financing component of contract liabilities	21(c)	562,617 63,584	634,052 6,098
減:資本化的數額	Less: amount capitalised		626,201 (331,654)	640,150 (338,339)
			294,547	301,811

附註:借貸成本已按介乎0.7%至11.0%的年利率 (二零二零年:1.77%至14.0%)資本化。 Note: The borrowing costs have been capitalised at rates ranging from 0.7% to 11.0% (2020: 1.77% to 14.0%) per annum.

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
(b) 員工成本	(b) Staff costs		
薪金、工資及其他利益 向定額供款退休計劃供款	Salaries, wages and other benefits Contributions to defined contribution	236,860	209,214
(附註)	retirement plans (Note)	10,257	4,916
		247,117	214,130

附註:由於COVID-19疫情影響,政府自二零二零年二月起頒佈多項政策,包括社會保險寬免,以加快經濟活動恢復,使二零二零年定額供款計劃的若干成本有所減輕。二零二一年並無授出有關寬免。

Note: Due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic, a number of policies including the relief of social insurance have been promulgated by the government since February 2020 to expedite resumption of economic activities, which contributed to the relief of certain cost of defined contribution scheme in 2020. No such relief was granted in 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

7 除税前盈利/(虧損)(續)

7 PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$'000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
(c) 其他項目	(c) Other items		
折舊及攤銷 一傢俬、裝置及其他固定資產 一使用權資產	Depreciation and amortisation – furniture, fixtures and other fixed assets – right-of-use assets	7,894 26,983	9,873 29,388
		34,877	39,261
已售物業成本	Cost of properties sold	59,023	98,623
投資物業的租金收入 減:直接支出	Rental income from investment properties Less: Direct outgoings	247,011 (22,403)	231,128 (19,996)
		224,608	211,132
核數師酬金 一審核服務 一其他服務	Auditors' remuneration – audit services – other services	4,950 2,336	4,784 3,047
		7,286	7,831

8 所得税

(a) 計入綜合損益表的所得税開支指:

8 INCOME TAX

(a) Income tax charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
即期税項	Current tax		
中國企業所得税(「 企業所得税 」) 撥備/(撥回)淨額 土地增值税(「土 地增值税 」)	Net provision/(reversal) for PRC Corporate Income Tax (" CIT ") Net provision/(reversal) for Land	53,301	(135,050)
撥備/(撥回)淨額 預扣税撥備/(撥回)淨額	Appreciation Tax (" LAT ") Net provision/(reversal) for	3,857	(5,463)
	withholding tax	954	(4,257)
遞延税項	Deferred tax	58,112	(144,770)
₩ /	Deferred tax		
暫時性差異的產生及撥回	Origination and reversal of temporary differences	82,762	165,702
		140,874	20,932

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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8 所得税(續)

(a) (續)

根據英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」) 及開曼群島的規則及規例,本集團 毋須繳納英屬處女群島及開曼群的 任何所得税。

由於本集團的香港附屬公司於截至 二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度並無賺取任何須繳 納香港利得稅的應課稅盈利,故並 無就香港利得稅作出撥備,惟主要 業務為教育相關服務之香港附屬至 司除外,其按16.5%的比率計算香 港利得稅撥備。

企業所得税撥備乃按本集團內中國內地附屬公司的估計應課稅盈利的相關適用企業所得稅稅率計算,而該等稅率乃根據中國相關所得稅規則及規例釐定。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的適用企業所得稅稅率為25%(二零二零年:25%)。

本集團於中國內地銷售其所發展的物業及其所持有的投資物業須按土地增值幅度以30%至60%的累進稅率繳納土地增值稅,而根據適用規例,土地增值稅乃按出售物業所得款項減可扣稅開支(包括土地使用權租賃支出、借貸成本及所有合資格物業發展開支)計算。

本公司從一間海外合營公司賺取的 利息收入及相關服務收入,以及一 間香港附屬公司於中國內地出售投 資物業的所得款項徵收預扣税。

8 INCOME TAX (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the British Virgin Islands ("BVI") and the Cayman Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the BVI and the Cayman Islands.

No provision was made for Hong Kong Profits Tax as the Group's Hong Kong subsidiaries did not earn any assessable profits subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, except for the Hong Kong subsidiaries in principal activities of education related services, which calculated the provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax at 16.5%.

The provision for CIT is based on the respective applicable CIT rates on the estimated assessable profits of the subsidiaries in Mainland China within the Group as determined in accordance with the relevant income tax rules and regulations of the PRC. The applicable CIT rate was 25% for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 25%).

LAT is levied on properties developed and investment properties held by the Group in Mainland China for sale, at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, which under the applicable regulations is calculated based on the proceeds of sale of properties less deductible expenditures including lease charges of land use right, borrowing costs and all qualified property development expenditures.

Withholding taxes are levied on interest income and related services income earned from an overseas joint venture by the Company and proceeds from the sale of investment properties in Mainland China by a Hong Kong subsidiary.

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

所得税(續)

INCOME TAX (Continued)

(b) 所得税開支與按適用税率計算的會 計盈利/(虧損)對賬如下:

(b) Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit/ (loss) at applicable tax rates:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
除税前盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) before taxation	187,588	(346,604)
除税前盈利/(虧損)的名義税項 (按照相關司法權區的適用税率 計算) 不可扣税開支的影響 不可扣税收入的影響 動用過往年度未確認税項虧損 的影響 動用未確認暫時性差異的影響 未動用税項虧損及未確認暫時性	applicable to the jurisdictions concerned Effect of non-deductible expenses Effect of non-taxable income Effect of prior years' unrecognised tax losses utilised Effect of unrecognised temporary differences utilised	82,645 38,823 (51,609) (468)	(38,581) 25,625 – (5,872)
差異的影響	temporary differences not recognised	102,093	101,407
土地增值税 土地增值税撥備的遞延税項影響	LAT Deferred tax effect on LAT provision	3,857 (964)	(5,463) 1,366
過往年度超額撥備	Over-provision in respect of prior years	(3,390)	(57,550)
實際所得税開支	Actual income tax expense	140,874	20,932

- (c) 綜合財務狀況表的即期税項指:
- (c) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
預付税項:	Prepaid tax:		
土地增值税	LAT	72,320	38,846
應付税項:	Tax payable:		
中國企業所得税 預扣税 土地增值税	PRC CIT Withholding tax LAT	(169,991) (42,534) (5,042)	(126,840) (39,730) (1,689)
		(217,567)	(168,259)

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

所得税(續)

(d) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債

於綜合財務狀況表內確認的遞延稅 項負債/(資產)組成部分及年內的 變動如下:

INCOME TAX (Continued)

(d) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised

The components of deferred tax liabilities/(assets) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

		超出有的 折舊的折 免稅 Depreciatio	" 舊 租賃安排	利息資本化 的影響	物業重估	業務合併的 公允價值 調整	土地增值税 撥備的 暫時性差異	應計費用	未動用税項虧損	可分派利潤	其他暫時性 差異	總計
		allowances i excess o relate depreciatio	of d Lease n arrangement	Impact of interest capitalisation	Revaluation of properties 千元	Fair value adjustment on business combination 千元	Temporary differences on LAT provision 千元	Accruals 千元	Unused tax losses 千元	Distributable profits 千元	Other temporary differences 千元	Total 千元
												\$'000
由以下項目產生的遞延税項:	Deferred tax arising from:											
於二零二零年一月一日	At 1 January 2020	172,42	5 (5,891)	37,085	753,027	173,940	(112,579)	(5,963)	(17,697)	44,130	(7,889)	1,030,588
於損益中扣除/(計入)	Charged/(credited) to profit or loss 8	B(a) 46,95	7 3,604	32,089	(19,062)	-	116,533	1,064	(17,089)	-	1,606	165,702
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	14,10	1 (86)	379	48,126	11,490	(234)	(333)	(2,209)	2,915	(478)	73,671
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	233,48	3 (2,373)	69,553	782,091	185,430	3,720	(5,232)	(36,995)	47,045	(6,761)	1,269,961
於損益中扣除/(計入)	Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	39,45	4 816	7,698	50,288	_	_	1,400	(14,318)	_	(2,576)	82,762
出售附屬公司	Disposal of subsidiaries	J(U) J374.		(7,738)	(23,022)	_		-	(10 C ₁ F1)		(2,310)	(30,760)
於其他全面收益中扣除	Charged to other comprehensive			(-1/20)	(/- /							(1:)
	income			-	1,405	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,405
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	7,69	1 14	-	40,019	5,606	114	(136)	(719)	1,422	(271)	53,740
於二零二一年	At 31 December 2021											
十二月三十一日		280,62	8 (1,543)	69,513	850,781	191,036	3,834	(3,968)	(52,032)	48,467	(9,608)	1,377,108

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
綜合財務狀況表內已確認的 遞延税項資產淨值	Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	(87,451)	(85,540)
綜合財務狀況表內已確認的 遞延税項負債淨額	Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	1,464,559	1,355,501
		1,377,108	1,269,961

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

8 所得税(續)

(e) 未確認遞延税項資產:

並未就下列項目確認的遞延税項資 產:

8 INCOME TAX (Continued)

(e) Deferred tax assets not recognised

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
可扣減暫時性差異 未動用税項虧損	Deductible temporary differences Unused tax losses	1,413,040	1,375,803
-香港(附註(i)) -中國內地(附註(ii))	Hong Kong (Note (i))Mainland China (Note (ii))	19,406 1,956,581	17,428 1,709,073
		3,389,027	3,102,304

附註:

- (i) 根據現行稅務法規,未動用稅項虧損 不會到期。
- (ii) 未動用税項虧損可於虧損產生年度起 以結轉抵銷其後最多五年內的應課税 盈利。未動用税項虧損於二零二二年 至二零二六年期間到期。

由於可能並無足夠未來應課稅盈利 可用於抵銷可扣減暫時性差異及未 動用稅項虧損可動用,故本集團並 未就若干附屬公司的可扣減暫時性 差異及未動用稅項虧損確認遞延稅 項資產。

(f) 未確認遞延税項負債:

企業所得税税法及其實施細則規定, 中國居民企業就二零零八年一月一 日起所產生盈利向其中國境外直接 控股公司派發的股息須繳納10%的 預扣税(除非由條約或協議另行減 少),而於二零零八年一月一日前產 生的未分派盈利則獲豁免繳納該預 扣税。根據中國與香港的税務安排 及其相關規例,持有中國企業25% 或以上權益的合資格香港稅務居民 為「實益擁有人」,可享有5%的經 下調預扣税率。本集團並無就其若 干中國附屬公司於二零零八年一月 一日後所產生盈利60,331,000港元 (二零二零年:58.561.000港元)作 出遞延税項負債撥備,原因是本集 團控制該等附屬公司的股息政策, 並決定於可見未來或不會分派該等 盈利。

Notes:

- (i) The unused tax losses do not expire under the current tax legislation.
- (ii) The unused tax losses can be carried forward to offset against taxable profits of subsequent years for up to five years from the year in which they arose. The unused tax losses expired between 2022 and 2026.

The Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses of certain subsidiaries as it is not probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses can be utilised.

(f) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

The Corporate Income Tax Law and its implementation rules impose a withholding tax at 10%, unless reduced by a treaty or agreement, for dividends, distributed by a PRC-resident enterprise to its immediate holding company outside the PRC for profits generated beginning on 1 January 2008 and undistributed profits generated prior to 1 January 2008 are exempt from such withholding tax. According to the China-Hong Kong tax arrangement and its relevant regulations, a qualified Hong Kong tax resident which is the "beneficial owner" and holds 25% or more of a PRC enterprise is entitled to a reduced withholding tax rate of 5%. The Group did not provide for deferred tax liabilities on profits generated by certain of its PRC subsidiaries after 1 January 2008 amounting to \$60,331,000 (2020: \$58,561,000) since the Group controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

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9 董事酬金

根據香港公司條例第383(1)條及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部,董事酬金披露如下:

9 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

		董事袍金 Directors' fees 千元	薪金、津貼及 實物福利 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千元	退休計劃 供款 Retirement scheme contributions 千元	小計 Sub-Total 千元	二零二一年 總計 2021 Total 千元
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
執行董事	Executive directors					
黄俊康 袁志偉(於二零二一年五月 三十一日辭任) 林美家	Wong Chun Hong	-	4,867 1,350 3,266	- - 18	4,867 1,350 3,284	4,867 1,350 3,284
梁瑞池	Liang Rui Chi	-	4,140	-	4,140	4,140
非執行董事	Non-executive directors					
隗強 葉康文	Kui Qiang YIP Hoong Mun	304	-	-	- 304	304
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors					
鄭毓和	Cheng Yuk Wo	304	_	_	304	304
吳泗宗	Wu Si Zong	304	_	-	304	304
陳儀	Chan Yee Herman	304	-	-	304	304
		1,216	13,623	18	14,857	14,857

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

9 董事酬金(續)

9 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

		董事袍金 Directors' fees 千元	薪金、津貼及 實物福利 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千元	退休計劃 供款 Retirement scheme contributions 千元	小計 Sub-Total 千元	二零二零年 總計 2020 Total 千元
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
執行董事	Executive directors					
黃俊康	Wong Chun Hong	_	4,252	6	4,258	4,258
袁志偉	Yuan Zhi Wei	-	2,352	-	2,352	2,352
林美家	Lam Mei Ka Shirley	-	2,853	18	2,871	2,871
梁瑞池	Liang Rui Chi	-	3,705	-	3,705	3,705
非執行董事	Non-executive directors					
隗強	Kui Qiang	_	-	-	-	-
葉康文	YIP Hoong Mun	304	-	-	304	304
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors					
鄭毓和	Cheng Yuk Wo	304	-	-	304	304
吳泗宗	Wu Si Zong	304	_	-	304	304
陳儀先生	Chan Yee Herman	304	-	_	304	304
		1,216	13,162	24	14,402	14,402

附註:指根據本公司購股權計劃授予董事的購股權估計價值。該等購股權價值乃根據附註 2(u)(ii)所載本集團有關股份支付交易的會計政策計量,且根據該政策,該價值包括關於歸屬前被沒收的已授出股本工具所撥回過往年度應計款項的調整。

> 該等實物福利的詳情(包括主要條款及已授 出購股權數目)於附註27披露。

Note: These represent the estimated value of share options granted to the directors under the Company's share option scheme. The value of these share options is measured according to the Group's accounting policies for share-based payment transactions as set out in Note 2(u)(ii) and, in accordance with that policy, includes adjustments to reverse amounts accrued in previous years where grants of equity instruments are forfeited prior to vesting.

The details of these benefits in kind, including the principal terms and number of options granted, are disclosed in Note 27.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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10 最高薪酬人士

五名最高薪酬人士當中,三名(二零二零 年:三名)董事的薪酬披露於附註9。其 餘人士的薪酬總額如下:

10 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, three (2020: three) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 9. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the remaining individuals are as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
薪金、津貼及實物福利 退休計劃供款	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Retirement scheme contributions	7,823 14	6,282 18
		7,837	6,300

上述最高薪酬人士的薪酬組別如下:

The emoluments of the above individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

		二零二一年 2021 人數 Number of individuals	二零二零年 2020 人數 Number of individuals
2,500,001元 – 3,000,000元 3,000,001元 – 3,500,000元 4,500,001元 – 5,000,000元	\$2,500,001 - \$3,000,000 \$3,000,001 - \$3,500,000 \$4,500,001 - \$5,000,000	- 1	1

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

11 每股盈利/(虧損)

(a) 每股基本盈利/(虧損)

每股基本盈利按本公司權益股東及永久可換股證券持有人應佔溢利33,432,000港元(二零二零年:虧損283,258,000港元)及年內已發行股份加權平均股數1,529,286,000股(二零二零年:1,529,286,000股)計算如下:

11 EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings/(loss) per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders and the holder of PCSs of the Company of \$33,432,000 (2020: loss of \$283,258,000) and the weighted average number of shares of 1,529,286,000 (2020: 1,529,286,000) shares in issue during the year, calculated as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
加權平均股數	Weighted average number of shares		
已發行普通股 發行紅股(另一選擇為永久 可換股證券)的影響	Issued ordinary shares Effect of bonus issue of shares (with PCSs as an alternative)	1,412,733 116,553	1,412,733 116,553
於十二月三十一日的加權 平均股數	Weighted average number of shares at 31 December	1,529,286	1,529,286

(b) 每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)

於二零二一年及二零二零年,根據 本公司購股權計劃視為以無償發行 股份的影響已反攤薄。

(b) Diluted earnings/(loss) per share

During 2021 and 2020, the effect of deemed issue of shares under the Company's share option schemes for nil consideration was antidiluted.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

