

MAXNERVA TECHNOLOGY SERVICES LIMITED

雲智匯科技服務有限公司

(Stock Code 股份代號: 1037

Smart Office 智慧_{辦公} 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

公司資料

CORPORATE INFORMATION

董事會

執行董事

簡宜彬先生*(主席)* 蔡力挺先生*(執行長)* 高照洋先生 鄭官斌先生

非執行董事

KIM Hyun Seok先生¹ PARK Ho Jin先生²

獨立非執行董事

鄧天樂先生 簡己然先生 張曉泉教授

公司秘書

曾慶贇先生

授權代表

鄭宜斌先生 曾慶贇先生

提名委員會

簡宜彬先生(主席) 簡己然先生 鄧天樂先生 張曉泉教授

審核委員會

鄧天樂先生*(主席)* 簡己然先生 張曉泉教授

薪酬委員會

簡己然先生 (主席) 鄧天樂先生 張曉泉教授 蔡力挺先生

1 於二零二三年三月二十九日獲委任

2 於二零二三年三月二十九日辭任

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin (Chairman)

Mr. CAI LiTing (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. KAO Chao Yang Mr. CHENG Yee Pun

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. KIM Hyun Seok¹ Mr. PARK Ho Jin²

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. TANG Tin Lok Stephen Mr. KAN Ji Ran Laurie Prof. ZHANG Xiaoguan

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. TSANG Hing Bun

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. CHENG Yee Pun Mr. TSANG Hing Bun

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin (Chairperson) Mr. KAN Ji Ran Laurie Mr. TANG Tin Lok Stephen Prof. ZHANG Xiaoquan

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. TANG Tin Lok Stephen *(Chairperson)*Mr. KAN Ji Ran Laurie
Prof. ZHANG Xiaoquan

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. KAN Ji Ran Laurie (Chairperson) Mr. TANG Tin Lok Stephen Prof. ZHANG Xiaoquan Mr. CAI LiTing

- ¹ Appointed on 29 March 2023
- Resigned on 29 March 2023

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司網址

www.maxnerva.com

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 香港執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

香港法律之法律顧問

朱國熙、黃錦華律師事務所 (有限法律責任合夥)

百慕達法律之法律顧問

毅柏律師事務所

主要往來銀行

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

股份過戶登記處

主要股份過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 香港 夏愨道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12. Bermuda

主要營業地點

香港九龍 尖沙咀東部麼地道63號 好時中心10樓1001室

股份代號

1037

WEBSITE

www.maxnerva.com

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

LEGAL ADVISERS ON HONG KONG LAW

Patrick Chu, Conti Wong Lawyers LLP

LEGAL ADVISERS ON BERMUDA LAW

Appleby

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICES

Principal Registrar

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch Registrar

Tricor Abacus Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM12, Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Room 1001, 10/F, Houston Centre 63 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East Kowloon, Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

1037

關於我們

ABOUT US

雲智匯科技服務有限公司為一間於一九九四年二月三日於百慕達註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司,並自一九九四年四月十四日起於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。本集團連同其子公司主要從事工業解決方案、智慧辦公及新零售業務。

Maxnerva Technology Services Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda on 3 February 1994 and it has been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 14 April 1994. Together with its subsidiaries, the group principally engages in industrial solution, smart office and new retail businesses.

業務

工業解決方案業務

我們為客戶提供全方位的智能製造解決方案及服務,包括i)將軟件系統 (例如企業資源規劃 (「ERP」)、製造執行系統 (「MES」)、產品生命週期管理系統 (「PLM」)、倉庫管理系統 (「WMS」))及自動化設備安裝至生產線上,通過智能化流程以降低成本及提高運營效率及效益;ii)安裝監控生產廠房水、電及工業用氣體使用效益之設施監控系統 (「FMCS」);及iii)安裝用於整個工業園區工人及保安管理之人臉識別系統。我們亦就以上智能製造解決方案提供日常的資訊科技營運服務及安裝後維護工作。

智慧辦公業務

智慧辦公業務主要包括Personify及智慧辦公設備業務。

Personify透過其複雜的電腦視覺及深度學習技術,提供一系列關於視頻會議應用的高質量虛擬背景體驗的SaaS產品及軟件開發工具包。

智慧辦公設備業務管理知名品牌電子會議室設備的 供應鏈及將其分銷至亞太、歐洲、中東及非洲以及美 洲地區。

新零售業務

我們為客戶提供先進的數字標牌及其他零售解決方 案。

OUR BUSINESS

Industrial solution business

We provide a full range of smart manufacturing solutions and services to our customers, including i) the implementation of a combination of software systems (e.g. enterprise resources planning (the "ERP"), manufacturing execution system (the "MES"), product lifecycle management system (the "PLM") and warehouse management system (the "WMS")) and automation equipment into the production lines to lower costs and increase operational effectiveness and efficiency through smart processes; ii) the implementation of facility monitor and control system (the "FMCS") for monitoring the efficiency of the usage of water, power, and gas at production plants; and iii) the implementation of facial recognition system for labour and security management of the entire industrial parks. We also provide daily I.T. operating services and post-installation maintenance work in relation to those smart manufacturing solutions.

Smart office business

Our smart office business primarily consists of Personify and smart office equipment business.

Personify, through its sophisticated computer vision and deep learning technology, provides a series of SaaS products and software development kit tool on high quality virtual background experience on video-conference application.

Smart office equipment business manages the supply chain and distributes branded electronic equipment for meeting rooms to Asia-Pacific, EMEA and Americas regions.

New retail business

We provide advanced digital signage and other retail solutions to our customers.

Smart Office 智慧_{辦公} 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

關於我們

ABOUT US

使命及策略

我們透過數字化及先進科技,為我們的客戶(主要為商業企業)賦能,在製造、辦公及零售領域更有效地營運及開展業務。

為實現我們的目標,我們需要在新市場及新產品開發,以及項目、產品及服務交付方面招募、保留及激勵人才。同時我們的長期成功亦高度依賴我們與合資格供應商建立可持續夥伴關係並確保高客戶滿意度的能力。因此,我們必須有合適的企業文化及人才政策以實現我們的企業目標。

企業文化

創新精進

我們提倡創新精進,這是在高度競爭的科技行業中的成功之本。其有助於幫助企業脫穎而出,並領先於其競爭對手。倘若缺乏創新和改進,企業將遠遠落後,甚至面臨生存問題。為促進創新,我們必須容忍失敗,失敗賦予我們寶貴的知識及經驗,是我們未來成功的基礎。創新對於我們而言,不僅僅是技術方面的創新,亦包括思想、商業模式、工作流程等方面的創新。

以客為本

我們的首要任務是要滿足客戶現在及未來的需求。滿意的客戶帶來重複購買和口碑相傳,從而為我們帶來更多商機。此外,為現有客戶提供服務的成本一般低於獲取新客戶的成本。為滿足客戶,我們必須在客戶要求的時間內以合理的價格提供優質的產品或服務。 出色的用戶體驗及售後服務對於獲得客戶滿足感亦至關重要。

共榮共贏

我們相信所有持份者,包括客戶、供應商、員工、股東、社區、環境等,均應合理公平地分享企業的經營成果,以維持企業的可持續經營。搾取客戶、剝削供應商及員工、濫用環境及當地社區資源,以獲得最大利潤回報的傳統觀念已不符合當今市場的普遍期望。

OUR MISSION AND STRATEGY

By leveraging digitalization and advanced technology, we enable our clients, predominantly business enterprises, to conduct businesses in more effective ways in manufacturing, office and retail segments.

To achieve our mission, we are required to recruit, retain and motivate talents in new market and new product development, and for project, product and service delivery. Our long term success also highly depends on our ability to consistently build sustainable partnerships with qualified vendors and ensure overwhelming customer satisfactions. Thus, we must have the apt corporate culture and talent policies in place to achieve our corporate objectives.

OUR CORPORATE CULTURE

Innovation with constant improvement

We promote innovation with constant improvement since it is the root of success in the highly competitive tech industry. It helps differentiate one from the others and keep the winner ahead of its competitors. Without innovation and improvement, one shall fall far behind and even face survival issues. To promote innovation, we must tolerate failures which bestow invaluable knowhows and experience as the foundation for our future success. What innovation means to us are not only to the new inventions on technology but also includes innovations on ideas, business models, work flows and processes etc.

Customer centric

We regard satisfying the present and future needs of our customers as our number one priority. Customer satisfactions lead to repeat purchases and word-of-mouth resulted in more business opportunities. In addition, costs of serving existing customers are in general lower than those of acquiring new customers. To satisfy customers, we must provide quality products or services at reasonable prices in the required timeline. Excellent user experience and after sales services are also vital to gain gratifications.

Mutual benefit to our stakeholders

We believe all stakeholders including customers, suppliers, employees, shareholders, communities, environment etc. should obtain fair shares of the results from the business in order to preserve a sustainable operation. Traditional thoughts of extracting most from customers, exploiting the suppliers and employees, abusing the environment and local communities to maximize the returns are falling short of the general market expectations nowadays.

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Smart Office 智慧辦公 工業 Industrial

五年財務概要

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

五年財務概要

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

以下為本集團過去五個財政年度之合併業績、 資產及負債。 The following is a summary of the consolidated results, assets and liabilities of the group for the last five financial years.

		截至	截至	截至	截至	截至
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年
		十二月	十二月	十二月	十二月	十二月
		三十一日	三十一日	三十一日	三十一日	三十一日
		止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度
		For the				
		year ended				
		31 December				
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
收入	Revenue	832,461	596,349	523,417	430,995	326,188
股東應佔溢利	Profit attributable to shareholders	27,830	34,261	14,634	11,575	1,440
		於	於	於	於	於
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年
		十二月	十二月	十二月	十二月	十二月
		三十一日	三十一日	三十一日	三十一日	三十一日
		As at				
		31 December				
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
(To)						
總資產	Total assets	726,339	641,930	536,428	527,428	457,425
總負債	Total liabilities	275,306	229,445	181,635	184,243	127,771
資產淨值	Net assets	451,033	412,485	354,793	343,185	329,654
股本	Share capital	68,447	68,447	64,479	64,479	65,111
股份溢價及其他儲備	Share premium and other reserves	382,586	344,038	290,314	278,706	264,543
總權益	Total equity	451,033	412,485	354,793	343,185	329,654

主席報告

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

砥礪奮進

自二零一五年末鴻海精密工業股份有限公司(「鴻海」)及其子公司(統稱「鴻海集團」)為首的財團收購本公司的主要股權後,我們取得多項里程碑式的發展。我們透過引入新的商機,(包括二零一六年的智能製造業務及二零二零年的智慧辦公及新零售業務),對業務進行重新定位,並於二零一七年出售虧損的遺留業務,以提振公司業績及令公司增長前景更為光明。自二零一六/一七財政年度以來,我們的收入增長一倍以上,亦扭轉鴻海集團入主前虧損的經營狀況,自至為股東賺取利潤。為降低個別國家風險,我們將第一時一一個更強更好的公司。

二零二二年同樣充滿挑戰。這一年以俄烏戰爭爆發揭開序幕,然後是中華人民共和國(「中國」)的漫長隔離封控,世界主要經濟體大幅收緊貨幣政策,最後以中國人民的大規模感染2019新型冠狀病毒疾病(「COVID-19」)收尾。憑藉正確的策略、客戶及商業夥伴的大力支持、管理層及員工的努力奉獻,我們在如此艱難的一年仍成功地令業務取得增長。

迎接新時代

隨著世界主要國家採取邊境開放及與病毒共存的策略,我們相信漫長的疫情終於過去。二零二三年將是整個世界新的一頁!我們抱持樂觀態度,但同時枕戈待旦,保持警惕。

由於鴻海集團目前正在透過F2.0數字轉型及F3.0升級轉型戰略以提升其整體競爭力,我們已獲得若干數字轉型及電動汽車相關的項目。這無疑充盈了我們工業解決方案業務的訂單儲備,並為我們參與汽車行業提供了一個空前的好機會。再加上我們的智慧辦公業務發展令人鼓舞,我們對未來前景滿懷信心。

我們相信,雲智匯的前途將更美好!

A LONG JOURNEY

We have achieved many milestones since late 2015 after the consortium led by Hon Hai Precision Industry Company Limited ("Hon Hai") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Hon Hai Group") acquired a substantial interest in the company. Since then, we have repositioned the business by bringing in new opportunities, i.e smart manufacturing business in 2016 and smart office and new retail business in 2020, and disposed the legacy business in 2017 to boost the performance and brighten the growth prospects of the company. We have more than doubled our revenue since the financial year of 2016/17. We have turned around the loss making operation and make profit for our shareholders every year. To mitigate country specific risk, we have expanded our business footprints beyond the Greater China regions and we now have well diversified revenue mix from all major regions of the world. We have emerged to be a stronger and better company during this journey.

2022 was also a year full of challenges. The year started with the outbreak of Russo-Ukrainian war, then the protracted lockdowns in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), the dramatic tightening of monetary policies in major world's economies and ended with massive infection of the new coronavirus disease 2019 (the "COVID-19") in the PRC. With the right strategy, the great supports from our clients and business partners, the dedications of our management and employees, we managed to grow our business in such difficult year.

A NEW ERA

With the world's major countries adopting border opening and virus co-existence strategy, we believe the prolonged pandemic is finally behind us. Year 2023 is going to be a new page for the entire world! We are optimistic but we must remain vigilant.

Since Hon Hai Group are currently boosting its competitiveness through embracing F2.0 Digital Transformation and F3.0 Upgrade Transformation strategy, we have been awarded a number of digital transformation and electric vehicle related projects. This definitely boosts the backlog orders of our industrial solution business and provides us an unparalleled opportunity to take part in the automobile industry. Together with the encouraging business development of our smart office business, we are upbeat on our future prospect.

We believe the best days of Maxnerva still lie ahead!

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主席報告

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

致謝

我們有一位新董事會成員加入。我們的非執行董事 PARK Ho Jin先生因彼等其他事務向董事會提出辭 呈,我們欣然委任KIM Hyun Seok先生為其替任者。本 人謹代表董事會對Park先生於任期內對公司所作的貢 獻表示衷心感謝,並熱烈歡迎Kim先生的加入。

我們同時感謝客戶的信任及業務,以及股東的支持及 鼓勵。本人亦謹此真誠感謝所有敬業的員工,正是他 們每天熱忱的工作,才有公司持久的發展。

APPRECIATIONS

We have a new member joining our board. Mr. PARK Ho Jin, our non-executive director, tendered his resignation to the board due to his other business commitments and we are delighted to appoint Mr. KIM Hyun Seok as his replacement. On behalf of the board, I would like to express our sincere gratitude to Mr. Park for his contributions to the company during his tenure and extend our warm welcome to Mr. Kim.

We are also grateful to our customers for their trust and business, and to our shareholders for their support and encouragement. I would also like to sincerely thanks all the dedicated employees who are working passionately every day to build a growing and lasting company.

主席 簡宜彬

香港,二零二三年三月二十九日

CHIEN Yi-Pin

Chairman Hong Kong, 29 March 2023

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

財務回顧

我們主要從事工業解決方案、智慧辦公及新零售業務。本報告年度的收入增長40%至人民幣832.5百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣596.3百萬元),但報告淨利潤下降19%至人民幣27.8百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣34.3百萬元)。倘撇除投資之未變現淨收益及股份支付開支,核心淨利潤為人民幣25.8百萬元,與二零二一年相若(二零二一年:人民幣26.3百萬元)。

存貨及營業應收賬項

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,存貨約為人民幣 148.6百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣110.1百萬元),存 貨主要為待交付予客戶的項目相關硬件及軟件產品, 以及智慧辦公設備的製成品。相較二零二一年全年, 本報告年度的存貨週轉由50天升至67天,主要由於中 國長時間的隔離封控導致我們的項目進度被延遲,及 由於二零二三年一月中國農曆新年提前到來而囤積 智慧辦公設備庫存。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,營業及租賃應收賬項約為人民幣220.3百萬元 (二零二一年:人民幣195.1百萬元),包括流動及非流動部分分別為人民幣215.4百萬元 (二零二一年:人民幣182.4百萬元)及人民幣4.9百萬元 (二零二一年:人民幣12.7百萬元)。我們將若干項目包裝為融資租賃的模式,客戶可於特定年份內分期付款。本報告年度的營業及租賃應收賬項週轉由二零二一年的122天降至91天,僅因為收入的增長幅度遠高於平均營業及租賃應收賬項結餘的增長幅度

FINANCIAL REVIEW

We principally engage in industrial solution, smart office and new retail businesses. Our revenue increased by 40% to RMB832.5 million (2021: RMB596.3 million) but our reported net profit fell by 19% to RMB27.8 million (2021: RMB34.3 million) for the reporting year. If stripping out the unrealized net gains of our investments and the share-based payment expense, our core net profit was RMB25.8 million which was in line with that of 2021 (2021: RMB26.3 million).

Inventory and Trade Receivable

As at 31 December 2022, there were approximately RMB148.6 million in inventory (2021: RMB110.1 million) and they are primarily project-related hardware and software products pending to be delivered to our customers, and the finished goods of smart office equipment. Inventory turnover for the reporting year increased to 67 days from 50 days as compared to the year of 2021 mainly because of the delay in our project progress caused by the prolonged lockdowns in the PRC and a pile up of the inventory of the smart office equipment in light of an early arrival of Chinese New Year in January 2023.

As at 31 December 2022, there were approximately RMB220.3 million in trade and lease receivables (2021: RMB195.1 million) which consisted of current and non-current portions of RMB215.4 million (2021: RMB182.4 million) and RMB4.9 million (2021: RMB12.7 million) respectively. Some of our projects have been structured as finance lease in which customers are eligible to pay in periodic instalments over a specific number of years. Trade and lease receivable turnover for the reporting year declined to 91 days from 122 days as compared to the year of 2021 solely because the magnitude of the increase in revenue was much higher than that of the average trade and lease receivable balance.

Smart Office 智慧辦公 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

流動資金及財務資源

我們於二零二二年十二月三十一日處於現金淨值狀態,現金及現金等價物為人民幣166.9百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣189.1百萬元)。我們的資產總值為人民幣726.3百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣641.9百萬元),資金來自總負債人民幣275.3百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣229.4百萬元)及股東權益人民幣451.0百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣412.5百萬元)。我們的流動比率為2.2(二零二一年:2.4)。應付營業賬項須於一年內償還。本集團並無可用之銀行預批信貸額度(二零二一年:人民幣30.6百萬元),且我們並無銀行借款(二零二一年:無)。

庫務政策

我們的營運經費一般以內部資源撥付。我們採用審慎的庫務管理方法,因此於整個報告年度維持穩健的流動資金狀況。我們對外部客戶進行定期信貸評估來盡力降低信貸風險。

外匯風險

我們的業務主要位於中國、香港、台灣、美利堅合眾國(「美國」)、歐洲及東南亞,其中大部分交易以人民幣、美元、新台幣、港元、歐元、英鎊及越南盾結算。我們面對各類貨幣的外匯風險,但主要為美元及歐元的外匯風險。我們已制定政策,要求我們的集團公司管理與其功能貨幣有關的外匯風險,包括管理有關集團公司因以非自身功能貨幣銷售及購貨而引起之風險。我們亦透過定期檢討本集團的淨外匯風險以管理外匯風險及考慮使用外匯合約以管理外匯風險(倘適用)。我們並無使用衍生金融工具作投機用途。

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2022, we had a net cash position while our cash and cash equivalents were RMB166.9 million (2021: RMB189.1 million). Our total assets of RMB726.3 million (2021: RMB641.9 million) were financed by total liabilities of RMB275.3 million (2021: RMB229.4 million) and shareholders' equity of RMB451.0 million (2021: RMB412.5 million). We had a current ratio of 2.2 (2021: 2.4). Trade payables were repayable within one year. No banking facilities were available to the Group (2021: RMB30.6 million) and we had no bank borrowing as well (2021: Nil).

Treasury Policy

We generally financed our operations with internally generated resources. We have adopted a prudent management approach to our treasury policies and therefore maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the reporting year. We strive to reduce credit risk exposure by performing periodic credit evaluations of our external customers.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

We mainly operate in the PRC, Hong Kong, Taiwan, the United States of America (the "US"), Europe and Southeast Asia with most of the transactions settled in Chinese yuan, US dollars, New Taiwanese dollars, Hong Kong dollars, Euro, British pounds and Vietnamese dong. We are exposed to foreign exchange risk from various currencies, primarily with respect to US dollars and Euro. We have a policy to require our group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currencies which includes managing the exposures arising from sales and purchases made by the relevant group companies in currencies other than their own functional currencies. We also manage our foreign exchange risk by performing regular reviews of the group's net foreign exposures and would consider the use of foreign exchange contracts to manage foreign exchange risks, where appropriate. We did not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

業務回顧

面對俄烏戰爭的爆發,中國因疫情導致的封控,以及 世界主要經濟體為應對通貨膨脹率飆升的擔憂而積 極收緊貨幣政策,總體營商情緒於本報告年度內迅速 惡化。

工業解決方案業務

於本報告年度工業解決方案業務繼續在增長,但執行 項目的平均利潤率減少。因此,儘管與二零二一年相 比,分部的收入增加28%至人民幣427.3百萬元,但分 部的利潤下跌5%至人民幣42.0百萬元。於二零二二 年,我們的業務足跡遍佈中國、美洲及東南亞地區, 我們實施若干關鍵項目,包括為中國武漢市的一所燈 塔工廠¹實施Teamcenter PLM軟件;為美洲區的一位 客戶設計、採購及組裝自動化設備生產線;為中國鄭 州市的另一所燈塔工廠實施SAP軟件升級;為中國天 津市一所潛在的燈塔工廠實施MES軟件;為一家中 國領先的飲用水淨化器製造商在其位於中國紹興市 的新建工廠完成頂層設計及IT基礎設施項目;為一家 位於中國青島市的半導體封裝及測試公司實施SAP、 PLM及WMS系統;及為一家位於中國威海市從事製 造打印機及周邊產品的工廠完成諮詢及IT基礎設施項 目。所有該等項目均事先進行了審慎分析,預計將為 客戶實現大幅度成本節約或/及提高生產效率,並獲 得令人滿意的資本開支回報。

值得注意的是,我們自二零二二年中期開始為美國一所電動汽車製造工廠實施SAP軟件項目。這對我們而言乃一個重要的里程碑,因為此乃我們於汽車行業的第一個項目,其將為我們日後進入該行業領域提供必要的知識。

智慧辦公業務

於本年度,分部收入及溢利較二零二一年分別增加68%及41%至人民幣396.5百萬元及人民幣4.6百萬元。

BUSINESS REVIEW

In face of the outbreak of Russo-Ukrainian War, the pandemic-induced lockdowns in the PRC, and the aggressive tightening of monetary policy in major world's economies in response to the concerns of surging inflation rates, business sentiments, in general, had been rapidly deteriorating during the reporting year.

Industrial Solution Business

The industrial solution business was growing but profit margins of the executed projects, on average, were lower during the reporting year. As a result, segment profit fell by 5% to RMB42.0 million in spite of a 28% increase in segment revenue to RMB427.3 million when compared to the year of 2021. Our business footprints spun across the PRC, Americas and Southeast Asia region in 2022 and we conducted a number of key projects including Teamcenter PLM software implementation for a lighthouse factory¹ at Wuhan city of the PRC, the design, sourcing and installation of lines of automation equipment for a client in Americas, SAP software upgrade for another lighthouse factory at Zhengzhou city of the PRC, MES software implementation for a potential lighthouse factory at Tianiin municipality of the PRC, the completion of the layout design and IT infrastructure project for a PRC leading manufacturer of drinking water purifiers at its greenfield factory at Shaoxing city of the PRC, SAP, PLM and WMS implementation for a semiconductor packaging and testing company at Qingdao city of the PRC, advisory and IT infrastructure project for a factory manufacturing printers and peripheral products at Weihai city of the PRC etc. All these projects are prudently analyzed beforehand and expected to achieve substantial savings or/and higher efficiency for our clients with satisfactory returns of investment.

It is worthwhile to note that we have taken a SAP software implementation project for an electric vehicle manufacturing plant in the US since mid 2022. It is an important milestone for us since it is our first project in the automobile industry and it will provide us with the essential know-hows to enter this sector in the future.

Smart Office Business

Segment revenue and profit increased by 68% and 41% to RMB396.5 million and RMB4.6 million respectively during the year when compared to the year of 2021.

全球燈塔網絡為世界經濟論壇與麥肯錫公司合作的一項倡議。該製造商網絡帶領第四次工業革命技術改造工廠、價值鏈及商業模式以獲得引以自豪的財務及運營回報。迄今為止,全球僅有114家來自75個地區的不同行業的工廠獲認定為燈塔工廠。

The Global Lighthouse Network is a World Economic Forum initiative in collaboration with McKinsey & Company. This community of manufacturers shows leadership in using Fourth Industrial Revolution technologies to transform factories, value chains and business models, for compelling financial and operational returns. To date, only 114 lighthouse factories worldwide have been identified from different industry sectors in 75 regions.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

於本報告年度內,我們為Personify業務推出新的進階產品,並成功將若干全球視頻會議參與者及社交媒體公司納入我們的客戶組合。由於研發開支於二零二二年第一季度達到頂峰,並於二零二二年餘下時間內恢復至正常水平,該業務的盈利狀況於本報告年度內得到改善。

智慧辦公設備業務於所有主要地區的銷售額均在攀升,我們於歐洲及東南亞的表現尤其出色,乃因為我們利用競爭對手退出市場的機遇,乘勢於一個歐洲國家爭取更大的市場份額,亦在東南亞其中一個最大的市場取得突破。於本報告年度內,收入按年大幅增長76%。

新零售業務

我們於二零二二年完成為台灣一家知名企業的400多家超市商店安裝我們專有的數字標牌解決方案的二期項目。由於解決方案獲得肯定的反饋,我們已獲得同一客戶的三期項目,為其在台灣餘下的60家門店安裝相關解決方案。由於安裝解決方案的門店數目減少,本報告年度的分部收入及溢利較二零二一年分別減少68%及97%至人民幣8.7百萬元及人民幣0.1百萬元。

業務前景

市場認為在世界主要國家採取邊境開放及與病毒共存政策後,疫情時代終於過去。有跡象顯示,儘管持續存在若干不利因素,如俄烏戰爭、西方主要經濟體的衰退風險、中國房地產行業的動盪及美國多家中小銀行倒閉對全球金融領域的擴散風險,但私人消費及商業信心正從低谷中恢復。

工業解決方案業務

我們的主要客戶有些正在進行數字化轉型,有些則正在進入全新的高增長領域。我們將從該有利發展中受益,我們有可能於二零二三年在美洲及亞洲區獲得一系列數字化轉型及汽車相關的新項目。隨著項目儲備的增加,我們對該業務於二零二三年的表現持審慎樂觀態度。

We launched new and enhanced products for Personify business during the reporting year and successfully added a number of global video conference players and social media companies into our client portfolio. Since research and development expenses were peaked in the first quarter of 2022 and had been returned to normal level throughout the rest of 2022, profitability of this business was improved during the reporting year.

Sales climbed in all major regions for smart office equipment business and we did particularly well in Europe and Southeast Asia as we took advantages of the withdrawal of our competitors and gained market shares in a European country and we also had a breakthrough in one of the largest Southeast Asia markets. Revenue grew significantly by 76% during the reporting year on a year-on-year basis.

New Retail Business

We completed the phase II project of installing our proprietary digital signage solutions into over 400 supermarket stores of a preeminent player in Taiwan in 2022. With affirmative feedback for the solutions, we have been granted the phase III project from the same customer and installing the rest of their 60 stores in Taiwan. With fewer stores installing the solutions, segment revenue and profit dropped by 68% and 97% to RMB8.7 million and RMB0.1 million respectively during the reporting year when compared to the year of 2021.

BUSINESS PROSPECT

Market believes the pandemic era is finally behind us after major countries in the world have adopted border opening and virus co-existence policy. There are signs showing that private consumption and business confidence are recovering from their troughs despite a number of unfavorable factors, such as Russo-Ukrainian War, risk of recession in major Western economies, the turmoil in the property sector of the PRC and the contagion risk on the global financial sector caused by the collapse of a number of small and medium sized banks in the US, persist.

Industrial Solution Business

Our key clients are either in the midst of their digital transformations or thrusting into completely new high growth areas. We shall benefit from this favourable development and we are likely to secure a number of new digital transformation and automobile related projects in Americas and Asia in 2023. With growing project pipeline, we are cautiously positive about the performance of this business in 2023.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

智慧辦公業務

我們將繼續加強於銷售及營銷的投入以發展Personify 業務,由於視頻會議於疫情期間被廣泛使用,相信日 後將繼續成為一種重要的商業溝通方式。於二零二三 年,我們正在將智慧辦公設備業務擴展至亞洲及美洲 新的國家,並鞏固我們於歐洲、中東及非洲地區的市 場地位。總體而言,我們對該業務於二零二三年的前 景持審慎樂觀態度。

新零售業務

我們將於二零二三年完成於台灣的第三階段數字零售標牌項目,並正在積極物色大中華區內的其他零售解決方案及業務機會以發展該業務。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本公司的業務風險主要為以下各項:

- (i) 全球及中國之宏觀經濟狀況,而此將影響對資 訊科技相關的解決方案、服務及產品的總體需 求;
- (ii) 市場對我們的工業、智慧辦公及新零售解決方 案的接受程度;
- (iii) 瞬息萬變的技術變革可能會不可預測地打亂我 們現有的解決方案及產品在市場的地位及對我 們該等解決方案及產品的需求;及
- (iv) 由於海外業務擴張及近年來主要功能貨幣匯率的較大波動,導致匯兌風險增加。

Smart Office Business

We shall continue to dedicate sales and marketing efforts to develop the Personify business because video conferences were widely used during the pandemic and it is believed that they will continue to be a meaningful way of business communication going forward. We are expanding our smart office equipment business into new countries in Asia and Americas as well as consolidating our market positions in the EMEA region in 2023. Overall, we are cautiously optimistic about the outlook of this business in 2023.

New Retail Business

We shall complete our phase III digital retail signage project in Taiwan in 2023 and we are actively exploring other retail solutions and business opportunities in Greater China region in a bid to nurture this business.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company's business risks are mainly the following:

- (i) macroeconomic conditions of the globe and the PRC which in turn will affect the general demand of I.T. solutions, services and products;
- (ii) market acceptance of our industrial, smart office and new retail solutions;
- (iii) rapid technological changes that may disrupt the market positions and demand of our existing solutions and products unpredictably; and
- (iv) greater foreign exchange risk exposure due to the expansion of our overseas businesses and higher volatility in major functional currencies in recent years.

Smart Office 智慧辦公 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零集 New Retail

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

重大投資、子公司之重大收購及出 售

於SigmaSense, LLC (「SigmaSense」) 之投資

我們於二零一九年及二零二零年分別投資2百萬美元及0.5百萬美元於SigmaSense的優先股,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們的投資佔SigmaSense總股權約1.99%。SigmaSense於二零一五年成立,專注於一系列產品(即從筆記本電腦、平板電腦、智能手機到大尺寸交互式顯示器、遊戲及汽車)所用的顯示屏相關觸控感應技術。憑藉SigmaSense於二零二三年初成功募得新一輪資金,我們於SigmaSense的投資估值增至約6.4百萬美元,約佔本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日資產總值的6.1%。於本報告年度,該投資的未變現收益約為人民幣5.6百萬元。該投資預計將於中長期內為本集團帶來資本增值。

於深圳富華私募股權天使投資合夥企業(「富華基金」) 之投資

於二零二一年六月九日,本公司宣佈,本公司的全資 子公司雲智匯(深圳)高新科技服務有限公司於二零 二一年六月八日作為有限合夥人與深圳富華股權投 資基金管理有限公司就投資於富華基金訂立有限合 夥協議。根據有限合夥協議,我們承諾出資人民幣30 百萬元,其規模預期約佔富華基金合夥人承諾出資總 額之6%。富華基金於二零二一年六月十八日成立, 擬投資於戰略性新興行業、未來行業及其他行業,包 括但不限於半導體、生物醫藥、新能源、新材料、高端 智能製造等高新技術產業。訂立有限合夥協議為一項 須予披露交易,詳情分別載於本公司日期為二零二一 年六月九日及二零二一年七月十三日之公告及補充 公告。我們於二零二一年及二零二二年分別出資人 民幣9百萬元及人民幣21百萬元。於二零二二年十二 月三十一日,我們於富華基金的投資估值約為人民幣 30.2百萬元,約佔本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一 日之資產總值的4.2%。於本報告年度,該投資的未變 現收益約為人民幣0.3百萬元。該投資預計長期將為 本集團帶來資本增值。

除上文所披露者外,我們於本報告年度並無子公司之 重大收購及出售以及重大投資。

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

Investment in SigmaSense, LLC ("SigmaSense")

We invested US\$2 million and US\$0.5 million in the preferred shares of SigmaSense in 2019 and 2020 respectively and our investment accounted for approximately 1.99% of the total shareholding of SigmaSense as at 31 December 2022. SigmaSense was founded in 2015 focusing on display related touch sensing technology for a wide range of products, from laptops, tablets and smartphones to large format interactive displays, gaming and automotive etc. With the success of raising new round of funding by SigmaSense in early 2023, the valuation of our investment in SigmaSense increased to approximately US\$6.4 million, about 6.1% of the total asset value of the group as at 31 December 2022. The unrealized gain of the investment was approximately RMB5.6 million during the reporting year. The investment is expected to generate capital appreciations to the group in the medium to long term.

Investment in GRC SinoGreen Fund V, L.P. ("GRC Fund")

On 9 June 2021, the company announced that Maxnerva (Shenzhen) Technology Services Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the company, entered into the limited partnership agreement as a limited partner with GRC SinoGreen Capital Co., Ltd. on 8 June 2021, in relation to the investment in the GRC Fund. Pursuant to the limited partnership agreement, we have committed to contribute RMB30 million which size is expected to account for approximately 6% of the capital contribution committed by the partners of the GRC Fund. The GRC Fund is established on 18 June 2021 and intends to invest in strategic emerging industries, future industries and other industries including but not limited to semiconductor, biomedicine, new energy, new materials, high-end intelligent manufacturing and other high-tech industries. Entering into the limited partnership agreement is a disclosable transaction and details are set out in the announcement and supplementary announcement of the company dated 9 June 2021 and 13 July 2021 respectively. We invested RMB9 million and RMB21 million in 2021 and 2022 respectively. As at 31 December 2022, the valuation of our investment in GRC Fund was approximately RMB30.2 million, about 4.2% of the total asset value of the group as at 31 December 2022. The unrealized gain of the investment was approximately RMB0.3 million during the reporting year. The investment is expected to generate capital appreciations to the group in the long term.

Saved as disclosed above, we had no material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries, and significant investment during the reporting year.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

集團資產抵押、資本承擔、或然負債、報告日期後事件

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無資產抵押 及或然負債(二零二一年:零),亦無資本承擔(二零 二一年:人民幣26百萬元)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日後概無重大事件。

資本架構及股息

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司合共有701,543,448股每股面值0.1港元的已發行股份(二零二一年:701,543,448股股份)。

本公司及其子公司於二零二一年及二零二二年報告年度概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

董事會就本報告年度不建議派付任何末期股息(二零 二一年十二月三十一日:無)。

持續關連交易

有關持續關連交易之詳情,請參閱本年報「董事會報告書-持續關連交易」一段。

僱員、環保政策及合規

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們共聘用588名僱員(二零二一年:543名僱員),分佈於中國、台灣、越南、美國及香港。我們相信,我們的薪酬政策乃根據現行市場慣例及按個別員工工作表現及經驗而釐定。銷售人員之薪酬包括工資及獎金,獎金是按所達到個人銷售指標及應收款項的收回程度而釐定。一般僱員亦可享有年終獎金,數額視乎部門之業績情況及個人表現的評估而定。

我們致力於為照顧我們的環境及社區創造有利環境。 我們的目標是通過保持高標準的誠信經營,提供優質 服務及保護環境,建設更加和諧、文明、可持續的社 會。有關詳情,請參閱本年報所載的環境、社會及管治 (「ESG」)報告。

CHARGES ON GROUP'S ASSETS, CAPITAL COMMITMENT, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

As at 31 December 2022, there were no charges on the group's assets and contingent liabilities (2021: Nil) and there were no capital commitment (2021: RMB26 million).

There were no material events after 31 December 2022.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND DIVIDENDS

As at 31 December 2022, the company has a total of 701,543,448 issued shares with a par value of HK\$0.1 each (2021: 701,543,448 shares).

Neither the company nor its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the company's listed securities during the reporting year of 2021 and 2022.

The board does not recommend any payment of a final dividend in respect of the reporting year (31 December 2021: Nil).

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

For details of the continuing connected transaction, please refer to the paragraph headed "Report of the Directors – Continuing Connected Transactions" of this annual report.

EMPLOYEES, ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND COMPLIANCE

As at 31 December 2022, we employed a total of 588 employees (2021: 543 employees) located in the PRC, Taiwan, Vietnam, the US and Hong Kong. We believe that our remuneration policy is in line with the prevailing market practices and is determined on the basis of performance and experience of the individuals. Sales personnel are remunerated by salaries and incentives in accordance with the achievement of their sales target and account receivables collection. General staff are offered year-end discretionary bonuses, which are based on the divisional performance and individual appraisals.