		投資物業	小計	於租賃土地及 持作自用樓宇 的所有權權益 Ownership interests in	其他租賃作自用的物業	傢俱、裝置及 其他固定資產	小計	總計
		Investment properties 千元 \$'000	Sub-total 千元 \$'000	leasehold land and buildings held for own use 千元 \$'000	Other properties leased for own use 千元 \$'000	Furniture, fixtures and other fixed assets 千元 \$'000	Sub-total 千元 \$'000	Total 千元 \$'000
成本或估值:	Cost or valuation:							
於二零二一年一月一日 匯兑調整 添置 轉撥自存貨	At 1 January 2021 Exchange adjustments Additions Transfer from inventories	7,238,615 212,629 - 1,308,389	7,238,615 212,629 - 1,308,389	153,943 4,563 - 9,627	79,029 1,400 7,568	113,772 3,194 9,130	346,744 9,157 16,698 9,627	7,585,359 221,786 16,698 1,318,016
	至 Transfer from property, plant and equipment to investment properties Disposals Surplus on revaluation	8,273 - -	8,273 - -	(11,378) - 5,619	- - -	(3,335) - -	(11,378) (3,335) 5,619	(3,105) (3,335) 5,619
が二零二一年十二月	Change in fair value At 31 December 2021	202,124	202,124	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	202,124
三十一目	ACST December 2021	8,970,030	8,970,030	162,374	87,997	122,761	373,132	9,343,162
即:	Representing:							
成本 估值	Cost Valuation	- 8,970,030	- 8,970,030	162,374 -	87,997 -	122,761	373,132 -	373,132 8,970,030
		8,970,030	8,970,030	162,374	87,997	122,761	373,132	9,343,162
累計攤銷、折舊及 減值虧損:	Accumulated amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses:							
於二零二一年一月一日 匯兑調整 年內支出 將物業、廠長及設備鏈縫	At 1 January 2021 Exchange adjustments Charge for the year 至 Transfer from property, plant and	-	- - -	(33,838) (1,138) (4,027)	(23,247) (307) (22,956)	(90,378) (3,397) (7,894)	(147,463) (4,842) (34,877)	(147,463) (4,842) (34,877)
投資物業 出售時撥回	equipment to investment properties Written back on disposals	-	-	3,105 -	-	- 2,951	3,105 2,951	3,105 2,951
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	-	-	(35,898)	(46,510)	(98,718)	(181,126)	(181,126)
 賬面淨值:	Net book value:							
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	8,970,030	8,970,030	126,476	41,487	24,043	192,006	9,162,036

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

		投資物業 Investment properties 千元 \$'000	小計 Sub-total 千元 \$'000	於租賃土地及 持作自用樓宇 的所有權權益 Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings held for own use 千元 \$'000	其他租賃作 自用的物業 Other properties leased for own use 千元 \$'000	傢俱、裝置及 其他固定資產 Furniture, fixtures and other fixed assets 千元 \$'000	小計 Sub-total 千元 \$'000	總計 Total 千元 \$'000
成本或估值:	Cost or valuation:							
於二零二零年一月一日 匯光調整 添置 轉發自存貨 出出售 公允價值變動 於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 1 January 2020 Exchange adjustments Additions Transfer from inventories Disposal of subsidiaries Disposals Change in fair value At 31 December 2020 Representing:	6,297,551 389,496 - 631,121 - (79,553) 7,238,615	6,297,551 389,496 - 631,121 - (79,553) 7,238,615	145,283 8,660 - - - - - - 153,943	81,600 2,622 21,527 - (26,720) - 79,029	103,063 6,433 9,534 - (616) (4,642) - 113,772	329,946 17,715 31,061 - (616) (31,362) - 346,744	6,627,497 407,211 31,061 631,121 (616) (31,362) (79,553) 7,585,359
成本	Cost	7 220 645	7 220 645	153,943	79,029	113,772	346,744	346,744
估值	Valuation	7,238,615	7,238,615	_			-	7,238,615
		7,238,615	7,238,615	153,943	79,029	113,772	346,744	7,585,359
累計攤銷、折舊及減值虧損:	Accumulated amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses:							
於二零二零年一月一日 匯光調整 年內支出 出售附屬公司時撥回 出售時撥回	At 1 January 2020 Exchange adjustments Charge for the year Written back on disposal of subsidiaries Written back on disposals	- - - -	- - - -	(26,676) (2,056) (5,106) –	(25,289) (396) (24,282) – 26,720	(78,932) (5,120) (9,873) 225 3,322	(130,897) (7,572) (39,261) 225 30,042	(130,897) (7,572) (39,261) 225 30,042
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	-	_	(33,838)	(23,247)	(90,378)	(147,463)	(147,463)
 賬面淨值:	Net book value:							
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	7,238,615	7,238,615	120,105	55,782	23,394	199,281	7,437,896

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備(續)

(a) 投資物業及分類為持作出售投 資物業的公允價值計量

(i) 公允價值等級

下表呈列本集團投資物業及分 類為持作出售投資物業於報 期末按經常性基準計量的公告 價值,並按照香港財務報 則第13號公允價值計量的 分為三個公允價值等級。分 價值計量的級別乃參照 值方法所使用的輸入數據的 觀察性和重要性釐定如下:

- 第一級估值:僅使用第一級輸入數據計量的公允價值,即於計量日期在活躍市場對相同資產或負債未經調整的報價
- 第二級估值:使用第二級輸入數據計量的公允價值,即不符合第一級的可觀察輸入數據及未有採用不可觀察的重要輸入數據。不可觀察輸入數據指無法取得市場資料的輸入數據
- 第三級估值:使用不可觀察的重要輸入數據計量的公允價值

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(a) Fair value measurement of investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, *Fair value measurement*. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備(續)

- (a) 投資物業及分類為持作出售投 資物業的公允價值計量(續)
 - (i) 公允價值等級(續)

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

- (a) Fair value measurement of investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale (Continued)
 - (i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

		於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 的公允價值 Fair value at 31 December 2021 千元 \$'000	Level 1 Level 2 Lev 千元 千元 =		ıs at
經常性公允價值計量	Recurring fair value measurement				
投資物業 分類為持作出售投資	Investment properties Investment properties classified	8,970,030	-	-	8,970,030
物業 	as held for sale	46,600			46,600
		於二零二零年 十二月三十一日		零年十二月三十- 價值計量分類為	-8
		的公允價值 Fair value at 31 December 2020 千元 \$′000		measurements as er 2020 categorised 第二級 Level 2 千元 \$'000	
經常性公允價值計量	Recurring fair value measurement	Fair value at 31 December 2020 千元	31 Decembe 第一級 Level 1 千元	er 2020 categorised 第二級 Level 2 千元	d into 第三級 Level 3 千元
<i>經常性公允價值計量</i> 投資物業 分類為持作出售投資	Recurring fair value measurement Investment properties Investment properties classified as	Fair value at 31 December 2020 千元	31 Decembe 第一級 Level 1 千元	er 2020 categorised 第二級 Level 2 千元	d into 第三級 Level 3 千元

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外·以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備(續)

- (a) 投資物業及分類為持作出售投資物業的公允價值計量(續)
 - (i) 公允價值等級(續)

年內,第一級及第二級之間並 無轉移,亦未有第三級的轉入 或轉出(二零二零年:無)。

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

- (a) Fair value measurement of investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale (Continued)
 - (i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

During the year, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 (2020: Nil).

All of the Group's investment properties and investment properties held for sale were revalued as at 31 December 2021. The valuations were carried out by an independent firm of surveyors, APAC Appraisal and Consulting Limited , who have among their staff Members of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors with recent experience in the location and category of property being valued, on a market value basis. Management of the Group has discussion with the surveyors on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed at each reporting date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備(續)

- (a) 投資物業及分類為持作出售投 資物業的公允價值計量(續)
 - (ii) 有關第三級公允價值計量的資料

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

- (a) Fair value measurement of investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale (Continued)
 - (ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

	估值方法	不可觀察輸入數據	範圍	加權平均數
	Valuation techniques	Unobservable input	Range	Weighted average
投資物業 —零售及辦公室 Investment properties — retail and offices	收入資本化方法 Income capitalisation method	預期市場租金 (人民幣元/平方米/月) Expected market rental (RMB/sq.m./month)	人民幣 44元至 人民幣 347元 (二零二零年: 人民幣 53 元至 人民幣 373元) RMB44 to RMB347 (2020: RMB53 to RMB373)	人民幣107元 (二零二零年: 人民幣129元) RMB127 (2020: RMB129)
		資本化率 Capitalisation rate	4.03% 至7.50% (二零二零年: 2.5% 至7.25%) 4.03% to 7.50% (2020: 2.5% to 7.25%)	5.9% (二零二零年:5.9%) 5.9% (2020:5.9%)
投資物業-停車場 Investment properties – carpark	直接比較法 Direct comparison method	平均市價 (人民幣元/單位) Average market price (RMB/unit)	人民幣110,000元 至人民幣130,000元 (二零二零年: 人民幣101,415元至 人民幣130,653元) RMB110,000 to RMB130,000 (2020: RMB101,415 to RMB130,653)	人民幣120,833元 (二零二零年: 人民幣120,078元) RMB120,833 (2020: RMB120,078)
投資物業-商務大樓 Investment properties - commercial building	直接比較法 Direct comparison method	平均市價 (港元/平方呎) Average market price (HKD/sq.ft.)	54,109港元 (三零二零年: 53,543港元) HKD54,109 (2020: HKD53,543)	54,109港元 (二零二零年: 53,543港元) HKD54,109 (2020: HKD53,543)
投資物業一高層商務 公寓大樓 Investment properties – storey commercial apartment building	直接比較法 Direct comparison method	平均市價 (人民幣元/平方米) Average market price (RMB/sq.m.)	人民幣67,114元 (二零二零年: 人民幣67,147元) RMB67,114 (2020: RMB67,147)	人民幣67,114元 (二零二零年: 人民幣67,147元) RMB67,114 (2020:RMB67,147)
分類為持作出售投資物業 一服務式公寓 Investment properties classified as held for sale – serviced apartment	直接比較法 Direct comparison method	平均市價 (人民幣元/ 平方米) Average market price (RMB/sq.m.)	人民幣 57,471元 (二零二零年: 人民幣 54,168元至 人民幣 58,891元) RMB57,471 (2020: RMB54,168 to RMB58,891)	人民幣 57,471元 (二零二零年: 人民幣 55,742元) RMB57,471 (2020: RMB55,742)
分類為持作出售投資物業 -停車場 Investment properties classified as held for sale - carpark	直接比較法 Direct comparison method	平均市價 (人民幣元/單位) Average market price (RMB/unit)	人民幣 300,000 元 (二零二零年: 人民幣 300,000 元) RMB300,000 (2020: RMB300,000)	人民幣 300,000 元 (二零二零年: 人民幣 300,000 元) RMB300,000 (2020: RMB300,000)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備(續)

- (a) 投資物業及分類為持作出售投資物業的公允價值計量(續)
 - (ii) 有關第三級公允價值計量的資料 (續)

於年內,該等第三級公允價值 計量的結餘變動如下:

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

- (a) Fair value measurement of investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale (Continued)
 - (ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

The fair value of investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale is determined using income capitalisation method or direct comparison method by capitalising the net rental income allowing for the reversionary income potential of the properties, or by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square meter basis, adjusted for a premium or a discount specific to the quality of the Group's properties compared to the recent sales. The valuation takes into account expected market rental of the properties. The capitalisation rates used have been adjusted for the quality and location of the buildings and the tenant quality. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the expected market rental and average market price, and negatively correlated to the capitalisation rate.

The movements during the year in the balances of these Level 3 fair value measurements are as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
投資物業	Investment properties		
於一月一日 轉撥自存貨 轉撥自物業、廠房及設備	At 1 January Transfer from inventories Transfer from property, plant and equipment	7,238,615 1,308,389 8,273	6,297,551 631,121 –
於損益確認的估值 收益/(虧損) 匯兑調整	Valuation gains/(losses) recognised in profit or loss Exchange adjustments	202,124 212,629	(79,553) 389,496
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	8,970,030	7,238,615

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 投資物業及物業、廠房及設 備(續)

- (a) 投資物業及分類為持作出售投 資物業的公允價值計量(續)
 - 有關第三級公允價值計量的資料 (續)

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY. PLANT AND EOUIPMENT (Continued)

- (a) Fair value measurement of investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale (Continued)
 - Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
分類為持作出售投資物業	Investment properties classified as held for sale		
於一月一日	At 1 January	70,657	64,683
出售	Disposals	(25,999)	_
於損益確認的估值收益	Valuation gains recognised in		
	profit or loss	217	1,609
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	1,725	4,365
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	46,600	70,657

投資物業及分類為持作出售的 投資的公允價值調整於綜合損 益表上的「投資物業及分類為 持作出售的投資物業的估值收 益/(虧損)」項目中確認。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,年內綜合損益表已 確認轉入的公允價值收益為 158,169,000港元(二零二零 年:39.294.000港元),及現 有投資物業的公允價值收益為 44,172,000港元(二零二零年: 虧損117,238,000港元)。

Fair value adjustment of investment properties and investment classified as held for sale is recognised in the line item "valuation gains/(losses) on investment properties and investment properties classified as held for sale" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, a fair value gain of HK\$158,169,000 (2020: HK\$39,294,000) upon the transfer and a gain on fair value of HK\$44,172,000 (2020: loss of HK\$117,238,000) in respect of existing investment properties had been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 投資物業及物業、廠房及設 備(續)

(b) 使用權資產

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,按 相關資產分類的使用權資產的賬面 淨值分析如下:

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Right-of-use assets

As at 31 December 2021, the analysis of the net book value of rightof-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
於租賃土地及持作自用樓宇的所有權權益(按折舊成本列賬)的餘下租期為:(附註(i))	Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings held for own use, carried at depreciated cost, with remaining lease term of: (Note (i)) – 50 years or more	25,358	24,664
一於10至50年 ————————————————————————————————————	– between 10 and 50 years	101,118	95,441
其他租賃作自用的物業(按折舊 成本列賬)(附註(ii))	Other properties leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost (Note (ii))	41,487	55,782 175,887
於租賃投資物業的所有權權益 (按公允價值列賬)的餘下租 期為: 一50年或以上 一於10至50年	Ownership interests in leasehold investment properties, at fair value, with remaining lease term of: – 50 years or more – between 10 and 50 years	2,140,756 6,829,274	2,344,065 4,894,550
	,	8,970,030	7,238,615
於分類為持作出售的租賃投資物 業的所有權權益(按公允價值 列賬)的餘下租期為: -50年或以上	Ownership interests in leasehold investment properties classified as held for sale, at fair value, with remaining lease term of: – 50 years or more	46,600	70,657
		9,184,593	7,485,159

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備(續)

(b) 使用權資產(續)

有關租賃的開支項目分析於損益中確認如下:

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
使用權資產按相關資產分類的 折舊支出: 於租賃土地及持作自用樓宇的 所有權權益 租賃作自用的其他物業	Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset: Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings held for own use Other properties leased for own use	4,027 22,956	5,106 24,282
		26,983	29,388
租賃負債之利息(附註7(a)) 有關短期租賃之開支 已收有關COVID-19的租金減免	Interest on lease liabilities (Note 7(a)) Expense relating to short-term leases COVID-19-related rent concessions received	3,550 482	4,022 1,697 256

於年內,使用權資產添置為7,568,000港元(二零二零年:21,527,000港元)。根據新租約,該金額有關資本化租賃付款之應付款項。

租賃現金流出總額及租賃負債到期日分析之詳情分別載於附註21(d)及25。

如附註2所披露,本集團已提早採納香港財務報告準則第16號修訂,租賃、於二零二一年六月三十日之後有關COVID-19的租金減免,並就本集團於年內獲取的所有合資格租金減免應用可行權宜方法。

(i) 於租賃土地及持作自用樓宇的 所有權權益

本集團擁有多個物業作為辦事處。本集團為該等物業權益(包括相關土地全部或部分未分割股份)的註冊擁有人。一次性付款為從其先前註冊擁有人預先獲得該等物業權益,而根據土地租賃條款並無持續付款。

During the year, additions to right-of-use assets were \$7,568,000 (2020: \$21,527,000). This amount relates to the capitalised lease payments payable under new tenancy agreements.

Details of total cash outflow for leases and the maturity analysis of lease liabilities are set out in Notes 21(d) and 25, respectively.

As disclosed in Note 2, the Group has early adopted the Amendment to HKFRS 16, *Leases, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021*, and has applied the practical expedient to all eligible rent concessions received by the Group during the year.

(i) Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings held for own use

The Group holds several properties as its offices. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the whole or part of undivided share in the underlying land. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests from their previous registered owners, and there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the land lease.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外·以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

12 投資物業及物業、廠房及設備(續)

(b) 使用權資產(續)

(ii) 租賃自用之其他物業

本集團已通過租賃協議獲得使 用其他物業作為其倉庫、零售 店及辦公室的權利。租賃通常 初步為期2至22年。租賃付款 通常每年增加以反映市場租金。 租賃概不包括期權或可變租賃 付款。

(c) 投資物業

本集團根據經營租賃出租投資物業。 該等租賃一般初步為期一至九年, 並有權選擇於所有條款重新協商之 日後重續。租賃付款通常每年增加 以反映市場租金。

於報告日期,本集團根據不可撤銷 經營租賃將於未來期間應收的未折 現租賃付款如下:

12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

(ii) Other properties leased for own use

The Group has obtained the right to use other properties as its warehouses, retail stores and offices through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of 2 to 22 years. Lease payments are usually increased every year to reflect market rentals. None of the leases includes options or variable lease payments.

(c) Investment property

The Group leases out investment property under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 to 9 years, with an option to renew the lease after that date at which time all terms are renegotiated. Lease payments are usually increased every year to reflect market rentals.

Undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
一年內 一年後但兩年內 兩年後但三年內 三年後但四年內 四年後但五年內 五年後	Within 1 year After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 year but within 3 years After 3 year but within 4 years After 4 year but within 5 years After 5 years	233,568 184,116 115,058 80,968 59,000 46,711	224,141 171,932 116,903 72,297 56,487 88,671
		719,421	730,431

- (d) 本集團的若干投資物業以及其他土地及樓宇已作抵押以取得銀行貸款, 有關詳情載於附註24。
- (d) The Group's certain investment properties and other land and buildings were pledged to secure bank loans, details of which are set out in Note 24.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

13 商譽

13 GOODWILL

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千元	千元
		\$'000	\$'000
成本及賬面值	Cost and carrying amount	40,736	40,736

對現金產生單位(包含商譽)的減值 測試

管理層於各報告日期對商譽進行減值測 試。本公司董事於獨立估值師漢華專業 服務集團(「漢華」)的協助下,根據使用 價值(「使用價值」)計算方法釐定啟思控 股有限公司(「啟思集團」) 現金產生單位 的可收回金額。彼等之可收回金額乃根 據若干類似主要假設釐定。有關計算乃 使用根據經管理層批准的財務預算作出 的税後現金流量預測。啟思集團的預測 期間,與買賣協議議定的盈利保證期一致。 超過預測期間的現金流量使用以下預計 的永續增長率推斷。增長率不超過現金 產生單位經營業務相關行業的長期平均 增長率。貼現率乃採用除税後並反映相 關行業及現金產生單位本身及相關地區 宏觀環境的特定風險。

為進行商譽減值測試,首年的預測現金 流量乃依據管理層批准的財務預算估計。 其他主要假設載列如下:

Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill

Management performed impairment testing on goodwill at the each reporting date. The recoverable amount of CGU of Creative Education Holding Company Limited ("Creative Education Group") determined based on the value in use ("VIU") calculation by the directors of the Company with the assistance of an independent valuer, GCA Professional Services Group ("GCA"). Their recoverable amounts are based on certain similar key assumptions. The calculation use after-tax cashflow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a fiveyear period. Creative Education Group has the projection periods to be in line with the profit guarantee period agreed in the sales and purchase agreement. Cash flows beyond the projection period are extrapolated using the estimated terminal growth rates below. The growth rates do not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the related industry in which the CGU operate. The discount rates used are after-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant industry and the CGU itself and macro-environment of the relevant region.

For the purpose of impairment testing of goodwill, the forecasted cashflows of the first year are estimated based on financial budgets approved by the management. Other key assumptions are set out as follows:

		二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020
收益年增長率	Annual growth rate of revenue	2.5%-7.9%	2.0%-10.2%
毛利率(佔收益百分比)	Gross margin (% of revenue)	72.8%-74.1%	69.4%–70.9%
長期增長率	Long-term growth rate	2.5%	2.0%
除税後貼現率	After-tax discount rate	15.0%	15.0%

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 於釐定現金產生單位之使用價值時調整 上述關鍵假設以反映COVID-19大流行造 成之不明朗因素。 As at 31 December 2021, the Group adjusted the above key assumptions in determination of the VIU of CGU to reflect the uncertainties caused by the COVID-19 pandemic.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

13 商譽(續)

按可收回金額減現金產生單位之賬面值 計算的淨空詳情如下:

13 GOODWILL (Continued)

Details of the headroom calculated based on the recoverable amounts deducting the carrying amount of the CGU are set out as follows:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千元	千元
		\$'000	\$'000
淨空	Headroom	24,143	13,948

管理層已對商譽減值測試進行敏感度分析。下表載列可單獨消除剩餘淨空的年度增長率、長期增長率及税後折現率的假設變動:

Management have undertaken sensitivity analysis on the impairment test of goodwill. The following table sets out the hypothetical changes to annual growth rate, long-term growth rate and after-tax discount rate that would, in isolation, have removed the remaining headroom respectively:

		二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020
年增長率減少	Decrease in annual growth rate	1.0%	3.7%
長期增長率減少	Decrease in long-term growth rate	9.5%	3.6%
除税後貼現率增加	Increase in after-tax discount rate	5.1%	3.2%

經參考獨立合資格專業估值師漢華協助本公司董事釐定的可收回金額,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事釐定毋須就商譽作出減值。

By reference to the recoverable amounts determined by directors of the Company with assistance of GCA, an independent qualified professional valuer, as at 31 December 2021, the directors of the Company determined that no impairment of goodwill was required.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司的投資

下表僅載列主要影響本集團業績、資產 或負債的附屬公司詳情。除另有説明外, 所持股份的類別為普通股。

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

	註冊成立/成立 及營運地點 以及法人類別 Place of incorporation/	所有權權益比例 Proportion of ownership interest				
附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	establishment and operation and type of legal entity	已發行股本/ 註冊資本詳情 Particulars of issued capital/ registered capital	本集團的 實際權益 Group's effective interest	由本公司 持有 Held by the Company	由一間 附屬公司 持有 Held by a subsidiary	主要業務 Principal activity
Top Spring Real Estate (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (萊蒙房地產(深圳)有限公司)	中國 [△] PRC [△]	人民幣653,060,000元 RMB653,060,000	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Dongguan SZITIC Property Development Co., Ltd. (東莞市深國投房地產開發 有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Changzhou Top Spring Landmark Real Estate Co., Ltd. (常州萊蒙都會置業有限公司)	中國# PRC#	60,000,000美元 USD60,000,000	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Top Spring Realty (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. (萊蒙置業(成都)有限公司)	中國# PRC#	18,750,000美元 USD18,750,000	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Top Spring International (Yuhang) Landmark Co., Ltd. (萊蒙國際(余杭)置業有限公司)	中國# PRC#	10,000,000美元 USD10,000,000	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Tianjin Hyperion Construction Co., Ltd. (天津海吉星建設有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	58%	-	58%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Tianjin Hyperion Investment Development Co., Ltd. (天津海吉星投資發展有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣100,000,000元 RMB100,000,000	58%	-	58%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Tianjin Jin Jun Investment Development Co., Ltd. (天津津俊投資發展有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣75,000,000元 RMB75,000,000	58%	-	58%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續) 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

	註冊成立/成立 及營運地點 以及法人類別 Place of			所有權權益比例 on of ownership	interest	
附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	incorporation/ establishment and operation and type of legal entity	已發行股本/ 註冊資本詳情 Particulars of issued capital/ registered capital	本集團的 實際權益 Group's effective interest	由本公司 持有 Held by the Company	由一間 附屬公司 持有 Held by a subsidiary	主要業務 Principal activity
Nanjing Top Spring Water Flower Property Development Co., Ltd. (南京萊蒙水榭花都房地產 開發有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Nanjing Top Spring Real Estate Co., Ltd. (南京萊蒙置業有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣300,000,000元 RMB300,000,000	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Shenzhen Water Flower Commercial Management Co., Ltd. (深圳市水榭商業管理有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣5,000,000元 RMB5,000,000	100%	-	100%	物業投資 Property investment
Shenzhen Water Flower Commercial Property Management Co., Ltd. (深圳市水榭商業物業管理 有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣28,000,000元 RMB28,000,000	100%		100%	物業投資 Property investment
Huge Source Limited (展材有限公司)	香港 Hong Kong	10 股股份 10 shares	70%	-	70%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Shanghai Pengxiu Business Consultancy Co., Ltd. (上海鵬綉商務咨詢有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	70%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Shine Long Limited (耀隆有限公司)	英屬處女群島 The British Virgin Islands	78 股股份 78 shares	70%	-	70%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Shanghai Pengyi Business Consultancy Co., Ltd. (上海鵬熠商務咨詢有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣30,000,000元 RMB30,000,000	70%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Progress Link Limited (展系有限公司)	英屬處女群島 The British Virgin Islands	78 股股份 78 shares	70%	-	70%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Shanghai Pengji Business Consultancy Co., Ltd. (上海鵬濟商務咨詢有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	70%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

	註冊成立/成立 及營運地點 以及法人類別 Place of incorporation/			所有權權益比例 on of ownership	interest	
附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	establishment and operation and type of legal entity	已發行股本/ 註冊資本詳情 Particulars of issued capital/ registered capital	本集團的 實際權益 Group's effective interest	由本公司 持有 Held by the Company	由一間 附屬公司 持有 Held by a subsidiary	主要業務 Principal activity
Shenzhen Zhong Yi Ming Hao Real Estate Development Company Limited (深圳市中益名浩房地產開發 有限公司)	中國* PRC*	人民幣 50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Creative Kindergarten Holdings Limited (啟思幼稚園集團有限公司)	香港 Hong Kong	1,000,000 股股份 1,000,000 shares	100%	-	100%	物業投資 Property investment
Creative Education Holding Company Limited (啟思控股有限公司)	香港 Hong Kong	100 股股份 100 shares	100%	-	100%	教育相關業務 Education related
Great Property Corporation Limited (鉅俊發企業有限公司)	香港 Hong Kong	1 股股份 1 share	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Great Prosper Development Limited (瀋隆發展有限公司)	香港 Hong Kong	2 股股份 2 shares	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Faith Luck Corporation Limited (信祥有限公司)	香港 Hong Kong	1 股股份 1 share	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment
Rapid Sight Limited (迅望有限公司)	香港 Hong Kong	1 股股份 1 share	100%	-	100%	物業發展及投資 Property development and investment

- # 外商獨資企業
- △ 中外合資股份合營企業
- * 有限公司

董事認為,於二零二一年及二零二零年 十二月三十一日,概無對本集團而言屬 重大的任何個別非控股權益。

- # Wholly foreign-owned enterprise
- Sino-foreign equity joint venture
- * Limited liability company

The directors consider that no individual non-controlling interest is material to the Group as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

15 於聯營公司的權益

有關本集團於聯營公司的權益於綜合財 務報表採用權益法入賬的詳情如下:

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES

Details of the Group's interest in the associates, which is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

	所有權權益比例 Proportion of ownership interest					
公司名稱 Name	註冊成立及 營業地點 Place of incorporation and business	已發行及 繳足股本詳情 Particulars of issued and paid up capital	本集團的 實際權益 Group's effective interest	由本公司 持有 Held by the Company	由一間 附屬公司 持有 Held by a subsidiary	主要業務 Principal activities
Shenzhen Green Port Co., Ltd. (深圳市中央大厨房物流配送 有限公司)	中國 PRC	人民幣 50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	43%	-	43%	供應鏈 Supply chain
Shenzhen Water Honey Real estate development Co., Ltd. (深圳市水榭香蜜房地產開發有限公司)	中國 PRC	人民幣 10,000,000元 RMB10,000,000	20%	-	20%	物業發展 Property development

所有聯營公司均為非上市公司實體,且 概無市場報價。 All of the associates are unlisted corporate entities whose quoted market prices are not available.

個別非主要聯營公司的總體資料:

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

	二零二一年 二零二零年 2021 2020 千元 千元 \$′000 \$′000
本集團應佔個別非主要聯營公司的 Aggregate carrying amounts 資產淨值的賬面總值 Groups's share of net asset individually immaterial assot 本集團應佔該等聯營公司總額 Aggregate amounts of the Groups's share of net asset individually immaterial assot asset in the Groups's share of net asset individually immaterial assot individually immaterial assot in the Groups's share of net asset individually immaterial associations.	s of ciates 5,257 7,072
of those associates' 年度虧損 Loss for the year 其他全面收益 Other comprehensive incor	(1,997) (2,122
全面收益總額 Total comprehensive income	(1,815) (1,667

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

16 於合營企業的權益

有關本集團於合營企業的權益於綜合財 務報表採用權益法入賬的詳情如下:

16 INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURES

Details of the Group's interest in joint ventures, which is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

	註冊成立及			所有權權益比例 on of ownership	interest 由一間	
公司名稱 Name	營業地點 Place of incorporation and business	已發行及 繳足股本詳情 Particulars of issued and paid up capital	實際權益 Group's effective interest	由本公司 持有 Held by the Company	附屬公司 持有 Held by a subsidiary	主要業務 Principal activities
Shenzhen Qian Hai Xin Lai Yuan Investment Fund Management Co., Ltd. (深圳前海新萊源股權投資基金管理 有限公司)	中國 PRC	人民幣 50,000,000 元 RMB50,000,000	49%	-	49%	投資管理 Investment management
Silver Pond Investments Pty Ltd.	澳洲 Australia	85,672,370 澳元 AUD85,672,370	49%	-	49%	物業發展 Property development
Huizhou Kefuxuexing Venture Capital Investment Partnership (Limited Partnership) (惠州市科復學興創業投資合夥企業 (有限合夥))	中國 PRC	人民幣61,010,000元 RMB61,010,000	16.4%	-	16.4%	投資管理 Investment management
Top Spring Projects No.1 Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	100港元 HKD100	50%	-	50%	投資管理 Investment management
Top Spring Projects No.2 Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	100港元 HKD100	50%	-	50%	投資管理 Investment management
Top Spring Projects No.3 Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	100港元 HKD100	50%	-	50%	投資管理 Investment management
Top Spring Projects No.4 Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	100港元 HKD100	50%	-	50%	投資管理 Investment management
Top Spring Australia Development Pty Ltd	澳洲 Australia	100澳元 AUD100	50%	-	50%	投資管理 Investment management
Great Billion Corporation Limited (" Great Billion ") (英兆有限公司) (「 英兆 」)	香港 Hong Kong	2港元 HKD2	50%	-	50%	物業發展 Property development
Wealth Channel Holdings Limited (寶臨集團有限公司)	香港 Hong Kong	2港元 HKD2	50%	-	50%	物業發展 Property development

所有合營企業均為非上市公司實體,且 概無市場報價。

All of joint ventures are unlisted corporate entities whose quoted market prices are not available.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

16 於合營企業的權益(續)

英兆之財務資料概要、會計政策任何差 異之調整及綜合財務報表內賬面值之對 賬披露如下:

16 INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Summarised financial information of Great Billion, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and a reconciliation to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
英兆之總額 流動資產 流動負債 權益 非流動負債	Gross amounts of Great Billion's Current assets Current liabilities Equity Non-current liabilities	1,664,991 (1,131) (257,066) (1,406,794)	- - - -
上述資產及負債包括以下各項: 現金及現金等值項目	Included In the above assets and liabilities: Cash and cash equivalents	833	-
收入 持續經營業務產生的虧損 全面收益總額	Revenue Loss from continuing operations Total comprehensive income	– (105) (105)	- - -
本集團於英兆之權益對賬	Reconciled to the Group's interest in Great Billion		
英兆之資產淨值總額 本集團之實際權益	Gross amounts of Great Billion's net assets Group's effective interest	257,066 50%	-
本集團應佔英兆之資產淨值 本集團應佔英兆之股東貸款總額 (附註(ii))	Group's share of Great Billion's net assets Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of shareholders' loans in Great Billion (Note (ii))	128,533 511,331	-
本集團權益之賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interests	639,864	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

16 於合營企業的權益(續)

個別非主要合營企業的總體資料:

16 INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Aggregate information of joint ventures that were not individually material:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
本集團應佔個別非主要合營企業 的賬面總值	Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's share of individually immaterial	244 020	242.246
本集團應佔股東貸款總額(附註(i))	joint ventures Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of shareholders' loans (Note (i))	211,038 219,048	212,346 210,982
本集團應佔該等合營企業總額	Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of those joint ventures'	430,086	423,328
年度虧損 其他全面收益	Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	(7,344) (18,643)	(8,992) 33,592
全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income	(25,987)	24,600

附註:

- (i) 按照合營企業協議的條款,合營企業雙 方已按照彼等的持股量比例及根據相 同條款向該合營企業提供貸款資本。 除130,648,000港元(二零二零年: 210,982,000港元)貸款(該貸款為無抵押、 免息或按年利率7%至8%計息及附屬於 合營企業獲得的其他融資於四年內收回)外, 所有餘下結餘均為無抵押,並每年按高 一個月香港銀行同業拆息(「**香港銀行**同業 拆息」)2.85%計息(二零二零年:無)。償 還任何該等貸款的金額需要該兩家企業的 提任何該等貸款的金額需要該兩家企業的 提任何該等貸款的金額需要該內外界融資 及累計溢利後仍具備足夠資產的情況下 可償還。因此,股東貸款構成本集團於合 營企業之股權投資之組成部份並按此確認。
- (ii) 根據合營協議之條款,訂約雙方已按照其 持股比例,根據相同條款向合營企業提供 貸款資金。該等貸款為無抵押,並每年按 高於一個月香港銀行同業拆息2.85%計息。 償還任何該等貸款的金額需要該兩家企業 的批准,且須待該合營企業於計及外界融 資及累計溢利後仍具備足夠資產的情況下 方可償還。因此,股東貸款構成本集團於 合營企業之股權投資之組成部份並按此確認。

Notes:

- (i) In accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement, both parties to the joint ventures have provided loan capital to the joint ventures in proportion to their shareholdings and under equal terms. Apart from the loans of HK\$130,648,000 (2020: HK\$210,982,000) which are unsecured, interest-free or interest bearing at 7%–8% per annum and recoverable within four years subordinated to the other financing obtained by the joint venture, all of the remaining balances are unsecured and interest bearing at 2.85% per annum above one month's Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") (2020: Nil). Repayment of any amount of the loan requires both ventures' approval and is subject to the joint venture having sufficient assets after taking into account the external financing and accumulated profits. Accordingly, the shareholders' loans form an integral part of the Group's equity investment in the joint ventures and is recognised as such.
- (ii) In accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement, both parties to the joint venture have provided loan capital to the joint venture in proportion to their shareholdings and under equal terms. The loans are unsecured and interest bearing at 2.85% per annum above one month's HIBOR. Repayment of any amount of the loan requires both ventures' approval and is subject to the joint venture having sufficient assets after taking into account the external financing and accumulated profits. Accordingly, the shareholder's loans forms an integral part of the Group's equity investment in the joint venture and is recognised as such.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

17 透過損益按公允價值入賬(「透過損益按公允價值入賬」)計量的金融資產

17 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS ("FVPL")

		附註 Notes	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
非即期	Non-current	29(g)		
一非持作買賣的非上市 股本證券 一交易證券 一應收第三方款項 一混合金融投資	 Unlisted equity securities not held for trading Trading securities Receivables from the third parties Hybrid financial investments 	(i) (ii)	36,837 40,726 1,366,245 –	127,084 39,683 1,274,540 46,836
			1,443,808	1,488,143
即期 一混合金融投資 一應收第三方款項 一非持作買賣的非上市	Current - Hybrid financial investments - Receivables from the third parties - Unlisted equity securities not	29(g) (iii) (ii)	50,495 -	- 12,432
一非符件負責的非工印 股本證券 一私募證券投資基金單位	held for trading Units in private securities investment funds		50,524 4,372	-
一理財產品	- Wealth management products		25,467	103,225
			130,858	115,657

附註:

- (i) 應收第三者款項分類為公允價值等級中的 第3級金融工具。該等金融資產的估值乃從 估值模型所得,該模型需要大量無法從市 場數據獲取的輸入數據及假設,並對整個計 量至關重要。年內,透過損益按公允價值入 賬計量的金融資產時產生公允價值虧損為 13,757,000港元(二零二零年:2,411,000港 元)。
- (ii) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日的即期結餘 包括就去年收購附屬公司而應收相關利潤 保證12,432,000港元。結餘已自本年度收購 該等附屬公司剩餘權益的代價抵銷。
- (iii) 混合金融投資包括對被投資方的債務投資, 年利率為15%,加上被投資方餘值的45% 股權回報,於公允價值等級分類為第三級金 融工具。該等金融資產的估值乃從估值模型 所得,該模型需要大量無法從市場數據獲 取的輸入數據及假設,並對整個計量至關重 要。於年內,以公允價值計量且其變動計入 損益的餘下混合金融投資的公允價值收益 為3,659,000港元(二零二零年:9,320,000 港元)。

所有其他金融資產根據香港財務報告準 則第9號分類為透過損益按公允價值入賬。

Notes:

- (i) Receivables from the third parties are classified as level 3 financial instruments in the fair value hierarchy. The valuations of these financial assets are derived from valuations models which require a number of inputs and assumptions which are not observable from market data and which are significant to the entire measurement. During the year, the fair value loss on financial assets measured at FVPL amounted to HK\$13,757,000 (2020: HK\$2,411,000).
- (ii) Included in the current balance as at 31 December 2020 was an amount of HK\$12,432,000 from related profit guarantee receivable in respect of acquisition of subsidiaries in prior year. The balance was offset from consideration of acquisition of remaining interest of that subsidiaries during the current year.
- (iii) Hybrid financial investments include debt investments to the investees with interest bearing at 15% per annum plus 45% equity return on the residual value of the investees, which are classified as level 3 financial instruments in the fair value hierarchy. The valuations of these financial assets are derived from valuation models which require a number of inputs and assumptions which are not observable from market data and which are significant to the entire measurement. During the year, the fair value gain on remaining hybrid financial investments measured at FVPL amounted to HK\$3,659,000 (2020: HK\$9,320,000).

All of other financial assets are classified as at FVPL under HKFRS 9.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

18 存貨及其他合約成本

18 INVENTORIES AND OTHER CONTRACT COSTS

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
物業發展 一待售發展中租賃土地 一待售發展中物業 一待售已竣工物業	Property development - Leasehold land held for development for sale - Property under for development for sale - Completed properties for sale	148,967 9,196,887 596,598	761,520 8,223,359 1,890,788
其他合約成本	Other contract costs	9,942,452	10,875,667
其他業務 低價值消耗品及供應品	Other operations	9,945,071 6,521	10,878,209
以识值/I 和	Low value consumables and supplies	9,951,592	10,884,496

於逾一年後預期可收回的物業款項為7,085,381,000港元(二零二零年:10,630,847,000港元)。

The amount of properties expected to be recovered after more than one year is \$7,085,381,000 (2020: \$10,630,847,000).

(a) 待售發展中土地的賬面值分析如下:

(a) The analysis of carrying value of land held for property development for sale is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
於中國內地的餘下租期為	In Mainland China, with remaining lease term of		
-50年或以上	– 50 years or more	1,600,440	1,478,344
-10年至50年	– between 10 and 50 years	3,386,790	3,279,037
	Serveen to and so years	5,555,155	3,2,3,65,
		4,987,230	4,757,381
於香港的餘下租期為	In Hong Kong, with remaining lease term of		
-50年或以上	– 50 years or more	668,000	668,000
-10年至50年	between 10 and 50 years	148,967	761,520
		816,967	1,429,520
		5,804,197	6,186,901

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

18 存貨及其他合約成本(續)

(b) 本集團若干待售發展中物業及待售 已竣工物業已抵押以取得銀行貸款 及其他借貸,有關詳情載於附註24。

(c) 合約成本

資本化的合約成本與支付予物業代理的遞增銷售佣金有關,而該代理的錫售活動導致客戶就本集團於報告日期仍然在建中物業訂立買賣協議)。合約成本於相關物業銷售收益確認期間在綜合損益表中確認為「直接成本」的一部分。於二零二一年及二零二零年,概無在損益中確認資本化成本金額。

本集團應用於香港財務報告準則第 15號第94段的可行權宜方法,倘本 集團另行確認資產的攤銷期間落在 訂立合約日期的相同報告期內,則 取得有關已竣工物業的銷售及服務 的合約遞增成本於產生時確認為開支。

概無於逾一年後預期可收回的資本 化合約成本(二零二零年:2,542,000 港元)。

18 INVENTORIES AND OTHER CONTRACT COSTS

(Continued)

(b) The Group's certain properties under for development for sale and completed properties for sale were pledged to secure bank loans and other borrowings, details of which is set out in Note 24.

(c) Contract costs

Contract costs capitalised relate to the incremental sales commissions paid to property agents whose selling activities resulted in customers entering into sale and purchase agreements for the Group's properties which are still under construction at the reporting date. Contract costs are recognised as part of "direct costs" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which revenue from the related property sales is recognised. During 2021 and 2020, there is no amount of capitalised costs recognised in profit or loss.

The Group applies the practical expedient in paragraph 94 of HKFRS 15 and recognises the incremental costs of obtaining contracts relating to the sale of completed properties and services as an expense when incurred if the amortisation period of the assets that the Group otherwise would have recognised is within the same reporting period as the date of entering into the contract.

No capitalised contract costs is expected to be recovered after more than one year (2020: \$2,542,000).

19 貿易及其他應收款項

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		附註 Notes	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
應收貿易賬款(扣除虧損撥備)	Trade debtors, net of loss allowance		84,844	101,308
其他應收款項(扣除虧損撥備)減:於一年後將予收回的款項	Other debtors, net of loss allowance Less: amount to be recovered	(i) & 29(a)	1,045,784	590,139
	more than one year		(268,023)	(231,761)
			777,761	358,378
按攤銷成本計量的金融資產	Financial assets measured at amortised cost		862,605	459,686
按金及預付款項	Deposits and prepayments	(ii)	1,289,454	1,194,456
			2,152,059	1,654,142

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

19 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

附註:

Notes:

(i) 其他應收款項(扣除虧損撥備)詳情載列如下:

(i) The details of other receivables (net of loss allowance) are set out below:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$'000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$'000
向第三方提供貸款(a) 應收合營企業款項(b) 其他	Loans to third parties (a) Amounts due from joint ventures (b) Others	355,788 331,582 358,414	305,392 41,898 242,849
		1,045,784	590,139

- (a) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,除向 第三方提供貸款206,829,000港元(二 零二零年:201,647,000港元)(該貸 款已抵押、按年利率13%(二零二零 年:13%)計息,且可於一年後償還) 外,所有結餘均已抵押,按年利率8% 至12.95%(二零二零年:3%至13%) 計息,並須於一年內收回。
- HK\$206,829,000 (2020: HK\$201,647,000) which were secured, interestbearing at 13% (2020: 13%) per annum and repayable after one year, all of the balances were secured, interest-bearing from 8% to 12.95% (2020: 3% to 13%) per annum and recoverable within one year.

As at 31 December 2021, apart from the loans to third parties of

- (b) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,除應 收合營企業款項209,019,000港元(二 零二零年:零港元)(該款項為無抵押, 並按高於一個月香港銀行同業拆息 2.85%之年利率計息及須應要求收回) 外,所有結餘均為無抵押,免息,並 須應要求收回。
- (b) As at 31 December 2021, apart from the amounts due from joint ventures of HK\$209,019,000 (2020: HK\$Nil) which were unsecured, interestbearing at 2.85% per annum above one month's HIBOR and recoverable on demand, all of the balances were unsecured, interest-free and recoverable on demand.

- (ii) 按金及預付款項詳情載列如下:
- (ii) The details of deposits and prepayments are set out below:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
收購土地使用權的預付款項 收購物業的預付款項 其他	Prepayments for acquisition of land use rights Prepayments for acquisition of properties Others	833,122 30,000 426,332	807,893 30,000 356,563
		1,289,454	1,194,456

(iii) 賬齡分析

於報告期末,應收貿易賬款(扣除虧損撥備) 根據發票日期的賬齡分析如下: (iii) Ageing analysis

As at the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade debtors (net of loss allowance) based on invoice date was as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
一個月內 一至三個月 三至六個月 六個月至一年	Within 1 month 1 to 3 months 3 to 6 months 6 months to 1 year	38,289 17,719 16,549 12,287	47,384 22,575 17,346 14,003
		84,844	101,308

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

19 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

附註:(續)

(iv) 本集團若干應收租金已抵押以獲取銀行貸款。

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(iv) The Group's certain rental receivables were pledged to secure bank loans.

20 受限制及已抵押存款

20 RESTRICTED AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
受限制存款(附註(i)) 已抵押存款(附註(ii))	Restricted deposits (Note (i)) Pledged deposits (Note (ii))	71,694 2,790,310	27,140 3,019,499
		2,862,004	3,046,639

附註:

- (i) 根據相關建築或重建合約,本集團若干進行物業開發項目的中國附屬公司須於指定銀行賬戶中存放若干金額的存款,防止可能向相關承建商拖欠償還應付建築成本的款項或向相關政府履行若干責任。該等擔保存款將於償還應付建築成本或履行責任後解除。
- (ii) 已抵押存款指本集團抵押予銀行以獲授銀行融資的存款。存款2,789,500,000港元(二零二零年:3,018,713,000港元)已抵押以取得於一年內償還的銀行及借貸,因此分類為流動資產。

本集團若干銀行存款已抵押作為以下各項 的擔保:

Notes:

- (i) In accordance with relevant construction or redevelopment contracts, certain of the Group's PRC subsidiaries with property development projects are required to place at designated bank accounts certain amount of deposits for potential default in payment of construction costs payables to the relevant contractors or fulfill certain obligations to the relevant government. Such guarantee deposits will be released after the settlement of the construction costs payables or fulfilment of the obligations.
- (ii) Pledged deposits represent deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group. Deposits amounting to \$2,789,500,000 (2020: \$3,018,713,000) have been pledged to secure bank and borrowings repayable within one year and are therefore classified as current assets.

The Group's certain bank deposits which were pledged as securities in respect of:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$'000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$1000
銀行貸款 銀行授予本集團物業買家的按揭貸款	Bank loan facilities	2,789,500	3,018,713
或1] 仅] '	Mortgage loan facilities granted by the banks to purchasers of the Group's properties	810	786
		2,790,310	3,019,499

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

21 現金及現金等值項目以及其 他現金流量資料

(a) 現金及現金等值項目包括:

21 CASH AND CASH EOUIVALENTS AND OTHER **CASH FLOW INFORMATION**

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千元	千元
		\$'000	\$'000
於銀行的現金及手頭現金	Cash at banks and on hand	1,077,346	1,653,196

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,於 銀行的現金及手頭現金包括由本集 團若干中國附屬公司根據地方政府 機構發出的相關文件存放於指定銀 行賬戶中的預售物業所得款項總 額 25,534,000 港元(二零二零年: 152,542,000港元)。該等存款於獲 得指定銀行批准時方可用作為相關 物業開發項目購買建築材料及支付 建築費。該等存款將於相關物業完 成後或取得已完成物業的法定所有 權解除。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,中 國內地銀行的現金及現金等值項目 及固定存款為861,520,000港元(二 零二零年:1,394,826,000港元)。匯 出中國內地的資金須遵守中國政府 施加的匯兑限制。

At 31 December 2021, cash at banks and on hand included proceeds from the pre-sale of properties totalling \$25,534,000 (2020: \$152,542,000) placed in designated bank accounts by certain of the Group's PRC subsidiaries in accordance with relevant documents issued by local government authorities. Such deposits can only be used for purchases of construction materials and the payments of construction fees of the relevant property development projects when approval from the designated bank is obtained. Such deposits will be released after the completion of the relevant properties or obtaining the legal title of the completed properties.

At 31 December 2021, cash and cash equivalents and fixed deposits with banks in Mainland China amounted to \$861,520,000 (2020: \$1,394,826,000). Remittance of funds out of Mainland China is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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21 現金及現金等值項目以及其 他現金流量資料(續)

(b) 除稅前盈利/(虧損)與經營所產生 /(所動用)現金的對賬:

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) before taxation to cash generated from/ (used in) operations:

			二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020
		附註 Notes	千元 \$′000	千元 \$′000
除税前溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) before taxation		187,588	(346,604)
經以下調整:	Adjustments for:			
利息收入	Interest income	5	(138,639)	(79,040)
融資成本	Finance costs	7(a)	294,547	301,811
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	7(c)	34,877	39,261
投資物業及分類為持作	Valuation (gains)/losses on investment			
出售的投資物業的估值 (收益)/虧損	properties and investment properties	12	(202 244)	77.044
出售附屬公司的(收益)/	classified as held for sale Net (gain)/loss on disposal of subsidiaries	12	(202,341)	77,944
新損淨額 「大量」	Net (gain)/1033 On disposal of subsidiaries	6	(318,467)	269
以透過損益按公允價值入	Fair value gain on financial assets measured	· ·	(5.0).01)	203
賬計量的金融資產的	at FVPL			
公允價值收益		6	(29,218)	(49,943)
其他應收款項以及相關賠償	Reversal of impairment on other receivables			
收入減值撥回	with the related compensation income	6	(191,847)	-
出售位於元朗的地塊的虧損	Loss on disposal of land parcels in			
	Yuen Long	6	314,079	-
貿易及其他應收款項的減值	•			
虧損	receivables	29(a)	9,477	18,527
出售物業、廠房及設備的	Net loss on disposal of property, plant		_	4.00
虧損淨額	and equipment	6	7	138
分佔聯營公司虧損 分佔合營企業盈利減虧損	Share of losses of associates	15	1,997	2,122
万伯合宮近耒盈利減虧損	Share of profits less losses of		7 207	9.003
匯兑虧損/(收益)淨額	joint ventures Net foreign exchange loss/(gain)	6	7,397 7,268	8,992 (4,576)
些九相识/(牧鱼)净银	Net foleigh exchange loss/(gain)	Ü	7,200	(4,370)
營運資金變動:	Changes in working capital:			
存貨及其他合約成本增加	Increase in inventories and other			
	contract costs		(657,272)	(642,254)
貿易及其他應收款項增加	Increase in trade and other receivables		(129,818)	(80,441)
受限制存款(增加)/減少	(Increase)/decrease in restricted deposits		(43,113)	24,671
貿易及其他應付款項增加	Increase in trade and other payables		60,167	49,742
合約負債增加	Increase in contract liabilities		1,096,796	627,550
經營業務所產生/(所動用)	Cash generated from/(used in) operations			
現金 現金	Cash generated horn/(used in) operations		303,485	(51,831)
· >0 <u>MC</u>			303,703	(31,031)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

21 現金及現金等值項目以及其他現金流量資料(續)

(c) 融資活動所產生的負債對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動所產生的 負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。 融資活動所產生的負債乃為現金流 量或未來現金流量於本集團的綜合 現金流量表分類為融資活動所得現 金流量的負債。