We are dedicated to creating a favourable circumstance for caring of our environment and community. It is our goal to build a more harmonious, civilized and sustainable society by maintaining a high standard operation with integrity, providing services of high quality and protecting the environment. For details, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance (the "ESG") Report included in this annual report.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

董事會致力維持良好之企業管治標準及程序,以確保 資料披露之完整性、透明度及質素,藉以提高股東價 值。

本公司於本報告年度採納及遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14載列之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)之原則及所有適用守則條文,惟下述偏離事項除外。董事會將繼續檢討及提升本公司之企業管治常規及準則,確保業務活動及決策制訂過程乃以適當及審慎方式規管。

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載列之上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則作為有關董事進行證券交易之行為守則(「標準守則」)。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,董事確認彼等於整個報告年度內一直全面遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

董事會

董事會之主要職能如下:

- 1. 塑造及監察公司文化;
- 2. 制定長期戰略目標及政策,適當側重價值創造 及風險管理;
- 3. 確保在年報中作出恰當及充分的匯報,包括財務報表、ESG、董事會常規之披露(如董事會委員會之職權範圍)及各種政策(如與股東溝通的政策、薪酬政策、提名政策、股息政策及多元化政策);
- 當責一董事會應對其作為或不作為負責,及於 其決策中適當考慮股東及持份者之意見;
- 5. 確保資源、員工資歷及經驗充足(尤其發行人於 會計、內部審核及財務報告職能方面);及
- 6. 確保與股東保持最充分的溝通及本公司重視股 東之利益。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The board is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standard and procedures to ensure the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure in order to enhance the shareholders' value.

The company has adopted the principles and complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") for the reporting year, save for the deviations discussed below. The board will continuously review and improve the corporate governance practices and standards of the company to ensure that business activities and decision-making processes are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTION

The company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry of all directors, the directors have confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the reporting year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The principal functions of the board are to:

- 1. shaping and monitoring the company's culture;
- setting long term strategic objectives and strategic policies with appropriate focus on values creation and risk management;
- ensuring appropriate and adequate reporting in the annual reports, including financial statements, ESG, disclosures of the board's practices (e.g. the terms of references of its board committees), and various policies (e.g. shareholder communication, remuneration, nomination, dividend and diversity policies);
- being accountable the directors should be held accountable for their actions or inactions, and where appropriate, take the shareholders' and stakeholders' views into account in their decisions;
- ensuring adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, especially for the issuer's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions; and
- ensuring the fullest communication with shareholders and the company's recognition of their interest.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事會(續)

董事會集體負責本集團之領導、監控及整體策略發展,並監督本集團之內部監控、財務表現、整體管理及營運。董事會將日常運作授權予管理層,管理層負責執行本集團之業務策略及管理日常業務運作。

董事會目前由四名執行董事、一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成。董事名單及其履歷詳情載於第68頁至第71頁。

本公司已設立以下機制確保向董事會提供獨立意見 及觀點,並將每年審閱該等機制。

1. 獨立非執行董事人數及其貢獻

- (i) 於整個報告年度,董事會始終符合上市規則有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董事的規定,其中至少有一名董事擁有適當的會計或相關財務管理專業資格。在八名董事中,有三名獨立非執行董事,這超出上市規則有關董事會至少有三分之一成員為獨立非執行董事的規定。
- (ii) 董事會的成員組成應在技能、經驗及觀點 多元化方面做到充分均衡,以領導本公司 實現其目標。
- (iii) 執行董事應至少每年與獨立非執行董事 舉行會議一次。
- (iv) 主席應至少每年與獨立非執行董事舉行 無其他董事出席的會議一次。
- (v) 倘主要股東或董事於董事會審議且董事會已釐定為重大的事項中存在利益衝突,則該事項應通過實際召開董事會會議而非書面決議案予以處理。在該事項中沒有重大利益的獨立非執行董事應出席董事會會議。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

The board is collectively responsible for the leadership, control and overall strategic development of the group, as well as overseeing internal control, financial performance, overall management and operations of the group. The board has delegated day-to-day operations to management, who is responsible for implementing the group's business strategies and managing the daily business operations.

The board comprises four executive directors, one non-executive director and three independent non-executive directors. A list of directors and their biographical details are set out on pages 68 to 71.

The company has established the following mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the board and these mechanisms will be reviewed annually.

Number of independent non-executive directors and their contributions

- (i) Throughout the reporting year, the board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications on accounting or related financial management expertise. Three out of eight directors are independent non-executive directors, which exceeds the requirement of the Listing Rules that at least one-third of the board are independent non-executive directors.
- (ii) The composition of the board should provide a sufficient balance of skill, experience and diversity of perspectives in leading the company to achieve its goals.
- (iii) Executive director should meet with the independent non-executive directors at least annually.
- (iv) The Chairman should hold meetings at least annually with the independent non-executive directors without the presence of other directors.
- (v) If a substantial shareholder or a director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the board which the board has determined to be material, the matter should be dealt with by a physical board meeting rather than a written resolution. Independent non-executive directors who have no material interest in the matter should be present at the board meeting.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事會(續)

2. 執行董事的委任及獨立性

- (i) 提名委員會(「**提名委員會**」)將評估獨立 非執行董事候選人的獨立性,以及每年 評估現有長期服務的獨立非執行董事(如 有)的持續獨立性。
- (ii) 各獨立非執行董事須每年向本公司提交 一份確認書,確認彼等各自及其直系親屬 的獨立性,以及彼等遵守上市規則第3.13 條所載規定。
- (iii) 倘任何獨立非執行董事於董事會任職超 過九年,再委任該獨立非執行董事須由股 東以獨立決議案批准後方可生效。本公司 應以書面提供提名委員會在達致該獨立 非執行董事仍保持獨立並應重選連任的 決定時所考慮的全部因素、過程及討論;
- (iv) 倘全體獨立非執行董事於董事會任職均超過九年,則提名委員會及本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上分別提名及任命一名新獨立非執行董事加入董事會。
- (v) 於任何合約、交易或安排中擁有重大利益 的董事(包括獨立非執行董事)應就任何 批准該合約、交易或安排的董事會決議案 放棄投票,且不計入法定會議人數。
- (vi) 獨立非執行董事將不會獲發放帶表現因 素的權益薪酬。

3. 徵求獨立專業意見之權利

全體董事均有權於需要時徵求獨立專業意見, 費用由本公司承擔。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

2. Appointment and independence of non-executive directors

- (i) Nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") will assess the independence of the prospective independent non-executive directors, and the continued independence of the existing longserving independent non-executive directors, if any, on an annual basis.
- (ii) Each independent non-executive director is required to submit a written confirmation to the company annually to confirm the independence of each of them and their immediate family members, and their compliance with the requirements as set out in the Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.
- (iii) When any of the independent non-executive director has served more than nine years on the board, the further appointment of such independent non-executive director should be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by shareholders. The company should provide in writing all the factors considered, the process and discussion of the Nomination Committee in arriving the decision that such independent non-executive director remain independent and should be re-elected;
- (iv) The Nomination Committee will nominate, and the company will appoint, a new independent non-executive director on the board at the forthcoming annual general meeting if all the independent nonexecutive director has served more than nine years on the board.
- (v) A director (including independent non-executive director) who has material interest in any contract, transaction or arrangement shall abstain from voting and not be counted in the quorum on any board resolution approving the same.
- (vi) No equity-based remuneration with performance-related elements will be granted to independent non-executive directors.

3. Eligibility for seeking independent professional advice

All directors are eligible to seek for independent professional advice at the company's expense as and when it is required.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事會(續)

4. 董事會會議鼓勵董事發表獨立意見

- 董事會須定期舉行會議,董事會會議應每年至少舉行四次,大約每季度舉行一次。會議通知於定期舉行的董事會會議前至少14天發送予全體董事,全體董事均有權將事項納入定期會議的議程。對於定期會議以外的其他董事會會議,本公司應給予董事合理的通知。
- (ii) 董事會文件一般於會議前至少三天寄發 予全體董事,以確保董事有充分時間審閱 會議資料並作充分準備。
- (iii) 缺席董事將提前獲告知將討論的事項,並 給予機會於舉行會議前向主席發表彼等 的意見。
- (iv) 於董事會/董事會委員會會議期間,本公司鼓勵全體董事以開放、坦誠的態度發表彼等的意見。
- (vi) 獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事應作 出獨立、建設性及知情的意見,對本公司 策略及政策的發展作出正向貢獻。

向主要管理層支付之薪酬

於本報告年度,向主要管理層(包括全體董事及高級管理層)支付的薪酬介乎以下金額:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

4. Independent views are encouraged on the board meetings

- (i) The board should meet regularly and board meetings should be held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. Meeting notice is given to all directors at least 14 days prior a regular board meeting and all directors are eligible to include matters in the agenda for a regular meeting. For all other board meetings, reasonable notice should be given.
- (ii) Board documentation are usually dispatched to all directors at least three days prior the meeting to ensure that directors have sufficient time to review the information and be adequately prepared for the meeting.
- (iii) Absent directors are advised of the matters to be discussed in advance and are given an opportunity to make their views known to the Chairman prior to the meeting.
- (iv) All directors are encouraged to express their views in an open and candid manner during the board/board committee meetings.
- (vi) Independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should make a positive contribution to the development of the company's strategy and policies through independent, constructive and informed comments.

REMUNERATION PAID TO MEMBERS OF KEY MANAGEMENT

Details of remuneration paid to members of key management (including all directors and senior management) for the reporting year fell within the following bands:

		Number of individual	
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
人民幣2,000,001元至人民幣2,500,000元	RMB2,000,001 - RMB2,500,000	_	_
人民幣1,500,001元至人民幣2,000,000元	RMB1,500,001 - RMB2,000,000	-	-
人民幣1,000,001元至人民幣1,500,000元	RMB1,000,001 - RMB1,500,000	1	1
零至人民幣1,000,000元	Nil - RMB1,000,000	7	8

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人數

董事會會議、董事會委員會會議及 股東大會出席會議次數

ATTENDANCE AT BOARD MEETINGS, BOARD COMMITTEE MEETINGS AND GENERAL MEETINGS

本報告年度出席/舉行的會議次數 Meeting attended/held during the reporting year

董事會會議 薪酬委員會會議 提名委員會會議 審核委員會會議 股東大會 Remuneration Nomination Audit Committee General Board Committee Committee 董事會成員 Members of the Board Meeting Meeting Meeting Meeting Meeting 執行董事 **Executive directors** 0/1 簡官彬先生(主席) Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin (Chairman) 0/40/1 0/4 蔡力挺先生(執行長) Mr. CAI LiTing (Chief Executive Officer) 0/1 0/1 高照洋先生 Mr. KAO Chao Yang 0/40/1鄭宜斌先生 Mr. CHENG Yee Pun 4/4 1/1 非執行董事 Non-executive director PARK Ho Jin先生¹ Mr. PARK Ho Jin¹ 2/4 0/1 獨立非執行董事 Independent non-executive directors 鄧天樂先生 1/1 3/3 0/1 Mr. TANG Tin Lok Stephen 4/4 1/1 簡己然先生 Mr. KAN Ji Ran Laurie 4/4 1/1 1/1 3/3 0/1 張曉泉教授 Prof. ZHANG Xiaoguan 4/4 1/1 1/1 3/3 0/1

董事會多元化政策

本公司確認並受惠於多元化的董事會,其可提高董事會之工作質量。董事會成員多元化可通過考慮多個因素達致,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化背景及種族,以及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期。董事會所有成員之委任以用人唯才之原則進行,以適當標準考慮候選人,並考慮對董事會成員多元化的裨益。董事會將每年檢討該政策。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司董事會成員性 別單一。為遵守上市規則第13.92條,本公司正物色 至少一名女性董事,彼了解本集團願景、價值觀及目 標,並擁有正直的人格。有關人選一經確定便將獲委 任,不論如何本公司應於二零二四年十二月三十一日 前委任該女性董事。

除上文所披露者外,本公司發現董事會多元化政策的 執行情況及效果令人滿意。

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse board which enhances the quality of its performance. Diversity of board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background and ethnicity, in addition to educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All the board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against appropriate criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the board. Such policy is reviewed by the Board on an annual basis.

As at 31 December 2022, the company had a single gender board. In order to comply with Rule 13.92 of the Listing Rules, the company has been recruiting at least one female director who understand the Group's vision, value and objectives and has an upright personality. Such candidate will be appointed once identified and should be in any case before 31 December 2024.

Save as disclosed above, the company found the implementation and effectiveness of the board diversity policy to be satisfactory.

於二零二三年三月二十九日辭任

resigned on 29 March 2023

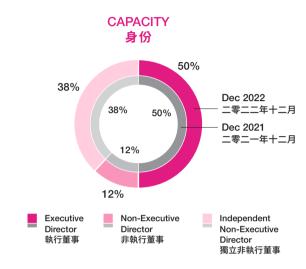
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事會多元化政策 (續)

下文為董事會於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月 三十一日多元化方面的圖示:

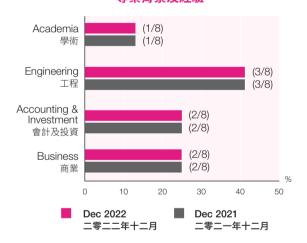
BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY (continued)

Below are the graphical presentation of the diversity of the board as at 31 December 2021 and 2022:

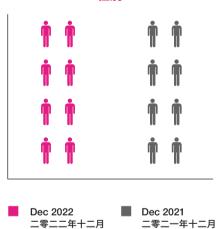


AGE GROUP 年齡組別 5 5 4 3 3 2 2 0 60-64 55-59 50-54 Dec 2022 Dec 2021 二零二二年十二月 二零二一年十二月

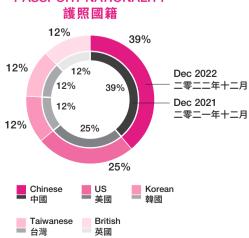
PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE 專業背景及經驗





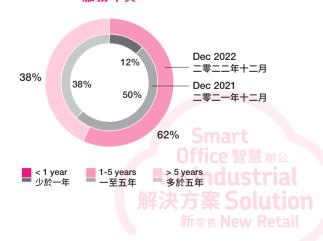


PASSPORT NATIONALITY



英國

LENGTH OF SERVICE 服務年資



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事會會議

執行董事定期召開會議,以商討本公司日常業務。召開董事會會議乃為討論本公司整體發展、營運、財務表現、中期業績、年度業績及須董事會審批之本公司其他業務。本公司提供合理通知予董事會成員,以便彼等有機會出席會議。董事會全體成員均能獲得涵蓋董事會會議主題的有關文件,亦適時獲提供充足資料以審閱及考慮董事會會議上商討的事項。對於不能親身出席之董事,本公司提供電話會議方式以便彼等參與。

於本報告年度,全體董事以合理審慎之方式竭力、盡職及主動履行職責。彼等根據法定規定、本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)及上市規則執行職責。全體董事謹慎監督本公司的企業事務,並投入充裕時間及精力關注本集團的一切重大問題。

主席及執行長

主席的工作職責如下:

- 領導及管治董事會,為全體董事會及個別董事 締造有效運作條件,並確保董事會及時商討所 有關鍵及適當事宜;
- 2. 促進非執行董事與管理層之間的有效合作關係 及公開討論文化,務使董事會於會議室內外均 能包容及接納有建設性的討論及不同意見;
- 3. 確保董事會全權參與本集團策略及政策的發展 及釐定且扮演建設性角色,並確保董事會決策 符合本集團最佳利益且公平反映董事會共識;
- 確保董事會協定之策略及政策獲執行長及管理 層有效落實;
- 5. 制定董事會會議時間表及議程,充分考慮本集團面臨的重大事宜及全體董事的關注事項,並確保留有充足時間以就重大及戰略性事宜進行全面商討;

BOARD MEETINGS

The executive directors meet on a regular basis to discuss the ordinary business of the company. Board meetings are held to discuss the overall development, operation, financial performance, interim results, annual results and other business of the company that requires approval from the board. Reasonable notice has been given to board members to offer them an opportunity to attend. All board members are provided with relevant documentation covering the subject matter of the board meetings. Board members are also provided with sufficient information in a timely manner to review and consider matters to be discussed at board meetings. The company utilises telephone conferencing for directors who are not able to attend in person.

During the reporting year, all directors discharged their duties in a dedicated, diligent and proactive manner with reasonable prudence. They have executed their duties in accordance with statutory requirements, the company's bye-laws (the "Bye-laws") and the Listing Rules. All directors have exercised due care in monitoring corporate matters of the company and provided sufficient time and attention to all significant issues of the group.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The duties of the Chairman are as follows:

- provides leadership and governance of the board so as to create the conditions for overall board's and individual director's effectiveness, and ensures that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the board in a timely manner;
- promotes effective relationships and open communication, and creates an environment that allows constructive debates and challenges, both inside and outside the boardroom, between non-executive directors and the management;
- ensures that the board as a whole plays a full and constructive part in the development and determination of the group's strategies and policies, and that board decisions taken are in the group's best interests and fairly reflect board's consensus:
- ensures that the strategies and policies agreed by the board are effectively implemented by the chief executive officer and the management;
- sets the board meeting schedule and agenda to take full account of the important issues facing the group and the concerns of all directors, and ensures that adequate time is available for thorough discussion of critical and strategic issues;

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主席及執行長(續)

- 6. 確保董事會成員適當知悉董事會會議上討論的 事項,並適時收到充分的資訊,而這些資訊必須 準確清晰及完備可靠以讓董事會成員履行其責 任,例如本集團表現報告、本集團當前面對的事 項、挑戰及機遇,及其他須由董事會成員決議的 事項;
- 至少每年舉行一次非正式的董事會議,包括與 非執行董事舉行沒有執行長出席的會議,及確 保給予複雜、具爭議性或敏感的議題充足時間 討論及考慮;
- 8. 確保與股東進行有效溝通,並確保各董事達成 並保持理解持份者之觀點;及
- 9. 建立良好的企業管治常規及程序,並鼓勵本集團 (尤其就董事會層面而言)維持誠信、持平及企 業管治的最高標準。

而執行長的工作職責則如下:

- 根據業務規劃及於董事會批准之預算內,領導 管理層執行本集團業務的日常營運;
- 領導管理層透過定期與主席會面或溝通,審閱 關鍵發展、事宜、機遇及關注事項,從而確保與 主席及董事會維持有效合作關係;
- 3. 制定及建議本集團策略及政策,供董事會考慮;
- 4. 落實經由董事會及其委員會批准之策略及政 策,以實現本集團目標;
- 5. 與主席就本集團面臨的重大及戰略性事宜保持 定期溝通,並確保董事會知悉該等事宜;
- 6. 確保管理層優先向董事會提交報告,內容包括 董事會履行其職責所需的相關、準確、及時及明 確的資訊;

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

(continued)

- 6. ensures that the board members are properly briefed on issues arising at board meetings and receives, in a timely manner, adequate information which must be accurate, clear, complete and reliable, to fulfil their duties, such as reports on the group's performance, the issues, challenges and opportunities facing the group, and matters reserved for them to make decision;
- arranges informal meetings of the directors at least annually, including meetings of the non-executive directors at which the chief executive officer is not present, and ensures that sufficient time and consideration is given to complex, contentious or sensitive issues;
- 8. ensures that there is effective communication with shareholders, and that each director develops and maintains an understanding of the stakeholders' views; and
- establishes good corporate governance practices and procedures and promotes the highest standards of integrity, probity and corporate governance throughout the group and particularly at board level.

Whereas the duties of the chief executive officer are as follows:

- leads the management in the day-to-day running of the group's business in accordance with the business plans and within the budgets approved by the board;
- leads the management to ensure effective working relationships with the chairman and the board by meeting or communicating with the chairman on a regular basis to review key developments, issues, opportunities and concerns;
- develops and proposes the group's strategies and policies for the board's consideration:
- implements the strategies and policies as approved by the board and its committees in pursuit of the group's objectives;
- is. maintains regular communication with the chairman on important and strategic issues facing the group, and ensures bringing these issues to the board's attention;
- ensures that the management gives appropriate priority to providing reports to the board which contain relevant, accurate, timely and clear information necessary for the board to fulfil its duties;

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- 7. 領導與持份者(包括股東)的溝通計劃;及
- 8. 根據董事會採納的常規及程序管理本集團事務,並鼓勵本集團內部維持誠信、持平及企業管治的最高標準。

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第C.2.1條,主席及執行長之角色應予以區分,不應由同一人擔任。本公司於整個報告年度內一直遵守此守則條文。

獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事向董事會提出獨立判斷。各獨立非執行董事每年須根據上市規則第3.13條就本身的獨立性向本公司發出確認書。根據該等確認書,董事會認為於本報告年度全體獨立非執行董事均符合上市規則第3.13條所述的資格。

非執行董事的職責包括以下各項:

- 參與董事會會議,在涉及戰略、政策、表現、問 責性、資源、主要委任及操守準則等事宜上,提 供獨立的意見;
- 2. 出現潛在利益衝突時提供領導方向;
- 3. 應邀出任審核、薪酬、提名及其他管治委員會; 及
- 4. 注視本集團的表現是否達到既定的企業目標和 目的,並監察表現事官相關的匯報。

委任及重選董事

董事之委任乃根據其資歷及經驗而決定,確保彼等有能力履行職責及保障利益相關者權益。本公司會向每名新獲委任之董事作出全面正式介紹,以確保彼等了解本集團的業務及經營、彼等根據上市規則以及有關監管規定及標準守則所負的責任及義務。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

(continued)

- leads the communication program with our stakeholders including shareholders; and
- 8. conducts the affairs of the group in accordance with the practices and procedures adopted by the board and promotes the highest standards of integrity, probity and corporate governance within the group.

Under code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. This code provision has been complied with by the company throughout the reporting year.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The independent non-executive directors bring independent judgment to the board. Each independent non-executive director is required to send a written confirmation of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules to the company annually. Based on these confirmations, the board considers that all independent non-executive directors have met the qualifications of Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules for the reporting year.

The functions of non-executive directors should include:

- participating in board meetings to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conduct;
- 2. taking the lead where potential conflicts of interests arise;
- 3. serving on the audit, remuneration, nomination and other governance committees, if invited; and
- 4. scrutinising the issuer's performance in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and monitoring performance reporting.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Directors are appointed in accordance with their qualifications and experience to ensure they are capable to perform their duties and protect the interests of the stakeholders. Every newly appointed director receives a comprehensive and formal introduction to ensure that he/she has an understanding of the group's business and operation, his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements, and the Model Code.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

委任及重選董事(續)

根據守則條文第二部分第C.3.3條,發行人須為董事提供正式委任書並列明委任之主要條款及條件。獨立非執行董事之指定委任年期為一年,而全體非執行董事及全體執行董事則概無與本公司訂立任何服務協議或委任書(視乎情況而定),且彼等亦無固定服務年期。然而,彼等須遵照組織章程細則於本公司股東週年大會(「**股東週年大會**」)輪席退任。因此,董事會認為已採取充分措施確保本公司的企業管治懷例並無較企業管治守則之規定寬鬆。

按照組織章程細則之條文及上市規則,任何獲董事會委任填補臨時空缺之董事,其任期至本公司下屆股東大會為止,倘為新董事加入現有董事會情況下,其任期則至下屆股東週年大會為止。此外,各董事(包括獲委任特定任期或擔任主席及/或執行長之董事)須至少每三年輪席退任一次。

持續專業發展

本公司鼓勵董事參與持續專業發展以發展並更新其 知識及技能。本公司將向每名新獲委任之董事提供一 套入職資料,內容包括香港上市公司董事的職責和法 律責任之摘要、本公司之組織章程大綱及組織章程 細則(「章程文件」)及公司註冊處發佈之「董事責任指 引」,以確保彼對本身在上市規則及其他監管規定下 之職責和責任有充分認知。

本公司持續更新董事就法例及監管機制和營商環境 之發展,以方便彼等履行其職責。本公司在需要時將 為董事提供持續的介紹及專業發展。

於本報告年度,全體董事及本公司之公司秘書均確定他們已經遵守企業管治守則。

董事會委員會

董事會已成立三個董事委員會,即提名委員會、審核委員會(「審核委員會」)及薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),以監察本集團特定方面的事務。在合理要求下,該等委員會均會獲提供充足的資源,方便履行彼等的職責,且在適當情況下能夠尋求獨立專業意見,開支由本公司承擔。

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Under code provision Part 2 C.3.3, issuers should have formal letters of appointment for directors setting out the key terms and conditions for their appointment. The independent non-executive directors are appointed for a specific term of office of one year while all non-executive directors and all executive directors have not entered into any service agreements or letters of appointment (as the case may be) with the company and have no fixed term of service. However, they are subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting of the company (the "AGM") in accordance with the Byelaws. As such, the board considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that the company's corporate governance practices are no less exacting than set out in the CG Code.

According to the provisions of the Bye-laws and the Listing Rules, any director appointed by the board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the next following general meeting of the company, and in the case of an addition to the existing board, until the next following AGM. Furthermore, each director, including those appointed for a specific term or holding office as Chairman and/ or chief executive officer, are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The company would provide a comprehensive induction package covering the summary of the responsibilities and legal obligations of a director of a Hong Kong listed company, the company's memorandum of association and Bye-laws (the "Constitutional Documents") and the Guides on Directors' Duties issued by the Companies Registry to each newly appointed director to ensure that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

Directors are continually updated on developments in the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. Continuing briefings and professional development to directors would be arranged whenever necessary.

During the reporting year, all directors and company secretary of the company confirmed that they have complied with the CG Code.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has set up three board committees, namely the Nomination Committee, the audit committee (the "Audit Committee") and the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") to oversee particular aspects of the group's affairs. The committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable requests, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the company's expenses.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事會委員會 (續)

(a) 提名委員會

提名委員會包括三名獨立非執行董事及一名執 行董事。現任成員為簡宜彬先生、簡己然先生、 鄧天樂先生及張曉泉教授。簡先生目前為提名 委員會主席。

提名委員會之主要職責如下:

- 1. 每年最少一次檢討董事會的架構、人數及 組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面),並就 任何擬作出的變動向董事會提出建議;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員的 人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就 此向董事會提出建議;
- 3. 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 4. 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是 主席及執行長)繼任計劃的有關事宜向董 事會提出建議;及
- 5. 若董事會擬於股東大會上提呈決議案選任某人士為獨立非執行董事,有關股東大會通告所隨附的致股東通函及/或說明函件中,應該列明提名委員會認為應選任該名人士的理由以及他們認為該名人士屬獨立人士的原因。

提名委員會負責監察和檢討董事會成員的多元 化政策。本公司確認,董事會成員的多樣性提供 了平衡的技能、經驗和專業知識,促進公司的業 務及未來發展。多元化政策乃經過多方面的考 慮來實現,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化和教 育背景、專業知識及有關本公司業務的經驗。候 選人的最終選擇是以其優點和將會帶給董事會 的貢獻作決定。

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

(a) Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors and one executive director. The current members are Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin, Mr. KAN Ji Ran, Laurie, Mr. TANG Tin Lok. Stephen and Prof. ZHANG Xiaoquan. Mr. Chien is currently the chairperson of the Nomination Committee.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee are to:

- review the structure, size and composition of the board (including the skills, knowledge and experience) at least once every year and make recommendations to the board regarding any proposed changes;
- 2. identify individuals suitably qualified to become board members and select or make recommendations to the board on the selection of, individuals nominated for directorships;
- 3. assess the independence of independent non-executive directors;
- 4. make recommendations to the board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors in particular, the chairman and the chief executive officer; and
- 5. where the board proposes a resolution to elect an individual as an independent non-executive director at the general meeting, the Nomination Committee should set out in the circular to shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting why they believe the individual should be elected and the reasons why they consider the individual is independent.

The Nomination Committee monitors and reviews the diversity policy of the board members. The company recognises that diversity of the board members provides a balance of skill, experience and professional knowledge for the company's business and future development. The diversity policy is achieved by consideration of various aspects, including but not limited gender, age, cultural and educational backgrounds, professional knowledge and experience with the business of the company. The ultimate decision on selection of candidates will be made upon the merits and contribution that the selected candidate will bring to the board.

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董事會委員會(續)

(b) 審核委員會

本公司已設立審核委員會,根據企業管治守則 的守則條文第D.3.3條,受書面職權範圍規管。 審核委員會目前包括三名獨立非執行董事,即 鄧天樂先生、簡己然先生及張曉泉教授。鄧先生 目前為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會負責檢討和監察本集團之財務申報 過程及內部監控系統,並向董事會提供建議及 意見。

審核委員會亦獲授權取得外界法律或其他獨立 專業意見,及於視為必須之情況下,確保具備有 關經驗及專業知識之外界人士出席會議。

於本報告年度,審核委員會履行了如下職責:

- 與核數師共同審閱年度財務報表及審閱 未經審核之中期財務報表,並提出建議供 董事會批准;
- 審閱會計準則及政策之變動及評估可能 對本集團財務報表產生之潛在影響;
- 審閱本集團之內部監控及風險管理系統、 本集團內部審核職能的成效以及商議有 關事項,包括財務、經營、規管的監控和 風險管理等工作;
- 4. 檢討有關監管及法定要求之合規事宜;
- 5. 考慮及建議委任、續聘及批准外聘核數師 之薪酬及聘用條款;
- 6. 與外聘核數師討論有關核數之性質及範疇和申報責任;及
- 7. 根據適用標準審閱及監察外聘核數師之 獨立性及客觀性,以及核數程序之有效 性。

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

(b) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established and is governed by its written terms of reference in accordance with code provision D.3.3 of the CG Code. It currently comprises three independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. TANG Tin Lok, Stephen, Mr. KAN Ji Ran, Laurie and Prof. ZHANG Xianquan. Mr. TANG is currently the chairperson of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing and supervising the financial reporting process and internal control system of the group and providing advice and recommendations to the board.

The Audit Committee is also authorised to obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice and to secure the attendance of outsiders with relevant experience and expertise if it considers this necessary.

During the reporting year, the Audit Committee has performed the following duties:

- reviewed the annual financial statements with the auditor and reviewed the unaudited interim financial statements, with recommendations to the board for approval;
- reviewed the changes in accounting standards and policies as well as assessment of potential impacts on the group's financial statements;
- reviewed the group's internal control and risk management systems, the effectiveness of the group's internal audit function and discussed the relevant issues including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management functions;
- reviewed the compliance issues with the regulatory and statutory requirements;
- considered and recommended the appointment, re-appointment and approved the remuneration and terms of engagement of external auditor:
- 6. discussed with external auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations; and
- 7. reviewed and monitored external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards.

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董事會委員會 (續)

(c) 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會包括三名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事。現任成員為簡己然先生、鄧天樂先生、張曉泉教授及蔡力挺先生。簡先生目前為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會負責向董事會提出有關(其中包括) 本公司關於本公司所有董事及高級管理層薪酬 政策及結構之建議,及檢討本公司全體執行董 事及高級管理層之具體薪酬待遇。董事及高級 管理層之薪酬待遇乃根據技能、經驗、工作表 現、對公司之貢獻及現行市況而釐定。薪酬委員 會亦負責審閱及/或批准上市規則第17章項下 有關股份計劃的事宜。

企業管治職能

董事會已將執行企業管治職能的職責委託予審核委員會。審核委員會負責企業管治職能,其職責包括:

- 制定及審閱本公司就企業管治的政策及常規, 以及向董事會作出推薦建議;
- 審閱及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展;
- 3. 審閱及監察本公司就遵守法律及監管規定的政 策及常規;
- 4. 制定、審閱及監察適用於董事及僱員的操守守 則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 5. 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則及在企業管治報 告內披露的情況。

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

(c) Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors and one executive director. The current members are Mr. KAN Ji Ran, Laurie, Mr. TANG Tin Lok, Stephen, Prof. ZHANG Xiaoquan and Mr. CAI LiTing. Mr. Kan is currently the chairperson of the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the board on, among other things, the company's policy and structure for the remuneration of all directors and senior management of the company and review the specific remuneration packages for all executive directors and senior management of the company. The remuneration packages for directors and senior management are determined by reference to the skill, experience, performance, contribution to the company and the prevailing market condition. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The board has delegated the duties and responsibilities in performing its corporate governance functions to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is responsible for corporate governance functions with the following duties:

- to develop and review the company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the board;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to directors and employees; and
- 5. to review the company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事編製財務報表之責任

董事會確認彼等編製本集團財務報表之責任,財務報表應真實而公平地反映本公司及本集團於該年度事務的狀況、業績及現金流量,並根據相關法例及適用之會計準則編製。董事會亦確保準時刊發本集團之財務報表。

董事概不知悉存在任何重大不明朗因素事件或情況, 而可能對本公司持續經營能力構成重大懷疑,因此董 事編製合併財務報表時將繼續採納持續經營基準。

核數師之酬金

於本報告年度,本公司之外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所就向本集團提供下列服務分別收取之費用如下:

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The board acknowledges its responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements of the group which should give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the results and cash flow for that year in compliance with relevant laws and applicable accounting standards. The board also ensures the timely publication of the financial statements of the group.

The directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern, therefore the directors continue to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the reporting year, PricewaterhouseCoopers, the external auditor of the company, provided the following services to the group and its respective fees charged are set out as follows:

		費用	
收費服務種類	Type of services charged	Fees	
		人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	
本集團之審核服務	Audit services for the Group	2,138	
非審核服務	Non-audit services		
總額	Total	2,138	

問責及審核

董事明白彼等須根據法定及監管要求編製本集團於相關會計期間之財務報表的責任。董事於編製本報告年度之財務報表時,已採納適當會計政策並貫徹採用該等政策。本報告年度的財務報表已按持續經營之基準編製。

核數師發表其有關申報責任的聲明載列於本年報第 91至93頁內。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements of the group for the relevant accounting periods in accordance with statutory and regulatory requirements. In preparing the financial statements for the reporting year, the directors have adopted appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently. The financial statements for the reporting year have been prepared on a going concern basis.

A statement by the auditor about their reporting responsibilities is set out on pages 91 to 93 in this annual report.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

風險管理及內部監控

於本報告年度,本集團已透過建立合適及有效的風險 管理及內部監控系統遵守企業管治守則第D.2條。管 理層負責設計、實施及監管有關系統,而董事會持續 監控管理層履行其職責,以及每年對內部監控及風險 管理系統進行內部審核。風險管治及管理系統的主要 特點描述如下:

風險管治及管理

本集團管理層透過建立一套企業風險管理(「企業風險管理」)框架主動管理風險以協助審核委員會及董事會履行其風險管理責任,及幫助各業務單位管理其所面對的主要風險。參照Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (「COSO」)發佈的「內部監控一綜合框架」,企業風險管理系統的要點如下所述:

- 監控環境:一套為本集團進行內部監控提供基準的準則、程序及架構。
- 風險評估:不斷轉變而反覆的過程,以識辨及分析達致本集團目標的風險,形成釐定應如何管理風險的依據。
- 監控活動:根據政策及程序確立之行動,以確保 執行管理層為減低風險以達成目標所作出的指 示。
- 資訊及溝通:向本集團提供進行日常監控所需 資訊的內部及外部溝通。
- 監管:持續及單獨評估以確定內部監控的各個 要素是否存在並運作。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

During the reporting year, the group has complied with principle D.2 of the CG Code by establishing appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The management is responsible for the design, implementation and monitoring of such systems, while the board oversees management in performing its duties on an ongoing basis and an internal audit on the internal control and risk management systems performed on an annual basis. Main features of the risk governance and management systems are described as follows:

Risk Governance and Management

The management of the group proactively manages the risks by establishing an Enterprise Risk Management ("**ERM**") framework to assist the Audit Committee and the board in discharging its risk management responsibilities and individual business units in managing their key risks. With reference to the "Internal Control – Integrated Framework" Issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("**COSO**"), the main features of the ERM system are illustrated below:

- Control Environment: a set of standards, processes and structures that provide the basis for carrying out internal control across the group.
- Risk Assessment: a dynamic and iterative process for identifying and analysing risks to achieve the group's objectives, forming a basis for determining how risks should be managed.
- Control Activities: action established by policies and procedures to help ensure that management directives to mitigate risks in achieving objectives are carried out.
- Information and Communication: internal and external communication to provide the group with the information needed to carry out day-to-day controls.
- Monitoring: ongoing and separate evaluations to ascertain whether each components of internal control is present and functioning.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

風險管理及內部監控(續)

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

(continued)

風險管治及管理(續)

Risk Governance and Management (continued)

本集團的風險管治架構以下文所示的「三道防線」模型 為指導。 The group's risk governance structure is guided by the "Three Lines of Defense" model as shown below.