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

		銀行貸款及 其他借貸	應付債券	租賃負債	應付非控股 權益款項	總計
		Bank loans and			Amounts due to	
		other	Bonds	Lease	non-controlling	
		borrowings (附註24)	payable (附註26)	liabilities (附註25)	interests (附註22)	Tota
		(Note 24)	(Note 26)	(Note 25)	(Note 22)	
		千元 千元	千元	千元	千元 千元	千元
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
於二零二一年一月一日	At 1 January 2021	10,462,364	248,552	62,655	1,143,252	11,916,823
融資現金流量變動:	Changes from financing cash flows:					
新增銀行貸款及其他	Proceeds from new bank loans and					
借款所得款項	other borrowings	3,420,842	-	-	-	3,420,842
償還銀行貸款及其他借貸	Repayment of bank loans and other	(4 150 222)				(4 150 22
來自非控股權益的墊款	borrowings Advance from non-controlling interests	(4,150,233)	_	_	30,661	(4,150,233 30,66
已付租賃租金的資本部分	Capital element of lease rentals paid	_	_	(23,888)	-	(23,88
已付租賃租金的利息部分	Interest element of lease rentals paid	-	-	(3,550)	-	(3,550
已付利息	Interest paid	(564,869)	(22,692)	-	-	(587,561
融資現金流量變動總額	Total changes from financing cash flows	(1,294,260)	(22,692)	(27,438)	30,661	(1,313,729
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	127,260	(4,214)	450	23,779	147,275
其他變動:	Other changes:					
融資成本(附註7(a))	Finance costs (Note 7(a))	528.698	28.423	3,550	1.946	562,617
來自年內訂立新租賃的	Increase in lease liabilities from entering	.,		,	,	
租賃負債增加	into new leases during the year	-	-	7,568	-	7,568
應付利息變動	Change in interest payables	21,886	(404)	-	(1,946)	19,536
其他變動總額	Total other changes	550,584	28,019	11,118	_	589,721
於二零二一年	At 31 December 2021					
十二月三十一日		9,845,948	249,665	46,785	1,197,692	11,340,090

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

他現金流量資料(續)

(c) 融資活動所產生的負債對賬(續)

21 現金及現金等值項目以及其 21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER **CASH FLOW INFORMATION** (Continued)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (Continued)

		銀行貸款及 其他借貸 Bank loans and	應付債券	租賃負債	應付非控股 權益款項 Amounts due to	總計
		other borrowings (附註24) (Note 24) 千元	Bonds payable (附註 26) (Note 26) 千元	Lease liabilities (附註25) (Note 25) 千元	non-controlling interests (附註22) (Note 22) 千元	Total 千元
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
於二零二零年一月一日	At 1 January 2020	9,067,274	500,355	80,217	1,092,459	10,740,305
融資現金流量變動:	Changes from financing cash flows:					
新增銀行貸款及其他 借款所得款項	Proceeds from new bank loans and other borrowings	2 516 707				2 516 707
行款所付款項 發行債券所得款項 償還銀行貸款及其他	Proceeds from issuance of bonds Repayment of bank loans and other	2,516,707 –	- 251,966	-	-	2,516,707 251,966
世 任 任 任 長	borrowings	(1,401,711)	-	-	-	(1,401,711)
償還應付債券	Repayment of bonds payable	-	(503,802)	-	-	(503,802)
來自非控股權益的墊款	Advance from non-controlling interests	-	-	-	42,236	42,236
償還非控股權益 已付租賃租金的資本部分	Repayment to a non-controlling interest Capital element of lease rentals paid	-	_	(39,861)	(39,167)	(39,167) (39,861)
已付租賃租金的利息部分	Interest element of lease rentals paid	_	_	(4,019)	_	(4,019)
已付利息	Interest paid	(578,477)	(48,179)	(4,015)	-	(626,656)
融資現金流量變動總額	Total changes from financing cash flows	536,519	(300,015)	(43,880)	3,069	195,693
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	272,790	13,495	10,978	47,724	344,987
其他變動:	Other changes:					
融資成本(附註7(a)) 來自年內訂立新租賃的	Finance costs (Note 7(a)) Increase in lease liabilities from entering	574,148	41,330	4,022	14,552	634,052
租賃負債增加	into new leases during the year	-	-	11,318	-	11,318
應付利息變動	Change in interest payables	11,633	(6,613)		(14,552)	(9,532)
其他變動總額	Total other changes	585,781	34,717	15,340		635,838
於二零二零年	At 31 December 2020					
十二月三十一日		10,462,364	248,552	62,655	1,143,252	11,916,823

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

21 現金及現金等值項目以及其 他現金流量資料(續)

(d) 租賃現金流出總額

就租賃計入綜合現金流量表之款項由以下各項組成:

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(d) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated cash flow statement for leases comprise the following:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
於經營現金流量內於融資現金流量內	Within operating cash flows Within financing cash flows	482 27,438	1,697 43,880
		27,920	45,577

該等金額與以下各項有關:

These amounts relate to the following:

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千元	千元
		\$'000	\$'000
已付租賃租金	Lease rentals paid	27,920	45,577

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

22 貿易及其他應付款項

22 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		附註 Notes	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
貿易應付款項 其他應付賬款及應計費用 應付非控股權益款項	Trade payables Other creditors and accrued charges Amounts due to non-controlling	(i) (ii)	182,551 2,520,954	221,117 2,405,626
租金及其他按金增值税及其他應付税項	interests Rental and other deposits Value added tax and other tax payables	(iii)	1,197,692 100,531 250,551	1,143,252 86,352 147,727
			4,252,279	4,004,074

附註:

Notes:

(i) 於報告期末,計入貿易及其他應付款項的貿易應付款項根據發票日期的賬齡分析如下:

(i) Included in trade and other payables are trade payables with the following ageing analysis based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
一個月內 一至三個月 三至六個月 六個月至一年 超過一年	Within 1 month 1 to 3 months 3 to 6 months 6 months to 1 year Over 1 year	66,856 48,352 34,847 21,894 10,602	82,104 62,723 37,898 31,339 7,053
		182,551	221,117

- (ii) 將賠償予居民的未來安置物業的估計價值1,767,083,000港元(二零二零年:1,749,209,000港元)計入其他應付賬款及應計費用·其中1,332,853,000港元(二零二零年:1,749,209,000港元)預期將於超過一年後通過交付相關物業結算。
- (iii) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,除應付非控股權益款項96,646,000港元(二零二零年:93,810,000港元)按每年4.35%(二零二零年:4.35%)計息、無抵押及須應要求償還外,所有結餘為無抵押、免息並須應要求償還。
- (ii) The estimated value of future settlement properties to be compensated to residents of HK\$1,767,083,000 (2020: HK\$1,749,209,000) is included in other creditors and accrued charges, of which an amount of HK\$1,332,853,000 (2020: HK\$1,749,209,000) is expected to be settled after more than one year by delivering the respective properties.
- (iii) As at 31 December 2021, apart from the amounts due to non-controlling interests of HK\$96,646,000 (2020: HK\$93,810,000) which are interest-bearing at 4.35% (2020: 4.35%) per annum, unsecured and repayable on demand, all of the balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

23 合約負債

23 CONTRACT LIABILITIES

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
就下列項目的預收款項 一物業銷售 一物業管理服務	Receipts in advance in respect of – Sales of properties – Property management services	1,903,832 23,341	708,099 18,132
		1,927,173	726,231

對已確認合約負債的金額有影響的一般 支付條款如下:

- 物業開發

Typical payment terms which impact on the amount of contract liabilities recognised are as follows:

Property development

Depending on market conditions, the Group requires the customers to pay off the full consideration within an agreed time frame while developments are still ongoing, rather than on the completion of the relevant properties. Such advance payment schemes result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the remaining property development period for the full amount of the contract price. In addition, the contract liabilities will be increased by the amount of interest expense being accrued by the Group to reflect the effect of any significant financing benefit obtained from the customers during the period between the payment date and the date of delivery of property or completion of legal assignment. As this accrual increases the amount of the contract liabilities during the period of development, it therefore increases the amount of revenue recognised when control of the completed property is transferred to the customer.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

23 合約負債(續)

- 合約負債變動

23 CONTRACT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Movements in contract liabilities

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
於一月一日的結餘 於年初確認計入合約負債的年內 收入導致合約負債減少	Balance at 1 January Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	726,231 (39,255)	58,577 (50,605)
於年末仍在建中物業收取物業 銷售預付款項導致合約負債 增加	Increase in contract liabilities as a result of receiving advanced payments of sales of properties during the year in respect of properties still under construction as at the year end	1,115,750	655,959
墊款累計利息開支增加導致合約 負債增加 匯兑差額	Increase in contract liabilities as a result of accruing interest expense on advances Exchange difference	63,584 60,863	6,098 56,202
於十二月三十一日的結餘	Balance at 31 December	1,927,173	726,231

概無有關物業銷售及物業管理服務 於多於一年後確認為收入的預收款 項(二零二零年:688,254,000港元)。 所有合約負債預計將於一年內確認 為收入。

No amount of receipts in advance in respect of sales of properties and property management services expected to be recognised as income after more than one year (2020: \$688,254,000). All of the contract liabilities are expected to be recognised as income within one year.

24 銀行貸款及其他借貸

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,銀行貸 款及其他借貸分析如下:

24 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

At 31 December 2021, bank loans and other borrowings were analysed as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
銀行貸款 一有抵押	Bank loans – Secured (ii)	8,669,528	9,532,028
其他借貸 一有抵押(iii)	Other borrowings – Secured (iii)	1,176,420	930,336
		9,845,948	10,462,364

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

24 銀行貸款及其他借貸(續)

24 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

(Continued)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,銀行貸款及其他借貸的還款情況如下:

At 31 December 2021, bank loans and other borrowings were repayable as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
一年內到期並計入流動負債	Within 1 year and included in current liabilities	6,196,768	5,966,708
一年後到期並計入非流動負債:	After 1 year and included in non- current liabilities:		
一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內 五年後	After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years After 5 years	343,970 2,461,269 843,941	2,329,825 577,165 1,588,666
		3,649,180	4,495,656
		9,845,948	10,462,364

附註:

Notes:

(i) 於十二月三十一日,銀行貸款按加權平均年 利率4.95%(二零二零年:4.69%)計息並由 以下資產作抵押: At 31 December, the bank loans bore interest at a weighted average interest rate of 4.95% (2020: 4.69%) per annum and were secured by the following assets:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$'000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$'000
投資物業 其他土地及樓宇 存貨 已抵押存款 應收租金	Investment properties Other land and buildings Inventories Pledged deposits Rental receivables	6,931,736 34,740 2,358,959 2,789,500 53,587	5,708,911 8,465 4,408,893 3,018,713 14,469
總計	Total	12,168,522	13,159,451

- (ii) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,銀行貸款人 民幣1,568,700,000元(相當於1,920,073,439 港元)(二零二零年:人民幣1,628,300,000 元(相當於1,934,537,000港元))以本集團內 一家附屬公司的股本權益作抵押,並按年 息率5.39%至7.5%(二零二零年:5.39%至 8.5%)計息。
- (ii) As at 31 December 2021, the bank loans of RMB1,568,700,000 (equivalent to \$1,920,073,439) (2020: RMB1,628,300,000 (equivalent to \$1,934,537,000)) was secured by equity interests in subsidiaries within the Group with the interest of 5.39% to 7.5% (2020: 5.39% to 8.5%) per annum.
- (iii) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,其他借貸 120,000,000美元(相當於935,820,000港 元)(二零二零年:120,000,000美元(相當於 930,336,000港元))來自本集團一名股東, 其按每年11%(二零二零年:11%)計息並 以本集團若干附屬公司之股權作抵押。餘下 其他借貸按每年3.0%計息並以若干合營企 業之股權作抵押。
- (iii) As at 31 December 2021, the other borrowings of USD120,000,000 (equivalent to \$935,820,000) (2020: USD120,000,000 (equivalent to \$930,336,000)) were from a shareholder of the Group, which are interest-bearing at 11% (2020: 11%) per annum and secured by equity interests in certain subsidiaries within the Group. The remaining other borrowings are interest-bearing at 3.0% per annum and secured by equity interests in certain joint ventures.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

24 銀行貸款及其他借貸(續)

附註:(續)

(iv) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團銀行貸款合共人民幣147,500,000元(相等於180,539,000港元)(二零二零年:人民幣177,500,000元(相等於210,883,000港元))並無符合施加的契約。上述不合規事件主要有關於一家附屬公司於報告期末從相關物業獲取的月租收入未能達到若干水平。上述銀行貸款全數於二零二一年十二月三十一日的財務狀況表內分類為流動負債。

25 租賃負債

於報告期末,本集團租賃負債的剩餘合約屆滿狀況如下:

24 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(iv) At 31 December 2021, bank loans of the Group totaling RMB147,500,000 (equivalent to \$180,539,000) (2020: RMB177,500,000 (equivalent to \$210,883,000)) were not in compliance with the imposed covenants. Such noncompliance was primarily related to a subsidiary which failed to achieve certain monthly rental income earned from the underlying properties at the end of the reporting period. All of the above bank loans were classified as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2021.

25 LEASE LIABILITIES

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities at the end of reporting periods:

		二零二一年 2021 最低租賃付款現值 最低租賃付款總額 Present value of the minimum Total minimum lease payments lease payments 千元 千元 \$'000 \$'000		二零二零年 2020 最低租賃付款現值 最低租賃付款總額 Present value of the minimum Total minimum lease payments lease payments 千元 千元	
一年內	Within 1 year	7,581	10,325	21,971	24,981
一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內 五年後	After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years After 5 years	4,878 9,027 25,299	7,265 14,802 29,417	4,945 7,848 27,891	7,390 14,044 33,544
		39,204	51,484	40,684	54,978
		46,785	61,809	62,655	79,959
減:未來利息 開支總額	Less: total future interest expenses		(15,024)	-	(17,304)
租賃負債現值	Present value of lease liabilities		46,785	_	62,655

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

26 應付債券

26 BONDS PAYABLE

		二零二一年	二零二零年
		2021	2020
		千元	千元
		\$'000	\$′000
32,500,000美元	USD 32.5 million	249,665	248,552

本集團與一名第三方就最高32,500,000美 元(相等於249,665,000港元)(二零二零 年:32,500,000美元(相等於248,552,000 港元))公司債券的非公開發售訂立認購 協議。該金額按年利率9%(二零二零年: 9%) 計息,並由一間附屬公司已發行股 本以及本公司擁有的應收款項抵押。

The Group entered into a subscription agreement with a third party for Private Offering of Corporate Bonds of USD32,500,000 (equivalent \$249,665,000) (2020: USD32,500,000 (equivalent \$248,552,000)). The amount is interest-bearing at 9% (2020: 9%) per annum and secured by issued share capital of a subsidiary and receivables owned by the Company.

27 股權結算以股份為基礎的交

首次公開發售後購股權計劃

本公司設有首次公開發售後購股權計劃, 以確認並且表彰僱員及董事已經或可能 對本集團作出的貢獻。

首次公開發售後購股權計劃項下的購股 權,可根據購股權計劃條款於本公司董 事所選定期間(不超過授出日期後十年) 內任何時間行使。

27 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

Post-IPO Share Option Scheme

The Company has a Post-IPO Share Option Scheme which was to recognise and acknowledge the contributions that the employees and directors have made or may make to the Group.

An option under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the share option scheme at any time during a period as determined by the directors of the Company, which must not be more than 10 years from the date of grant.

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(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

27 股權結算以股份為基礎的交 易(續)

首次公開發售後購股權計劃(續)

(i) 授出的條款及條件如下:

27 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Post-IPO Share Option Scheme (Continued)

(i) The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows:

		工具數目 Number of instruments	歸屬條件 Vesting conditions	購股權的 合約年期 Contractual life of options
向一名董事授出的 購股權:	Options granted to directors:			
一於二零一二年 六月二十六日	– 26 June 2012	4,400,000	自授出日期起計 一年(30%)、	十年 10 years
一於二零一三年 六月二十日	– 20 June 2013	5,700,000	兩年(60%)及 三年(100%)	
一於二零一五年 四月二十八日	– 28 April 2015	34,000,000	One year (30%), two years (60%) and	
一於二零一五年 十月二十三日	– 23 October 2015	10,000,000	three years (100%) from the date of grant	
向高級管理層及 僱員授出的購股權:	Options granted to senior management and employees:			
-於二零一二年 六月二十六日	– 26 June 2012	11,320,000	自授出日期起計 一年(30%)、	十年 10 years
-於二零一三年 六月二十日	– 20 June 2013	8,300,000	兩年(60%)及 三年(100%)	·
一於二零一五年 四月二十八日	– 28 April 2015	48,650,000	One year (30%), two years (60%) and	
一於二零一五年 九月八日	– 8 September 2015	3,000,000	three years (100%) from the date of grant	
一於二零一六年 十二月五日	– 5 December 2016	31,000,000		
已授出購股權總數	Total share options granted	156,370,000		

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

27 股權結算以股份為基礎的交 易(續)

首次公開發售後購股權計劃(續)

(ii) 購股權的數目及加權平均行使價如

27 EOUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

Post-IPO Share Option Scheme (Continued)

(ii) The number and weighted average exercise price of share options are as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 購股權數目 Number of options 千份 ′000	二零二零年 2020 購股權數目 Number of options 千份 ′000
於年初尚未行使 年內沒收	Outstanding at the beginning of the year Forfeited during the year	92,209 (23,229)	97,376 (5,167)
於年底尚未行使	Outstanding at the end of the year	68,980	92,209
於年底可予行使	Exercisable at the end of the year	68,980	92,209

於二零二一年十二月三十一日尚未 行使的購股權加權平均行使價為3.20 港元(二零二零年:3.20港元),加 權平均剩餘合約年期為3.6年(二零 二零年:4.6年)。

The share options outstanding at 31 December 2021 had a weighted average exercise price of \$3.20 (2020: \$3.20) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.6 years (2020: 4.6 years).