1st Line of Defence 第1道防線

> Management Controls 管理層監控

Risk Management and Internal Controls Measures 風險管理及 內部監控措施 2nd Line of Defence 第2道防線

Financial Control
財務監控

System of Risk Management and Internal Control 風險管理及內部監控系統

> Compliance 合規

Data Privacy and Information Security 個人私隱及資訊安全

Sustainability 可持續發展

3rd Line of Defence 第3道防線

> Internal Audit 內部審核

External Audit **外部審核** Whistleblowing System 舉報系統

Smart Office 智慧辦公 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

風險管理及內部監控(續)

風險管治及管理(續)

作為第一道防線,本集團所有部門及業務單位的風險 責任人識別及評估可能對達成其業務目標有潛在影響的風險,並於日常營運中設計和執行監控程序以 緩解並監察風險(包括但不限於業務、營運及ESG風 險)。他們定期進行風險評估,以評估其用於緩減已識 別風險的現行監控措施是否足夠有效。

作為第二道防線,本集團建立了特定職能,以確保第一道防線已妥為制訂並按預期運作。這些特定職能包括但不限於財務監控、風險管理和內部監控、合規、 資料保護、信息安全、可持續發展等等。

作為第三道防線,現有內部審核(「內部審核」) 職能的 角色為獨立評核者(由具備如執業會計師等相關專長 的專業人員組成),負責i)持續審閱本集團主要營運、 財務、合規及風險管理控制及ii)建議對風險管理及內 部控制系統實施加強措施以供審核委員會及/或相 關個別部門審議。內部審核部門在年度審核計劃內規 劃其工作,該計劃每年由審核委員會審閱。審核計劃 以風險評估為基礎,旨在於合理期間內涵蓋本集團涉 及日常管理的各重要部門及業務單位。

舉報機制乃讓員工及其他相關人士舉報不當行為個 案。每個舉報個案都會在保密的情況下處理,並按舉 報政策及其既定程序跟進。

審核委員會協助董事會監督集團的風險管理及內部 監控系統,包括:

- 1. 與內部審核職能最少每年檢討一次集團的風險 管理及內部監控系統,以確定管理層是否已履 行其建立及維持有效系統的責任;
- 2. 檢討風險評估結果,包括自上次檢討後重大風 險的性質及嚴重程度的轉變以及集團應付其業 務轉變及外圍環境轉變的能力;及
- 3. 與管理層討論集團在會計、內部審核及財務匯 報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及員工 所接受的培訓課程及有關預算,從而確定是足 夠的。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

(continued)

Risk Governance and Management (continued)

As the first line of defense, risk owners of all corporate departments and business units of the group identify and evaluate the risks which may potentially impact the achievement of their business objectives, mitigate and monitor the risks (including but not limited to business, operation and ESG risks) by designing and executing control procedures in their day-to-day operations. They conduct risk assessment on a regular basis to evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of controls that are in place to mitigate the identified risks.

As the second line of defense, the group establishes specific functions to ensure the first line of defense is properly in place and operating as intended. The responsibilities of these functions include but not limited to financial control, risk management and internal control, compliance, data protection and information security, sustainability and so forth.

As the third line of defense, the existing Internal Audit ("IA") function acts as an independent assessor which is composed of professionals with relevant expertise (such as certified public accountant). It is responsible for i) reviewing the major operational, financial, compliance and risk management controls of the group on a continuous basis and ii) proposing any enhancement to the risk management and internal control systems for consideration by the Audit Committee and/or the individual department concerned. It schedules its work in an annual audit plan which is reviewed by the Audit Committee every year. The audit plan is derived from risk assessment basis and is aimed at covering each significant corporate department and business unit in which the group involves in day-to-day management within a reasonable period.

Whistleblowing System is established for staff and other relevant parties to report misconduct cases. Every reported case will be handled in confidentiality and followed through in accordance with the Whistleblowing Policy and its related procedures.

The Audit Committee assists the board in overseeing the risk management and internal control systems of the group, including:

- reviewing, at least annually, the risk management and internal control systems of the group with the IA function to ascertain whether management has fulfilled its responsibilities in establishing and maintaining effective systems;
- reviewing the risk assessment results, including changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since the last review and the group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment; and
- discussing with management on the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions to ensure that these are adequate.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

風險管理及內部監控(續)

風險管治及管理(續)

董事會有全面的責任建立及維持穩健及有效的風險 管理及內部監控系統,包括:

- 1. 制訂集團的策略及企業目標;
- 2. 評估及決定所願意承受之風險的性質及嚴重程度,以達致其策略及業務目標;
- 3. 監督管理層設計、執行及監控風險管理及內部 監控系統;
- 4. 持續監督風險管理及內部監控系統,並確保最 少每年檢討一次該等系統以確定其有效性;
- 檢討自上次檢討後重大風險的性質及嚴重程度 的轉變以及集團應付其業務轉變及外圍環境轉 變的能力;
- 6. 考慮期內發生的重大監控失誤或發現的重大監 控弱項。

根據於本報告年度進行的內部監控檢討,並無識別重 大監控不足。

董事會透過其檢討及內部審核職能以及審核委員會作出的檢討,得出風險管理及內部監控系統為有效及足夠之結論。然而,有關系統乃為管理而非消除無法達致業務目標的風險而設,且僅可就重大失實陳述或損失提供合理而非絕對的保證。董事會亦認為,有關資源、員工資質、相關員工的經驗充足,並已提供足夠的培訓項目及預算。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

(continued)

Risk Governance and Management (continued)

The board has the overall responsibility for establishing and maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems, including:

- 1. setting the group's strategies and corporate goals;
- 2. evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving its strategic and business objectives;
- overseeing management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems;
- 4. overseeing the risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis, and ensuring that a review of the systems is conducted at least annually to ensure their effectiveness;
- 5. reviewing the changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since the last review and the group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment;
- 6. considering any significant control failings or weaknesses that have been identified during the period.

Based on the internal control reviews conducted for the reporting year, no significant control deficiency was identified.

The board, through its reviews and the reviews made by IA function and Audit Committee, concluded that the risk management and internal control systems were effective and adequate. Such systems, however, are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. It is also considered that the resources, staff qualifications and experience of relevant staff were adequate and the training programs and budget provided were sufficient.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

公司秘書

曾慶贇先生已於二零一五年十一月三日獲委任為本公司之公司秘書。雖然曾先生並非本公司按照企業管治守則之守則條文第二部分第C.6.1條聘用的僱員,惟本公司已指派執行董事鄭宜斌先生作為與曾先生聯繫的人士。有關本集團表現、財務狀況及其他主要發展及事務的資訊會經由指派聯絡人士迅速送更則的資訊。 一個人工程, 一一工程, 一

董事及高級人員保險

本公司經已投購適當保險,涵蓋董事及高級人員的責任,保障本集團董事及高級人員免於承受本集團業務 所產生的風險。

股東權利

股東查詢

本公司鼓勵與股東保持直接溝通,股東如對董事會有任何疑問,可直接致函本公司在香港之主要營業地點,地址為:九龍尖沙咀東部麼地道63號好時中心10樓1001室,或可發送電子郵件至ir@maxnerva.com。公司秘書會將提問直接轉達至董事會。

所有有關股東持股之問題,可以直接聯絡本公司之股份過戶登記分處,卓佳雅柏勤有限公司,地址為:香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. TSANG Hing Bun has been appointed as company secretary of the company with effect from 3 November 2015. Although Mr. Tsang is not an employee of the company as required under code provision Part 2 C.6.1 of the CG Code, the company has assigned Mr. CHENG Yee Pun, the executive director, as the contact person with Mr. Tsang. Information in relation to the performance, financial position and other major developments and affairs of the group are speedily delivered to Mr. Tsang through the contact person assigned. Hence, all directors are still considered to have access to the advice and services of the company secretary in light of the above arrangement in accordance with code provision Part 2 C.6.4 of the CG Code. Having in place a mechanism that Mr. Tsang will be informed of the group's development promptly without material delay and with his expertise and experience, the board is confident that having Mr. Tsang as the company secretary is beneficial to the group's compliance with the relevant board procedures, applicable laws, rules and regulations. For the reporting year, Mr. Tsang has duly complied with the relevant professional training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS INSURANCE

Appropriate insurance covers on directors' and officers' liabilities have been in force to protect the directors and officers of the group from their risk exposure arising from the business of the group.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Shareholders' Enquiries

Shareholders are encouraged to maintain direct communication with the company. Shareholders who have any questions for the board may write directly to the company's Hong Kong principal place of business, Room 1001, 10/F, Houston Centre, 63 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, or email to ir@maxnerva.com. The company secretary will direct the questions to the board.

Any questions regarding the shareholdings of the shareholders can be addressed directly to the company's branch registrar, Tricor Abacus Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

股東權利(續)

股東大會

本公司鼓勵股東參與股東大會,若股東們無法出席會議時,可委任受委代表代其出席大會,並在大會上發言及投票。本公司對股東大會之過程會進行定期監察及檢討,如有必要會作出改動,以確保股東得到最好之服務。

根據守則條文第二部分第F.2.2條規定,董事會主席及所有董事會委員會主席或彼等代表、適當的行政管理人員及外聘核數師應出席股東週年大會以回答問題。董事會主席及全體獨立非執行董事由於彼等海外及其他事項,未能出席於二零二二年六月二日舉行的股東週年大會。

股東召開股東特別大會的程序

於遞呈要求日期持有本公司附有於本公司股東大會上投票權利之已繳足股本不少於十分之一的股東隨時有權向本公司的百慕達註冊辦事處及其香港主會營業地點送達書面要求,以提請公司秘書要求董事會召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)以考慮有關要求內所述的任何業務事宜;而有關大會須於遞呈有關要求日期起了的所述的任何未召開股東特別大會,則提出要求人士因前方式召開與董事可召開的大會盡可能近似的股東特別大會,而提出要求人士因董事未召開有關大會而產生的所有合理開支將由本公司退還予彼等。

書面要求必須說明股東特別大會的目的,有關提出要求人士可於將予舉行的股東特別大會議程中加入決議案。書面要求須由提出要求人士簽署,可能包含若干形式相近的文件,每份文件均由一名或多名提出要求人士簽署。

倘書面要求有效,公司秘書將要求董事會根據法定規 定向全體登記股東發出事先通知以召開股東特別大 會。反之,倘書面要求無效,提出要求人士將獲告知 該結果及股東特別大會將不會根據要求召開。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)

Shareholders' Meetings

Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend, speak and vote at meetings if they are unable to attend the meetings. The process of the company's general meeting will be monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that shareholders' needs are best served.

Under code provision Part 2 F.2.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the board and the chairmans of all board committees or their delegates, appropriate management executives and external auditors should attend AGM to answer shareholders' questions. The chairman of the board and all the independent non-executive directors did not attend the AGM held on 2nd June 2022 due to their overseas and other commitments.

Procedures for members to convene a special general meeting

Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition deposited at the company's registered office in Bermuda and its principal place of business in Hong Kong, for the attention of the company secretary, to require a special general meeting ("SGM") to be called by the board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If the directors do not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of such requisition proceed duly to convene a SGM, the requisitionists themselves or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them may convene the SGM in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists as a result of the failure of the directors to convene such a meeting shall be reimbursed to them by the company.

The written requisition must state the objects of the SGM, and such requisitionists may add resolutions to the agenda of the SGM so convened. The written reguisition must be signed by the requisitionists and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more of those requisitionists.

If the written requisition is valid, the company secretary will ask the board to convene a SGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered members. On the contrary, if the written requisition is invalid, the requisitionists will be advised of the outcome and accordingly, a SGM will not be convened as requested.

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股東權利(續)

股東召開股東特別大會的程序(續)

向全體登記股東發出通知以供考慮相關股東於股東 特別大會上所提呈建議的期限因建議性質而異,詳情 如下:

- 倘建議屬本公司特別決議案,須最少發出 二十一日的書面通知;及
- 倘建議屬本公司普通決議案,須最少發出十四日的書面通知。

通知期不包括送達之日或視作送達之日及所通知之 日。

於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)第79條及第 80條,(i)持有總表決權不少於二十分之一之股東;或 (ii)不少於一百名股東(惟在違反上市規則附錄三第 14(5)條要求時,本公司的一百名股東的表决權不得超 過10%),有權要求本公司就擬於下屆股東週年大會 或股東特別大會上批准的決議案向股東發出通知。倘 任何股東擬提出一項將於本公司股東大會上提呈之決 議案,則提出該要求之人士需將已簽署之書面通知及 聯絡資料送交本公司之香港主要營業地點(地址為九 龍尖沙咀東部麼地道63號好時中心10樓1001室)公司 秘書收。該通知須載有(其中包括) 擬於大會上提呈之 決議案之詳情、提呈該決議案之原因及提出有關決議 案之股東於該建議中之任何重大利益。本公司的百慕 達股份登記處或香港的股份登記分處核實該要求,於 獲得股份登記處確認該要求為恰當及適當後,公司秘 書將要求董事會在股東大會的議程內加入有關決議 案。

就上述股東提出於股東週年大會或股東特別大會考慮之提案而向全體股東發出通告之通知期因應提案之性質有所不同,詳情如下:

- 倘有關提案構成本公司股東特別大會之普通決 議案,則須至少十四日之書面通知。
- 倘有關提案構成本公司股東週年大會之普通決議案,或不論是本公司股東週年大會或股東特別大會之特別決議案,則須至少二十一日之書面通知。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)

Procedures for members to convene a special general meeting (continued)

The notice period to be given to all the registered members for consideration of the proposal raised by the shareholders concerned at SGM varies according to the nature of the proposal is as follows:

- at least 21 days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes a special resolution of the company; and
- at least 14 days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the company.

The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at a general meeting

Pursuant to Sections 79 and 80 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 (as amended), (i) shareholders holding not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights; or (ii) not less than 100 shareholders (provided that 100 shareholders of the company shall not represent more than 10% of the voting right at the time of the request in contravention of Appendix 3 Rule 14(5) of the Listing Rules), are entitled to request the company to give shareholders notice of a resolution which is intended to be approved at the next annual general meeting or special general meeting. If any shareholders wish to propose a resolution to be put forward at a general meeting of the company, a written notice to that effect signed by the requisitionists with contact information must be deposited at the company's Hong Kong principal place of business, Room 1001, 10/F, Houston Centre, 63 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon (addressed to the company secretary). The notice shall contain, inter alia, a description of the proposed resolution desired to be put forward at the meeting, the reasons for such a proposal and any material interest of the proposing shareholder in such a proposal. The request will be verified with the company's share registrar in Bermuda or the Hong Kong branch share registrar and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the company secretary will ask the board to include the resolution in the agenda for the general meeting.

The notice period to be given to all the shareholders for consideration of the proposal raised by the shareholders concerned at the AGM or the SGM varies according to the nature of the proposal, the details of which are as follows:

- At least 14 days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the company in SGM.
- At least 21 days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the company in AGM or a special resolution of the company in AGM or SGM.

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股東權利(續)

於股東大會上提呈建議的程序(續)

倘要求人未能於合理時間內將通知送達本公司,而引致本公司就根據上市規則要求而向所有股東發出決議案通知及傳閱該要求人提交的陳述書所作出的任何費用,本公司保留向該要求人申索的權利(除非本公司另有決議)。

股東於股東大會上提呈動議決議案的權利和程序刊載於本公司網站www.maxnerva.com。

與股東的溝通

股東為我們主要利益相關者之一。董事會及高級管理 層認清彼等的責任,為代表股東的利益,且為彼等締 造長遠兼持續價值。

本公司透過登載於本公司網站http://www.maxnerva.com的公告及年度和中期報告與股東進行溝通。股東可以以書面形式發送給本公司的香港主要營業地點九龍尖沙咀東部麼地道63號好時中心10樓1001室向董事會作出查詢。董事、公司秘書或其他適當高級管理人員及時回應股東的查詢。本公司鼓勵所有股東出席本公司股東大會,並商討有關本集團之事宜。於本公司股東大會上,董事將回應股東作出之提問。

投資者關係一向為本公司企業管治的關鍵所在,為管理層與投資界提供雙向交流,繼續適時知會投資者有關本公司最新業務發展。指定團隊亦會定期向管理層提供市場回響及投資界的意見,藉以改善本公司的管治及營運。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司審閱 股東通訊政策的效力,發現其效力令人滿意,並無接 獲來自我們股東的任何不利評論。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)

Procedures for putting forward proposals at a general meeting (continued)

In the event of failure in serving the notice to the company by the requisitionist within reasonable time, the company reserves the right to claim from the requisitionist any expenses incurred by the company in serving the notice of the resolution and circulating the statement given by that requisitionist to all shareholders in accordance with the requirements under the Listing Rules (unless the company otherwise resolves).

The rights and procedures for proposing resolution to be put forward by shareholders at a general meeting is posted on the company's website www. maxnerva.com.

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

Shareholders are one of our key stakeholders. The board and senior management recognise their responsibilities to represent the interests and create long-term sustainable value for the shareholders.

The company communicates to its shareholders through announcements and annual and interim reports published on its website http://www.maxnerva.com. Shareholders may put forward their enquiries to the board in writing by sending the same to the company's Hong Kong principal place of business, Room 1001, 10/F, Houston Centre, 63 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon. The directors, the company secretary or other appropriate members of senior management respond to enquiries from shareholders promptly. All shareholders are also encouraged to attend general meetings of the company to discuss matters relating to the group. At general meetings of the company, the directors will answer questions from the shareholders.

Investor relations has always formed an important part of the company's corporate governance. It provides two-way communication between management and the investment community and continually updates investors on the company's latest business developments in a timely manner. The designated team also regularly provides the management with market feedback and opinions from the investment community to improve the governance and operations of the company.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the company reviewed the effectiveness of the shareholders communication policy which was found satisfactory and did not receive any adverse comments from our shareholders.

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憲章文件

最新版本之憲章文件可從本公司或聯交所之網站下 載。

於二零二一年十一月,聯交所推出一項針對海外發行人的新上市制度,當中涵蓋(其中包括)所有發行人須遵守自二零二二年一月一日起生效經修訂上市規則規定的核心的股東保障水平。

於二零二二年三月二十八日,公司宣佈建議修訂組織章程細則(「**建議修訂**」),並採納公司經修訂及重述組織章程細則(「新組織章程細則」),以更新組織章程細則並使組織章程細則符合最新的法律及監管規定,包括對上市規則附錄三作出之修訂(「核心的股東保障水平」)。建議修訂亦包括涵蓋香港與百慕達法律及監管變動的其他更新。詳情載於公司日期為二零二二年三月二十八日的公告。

建議修訂及採納新訂組織章程細則的特別決議案於 二零二二年六月二日於股東週年大會上獲股東通過, 並自此生效。

除披露者外,於本報告年度,憲章文件並無任何重大 變動。

股息政策

本公司致力於與股東分享業績,同時兼顧業務的持續發展。鑒於目前的經濟及財務狀況,業務發展可能需要的財務資源,本公司近期無意分派任何股息,因為我們致力成為工業解決方案、智慧辦公以及新零售領域領先的供應商之一,並擬將資金投入核心業務。

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The latest version of the Constitutional Documents can be downloaded from the websites of the company or the Stock Exchange.

In November 2021, the Stock Exchange introduced a new listing regime for overseas issuers which, covers, among others things, that all issuers are required to comply with the Core Shareholder Protection Standards set out under the amended Listing Rules which became effective as from 1 January 2022.

On 28 March 2022, the company announced proposing to amend the Bye-laws ("Proposed Amendments") and to adopt an amended and restated bye-laws of the company ("New Bye-laws") in order to update and bring the Bye-laws in line with the latest legal and regulatory requirements, including the amendments made to Appendix 3 (the "Core Shareholder Protection Standards") to the Listing Rules. The Proposed Amendments also include other updates incorporating legal and regulatory changes in both Hong Kong and Bermuda. Details are set out in the announcement of the company dated 28 March 2022.

The special resolution for the Proposed Amendments and the adoption of New Bye-laws were approved by the shareholders at the AGM on 2 June 2022, and have become effective since then.

Save as disclosed, there was no significant change to the Constitutional Documents during the reporting year.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The company is committed to sharing the results with shareholders while striking a balance of continuous development of its business. Given the current economic and financial conditions, the possible financial resources needed for business development, the company does not expect to distribute any dividend in the near term since it intends to invest the capital into its core businesses as it strives to become one of the leading providers in industrial solution, smart office and new retail sectors.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

關於本報告

ESG報告體現了我們於可持續發展及社會責任方面所 作出的努力及成果。ESG報告詳述我們於實施環境及 社會政策及落實可持續發展原則方面的表現。

ESG報告範圍

自二零二二年一月一日至二零二二年十二月三十一日,ESG報告的範圍擴大至位於深圳的營運總部外,涵蓋我們於重慶及武漢的辦事處,旨在更好地反映本集團的整體環境及社會表現,因為截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,在我們總僱員人數中,有超過80%就職於該等三個中國辦事處。二零二一年環境關鍵績效指標經重列,以包括重慶及武漢數據。

報告準則

ESG報告乃根據上市規則附錄二十七的「環境、社會及管治報告指引」編製。於本報告年度,我們已遵守上述規定。

報告原則

ESG報告的內容乃透過接觸持份者及進行重要性評估程序釐定,當中包括識別與ESG相關的議題、收集及審視管理層及持份者的意見、評估議題的相關及重要程度,以及編製及核實所報告的資料。ESG報告全面涵蓋不同持份者所關注的重要議題。

ESG報告披露經量化的環境及社會KPI,讓持份者可全面了解我們的ESG表現。有關該等KPI主要排放的標準、方法、參考資料及來源的資料,將於適當位置列示。為提高不同年度之間ESG績效的可比性,我們致力在合理可行情況下盡量採用一致的報告及計算方法。有關方法的任何變動,我們已於相應章節呈列及說明詳情。

ABOUT THE REPORT

This Environmental, Social and Governance Report presents our efforts and achievement made in sustainability and social responsibility. The ESG Report details our performance in carrying out the environmental and social policies and fulfilling the principle of sustainable development.

Scope of the ESG Report

The scope of the ESG Report extended to cover our offices in Chongqing and Wuhan in addition to operating headquarter located in Shenzhen from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022. It aimed to better reflect the whole group's environmental and social performance since over 80% of our total employees as at 31 December 2022 were employed in the PRC through these three offices. The environmental KPIs for 2021 are restated to include data from Chongqing and Wuhan.

Reporting Standard

The ESG Report was prepared in accordance with the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" under Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules. We have complied with the above provisions during the reporting year.

Reporting Principles

The content of the ESG Report is determined through stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment process, which includes identifying ESG-related issues, collecting and reviewing the management and stakeholders' opinions, assessing the relevance and materiality of the issues and preparing and validating the information reported. The ESG Report covers all key issues that are concerned by different stakeholders.

Quantitative environmental and social KPIs are disclosed in the ESG Report so that stakeholders are able to have a comprehensive understanding of our ESG performance. Information of the standards, methodologies, references and source of key emission of these KPIs are stated wherever appropriate. To enhance comparability of the ESG performance between years, we have strived to adopt consistent reporting and calculation methodologies as far as reasonably practicable. For any changes in methodologies, we have presented and explained in details in the corresponding sections.

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ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

關於本報告(續)

資料及回饋

有關本集團企業管治之詳情,請參閱本年報第16至38 頁之企業管治報告。我們重視 閣下的意見。倘 閣 下有任何意見或建議,歡迎隨時聯繫本公司:

雲智匯科技服務有限公司 香港九龍尖沙咀東部麼地道63號 好時中心10樓1001室

電話號碼:(852) 3628 3857 傳真號碼:(852) 3188 1523

董事會聲明

我們相信從長遠來看良好的ESG管治策略及慣例對業務至關重要,特別是提高投資價值及回報。董事會直接負責監督本集團的ESG相關議題。董事會亦授權我們的執行長及財務長負責監控ESG相關活動的執行情況及提供宏觀指示以供制定政策,以及每年審閱ESG報告的內容及質素。

我們堅信,有效的ESG風險管理可幫助我們避免與 ESG及氣候風險有關的衝擊。董事會須定期監察我們 的ESG風險評估程序,以及相應的緩解風險措施。

董事會明瞭有必要根據ESG議題對本集團及其持份者的重要性設定ESG方法及策略,因此,董事會已委派第三方ESG專業人士就ESG議題進行重要性評估。 為識別重要議題,已進行持份者調查,並採用重要性 圖連同專業意見分析行業特定議題。董事亦已參加參 與活動,並於釐定重要的ESG議題時提供建設性的意 見。董事會充分了解結果,並將不斷審查參與渠道及 活動。

為確保ESG議題管理走上正軌,董事會根據不同部門各自的目標監督彼此之間的協調性,並將物色機會以為本集團設定更明確的ESG目標及目的。本集團將每年檢討ESG事項目標的進展。

ABOUT THE REPORT (continued)

Information and Feedbacks

For details of the corporate governance of the group, please refer to the corporate governance report on pages 16 to 38 of this annual report. Your opinions are highly valued. If you have any advice or suggestions, please feel free to contact the company through:

Maxnerva Technology Services Limited Room 1001, 10/F, Houston Centre, 63 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Tel No.: (852) 3628 3857 Fax No.: (852) 3188 1523

BOARD STATEMENT

We believes that good ESG governance strategies and practices are crucial to the business in long term, especially in enhancing investment values and returns. The board of directors is directly responsible for the oversight of our ESG-related issues. The board has also delegated our chief executive officer and chief financial officer to take up the responsibility to monitor the execution of ESG-related actions and provide macro instruction for policy setting, as well as review the content and quality of the ESG report annually.

We believe that effective ESG risk management can help us avoid impacts associated with ESG and climate related risks. The board shall regularly monitor our ESG risk assessment procedures, as well as the corresponding risk mitigation measures.

The board understands that it is essential to set ESG approach and strategy according to the importance of ESG issues towards the group and its stakeholders, therefore the board has assigned a third-party ESG professional to conduct a materiality assessment on ESG issues. To identify the material issues, stakeholder surveys have been carried out, and industry-specific issues were considered by using materiality maps together with professional advice. Directors have also participated in the engagement exercise and provided constructive opinions in determining the material ESG issues. The board is well informed about the results and will keep reviewing the engagement channels and exercise.

To make sure the management of ESG issues is on the right track, the board oversees the coordination between departments according to their respective targets, and will look for opportunities to set more explicit ESG goals and targets for the group. The progress of the goals on ESG matters will be reviewed annually.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

持份者參與

了解持份者的關注及期望並採取應對行動,對我們的可持續發展至關重要。持份者參與有助我們了解在可持續發展方面的表現,因此,我們已設立適當的溝通渠道,藉此有效且及時地處理主要持份者的意見及回饋。下表概述關鍵持份者的主要期望與關注,以及相應的管理層回應。

STAKRHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Understanding and taking actions towards stakeholders' concerns and expectations is essential towards our sustainability development. The engagement of stakeholders helps us recognise our sustainability performance, therefore we have established appropriate communication channels so that comments and feedbacks from major stakeholders are effectively and timely addressed. The following table summarises the main expectations and concerns of our key stakeholders and the corresponding management responses.

持份者 Stakeholders	期望 Expectations	管理層回應/溝通渠道 Management Responses/ Communication Channels
政府及監管機構 Government and Regulators	 遵守國家政策、法律及法規 Compliance with national policies, laws and regulation 支持地方經濟發展 Support for local economic growth 促進地方就業 Drive local employment 按時足額納稅 Tax payment in full and on time 	 定期信息匯報 Regular Information reporting 定期與監管機構舉行會議 Regular meetings with regulators 檢查及檢驗 Examination and inspection
股東 Shareholders	 回報 Returns 合規經營 Compliance operations 提升公司價值 Rise in company value 透明度及有效溝通 Transparency and effective communication 	 股東大會 General meetings 公告 Announcements 電子郵件、電話交談及公司網站 Email, telephone conversations and company website
業務夥伴 Business Partners	 誠信經營 Operation with integrity 公平競爭 Equal Rivalry 履行合約 Performance of contracts 互惠互利 Mutual benefits 	 審閱及評估會議 Review and appraisal meetings 業務交流 Business communication 討論及意見交流 Discussion and exchange of opinions 參與及合作 Engagement and cooperation

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持份者參與(續)

STAKRHOLDER ENGAGEMENT (continued)

持份者 Stakeholders	期望 Expectations	管理層回應/溝通渠道 Management Responses/ Communication Channels	
客戶 Customers	 優質產品及服務 Outstanding products and services 健康及安全 Health and safety 履行合約 Performance of contracts 誠信經營 Operation with integrity 	 客戶服務中心及熱線 Customer service center and hotlines 與客戶舉行會議 Meetings with customers 社交媒體平台 Social media platforms 邀請反饋 Calling for feedback 	
僱員 Employees	 權利保護 Protection of rights 職業健康 Occupational health 薪酬及福利 Remunerations and benefits 職業發展 Career development 人文關懷 Humanity cares 	 與員工舉行會議 Meetings with employees 內部期刊及內聯網 House journal and intranet 員工郵箱 Employee mailbox 培訓及研討會 Training and workshop 員工活動 Employee activities 	
社區及公眾 Community and the public	• 透明度 Transparency	 公司網站 Company website 公告 Announcements 社交媒體平台 Social media platforms 	

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

重要性評估

鑒於此ESG報告與我們的環境及社會表現有關及對其有效,我們已進行重要性評估以識別對我們業務及其持份者重要的ESG議題。評估乃基於持份者調查、著名的外部機構提供的重要性圖譜,以及第三方ESG專業人士的專業意見作出。所識別重要的ESG議題列示如下:

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

In view of the relevance and validity of this ESG report with our environmental and social performance, we have conducted a materiality assessment to identify ESG issues that are material to our business and its stakeholders. The assessment is based on stakeholder surveys, materiality maps provided by well-known external institutions¹, as well as professional opinions from the third-party ESG professional. The material ESG issues as identified are shown as follows:

環境

Environmental

能源管理Energy Management

僱傭及勞工慣例

Employment and Labour Practices

培訓及發展 Training and Development 員工多元化
 Employee Diversity

營運慣例

Operating Practices

- 客戶私隱及數據保密
 Customer Privacy and Data Security
- 品質管理
 Quality Management
- 反貪污Anti-corruption

- 營運合規
 - Operational Compliance
- 知識產權保護
 Intellectual Property Protection

附註:

 重要性評估中提述的重要性圖譜包括MSCI及可持續性 會計標準委員會(SASB)各自製作的ESG行業重要性圖 譜及SASB重要性圖譜。

Note:

The materiality maps referenced in the materiality assessment include the ESG Industry Materiality Map and the SASB Materiality Map produced respectively by MSCI and the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB).

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ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

關愛員工

員工

人力資源乃本集團的支柱,故聘用適合不同崗位的人才尤為重要。為招聘人才,我們為全體員工提供具競爭力的薪酬。我們於整個報告年度內就員工薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》、《越南勞動法(2019年)》、《美國公平勞動標準法(1938年)》及《香港僱傭條例》等其業務所在地的相關法律法規。我們已竭力確保員工的合法權益依法受到保護。

反歧視在就業過程中受到高度重視。我們僅基於求職者的資質、經驗及能力挑選合適人選,並不考慮其性別、人種、年齡、國籍、婚姻狀態、妊娠、殘疾及宗教等。根據《禁止使用童工規定》,我們嚴格禁止使用童工及強制勞工。為避免聘用童工,我們要求所有新聘員工提供身份證明文件以作年齡核證。一旦發現該做法,本集團將徹底調查該情況並即時解僱相關僱員。我們須簽署僱傭合約,當中清晰列明各員工的工作的稅政職責,以防止員工進行其規定職責以外的工作。就有意辭職的員工而言,我們會按照相關程序並進行就有意辭職的員工而言,我們會按照相關程序並進行離職面談,藉此努力收集任何有關我們的政策及營運可改進之處的寶貴意見。於本報告期間,本集團並無發現使用童工或強迫勞動的個案。

CARING FOR EMPLOYEES

Employment

Human resources act as the pillar of the group, thus employing the suitable talents for different positions is of ultimate importance. To recruit talent, we offer competitive remuneration to all our employees. Throughout the reporting year, we have strictly complied with relevant laws and regulations in its places of business such as the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong, Labor Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國勞動法), Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國勞動合同法), the Labor Code 2019 of Vietnam and the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 in the United States of America, in relation to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination other benefits and welfare of employees. We have made our best effort to ensure that the legitimate rights and interests of our employees are protected in accordance with laws.

Anti-discrimination is highly valued during the employment process, we select the right candidates only based on their qualifications, experience and ability without taking into consideration of their gender, race, age, nationality, marital status, pregnancy, disability and religion, etc. We strictly prohibit the use of child labour and forced labour in accordance with the Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour (禁止使用童工規定). As a means to avoid employing child labour, all newly employed staff is required to provide identification documents for age verification purpose. Once such practice is discovered, the group would investigate the case thoroughly and dismiss relevant employees immediately. An employment contract which clearly defines the job title and duties of the respective employee are required to be signed to prevent the employee from performing work out of their prescribed responsibilities. For employees who wish to resign, we follow relevant procedures and conduct exit interviews as an effort to collect opinions from them for any possible improvement of our policies and operations. During the reporting period, no cases of child labour or forced labour were identified by the group.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

關愛員工(續)

員工(續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團合共僱用 588名員工,按性別、年齡組別、僱傭類型及地區劃分 的僱員總數如下:

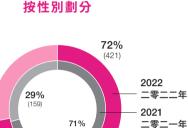
28%

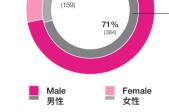
By Gender

CARING FOR EMPLOYEES (continued)

Employment (continued)

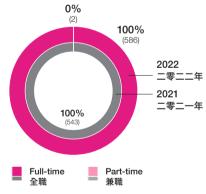
As of 31 December 2022, we employed a total of 588 employees and the total workforce by gender, age group, employment type, and geographical region are as follows:



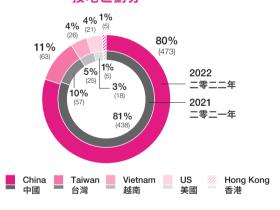


By Age Group 按年齡組別劃分 4% (24) 20% (115)2% 2022 二零二二年 23% 76% 2021 (449) **75%** (406) 二零二一年 <30 30-50 >50

By Employment Type 按僱傭類型劃分



By Geographical Region 按地區劃分



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ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

關愛員工(續)

員工(續)

整體員工流失率為11%,按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的流失率如下:

CARING FOR EMPLOYEES (continued)

Employment (continued)

The overall employee turnover rate was 11% and the turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region are as follows:

		截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the	截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the
		year ended	year ended
員工流失率(%)	Employee Turnover Rate (%)	31st Dec 2022	31st Dec 2021
按性別劃分	By gender		
男性	Male	10	24
女性	Female	12	16
按年齡組別劃分	By age group		
<30	<30	23	32
30-50	30-50	8	17
>50	>50	4	82
按地區劃分	By geographical region		
中國	PRC	11	20
香港	Hong Kong	0	0
台灣	Taiwan	14	23
美國	US	0	28
越南	Vietnam	12	48

培訓及發展

建立具有光明前景的合適職業道路對每位員工均至 關重要。我們將員工的職業發展視為我們業務成功的 組成部分。因此,我們為員工提供教育及培訓,以提 升彼等的工作技能及知識。

於本報告年度,我們為不同級別及部門的員工組織了各類培訓及發展機會。我們向技術人員提供有關產品及不同類型智慧製造解決方案的介紹及培訓,以改等在為客戶提供服務前,對我們的產品具備足夠的善說。我們亦組織針對銷售人員的售前培訓,以改善人員提供有關人力資源管理、財務程序、稅而提升我們的銷售業績。此外,我們時相關人員提供有關人力資源管理、財務程序、和大經濟學,稅而提高工作效率。針對新員工,於和大經濟學,稅而提高工作效率。針對新員工,於一個大經濟學,對一個大學,我們是有關人力資本管理及領導能力等主題的培養,就們是一個人力資本管理及領導能力等主題的培養,就們是一個人力資本管理及領導能力等主題的培養。我們是一個人力資本管理及領導能力等主題的培養。我們是一個人力資本管理及領導能力等主題的培養。

Training and Development

Building suitable career paths with a bright future is crucial to every employee. We see employees' career development as a component of our business success. Hence, we deliver education and training to our employees in an effort to build up their working skills and knowledge.

During the reporting year, we have organized various opportunities of training and development for employees across different levels and departments. We have offered introduction and training on our products and different types of smart manufacturing solutions to our technical staff so that they are well equipped with sufficient knowledge on our products before providing services for our customers. Pre-sale training, which was specific to our salespersons, was also organized to improve their sales technique and hence our sales performance. Besides, training related to human resources management, financial procedures, procurement procedures and I.T. were also provided to relevant staff so that work efficiency was increased with employees' advanced skills and familiarity with the systems. Targeting new employees, we have offered a series of induction training with regard to our policies, system operation and daily workflow of different departments in order to familiarise themselves with our daily operation. Other than new employees, we have provided our middle and senior management personnel with training sessions on topics including human capital management and leadership skills. We aim to provide all-round development to all employees from different levels and departments.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

關愛員工(續)

培訓及發展(續)

此外,為了解不斷變化的業務環境,我們制定一項教育津貼政策,鼓勵員工從外部獲取與工作相關的最新知識,例如SAP認證。我們亦贊助員工參加與彼等的特定職責相關的考試。

於本報告年度,我們向539名僱員提供培訓,佔我們僱員總數之92%。各僱員參加培訓的平均時數為24.2小時。

CARING FOR EMPLOYEES (continued)

Training and Development (continued)

In addition, to keep abreast of the ever-changing business environment, an educational subsidy policy has been put in place to encourage employees to pursue up-to-date job-related knowledge, such as SAP certification, externally. We also sponsor our employees who take examinations pertained to their designated roles and responsibility.

During the reporting year, we provided training to 539 employees which accounted for 92% of our employees. The time inputted for each employee, on average, was 24.2 hours.