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28 股本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益組成部分的變動

本集團綜合權益各組成部分的年初 及年終結餘之間的對賬載於綜合權 益變動表。本公司於年初至年終期 間個別權益組成部分的變動詳情載 列如下:

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

		股本 Share capital 千元 \$'000	股份溢價 Share premium 千元 \$'000	發行永久性 可換股證券 產生的儲備 Reserve arising from issuance of PCSs 千元 \$'000	資本儲備 Capital reserve 千元 \$'000	保留溢利 Retained profits 千元 \$'000	總計 Total 千元 \$'000
於二零二零年一月一日 的結餘	Balance at 1 January 2020	141,273	1,952,155	11,655	78,350	2,649,894	4,833,327
二零二零年權益變動:	Changes in equity for 2020:						
年度虧損及全面收益總額 已沒收購股權及獎勵股份	Loss and total comprehensive income for the year Share options and awarded shares	-	-	-	-	(38,076)	(38,076)
	forfeited	-	-	-	(9,275)	-	(9,275)
上年度批准的股息(附註28(b))	Dividend approved in respect of the previous year (Note 28(b))	_	_	_	_	(30,586)	(30,586)
於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	141,273	1,952,155	11,655	69,075	2,581,232	4,755,390
二零二一年權益變動:	Changes in equity for 2021:						
年度溢利及全面收益總額	Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	355,886	355,886
已沒收購股權及獎勵股份	Share options and awarded shares forfeited	_	_	_	(16,403)	16,403	_
上年度批准的股息(附註28(b))	Dividend approved in respect of the previous year (Note 28(b))	_	_	_	_	(61,171)	(61,171)
本年度批准的股息(附註28(b))	Dividend approved in respect of the current year (Note 28(b))	_	_	-	_	(45,879)	(45,879)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日 的結餘	Balance at 31 December 2021	141,273	1,952,155	11,655	52,672	2,846,471	5,004,226

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(b) 股息

(i) 年內應付本公司權益股東及永 久可換股證券持有人的股息

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(b) Dividends

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company and holders of PCSs attributable to the year

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
宣派及派付中期股息每股 普通股及每張永久 可換股證券3港仙 (二零二零年:無) 於報告期末後建議派發的 末期股息每股普通股及 每張永久可換股證券1港 仙(二零二零年:4港仙)	Interim dividend declared and paid of HK3 cents (2020: Nil) per ordinary share and per unit of PCSs Final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of HK1 cent (2020: HK4 cents) per ordinary share and per unit	45,879	-
	of PCSs	15,293	61,171
		61,172	61,171

於報告期末後建議派發的末期 股息並無於報告期末確認為負 債。

(ii) 上一個財政年度應付本公司權 益股東並於年內批准及已付的 股息 The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
年內批准及已付的上一個 財政年度末期股息每股 普通股及每張永久可換 股證券4港仙(二零二零 年:2港仙)	Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HK4 cents (2020: HK2 cents) per ordinary share and per unit of PCSs	61,171	30,586

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28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(c) 股本

(c) Share capital

		本公司 The Company				
		二零二一	年	二零二零	年	
		2021		2020		
		股份數目	金額	股份數目	金額	
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	
		千股	千元		千元	
		′000	\$'000	'000	\$'000	
法定:	Authorised:					
每股面值0.10元的 普通股	Ordinary shares of \$0.10 each	5,000,000	500,000	5,000,000	500,000	
已發行及繳足的 普通股:	Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:					
於一月一日及十二月 三十一日	At 1 January and at 31 December	1,412,733	141,273	1,412,733	141,273	

普通股持有人有權收取不時宣派的 股息,並有權於本公司大會上就每 股股份投一票。就本公司的餘下資 產而言,所有普通股均享有同等地位。

at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

(d) 儲備性質及用途

(i) 股份溢價

股份溢價賬由開曼群島公司法 規監管,本公司於向權益股東 支付分派或股息時可根據其組 織章程大綱及細則的條文(如 有)動用股份溢價賬。

除非緊隨建議支付分派或股息 當日後本公司將可支付於日常 業務中到期的債務,否則不可 動用股份溢價賬以向權益股東 支付分派或股息。

(ii) 資本儲備

資本儲備主要包括本公司僱員 所獲授獎勵股份及未行使購股 權根據附註2(u)(ii)內就以股份 為基礎付款的會計政策確認的 部分授出日期公允價值。

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

i) Share premium

The share premium account is governed by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and may be applied by the Company subject to the provisions, if any, of its memorandum and articles of association in paying distributions or dividends to equity shareholders.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as

declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share

No distribution or dividend may be paid to the equity shareholders out of the share premium account unless immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve mainly comprises the portion of the grant date fair value of awarded shares and unexercised share options granted to employees of the Company that has been recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in Note 2(u)(ii).

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28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及用途(續)

(iii) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括換算海外業務財務報表所產生的所有匯兑差額。該儲備根據附註2(y)所載的會計政策處理。

(iv) 中國法定儲備

中國法定儲備包括一般儲備、法定盈餘儲備及法定公益金。

一般儲備

一般儲備不可分派,轉撥至該 儲備須由董事會根據中國相關 法律及法規釐定。一般儲備可 於獲得有關部門批准後用以抵 銷累計虧損及增加資本。

法定盈餘儲備

根據中國公司法,本集團的中國附屬公司(不包括外資企業)須將其10%的除稅後盈利(根據中國會計法規釐定)撥入法定盈餘儲備,直至該儲備結餘達至其註冊資本的50%為止。轉撥至該儲備須於向股東派發股息前進行。

法定儲備金可用於抵銷以往年度的虧損(如有),並可通過按股東現有持股比例向其發行新股份或增加股東目前所持股份的面值轉換為股本,惟發行後結餘不得少於註冊資本的25%。

(v) 物業重估儲備

物業重估儲備已予設立,並根據附註2(j)所載會計政策處理。

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(iii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(y).

(iv) PRC statutory reserves

PRC statutory reserves include general reserve, statutory surplus reserve and statutory public welfare fund.

General reserve

The general reserve is non-distributable and the transfer to this reserve is determined by the board of directors in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC. This reserve can be used to offset accumulated losses and increase capital upon approval from the relevant authorities.

Statutory surplus reserve

According to the PRC Company Law, the PRC subsidiaries of the Group (excluding foreign investment enterprises) are required to transfer 10% of their profit after taxation, as determined under the PRC Accounting Regulations, to the statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of their registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of a dividend to shareholders.

Statutory reserve fund can be used to make good previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by the issue of new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholders or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by them, provided that the balance after such issue is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

(v) Property revaluation reserve

Property revaluation reserve has been set up and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(j).

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28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及用途(續)

(vi) 其他儲備

其他儲備指:

- (2) 就向非控股股東收購若干 附屬公司的額外權益而 言,已付代價與該等附屬 公司賬面淨值之間的差額。
- (3) 就本集團出售其於若干附屬公司的部分權益而言, 已收代價與該等附屬公司 賬面淨值之間的差額。
- (4) 視為最終股東供款,即根據重組以零代價轉撥仲邦企業、萊蒙國際(余杭)有限公司、港榮有限公司、富盛集團有限公司及Fortune Mega International Limited的注資。
- (5) 為籌備本公司股份於聯交 所上市而進行重組以精簡 集團架構時所產生的款項。
- (6) 償還應付一間關聯公司(於 二零一零年十二月由本公 司一名股東實益擁有)款 項的豁免。

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(vi) Other reserve

The other reserve represents:

- (1) The difference between the consideration received and the net book value of Joinbest Enterprises Limited ("JEL") and its subsidiaries for the deemed disposal of partial interests in JEL. The deemed disposal was resulted from the issuance of 1 ordinary share of JEL at premium upon conversion of convertible notes held by a third party on 18 June 2006.
- (2) The differences between the consideration paid and the net book value of certain subsidiaries for the acquisition of additional interests in these subsidiaries from noncontrolling shareholders.
- (3) The differences between the consideration received and the net book value of certain subsidiaries for the disposal of the partial interests in these subsidiaries by the Group.
- (4) The deemed contributions from the ultimate shareholder for the transfer of investment costs in JEL, Le Leman International (Yuhang) Limited, Glory Wise Limited, Fullshine Group Limited and Fortune Mega International Limited at nil consideration pursuant to a reorganisation.
- (5) The amount arising from the reorganisation to rationalise the group structure in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange.
- (6) The waiver of repayment of amount due to a related company beneficially owned by a shareholder of the Company in December 2010.

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28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(e) 儲備可分派程度

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派予本公司權益股東的儲備總額(根據開曼群島公司法及本公司組織章程大綱及細則計算)為4,851,298,000港元(二零二零年:4,602,462,000港元)。

(f) 資本管理

本集團管理資本的主要目標為保障 本集團持續經營業務的能力,從而 為其物業發展項目提供資金,為股 東提供回報以及為其他持份者提供 利益,並維持最合適的資本架構以 降低資本成本。

本集團積極及定期檢討和管理其資本架構,以在維持較高借貸水平可能帶來的較高股東回報與穩健資本狀況的優點及安全之間取得平衡,並因應經濟環境變動對資本架構作出調整。

一如行內慣例,本集團按負債比率 (即負債淨額除以於報告期間結算日 的權益總額)監管其資本架構。就此 而言,本集團將負債淨額界定為銀 行貸款及其他借貸總額、租賃負債、 可換股債券、應付債券及應付非控 股權益(計息)減受限制及已抵押存 款以及現金及現金等值項目。

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(e) Distributability of reserves

At 31 December 2021, the aggregate amount of the Company's reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company, as calculated in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Company's memorandum and articles of association, was \$4,851,298,000 (2020: \$4,602,462,000).

(f) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to fund its property development projects, provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

Consistent with industry practice, the Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity at the end of the reporting period. For this purpose, the Group defines net debt as total bank loans and other borrowings, lease liabilities, convertible bonds, bonds payable and amounts due to non-controlling interests (interest-bearing) less restricted and pledged deposits and cash and cash equivalents.

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28 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(f) 資本管理(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 集團的負債比率如下:

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(f) Capital management (Continued)

The Group's gearing ratio at 31 December 2021 was as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
流動負債	Current liabilities		
銀行貸款及其他借貸 租賃負債 應付債券	Bank loans and other borrowings Lease liabilities Bonds payable	6,196,768 7,581 249,665	5,966,708 21,971 248,552
		6,454,014	6,237,231
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities		
銀行貸款及其他借貸 租賃負債	Bank loans and other borrowings Lease liabilities	3,649,180 39,204	4,495,656 40,684
		3,688,384	4,536,340
借貸總額	Total borrowings	10,142,398	10,773,571
減:受限制及已抵押存款 現金及現金等值項目	Less: Restricted and pledged deposits Cash and cash equivalents	(2,862,004) (1,077,346)	(3,046,639) (1,653,196)
債務淨額	Net debt	6,203,048	6,073,736
權益總額	Total equity	10,369,833	10,154,242
負債比率	Gearing ratio	59.8%	59.8%

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公允價值

本集團於正常業務過程中面臨信用、流動資金、利率及貨幣風險。本集團亦因其本身股本價格之變動而需承擔股本價格 風險。

本集團所承受的有關風險及本集團就管 理此等風險而採納的財務風險管理政策 及慣例載於下文。

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group is also exposed to equity price risk arising from movements in its own equity share price.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(a) 信用風險

信用風險指交易對手方違反其合約。 責任導致本集團財務虧損的風風易本集團財務虧損的原用風險主要源於明明別別。本集團前有明明別別。本集團前有受明明的信用風險。本集團就現金及現金等的信用風險有限,此時間,由於交易對手方為本集團認為,低信用風險的銀行及金融機構。

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項

本集團按相當於全期預期信用虧損 (使用撥備矩陣計算)的金額計量應 收貿易賬款虧損撥備。由於本集團 過往信用虧損經驗並未顯示不同客 戶分部的虧損模式顯著不同,因此, 以逾期狀況作出的虧損撥備並無對 本集團不同客戶群作進一步細分。

下表提供有關本集團所面臨的信用 風險的應收貿易賬款預期信用虧損 的資料:

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables. The Group maintains a defined credit policy and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

Trade debtors and other debtors

The Group measures loss allowances for trade debtors at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade debtors:

		預期虧損率 Expected loss rate %	二零二一年 2021 賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 千元 \$′000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 千元 \$'000
1年以內 超過1年	Within 1 year Over 1 year	4.93% 100%	89,242 10,230	4,398 10,230
			99,472	14,628

		預期虧損率 Expected loss rate %	二零二零年 2020 賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 千元 \$'000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 千元 \$'000
1年以內 超過1年	Within 1 year Over 1 year	2.20% 100%	103,587 6,006	2,279 6,006
			109,593	8,285

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(a) 信用風險(續)

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項(續)

預期虧損率乃根據本集團的實際虧損經驗作出。該等比率經調整以反映收集過往數據期間內的經濟狀況、現時狀況及本集團對應收款項預期年期內的經濟狀況的看法之間的差異。

向第三方提供的貸款全數以該等第三方持有的物業及股權作抵押。於報告期末,該等貸款涉及的最同用風險(就不計入有關抵押品的情況下)以及該等貸款的主要條款載於附註19。經參照持作抵押品的物業人上零二十一日的估計市值,本集團認為作抵押品的物業及股權而大幅減低。

除附註31所載由本集團作出的財務 擔保外,本集團並無提供任何其他 可致使本集團須承擔信用風險的擔 保。該等財務擔保於報告期間結算 日的最大信用風險於附註31中披露。

年內應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項 的虧損撥備賬變動如下:

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade debtors and other debtors (Continued)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience of the Group. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

The loans to the third parties are fully secured by properties and equity interests held by the third parties. The maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the loans at the end of the reporting period, without taking into account the collateral, and the key terms of the loans are disclosed in Note 19. The Group considers that the credit risk arising from the loans is significantly mitigated by the properties and equity interests held as collateral, with reference to the estimated market value of the properties at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

For other debtors, regular review and follow-up actions are carried out on long-aged other receivables, which enable management to assess their recoverability and to minimise exposure to credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group recognises a loss allowance on other debtors equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the other debtors since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

Except for the financial guarantees given by the Group as set out in Note 31, the Group does not provide any other guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of these financial guarantees at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Note 31.

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade debtors and other debtors during the year is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
於一月一日的結餘	Balance at 1 January	164,518	142,123
年內已確認減值虧損撥回 (附註6(iv)) 年內已確認減值虧損	Reversal of impairment losses recognised during the year (note 6(iv)) Impairment losses recognised during	(119,904)	- 10 527
匯兑差額	the year Exchange difference	9,477 1,046	18,527 3,868
於十二月三十一日的結餘	Balance at 31 December	55,137	164,518

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(b) 流動資金風險

本集團旗下的個別附屬公司須自行 負責其現金管理事宜(包括籌措貸款 來滿足預期現金需求),惟須取得本 公司董事會的批准。本集團的政策 為定期監控現時及預期流動資金需 求及是否遵守貸款契諾,確保維持 足夠現金儲備以及主要金融機構承 諾提供充裕信用額度,以應付其短 期及較長期流動資金需求。董事已 計及對經營業績、未動用銀行融資、 於到期時續訂或重新獲取銀行及其 他金融融資的能力及調整計劃資本 承擔的能力以及自主要股東獲得財 務援助(倘必要)之預測,並認為由 於本集團擁有充足現金及融資為其 運營及償債需求提供資金,概無重 大流動資金風險。

下表詳列本集團金融負債於報告期 間結算日的剩餘合約到期日,乃按 合約未貼現現金流量(包括以合約利 率或(如屬浮息)按報告期間結算日 當日的利率計算的利息付款)及本集 團最早還款日期呈列:

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

Individual subsidiaries within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the raising of loans to cover the expected cash demands, subject to approval by the Company's board of directors. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed funding lines from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. The directors have taken into account the forecasts of operating performance, unutilised banking facilities, ability to renew or refinance banking and other financing facilities upon maturity, ability to adjust the scheduled capital commitments and financial assistance from a substantial shareholder if necessary and consider that there is no significant liquidity risk as the Group has sufficient cash and facilities to fund its operations and debt servicing requirements.