截至 - 零 - - 年

截至一零一一年

		截至—苓——牛	截至一等—一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止年度
		For the	For the
	Percentage of	year ended	year ended
受訓員工百分比(%)	employees trained (%)	31st Dec 2022	31st Dec 2021
按性別劃分	By gender		
男性	Male	91	91
女性	Female	93	93
按僱員級別劃分	By employee level		
高級	High	48	95
中級	Middle	95	95
低級	Low	99	85
		截至二零二二年	截至二零二一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止年度
		For the	For the
		year ended	year ended
平均受訓時數(小時)	Average Training Hours (hours)	31st Dec 2022	31st Dec 2021
to Mt Di 화나스	Post of the		
按性別劃分	By gender		05.7
男性	Male	23.5	25.7
女性	Female	25.9	27.2
按僱員級別劃分	By employee level		
	2, cp.c,cc .c.c.		
高級	High	37.1	18.8
		37.1 24.9	18.8 27.4
高級	High		

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ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

閣愛員工(續)

培訓及發展(續)

為建立全面的發展路徑,在提供培訓的同時,我們亦為員工提供晉升機會。我們採納績效評估與管理政策以定期評估員工績效,作為彼等晉升及調薪的基礎。經考慮員工之目標完成情況、工作完成情況、工作質量及表現等方面,我們通過面談等績效評估方式考核員工之績效。在績效考核中取得優異成績的員工將在晉升過程中給予優先考慮。

健康及安全

我們一直重視僱員健康及安全。於本報告年度,我們嚴格遵守我們營運所在地的相關法律,如《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》、越南的《職業安全及健康法》、美國的《職業安全及健康法(1970年)》及香港的《職業安全及健康條例》。

管理層負責實施安全措施以確保員工擁有一個安全健康的工作環境。管理層亦確保提供必要的信息、指導及監督,使所有員工免受傷害及健康風險。本集團為新入職員工組織安全培訓,以令彼等知悉及接受安全條例及應急措施培訓。我們已制定應急措施,如消防或爆炸應急預案,並定期安排急救、消防及疏散演習,以防止意外事故造成傷亡。於過往三年,由於本集團努力創造零傷害的業務環境,本集團並無發生工傷及死亡事件。

CARING FOR EMPLOYEES (continued)

Training and Development (continued)

As a well-rounded development pathway, we also offer promotion opportunities to employees while providing training. We adopt the performance evaluation and management policy in an attempt to assess the employees' performance regularly to provide a foundation for their promotion and salary adjustment. By taking into consideration of the employees' target accomplishment, job completion, work quality and performance etc., we evaluate our employees' performance with performance appraisal which includes face-to-face interview. Employees who have achieved outstanding results in performance appraisal will be given priority in the process of promotion.

Health and Safety

We always put priority on employees' health and safety. During the reporting year, we strictly conformed to the relevant laws in our places of business such as the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases (中華人民共和國職業病防治法), the Law on Occupational Safety and Health of Vietnam, the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 of the United States of America and the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (職業安全及健康條例) of Hong Kong.

Our management is responsible for implementing safety measures so as to assure our employees with a safe and healthy workplace. Our management also ensures that necessary information, instruction and supervision are provided so that all employees are safe from injury and health risks. We organise safety orientation for new employees to keep them informed and trained with safety regulations and emergency procedures. The emergency procedures such as fire or explosion emergency plan have been well established, and we regularly arrange rescue, fire and evacuation drills in order to prevent casualties in case of accidents. In the past three years, there were no work-related injuries and fatalities, thanks to the effort put by the group in creating an injury-free business environment.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

閣愛員工(續)

CARING FOR EMPLOYEES (continued)

健康及安全(續)

Health and Safety (continued)

		截至二零二二年	截至二零二一年	截至二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止年度	止年度
		For the	For the	For the
		year ended	year ended	year ended
指標	Indicators	31st Dec 2022	31st Dec 2021	31st Dec 2020
與工作有關之死亡人數	Number of work-related fatalities	0	0	0
與工作有關之死亡率(%)	Rate of work-related fatalities (%)	0	0	0
因工傷而損失之工作日	Lost days due to work injury	19	0	0

由於全球COVID-19疫情持續,我們已實施一系列預防措施及控制政策。本集團發佈COVID-19防控手冊以提高僱員意識,並為僱員提供基本個人衛生防護措施。本集團已制定特定的工作安排,從而僱員可以根據最新的大流行病形勢在家工作,避免人群聚集。鼓勵所有員工佩戴口罩,以及於進入場所之前測量體溫。本集團記錄所有員工於春節期間的行蹤信息,並定期匯報僱員的健康狀況。此外,管理層已竭盡全力配合及支持當地政府的疫情防控工作,並為僱員準備充分的疫情預防用品。

of preventive measures and control policy. A handbook of the control and prevention of COVID-19 was released to raise employees' awareness and provide employees with basic personal hygiene protection measures. Special working arrangements were put in place so that employees were allowed to work from home depending on the latest pandemic situation to avoid mass gatherings. All staff are encouraged to wear masks, as well as measure body temperature before entering the premise. Whereabouts information of all staff during the Spring Festival was recorded, and employees' health condition was reported regularly. Besides, the management has strived its best to cooperate and support local government's pandemic prevention and control work, and prepared adequate pandemic prevention supplies for employees.

As the COVID-19 pandemic persists worldwide, we have implemented a series

員工福利

為激發員工工作積極性,我們提供廣泛的福利待遇,包括法律規定的福利及本集團所提供的福利。為確保員工擁有足夠休息時間,本集團根據相關規定,確定員工工作時長並允許員工靈活安排工作時間。本集團僱員亦有權享有各種假期,如公眾假期、年假、產假、婚假及喪假。我們亦為不同地區的僱員繳納所用適用的法定保險及強積金。此外,我們為不同崗位的僱員提供津貼,例如,我們為需要經常與客戶溝通的銷售人員提供通訊津貼。我們亦每年為每名員工提供免費體檢。

此外,我們重視通過舉辦各種團隊建設活動、節日聚會和生日聚會,讓員工放鬆及進行互動,以平衡僱員的工作與生活。我們亦會在生日聚會及特別節日為員工準備幸運抽獎與禮物,作為對員工的特別獎勵。此外,我們定期組織戶外團隊建設活動以幫助員工建立彼此的聯繫。

Employee Welfare

In order to stimulate the working initiative of the employees, we provide a wide range of welfare including those required by laws and offered by the group. To assure our employees of sufficient rest time, we follow relevant regulations to define working duration for employees and we allow employees to have flexible working hours. Our employees are also entitled to a number of leaves such as public holidays, annual leave, maternity leave, marriage leave and funeral leave. We also contribute to all applicable statutory insurance and mandatory funds for employees in different locations. Besides, we offer allowances to employees at different positions, for instance, salespersons who frequently communicate with clients are granted communication allowances. Every year, each employee is also provided with a free body checkup.

In addition, we place emphasis on the work-life balance of our employees by hosting various team-building activities, festival parties and birthday parties which allow our employees to relax and interact. We also prepare lucky draws and gifts during birthday parties and special festivals as special rewards for our employees. Furthermore, we regularly organize outdoor team building activities to help employees construct bonds between each other.

Office 智慧辦公 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

經營業務

供應鏈管理

為全面履行環境與社會責任,業務營運(包括供應鏈)管理不容忽視。為確保本集團能提供優質的產品與服務,我們物色信譽良好的供應商(如資深供應商及來自知名企業之供應商),並與其合作。本集團設有全面採購政策及制度,為我們選擇及管理供應商提供指導。於挑選過程中,供應商之評估主要根據其產品質素、交付、生產能力、合規及過往環境、健康及安全方面的表現而作出。未能達致要求的供應商最終會被淘汰。

本集團始終考慮供應鏈中的環境及社會風險。我們優先考慮符合國家、地區及行業環境標準、遵循國際認可標準及擁有有關能源管理制度、環境管理制度及社會風險管理的認證的供應商。我們亦重視供應商的僱傭及廉潔。因此,我們確保供應商承諾根據國際公認規範通過實施內部條例維護員工人權。彼等是否已採納足夠的職業健康及安全政策並取得相關認證亦乃重要的考慮因素。如發現供應商違反反賄賂、反貪污及任何其他不道德的商業慣例相關法律及法規,我們將立即終止與其合作。

另外,我們致力在採購時選擇環保產品及服務。例如,我們更願意使用節能或由可回收材料製成的環保產品,例如可重複使用筆芯及再生紙。我們亦鼓勵員工關注產品到期日並使用較早購買的產品以避免不必要的浪費。此外,為減少碳足跡,我們傾向選擇本地或地理位置更靠近本公司的供應商。

OPERATING OUR BUSINESS

Supply Chain Management

To thoroughly fulfill the environmental and social responsibility, management of our business operation including the supply chain cannot be neglected. As a way to ensure that qualified products and services are provided, we target and cooperate with suppliers with high credibility such as long-established suppliers and those from eminent enterprises. We have set up comprehensive procurement policies and systems which act as a guide to opt for and manage our suppliers. During the selection process, suppliers are evaluated mainly based on their product quality, delivery, and production capacity, compliance and past performance from environmental, health and safety aspects. Suppliers who fail to meet the requirements will ultimately be disqualified.

Environmental and social risks along the supply chain are always considered by the group. We give priority to suppliers that comply with national, regional and industrial environmental standards, follow internationally recognized standards and own certifications concerning energy management systems, environmental management systems and social risk management. We also value the employment and incorruptibility of suppliers. Therefore, we ensure that suppliers are committed to uphold the human rights of employees by implementing internal regulations in accordance with internationally accepted norms. Whether they have adopted sufficient occupational health and safety policies and obtained relevant certifications is also an important consideration. The cooperation with suppliers who are found to be incompliant with relevant laws and regulations regarding anti-bribery, anti-corruption and any other unethical business practices will be terminated at once.

Furthermore, we endeavor to select environmentally friendly products and service during procurement. For example, we prefer eco-friendly products which are energy-efficient or made of recyclable materials such as refillable pens and recycled paper. We also encourage the staff to pay attention to the expiry date of products and use products purchased earlier to avoid unnecessary wastage. Besides, to reduce carbon footprint, we tend to select local suppliers or suppliers geographically closer to the company.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

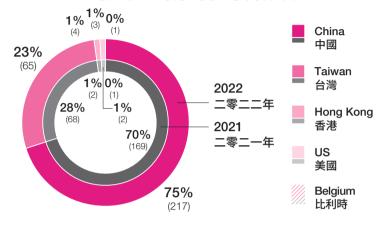
經營業務(續)

OPERATING OUR BUSINESS (continued)

供應鏈管理(續)

Supply Chain Management (continued)

Number of Suppliers by Geographical Region 按地區劃分的供應商數目



產品及服務質量

我們提供工業、智慧辦公以及新零售解決方案,其中 我們的員工參與硬件及軟件的銷售與安裝。我們已建 立質量管理體系,並獲得ISO 9001:2015認證,以確保 我們能夠獲得高水平的產品及服務質量。

本集團在選擇及購買產品時嚴格遵循《中華人民共和國產品質量法》。本集團一直就產品質量與供應商訂立合同條款,以確保相應產品通過必要的測試並達致一定行業標準。根據《強制性產品認證管理規定》,我們提供的產品保證符合《中國強制性產品認證》的所有適用健康及安全要求。

Product and Service Quality

We provide industrial, smart office and new retail solutions, in which our employees are involved in the sales and installation of the hardware and software. We have established a quality management system, which has obtained ISO 9001:2015 certification, to ensure that we can attain a high level of product and service quality.

When selecting and purchasing products, the group strictly follows the Product Quality Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國產品質量法). We always set up contract terms regarding product quality with suppliers to ensure that the corresponding products have passed necessary testing and attained certain industrial standards. The products we provide are guaranteed to have met all applicable health and safety requirements under China Compulsory Certification (中國強制性產品認證), as stipulated according to the Provision on the Administration of Compulsory Product (強制性產品認證管理規定).

Smart Office 智慧辦公 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

經營業務(續)

產品及服務質量(續)

作為一家專業服務供應商,我們始終堅持不懈地追求 卓越的服務品質,並根據客戶需要與期望提供完善的 服務。除我們提供的主要資訊科技服務外,我們亦提 供售後服務,如維修、產品應用培訓及退貨。我們通 過實施全面的反饋跟蹤系統,不斷跟蹤客戶的體驗及 意見。如客戶對商品與服務質量有任何不滿,來自不 同團隊的擁有各自角色和職責的員工會齊心協力採 取即時跟進行動,以將影響及不便之處降至最低。

於本年度,我們並無接獲任何有關其產品及服務的重大投訴,亦未記錄任何因安全及健康原因而須召回的已售出或出貨產品。

隱私保護

於我們的業務過程中,我們全程在隱私保護方面發揮關鍵作用,處理客戶及僱員信息與資料極度謹慎。 於本報告年度,我們嚴格遵守本集團營運所在地相關 之個人隱私條例,如《中華人民共和國個人資訊保護 法》、台灣的《個人資料保護法》、香港的《個人資料(私 隱)條例》、美國的《隱私法案》及越南的《個人數據保 護法令》。

我們提供的服務時附帶隱私政策,讓客戶了解到我們是如何收集、使用、保存及共用有關彼等的資料,以及如何控制、更新及保護有關彼等的資料。具體而言,我們已建立一個全面的資料庫加密系統,並定期手動及自動檢查,以保護客戶資料。為獲取客戶個人資料,僱員須得到包括法務部及其部門主管在內的多方批准。我們的員工不應將本集團機密資料洩露給任何第三方。

此外,我們尤為關心員工個人資料,因此我們不遺餘力防止資料洩露。所有員工(包括已離職員工及面試者)的資料,僅用於招聘目的及絕對保密。有關資料保存時間將不會超過相關法規規定。

OPERATING OUR BUSINESS (continued)

Product and Service Quality (continued)

As a professional service provider, we never spare ourselves in the pursuit of excellence in service quality and the complete provision of services in accordance with customers' needs and expectations. After-sales services such as maintenance, training on product application and product return are always provided, in addition to the major I.T. services we provide. We constantly keep track of the experience and opinions of our customers by implementing a thorough feedback-tracking system. In case of complaints on goods and service quality, staff from different teams who have their own designated roles and responsibilities will work together in carrying out prompt follow-up actions so that impacts or inconvenience can be minimised.

During the year, we did not receive any major complaints about our products and services and did not record any products sold or shipped that were subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.

Privacy Protection

Throughout our business processes, we play a pivotal role in privacy protection by handling information and data of customers and employees with the highest degree of care. We strictly comply with relevant personal privacy regulations adopted in our places of business such as the Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國個人資訊保護法), Personal Data Protection Act (個人資料保護法) of Taiwan, Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (個人資料(私隱)條例) of Hong Kong, Privacy Act of US and Vietnam's Personal Data Protection Decree during the reporting year.

We provide our privacy policy along with our services to let customers understand how we collect, utilise, save and share their information, as well as how the information is controlled, updated and protected. Specifically, we have established a comprehensive database encryption system with regular checking, both manually and automatically, to protect customer data. To access customers' personal data, employees are required to get approval from several parties including the legal department and their department heads. Our employees are also liable to not divulging confidential information of the group to any third parties.

Furthermore, we show exceptional care to our employees' personal information, so we spare no effort on the prevention of data leakage. Information of all employees, including the resigned ones and the candidates, is used for recruitment purpose only and is absolutely confidential. Such data will not be kept for a period longer than that required by relevant regulations.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

經營業務(續)

知識產權

於本報告年度,為防止本集團、客戶、供應商及任何 其他業務夥伴之知識產權受到侵犯,我們嚴格遵守 《中華人民共和國專利法》、《中華人民共和國商標 法》、台灣的《商標法》、香港的《商標條例》、香港的《防 止盜用版權條例》、美國的《商標法案》及越南的《知識 產權法》等相關法律及法規。

我們的專業人才精通研究與發明,特別是在軟件開發方面。於本報告年度,我們已成功獲得45項自主開發系統的專利,例如遠程控制應用程序和全面質量管理系統。為有效申請及保護發明專利及軟件版權,我們已制定並實施知識產權保護政策。此外,與客戶、供應商及僱員簽訂之合約已加入經本集團之專業律師團隊審閱及批准之保護條文,以讓本集團的知識產權得到合法保護。

於本報告年度,就廣告而言,通過遵守《中華人民共和國廣告法》、台灣的《消費者保護法》、香港的《商品說明條例》、美國聯邦貿易委員會的《廣告法律及法規》等相關法律,我們亦致力防止知識產權不受他人侵犯,亦避免本集團侵犯他人的知識產權。

反貪污

貪污行為或會成為削弱業務穩定性及阻礙發展的風險源頭。我們決不允許任何有損本集團形象的行動和行為。因此,我們致力確保各部門履行其法律義務,同時攜手防止、偵測及消除貪污行為,從而減少賄賂貪污事件的次數。

我們不容忍員工、承包商、代理及業務夥伴的任何試圖貪污行為及嚴肅處理任何有關嘗試。我們透過會議及其他日常溝通渠道向員工傳達內部規章、法律法規,以強調正直、誠實及公平品格的重要性,防止潛在賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢行徑。我們非常鼓勵全體管理層及員工向其主管或其他部門經理匯報所有可疑貪污事件。我們將妥善調查可疑貪污事件,並採取適當行動,包括記律處分、向相關部門作出匯報及指控。任何違反反貪污政策的行為將被視為嚴重違規事件,並可能引致紀律處分。

OPERATING OUR BUSINESS (continued)

Intellectual Property Rights

To prevent infringement of intellectual property rights of the group, our customers, suppliers and any other business partners, we strictly conformed to the relevant laws and regulations such as the Patent law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國專利法), the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國商標法), Trademark Act (商標法) of Taiwan, Trade Marks Ordinance (商標條例) of Hong Kong, Prevention of Copyright Piracy Ordinance (防止盜用版權條例) of Hong Kong, Trade-Mark Act of US and Vietnam's Intellectual Property Law during the reporting year.

Our specialised talents are proficient in research and invention, particularly in the aspect of software development. During the reporting year, we have successfully obtained patents for 45 self-developed systems, such as remote control app and total quality management system. To effectively apply for and protect the invention patent and software copyright, we have established and implemented a policy on intellectual property right protection. Besides, protective clauses which have been reviewed and approved by our professional lawyers are included in the contracts signed with customers, suppliers and employees in order to give legitimacy to our intellectual property right protection.

In case of advertisement, we are also devoted to preventing the infringement of intellectual property rights, either by others or by the group, through the conformity with relevant laws such as the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國廣告法), Consumer Protection Act (消費者保護法) of Taiwan, Trade Descriptions Ordinance (商品說明條例) of Hong Kong, Advertising Laws and Regulations of Federal Trade Commission of US during the reporting year.

Anti-corruption

Corruptive behavior may be a source of risk that weakens our business's stability and hampers its development. We on no account allow any actions and behavior to blemish the image of the group. Thus, we are committed to ensuring that every department meets its legal obligations, at the same time joins hands to prevent, detect and eliminate corrupt practices, hence reducing the number of bribery and corruption incidents.

We do not tolerate any attempt to commit corrupt practices by employees, contractors, agents and business partners and take any such attempts seriously. We communicate internal rules, laws and regulations to employees through meetings and other usual communication channels in an effort to emphasise the importance of integrity, honesty and fairness and to prevent potential bribery, extortion, fraud as well as money laundering. All management and staff are highly encouraged to report cases of suspected corruption, either to their supervisors or other managers. Suspected corruption cases will be properly investigated and associated actions, such as disciplinary action, reporting to relevant authorities and prosecution, will be taken. Any breach of the anti-corruption policy is deemed to have committed a major misconduct and is meted out to a disciplinary action.

折零售 New Retail

ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

經營業務(續)

反貪污(續)

我們相信定期向員工提供貪污行為相關主題的培訓以保持員工對貪污行為的意識至關重要。於本年度,本集團並無提供反貪污培訓。本集團向其董事會及其員工提供有關預防及避免貪污的培訓教材。我們將繼續尋找不同機會,以進一步增強員工對貪污行為的抵抗力。

我們嚴格遵守有關反貪污、賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗錢的法律及法規,例如《中華人民共和國懲治貪污條例》、台灣的《貪污治罪條例》、香港的《防止賄賂條例》、美國的《反海外貪污法》及越南的《反貪污法》。於本年度,我們並無知悉任何違反與賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗錢有關的法律法規的行為。

保護環境

污染管理

由於環境問題愈來愈引起商界關注,我們致力通過控制及減少排放來降低負面的環境影響,例如氣候變化。我們在日常營運及業務發展中銘記環保理念。

由於我們的業務屬於服務性質,我們不會產生通常從 生產過程中排放的水污染物。同樣,除用於維持日常 營運的私家車外,我們不會排放空氣污染物。為減少 排放,我們要求所有車輛使用者關掉空轉的引擎,以 避免不必要的排放。

OPERATING OUR BUSINESS (continued)

Anti-corruption (continued)

We believe that it is essential to regularly provide training to the employees on topics regarding corruptive behavior so as to maintain employees' awareness towards corruptive behavior. No anti-corruption is provided during the year. The group has provided its board of directors and its employees with reading materials regarding the prevention and avoidance of corruption as training. We shall continue to look for different opportunities to further strengthen employees' resilience against corrupt behavior.

We strictly abide by laws and regulation in respect of anti-corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering such as Regulations of the People's Republic of China for Suppression of Corruption (中華人民共和國懲治貪污條例), Anti-Corruption Act (貪污治罪條例) of Taiwan, the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (防止賄賂條例) of Hong Kong, Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of US and Anti-Corruption Law of Vietnam. During the year, we are not aware of any breach of laws and regulations in relation to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

PROTECTING OUR ENVIRONMENT

Pollution Management

As environmental issues are drawing increasing attention among the business community, we are dedicated to mitigating negative environmental impacts, such as climate change, by controlling and minimising our emission. We bear the environmentally friendly concept in mind in our daily operation and business development.

Owing to the service-based business, we generate no water pollutants commonly discharged from manufacturing processes. Likewise, we do not emit air pollutants except for the private car used for maintaining our daily operation. As a way to reduce emission, we require all the users of the vehicle to switch off the idling engine to avoid unnecessary emission.

		截至二零二二年	截至二零二一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止年度
		For the	For the
	Air Pollutant	year ended	year ended
空氣污染物排放指標「	Emissions Indicators ¹	31st Dec 2022	31st Dec 2021
氮氧化物(NOx)(千克)	Nitrogen oxides (NOx) (kg)	5.91	5.08
硫氧化物(SOx) (千克)	Sulphur oxides (SO _x) (kg)	0.19	0.14
顆粒物(PM)(千克)	Particulate matter (PM) (kg)	0.43	0.37

附註:

Note:

- 污染物排放基於香港交易所刊發的附錄二「環境關鍵績 效指標報告指引」計算。
- The calculation of pollutant emissions is based on Appendix 2 "Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by HKEX.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

保護環境(續)

污染管理(續)

另一種主要排放是本集團辦公室內的日常業務運作產生的廢棄物。於本報告年度,我們遵守對本集團有重大影響的相關法律法規,例如《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》。本報告年度,我們產生有害廢棄物及無害廢棄物,其中有害廢棄物包括廢電池,而無害廢棄物主要包括員工日常辦公所產生的垃圾。我們認為廢棄物處置對我們的業務而言並不重大,正因如此,我們並無設定廢棄物處置對不構成風險,且由於其業務性質有害及無害廢棄物處置對不構成風險,且由於其業務性質有害及無害廢棄物處置對不構成風險,且由於其業務性質有害及無害廢棄物處置輔空。然而,我們將努力避免對環境造成不利影響,辦公室所產生的無害廢棄物乃由辦公室所在商業樓宇所聘用的清潔公司進行收集,而有害廢棄物則在樓宇特定地點單獨收集後由指定團體收集。

PROTECTING OUR ENVIRONMENT (continued)

Pollution Management (continued)

Another principal source of emissions is the waste generated from daily business operations in our office. During the reporting year, we were in compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the group such as the Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste (中華人民共和國固體廢物 污染環境防治法). Both hazardous and non-hazardous wastes were generated during the reporting year, of which the former included waste batteries and the latter consisted of mainly daily office garbage produced by employees. We deem that waste disposal is not of significance or risk to our business, and that the amount of hazardous and non-hazardous waste is insignificant due to its business nature. Because of that, we have not set targets for waste disposal. Nonetheless, we still strive to avoid detrimental impacts on the environment. non-hazardous wastes generated by the office were collected by the cleaning company employed by the commercial building where the office is located at, while the hazardous wastes were collected separately at specific points in the building before collecting by the designated party.

		截至二零二二年	截至二零二一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止年度
		For the	For the
	Waste Disposal	year ended	year ended
廢棄物棄置指標	Indicators	31st Dec 2022	31st Dec 2021
有害廢棄物總量(千克)	Total hazardous waste (kg)	6.72	6.75
每名僱員丟棄的有害廢棄量(千克)	Hazardous waste discarded per		
	employee (kg)	0.01	0.01
無害廢棄物總量(公噸)1	Total non-hazardous waste (tonnes)1	44.46	42.48
每名僱員丟棄的無害廢棄量(公噸)	Non-hazardous waste discarded per		
	employee (tonnes)	0.08	0.08

附註:

 估計自辦公室每日垃圾的體積及由深圳、武漢及重慶 市城市管理和綜合執法局提供的體積重量轉換系數。 Note:

 Estimated from daily office garbage volume and the volume to weight conversion factors provided by the Urban Management and Comprehensive Law Enforcement Bureau of Shenzhen, Wuhan and Chongqing.
 We have carried out a number of measures by following the principle of "4R"

我們遵循「4R」原則採取多項措施,以盡量降低我們產生的廢物量。例如,我們通過雙面打印減少紙張的使用,並不遺餘力重複使用辦公用品,例如文具、紙張、信封及文件卡。就回收而言,我們設置分類箱,以便員工可以在使用後分類回收塑料及紙張,且舊電腦將由電子公司回收。我們亦採購可回收及可填充產品,例如可填充筆及充電電池,以替換辦公室中的一次性產品。於本報告年度,我們並無產生任何包裝材料。

We have carried out a number of measures by following the principle of "4R" to minimise the amount of waste we generated. For example, we reduced the use of paper by implementing double-side printing, and we spared no effort to reuse office supplies such as stationary, papers, envelopes and files. For recycling, we have set up sorting bins so that staff can sort and recycle plastics and paper after using, and old computers would be recycled by electronics companies. We also purchased recyclable and refillable products such as refillable pens and rechargeable batteries to replace those disposable ones in our office. During the reporting year, we did not produce any packaging materials.

ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

保護環境(續)

溫室氣體排放

儘管我們並不從事能源密集型業務,但為了維持我們卓越及專業的服務,日常辦公運作乃不可或缺,其仍是溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放的來源。因此,我們努力遵守相關法律,並使日常營運更環保。於本報告年度,我們遵守對本集團有重大影響的相關法律法規,例如《中華人民共和國環境保護法》。

除使用汽車這種直接溫室氣體排放外,我們運作過程 中溫室氣體排放的主要來源為電力消耗、水及污水處 理、堆填區紙張棄置及員工出差等過程中產生的間接 排放。

PROTECTING OUR ENVIRONMENT (continued)

Greenhouse Gas Emission

Despite the fact that we are not involved in energy-intensive businesses, normal office operation which is indispensable to maintain our remarkable and professional services is still a source of greenhouse gas ("**GHG**") emission. Hence, we exert ourselves to abide by the relevant laws and make our daily operation more environmentally-friendly. During the reporting year, we were in compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the group, such as the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國環境保護法).

In addition to the use of vehicles, which is a type of direct emission of GHG, indirect emission from processes such as electricity consumption, water and sewage treatment, disposal of paper to landfills and business trips of employees are the main sources of greenhouse gas emission from our operation.

栽 至 一 愛 一 一 年

裁至一零一一年

		戦王一专一一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the	戦王一令二 年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the
溫室氣體排放指標1	GHG Emissions Indicators ¹	year ended 31st Dec 2022	year ended 31st Dec 2021
溫室氣體排放總量(噸二氧化碳當量)	Total GHG emissions (tonnes CO2e)	292	200
每名僱員溫室氣體排放總量(噸二氧化碳當量)	Total GHG emissions per employee (tonnes CO ₂ e)	0.50	0.37
直接溫室氣體排放(範圍1)2(噸二氧化碳當量)	Direct GHG emissions (Scope 1) ² (tonnes CO ₂ e)	30	23
間接溫室氣體排放(範圍2)3(噸二氧化碳當量)	Indirect GHG emissions (Scope 2) ³ (tonnes CO ₂ e)	163	150
間接溫室氣體排放(範圍3)4(噸二氧化碳當量)	Indirect GHG emissions (Scope 3) ⁴ (tonnes CO ₂ e)	99	27

附註:

- 本集團的溫室氣體盤查包括二氧化碳、甲烷及氧化亞 氮。為便於閱讀及理解,溫室氣體排放數據以二氧化碳 當量(CO2e)列示。溫室氣體排放基於聯交所刊發的附錄 二「環境關鍵績效指標報告指引」的報告規定計算。
- 包括車輛燃料燃燒產生的直接排放。用於計算碳排放 的排放因子由中國國家發展和改革委員會提供。
- 包括外購電力所產生的間接能源排放。用於計算碳排放的排放因子由中國國家發展和改革委員會提供。
- 4. 包括在本集團室外發生的其他間接排放。所披露的數字產生自堆填區廢紙處置、水消耗量及商務航空旅行。用於計算廢紙的排放因子可在聯交所刊發的附錄二「環境關鍵績效指標報告指引」中查閱,而用於計算水消耗量的排放因子由深圳市水務(集團)有限公司、武漢市水務(集團)有限公司及重慶市水務(集團)有限公司提供。與商務航空旅行有關的排放數據基於《國際民航組織碳排放計算器》計算。

Notes:

- The group's GHG inventory includes carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide.
 For the ease of reading and understanding, the GHG emissions data is presented in
 carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e). The calculation of GHG emissions is based on the
 reporting requirements of Appendix 2 "Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs"
 issued by the Stock Exchange.
- Includes direct emissions from the fuel combustion in vehicles. The emission factor used for calculating carbon emission is provided by the National Development and Reform Commission of the PRC.
- Includes energy indirect emissions resulting from the generation of purchased electricity. The emission factor used for calculating carbon emission is provided by the National Development and Reform Commission of the PRC.
- Includes other indirect emissions that occur outside the group. The disclosed figures are resulted from paper waste disposal at landfills, water consumption and business air travel. The emission factor used for calculating paper waste can be found in Appendix 2 "Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange, while that for water consumption is provided by Shenzhen Water (Group) Co., LTD, Wuhan Water (Group) Co., LTD and Chongqing Water (Group) Co., LTD. Emissions data relating to business air travel is based on the International Civil Aviation Organization Carbon Emissions Calculator.

ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

保護環境(續)

溫室氣體排放(續)

於本報告年度,由於我們認為溫室氣體排放並無對我們的業務營運及表現造成風險,且排放量被視為並不重大,故我們並無就溫室氣體排放設定任何目標。然而,我們明白有效管理排放的重要性,因此,我們明白有效管理排放的重要性,因此,我們透過使用辦公自動化系統取少溫室氣體的排放。例如,我們透過使用辦公自動化系統取代無關管理系統、使用再生紙及雙面列印,切實減少紙張的耗用。我們在打印區張貼提示,提醒僱員盡可能抵張會議的員工用電話或視像會議取代商務旅行。一般而言,我們致力與全體員工共同營造綠色健康的環境,因此,我們鼓勵員工上下班使用公共交通而非私家車。有關節能的詳情,請參閱「節能節水」章節。

節能節水

為了對環保作出貢獻,我們致力節能節水以減少排放。我們始終意識到過度使用能源及水可能帶來的影響,故我們在運營中(尤其是在辦公室)嚴格管理能源及水消耗。我們已設定節能節水目標,旨在從每名員工方面減少能源及水消耗。

PROTECTING OUR ENVIRONMENT (continued)

Greenhouse Gas Emission (continued)

During the reporting year, we have not set any goals regarding greenhouse gas emissions, since we believe that GHG emissions do not pose a risk to our business operations and performance, and that the emissions amount is viewed to be insignificant. However, we are aware of the importance to effectively manage our emissions, therefore we have adopted a number of measures from paper recycling to energy conservation in an attempt to reduce our GHG emissions. For example, we pragmatically cut down on the use of paper by using office automation system to replace paper-based administration system and using recycled paper and double-sided printing. Reminders are posted at printing corners to remind employees to reuse and maximise the use of papers whenever possible. Employees who are engaged actively in overseas meetings are encouraged to substitute phone or video conferences for business trips, although business travels have become less frequent in the reporting year due to COVID-19. Generally, we endeavor to build a green and healthy environment together with all our employees, thus we encourage the use of public transport instead of private cars in their commute to work. For details of energy conservation, please refer to "Energy and Water Conservation".

Energy and Water Conservation

To make contributions to environmental protection, we endeavor to conserve energy and water usage so as to reduce emission. We are always aware of the possible impacts resulted from the overuse of energy and water, thus we strictly manage energy and water consumption in our operation, particularly in the office. We have set targets regarding energy and water conservation, aiming to reduce energy and water consumption on a per employee basis.

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ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

保護環境(續)

節能節水(續)

於本年度,我們邀請內部建設者分享於工作場所採納 綠色生活方式的建議以及本集團的可持續發展努力。 通過培訓,參與者樹立了環保方面的意識,並獲悉我 們就於辦公室節省水電等資源採取的措施及所做的 努力。

PROTECTING OUR ENVIRONMENT (continued)

Energy and Water Conservation (continued)

During the year, we invited internal constructor to share tips on adopting green lifestyles at the work-place and sustainability effort of the group. Through the training, the participants raised the awareness on environmental aspects and understand the measures and effort we have made in conserving the resources such as electricity and water at office.

		截至二零二二年	截至二零二一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止年度
		For the	For the
	Energy and water	year ended	year ended
能源及水消耗指標	consumption Indicators	31st Dec 2022	31st Dec 2021
能源消耗總量(兆瓦時)	Total energy consumption (MWh)	433	378
直接能源消耗1(兆瓦時)	Direct energy consumption ¹ (MWh)	124	92
間接能源消耗2(兆瓦時)	Indirect energy consumption ² (MWh)	310	286
每名僱員能源消耗總量(兆瓦時)	Total energy consumption		
	per employee (MWh)	0.74	0.80
水資源消耗總量(立方米)	Total water consumption (m³)	2026	1987
每名僱員水資源消耗總量(立方米)	Total water consumption per		
	employee (m³)	3.45	3.66

附註:

- 包括車輛燃料使用。用於計算能源消耗量的轉換因子 由中國國家發展和改革委員會提供。
- 2. 包括外購電量。

在日常運營中,我們始終牢記避免能源浪費,以實現 我們的目標。我們將非使用中的所有電腦設置為休眠 模式,並要求我們的員工在不使用時以及每天離開 辦公室之前,完全關閉電燈、電腦及打印機等電器。 我們亦清潔所有燈具及空調,以確保最高效率運行, 避免浪費能源。此外,通過辦公室設計,我們嘗試最 大程度地利用自然光,將辦公室劃分為單獨的照明區 域,以便更靈活地利用光。我們亦允許非前線員工穿 著輕便服裝,以節省空調能源。

就節水而言,我們亦付出很多努力,並已採取大量節水措施,包括在洗手間張貼節水標示以提高員工的節水意識,並及時安排維修及保養滴水的水龍頭等。此外,我們盡可能地重複利用灰水進行清潔及灌溉。於本報告年度,我們於求取適用水源方面並無遇到問題。

Notes:

- Includes the use of fuel of vehicles. The conversion factor used for calculating energy consumption is provided by the National Development and Reform Commission of the PRC.
- 2. Includes the amount of purchased electricity.

In daily operation, we always bear in mind the avoidance of energy waste in order to achieve our targets. We set all computers to sleeping mode when idling and require our staff to switch off appliances such as lights, computers and printers completely when not in use and before leaving the office every day. We also clean all light fixtures and air-conditioners in order to ensure that they are running at the highest efficiency to avoid wasting energy. Besides, through office design, we try to maximise the use of natural light and divide the office in separate lighting zones so as to allow a more flexible use of light. Non-frontline employees are also allowed to wear light so that energy for air conditioning can be saved.

In terms of water conservation, we have also put in lots of efforts and have implemented plenty of water-saving measures including putting up water-saving reminder labels in toilets to raise our employees' awareness of water-saving and arranging for repair and maintenance for dripping faucets immediately. In addition, grey water is reused for cleaning and irrigation wherever possible. During the reporting year, we had no issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

保護環境(續)

應對氣候變化

氣候變化目前是最緊迫的全球問題之一,促使不同行業的企業相應作出應對。我們也不例外,高度警惕氣候變化對我們的業務營運帶來的潛在風險及影響。例如,我們明白,越來越頻繁及嚴重的極端天氣事件或會令我們面臨多種負面影響的風險,特別是由於設施及設備可能損壞並需要修復,可能導致營運成本不斷增加。

面對該等氣候相關風險,我們定期進行氣候相關風險 評估,以確定、監測及管理潛在的氣候相關風險,從 而分析氣候變化的不同方面對我們業務營運造成的 風險。此外,我們已制定各種措施,以防止及減輕可 能出現的潛在影響。尤其為減輕漸趨頻繁的極端天氣 的影響,我們已實施緊急管理計劃,當中詳細說明針 對極端天氣狀況的具體措施,例如雷暴情況下的特殊 工作安排。

展望未來,我們將繼續監測及評估氣候變化可能對本 集團帶來的不斷變化的風險,並於任何形式的氣候相 關風險出現時迅速採取預防及緩解措施。

貢獻社區

本集團鼓勵員工通過參加各種社會活動(如參加當地社區活動及慈善捐贈)以關心當地社區。本集團亦鼓勵員工參加環保活動,並提升本集團上下的環保意識。於本年度,我們向明愛電腦工場捐贈超過2,000台一體機電腦,以便循環使用和保護環境。我們將繼續尋找其他機會以於日後回饋社區。

PROTECTING OUR ENVIRONMENT (continued)

Response to Climate Change

Climate change is currently one of the most urgent global issues, prompting corporates from different sectors to respond accordingly. We are no exception, being highly aware of the potential risks and impacts brought to our business operations by climate change. For instance, we are aware that increasingly frequent and severe extreme weather events may put us at risk of numerous negative impacts, especially potentially increasing operational costs since facilities and equipment may be damaged and require repair.