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

		一年內或 應要求償還 Within 1 year or on demand 千元 \$'000		二零二一年 2021 約未貼現現金流片 如discounted ca 超過兩兩年 但少於五年 More than 2 years but less than 5 years 千元 \$'000		總計 Total 千元 \$'000	賬面值 Carrying amount 千元 \$'000
銀 工作 医复数 医电子	Bank loans and other borrowings Lease liabilities Bonds payable Trade and other payables	6,452,870 10,325 269,926 2,485,196	388,993 7,265 –	3,085,113 14,802 -	1,399,261 29,417 –	11,326,237 61,809 269,926 2,485,196	9,845,948 46,785 249,665 2,485,196
		9,218,317	396,258	3,099,915	1,428,678	14,143,168	12,627,594

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

允價值(續)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

				二零二零年				
	2020							
				約未貼現現金流出				
			Contractual	undiscounted cas	h outflow			
			超過一年	超過兩年				
		應要求償還	但少於兩年	但少於五年	超過五年	總計	賬面值	
			More than	More than				
			1 year but	2 years but				
		1 year or	less than	less than	More than		Carrying	
		on demand	2 years	5 years	5 years	Total	amount	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
銀行貸款及	Bank loans and other							
其他借貸	borrowings	6,204,419	2,609,022	650,620	2,227,861	11,691,922	10,462,364	
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	24,981	7,390	14,044	33,544	79,959	62,655	
應付債券	Bonds payable	268,400	_	_	_	268,400	248,552	
貿易及其他應付	Trade and other	•				•	•	
款項	payables	2,254,865	-	-	-	2,254,865	2,254,865	
		8,752,665	2,616,412	664,664	2,261,405	14,295,146	13,028,436	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(c) 利率風險

利率風險為由於市場利率變動而引 致金融工具的公允價值或未來現金 流量波動的風險。本集團的利率風 險主要源於現金及現金等值項目、 受限制及已抵押存款及浮息借貸。 管理層監督之本集團利率概況載於 下文(i)。

利率概況 (i)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from cash and cash equivalents, restricted and pledged deposits and borrowings issued at variable rates. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below.

Interest rate profile (i)

		二零二	二零二一年		_零年
		202	21	20	20
		實際加權		實際加權	
		平均利率%	千港元	平均利率%	千港元
		Effective		Effective	
		weighted		weighted	
		average		average	
		interest		interest	
		rate %	\$'000	rate %	\$'000
固定利率借貸:	Fixed rate borrowings:				
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	7.59%	46,785	6.42%	62,655
應付債券	Bonds payable	9.00%	249,665	9.00%	248,552
銀行貸款及	Bank loans and other				
其他借貸	borrowings	9.16%	1,316,208	9.60%	1,239,235
			1,612,658		1,550,442
浮動利率借貸:	Variable rate borrowings:				
銀行貸款及其他	Bank loans and other				
借貸	borrowings	4.30%	8,529,740	4.67%	9,223,129
借貸總額	Total borrowings		10,142,398		10,773,571

本集團預期,現金及現金等值 項目以及受限制及已抵押存款 不會受到重大影響,原因是預 期銀行存款利率不會出現大幅 變動。

有關本集團的銀行貸款及其他 借貸利率及還款期於附註24披 露。本集團並無採取任何對沖 措施管理其利率風險。

The Group does not anticipate significant impact to cash and cash equivalents and the restricted and pledged deposits because the interest rates of bank deposits are not expected to change significantly.

The interest rates and terms of repayment of bank loans and other borrowings of the Group are disclosed in Note 24. The Group does not carry out any hedging activities to manage its interest rate exposure.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,倘所有其他變數維持不變,估計利率整體上升/下降100個基點,本集團的除稅後盈利/虧損及保留溢利將因上述利率整體上升/下降而相應減少/增加約74,529,000港元(二零二零年:79,354,000港元)。

上述敏感性分析表示,對於本集團於報告期結算日持有的現意非衍生工具所產生的現金流量利率風險而言,對本集團的除稅後盈利/虧損(及保留溢利)的影響估計為利率變化對利息開支或收入的年度影響也分析於二零二零年以相同基礎推行。

(d) 貨幣風險

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2021, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit/loss after tax and retained profits by approximately \$74,529,000 (2020: \$79,354,000) in response to the general increase/decrease in interest rates.

The sensitivity analysis above indicates that in respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit/loss after tax (and retained profits) is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2020.

(d) Currency risk

Almost all of the Group's operating activities are carried out in the PRC with most of the transactions denominated in RMB. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from the exposure of RMB against Hong Kong dollars as a result of its investment in Mainland China and the settlement of certain general and administrative expenses and other borrowings in Hong Kong dollars or Australia dollars. In addition, RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currencies and the conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to rules and regulations of the foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公允價值(續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險

下表詳列於各報告期間結算日 時本集團因以實體相關功能貨 幣以外貨幣計值的已確認資產 或負債而承受的貨幣風險。就 呈列而言,所承受風險金額以 港元列示,並採用各報告期間 結算日的即期匯率換算。

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of each reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purpose, the amounts of the exposure are shown in Hong Kong dollars, translated using the spot rate at the end of each reporting period.

		美元 USD 千元 \$′000	二零二一年 2021 澳元 AUD 千元 \$′000	港元 HKD 千元 \$′000
現金、限制性及 已抵押存款 銀行貸款及其他借貸 應付債券	Cash, restricted and pledged deposits Bank loans and other borrowings Bonds payable	23,098 (985,730) (249,665)	1,294 - -	6,293 - -
已確認資產及負債 產生的淨風險	Net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	(1,212,297)	1,294	6,293

			二零二零年 2020	
		美元 USD 千元	澳元 AUD 千元	港元 HKD 千元
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
現金、限制性及 已抵押存款 銀行貸款及其他借貸	Cash, restricted and pledged deposits Bank loans and other	50,396	1,363	7,813
	borrowings	(930,336)	_	-
應付債券	Bonds payable	(248,552)	_	-
已確認資產及負債 產生的淨風險	Net exposure arising from recognised assets and			
	liabilities	(1,128,492)	1,363	7,813

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit/loss before tax that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the Hong Kong dollar and the United States dollar would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the United States dollar against other currencies, other than cash balances of \$17,156,000 (2020: \$45,666,000) denominated in USD held by a subsidiary of the Group, of which the functional currency is RMB.

			二一年 21 對除税前 盈利的影響 Effect on profit before tax	二零二 2020 外匯匯率 上升/(下降) Increase/ (decrease) in foreign exchange rates	
美元	USD	5%	858	5%	2,283
澳元	ALID	(5%)	(858)	(5%)	(2,283)
火儿	AUD	5% (5%)	65 (65)	5% (5%)	68 (68)
港元	HKD	5%	315	5%	391
		(5%)	(315)	(5%)	(391)

外匯敏感度分析乃根據本集團 於報告日期的主要外匯風險淨 額(假設中國實體持有的港元 及澳元兑人民幣及非中國實體 持有的澳元兑港元匯率變動 5%)對除税前盈利/虧損的影 響計算,惟不包括將海外業別 的財務報表換算為本集團呈列 貨幣所產生的差額。 The foreign currency sensitivity analysis is calculated based on the major net foreign currency exposure of the Group as at the reporting date, assuming 5% change of HKD and AUD held by PRC entities against RMB and AUD held by non-PRC entities against HKD on the profit/loss before tax and excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(e) 股本價格風險

本集團承擔持作買賣及非買賣用途 的股本投資所致的股權價格變動風 險(見附計17)。除按策略性目的持 有的非上市證券外,所有該等投資 均已上市。

本集團的上市投資在香港聯交所上 市。本集團監察個別證券的每日表 現,並將其與相關指數和其他行業 指標而作出比較分析,同時計及本 集團流動資金需要,而作出買賣交 易證券的決定。該投資組合已按照 本集團制定的限制在行業分佈方面 符合分散原則。

本集團的全部非上市投資皆以長期 策略性目的持有。根據本集團所得 有限資料,將全部非上市投資與其 相似上市實體的表現進行比較,同 時亦會評估該等投資與本集團長期 策略計劃的相關性。

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(e) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price changes arising from equity investments held for trading and non-trading purposes (see Note 17). Other than unquoted securities held for strategic purposes, all of these investments are listed.

The Group's listed investments are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong. Decisions to buy or sell trading securities are based on daily monitoring of the performance of individual securities compared to that of the Index and other industry indicators, as well as the Group's liquidity needs. The portfolio is diversified in terms of industry distribution, in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

All of the Group's unquoted investments are held for long term strategic purposes. Their performance is assessed against performance of similar listed entities, based on the limited information available to the Group, together with an assessment of their relevance to the Group's long term strategic plans.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(e) 股本價格風險(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,倘所有其他變數維持不變,估計上市投資的相關股票市場指數上升/(下降)5%(二零二零年:5%),而非上市投資可資比較上市公司市盈率上升/(下降)5%(二零二零年:5%)(如適用),則會導致本集團除稅後盈利/虧損(及保留溢利)增加/減少如下:

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(e) Equity price risk (Continued)

At 31 December 2021, it is estimated that an increase/(decrease) of 5% (2020: 5%) in the relevant stock market index (for listed investments) or the price/earning ratios of comparable listed companies (for unquoted investments) as applicable, with all other variables held constant, would have increased/decreased the Group's profit/loss after tax (and retained profits) as follows:

		二零二一年	Ę.		零年
		2021		202	0
			對除税後		對除税後
		盈	利及保留		虧損及保留
		盈	利的影響		盈利的影響
		i	Effect on		Effect on
		pro	ofit after		loss after
			tax and		tax and
			retained		retained
			profits		profits
			千元		千元
			\$'000		\$'000
相關股本價格風險 變數的變動:	Change in the relevant equity price risk variable:				
增加	Increase	5%	7,506	5%	13,500
減少	Decrease	(5%)	(7,506)	(5%)	(13,500)

(f) 按公允價值以外列賬的金融資 產及負債公允價值

本集團按成本或攤銷成本列賬的金融資產及負債賬面值,與其於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日的公允價值並無重大差異。

The sensitivity analysis indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit/loss after tax (and retained profits) that would arise assuming that the changes in the stock market index or other relevant risk variables had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period. It is also assumed that the fair values of the Group's equity investments would change in accordance with the historical correlation with the relevant stock market index or the relevant risk variables, and that all other variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2020.

(f) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(q) 公允價值計量

(i) 公允價值等級

香港財務報告準則第13號公允 *價值計量*規定本集團金融工具 的公允價值於報告期間結算日 按經常性基準計量,並分類為 香港財務報告準則第13號所定 義的三級公允價值等級。將公 允價值計量分類的等級乃經參 考以下估值方法所用輸入數據 的可觀察程度及重要性後釐定:

- 第1級 僅使用第1級輸入 估值: 數據(即同類資產 或負債於計量日期 在活躍市場的未經

調整報價)計量的 公允價值

- 第2級 使用第2級輸入數 估值: 據(即不符合第1

級的可觀察輸入數 據且並非使用重大 不可觀察輸入數據 計量的公允價值。 不可觀察輸入數據 為無市場數據的輸 入數據)

- 第3級 使用重大不可觀察 估值: 輸入數據計量的公

允價值

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(g) Fair value measurement

Fair value hierarchy

HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement, requires the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level

1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date

Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2

inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available

Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant

unobservable inputs

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(q) 公允價值計量(續)

(i) 公允價值等級(續)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(g) Fair value measurement (Continued)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

The Group has a finance manager performing valuations for the financial instruments, including unlisted equity securities which are categorised into Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, with the assistance of external valuers for certain financial instruments. The finance manager reports directly to the chief financial officer. A valuation report with analysis of changes in fair value measurement is prepared by the finance manager at each interim and annual reporting date, and reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer.

		於 二零二一年 十二月 三十一日 的公允價值 Fair value at 31 December 2021 千元 \$'000	公允	一年十二月三 價值計量分類 lue measurem iber 2021 cate 第2級 Level 2 千元 \$'000	為 ents gorised into	於 二零二零年 十二月 三十一日 的公允價值 Fair value at 31 December 2020 千元 \$'000	公允 Fair va	零年十二月三 價值計量分類 slue measureme nber 2020 cate 第2級 Level 2 千元 \$'000	為 ents
經常性公允價值 計量	Recurring fair value measurements								
資產:	Assets:								
一應收第三方款項 一非持作買賣的非	 Receivables from the third parties 	1,366,245	-	-	1,366,245	1,286,972	-	-	1,286,972
一非付作貝貝的非 上市股本證券 一混合金融資產	Unlisted equity securities not held for tradingHybrid financial	87,361	-	-	87,361	127,084	-	-	127,084
- 私募證券投資	investments - Units in private security	50,495	-	-	50,495	46,836	-	-	46,836
基金單位	investment funds	4,372	_	4,372	_	-	_	_	_
-交易證券 -理財產品	Trading securitiesWealth management	40,726	40,726	-	-	39,683	39,683	-	-
±/1/ p= 88	products	25,467	-	25,467	-	103,225	-	103,225	-
		1,574,666	40,726	29,839	1,504,101	1,603,800	39,683	103,225	1,460,892

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,第1級及第2級之間並無轉移,亦未有第3級的轉入或轉出。本集團的政策是確認發生於報告期間結算日的公允價值等級之間的轉移。

During the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period in which they occurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公 允價值(續)

(g) 公允價值計量(續)

(ii) 第2級公允價值計量所使用的 估值方法及輸入數據

> 私募證券投資基金單位的公允 價值由投資組合及相關上市價 格釐定。

> 理財產品的公允價值為本集團 於報告期結算日經計及當前利 率收取的銷售理財產品的估計 余額。

(iii) 有關第3級公允價值計量的資

應收第三方款項的公允價值乃 使用可收回未來估計現金流量 而定,當中基於平均借貸成本 加本集團風險溢價或與特定業 務有關的加權平均成本的資本, 考慮到假設會計項目進度或營 運預測以及折現率12%(二零 二零年:12%至15%)。未來 估計現金流量反映了項目計容 面積調整、用地指標及税費相 關補償等潛在的影響。

混合金融投資的公允價值使用 可收回未來估計現金流量及 折現率12.2%(二零二零年: 12.2%) 而定。

非上市股本工具的公允價值乃 根據可比較上市公司的市盈率 而定,因欠缺市場流通性折現 而調整,其公允價值計量與欠 缺市場流通性折現負相關。

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(g) Fair value measurement (Continued)

(ii) Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of units in private security investment funds is determined by invested portfolio and the underlying listed price.

The fair value of wealth management products is the estimated amount that the Group would receive to sale wealth management products at the end of the reporting period, taking into account current interest rates.

(iii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair value of receivables from the third parties is determined using future estimated cash flows to be recovered which takes into account projects progress presumed or operation forecast and discount rate is 12% (2020: 12% to 15%) based on the average borrowing cost plus a risk premium of the Group or weighted average cost of capital relating to the specific business. The future estimated cash flows reflect potential impacts of adjustments on the projects' capacity building areas, land use index and tax related compensation, etc.

The fair value of hybrid financial investments is determined using future estimated cash flows to be recovered and discount rate by 12.2% (2020: 12.2%).

The fair value of unlisted equity instruments was determined using the price/earning ratios of comparable listed companies adjusted for lack of marketability discount, of which the fair value measurement is negatively correlated to the discount for lack of marketability.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具公允價值(續)

(g) 公允價值計量(續)

(iii) 有關第3級公允價值計量的資 料(續)

> 年內,第3級公允價值計量的 結餘變動如下:

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(g) Fair value measurement (Continued)

(iii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurement (Continued)

The movement during the year in the balance of Level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
於一月一日 新增 於損益中確認的淨 (虧損)/收益	At 1 January Additions Net (losses)/gains recognised in profit or loss	1,460,892 88,067 (19,055)	1,402,834 42,684 49,151
結算/出售 匯兑差額 於十二月三十一日	Settlement/disposal Exchange difference At 31 December	(59,395) 33,592 1,504,101	(109,475) 75,698 1,460,892

30 資本承擔

於十二月三十一日未履行且未於本集團財務報表內撥備的資本承擔如下:

30 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December not provided for in the Group's financial statements were as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
已訂約已授權但未訂約	Contracted for Authorised but not contracted for	1,360,198 1,023,964 2,384,162	2,113,954 1,282,273 3,396,227

資本承擔主要與本集團發展中物業的發展開支及本集團項目的收購成本有關。

Capital commitments mainly related to development expenditure for the Group's properties under development and acquisition cost of the Group's projects.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

31 或然負債

本集團為若干銀行就本集團物業買家所 訂立之按揭貸款而授出之按揭融資提供 擔保。根據擔保條款,倘該等買方拖欠按 揭付款,則本集團須負責償還尚未償付 的按揭貸款連同違約買方欠付銀行的任 何應計利息及罰金。本集團的擔保期由 相關按揭貸款授出日期起,直至買家取 得個人房產所有權證及買家悉數清償按 揭貸款(以較早者為準)時為止。

於各報告期間結算日,就授予本集團物 業買家的按揭融資而向銀行作出的最高 擔保金額如下:

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group provided guarantees in respect of mortgage facilities granted by certain banks in connection with the mortgage loans entered into by purchasers of the Group's properties. Pursuant to the terms of the guarantees, if there is default of the mortgage payments by these purchasers, the Group is responsible to repay the outstanding mortgage loans together with any accrued interest and penalty owned by the defaulted purchasers to the banks. The Group's guarantee period commences from the dates of grant of the relevant mortgage loans and ends upon the earlier of the buyer obtained the individual property ownership certificate and the full settlement of mortgage loans by the buyer.