In face of such climate-related risk, we regularly conduct climate-related risk assessments to identify, monitor and manage potential climate-related risks, so as to analyze the vulnerability of our business operations against different aspects of climate change. Furthermore, we have put in place various measures to prevent and mitigate the potential impacts that may arise. Particularly, in order to mitigate the impacts from more frequent extreme weather events, we have implemented an emergency management plan, which details the specific measures against extreme weather conditions, such as special work arrangements under thunderstorms.

Looking forward, we shall continue to monitor and assess the ever-changing risks that climate change may bring to the group and shall swiftly take preventive and mitigative steps once climate-related risks of any form arise.

CONTRIBUTING TO COMMUNITY

We encourage employees to care for and spend time on the local communities through participating in all kinds of social activities such as attending local community activities and charitable donations. Employees are also encouraged to participate in environmental protection activities and promote environmental awareness within the group. During the year, we donated over 2,000 all-in-one computers to Caritas Computer Workshop for recycling and environmental saving purposes. We will continue to look for other opportunities to devote back to the community in the future.

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附錄:環境、社會及管治報告指引目 APPENDIX: CONTENT INDEX OF ENVIRONMENTAL SOCIAL AND G ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE

頁碼/解釋/

ESG指標	概覽	章節	自嗨/ 解释/ 省略原因 Page no./ Explanation/ Reasons for
ESG Indicators	Overview	Sections	Omissions
環境 Environmental			
A1排放物	一般披露	污染管理	54
Emissions	General disclosure	Pollution Management	
A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據。	污染管理	54
A4.0	The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 溫室氣體排放總量及(如適用) 密度。	Pollution Management 溫室氣體排放	F.C.
A1.2	血 主		56
A1.3	, 所產生有害廢棄物總量及(如適用) 密度。	污染管理	54
	Total hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity.	Pollution Management	
A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量及(如適用)密度。	污染管理	54
	Total non-hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity.	Pollution Management	
A1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步 驟。	溫室氣體排放	56
	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	
A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢 目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	污染管理	54
	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set	Pollution Management	
	and steps taken to achieve them.		
A2資源使用	一般披露	節能節水	57
Use of	General disclosure	Energy and Water Conservation	
Resources A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源消耗總量及密度。	節能節水	58
A2.1		- 1	36
	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity.	Energy and Water Conservation	
A2.2	總耗水量及密度。	節能節水	58
	Water consumption in total and intensity.	Energy and Water Conservation	
A2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	節能節水	57
	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Energy and Water Conservation	
A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效 益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	節能節水	58
	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and	Energy and Water Conservation	
A2.5	steps taken to achieve them. 製成品所用包裝材料的總量及(如適用) 每生產單位佔量。	節能節水	58
AE.U	要成品所用也裝材料的總量及(如過用) 每主產單位佔量。 Total packaging material used for finished products and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	வ நடிய ர Energy and Water Conservation	JU

附錄:環境、社會及管治報告指引目 APPENDIX: CONTENT INDEX OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND (ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

ESG指標	概覽	章節	頁碼/解釋/ 省略原因 Page no./ Explanation/ Reasons for
ESG Indicators	Overview	Sections	Omissions
A3環境及天然資源	一般披露	保護環境	在重要性評估 中確定為並 不重大。
Environmental and Natural Resources	General disclosure	Protecting our Environment	Not material as identified in the materiality assessment.
A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	保護環境	在重要性評估 中確定為並 不重大。
	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	Protecting our Environment	Not material as identified in the materiality assessment.
A4氣候變化	一般披露	應對氣候變化	59
Climate Change	General Disclosure	Response to Climate Change	
A4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事 宜,及應對行動。	應對氣候變化	59
	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	Response to Climate Change	
社會			
Social			
B1僱傭	一般披露	員工	44
Employment	General disclosure	Employment	
B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	員工	45
	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group	Employment	
	and geographical region.		
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	方法。		
	Description of occupational health and safety measures	ribaitir and barbty	·e智慧 _{辦公}
	adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.		dustrial
			Solution

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ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

附錄:環境、社會及管治報告指引目 APPENDIX: CONTENT INDEX OF ENVIRONMENTAL SOCIAL AND (ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

頁碼/解釋/

			貝嗨/ 胖梓/ 省略原因 Page no./ Explanation/
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D4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to		44
	avoid child and forced labour.	Employment	
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B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商	供應鏈管理	50
	數目,以及相關執行及監察方法。		
	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers,	Supply Chain Management	
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DE 0	implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	供應鏈管理	50
B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例, 以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應難官珪	30
	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management	
B5.4	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以 及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理	50
	Description of practices used to promote environmentally	Supply Chain Management	
	preferable products and services when selecting	,	
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ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

附錄:環境、社會及管治報告指引目 APPENDIX: CONTENT INDEX OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND (ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

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B6產品責任	一般披露	產品及服務質量	51
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Responsibility		r reduct and convice adams,	
B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	產品及服務質量	52
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	Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Product and Service Quality	
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	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Intellectual Property Rights	
B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	產品及服務質量	52
	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Product and Service Quality	
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ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

附錄:環境、社會及管治報告指引目 APPENDIX: CONTENT INDEX OF ENVIRONMENTAL SOCIAL AND (ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

ESG指標 ESG Indicators	概覽 Overview		貝媽/解釋/ 省略原因 Page no./ Explanation/ Reasons for Omissions
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		Sections	
			_
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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會同寅謹將本報告年度報告書連同經審核之財 務報表呈覽。

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司,其子公司主要從事工業 解決方案、智慧辦公及新零售業務。

本集團於本報告年度收入及經營盈利貢獻按可呈報 分部進行之分析載列於合併財務報表附註5。

本集團所面臨主要風險及不確定因素之討論以及本 集團業務未來可能發展之預示載於本年報第9至15頁 之「管理層討論及分析」一段。

業績及分配

本集團於本報告年度之業績載列於第94頁之合併利 潤表內。

董事不建議派付任何末期股息。

業務问顧及表現、未來前景及發展

本集團業務的公平審閱涵蓋以財務表現關鍵指標、本 集團未來前景及業務發展、本集團面臨的主要風險及 不明朗因素概述對本集團於回顧報告年度的表現所 作的分析,已載於本年報「管理層討論及分析」一節。 從二零二二年十二月三十一日起直至本年報發佈日 內概無重大事件。

環境政策及表現

本集團一直視環保及節能為我們的首要任務之一,藉 此提升可持續發展及承擔相關社會責任。詳情請參閱 本年報「環境、社會及管治報告」一節。

The directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the reporting year.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the industrial solution, smart office and new retail businesses.

An analysis of the group's revenue and contribution to operating profit by reportable segments for the reporting year is set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

The discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the group and an indication of likely future developments in the group's business can be found in the paragraph headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" set out on pages 9 to 15 of this annual report.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

Our results for the reporting year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 94.

The directors do not recommend any payments of final dividend.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE. FUTURE PROSPECTS AND DEVELOPMENT

A fair review of our businesses comprising analysis of the group's performance during the reporting year under review using financial key performance indicators, future prospects and business development of the group, description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing by the group, are set out in the section of "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this annual report. There had been no material events after 31 December 2022 till the issuance of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The group has always considered environmental protection and energy conservation as one of the key priorities in order to enhance the sustainable development and undertake relevant social responsibility. For details, please refer to the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" in this annual report.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

遵守相關法律及法規

於本報告年度,董事會概不知悉曾發生任何違反相關法律及法規而對本公司造成重大影響的事項。

與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

本公司十分重視與僱員、客戶及供應商的關係,因為 彼等為本集團成功的關鍵。

僱員

本公司嚴格遵守與僱傭有關的所有適用規則及法規,例如《僱傭條例》、《強制性公積金計劃條例》及《個人資料(私隱)條例》等。本集團已為其員工購買所有必要之保險,並每月作出退休金供款,亦已制定措施保障全體員工的個人資料。員工有渠道表達彼等對於工作的意見。此外,本集團亦致力提供安全、健康及和諧的工作環境,為兩性及不同種族員工提供公平及平等的機會。

客戶

本集團向客戶提供直接服務及貨品,並作出調查與彼等進行互動,以洞悉市場情況及取得反饋意見。於本報告年度,本集團向五大客戶作出之銷售共佔本集團總收入約40%,而最大客戶約佔12%。本集團授予客戶的信貸期介於30至90天不等。管理層根據過往付款記錄、逾期時間、營業及其他債務人的財務實力以及與相關債務人有否任何糾紛,定期對營業應收賬項的可收回性進行總體評估以及單獨評估。本集團過往收回應收營業賬項及其他應收款項並無超出有關記錄撥備,董事認為已就不可收回的應收款項於該等財務報表中作出充分撥備。逾期結餘由高級管理人員定期檢討。本報告年度後並無發現任何重大可收回性問題。

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The board was not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the company during the reporting year.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The company highly values the relationships with employees, customers and suppliers as they are the foundation of the group's success.

Employees

The company strictly complies with all the applicable rules and regulations in relation to employment, to name a few, the Employment Ordinance, the Mandatory Provident Fund Ordinance and the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, etc. The group has purchased all necessary insurance and made monthly pension contributions for its staff and has measures in place endeavoured to protect all staff's personal information. There are channels for staff to express their opinions with regard to their work. Moreover, the group also strives to provide a safe, healthy and harmonious workplace with fair and equal opportunities for staff of both genders and different races.

Customers

The group provides direct services and goods to customers and conduct surveys to interact with them to gain market insights and feedback. For the reporting year, sales to the five largest customers of the group in total accounted for approximately 40% of the group's total revenue, with the largest customer accounting for approximately 12%. Credit terms offered to customers ranged from 30 to 90 days. Management makes periodic collective assessment as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of trade receivables based on historical payment records, the length of the overdue period, the financial strength of the trade and other debtors and whether there are any disputes with the relevant debtors. The group's historical experience in collection of trade and other receivables falls within the recorded allowances and the directors are of the opinion that adequate provision for uncollectible receivables has been made in these financial statements. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. No significant recoverability problem is identified subsequent to the reporting year.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係續

供應商

本集團的供應商乃根基穩固的公司或為知名企業,確保彼等能夠應要求交付貨品及服務。本集團之五大供應商則共佔本報告年度本集團總採購額約47%,其中最大供應商約佔28%。此外,本公司已制定反行賄政策供全體員工遵守。

於本報告年度,除鴻海集團外,概無董事或彼等之任何緊密聯繫人或任何股東(指據董事所知擁有本公司5%以上已發行股本之股東)於本集團五大客戶或供應商中擁有任何權益。

子公司

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司之主要子公司 詳情載列於合併財務報表附註35。

物業、機器及設備

本集團物業、機器及設備之變動情況載列於合併財務 報表附註14。

股本

本公司股本之詳情載列於合併財務報表附註26。

儲備

於本報告年度,撥入本公司儲備及自儲備撥出之重大 金額及有關詳情載列於合併財務報表附註35。

可供分派儲備

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司並無可分派儲備。根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,繳入盈餘可分派予股東,惟如(i)派付後不能如期清還到期之債務,或(ii)資產可變現價值低於負債及已發行股本及股份溢價之總額,公司不能分派繳入盈餘,或用作宣派或支付股息。

捐款

於本報告年度,本集團並無作出任何現金捐款(二零二一年十二月三十一日:無)。

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS (continued)

Suppliers

The suppliers of the group are either well established companies or from well-known enterprises to ensure that they are able to deliver goods and services as requested. The five largest suppliers of the group in aggregate accounted for approximately 47% by value of the group's total purchases during the reporting year, with the largest supplier accounting for approximately 28%. Furthermore, anti-bribery policies are in place for all staff to comply.

During the reporting year, save for Hon Hai Group, none of the directors or any of their close associates or any shareholders which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the company's issued share capital had any interest in any of the group's five largest customers or suppliers.

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the group are set out in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of share capital of the company are set out in Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

The amounts and particulars of material transfers to and from reserves of the company during the reporting year are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2022, the company's reserves are not available for distribution. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders, subject to the condition that the company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if (i) it is, or after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due, or (ii) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium account.

DONATIONS

The group did not make any cash donations (31 December 2021: Nil) during the reporting year.

件次刀采 DUIUUIU 新零售 New Retail

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則無優先購買權之規定,而百慕達 法例亦無對優先購買權加以限制,因此本公司無需按 現時股東持有股份比例售賣新股票予股東。

五年財務概要

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止前五個財政年度各年之合併業績、資產及負債概要載列於第6頁。

董事

於本報告年度及直至本年報日期之在任董事如下:

執行董事

簡宜彬先生*(主席)* 蔡力挺先生*(執行長)* 高照洋先生 鄭宜斌先生

非執行董事

KIM Hyun Seok先生¹ PARK Ho Jin先生²

獨立非執行董事

鄧天樂先生 簡己然先生 張曉泉教授

- 1 於二零二三年三月二十九日獲委任
- 2 於二零二三年三月二十九日辭任

簡宜彬先生、蔡力挺先生及鄭宜斌先生將按照本公司 之公司組織章程細則第99條輪值告退,惟符合資格並 願意於應屆股東週年大會膺選連任。KIM Hyun Seok 先生將按照本公司之公司組織章程細則第88條告退, 惟符合資格並願意於應屆股東週年大會應選連任。

各董事包括獨立非執行董事之任期須根據本公司之公司組織章程細則在本公司之股東週年大會上輪值告退,及膺選連任。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws and there is no restriction against such right under the laws in Bermuda, which would oblige the company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the consolidated results, assets and liabilities of the group for each of the last five financial years until 31 December 2022 is set out on page 6

DIRECTORS

The directors who held office during the reporting year and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin (Chairman)

Mr. CAI LiTing (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. KAO Chao Yang

Mr. CHENG Yee Pun

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. KIM Hyun Seok¹
Mr. PARK Ho Jin²

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. TANG Tin Lok Stephen Mr. KAN Ji Ran Laurie Prof. ZHANG Xiaoquan

- ¹ appointed on 29 March 2023
- resigned on 29 March 2023

Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin, Mr. CAI LiTing and Mr. CHENG Yee Pun will retire by rotation in accordance with Article 99 of the Bye-laws and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM. Mr. KIM Hyun Seok will retire in accordance with Article 88 of the Bye-Laws and being eligible, offer himself for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

The terms of office of the directors, including the independent non-executive directors, are subject to retirement by rotation and are eligible for re-election at the company's annual general meeting in accordance with the company's Byelaws.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

更新董事資料

於本報告年度,根據上市規則第13.51B (1)條,董事資料並無變動。

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

執行董事

簡宜彬先生,62歲,於二零一五年十一月三日及二零一八年三月二十八日分別獲委任為執行董事及主席。簡先生為鴻海旗下年收入逾200億美元之D次業務集團之總經理及曾獲聘任為鴻海之董事。簡先生於一九九一年加入鴻海。彼曾於淡江大學就讀。簡先生自二零二一年七月二十二日起一直獲委任為榮炭科技股份有限公司董事長兼董事,該公司於中華民國證券櫃檯買賣中心興櫃上市(股份代號:6555)。

蔡力挺先生,48歲,於二零一九年十二月十九日獲委 任為執行董事兼執行長。蔡先生於電子、製造及資訊 科技行業擁有逾20年經驗。自二零零三年起,蔡先生 受聘於富士康科技集團,擔任鴻海旗下D次業務集團 產品工程及質量副總經理,其後接任新創產品業務部 主管。於加入富士康科技集團前,彼於一九九七年至 二零零一年曾任職於斯倫貝謝有限公司。蔡先生獲得 美國喬治梅森大學計算機服務理學碩士學位及中國 清華大學電子工程學理學學士學位。

高照洋先生,54歲,於二零一八年三月二十八日獲委 任為執行董事。高先生於電子、製造及資訊科技行業 積逾20年經驗。彼自二零一五年起獲委任為富士康 科技集團之副總經理。高先生現時監管富士康全球業 務,為一個重要業務及戰略部門,負責推動製造、供 應鏈管理(履行及逆向物流服務)等若干重要領域之計 劃。此前,高先生曾於富士康擔任多個職務,包括建 立生產基地、指導供應鏈運營、全球客戶業務賬戶管 理及管理中國、美國、捷克共和國及墨西哥之資訊科 技項目。高先生取得美國密歇根大學工業及操作工程 學碩士及台灣國立成功大學工業設計學學士學位。

UPDATE ON DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

During the reporting year, there was no change in information of the directors of pursuant to Rule 13.51B (1).

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive directors

Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin, aged 62, was appointed as executive director and Chairman on 3 November 2015 and 28 March 2018 respectively. Mr. Chien is the general manager of D Group, a business group within Hon Hai with over US\$20 billion annual revenues, and was a director with Hon Hai. Mr. Chien joined Hon Hai in 1991. He studied at Tamkang University. Mr. Chien has been appointed as chairman and director of Long Time Technology Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Emerging Stock Board of The Taipei Exchange (stock code: 6555) since 22 July 2021.

Mr. CAI LiTing, aged 48, was appointed as executive director and chief executive officer on 19 December 2019. Mr. Cai has over 20 years of experience in the electronic, manufacturing and information technology industry. Since 2003, Mr. Cai has been employed by Foxconn Technology Group as the vice president of product engineering & quality and later as the head of the innovative product business division of D Group, a business group within Hon Hai. Before joining Foxconn Technology Group, he had been with Schlumberger Limited from 1997 to 2001. Mr. Cai obtained a Master of Science in Computer Service from the George Mason University in the US and a Bachelor of Science in Electronic Engineering from Tsinghua University in the PRC.

Mr. KAO Chao Yang, aged 54, was appointed as executive director on 28 March 2018. Mr. Kao has over 20 years of experience in the electronic, manufacturing and information technology industry. He has been appointed as the vice-president of the Foxconn Technology Group since 2015. Mr. Kao currently oversees the Foxconn Global Operations which is both a key business and strategic division responsible for driving initiatives across several significant areas of manufacturing, supply chain management (fulfillment and reverse logistic services). Prior to that, Mr. Kao held various duties within Foxconn include start-up manufacturing sites, directing supply chain operations, business account management with global customer presence and administering information technology initiatives across the PRC, US, Czech Republic and Mexico. Mr. Kao obtained a Master of Science in Industrial & Operations Engineering from the University of Michigan in the US and a Bachelor of Science in Industrial Design from Cheng-Kung University in Taiwan.

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情續

執行董事(續)

鄭宜斌先生,47歲,於二零一八年三月二十八日獲委任為執行董事,現擔任集團總財務長的職位。於二零一六年加入本公司前,彼為新世界策略投資有限公司之副總裁,主要負責私募股權及風險投資、併購交易及業務發展規劃。鄭先生的職業生涯始於一家國際會計師事務所,曾在多家全球金融機構及香港上市公司任職。彼取得澳洲新南威爾斯大學之工商管理碩士及澳洲墨爾本大學之商業學士(榮譽)學位。鄭先生為香港會計師公會、澳洲會計師公會及特許金融分析師協會會員。

非執行董事

KIM Hyun Seok先生,40歲,於二零二三年三月二十九日獲委任為非執行董事。彼自二零一七年起一直任職於SK Holdings (C&C),目前為SK集團戰略投資團隊之負責人。彼持有俄亥俄州立大學理學學士學位及大韓民國世宗市韓國發展研究院公共政策與管理學院(KDIS)工商管理碩士學位。

獨立非執行董事

鄧天樂先生,46歲,於二零一五年十二月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。鄧先生一直於財務服務行業超過15年。此前,鄧先生曾在德勤財務諮詢服務部擔任總監,主要負責處理中國及亞太區私募股權及併購交易。鄧先生之職業生涯始於悉尼安永金融服務部,之後彼被調到香港及北京工作。鄧先生持有澳洲新南威爾士大學之高級金融商碩士及商學士學位。彼為澳洲及新西蘭會計師公會註冊會計師及香港會計師公會會員。鄧先生自二零一九年六月二十七日至二零二二年四月一日擔任植華集團投資控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事,該公司之股票於聯交所主板上市(股份代號:1842)。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

Executive directors (continued)

Mr. CHENG Yee Pun, aged 47, was appointed as executive director on 28 March 2018 and is assuming the role of group chief financial officer. Prior to joining the company in 2016, he was the vice president of New World Strategic Investment Limited, primarily responsible for private equity and venture capital investments, M&A transactions and business development initiatives. Mr. Cheng began his career with an international accounting firm and had worked for a number of global financial institutions and Hong Kong listed companies. He obtained his Master of Business Administration and Bachelor of Commerce (Hons.) from the University of New South Wales and the University of Melbourne in Australia respectively. Mr. Cheng is a member of HKICPA, CPA Australia and CFA Institute.

Non-executive director

Mr. KIM Hyun Seok, aged 40, was appointed as non-executive director on 29 March 2023. He has been with SK Holdings (C&C) since 2017 and is currently the Head of Strategic Investment Team. He holds a Bachelor of Science at Ohio State University and a Master of Business Administration at Korea Development Institute School of Public Policy and Management (KDIS), Se-Jong City, Republic of Korea.

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. TANG Tin Lok, Stephen, aged 46, was appointed as independent non-executive director on 1 December 2015. Mr. Tang has been in financial service industry for more than 15 years. Before that, Mr. Tang was a director with the Deloitte & Touche Financial Advisory Services Group where he focused on private equity and merger and acquisition transactions in the PRC and the Asia Pacific region. Mr. Tang began his career at the Financial Services Group at Ernst & Young in Sydney, and subsequently relocated to Hong Kong and Beijing. Mr. Tang received a Master Degree of Commerce in Advanced Finance and Bachelor Degree of Commerce from the University of New South Wales in Australia. He is a Chartered Accountant of the Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand, and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Tang had been an independent non-executive director of Grown Up Group Investment Holdings Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 1842) from 27 June 2019 to 1 April 2022.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情 (續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

簡己然先生,62歲,於二零一五年十二月一日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事。自二零零四年起,簡先生為 專門於中國進行投資之私募股權公司翹然管理資本 之管理合夥人兼創辦人。於創辦翹然管理資本前, 簡先生於一九九九年成立一家於香港聯交所主板 上市之創業投資公司i100 Corporation。彼亦曾擔任 CDC Corporation (後來改名為中華網) 之營運總監、 PointCast Asia之創辦人,並成立新浪網香港。簡先生 早年先後於蘋果電腦、康柏電腦任職,並成立香港及 中國之微軟公司。簡先生畢業於香港浸會學院商科, 並完成美國士丹福大學商學院之小型企業行政人員 課程。

張曉泉教授,49歳,於二零二零年三月三十一日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事。張教授自二零一七年起擔任香 港中文大學(「香港中文大學」)決策科學與管理經濟 學系教授。於加入香港中文大學前,彼自二零零六年 起曾擔任香港科技大學商學院信息系統、商務統計及 營運管理系副教授。於進入學術界前,彼曾擔任投資 銀行分析師及高科技公司之國際營銷經理。彼在美國 持有一項專利,為多家社交網絡、金融科技及法律科 技領域公司之聯合創辦人。張教授持有美國麻省理工 學院(MIT)斯隆管理學院(Sloan School ofManagement) 管理學博士學位、中華人民共和國清華大學管理學碩 士學位、計算機科學工程學士學位及英語文學學士學 位。彼自二零一七年九月起一直擔任納斯達克上市電 子商務公司Secoo Holding Limited (納斯達克:SECO) 之獨立董事。彼亦為香港數碼港管理有限公司、京東 金融、湖畔大學、華為投資控股有限公司、中國移動 有限公司、招商證券股份有限公司、豆瓣網及雷克系 統有限公司提供意見。

股本掛鈎協議

於本報告年度,本公司並無訂立任何股本掛鈎協議。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

Independent non-executive directors (continued)

Mr. KAN Ji Ran, Laurie, aged 62, was appointed as independent non-executive director on 1 December 2015. Mr. Kan is a managing partner and founder of ON Capital, a private equity firm that specialises in investing in China since 2004. Prior to founding ON Capital, Mr. Kan established i100 Corporation in 1999, a start-up incubator that went on to list on the main board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. He had also served as chief operating officer of CDC Corporation (renamed to China.com later), founder of PointCast Asia, and had established Sina.com in Hong Kong. Mr. Kan spent the earlier years of his career successively at Apple Computer, Compaq Computer, and established Microsoft in Hong Kong and China. Mr. Kan graduated in business from Hong Kong Baptist College and from the Stanford Graduate School of Business' Executive Program for Smaller Companies.

Prof. ZHANG Xiaoguan, aged 49, was appointed as independent non-executive director on 31 March 2020. Prof. Zhang is currently a professor of Department of Decision Sciences and Managerial Economics at The Chinese University of Hong Kong (the "CUHK") since 2017. Before he joined the CUHK, he was an associate professor of Department of Information Systems, Business Statistics & Operations Management at The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology Business School from 2006. Before joining the academia, he worked as an analyst for an investment bank, and as an international marketing manager for a high-tech company. He holds a patent in the United States, and co-founded several companies in the areas of social networking, FinTech, and LegalTech. Prof. Zhang holds a Doctor of Philosophy degree in Management from MIT Sloan School of Management in the United States, a Master of Science degree in Management, a Bachelor of Engineering degree in Computer Science and a Bachelor of Arts degree in English from Tsinghua University in the People's Republic of China. He has been an independent director for NASDAQ-listed e-commerce company Secoo Holding Limited (NASDAQ: SECO) since September 2017. He also offered advice to Hong Kong Cyberport Management Company Ltd., Jingdong Finance, Hupan University, Huawei Investment & Holding Co., Ltd., China Mobile Limited, China Merchants Securities Co. Ltd., Douban.com, and Radica Systems Limited.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

During the reporting year, the company did not enter into any equity-linked agreement.

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事服務合約

全體執行董事及非執行董事並無與本公司訂立任何服務合約,亦無固定任期。然而,全體董事須根據組織章程細則至少每三年輪席膺選連任一次。各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立為期一年之委任函,並可自動獲續任一年。擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事並無與本公司訂立本公司於一年內免付補償(法定補償除外)不能予以終止之服務合約。

董事享有權益之交易、安排或合約

於本報告年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何子公司概 無簽訂任何涉及本集團之業務而董事直接或間接在 其中擁有重大權益之重大交易、安排或合約。

董事於競爭業務之權益

據董事所知,概無董事或其各自聯繫人於與本集團業 務構成或可能構成競爭的業務中擁有任何權益。

獲准許的彌償條文

以董事為受益人的獲准許彌償條文現時及於整個報告年度內生效。本公司已為董事購買董事及高級職員責任保險,為董事提供適當保障。

控股股東於重大合約之權益

除持續關連交易之披露外,據董事所知,本公司或其 任何子公司及控股股東或其任何子公司於本報告年 度內任何時間概無訂立任何重大合約或控股股東或 其任何子公司提供服務予本公司或其任何子公司之 任何重大合約。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

All executive and non-executive directors have not entered into any service contracts and do not have a fixed term of service with the company. However, all directors are subject to re-election by rotation at least once every three years in accordance with the Bye-laws. Each of the independent non-executive directors has entered into an appointment letter with the company for one year and is renewable automatically for successive term of one year. None of the directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the company which cannot be terminated by the company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No transaction, arrangement or contracts of significance in relation to the group's business to which the company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at any time during the reporting year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As far as the directors are aware, none of the directors or their respective associates has any interest in a business which competes or may compete with the business of the group.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the reporting year. The company has maintained directors and officers' liability insurance which provides appropriate cover for, among others, the directors.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS IN SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTS

Save as the disclosure in the Continuing Connected Transactions, as far as the directors are aware, at no time during the reporting year had the company or any of its subsidiaries, and the controlling shareholders or any of its subsidiaries entered into any contract of significance or any contract of significance for the provision of services by the controlling shareholders or any of its subsidiaries to the company or any of its subsidiaries.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任 何相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債 權證之權益及淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司當時董事及最高行政人員在本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例之該等條文被當作或視為擁有之權益及淡倉),或須記錄於根據證券及期貨條例第352條所規定由本公司備存之登記冊之權益及淡倉,或根據上市規則之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司每股面值0.10港元之股份好倉

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the then directors and chief executives of the company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") which were required, pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), to be notified to the company and the Stock Exchange, or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register kept by the company, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers in the Listing Rules, to be notified to the company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

Long position in the company's shares of HK\$0.10 each

	個人權益	聯繫人權益	總計	百分比
	Personal	Associate	Total	
	interests	interests	interests	Percentage
簡宜彬先生	_	18,430,738	18,430,738	2.63%
Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin			(附註1)	
			(note 1)	
蔡力挺先生	800,000	_	800,000	0.11%
Mr. CAI LiTing			(附註2)	
			(note 2)	
鄭宜斌先生	1,300,000	_	1,300,000	0.19%
Mr. CHENG Yee Pun			(附註2)	
			(note 2)	

附註:

- 1. 有關權益由簡宜彬先生的妻子Kan, Sachiko女士持有。
- 2. 該權益為本公司購股權。

除上文所披露者外,就董事所知,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司當時董事或最高行政人員概無於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或視為擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例之該等條文彼等被當作或視為擁有之權益或淡倉);或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條所述之登記冊之任何權益或淡倉;或(iii)根據上市規則所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

Notes:

- 1. The interest was held by Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin's spouse, Ms. Kan, Sachiko.
- 2. The interest represents share options of the company.

Save as disclosed above, so far as the directors are aware, as at 31 December 2022, none of the then directors nor the chief executive of the company had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which (i) were required to be notified to the company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) were required to be notified to the company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in the Listing Rules.

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

購股權計劃

本公司已採納由本公司股東於二零一三年八月三十日通過決議案批准的購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),據此可向合資格參與者(定義見購股權計劃規則)授出購股權以認購本公司股份。合資格參與者指本集團或任何實體(即本集團持有股權之實體)(「被投資實體」)之任何全職或兼職僱員(包括本公司或任何子公司或任何被投資實體之任何董事,不論是執行或非執行及不論是獨立與否);本集團發行之任何證券之任何持有人;本集團或任何被投資實體之任何業務或合營等制件、承包商、代理或代表、顧問、諮詢人、供應商、生產商或特許發出人、客戶、特許持有人(包括任何分租戶)或董事會全權酌情認為已或可能對本集團或任何被投資實體作出貢獻之任何人士。

於二零二二年四月八日,本公司根據購股權計劃向若 干合資格參與者授予合共7,610,000份購股權。行使 價為每股0.31港元,歸屬期為自授予日期起計2年, 有效期10年。於承授人當中,蔡力挺先生及鄭宜斌先 生為本公司董事,分別獲授800,000及500,000份購股 權。

除所披露者外,截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度概無購股權獲授出或失效,惟註銷合共400,000份 購股權。

購股權計劃主要條款之概要如下:

1. 購股權計劃之目的

購股權計劃之目的是讓本公司可向選定合資格參與者授出購股權,作為彼等對或可能對本集團或任何被投資實體作出貢獻之獎勵或回報。本公司認為被投資實體(本集團持有股權之實體)可能對本集團溢利有貢獻。本公司亦考慮向被投資實體之僱員、董事、高級職員或顧問授出購股權,為彼等對被投資實體的貢獻提供激勵,從而間接有利於本集團。

2. 管理購股權計劃

購股權計劃須由董事會管理,除本文另有規定外及在並無明顯錯誤之情況下,彼等對有關購股權計劃產生之所有事宜或其詮釋或影響作出之決策為最終決定,對可能因此受影響之所有人士均具有約束力。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") approved by a resolution passed by the shareholders of the company on 30 August 2013, under which it may grant options to eligible participants (as defined in the share option scheme rules) to subscribe for shares in the company. Eligible participants refer to any full time or part time employees of the group or any entity in which the group holds an equity interest ("Invested Entity") (including any directors, whether executive or non-executive and whether independent or not, of the company or any subsidiary or any Invested Entity); any holder of any securities issued by the group; and any business or joint venture partners, contractors, agents or representatives, consultants, advisers, suppliers, producers or licensors, customers, licensees (including any sub-licensee) or distributors, landlords or tenants (including any sub-tenants) of the group or any Invested Entity or any person who, in the sole discretion of the board, has contributed or may contribute to the group or any Invested Entity.

On 8 April 2022, the company granted a total of 7,610,000 share options under the Share Option Scheme to certain eligible participants. The exercise price is HK\$0.31 each and the vesting period is 2 years from the date of grant with 10 years of validity. Among the grantees, Mr. CAI LiTing and Mr. CHENG Yee Pun are directors of the company, who were granted with 800,000 and 500,000 share options respectively.

Save as disclosed above, during the year ended 31 December 2022, no share options were granted or lapsed but a total of 400,000 share options were cancelled.

A summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme is set out as below:

1. Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the company to grant options to selected eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the group or any Invested Entity. The company considers that the Invested Entity, an entity in which the group holds an equity interest, may contribute to the group's profits. The company also considers that the granting of the options to the employee, director, officer or consultant of the Invested Entity would provide an incentive for their contribution to the Invested Entity which indirectly benefits the group.

2. Administration of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme shall be subject to the administration of the board whose decision on all matters arising in relation to the Share Option Scheme or its interpretation or effect shall (save as otherwise provided herein and in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding on all persons who may be affected thereby.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

購股權計劃(續)

3. 授出及接納購股權

在購股權計劃條款之規限下,董事會可全權酌 情決定邀請任何合資格參與者按根據下文第(4) 段計算之價格接納可認購股份之購股權。

授出購股權要約應以書面(及除非書面形式屬無效)按董事會不時釐定之方式向合資格參與者提呈,並自提呈要約之日起二十一(21)日內仍然可供有關合資格參與者接納,惟於接納日期起計滿十週年或終止購股權計劃或獲提呈要約之合資格參與者已不再為合資格參與者(以較早者為準)後,該要約概不可提呈接納。

承授人須於接納購股權時支付1.00港元之不可 退回名義代價。當本公司收取合資格參與者正 式簽署接納購股權之一式兩份函件連同上述 1.00港元之代價時,則購股權應被視為已獲接 納。

承授人可就數目少於其獲授購股權所涉及之股份接納授出購股權之任何要約,惟其接納之購股權涉及之股份數目必須為當時在聯交所買賣之一手股份數目或其完整之倍數。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

3. Grant and acceptance of options

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the board may, in its absolute discretion, invite any eligible participant to take up options to subscribe for shares at a price calculated in accordance with paragraph (4) below.

An offer of the grant of an option shall be made to eligible participants in writing (and unless so made shall be invalid) in such form as the board may from time to time determine and shall remain open for acceptance by the eligible participant concerned for a period of twenty-one (21) days from the date upon which it is made provided that no such offer shall be open for acceptance after the earlier of the 10th anniversary of the Adoption Date or the termination of the Share Option Scheme or the eligible participant to whom such offer is made has ceased to be an eligible participant.

A non-refundable nominal consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable by the grantee upon acceptance of an option. An option shall be deemed to have been accepted when the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the option is duly signed by the eligible participant together with the said consideration of HK\$1.00 is received by the company.

Any offer of the grant of an option may be accepted in respect of less than the number of shares which is offered provided that it is accepted in such number of shares as represents a board lot or an integral multiple thereof for the time being for the purpose of trading on the Stock Exchange.

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

購股權計劃(續)

4. 行使購股權及股份價格

承授人可向本公司發出書面通知,說明購股權據此獲行使及行使購股權所涉及股份數目,以行使全部或部分購股權。每份有關通知須隨附所發出通知涉及之股份認購價全數股款。於收到通知及股款後二十一(21)日內及(倘適用)收到本公司核數師或獨立財務顧問之證明書後,本公司須向承授人(或其合法遺產代理人)配發及發行入賬列為繳足股款之有關股份。

除本年報或不時生效之相關法律,或本公司之 組織章程大綱及組織章程細則另有規定外,購 股權持有人無權享有投票、股息、轉讓之權利及 股份持有人享有之其他權利(包括本公司清盤 時產生之該等權利)。於行使購股權後將予配發 及發行之股份將受所有現時生效之組織章程細 則條文所規限,並將在所有方面與於購股權獲 正式行使當日(或倘該日為本公司暫停辦理股 份過戶登記之日,則為恢愎辦理股份過戶登記 之首日)(「行使日期」)已發行之現有繳足股款 股份享有同等地位,因此,將令有關持有人有權 享有於行使日期或之後派付或作出之所有股息 或其他分派(倘有關記錄日期於行使日期之前, 則之前所宣派或建議或議決將予派付或作出之 任何股息或其他分派除外)。於行使購股權後配 發之股份直至承授人之名字正式記入本公司之 股東名冊作為有關持有人時,方會附帶投票權。

購股權計劃項下購股權之行使價可由董事會全權酌情釐定,但於任何情況下將不會低於以下三者之最高者:(i)於聯交所之股份於要約日期(必須為營業日)在聯交所每日報價表所示之收市價;(ii)股份於緊接要約日期前五(5)個營業日在聯交所每日報價表所示之平均收市價;及(iii)股份於要約日期之面值。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

4. Exercise of options and price of shares

An option may be exercised in whole or in part by the grantee giving notice in writing to the company stating that the option is thereby exercised and the number of shares in respect of which it is exercised. Such notice must be accompanied by a remittance for the full amount of the subscription price for the shares in respect of which the notice is given. Within twenty-one (21) days after receipt of the notice and the remittance and, where appropriate, receipt of the certificate of the company's auditors or independent financial advisers, the company shall allot and issue the relevant shares to the grantee (or his legal personal representative(s)) credited as fully paid.

Holders of the options are not entitled to voting, dividend, transfer and other rights of the holders of the shares, including those arising on a liquidation of the company, save as otherwise provided herein or under the relevant laws or the memorandum of association of the company and the Bye-laws in effect from time to time. Shares to be allotted and issued upon the exercise of an option will be subject to all the provisions of the Bye-laws for the time being in force and will rank pari passu in all respects with the existing fully paid shares in issue on the date on which the option is duly exercised or, if that date falls on a day when the register of members of the company is closed, the first day of the re-opening of the register of members (the "Exercise Date") and accordingly will entitle the holders thereof to participate in all dividends or other distributions paid or made on or after the Exercise Date other than any dividend or other distribution previously declared or recommended or resolved to be paid or made if the record date therefor shall be before the Exercise Date. A share allotted upon the exercise of an option shall not carry voting rights until the name of the grantee has been duly entered into the register of members of the company as the holder thereof.

The exercise price for options under the Share Option Scheme may be determined by the board at its absolute discretion but in any event will not be less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares on the Stock Exchange as shown in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the offer date, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as shown in the daily quotations sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five (5) business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of the share on the offer date.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

購股權計劃(續)

5. 可供發行股份之最高數目

- (i) 在上市規則之規限下,於行使根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出而仍未行使之所有尚未行使購股權後可予發行之股份數目整體限額,不得超過不時已發行相關類別股份之30%。倘授出有關購股權將導致此限額被超逾,則不得根據購股權計劃或本公司之任何其他購股權計劃授出購股權。
- (ii) 在上文(5)(i)段所述限額之規限下,因行使根據購股權計劃於任何時間授出之所有購股權而可予發行之最高股份數目,與涉及本公司向合資格參與者發行或授出股份之購股權或為其利益而發行或授出股份之購股權之本公司任何其他購股權計劃所涉及之任何股份合併計算時,不得超過批准購股權計劃當日之已發行股份之10%(「計劃授權限額」),除非根據下文第(iii)及(iv)分段所述獲得股東批准,則另當別論。根據購股權計劃之條款而失效之購股權將不得用作計算計劃授權限額。
- (iii) 在上文(5)(i)段所述限額之規限下,待獲得股東在股東大會上批准後,本公司可隨時更新計劃授權限額,惟更新後之計劃授權限額不得超過相關決議案獲通過當日已發行股份之10%(即39,423,944股股份)。先前根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃授出之購股權(包括尚未行使、根據該等計劃已註銷、失效之購股權或已行使之購股權)將不得用作計算此限額。本公司須向股東寄發通函,內載上市規則規定之有關資料。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

5. Maximum number of shares available for issue

- (i) Subject to the Listing Rules, the overall limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the company must not exceed 30 per cent. of the relevant class of shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the company if this will result in this limit being exceeded.
- (ii) Subject to the limit mentioned in (5)(i) above, the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted at any time under the Share Option Scheme shall not, when aggregated with any shares subject to any other share option schemes of the company involving the issue or grant of option over shares by the company to, or for the benefit of the eligible participants, exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of the approval of the Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme Mandate Limit"), unless shareholders' approval has been obtained pursuant to sub-paragraphs (iii) and (iv) below. Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the scheme mandate limit.
- (iii) Subject to the limit mentioned in (5)(i) above, the company may refresh the scheme mandate limit at any time subject to approval of the shareholders in general meeting, provided that the scheme mandate limit as refreshed must not exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of passing the relevant resolution (i.e. 39,423,944 shares). Options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the company (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with such schemes or exercised options) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating this limit. The company must send a circular to the shareholders containing such information as required under the Listing Rules.

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

購股權計劃(續)

5. 可供發行股份之最高數目(續)

- (iv) 在上文(5)(i)段所述限額之規限下,本公司 亦可在股東大會上另行尋求股東批准授 出超逾計劃授權限額之購股權,惟超過計 劃授權限額之購股權僅可授予本公司於 尋求該批准前已特別選定之合資格參與 者。本公司必須向股東寄發通函,內載指 定合資格參與者之整體性簡介、將授出之 購股權數目及條款、授予指定合資格參與 者購股權之目的,及解釋購股權之條款如 何達至有關目的,以及上市規則規定之有 關其他資料。
- (v) 於本年報日期,根據購股權計劃可供發行 的購股權總數為17,433,944份,相當於本 年報日期已發行股份總數的2.49%。

6. 向關連人士或彼等之任何聯繫人授出購股權

根據購股權計劃向董事、本公司主要行政人員或主要股東(定義見上市規則)或彼等各自之任何聯繫人授出任何購股權,須經獨立非執行董事)批准。倘向本公司主要股東(定義見上市規則)或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人授出任何購股權將導致截至有關授出日期(包括該日)止12個月期間因行使所有已授出或將授出購股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使之購股權)而向該等人士發行或將發行之股份:

- (a) 佔已發行相關類別股份合共超過0.1%; 及
- (b) 按股份於各授出日期在聯交所每日報價表所示收市價計算之總值超過5百萬港元,則進一步授出購股權必須獲本公司股東批准。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

5. Maximum number of shares available for issue (continued)

- (iv) Subject to the limit mentioned in (5)(i) above, the company may also seek separate approval of the shareholders in general meeting for granting options beyond the scheme mandate limit provided that the options in excess of the scheme mandate limit are granted only to eligible participants specifically identified by the company before such approval is sought. The company must send a circular to the shareholders containing a generic description of the specified eligible participants, the number and terms of options to be granted, the purpose of granting options to the specified eligible participants with an explanation as to how the terms of the options serve such purpose and such other information as required under the Listing Rules.
- (v) As at the date of this annual report, the total number of options available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 17,433,944 representing 2.49% of the total issued shares at the date of this annual report.

6. Grant of options to connected persons or any of their associates

Any grant of option to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the company, or any of their respective associates, under the Share Option Scheme must be approved by the independent non-executive directors (excluding an independent non-executive director who is the proposed grantee of the option). Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the company or an independent non-executive director or any of their respective associates, would result in the shares issued or to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted or to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant:

- (a) representing in aggregate over 0.1 per cent of the relevant class of shares in issue; and
- (b) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5 million, such further grant of options must be approved by shareholders of the company.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

購股權計劃(續)

向關連人士或彼等之任何聯繫人授出購股權 (續)

本公司須編製通函以解釋建議授出,披露(i)將授出之購股權數目及條款、(ii)載有獨立非執行董事(不包括身為承授人之任何獨立非執行董事)就應否投票贊成建議授出所提供推薦意見、(iii)載有與身為計劃受託人或於受託人中擁有直接或間接權益之任何董事有關之資料及(iv)上市規則第2.17條所規定之資料。

向關連人士或其聯繫人授出購股權之條款如有 任何變動,須經由股東於股東大會上批准。

7. 每名參與者可獲授之最高限額

在截至授出當日止任何十二(12)個月期間內,於 行使向各合資格參與者或承授人授出之購股權 (包括已行使及尚未行使之購股權)後已發行 及將予發行之股份總數,不得超過已發行股份 之1%。倘向合資格參與者(或如適用,向現有承 授人)提呈任何要約而導致在截至相關授出日期 (包括該日)止十二(12)個月期間內,於行使向 該等人士授出及將予授出之所有購股權(包括 已行使、已註銷及尚未行使之購股權)後已發 行及將予發行之股份超逾該限額,則該要約及 任何接納須經股東在股東大會上批准,而有關 合資格參與者(或如適用,現有承授人)及其聯 繫人均須放棄投票。本公司必須向股東寄發通 函,披露合資格參與者或承授人身份、將授予 有關合資格參與者之購股權(及過往授予之購 股權)數目及條款,以及上市規則規定之資料。 將授予有關合資格參與者之購股權數目及條款 (包括認購價)必須於尋求股東批准常日前訂 定,而建議進一步授予購股權之董事會會議當 日應視為計算認購價之授出日期。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

6. Grant of options to connected persons or any of their associates (continued)

A circular must be prepared by the company explaining the proposed grant, disclosing (i) the number and terms of the options to be granted, (ii) containing a recommendation from the independent non-executive directors (excluding any independent non-executive director who is a grantee) on whether or not to vote in favour of the proposed grant, (iii) containing information relating to any directors who are trustees of the scheme or have a direct or indirect interest in the trustees, and (iv) the information required under Rule 2.17 of the Listing Rules.

Any change in the terms of options granted to a connected person or its associates must be approved by shareholders in a general meeting.

7. Maximum entitlement of each participant

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each eligible participant or grantee (including exercised and outstanding options) in any twelve (12)-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue. Where it is proposed that any offer is to be made to an eligible participant (or where approximate, an existing grantee) which would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the twelve (12) month period up to and including the relevant date of grant to exceed such limit, such offer and any acceptance thereof must be conditional upon shareholders' approval in general meeting with such an eligible participant (or where appropriate, an existing grantee) and his, her or its associates abstaining from voting. The company must send a circular to the shareholders disclosing the identity of the eligible participant or grantee, the number and terms of options to be granted (and options previously granted) to such an eligible participant, the information required under the Listing Rules. The number and terms (including the subscription price) of options to be granted to such an eligible participant must be fixed before the date on which shareholders' approval is sought and the date of the board meeting for proposing such further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the subscription price.

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

購股權計劃(續)

8. 購股權之行使時間

在購股權計劃條款之規限下,購股權可於董事 提呈要約時為承授人釐定及告知其之期間內任 何時間全數或部分獲行使,惟有關期間不得超 過特定購股權授出日期起計十年,但須受購股 權計劃提早終止所規限。

購股權計劃並無訂明購股權須持有之最短期間,或於根據購股權計劃之條款可行使購股權 前必須達致之表現目標。

9. 購股權計劃之期限

購股期權計劃之有效期由購股權計劃成為無條件之日起計十年,且此後只要有任何據此已授 未行使購股權及為令行使有關購股權生效或根 據購股權計劃條文另行規定,此後不會進一步 發行購股權。

10. 購股權計劃之有效期

由於購股權計劃將於二零二三年八月二十九日 屆滿,本公司建議於應屆股東週年大會採納新 的購股權計劃,以供股東批准。

有關本報告年度內購股權計劃項下之購股權變動詳情,請參閱本年報合併財務報表附註27。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

8. Time of Exercise of options

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, an option may be exercised in whole or in part at any time during the period to be determined and notified by the directors to the grantee thereof at the time of making an offer provided that such period shall not exceed a period of 10 years from the date of grant of the particular option but subject to early termination of the Share Option Scheme.

There is no specific minimum period under the Share Option Scheme for which an option must be held or the performance target which must be achieved before an option can be exercised under the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

9. Period of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme will be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the Share Option Scheme become unconditional, after which no further options will be issued, and thereafter for so long as there are outstanding any unexercised options granted pursuant thereto and in order to give effect to the exercise of any such options or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme.

10. The life of the Share Option Scheme

Since the Share Option Scheme will expire on 29 August 2023, the company proposes to adopt a new share option scheme at the forthcoming AGM for the approval by the shareholders.

For detailed movements of the share options under the Share Option Scheme during the reporting year, please refer to Note 27 of the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

管理合約

於本報告年度,本公司並無就整體業務或任何重要業 務之管理及行政工作簽訂或存有任何合約。

董事購買股份或債權證之權利

除上文「購股權計劃」一段所披露者外,本公司及本公司任何子公司及其相關法團於本報告年度內任何時間概無訂立任何安排,容許董事或最高行政人員或任何彼等之配偶或18歲以下之子女以購買本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證的方式而獲益。除本年報所披露者外,概無董事或任何彼等之配偶或18歲以下之子女獲授予任何權利以認購本公司或其子公司之股份或債權證或於本報告年度內行使任何相關權利。

購買股份之安排

於本報告年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何子公司或 同系子公司概無訂立任何安排,容許董事以購買本公 司或任何其他法人團體之股份的方式而獲益。

持續關連交易

1. 與鴻海的二零一五年框架協議

於二零一五年十二月二十三日,本公司與鴻海 已訂立四份框架協議(各為「二零一五年框架協 議」及統稱為「二零一五年框架協議」)。儘管鴻 海根據上市規則當時並非本公司關連人士,本 公司自願就二零一五年框架協議下擬進行之交 易遵守申報、公告及獨立股東批准之規定,猶 如鴻海根據上市規則第14A章為本公司關連人 士。二零一五年框架協議包括(1)資訊科技系統 運營及維護框架協議、(2)建設-擁有-運營及 資訊科技項目框架協議、(3)採購框架協議及(4) 銷售框架協議。根據該等框架協議,本集團已 同意(i)向鴻海集團提供資訊科技支援及維護服 務;(ii)向鴻海集團提供建設-擁有-運營及資 訊科技項目服務;(iii)向鴻海集團購買企業級產 品,包括但不限於通訊軟件、伺服器及相關硬件 設備,主要用於提供各項資訊科技服務;及(iv) 向鴻海集團銷售配套資訊科技產品。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the company were entered into or existed during the reporting year.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" as disclosed above, at no time during the reporting year was the company and any of its subsidiaries of the company and its associated corporations a party to any arrangement to enable the directors or chief executive or any of their spouse or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the company or any other body corporate. Save as disclosed in this annual report, none of the directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 was granted any right to subscribe for the shares or debentures of the company or its subsidiaries or had exercised any such right during the reporting year.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES

At no time during the reporting year was the company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in the company or any other body corporate.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

1. 2015 Framework Agreements with Hon Hai

On 23 December 2015, the company entered into four Framework Agreements (each a "2015 Framework Agreement" and collectively, the "2015 Framework Agreements") with Hon Hai. Notwithstanding that Hon Hai was not a connected person of the company under the Listing Rules at that time, the company voluntarily complied with the reporting, announcement and Independent Shareholders' approval requirements for the transactions contemplated under the 2015 Framework Agreements as if Hon Hai is a connected person of the company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The 2015 Framework Agreements consist of (1) the I.T. System Operation and Maintenance Framework Agreement, (2) the Build-Own-Operate and I.T. Project Framework Agreement, (3) the Procurement Framework Agreement and (4) the Sales Framework Agreement. Pursuant to the Framework Agreements, the group agreed to (i) provide I.T. support and maintenances services to Hon Hai Group; (ii) provide build-own-operate and I.T. project services to Hon Hai Group; (iii) purchase enterprise-level products including but not limited to communication software, servers and related hardware equipment from Hon Hai Group to be used primarily for the provision of various I.T. services; and (iv) sell ancillary I.T. products to Hon Hai Group.

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

持續關連交易 (續)

2. 與鴻海的二零一七年框架協議

由於各份二零一五年框架協議的期限於二零一八年三月三十一日屆滿,而於財政年度結算日由三月三十一日更改為十二月三十一日後,本公司已於二零一七年九月二十二日訂立新框架協議(「二零一七年框架協議」),重續各份二零一五年框架協議項下擬進行的持續關連交易,年期為截至二零一八年、二零一九年及二零年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度。

3. 與鴻海的二零二零年框架協議

由於各份二零一七年框架協議的期限於二零二零年十二月三十一日屆滿,本公司已於二零二零年十二月七日訂立新框架協議(「二零二零年框架協議」),重續各份二零一七年框架協議項下擬進行的持續關連交易,年期為截至二零二一年、二零二二年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度。

二零二零年框架協議於二零二一年十二月 三十一日至二零二三年十二月三十一日財政年 度的年度上限如下:

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(continued)

2. 2017 Framework Agreements with Hon Hai

As the term of each of the 2015 Framework Agreements expired on 31 March 2018 and following the change of financial year end date from 31 March to 31 December, the company had on 22 September 2017 entered into the new framework agreements ("2017 Framework Agreements") to renew the continuing connected transactions as contemplated under each of the 2015 Framework Agreements for a term of three financial years ended 31 December 2018, 2019 and 2020.

3. 2020 Framework Agreements with Hon Hai

As the term of each of the 2017 Framework Agreements expired on 31 December 2020, the company had on 7 December 2020 entered into the new framework agreements ("2020 Framework Agreements") to renew the continuing connected transactions as contemplated under each of the 2017 Framework Agreements for a term of three financial years ending 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023.

The annual caps of the 2020 Framework Agreements for the financial years from 31 December 2021 to 31 December 2023 are as follows:

			建設-擁有		
		資訊科技系統	-運營及		
		運營及維護	資訊科技項目		
		I.T. System	Build-Own-		
		Operation and	Operate and	採購	銷售
		Maintenance	I.T. Project	Procurement	Sales
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
二零二一年	2021	91,859	300,195	163,127	27,402
二零二二年	2022	110,231	360,234	195,752	32,882
二零二三年	2023	132,278	432,281	234,903	39,459

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

持續關連交易 (續)

3. 與鴻海的二零二零年框架協議(續)

根據有關二零二零年框架協議項下建議年度上 限所進行之適用規模測試,截至二零二一年、 二零二二年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止三 個財政年度,由於就二零二零年框架協議項下 擬進行之交易而言,二零二零年框架協議之建 議年度上限之一項或多項適用百分比率按年度 基準計算,預期將高於5%及多於10,000,000港 元,二零二零年框架協議項下擬進行之交易須 遵守上市規則第14A章項下之申報、年度審核、 公告及獨立股東批准之規定。因此,股東特別大 會已於二零二一年一月十五日召開,而獨立股 東已於會上批准所有二零二零年框架協議。

本集團於本報告年度與鴻海集團的持續關連交 易年度上限及實際交易金額載列於下表。本集 團持續關連交易的所有實際交易金額均未超出 各自的年度上限。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(continued)

3. 2020 Framework Agreements with Hon Hai (continued)

Based on the applicable size tests performed with respect to the proposed annual cap amounts under the 2020 Framework Agreements, as one or more of the applicable percentage ratios of the proposed annual caps of the 2020 Framework Agreements for the three financial vears ending 31 December 2021, 2022 and 2023 for the transactions contemplated under the 2020 Framework Agreements are expected to be higher than 5% and more than HK\$10,000,000 on an annual basis, the transactions contemplated under the 2020 Framework Agreements are subject to the reporting, annual review, announcement and Independent Shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. As a result, a special general meeting was convened on 15 January 2021 where the Independent Shareholders approved all the 2020 Framework Agreements.

The annual caps and actual transaction amount for the group's continuing connected transactions with Hon Hai Group during the reporting year are set out in the table below. All the actual transaction amount of the group's continuing connected transaction did not exceed the respective annual caps.

			實際交易金額
		二零二二年	Actual
		年度上限	Transaction
		Annual Caps	Amount
		for 2022	for 2022
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
			_
與鴻海集團	With Hon Hai Group		
資訊科技系統運營及維護	I.T. System Operation and Maintenance	110,231	48,650
建設-擁有-運營及資訊科技項目	Build-Own-Operate and I.T. Project	360,234	275,813
採購	Procurement	195,752	28,270
銷售	Sales	32,882	11,471

誠如本公司於二零二零年十二月二十九日刊發 的通函所披露,二零二零年框架協議項下擬進 行的交易亦須達成鴻海集團應佔收入少於本集 團年度總收入之60%之條件(「條件」)。截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,鴻海集團應 佔實際收入佔總收入之40%。因此,我們於本報 告年度已遵守條件。

As disclosed in the circular issued by the company on 29 December 2020, the transactions as contemplated under the 2020 Framework Agreements are also subject to the condition that the revenue attributable to Hon Hai Group will be less than 60% of the group's annual total revenue (the "Condition"). For the year ended 31 December 2022, the actual revenue attributable from Hon Hai Group represented 40% of the total revenue. Thus we comply with the Condition for the reporting year.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

持續關連交易(續)

3. 與鴻海的二零二零年框架協議(續)

獨立非執行董事已審閱及確認,於本報告年度 所進行之全部持續關連交易均為(i)於本集團日 常及一般業務過程中;(ii)按一般商業條款或更 佳條款進行;及(iii)根據相關規管協議進行,且 其條款誠屬公平合理,且符合本公司股東之整 體利益。此外,根據上市規則第14A.56條,本公 司核數師已向董事會提供無保留意見函件,當 中載有彼等就本報告年度發生之持續關連交易 之發現及結論。本公司已向聯交所提交核數師 函件副本。

除上文所披露者外,誠如合併財務報表附註34所披露,概無有關連方交易構成上市規則下須予披露不獲豁免關連交易或不獲豁免持續關連交易。董事確認,本公司已遵照上市規則第14A章,遵守披露規定。

主要股東的權益

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,就各董事所知,下列 人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於股份及相關 股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部 條文須向本公司披露之權益或淡倉,或直接或間接擁 有股份5%或以上之權益。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(continued)

3. 2020 Framework Agreements with Hon Hai (continued)

The independent non-executive directors have reviewed and confirmed that all the continuing connected transactions taken place during the reporting year were (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the group; (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the same on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the company's shareholders as a whole. Moreover, the company's auditor has provided an unqualified letter to the board containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions taken place during the reporting year in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the company to the Stock Exchange.

Save as disclosed above, none of the related party transactions as disclosed in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements constituted disclosable non-exempted connected transaction or non-exempted continuing connected transaction under the Listing Rules. The directors confirm that the company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2022, to the best knowledge of the directors, the following parties (other than directors or chief executives of the company), had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares which are required to be disclosed to the company under the provision of Divisions 2 and 3 and Part XV of the SFO, or, who was, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the shares.

	所持股份數目或 應佔所持股份數目 Number or attributable	權益性質	股權概約百分比或 應佔股權百分比 Approximate percentage or attributable
股東姓名/名稱	number of	Nature of	percentage of
Name of Shareholder	shares held	interests	shareholding
FSK Holdings Limited	239,050,141	實益 Beneficial	34.07%
FDG Fund, L.P.	71,813,581	實益 Beneficial	10.24%
Foxconn (Far East) Limited	46,680,000	實益 Beneficial	6.65%

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

主要股東的權益(續)

附註:

據董事作出一切合理查詢後所知,鴻海間接持有FSK Holdings Limited超過40%應佔股權。FSK Holdings Limited為注資FDG Fund L.P.總承擔約75%之有限合夥人。FSK Holdings Limited 被視為擁有權益的239,050,141股股份包括FDG Fund, L.P.持有的71.813.581股股份。

FDG Fund, L.P.的普通合夥人為FDG Fund GP Limited (前稱「Asia-IO Acquisition GP Limited」),而FDG Fund GP Limited由謝迪洋先生控制,該前非執行董事謝先生於二零二零年十二月七日辭任。

Foxconn (Far East) Limited為鴻海之全資子公司。

除上述披露外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司未獲通知有任何超過股份5%或以上且已記錄入根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置的名冊之權益。

公眾持股量之充足性

基於本年報刊發前最後實際可行日期本公司可公開 獲得之資料並就其董事所知,本公司已於整個報告年 度內維持足夠之公眾持股量。

企業管治常規、獨立非執行董事之 獨立性、審核委員會

本公司之企業管治常規、獨立非執行董事之獨立性及 審核委員會詳情載列於第16至38頁之企業管治報告。

審核委員會與管理層已審閱本集團於本報告年度之經審核財務報表及本集團採納的會計準則及慣例,並討論有關編製本報告年度內年度業績的風險管理、內部監控及財務報告事宜。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證 券

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司或其子公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司之上市證券 (二零二一年:無)。

INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

(continued)

Notes:

To the best knowledge of the directors after having made all reasonable enquiries, Hon Hai indirectly holds more than 40% attributable equity interests in FSK Holdings Limited. FSK Holdings Limited is a limited partner of FDG Fund L.P. contributing to about 75% of its total commitment. The 239,050,141 shares FSK Holdings Limited is deemed to be interested in include the 71,813,581 shares held by FDG Fund, L.P.

General partner of FDG Fund, L.P. is FDG Fund GP Limited (formerly known as "Asia-IO Acquisition GP Limited") which, in turn, is controlled by Mr. TSE Tik Yang, Denis, a former non-executive director who resigned on 7 December 2020.

Foxconn (Far East) Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hon Hai.

Save as disclosed above, the company has not been notified of any other interest representing 5% or more of the shares and recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO as at 31 December 2022.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information publicly available to the company and within the knowledge of the directors as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, the company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the reporting year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE, INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS, AUDIT COMMITTEE

Details of the company's corporate governance practices, independence of independent non-executive directors and the Audit Committee are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 16 to 38.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited financial statements of the group for the reporting year, the accounting principles and practices adopted by the group with the management and discussed risk management, internal controls and financial reporting matters related to the preparation of the annual results for the reporting year.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the company nor its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

稅務寬減

本公司並不知悉有任何股東因所持之股份而享有任何稅務寬減。謹此建議有意持有或投資本公司股份者如對認購、購買、持有、出售或買賣股份之稅務影響(包括稅務寬減)有任何疑問,應諮詢專業顧問。謹此強調本公司或董事或高級職員將不會就本公司股份持有人因認購、購買、持有、出售或買賣該等股份而承擔的任何稅務影響或負債接受任何責任。

核數師

財務報表已經由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核,該核數師將任滿告退,惟符合資格,願意膺選連任。

代表董事會 *主席* 簡宜彬

香港,二零二三年三月二十九日

TAX RELIEF

The company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the shareholders by reason of their holding of the shares. Intending holders and investors of the company's shares are recommended to consult their professional advisers if they are in any doubt as to the taxation implications (including tax relief) of subscribing for, purchasing, holding, disposing of or dealing in shares. It is emphasised that neither the company nor its directors or officers will accept any responsibility for any tax effect on, or liabilities of, holders of shares in the company resulting from their subscription for, purchase, holding, disposal of or dealing in such shares.

AUDITOR

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the board CHIEN Yi-Pin
Chairman

Hong Kong, 29 March 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

致雲智匯科技服務有限公司股東 (於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

雲智匯科技服務有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其子公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第94至200頁的合併財務報表,包括:

- 於二零二二年十二月三十一日的合併資產負債表:
- 截至該日止年度的合併利潤表;
- 截至該日止年度的合併綜合收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的合併權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的合併現金流量表;及
- 合併財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策及其他解釋資料。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等合併財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日的合併財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的合併財務表現及合併現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》 (「香港審計準則」) 進行審計。我們在該等準則下承 擔的責任在本報告「核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔 的責任」一節作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為 我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》 (以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行 守則中的其他專業道德責任。

To the Shareholders of Maxnerva Technology Services Limited (incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Maxnerva Technology Services Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 94 to 200, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2022;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期間 合併財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在 我們審計整體合併財務報表及出具意見時進行處理 的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項與營業及租賃應 收賬項以及合約資產減值有關。

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in our audit is related to the impairment of trade and lease receivables and contract assets.

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

營業及租賃應收賬項以及合約資產減值

Impairment of trade and lease receivables and contract assets

請參閱合併財務報表附註3.1(b),19及20。

Refer to Note 3.1(b), 19 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 貴集團錄得營業及租賃應收 賬項以及合約資產總額分別約人民幣289,832,000元及人民幣 17,099,000元,就此確認減值撥備約人民幣68,531,000元。

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had gross trade and lease receivables and contract assets of approximately RMB289,832,000 and RMB17,099,000, respectively, for which a provision for impairment of approximately RMB68,531,000 was recognised.

貴集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化方法計量全部營業及租賃應收賬項以及合約資產的全期預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」) 撥備。

The Group applied the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure lifetime expected credit losses ("ECL") allowance for all trade and lease receivables and contract assets.

我們已進行以下程序以處理該關鍵審計事項:

We have performed the following procedures to address this key audit matter:

- 我們了解管理層對營業及租賃應收賬項以及合約資產預期信貸虧損的內部控制及評估程序,並透過考慮估計的不確定性程度及釐定將應用的假設涉及判斷,評估重大錯誤陳述的固有風險。
- We obtained an understanding of the management's internal control and assessment process of the ECL of trade and lease receivables and contract assets and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the judgement involved in determining the assumptions to be applied.
- 我們評估及核查有關管理層的關鍵控制,包括賬齡分析審閱及 對應收結餘的可收回性進行定期評估。
- We evaluated and tested the management's key controls, including aging analysis review and regular assessment performed on collectability of the receivable balances.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

關鍵審計事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

管理層通過將具有類似風險特徵之債務人分組進行總體評估,以估計虧損撥備。估計預期信貸虧損率乃基於不同組別的過往信貸虧損率,並已作出調整以反映就釐定客戶日後償付應收款項能力屬相關的宏觀經濟因素的現有及多項前瞻性資料。於評估預期信貸虧損估計是否充足時,管理層考慮償付模式、信貸狀態以及與客戶的持續貿易往來關係。

Management estimated the loss allowance by grouping together debtors with similar risk characteristics for collective assessment. The estimated ECL rates were based on historical credit loss rates for different groups and adjusted to reflect the current and multiple forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors that are considered relevant to determine the ability of customers to settle the receivables in the future. In assessing the sufficiency of the ECL estimation, management considered factors including the settlement pattern, credit profile and on-going trading relationships with the customers.

就逾期已久且有已知流動資金問題或不回應債務追收活動之營 業及租賃應收賬項以及合約資產而言,個別評估虧損撥備。

For trade and lease receivables and contract assets relating to accounts which are long overdue with known liquidity issue or non-response to collection activities, they are assessed individually for loss allowance.

- 我們評估 貴集團預期虧損撥備法的適當性、所採用的關鍵假設及釐定預期信貸虧損的模型所用歷史數據的可靠性。
- We assessed the appropriateness of the expected loss provisioning methodology of the Group, the key assumptions adopted and the reliability of the historical data used in determining expected credit losses.
- 我們依據發票、銀行通知書及其他相關文件,抽樣核查於計算 虧損撥備所用之銷售付款情況及營業及租賃應收賬項以及合 約資產的賬齡。
- We tested the payment profiles of sales and aging of trade and lease receivables and contract assets used in the calculation of loss allowance, on a sample basis, to invoices, bank advices and other relevant documents.
- 我們透過交叉核對假設的輸入數據(例如國內生產總值增長率及居民消費價格指數通賬率等)及相關外部數據源或公開資料,評估管理層使用前瞻性資料的合理性。
- We assessed the reasonableness of the use of forward-looking information by management by cross checking the inputs of assumptions (e.g. GDP Growth rate and CPI inflation rate, etc.) to the relevant external data sources or public available information.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

閣鍵審計事項 (續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

我們關注審核營業及租賃應收賬項以及合約資產的減值,乃因為預期信貸虧損的估計面臨高度的估計不確定性及固有的主觀性風險。這涉及管理層對從不同來源選擇被認為適合其情況的內部及外部數據作出重大判斷,以釐定過往信貸虧損經驗,並就預期未來變動調整該經驗。

We focused on auditing the impairment of trade and lease receivables and contract assets because the estimation of ECL is subject to high degree of estimation uncertainty and inherent risk of subjectivity. It involved significant level of management judgement on the selection of internal and external data from various sources that were considered to be appropriate in their circumstances to establish the historical credit loss experience and to adjust this experience for expected future changes.

- 我們根據香港財務報告準則第9號評估有關營業及租賃應收賬項以及合約資產減值的披露是否充足。
- We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures related to impairment of trade and lease receivables and contract assets in the context of the HKFRS 9.

基於所履行程序的結果,我們認為管理層對於營業及租賃應收賬項以及合約資產虧損撥備所採用的判斷及假設有已獲得的證據支持。Based on the procedures performed, we considered that management's judgements and assumptions applied in relation to the loss allowance of trade and lease receivables and contract assets were supportable by evidence obtained.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括年報內的所有信息,但不包括合併財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們 亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對合併財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀 其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與合併財 務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大 抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在 重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我 們沒有任何報告。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

董事及審核委員會就合併財務報表 須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實 而中肯的合併財務報表,並對其認為為使合併財務報 表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備合併財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對合併財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具載有我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅按照百慕達一九八一年《公司法》第90條向 閣下(作為整體)報告我們的意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照香港審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響合併財務報表使用者依賴合併財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的 責任 (續)

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審 計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有 效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提醒使用者注意合併財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關披露不足,則我們應當修改我們的意見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及合併財務報表是否中肯反映有關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取 充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對合併財務報表發 表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和 執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的 責任 (續)

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審計 範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計 中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期間合併財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是賴佩玲 女士。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零二三年三月二十九日

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lai Pui Ling, Sandra.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 29 March 2023

Smart Office 智慧_{辦公} 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零集 New Retail

合併利潤表

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
收入	Revenue	5	832,461	596,349
銷售成本	Cost of sales	7	(705,313)	(482,232)
毛利	Gross profit		127,148	114,117
其他收入	Other income	6	2,662	1,968
其他收益,淨額		6	•	,
	Other gains, net	В	4,782	4,796
安公平值計入損益之金融資產之	Fair value gains on financial assets at fair value	. –		
公平值收益淨額	through profit or loss, net	17	2,017	18,461
股份支付開支	Share-based payment	26	-	(10,482)
金融資產虧損撥備	Loss allowance for financial assets	20(b)	(3,347)	(2,951)
銷售及經銷開支	Selling and distribution expenses	7	(36,964)	(25,689)
一般及行政開支	General and administrative expenses	7	(53,760)	(47,091)
研發開支	Research and development expenses	7	(10,142)	(16,985)
經營溢利	Operating profit		32,396	36,144
融資收入一淨額	Finance income - net	9	1,404	1,463
分佔聯營公司之業績	Share of results of associates	16	(3,317)	_
除所得稅前溢利	Duefit hefere income toy		20.492	27.607
	Profit before income tax	10	30,483	37,607
所得稅開支	Income tax expense	10	(2,653)	(3,346)
年度溢利	Profit for the year		27,830	34,261
	·		ŕ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
			人民幣仙	人民幣仙
			RMB cents	RMB cents
			2 000	
本公司普通權益持有人 應佔溢利之每股盈利	Earnings per share for profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company			
每股基本盈利	Basic earnings per share	12	3.97	4.96

上述合併利潤表應連同隨附附註一併閱讀。

The above consolidated income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompany notes.

合併綜合收益表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
年度溢利	Profit for the year	27,830	34,261
其他綜合收入/(虧損):	Other comprehensive income/(loss):		
可能重新分類至損益之項目	Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss		
外幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	(2,747)	(2,216)
可能不會重新分類至損益之項目	Item that may not be reclassified to profit or loss		
外幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	13,126	(4,675)
年度其他綜合收入/(虧損)	Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	10,379	(6,891)
年度總綜合收益	Total comprehensive income for the year	38,209	27,370

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述合併綜合收益表應連同隨附附註一併閱讀。

合併資產負債表

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

於二零二二年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2022

			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
資產	ASSETS			
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
無形資產	Intangible assets	13	16,552	19,641
物業、機器及設備	Property, plant and equipment	14	8,395	10,450
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	15	12,232	25,793
於聯營公司之投資	Investments in associates	16	7,138	_
按公平值計入損益之金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	17	74,560	47,777
營業及租賃應收賬項	Trade and lease receivables	20	4,869	12,698
遞延所得稅資產	Deferred income tax assets	23	4,952	2,010
預付款項及租賃按金	Prepayments and rental deposits	21	721	271
總非流動資產 	Total non-current assets		129,419	118,640
流動資產	Current assets			
存貨	Inventories	18	148,556	110,126
合約資產	Contract assets	19	17,099	561
營業及租賃應收賬項	Trade and lease receivables	20	215,432	182,430
預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	21	48,967	41,109
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	22	166,866	189,064
總流動資產 	Total current assets		596,920 	523,290
總資產	Total assets		726,339	641,930
權益	EQUITY			
本公司擁有人應佔股本及儲備	Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company			
股本	Share capital	26	68,447	68,447
股份溢價	Share premium	26	213,865	213,865
儲備	Reserves	28	168,721	130,173
總權益	Total aguitu		AE4 000	410 405
#36 /住 1 22. 	Total equity		451,033	412,485

合併資產負債表

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

於二零二二年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2022

租賃負債 總非流動負債	Lease liabilities Total non-current liabilities		3,548	13,807
			3,548	13,807
總非流動負債	Total non-current liabilities		3,548	13,807
		70	3,548	13,807
		10	0.540	10.007
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	10		
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15	945	9,544
F流動負債 遞延所得稅負債	Non-current liabilities Deferred income tax liabilities	23	2,603	4,263
負債	LIABILITIES			
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	2022 人民幣千元	2021 人民幣千元

上述合併資產負債表應連同隨附附註一併閱讀。

The above consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

第94至200頁之合併財務報表由董事會於二零二三年 三月二十九日批准及代其簽署。 The consolidated financial statements on pages 94 to 200 were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 March 2023 and were signed on its behalf.