The maximum amounts of guarantees given to banks for mortgage facilities granted to the purchasers of the Group's properties at the end of each reporting period is as follows:

	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
就本集團物業買家獲授的按揭 Guarantees given to financial institutions 貸款融資而向金融機構作出的 for mortgage loan facilities granted to 擔保 purchasers of the Group's properties	861,968	557,933

董事認為,由於本集團可接管相關物業 的所有權並出售有關物業,以收回本集 團向銀行支付的任何金額, 因此本集團 不大可能因該等擔保而遭受虧損。本公 司董事亦認為,倘買方拖欠償還銀行付款, 則相關物業的公平市值能彌補本集團所 擔保的未償按揭貸款。

由於本公司董事認為該等擔保之公允價 值極低,故本集團並未就該等擔保確認 任何遞延收入。

The directors consider that it is not probable that the Group will sustain a loss under these guarantees as the Group can take over the ownerships of the related properties and sell the properties to recover any amounts paid by the Group to the banks. The directors of the Company also consider that the fair market value of the underlying properties is able to cover the outstanding mortgage loans guaranteed by the Group in the event the purchasers default payments to the banks.

The Group has not recognised any deferred income in respect of these guarantees as its fair value is considered to be minimal by the directors of the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

32 重大關聯方交易

(a) 除財務報表內其他章節披露的交易 及結餘外,本集團年內已訂立下列 重大關聯方交易:

32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, major related party transactions entered by the Group during the year are follows:

		附註 Note	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
應付股東利息開支 應收合營企業利息收入 應收一名股東的	Interest expenses to shareholders Interest income from joint ventures Compensation income from	(i) (ii)	105,623 14,634	140,298 6,868
賠償收入 應收一間合營企業	a shareholder Service income from a joint venture	(iii)	-	10,331
服務收入	•	(iv)	-	1,826

附註:

- (i) 應付股東利息開支以固定年利率11% 或14%(二零二零年:11%或14%) 計息。
- (ii) 應收合營企業利息收入以固定利率高於一個月香港銀行同業拆息2.85%、每年3%或8%(二零二零年:7%或8%)計息。
- (iii) 該款項指就因終止房地產開發項目合 作的賠償而從一名股東處獲得的收入。
- (iv) 應收一間合營企業服務收入為物業管 理諮詢服務收入。

Notes:

- (i) Interest expenses to shareholders were charged at a fixed interest rate of 11% or 14% (2020: 11% or 14%) per annum.
- (ii) Interest income from joint ventures was charged at fixed interest rates of 2.85% per annum above one month's HIBOR, 3% or 8% (2020: 7% or 8%) per annum.
- (iii) The amount represents income from a shareholder in respect of compensation for termination of a cooperation for a property development project.
- Service income from a joint venture were property management consulting services income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

32 重大關聯方交易(續)

(b) 主要管理人員的薪酬,包括向董事支付的款項(於附註9披露)以及向若干最高薪僱員及高級管理層支付的款項如下(於附註10披露):

32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(b) Remuneration of key management personnel, including amounts paid to the directors as disclosed in Note 9 and certain of the highest paid employees and senior management as disclosed in Note 10, is as follows:

		二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
短期僱員福利 退休後福利	Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	29,728 50	27,089 72
		29,778	27,161

薪酬總額包括「員工成本」(見附註7(b))。

與本公司董事及高級行政人員薪酬有關的關聯方交易構成上市規則第14A章界定的關連交易。然而,該等交易獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章項下申報、公告及獨立股東批准的規定。

(c) 附註24所載已抵押其他借貸有關交易及上述應收一間合營企業服務收入構成上市規則第14A章界定的關連交易或持續關連交易。上市規則第14A章所規定的披露載於董事會報告書「關連交易」一節。

附註22(iii)所載與應付非控股股東款項有關的關聯方交易構成上市規則第14A章界定的關聯交易。然而,根據上市規則第14A.90條的規定,該等交易豁免遵守上市規則第14A章的披露要求,因為這些交易是按照正常商業條款或更好的條款進行的,並且本集團並未提供資產擔保。

針對附註32(a)所載與房地產開發項目合作終止收取補償有關的關聯方交易,不受上市規則第14A章披露要求的約束。

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see Note 7(b)).

The related party transactions in respect of the remuneration of directors and chief executive of the Company constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, these transactions are exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(c) The transactions relating to the secured other borrowing as set out in Note 24 and the service income from a joint venture as set out above constitute connected transaction or continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules are provided in the section headed "Connected Transaction" of the Directors' Report.

The related party transactions in respect of the amounts due to non-controlling shareholders as set out in Note 22(iii) constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, these transactions are exempt from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules pursuant to Rule 14A.90 of the Listing Rules as they are conducted on normal commercial terms or better and not secured by the assets of the Group.

As to the related party transaction relating to the compensation for termination of a cooperation for a property development project as set out in Note 32(a), it is not subject to any disclosure requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(除另有指明外,以港元列示) (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

33 公司層面財務狀況表

33 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL **POSITION**

	附註 Note	二零二一年 2021 千元 \$ ′000	二零二零年 2020 千元 \$′000
非流動資產	Non-current assets		
於附屬公司的投資	Investments in subsidiaries	210,748	210,748
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	828	4,142
		211,576	214,890
流動資產	Current assets		
其他應收款項	Other receivables	13,044,155	12,133,029
其他金融資產	Other financial assets	52,896	39,683
現金及現金等價項目	Cash and cash equivalents	73,187	168,893
		13,170,238	12,341,605
流動負債	Current liabilities		
銀行貸款及其他借貸	Bank loans and other borrowings	1,455,460	1,373,345
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	-	3,342
其他應付款項	Other payables	6,672,463	6,175,866
應付債券	Bonds payable	249,665	248,552
		8,377,588	7,801,105
流動資產凈值	Net current assets	4,792,650	4,540,500
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities	5,004,226	4,755,390
資產凈值	NET ASSETS	5,004,226	4,755,390
股本及儲備	CAPITAL AND RESERVES 28(a)		
股本	Share capital	141,273	141,273
儲備	Reserves	4,862,953	4,614,117
權益總額	TOTAL EQUITY	5,004,226	4,755,390

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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34 非調整報告期後事項

於報告期結束後,董事建議分配末期股息。 進一步詳情於附註28(b)披露。

35 已頒佈但尚未於截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年 度生效的修訂、新準則及詮 釋可能產生的影響

截至該等財務報表刊發日期,香港會計師公會已頒佈若干於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度尚未生效且於該等財務報表並無採納的若干修訂及新準則香港財務報告準則第17號*保險合約*。該等發展包括下列可能與本集團相關的修訂及新準則。

34 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the directors proposed a final dividend. Further details are disclosed in Note 28(b).

35 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments and a new standard, HKFRS 17, *Insurance contracts*, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2021 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

1 January 2022

於下列日期或之後 開始的會計期間生效 Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 香港財務報告準則第3號修訂,對概念框架之提述 Amendments to HKFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework

香港會計準則第16號修訂,物業、廠房及設備一*擬定用途前之所得款項* 二零二二年一月一日 Amendments to HKAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment:

Proceeds before Intended Use

香港會計準則第37號修訂*,虧損性合約-履得合約之成本* 二零二二年一月一日 Amendments to HKAS 37, *Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract* 1 January 2022

香港會計準則第1號修訂本,負債分類為流動或非流動 Amendments to HKAS 1, Classification of liabilities as current or non-current 1 January 2023

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號修訂,會計政策之披露 Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2. Disclosure of accounting policies

1 January 2023

香港會計準則第8號修訂,會計估計之定義 ニ零二三年一月一日 Amendments to HKAS 8, Definition of accounting estimates 1 January 2023

香港會計準則第12號修訂,有關單一交易所產生資產及負債之遞延税項 二零二三年一月一日 Amendments to HKAS 12, Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single 1 January 2023

transaction

本集團正評估該等發展預期對首次應用 期間的影響。到目前為止總結,採用該等 準則不大可能對綜合財務報表產生重大 影響。 The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

五年財務摘要

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

綜合收益表

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

			For the year	二月三十一日止 ⁴ ar ended 31 D ec	ember	
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年 2019		二零一七年
		2021 千元	2020 千元	2019 千元	2018 千元	2017 千元
		\$′000	\$'000	\$′000	\$'000	\$'000
收入	Revenue	638,957	575,051	719,246	619,712	1,836,705
直接成本	Direct costs	(318,788)	(313,922)	(291,238)	(279,768)	(1,266,053)
毛利	Gross profit	320,169	261,129	428,008	339,944	570,652
投資物業及分類為持作 出售的投資物業的	Valuation gains/(losses) on investment properties and investment properties					
估值收益/(虧損)	classified as held for sale	202,341	(77,944)	197,409	292,344	172,934
其他收入	Other revenue	175,544	139,945	153,819	710,087	156,322
其他收益/(虧損)淨額	Other net income/(loss)	218,551	48,742	(380,640)	256,948	7,480,450
銷售及營銷開支	Selling and marketing expenses	(82,825)	(76,898)	(51,619)	(30,373)	(114,014)
行政開支	Administrative expenses	(332,774)	(310,126)	(421,149)	(320,462)	(1,018,344)
貿易及其他應收款項的	Impairment loss on trade and other	(0.477)	(40.527)	(20, 462)	(404.070)	(250,005)
減值虧損	receivables	(9,477)	(18,527)	(28,462)	(104,078)	(369,086)
終止確認按攤銷成本	Loss arising from the derecognition of financial assets measured at					
計量金融資產產生 的虧損	amortised cost		_	_	(116,529)	
		_			(110,323)	
經營業務產生的 盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) from operations	491,529	(33,679)	(102,634)	1,027,881	6,878,914
融資成本	Finance costs	(294,547)	(301,811)	(323,353)	(533,574)	(655,530)
應佔聯營公司虧損	Share of losses of associates	(1,997)	(2,122)	(2,621)	(76,317)	(20,160)
應佔合營企業虧損	Share of losses of joint ventures	(7,397)	(8,992)	(15,781)	(7,839)	(754)
除税前盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) before taxation	187,588	(346,604)	(444,389)	410,151	6,202,470
所得税	Income tax	(140,874)	(20,932)	(85,539)	(282,352)	(1,592,912)
年度盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year	46,714	(367,536)	(529,928)	127,799	4,609,558
以下人士應佔:	Attributable to:					
本公司權益股東及永久	Equity shareholders of the Company and					
可換股證券持有人	holders of PCSs	33,432	(283,258)	(582,939)	102,610	4,642,246
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	13,282	(84,278)	53,011	25,189	(32,688)
年度盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year	46,714	(367,536)	(529,928)	127,799	4,609,558
	· · · · · ·	10,7 17	(507,7550)	(323,320)	127,133	1,005,550
每股基本盈利/ (虧損)(元)	Basic earnings/(loss) per share (\$)	0.02	(0.19)	(0.38)	0.07	3.23
每股攤薄盈利/ (虧損)(元)	Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (\$)	0.02	(0.19)	(0.38)	0.02	2.61
-			. ,	. ,		

五年財務摘要 FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

綜合全面收益表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

				二月三十一日止: ar ended 31 Dec		
		二零二一年 2021	二零二零年 2020	二零一九年 2019	二零一八年 2018	二零一七年 2017
		千元 \$′000	千元 \$′000	千元 \$′000	千元 \$'000	千元 \$′000
年度盈利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year	46,714	(367,536)	(529,928)	127,799	4,609,558
年度其他全面收益(除税 及重新分類調整後)	Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax and reclassification adjustments)					
日後將不會重新分類至 損益的項目:	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
於將物業、廠房及設備 用途變更為投資物業 之後的重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment upon change of use to investment properties	5,619	_	_	_	_
將用途變更為投資物業 的重估收益所產生的 遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liability arising on revaluation gain on change of use to investment properties	(1,405)	_	_	_	_
日後可能重新分類至 損益的項目: 出售附屬公司時換算重	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translation of	(1,403)				
新分類至損益產生的 匯兑差額 換算海外附屬公司的	reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of subsidiaries Exchange differences on translation	624	26	(6)	(2,450)	(263,781)
財務報表時產生的匯兑差額應佔聯營公司及合營企	of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries Share of other comprehensive income	379,050	685,152	(236,178)	(530,189)	1,064,518
業的其他全面收益	of associates and joint ventures	(18,461)	34,047	(6,851)	(48,071)	81,016
年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	412,141	351,689	(772,963)	(452,911)	5,491,311
以下人士應佔:	Attributable to:					
本公司權益股東及永久 可換股證券持有人 非控股權益	Equity shareholders of the Company and holders of PCSs Non-controlling interests	394,643 17,498	421,274 (69,585)	(815,551) 42,588	(470,179) 17,268	5,442,801 48,510
年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	412,141	351,689	(772,963)	(452,911)	5,491,311

五年財務摘要 **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

綜合財務狀況表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL **POSITION**

			於十二月三十一日 At 31 December					
		二零二一年 2021 イフ	二零二零年 2020 イニ	二零一九年 2019 イニ	二零一八年 2018 イニ	二零一七年 2017 エー		
		千元 \$′000	千元 \$'000	千元 \$′000	千元 \$′000	千元 \$′000		
非流動資產	Non-current assets							
投資物業 其他物業、廠房及	Investment properties Other property, plant and equipment	8,970,030	7,238,615	6,297,551	5,704,379	4,837,896		
設備		192,006	199,281	199,049	154,094	153,680		
無形資產 商聯營公司的權益 於合一國 於合一國 於合一國 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於	Intangible assets Goodwill Interest in associates Interest in joint ventures Other financial assets Other receivables Deferred tax assets	9,162,036 3,769 40,736 5,257 1,069,950 1,443,808 268,023 87,451	7,437,896 3,769 40,736 7,072 423,328 1,488,143 231,761 85,540	6,496,600 3,769 40,736 8,739 423,597 1,338,322 210,027 75,212	5,858,473 3,769 40,736 11,558 479,290 1,487,235 - 224,170	4,991,576 - 1,385,817 533,571 151,309 1,441,512 307,752		
		12,081,030	9,718,245	8,597,002	8,105,231	8,811,537		
流動資產 存貨及其他合約成本 其他金融資產	Current assets Inventories and other contract costs Other financial assets	9,951,592 130,858	10,884,496 115,657	9,921,176 130,470	10,040,990 341,497	1,641,881		
無限	Trade and other receivables Prepaid tax Restricted and pledged deposits Cash and cash equivalents	2,152,059 72,320 2,862,004 1,077,346	1,654,142 38,846 3,046,639 1,653,196	1,553,629 20,891 2,612,642 2,115,129	1,849,598 23,171 2,565,681 5,488,739	9,699,088 51,703 2,071,706 4,599,697		
分類為持作出售的 投資物業	Investment properties classified as held for sale	16,246,179 46,600	17,392,976 70,657	16,353,937 64,683	20,309,676 104,539	18,064,075 106,274		
		16,292,779	17,463,633	16,418,620	20,414,215	18,170,349		
 流動負債	Current liabilities							
質合銀行 借貸 易同行情轉生 化借 及 其债款债 情情 人名 其他他 及 其情,从 人,	Trade and other payables Contract liabilities Bank loans and other borrowings Lease liabilities Convertible bonds Derivative financial instruments Note payable Tax payable Bonds payable	4,252,279 1,927,173 6,196,768 7,581 - - 217,567 249,665	4,004,074 726,231 5,966,708 21,971 - - 168,259 248,552	3,646,717 58,577 3,947,660 31,604 - - 716,509 500,355	4,117,258 155,479 3,322,635 - 1,461,691 - 1,516,734 783,150	2,730,975 - 2,921,827 - 242,478 1,183,283 2,213,830 1,171,920		
·	Provision	-		-	24,408	8,923		
	Not current accets	12,851,033	11,135,795	8,901,422	11,381,355	10,473,236		
流動資產淨值 	Net current assets Total assets less current liabilities	3,441,746 15,522,776	16,046,083	7,517,198 16,114,200	9,032,860 17,138,091	7,697,113 16,508,650		

五年財務摘要 FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

綜合財務狀況表(續)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

		於十二月三十一日						
		At 31 December 二零二一年 二零二零年 二零一九年 二零一八年 二零一十年						
		-◆--+ 2021	二零二零年 2020	二零一九年 2019	二零一八年 2018	二零一七年 2017		
		千元				-		
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities							
銀行貸款及其他借貸	Bank loans and other borrowings	3,649,180	4,495,656	5,119,614	5,403,679	2,663,521		
可轉換債券	Convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	1,299,330		
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	39,204	40,684	48,613	-	-		
遞延税項負債 数 #	Deferred tax liabilities	1,464,559	1,355,501	1,105,800	1,023,450	889,842		
	Provision	-		-	14,906	43,048		
		5,152,943	5,891,841	6,274,027	6,442,035	4,895,741		
資產淨值	NET ASSETS	10,369,833	10,154,242	9,840,173	10,696,056	11,612,909		
股本及儲備	CAPITAL AND RESERVES							
股本	Share capital	141,273	141,273	141,273	138,558	138,344		
儲備	Reserves	10,161,553	9,933,656	9,542,968	10,443,721	11,312,202		
本公司權益股東及永久	Total equity attributable to equity							
可換股證券持有人應佔	shareholders of the Company and				40.500.050			
權益總額	holders of PCSs	10,302,826	10,074,929	9,684,241	10,582,279	11,450,546		
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	67,007	79,313	155,932	113,777	162,363		
權益總額	TOTAL EQUITY	10,369,833	10,154,242	9,840,173	10,696,056	11,612,909		



TOP SPRING

International Holdings Limited 萊蒙國際集團有限公司

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