簡宜彬 主席 CHIEN Yi-Pin Chairman

鄭宜斌 執行董事 CHENG Yee Pun Executive Director

> Smart Office 智慧辦公 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

合併權益變動表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

本公司擁有人應佔 ttributable to owners of the Compa

		Attributable to owners of the Company			
		股本 Share capital 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註26) (Note 26)	股份溢價 Share premium 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註26) (Note 26)	儲備 Reserves 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註28) (Note 28)	總權益 Total equity 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零二二年一月一日之結餘	Balance at 1 January 2022	68,447	213,865	130,173	412,485
綜合收益: 年度溢利	Comprehensive income: Profit for the year	-	-	27,830	27,830
其他綜合虧損: 外幣換算差額	Other comprehensive loss: Currency translation differences	_		10,379	10,379
年度總綜合收益	Total comprehensive income for the year			38,209	38,209
以彼等為擁有人之身份與 擁有人進行之交易: 僱員購股權計劃 一僱員服務價值	Transaction with owners in their capacity as owners: Employee share option schemes – value of employee services	_		339	339
以彼等為擁有人之身份與 擁有人進行之總交易	Total transaction with owners in their capacity as owners	<u>-</u>		339	339
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2022	68,447	213,865	168,721	451,033
於二零二一年一月一日之結餘	Balance at 1 January 2021	64,479	187,511	102,803	354,793
綜合收益: 年度溢利	Comprehensive income: Profit for the year	-	-	34,261	34,261
其他綜合虧損: 外幣換算差額	Other comprehensive loss: Currency translation differences		_	(6,891)	(6,891)
年度總綜合收益	Total comprehensive income for the year			27,370	27,370
以彼等為擁有人之身份與 擁有人進行之交易: 發行股份	Transaction with owners in their capacity as owners: Issuance of shares	3,968	26,354	-	30,322
以彼等為擁有人之身份與 擁有人進行之總交易	Total transaction with owners in their capacity as owners	3,968	26,354		30,322
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	68,447	213,865	130,173	412,485

上述合併權益變動表應連同隨附附註一併閱讀。

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompany notes.

合併現金流量表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
經營活動之現金流量	Cash flows from operating activities			
經營活動所得之現金	Cash generated from operations	29(a)	23,986	15,056
收取利息	Interest received		1,918	2,313
已付所得稅款 	Income tax paid		(3,834)	(2,309)
經營活動所得之淨現金	Net cash generated from operating activities		22,070	15,060
投資活動之現金流量	Cash flows from investing activities			()
購買物業、機器及設備	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,747)	(2,059)
購買無形資產	Purchase of intangible assets		-	(1,776)
購買按公平值計入損益之	Purchase of financial assets			
金融資產	at fair value through profit or loss	17	(21,000)	(13,697)
向一間合營企業注資	Contribution to assoicates	16	(10,455)	
投資活動所用之淨現金	Net cash used in investing activities		(33,202)	(17,532)
融資活動之現金流量	Cash flows from financing activities			
償還租賃負債之資本及	Repayment of capital and interest			
利息部分		20(4)	(46.400)	(1.4.000)
一人总部分	element of lease liabilities	29(d)	(16,438)	(14,399)
融資活動所用之淨現金	Net cash used in financing activities	<u> </u>	(16,438)	(14,399)
現金及現金等價物之	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		()	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
減少淨額			(27,570)	(16,871)
於年初之現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning			
	of the year		189,064	212,436
外幣匯兌變動對於現金及	Effect of foreign exchange rate change			
現金等價物之影響淨額	on cash and cash equivalents, net		5,372	(6,501)
於年末之現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	22	166,866	189,064

上述合併現金流量表應連同隨附附註一併閱讀。

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompany notes.

新零售 New Retail

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 一般資料

雲智匯科技服務有限公司(「本公司」,連同其子公司稱為「本集團」)於一九九四年二月三日根據一九八一年百慕達公司法於百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。其註冊辦事處地址為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda。本公司股份自一九九四年四月十四日起在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。

本集團的主要業務為銷售資訊科技產品及軟件應用產品以及向工業、辦公及零售客戶提供 系統及網絡集成、資訊科技解決方案開發及實施,及相關維護服務。

除另外說明外,此等財務報表以人民幣(「**人民** 幣」)呈報。

2 重要會計政策概要

編製此等合併財務報表所採用之主要會計政策 載列如下。除另有說明外,此等政策在所呈報的 所有年度均貫徹應用。此等合併財務報表乃為 由雲智匯科技服務有限公司及其子公司組成之 本集團所用。

2.1 編製基準

(a) 符合香港財務報告準則及香港《公 司條例》

本集團之合併財務報表乃根據所有 適用之香港財務報告準則(「**香港財** 務報告準則」)及香港《公司條例》第 622章之規定編製。

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Maxnerva Technology Services Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda on 3 February 1994 as an exempted company under Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 14 April 1994.

The Group is principally engaged in sales of I.T. products and software applications, and the provision of system and network integration, information technology solutions development and implementation, and related maintenance services to industrial, office and retail customers.

These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements are for the Group consisting of Maxnerva Technology Services Limited and its subsidiaries.

2.1 Basis of preparation

(a) Compliance with HKFRS and HKCO

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") and requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 歷史成本常規法

合併財務報表乃根據歷史成本常規 法編製,並就按公平值計入損益之 金融資產之重估(按公平值計量)而 作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估計。這亦需要管理層在應用本集團會計政策過程中行使其判斷。涉及較高程度的判斷或複雜性之範疇,或假設及估計對合併財務報表屬重要之範疇,於附註4披露。

(c) 本集團採納之經修訂準則

本集團已於二零二二年一月一日開始之年度報告期間首次應用下列經修訂準則:

年度改進項目 香港財務報告準則

二零一八年至

二零二零年週期

之年度改進

香港財務報告準則 二零二一年之後

第16號(修訂本) COVID-19相關

租賃寬免

香港財務報告準則 概念框架之引述

第3號(修訂本)

香港會計準則 物業、機器及設備:

第16號(修訂本) 擬定用途前的

所得款項

香港會計準則 虧損合約-履行合同

第37號(修訂本) 的成本 會計指引第5號 經修訂會計指引

(經修訂) 第5號共同控制

合併的合併

會計法

管理層評估認為,上述經修訂準則 並無對過往期間確認的金額產生任 何影響,且預計不會對當期或日後 期間產生重大影響。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at fair values.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The area involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or area where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

(c) Amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amended standards for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2022:

Annual improvements project Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2018-

2020

HKFRS 16 (Amendments) COVID-19-related rent concessions

beyond 2021

HKFRS 3 (Amendments)

Reference to the conceptual framework

HKAS 16 (Amendments) Property, plant and equipment – proceeds

before intended use

HKAS 37 (Amendments)

Onerous contracts – cost of fulfilling a

contract

AG 5 (revised) Revised accounting guideline 5 merger

accounting for common control

combinations

The management assessed that the amended standards listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(d) 已頒佈尚未生效且本集團並無提 早採納之新訂及經修訂準則、改 進、詮釋及會計指引(統稱「修訂 本」)

> 以下修訂本已頒佈,但並非於二零 二二年一月一日開始的財政年度生 效,且本集團並無提早採納:

香港會計準則第1號及 會計政策之披露' 香港財務報告準則實務

聲明第2號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第8號 會計估計之定義1

(修訂本)

香港會計準則第12號 單一交易產生之資產

(修訂本) 及負債相關遞延稅

項1

香港財務報告準則 保險合約1

第17號

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第 第17號(修訂本) 17號之修訂本' 香港財務報告準則 初步應用香港財務報

香港財務報告準則 初步應用香港財務報 第17號(修訂本) 告準則第17號及香

港財務報告準則第9號一比較資料1

香港會計準則第1號 將負債分類為流動負 (修訂本) 債或非流動負債² 香港會計準則第1號 附帶契諾的非流動負

(修訂本) 債2

香港財務報告準則第16號 售後租回的租賃負債2

(修訂版)

香港詮釋第5號 財務報表的呈列一借 (二零二零年) 款人對含有按要求

償還條款的定期貸

款的分類2

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公司 第10號及香港會計準則 或合營公司之間之

第28號(修訂本) 資產出售或注資3

1 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效

於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效

3 待定日期

本集團將於該等修訂本生效時予以 採用。本集團預計應用上述修訂本 將不會對本集團的業績及財務狀況 造成重大影響。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(d) New and amended standards, improvements, interpretations and accounting guideline (collectively "Amendments"), issued that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

The following Amendments have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2022 and have not been early adopted by the Group:

HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice	Disclosure of accounting policies ¹
Statement 2 (Amendments)	

HKAS 8 (Amendments) Definition of accounting estimates¹

HKAS 12 (Amendments) Deferred tax related to assets and

liabilities arising from a single

transaction1

HKFRS 17 Insurance contracts¹

HKFRS 17 (Amendments) Amendments to HKFRS 17¹

HKFRS 17 (Amendments) Initial application of HKFRS 17 and

HKFRS 9 - comparative information¹

HKAS 1 (Amendments) Classification of liabilities as current or

non-current2

HKAS 1 (Amendments) Non-current liabilities with covenants²

HKFRS 16 (Amendments) Lease liability in a sale and leaseback²

HK Int 5 (2020) Presentation of financial statements –

classification by the borrower of a term loan that contains a repayment on

demand clause²

HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or contribution of assets between (Amendments) an investor and its associate or joint

venture³

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- ³ A date to be determined

The Group will adopt these Amendments when they become effective. The Group anticipates that the applications of the above Amendments have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.2 合併原則及權益會計處理

(a) 子公司

子公司指本集團對其具有控制權的 所有實體(包括結構性實體)。當本 集團因為參與該實體而承擔可變回 報的風險或享有可變回報的權益, 並有能力透過其對該實體的權力影 響此等回報時,本集團即控制該實 體。子公司在控制權轉移至本集團 之日悉數合併入賬。子公司在控制 權終止之日起停止合併入賬。

集團內公司之間的交易、結餘及交易之未變現收益予以對銷。若交易提供憑證顯示所轉讓資產出現減值,未變現虧損亦予以對銷。子公司的會計政策已於必要時變更,以確保與本集團採納的政策一致。

(b) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團具有重大影響力 但並無控制權或聯合控制權的實 體。通常情況下,本集團擁有20% 至50%的表決權持股比例。於聯營 公司之投資乃採用權益會計法入 賬。

根據權益會計法,投資初步按成本確認,其後進行調整以於損益確認本集團應佔被投資方收購後溢利或虧損,並於其他綜合收益確認本集團應佔被投資方其他綜合收益的變動。

當本集團應佔按權益法列賬的投資 的虧損等於或超出其於該實體的權 益(包括任何其他無抵押長期應收 賬款)時,本集團不會進一步確認虧 損,除非本集團有承擔責任或代其 他實體支付款項。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed when necessary to ensure consistency with policies adopted by the Group.

(b) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income.

Where the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.2 合併原則及權益會計處理(續)

(b) 聯營公司(續)

本集團與其聯營公司間交易的未變 現收益按本集團於該等實體的權益 為限進行抵銷。未實現虧損亦予以 抵銷,除非有交易顯示已轉讓資產 出現減值跡象。按權益列賬的被投 資方的會計政策已在必要時作出變 動,以確保與本集團所採納的政策 一致。

按權益列賬的投資的賬面值根據附 註2.8所述政策進行減值測試。

2.3 獨立財務報表

於子公司的投資按成本扣除減值列賬。成本包括投資的直接應佔成本。子公司的業 績由本公司按已收及應收股息列賬。

如股息超過宣派股息期內子公司的總綜合收益,或如獨立財務報表中的投資賬面值超過合併財務報表中被投資方淨資產(包括商譽)的賬面值,則須於收取該等投資的股息時就於子公司的投資作減值測試。

2.4 分部報告

營運分部的報告方式須與主要營運決策 人獲提供的內部報告的方式一致。

主要營運決策人負責分配資源並且評核 營運分部的表現。作出策略性決定的執行 董事被認定為主要營運決策人。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (continued)

(b) Associates (continued)

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity-accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in Note 2.8.

2.3 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that make strategic decisions.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.5 外幣換算

(a) 功能和呈報貨幣

本集團旗下各實體之財務報表所載項目均採用有關實體營運所在之主要經濟環境通用之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。本公司之功能貨幣為港元,而合併財務報表以本公司及本集團之呈報貨幣人民幣呈報。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易日期或項目獲重 新計量的估值日期的匯率換算為功 能貨幣。結算該等交易產生的匯兌 盈虧以及將外幣計值的貨幣資產及 負債按年終匯率換算產生的匯兌盈 虧在利潤表內確認。

外幣換算收益及虧損均於利潤表 「其他收益,淨額」呈列。

以外幣計值按公平值計量的非貨幣項目乃按於釐定公平值當日的匯率換算。按公平值列賬的資產及負債的換算差額呈報為公平值收益或虧損的一部分。例如,非貨幣資產及負債(如按公平值計入損益的權益)的換算差額,於損益內確認為公平值收益或虧損的一部分,而非其他條合收益的權益)的換算差額,於其他綜合收益確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.5 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Company's functional currency is Hong Kong dollars while the consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the income statement within "Other gains, net".

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.5 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

功能貨幣與呈報貨幣不同的所有集 團實體(當中沒有惡性通貨膨脹經濟的貨幣)的業績和財務狀況按如 下方法換算為呈報貨幣:

- (i) 每份呈報的資產負債表內的 資產和負債按該資產負債表 日期的年結日匯率換算;
- (ii) 每份利潤表內的收入和費用 按平均匯率換算(除非該平均 值並非交易日期匯率的累計 影響的合理約數;在此情況 下,收入和費用按交易日期 的匯率換算);及
- (iii) 所有由此產生的匯兌差額在 其他綜合收益中確認。

於合併入賬時,因換算任何於海外 實體的投資淨額而產生的匯兌差額 於其他綜合收益確認。當海外經營 業務被出售時,相關匯兌差額重新 分類至損益作為出售收益或虧損的 一部分。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.5 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.6 物業、機器及設備

所有物業、機器及設備以歷史成本減折舊 入賬。歷史成本包括購買該等項目直接應 佔支出。

後續成本只有在很可能為本集團帶來與該項目有關的未來經濟利益,而該項目的成本能可靠計量時,才計入資產的賬面值或確認為一項單獨資產(倘適用)。已更換零件的賬面值被終止確認。所有其他維修及保養費用在產生時的財政期間內於利潤表支銷。

折舊乃使用直線法計算,以於其估計使用 年期內,或倘為租賃物業裝修,則於以下 租期內分配其成本並扣除其剩餘價值(如 有):

電腦設備 3至5年 租賃物業裝修 租期或5年之較短者 傢俬、裝置及設備 3至5年

資產的剩餘價值及使用年期在各報告期 末進行檢討,及在適當時調整。

倘資產之賬面值高於其估計可收回金額, 則其賬面值即時撇減至可收回金額(附註 2.8)。

出售所得收益或虧損透過比較所得款項 與賬面值釐定,於利潤表「其他收益,淨 額」確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost amounts, net of their residual values if any, over their estimated useful lives or, in the case of leasehold improvements, the lease term as follows:

Computer equipment 3 to 5 years
Leasehold improvements Shorter of lease term or 5 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 to 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.8).

Gain or loss on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within "other gains, net" in the income statement.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.7 無形資產

所收購電腦軟件根據就購入特定軟件及 令其可供使用所產生的成本撥充資本。此 等成本乃就購入特定軟件及令其可供使 用而產生,於其3至5年估計使用年期內 以直線法攤銷。

所收購軟件組件、專利、域名及商標根據 所收購成本撥充資本。其可按成本減累計 攤銷列賬並使用直線法於8年估計可使用 年期內攤銷。

2.8 非金融資產的減值

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.7 Intangible assets

Acquired computer software is capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software, and are amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life of 3 to 5 years.

Acquired software components, patents, domain names and trademark are capitalised on the basis of the costs acquired. They are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. They are amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 8 years.

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets that are not subject to depreciation or amortisation are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Nonfinancial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.9 金融資產

(a) 分類

本集團將其金融資產分類為以下計量類別:(i)其後按公平值計入損益計量之金融資金;及(ii)按攤銷成本計量之金融資產。分類視乎實體管理金融資產之業務模式及現金流量之合約條款而定。管理層於初步確認金融資產時將其分類。

就按公平值計入損益計量的資產而言,收益及虧損將計入損益。並非持作買賣的股本工具投資將視乎本集團是否於初步確認時不可撤回地選擇以按公平值計入其他綜合收益(「按公平值計入其他綜合收益」)將股權投資入賬。

本集團於及僅於管理該等資產之業 務模式改變時,方會重新分類債務 投資。

(b) 確認及終止確認

常規購買及出售的金融資產在交易 日確認,交易日指本集團承諾購買 或出售該資產之日。當從金融資產 收取現金流量的權利已到期或已轉 讓,而本集團已實質上將所有權的 所有風險和報酬轉讓時,金融資產 即終止確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.9 Financial assets

(a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets as following measurement categories: (i) those measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss; and (ii) those to be measured at amortised cost. The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

For assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, gains and losses will be recorded in profit or loss. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.9 金融資產(續)

(c) 計量

於初始確認時,本集團按公平值計量金融資產,倘為並非按公平值計入損益」)的金融資產,則加上購買金融資產直接應佔之交易成本。按公平值計入損益列賬之金融資產之交易成本於損益列賬之金融資產之交易成本於損益內別作開支。

債務工具

債務工具之其後計量取決於本集團 管理資產之業務模式及該項資產之 現金流量特徵。本集團將其債務工 具分類為兩種計量類別:

- 攤銷成本:為收取合約現金 流量而持有,且現金流量產 為支付本金及利息之資產按 攤銷成本計量。其後按攤銷 成本計量且並非對沖關係一 部分之債務投資之收益或減值 時於合併利潤表確認。該等 金融資產的利息收入。
- 按公平值計入損益:不符合 攤銷成本或按公平值計入其 他綜合收益標準的資產按公 平值計入損益計量。其後按 公平值計入損益計量且並非 對沖關係一部分之債務投資 之收益或虧損於損益確認, 並於產生期間以淨額呈列於 「其他收益,淨額」。
- 於釐定其現金流量是否僅為 支付本金及利息時,將整體 考慮具有嵌入式衍生工具之 金融資產(如可換股債券)。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

(c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are two measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in the consolidated income statements when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in 'Other gains, net' in the period in which it arises.
- Financial assets with embedded derivatives, for example, a convertible bond, are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.9 金融資產(續)

(c) 計量(續)

股本工具

本集團按公平值對所有股本投資進 行後續計量。按公平值計入損益之 金融資產之公平值變動於合併利潤 表內於其他收益,淨額確認(如適 用)。

(d) 減值

本集團按前瞻性基準評估與所有接受預期信貸虧損評估的工具相關的預期信貸虧損。減值方法適用於計入損益之金融資產以外之債務工具取決於是否出現信貸風險明顯增加。附註3.1(b)詳述本集團釐定信貸風險是否存在明顯增加的方法。

就營業應收賬項及其他應收款項 (其他應收稅項除外)、合約資產 及融資租賃應收賬項而言,本集團 應用香港財務報告準則第9號所允 許的簡化方法,該方法規定預期全 期虧損須自首次確認應收款項時予 以確認,進一步詳情見附註3.1(b)。

2.10 抵銷金融工具

當有合法可執行權利可抵銷已確認金額,並有意圖按淨額基準結算或同時變現資產和結算負債時,金融資產與負債可互相抵銷,並在資產負債表報告其淨額。合法可執行權利必須不得依賴未來事件而定,而在一般業務過程中以及倘本集團或對方一旦出現違約、無償債能力或破產時,也必須具有可執行力。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.9 Financial assets (continued)

(c) Measurement (continued)

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in Other gains, net in the consolidated income statement as applicable.

(d) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with all instruments subjected to the expected credit loss assessment. The impairment methodology applied to debt instruments other than financial assets through profit or loss depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 3.1(b) details how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade and other receivables (excluding other tax receivables), contract assets and finance leases receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables, see Note 3.1(b) for further details.

2.10 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.11 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者的較低者 列賬。成本乃按加權平均法計算。可變現 淨值為一般業務過程中的估計售價減適 用的可變銷售費用。

2.12 營業應收賬項

營業應收賬項為在一般營業過程中就產品銷售或服務執行而應收客戶的款項。如營業應收賬項的收回預期在一年或以內(如仍在正常業務經營週期中,則可較長時間),其被分類為流動資產;否則按非流動資產呈列。

營業應收賬項初步按無條件代價金額確認,除非其包含重大融資部分,並按公平值確認。本集團為收取合約現金流量而持有營業應收賬項,因此其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。有關本集團營業應收賬項會計處理之其他資料,請見附註20,有關本集團減值政策之描述,請見附註3.1(b)。

營業應收賬項於合併資產負債表內呈列 為營業及租賃應收賬項。

2.13 合約資產及合約負債

合約資產為本集團已向客戶轉讓商品或 服務而有權收取代價之權利。當本集團 收到代價之權利為無條件時(即代價僅須 時間推移便會成為到期付款時),合約資 產成為應收款項。合約資產減值按附註 2.9(d)所載相同基準計量、呈列及披露。

合約負債為本集團向本集團已收代價之 客戶轉讓商品或服務之義務。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by using the weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.12 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for products sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See note 20 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade receivables and note 3.1(b) for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

Trade receivables are presented on the consolidated balance sheet within trade and lease receivables.

2.13 Contracts assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer. A contract asset becomes a receivable when the Group's right to consideration is unconditional, which is the case when only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due. The impairment of contract assets is measured, presented and disclosed on the same basis set out in Note 2.9(d).

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.14 現金及現金等價物

就於現金流量表呈報而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及銀行活期存款。

2.15 股本

普通股列作權益。發行新股份或期權直接應佔新增成本在權益內列示為所得款項(除稅後)的扣減。

2.16 應付營業賬項

應付營業賬項為在一般營業過程中向供應商購買商品或服務而應作出付款的責任。如應付營業賬項、其他應付款項及應計費用的支付日期在一年或以內(如在一般營業週期中,則可較長時間),則分類為流動負債;否則呈列作非流動負債。

應付營業賬項、其他應付款項及應計費用 初步按公平值確認,其後利用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。

2.17 當期及遞延所得稅

期內所得稅開支或抵免為基於各司法權區的適用所得稅率計算的當期應課稅收入(由暫時差額及未動用稅項虧損導致的遞延稅項資產及負債變動調整)的應付稅項。

(a) 當期所得稅

當期所得稅支出根據本公司及其子公司營運及產生應課稅收入的國家於報告期末已頒佈或實質頒佈的稅務法例計算。管理層就適用稅務條例詮釋所規限的情況定期評估報稅表的狀況,並在適用情況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付的稅款設定撥備。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.16 Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables, other payables and accruals are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables, other payables and accruals are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.17 當期及遞延所得稅(續)

(b) 遞延所得稅

遞延所得稅乃就資產及負債之稅基 與其於合併財務報表所示賬面值之 間暫時差額,以負債法作出全數撥 備。然而,倘遞延稅項負債乃產生 自商譽之初步確認,則不會確認。 遞延所得稅乃以於報告期末已頒佈, 或實際頒佈之稅率(及法例)釐定, 並預期於變現相關遞延所得稅資 或償還遞延所得稅負債時適用。

僅於可能有未來應課稅金額以動用 該等臨時差異及虧損時,方會確認 遞延稅項資產。

倘本集團能控制撥回臨時差異的時間及差額很可能不會於可見未來撥回,則遞延稅項負債及資產不會就 海外業務投資的賬面值及稅基的臨時差異予以確認。

當有合法可執行權利抵銷當期稅項 資產及負債及當遞延稅項結餘與同 一稅務機關有關時,遞延稅項資產 及負債可予抵銷。倘實體擁有合法 可執行權利抵銷及擬按淨額基準結 付或同時變現資產及結付負債時, 則當期稅項資產及稅項負債可予抵 銷。

當期及遞延稅項於損益內確認,但 與在其他綜合收益中或直接在權益 中確認的項目有關者則除外。在該 情況下,稅項亦分別在其他綜合收 益或直接在權益中確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.17 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.18 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任

本集團參與若干可供所有相關僱員 享用的設定提存供款退休福利計 劃。該等計劃一般以向政府成立的 計劃或信託管理基金支付款項之方 式運作。設定提存計劃指本集團以 強制、合約或自願基準向獨立實體 作出供款之退休金計劃。倘基金並 無足夠資產就當期及過往期間,本集 員服務向所有僱員支付福利,本集 團並無法定或推定責任作出進一步 供款。

香港

本集團於香港之僱員須參與強制性 公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)界定之 定額供款計劃。強積金計劃之資產 由獨立管理之基金持有,獨立於本 集團之資產。

在強積金計劃下,本集團及各僱員分別按僱員有關入息(按照強制性公積金計劃條例之定義)百分之五供款。本集團及僱員雙方之供款均為每月最高1,500港元,隨後為自願性供款。有關供款即時悉數歸屬僱員。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.18 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

The Group participates in various defined contribution retirement benefit plans which are available to all relevant employees. These plans are generally funded through payments to schemes established by government or trustee-administered funds. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays contributions on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefit relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Hong Kong

Employees of the Group in Hong Kong are required to participate in a defined contribution scheme as defined in Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme"). The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group under independently administered funds.

Under the MPF Scheme, each of the Group and its employees makes monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employee's relevant income, as defined in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance. Both the Group's and the employee's contributions are subjected to a cap of HK\$1,500 per month, with contributions beyond these amounts being voluntary. The contributions are fully and immediately vested to the employees.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.18 僱員福利(續)

(a) 退休金責任(續)

中國

按照中國法規規定,本集團為中國有關僱員向國家資助退休計劃供款。本集團及其相關僱員按有關入息(包括薪金、津貼及花紅)按各自法定比例供款。除以上供款外,本集團沒有額外支付實際退休後福利之承擔。此國家資助退休計劃負責對退休僱員提供全部退休後收益。

台灣

本公司根據勞工退休金條例(「條例」),參與界定供款退休金計劃 (「新計劃」),適用於所有台灣普通員工。根據新計劃,本公司每月 按員工月薪及工資之6%提繳至勞保局員工個人退休金賬戶。產生之福利於僱傭終止時每月或一次性支付。除供款外,本集團對實限退休後福利並無其他責任。

退休計劃之所有供款均全部及即時 歸屬,本集團並無未歸屬之福利以 減少將來供款。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.18 Employee benefits (continued)

(a) Pension obligations (continued)

The PRC

As stipulated by rules and regulations in The PRC, the Group contributes to state-sponsored retirement plans for its relevant employees in The PRC. The Group and its relevant employees make monthly contributions to the plans at the respective statutory rates on the relevant income (comprising salaries, allowances and bonus). The Group has no further obligations for the actual payment of post-retirement benefits beyond its contributions. The state-sponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire post-retirement benefits payable to retired employees.

Taiwan

The Company participates in a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees in Taiwan. Under the New Plan, the Company contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment. The Group has no further obligations for the actual payment of post-retirement benefits beyond its contributions.

All contributions to pension plans are fully and immediately vested and the Group had no unvested benefits available to reduce its future contributions.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要(續)

2.18 僱員福利(續)

(b) 花紅計劃

當本集團因僱員已提供之服務而產 生現有法定或推定責任,而該責任 金額能夠可靠估算時,派付花紅之 預期成本將確認為負債。花紅計劃 之負債預期在十二個月內結付,並 以結付時預計需付之金額計量。

(c) 僱員應享假期

僱員的年假權利於僱員應享時確認。本集團就僱員截至報告期末已 提供的服務而享有的年假的估計負 債作出撥備。

僱員應享的病假及產假於休假前不 予確認。

2.19 以股份為基礎的薪酬

本集團實施一項以股份為基礎的薪酬計劃,旨在為對本集團的成功經營作出貢獻的合資格參與人士提供獎勵及回報。僱員提供服務以換取所授購股權的公平值乃確認為開支。列作開支的總金額乃參照已授出購股權的公平值釐定,而計算時:

- 包括任何市場表現狀況(如實體的 股價);
- 不包括任何有關服務及非市場表現的歸屬情況(如盈利能力、銷售增長目標及有關人士於一段特定時間內是否仍為實體僱員)的影響;及
- 包括任何非歸屬條件(如要求員工儲備)的影響。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.18 Employee benefits (continued)

(b) Bonus plan

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Liabilities of bonus plan are expected to be settled within twelve months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

(c) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

2.19 Share-based compensation

The Group operates a share-based compensation plan for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participates who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.19 以股份為基礎的薪酬(續)

非市場歸屬條件包括在有關預期可予歸屬購股權數目的假設中。開支總額在歸屬期間內確認,歸屬期間指將符合所有特定可歸屬條件的期間。

於各報告期末,本集團依據非市場表現及 服務條件修訂其對預期可歸屬的購股權 數目的估計。本集團於利潤表確認對原估 算修訂(如有)的影響,並對權益作出相應 調整。在購股權獲行使時,本公司將發行 新股份。已收取所得款項(扣除任何直接 應佔交易成本)均列入股本(面值)及股份 溢價中。

本集團就收購無形資產發行股份。所發行 股份的公平值與無形資產的公平值之間 的差額於合併利潤表確認為開支。

2.20 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而導致承擔現有法 定或推定責任,並可能有資源流出以償付 責任,且已就相關金額作出可靠估計,則 會確認撥備。不會就未來經營虧損確認撥 備。

如出現多項類似責任,而償付該等責任是 否須動用資源在考慮該等責任的整體類 別後釐定。即使同類別責任中任何一項可 能須動用資源的機會不大,但仍會確認撥 備。

撥備利用反映目前市場評估資金的時間 價值及責任的個別風險的除稅前利率,以 預期須用作履行責任的支出的現值計量。 由於時間消逝導致的撥備增加,於利潤表 的「融資成本一淨額」確認為利息開支。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.19 Share-based compensation (continued)

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market performance and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

The Group issued shares for acquisition of intangible assets. The difference between the fair value of shares issued and the fair value of the intangible assets is recognised as an expense in the consolidated income statement.

2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense within "finance costs – net" in the income statement.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.21 政府補助

政府補助於能合理確定將會收取補助而本集團符合所有相關條件時,按公平值確認。有關成本之政府補助均將遞延,並於與其擬定補償之成本配對之所需期間內於損益內確認。政府補助於合併利潤表「其他收入」呈列。

2.22 收入確認

收入按已收或應收代價之公平值計量,代表貨品供應後應收回之款項。收入在扣除折扣、退貨和增值稅後列賬。本集團對於能可靠計量收入金額,且可能有未來經濟利益流入實體以及本集團以下各項業務符合特定條件時確認收入。

(a) 銷售貨品

應收賬款於貨品交付時獲確認。代 價於此時成為無條件,原因是僅須 經一段時間後有關款項便會到期。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.21 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate. Government grants are presented in "other income" in the consolidated income statement.

2.22 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied, stated net of discounts, returns and value added taxes. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

(a) Sales of goods

The Group engages in sales of I.T. products including but not limited to servers, monitors, Mondopads, computer hardwares and softwares, and other IoT products. Sales of goods are recognised when the control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Accounts receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered, this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.22 收入確認(續)

(b) 資訊科技項目

有關資訊科技項目之收入乃來自為智能製造及其他物聯網應用開發訂制之軟件、平台及相關硬件提供服務。由於客戶同時收取及使用福利,收入乃根據至報告期間末已提供之實際服務按將予提供之總服務之比例確認。此乃根據與總預期勞工時間相比所花費之實際勞工時間

倘情況變動,收入、成本或完成進度的估計則會予以修訂。任何收入或成本估計的增加或減少於管理層 獲知導致修訂的情況的期間反映於 損益。

如屬固定價格合約,客戶按付款期 支付固定金額。倘本集團提供之服 務超逾付款,則確認合約資產。倘 付款超逾所提供服務,則確認合約 負債。

倘合約包括時薪,收入確認為本集 團有權出具發票的金額。客戶按月 或根據協定付款條款出具發票,代 價於出具發票時支付。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.22 Revenue recognition (continued)

(b) I.T. Project

Revenues from I.T. Project are generated from providing services for development of tailor-made software, platform and related hardware in smart manufacturing and other IoT applications. The revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided because the customer receives and uses the benefits simultaneously. This is determined based on the actual labour hours spent relative to the total expected labour hours.

The revenue of rendering of services comprises the agreed contract amount. Some contracts include multiple performance obligations, such as the sale of hardware, consultation services and related installation services. Where the contracts include multiple performance obligations, the transaction price will be allocated to each performance obligation based on the stand-alone selling prices. Where these are not directly observable, they are estimated based on expected cost plus margin. If contracts include the installation of hardware, revenue for the hardware is recognised at a point in time when the hardware is delivered, the legal title has passed and the customer has accepted the hardware.

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

In case of fixed-price contracts, the customer pays the fixed amount based on a payment schedule. If the services rendered by the Group exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.

If the contract includes an hourly fee, revenue is recognised in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice. Customers are invoiced on a monthly basis or according to agreed payment terms and consideration is payable when invoiced.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.22 收入確認(續)

(c) 維修及諮詢服務

維修及諮詢服務的收入乃按時間比例於合約期或於提供相關服務時確認(於適當情況下)。

(d) 融資及經營租賃收入

融資及經營租賃收入的收入確認載 於附註2.23。

(e) 利息收入

利息收入以實際利率法確認。

持作現金管理用途的金融資產所賺取的利息收入呈列為融資收入。任何其他利息收入計入其他收入。

(f) 融資部分

就向客戶轉讓所承諾商品或服務至客戶作出付款的期間超過一年之合約而言,交易價按貨幣之時間價值進行調整。就信貸期為30至90天之銷售而言,視為不存在任何融資部分,其符合市場慣例。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.22 Revenue recognition (continued)

(c) Maintenance and consulting services

Revenues from maintenance and consulting services are recognised on a time proportion basis over the period of the contract or when the relevant services have been rendered, as appropriate.

(d) Finance and operating lease income

The revenue recognition for the lease income under finance and operating leases are stated in Note 2.23.

(e) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes. Any other interest income is included in other income.

(f) Financing components

For contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to customers and payment by the customers exceeds one year, the transaction prices were adjusted for the time value of money. For the sales with credit terms ranging from 30 to 90 days, no element of financing is deemed present, which is consistent with market practice.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.23 租賃

除所有短期租賃及低價值資產租賃外,租 賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用當日確認 為使用權資產及相應負債。

合約可能包含租賃及非租賃組成部分。本 集團根據相對獨立價格將合約中的代價 分配予租賃及非租賃部分。

自租賃產生的資產及負債初始按現值計量。租賃負債包括固定租賃付款的淨現 值。

計量負債時亦包括根據合理確定延長選 擇權作出的租賃付款。

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的利率予以貼現。倘無法可靠釐定該利率(就本集團的租賃而言通常如此),則使用承租人的增量借款利率,即單個承租人在類似條款、擔保和條件的類似經濟環境中借入所需資金而獲得接近使用權資產價值的資產所必須支付的利率。

租賃付款於本金與融資成本之間作出分配。融資成本於租期內自損益扣除以計算 出各期間負債餘下結餘的固定週期利率。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;及
- 於開始日期或之前作出的任何租賃 付款減任何已收取的租賃優惠。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.23 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group, except for all short-term leases and leases of low-value assets.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the fixed lease payments.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 重要會計政策概要 (續)

2.23 租賃 (續)

使用權資產一般於資產使用年期或租賃期 (以較短者為準)按直線法計提折舊。倘 本集團合理確定行使購買選擇權,則使用 權資產於相關資產的使用年期內予以折 舊。

與設備及汽車短期租賃及所有低價值資產租賃相關的付款以直線法於損益內確認為開支。短期租賃指租期為12個月或以下的租賃。低價值資產包括資訊科技設備及小型辦公設備。

經營租賃(本集團作為出租人)的租賃收入於租期內以直線法確認為收入。於獲取經營租賃時產生的初始直接成本會加入相關資產的賬面值,並於租期內按確認租賃收入的同一基準確認為開支。相關租賃資產按其性質計入資產負債表。

融資租賃之收入根據反映出租人有關融資租賃之未償還淨投資之固定定期收益率之模式確認為融資收入。租賃期開始時,出租人應將融資租賃於資產負債表中記錄為應收款項,金額等於租賃投資淨額。香港財務報告準則第9號之終止確認及減值規定適用於出租人之租賃投資淨額。

2.24 股息分派

就於報告期末或之前已宣派但於報告期 末尚未分派的任何股息(已適當授權及不 再由實體酌情決定)的款項作出撥備。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.23 Leases (continued)

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office equipment.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

Lease income from finance lease recognised as finance income based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment outstanding in respect of the finance lease. At commencement of the lease term, the lessor should record a finance lease in the balance sheet as a receivable, at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. The derecognition and impairment requirements of HKFRS 9 apply to a lessor's net investment in a lease.

2.24 Dividend distribution

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團經營活動面對多項財務風險:市場 風險(包括外匯風險及現金流量及公平值 利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。 本集團整體風險管理計劃針對難以預測 的金融市場,以將對本集團財務表現的潛 在不利影響降至最低。

管理層定期監察本集團之財務風險。使用 衍生金融工具對沖若干風險受本公司董 事會批准的本集團政策規管。本集團會按 情況考慮訂立若干外匯遠期期權以管理 其外匯風險。本集團並無使用衍生金融工 具作投機活動。

(a) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and cash flow and fair value interest-rate risks), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Management regularly monitors the financial risks of the Group. The use of derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures is governed by the Group's policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Group would occasionally enter into certain foreign currency forwards options to manage its exchange risks. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong, Taiwan, the PRC and the United States with most of the transactions settled in HKD, RMB, United States dollars ("USD"), New Taiwanese dollars ("NTD") and Euro ("EUR"). Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk from various currencies, primarily with respect to USD, NTD and EUR.

Management has a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currencies. It mainly includes managing the exposures arising from sales and purchases made by the relevant group companies in currencies other than their own functional currencies. The Group also manages its foreign exchange risk by performing regular reviews of the Group's net foreign exchange exposures and would consider the use of foreign exchange contracts to manage its foreign exchange risks, where appropriate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團之若干營業應收 賬項及其他應收款項、現金 及現金等價物及應付營業賬 項及其他應付款項以外幣計 值,詳情已於合併財務報表 相關附註披露。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,就功能貨幣為人民幣之人民幣之司而言,倘5%,而所有其他變數保持不變,年內除稅後溢利將減少一年:人民幣189,000元(二零二一年:人民幣189,000元),主要由於換算以美元計值之收益所致。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2022, certain of the Group's trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and trade and other payables were denominated in foreign currencies, details of which have been disclosed in the respective notes to these consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2022, for group companies with RMB as their functional currency, if USD had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the RMB, with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been approximately RMB330,000 (2021: RMB189,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of bank balances denominated in USD.

For a group company with NTD as its functional currency, if USD and RMB had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the NTD, with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been approximately RMB887,000 higher/lower and RMB226,000 lower/higher (2021: RMB281,000 higher/lower and RMB409,000 lower/higher), respectively, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of lease liabilities denominated in USD and losses/gains on translation of bank balances denominated in RMB.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

就功能貨幣為港元及新台幣 的集團成員公司而言,份別 值/升值5%而所有其份 值/升值5%而所有稅稅 人升值5%而所有稅稅 人升值5%而所有稅稅 人 一年 一類 (二零二一年 民幣324,000元),乃主銀行 於換算以歐元計值之銀行款 於營業應收賬項、預付款收 份應計費用之匯兌虧損/收 益。

董事認為,基於聯繫匯率制度,港元兌美元相對穩定,因此,功能貨幣為港元之公司並不須承擔以美元計值之交易或結餘之任何重大外匯風險。因此,概無進行敏感度分析。

(ii) 現金流量及公平值利率風險

由於本集團於二零二二年 十二月三十一日並無重大計 息負債,故概無呈列敏感度 分析。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

For the group companies with HKD and NTD as their functional currencies, if EUR had weakened/strengthened by 5% against HKD and NTD respectively, with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been approximately RMB195,000 (2021: RMB324,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of bank balances, trade receivables, prepayment and accruals denominated in EUR.

In the opinion of the directors, the HKD is reasonably stable with respect to the USD under the Linked Exchange Rate System, and accordingly, companies with HKD as their functional currency do not have any significant foreign exchange risk in respect of transactions or balances denominated in USD. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is performed.

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets except for the cash at banks, details of which are disclosed in Note 22. The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its lease liabilities, details of which are disclosed in Note 15. Lease liabilities carried at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk but management considers that the fair value interest rate risk is immaterial. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

No sensitivity analysis is presented as the Group did not have material interest bearing liabilities as at 31 December 2022.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險

銀行現金、營業及租賃應收賬項以 及合約資產、按金及按攤銷成本列 賬之其他應收款項產生信貸風險。

(i) 風險管理

信貸風險乃按照組合方式管 理。

本集團大部分銀行現金存於 位於香港、中國及台灣的大 型金融機構,屬於良好信譽 及高信貸素質。管理層預期 不會出現任何因該等對方不 履約而產生的虧損。

(ii) 減值

營業及租賃應收賬項及合約 資產

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash at banks, trade and lease receivables and contract assets, deposits and other receivables carried at amortised cost.

(i) Risk management

Credit risk is managed on a group basis.

The majority of the Group's cash at banks are deposited in major financial institutions located in Hong Kong, The PRC and Taiwan, which are in good reputation and high credit quality. Management does not expect any losses arising from non-performance by these counterparties.

Credit risk includes risks resulting from risks of concentration and counterparty default. As at 31 December 2022, the Group has concentration of credit risk as its top 5 trade debtors represent 46% (2021: 40%) of the total trade and lease receivables and contract assets. The Group also has policies in place to ensure that sale of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and the Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers. Normally the Group does not require collaterals from trade debtors.

(ii) Impairment

Trade and lease receivables and contract assets

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and lease receivables and contract assets, except for those trade receivables which are long overdue with known liquidity issue or non-response to collection activities which are tested individually.

Smart Office 智慧_{辦公} 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution _{新零售} New Retail

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 減值(續)

營業及租賃應收賬項及合約 資產(續)

按個別基準計量預期信貸虧 損

與已知存在財務困難或應收 賬款收款存在重大疑慮的客 戶有關的營業應收賬項進行 個別評估以計提減值準備。 於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,該等個別評估營業應收 賬項結餘人民幣61,954,000 元(二零二一年:人民幣 55,450,000元)已計提全數撥 備。

按總體基準計量預期信貸虧損

本集團將其營業及租賃應收 賬項及合約資產歸類,惟該 等根據風險特徵單獨評估者 除外。

本集團按其客戶地理位置及 信貸風險特徵將營業及租賃 應收賬項及合約資產劃分為 以下兩類:

- 第一類為於亞洲地區 開展業務的客戶
- 第二類為於非亞洲地區開展業務的客戶

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Impairment (continued)

Trade and lease receivables and contract assets *(continued)*

Measurement of expected credit loss on individual basis

Trade receivables relating to customers with known financial difficulties or significant doubt on collection of receivables are assessed individually for provision for impairment allowance. As at 31 December 2022, full provision of these balances of individually assessed trade receivable of RMB61,954,000 (2021: RMB55,450,000) was provided.

Measurement of expected credit loss on collective basis

The Group categories its trade and lease receivables and contract assets, except those individually assessed, based on the risk characteristics.

The Group divided trade and lease receivables and contract assets into 2 categories by the geographic location of its customers and credit risk characteristic, as follow:

- Category 1 is for customers conducting business in Asia region
- Category 2 is for customers conducting business in non-Asia regions

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 減值(續)

營業及租賃應收賬項及合約 資產(續)

按總體基準計量預期信貸虧損(續)

預期虧損率乃基於二零二二年十二月三十一日之前36個月期間的銷售付款情況及6個別間內所錄得之相應過往信貸虧損。過往虧損率乃經調整以反映影響客戶結清應收款項能力之宏觀經濟因素之現時及前瞻性資料。

本集團已確定亞太工業生產增長、年度居民消費價格指數通脹及德國實際國內生產總值等為最相關因素,並根據該等因素的預期變動相應調整歷史虧損率。

對於不同類型的客戶,本集 團分別計算預期虧損率。

按此基準,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,營業及租 賃應收賬項及合約資產的虧 損撥備釐定如下。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Impairment (continued)

Trade and lease receivables and contract assets *(continued)*

Measurement of expected credit loss on collective basis *(continued)*

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 36 months before 31 December 2022 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

The Group has identified the Asia – Pacific industrial production growth, annual CPI inflation and Germany Real GDP, etc. to be the most relevant factor, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

With different types of customers, the Group calculated the expected loss rate respectively.

On that basis, the loss allowance as at 31 December 2022 was determined as follows for both trade and lease receivables and contract assets.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

_

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) 減值(續)

(ii) Impairment (continued)

營業及租賃應收賬項及合約資產(續)

Trade and lease receivables and contract assets *(continued)*

按總體基準計量預期信貸虧損(續)

Measurement of expected credit loss on collective basis *(continued)*

第一類:於亞洲地區開展業

Category 1: Customers conducting business in Asia region

務的客戶

於二零二二年十二月 三十一日營業及租賃 應收賬項及合約資產	Trade and lease receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2022	當期 Current <i>RMB'000</i>	最多三個月 逾期 Up to 3 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	三至六個月 逾期 3 to 6 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	六至十二個月 逾期 6 to 12 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	十二個月 以上逾期 Over 12 months past due RMB'000	總計 Total <i>RMB'000</i>
預期虧損率 賬面總值 虧損撥備	Expected loss rates Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	0.5% 134,853 (615)	1.0% 32,474 (317)	3.3% 25,135 (832)	5.1% 16,854 (862)	100% 3,790 (3,790)	213,106 (6,416)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	134,238	32,157	24,303	15,992	-	206,690
於二零二一年十二月 三十一日營業及租賃 應收賬項及合約資產	Trade and lease receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2021	當期 Current <i>RMB'000</i>	最多三個月 逾期 Up to 3 months past due RMB'000	三至六個月 逾期 3 to 6 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	六至十二個月 逾期 6 to 12 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	十二個月 以上逾期 Over 12 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	總計 Total <i>RMB'000</i>
預期虧損率 賬面總值 虧損撥備 無面淨值	Expected loss rates Gross carrying amount Loss allowance Net carrying amount	0.7% 159,596 (1,075)	1.3% 8,153 (108)	4.1% 2,611 (108)	4.4% 4,635 (204)	100% 2,859 (2,859)	177,854 (4,354) 173,500

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) 減值(續)

(ii) Impairment (continued)

營業及租賃應收賬項及合約 資產(續) Trade and lease receivables and contract assets *(continued)*

按總體基準計量預期信貸虧 損(續)

Measurement of expected credit loss on collective basis *(continued)*

第二類:於非亞洲地區開展 業務的客戶

Category 2: Customers conducting business in non-Asia regions

於二零二二年十二月 三十一日營業及租賃 應收賬項及合約資產	Trade and lease receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2022	當期 Current <i>RMB'000</i>	最多三個月 逾期 Up to 3 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	三至六個月 逾期 3 to 6 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	六至十二個月 逾期 6 to 12 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	十二個月 以上逾期 Over 12 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	總計 Total <i>RMB'000</i>
預期虧損率 賬面總值 虧損撥備	Expected loss rates Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	0.3% 26,650 (89)	1.6% 4,215 (66)	- - -	100% 6 (6)	- - -	30,871 (161)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	26,561	4,149	-	-	-	30,710
於二零二一年十二月 三十一日營業及租賃 應收賬項及合約資產	Trade and lease receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2021	當期 Current <i>RMB'000</i>	最多三個月 逾期 Up to 3 months past due RMB'000	三至六個月 逾期 3 to 6 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	六至十二個月 逾期 6 to 12 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	十二個月 以上逾期 Over 12 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	總計 Total <i>RMB'000</i>
預期虧損率 賬面總值 虧損撥備	Expected loss rates Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	0.2% 21,928 (35)	0.5% 1 –	2.6% 303 (8)	100% 317 (317)	100% - -	22,549 (360)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	21,893	1	295	-	-	22,189

3 財務風險管理(續)

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) 減值(續)

(ii) Impairment (continued)

營業及租賃應收賬項及合約資產(續)

Trade and lease receivables and contract assets *(continued)*

按總體基準計量預期信貸虧

Measurement of expected credit loss on collective basis *(continued)*

損 *(續)*

Total:

總計:

於二零二二年十二月	Trade and lease	當期	最多三個月 逾期	三至六個月 逾期	六至十二個月 逾期	十二個月 以上逾期	總計	
ボーマーーサー	receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2022	Current RMB'000	Up to 3 months past due RMB'000	3 to 6 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	6 to 12 months past due <i>RMB'000</i>	Over 12 months past due RMB'000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>	
預期虧損率 賬面總值 虧損撥備	Expected loss rates Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	0.4% 161,503 (704)	1.0% 36,689 (383)	3.3% 25,135 (832)	5.1% 16,860 (868)	100.0% 3,790 (3,790)	243,977 (6,577)	
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	160,799	36,306	24,303	15,992	-	237,400	
			最多三個月	三至六個月	六至十二個月	十二個月		
		當期	取 タニ 回月 前期	ニエハ回月	ハエT—個月 逾期	丁—個月 以上逾期	總計	
於二零二一年十二月	Trade and lease	田州	週初	型州	週州	从上週期	We bl	
三十一日營業及租賃	receivables and		Up to 3	3 to 6	6 to 12	Over 12		
應收賬項及合約資產	contract assets as at		months	months	months	months		
	31 December 2021	Current RMB'000	past due RMB'000	past due RMB'000	past due <i>RMB'000</i>	past due RMB'000	Total RMB'000	
預期虧損率	Expected loss rates	0.6%	1.3%	4.0%	10.5%	100%	000 400	
賬面總值 虧損撥備	Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	181,524 (1,110)	8,154 (108)	2,914 (116)	4,952 (521)	2,859 (2,859)	200,403 (4,714)	
HI XLI XL CHI	Loso unowanoo	(1,110)	(100)	(110)	(021)	(2,000)	(7,117)	
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	180,414	8,046	2,798	4,431	-	195,689	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 減值(續)

營業及租賃應收賬項及合約 資產(續)

營業及租賃應收賬項及合約 資產在沒有合理預期收回時 予以撤銷。沒有合理預期收 回的指標包括(其中包括)債 務人未能對本集團作出還款 計劃,以及未能就逾期180天 以上的期間支付合約款項。

營業及租賃應收賬項及合約 資產的減值虧損於經營溢利 內呈列為減值虧損淨額。其 後收回先前已撇銷的金額則 計入同一項目。

營業及租賃應收賬項虧損撥 備變動如下:

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Impairment (continued)

Trade and lease receivables and contract assets *(continued)*

Trade and lease receivables and contract assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than 180 days past due.

Impairment losses on trade and lease receivables and contract assets are presented as net impairment losses within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

Movement in the loss allowances for trade and lease receivables is as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於年初	At the beginning of the year	60,164	62,154
營業應收賬項虧損撥備	Loss allowance for trade receivables	3,347	2,951
年內因未能收回而撇銷	Written off during the year as		
	uncollectible	-	(3,267)
匯兌差額	Exchange difference	5,020	(1,674)
			_
於年末	At the end of the year	68,531	60,164

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 減值(續)

按攤銷成本計量之其他金融 資產

按攤銷成本計量之其他金融 資產包括按金及其他應收款 項(可收回稅項除外)。

(c) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金管理指維持充足的 現金及現金等價物,及透過充裕之 已承擔信貸融資以維持可供動用資 金,並計及一切有關日後業務環境 的可獲取資料。

本集團的主要現金需求為添置物業、機器及設備、購買存貨、結算租賃負債、支付應付營業賬項及其他應付款項以及經營開支。本集團透過內部資源與銀行借貸的組合為其營運資本所需提供資金(如需要)。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Impairment (continued)

Other financial assets at amortised costs

Other financial assets at amortised cost include deposits and other receivables (excluding tax recoverable).

The credit quality of other financial assets at amortised cost has been assessed with reference to historical information about the counterparties default rates and financial position of the counterparties. Management considers that its credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and the impairment provision is determined based on the 12-month expected credit loss. The loss allowance for other financial assets at amortised cost as at 31 December 2022 is RMB103,000 (2021: RMB98,000).

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and takes into account all available information on future business environment.

The Group's primary cash requirements have been for additions of property, plant and equipment, purchase of inventories, settlement of lease liabilities, payment for trade and other payables and payment for operating expenses. The Group mainly finances its working capital requirements through a combination of internal resources and bank borrowings, as necessary.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團的政策是定期監察當前及預期的流動資金需求以確保維持足夠現金及現金等價物以及足夠金額的已承擔信貸融資,以滿足短期及長期的流動資金所需。

下表載列根據由結算日至合約到期 日的剩餘期間本集團相關到期類別 的金融負債分析。下表披露的金額 為基於本集團須作出償付的最早日 期計算的合約非貼現現金流量,包 括使用合約利率計算的利息付款。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure it maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents and adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows, including interest payments computed using contractual rates, based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

					總百約	
		一年內	一年至兩年	兩年至五年	現金流量	賬面值
			Between 1	Between	Total	
			and 2	2 and 5	contractual	Carrying
		Within 1 year	years	years	cash flows	amount
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
金融負債及租賃負債之	Contractual maturities of					
合約到期日	financial liabilities and					
	lease liabilities					
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2022					
應付營業賬項	Trade payables	168,081	_	_	168,081	168,081
應計費用及其他應付款項	Accruals and other payables	13,940	_	_	13,940	13,940
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	9,129	1,012	-	10,141	9,493
		191,150	1,012		192,162	191,514
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021					
應付營業賬項	Trade payables	121,310	_	_	121,310	121,310
應計費用及其他應付款項	Accruals and other payables	10,635	-	-	10,635	10,635
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	13,216	8,721	957	22,894	22,026
		145,161	8,721	957	154,839	153,971
		170,101	0,121	501	107,000	100,011

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 公平值估計

下表按用以計量公平值之估值技術輸入數據層級對於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日按公平值列賬之金融工具進行分析。有關輸入數據在公平值層級中分類為以下三個層級:

- 同類資產或負債於活躍市場上之報價(未經調整)(層級一)。
- 計入層級一之報價以外之資產或負債之直接(即價格)或間接(即衍生自價格)可觀察輸入數據(層級二)。
- 非基於可觀察市場數據之資產或 負債輸入數據(即非觀察輸入數據) (層級三)。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.2 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 by level of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are catgeorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

	層級一	層級三	總計
	Level 1	Level 3	Total
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 31 December 2022			
Financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss			
 Unlisted equity securities 	-	44,404	44,404
 Unlisted fund 	-	30,156	30,156
	-	74,560	74,560
Financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss			
 Listed equity securities 	3,501	_	3,501
 Unlisted equity securities 	_	35,413	35,413
 Unlisted fund 		8,863	8,863
	3,501	44,276	47,777
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Unlisted equity securities - Unlisted fund At 31 December 2021 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Listed equity securities - Unlisted equity securities	At 31 December 2022 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Unlisted equity securities - Unlisted fund At 31 December 2021 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Listed equity securities - Listed equity securities - Unlisted fund - 1	At 31 December 2022 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Unlisted equity securities - Unlisted fund At 31 December 2021 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Listed equity securities - Unlisted fund At 31 December 2021 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Listed equity securities - Unlisted equity securities - Unlisted fund - 8,863

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 公平值估計 (續)

年內,層級一及層級二之間公平值的計量 概無轉撥。有關轉入及轉出層級三的計 量,請參閱下文(a) (二零二一年:無)。

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日,按公平值計入損益之金融資產 乃根據活躍市場所報市價、近期交易及資 產淨值評估。

(a) 在層級三內的金融工具

並非於活躍市場買賣的金融工具的 公平值採用估值技術釐定。該等估 值技術最大限度使用可觀察市場數 據(倘可獲得),並盡可能少地依賴 實體的特定估計。倘一項或多項重 大輸入數據並非基於可觀察市場數 據,則該工具計入第三層級。

下表呈列截至二零二二年及二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度層級 三工具之變動:

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.2 Fair value estimation (continued)

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 for recurring fair value measurements during the year. For transfer into and out of level 3 measurement see (a) below (2021: Nil).

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were valued as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 based on quoted market price in an active market, recent transaction and net asset value.

(a) Financial instruments in level 3

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於一月一日	As 1 January	44,276	16,318
由層級一轉入	Transfer from Level 1	3,501	-
添置	Addition	21,000	9,000
公平值收益	Fair value gains	2,017	19,633
匯兌差額	Exchange difference	3,766	(675)
於十二月三十一日	As 31 December	74,560	44,276

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 公平值估計 (續)

(a) 在層級三內的金融工具(續)

下表概述層級三內公平值計量所用的重大非觀察輸入數據之定量資料:

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.2 Fair value estimation (continued)

(a) Financial instruments in level 3 (continued)

The following table summarizes the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements:

描述 Description	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日 的公平值 Fair value at 31 December 2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 的公平值 Fair value at 31 December 2021 RMB'000 人民幣千元	估值方法 Valuation technique	非觀察輸入數 據 Unobservable input	非觀察輸入 數據範圍 Range of unobservable input
非上市股本證券	44,404	35,143	參照近期可比較公平 交易 <i>(附註(i))</i>	不適用	不適用
Unlisted equity securities			Reference to comparable recent arm's length transactions (Note (i))	N/A	N/A
非上市基金 Unlisted fund	30,156	8,863	資產淨值 (附註(ii)) Net asset value (Note (ii))	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A
	74,560	44,276			

- (i) 本集團已釐定於報告期末,近期 可比較公平交易的價格與非上市 股本證券的公平值相若。
- (ii) 本集團已釐定於報告期末,非上 市基金投資的已報告資產淨值與 公平值相若。

(b) 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產及負 債之公平值

由於到期日較短,本集團流動金融資產(包括現金及現金等價物、營、及租賃應收賬項以及合約資產、以及其他應收款項)之賬面值以沒數量,應計費用及其他應付款項及與其流動金融負債(包括應付營項及租賃負債)之賬面值,均與其公平值相若。非流動營業及租賃負債之賬面值以其租賃按金及租賃負債之賬面值與其基於貼現現金流量估計的公平值相去。

- (i) The Group has determined that prices in comparable recent arm's length transactions approximate the fair value of the unlisted equity investment at the end of the reporting period.
- (ii) The Group has determined that the reported net assets value approximates fair value of the unlisted fund investment at the end of the reporting period.

(b) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised costs

The carrying amounts of the Group's current financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents, trade and lease receivables and contract assets, deposits and other receivables, and the Group's current financial liabilities including trade payables, accruals and other payables and lease liabilities, approximate their fair values due to their short maturities. The carrying amounts of non-current trade and lease receivables, rental deposits and lease liabilities approximate their fair values which are estimated based on the discounted cash flows.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 公平值估計(續)

(c) 抵銷金融資產及金融負債

本集團概無金融資產及金融負債須 受抵銷、可執行總抵銷安排及類似 協議的規限。

3.3 資本風險管理

本集團的資金管理目標是保障本集團能 夠持續營運,為股東提供回報和為其他權 益持有人提供利益,同時維持最佳的資本 結構以減低資金成本。

本集團積極定期檢討及管理其資本架構, 力求達到最佳的資本架構及股東回報;過程中,本集團考慮的因素計有:本集團日 後的資本需求與資本效率、當前及預期的 盈利能力、預期營運現金流量、預期資本 開支及預期策略投資機會等。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可調整向 股東派付的股息金額、向股東退還資本、 發行新股份或獲取新銀行借款。

本集團利用資本負債比率監察資本。此比率按照債務淨額除以總資本計算。債務淨額為總借貸(包括合併資產負債表所列的即期及非即期貸款)減去現金及現金等價物。總資本為「權益」(如合併資產負債表所列)加上債務淨額。

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團處於現金淨值狀況。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.2 Fair value estimation (continued)

(c) Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has no financial assets and financial liabilities, which is subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

3.3 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure and shareholder returns, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Group and capital efficiency, prevailing and projected profitability, projected operating cash flows, projected capital expenditures and projected strategic investment opportunities.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payments to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or obtain new bank borrowings.

The Group also monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "equity", as shown in the consolidated balance sheet, plus net debt.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group was at net cash position.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4 重要會計估計及假設

估計會作持續評估,並以過往經驗和其他因素 作為基礎,包括在有關情況下相信是合理之未 來事件預期。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。就定義而言,由 此所得之會計估計極少與相關實際結果相等。 以下所述為有相當風險的估計及假設,可導致 須於下個財政年度對資產與負債之賬面值作重 大調整。

(a) 營業及租賃應收賬項及合約資產之預期 信貸虧損

根據有關違約風險及預期信貸虧損率之假設,本集團就營業及租賃應收賬項及合約資產計提虧損撥備。根據本集團過往歷史、現有市況及各報告期末之前瞻性估計(包括空前新型冠狀病毒疫情對本集團業務營運及其營運所在國家的經濟影響),本集團於作出該等假設及選擇減值計算之輸入數據時使用判斷。所用之關鍵假設及輸入數據詳情披露於附註3.1(b)(ii)表格。

(b) 就資訊科技項目提供服務的收入確認

當合約結果能可靠估計時,本集團按報告期末合約活動之完成百分比確認所提供服務之若干收入。完成百分比按截至該日實際進行工作所產生合約成本佔交易項下將產生之估計合約總成本的比例,或實養至該日所提供服務價值佔交易項下將提供服務價值總值百分比計量。估計合約成本總值及/或完成百分比時須依據員工成本預算總額等重大假設。有關估計乃根據管理層過往經驗及知識作出。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Expected credit loss of trade and lease receivables and contract assets

The Group makes loss allowance for trade and lease receivables and contract assets based on assumptions about risk of default and expected credit loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates, including the economic impact of the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic on the operations of the Group and the countries in which it operates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in the tables in Note 3.1(b)(ii).

(b) Revenue recognition of rendering of services for I.T. Projects

The Group recognises certain revenue on the rendering of services by reference to the percentage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting period, when the outcome of a contract can be estimated reliably. The percentage of completion is measured by reference to the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date compared to the estimated total contract costs to be incurred under the transaction, or the value of services performed to date as a percentage of the value of total services to be performed under the transaction. Significant assumptions such as the total budgeted staff costs, are required to estimate the total contract costs and/or the percentage of completion. The estimates are made based on past experience and knowledge of management.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4 重要會計估計及假設(續)

(c) 所得稅及遞延所得稅

本集團須在其子公司營運所在司法權區繳納所得稅。於釐定所得稅撥備時須作出重大判斷。有若干交易及計算無法確定最終稅款。本集團按是否須繳納額外稅項而確認預計稅務審核事宜的負債。倘該等事宜的最終稅務結果有異於最初記錄的數額,有關差額將會影響釐定有關數額期間的即期及遞延所得稅資產及負債。

本集團亦須繳納其他稅項與關稅。於釐定該等撥備時須作出重大判斷。倘該等事宜的最終稅務結果有異於實際結果,則有關差額將會影響所作撥備及於合併利潤表呈列之盈利。

(d) 按公平值計入損益之金融資產之公平值 估計

並非於活躍市場交易按公平值計入損益之金融資產之公平值採用估值技術釐定。本集團使用其判斷選擇各種方法並作出假設,該等假設主要基於各報告期末存在之市況。所用之關鍵假設及該等假設變動之影響詳情披露於(附註3.2(a))。

(e) 存貨之可變現淨值

存貨之可變現淨值乃於日常業務過程中的估計售價,減去估計銷售開支。該等估計乃基於現時市況以及銷售類似性質產品的過往經驗。其可能因客戶喜好轉變及競爭對手因應嚴峻行業週期而採取的行動而出現重大變動。管理層於各報告日期重新評估該等估計。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (continued)

(c) Income tax and deferred income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions where its subsidiaries operate. Significant judgement is required in determining provisions for income taxes. There are certain transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

The Group is also exposed to other taxes and duties. Significant judgement is required in determining these provisions. Where the final outcomes of these matters differ from the actual results, such difference will impact the provisions made and the earnings stated in the consolidated income statement.

(d) Estimation of the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Group uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. For details of the key assumptions used and the impact of changes to these assumptions (Note 3.2(a)).

(e) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycle. Management reassesses these estimates at each reporting date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收入及分部資料

主要營運決策人為執行董事(統稱為「主要營運決策人」),彼等作出策略性決定。主要營運決策人通過審閱本公司及其子公司的內部報告以評估業績表現並分配資源。管理層已根據本集團之發展計劃及向主要營運決策人提供之內部報告對經營分部作出判定。管理層決定將其經營分為以下三個分部:

1. 工業解決方案業務

提供智能製造解決方案及服務,以 提高生產線、工廠設施及工業園區 營運的有效性及效率。

2. 智慧辦公業務

提供視訊會議相關解決方案,以及 智慧辦公設備的品牌授權、供應鏈 管理及分銷。

3. 新零售業務

提供數字零售標牌解決方案。

本集團各營運分部均為策略性業務單位,由相關業務單位的領導人管理。主要營運決策人根據除所得稅前溢利之計量指標評估經營分部的表現。提供予主要營運決策人的其他資料乃以與合併財務報表一致的方式計量。

呈報分部的資產不包括統一管理的公司資產 (主要包括公司的現金及現金等價物、物業、 機器及設備、使用權資產、預付款項及其他應收 款項、於聯營公司之投資、按公平值計入損益之 金融資產以及遞延所得稅資產)。呈報分部的負 債不包括公司負債(主要包括租賃負債、應計費 用、其他應付款項、遞延所得稅負債以及應付稅 項)。該等資產及負債為資產負債表合計的對賬 部分。

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the executive directors (collectively referred to as the "Chief Operation Decision Maker" or "CODM") that make strategic decisions. The CODM reviews the internal reporting of the Company and its subsidiaries in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segment based on the Group's development plan and the internal reporting provided to the CODM. The management determined to divide its operation into three segments as follows:

1. Industrial Solution Business

 The provision of smart manufacturing solutions and services to improve the operating effectiveness and efficiency of production lines, plant facilities and industrial parks.

2. Smart Office Business

 The provision of video conference related solutions plus brand licensing, supply chain management and distribution of smart office equipment.

3. New Retail Business

The provision of digital retail signage solutions.

Each of the Group's operating segments represents a strategic business unit that is managed by the respective business unit leaders. CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of profit before income tax. Other information provided to the CODM is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated financial statements.

Assets of reportable segments exclude corporate assets (mainly including corporate cash and cash equivalents, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, prepayments and other receivables, investments in associates, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and deferred income tax assets), all of which are managed on a central basis. Liabilities of reportable segments exclude corporate liabilities (mainly including lease liabilities, accruals, other payables, deferred income tax liabilities and tax payables). These are part of the reconciliation to total balance sheet assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收入及分部資料(續)

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022 工業解決 方案業務 總計 智慧辦公業務 新零售業務 Industrial Smart Solution Office **New Retail Business Business Business** Total 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 收入(附註a) Revenue (Note a) 427,268 396,509 8,684 832,461 呈報分部之業績 Results of reportable segments 41,954 4,572 109 46,635 呈報分部之業績與年度溢利之 A reconciliation of results of 對賬如下: reportable segments to profit for the year is as follows: 呈報分部之業績 46,635 Results of reportable segments 未分配收入/(開支) Unallocated income/(expenses) (附註b) (Note b) (18,805)年度溢利 Profit for the year 27,830 其他分部資料: Other segment information: 資本性支出 Capital expenditures 1,646 35 1,681 物業、機器及設備折舊 Depreciation of property, plant and 3,530 3,318 equipment 212 使用權資產折舊 8,140 8,140 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 4,469 無形資產攤銷 1,055 Amortisation of intangible assets 3,414 金融資產虧損撥備 Loss allowance for financial assets 3,016 331 3,347

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收入及分部資料 續

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

			截至二零二一年十二 For the year ended (
		工業解決 方案業務 Industrial	智慧辦公業務 Smart	新零售業務	總計
		Solution	Office	New Retail	
		Business	Business	Business	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Ub 3 (7/4 ⇒> -)	Parama (Alata a)	000 000	005.050	07.400	500.040
收入(附註a)	Revenue (Note a)	333,260	235,950	27,139	596,349
呈報分部之業績	Results of reportable segments	44,352	3,249	3,731	51,332
呈報分部之業績與年度溢利之 對賬如下:	reportable segments to profit				
呈報分部之業績	for the year is as follows: Results of reportable segments				51,332
未分配收入/(開支)	Unallocated income/(expenses)				31,332
(附註b)	(Note b)				(17,071)
年度溢利	Profit for the year				34,261
	-				
其他分部資料:	Other segment information:				
資本性支出	Capital expenditures	3,570	20,037	-	23,607
物業、機器及設備折舊	Depreciation of property,				
	plant and equipment	3,534	204	_	3,738
使用權資產折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	9,317	-	_	9,317
無形資產攤銷	Amortisation of intangible assets	883	1,893	_	2,776
金融資產虧損撥備	Loss allowance for financial assets	2,455	469	27	2,951

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收入及分部資料 (續)

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

附註:

Note:

(a) 分拆與客戶合約之收入

本集團以下列主要產品線隨著時間及於某個時 間點自轉讓貨品及服務產生收入:

(a) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines:

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2022

		工業解決			
		方案業務	智慧辦公業務	新零售業務	總計
		Industrial			
		Solution	Smart Office	New Retail	
		Business	Business	Business	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
收入確認之時間	Timing of revenue recognition	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
資訊科技項目	I.T. projects				
一於某個時間點	- At a point of time	172,998	46,446	8,342	227,786
一隨著時間	Over time	165,856	20,077	342	186,275
維修及諮詢服務	Maintenance and consulting				
	services				
一隨著時間	- Over time	50,676	265	-	50,941
銷售貨品	Sales of goods				
一於某個時間點	 At a point of time 	33,787	329,721	-	363,508
融資租賃收入	Finance lease income	351	-	-	351
經營租賃收入(附註)	Operating lease income (note)	3,600	-	-	3,600
		427,268	396,509	8,684	832,461
		Ī	 載至二零二一年十二	月三十一日止年度	

		截至二零二一年十二	至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度		
			For the year ended 3	1 December 2021	
		工業解決			
		方案業務	智慧辦公業務	新零售業務	總計
		Industrial			
		Solution	Smart Office	New Retail	
		Business	Business	Business	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
收入確認之時間	Timing of revenue recognition	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
資訊科技項目	I.T. projects				
一於某個時間點	 At a point of time 	119,062	56,041	26,976	202,079
-隨著時間	Over time	145,156	11,788	163	157,107
維修及諮詢服務	Maintenance and consulting				
	services				
-隨著時間	Over time	49,336	1,088	_	50,424
銷售貨品	Sales of goods				
一於某個時間點	 At a point of time 	16,299	167,033	_	183,332
融資租賃收入	Finance lease income	404	_	-	404
經營租賃收入(附註)	Operating lease income (note)	3,003		Conta	3,003
				2 Silia	
		333,260	235,950	27,139	596,349

T業 InduStriat 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收入及分部資料 (續)

附註:(續)

(a) 分拆與客戶合約之收入 (續)

附註:

經營租賃收入指主要由向客戶租賃伺服器及運 行自動化系統而收取固定月租費用產生的收 入。

按地理位置劃分之收入乃按服務及產品交付之 目的地釐定。按客戶所在地區劃分的客戶收入 分析如下:

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

Note: (continued)

(a) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Note:

Operating lease income represents the income mainly generated from leasing of servers, and operating the automated systems, to its customers by charging a fixed monthly rental charge.

Revenue by geographical location is determined by the destination where the services and products were delivered. Revenue from customers on the basis of customers' locations is analysed as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
中國	The PRC	370,610	338,561
歐洲	Europe	157,711	54,233
美洲	The Americas	79,325	50,215
新加坡	Singapore	103,005	73,330
台灣	Taiwan	81,149	58,081
其他國家	Other countries	40,661	21,929
		832,461	596,349

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,收入約人民幣98,807,000元(二零二一年:人民幣94,819,000元)來自一名單一客戶,佔本集團總收入12%(二零二一年:16%)。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,對本集團五大客戶之銷售總額佔本集團總收入約40%(二零二一年:44%)。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,收入 約人民幣335,935,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 280,085,000元)來自關連人士鴻海精密工業股 份有限公司及其集團公司,佔本集團總收入40% (二零二一年:47%)。 For the year ended 31 December 2022, revenue of approximately RMB98,807,000 (2021: RMB94,819,000), representing 12% (2021: 16%) of the Group's total revenue, is derived from a single customer. For the year ended 31 December 2022, sales to the five largest customers of the Group in total accounted for approximately 40% (2021: 44%) of the Group's total revenue.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, revenue of approximately RMB335,935,000 (2021: RMB280,085,000), representing 40% (2021: 47%) of the Group's total revenue, is derived from related parties, Hon Hai Precision Industry Company Limited and its group companies.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收入及分部資料 (續)

附註:(續)

(b) 未分配收入/(開支)主要包括於企業層面產生的政府補助、匯兌收益淨額、分佔聯營公司之業績、按公平值計入損益之金融資產之公平值收益淨額、融資收入、僱員福利開支、物業、機器及設備折舊、使用權資產折舊、股份支付開支、法律及專業費用、所得稅開支及其他營運開支。

經營分部之業績與年度溢利總額對賬如下:

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

Note: (continued)

(b) Unallocated income/(expenses) mainly include government subsidies, net exchange gains, share of results of associates, fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net, finance income, employment benefit expenses, depreciation of property, plant and equipment, depreciation of right-of-use assets, share-based payment, legal and professional fees, income tax expense and other operating expenses incurred at corporate level.

A reconciliation of operating segments' results to total profit for the year is provided as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
分部業績	Segment results	46,635	51,332
未分配收入/(開支):	Unallocated income/(expenses):		
一政府補助	 Government subsidies 	2,196	1,653
一融資收入	 Finance income 	1,918	2,313
-按公平值計入損益之金融資產之	- Fair value gains on financial assets		
公平值收益淨額	at fair value through profit or loss, net	2,017	18,461
- 匯兌收益淨額	 Net exchange gains 	5,854	2,056
一分佔聯營公司之業績	 Share of results of associates 	(3,317)	-
一物業、機器及設備折舊	- Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(229)	(2,330)
一使用權資產折舊	 Depreciation of right-of-use assets 	(2,794)	(3,745)
一法律及專業費用	 Legal and professional fees 	(1,910)	(2,139)
-僱員福利開支	 Employment benefit expenses 	(13,936)	(13,349)
一股份支付開支	 Share-based payment 	-	(10,482)
一核數師酬金	 Auditors' remuneration 	(2,138)	(1,810)
一所得稅開支	 Income tax expense 	(2,653)	(3,346)
一其他	- Others	(3,813)	(4,353)
年度溢利	Profit for the year	27,830	34,261

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,所有資本性支出乃來自中國、台灣及美國。

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, all capital expenditure were incurred in the PRC, Taiwan and the United States.

Smart Office 智慧辦公 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution 新零售 New Retail

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收入及分部資料 (續)

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

		於二零二二年十二月三十一日			
			As at 31 Dec	ember 2022	
		工業解決			
		方案業務	智慧辦公業務	新零售業務	總計
		Industrial			
		Solution	Smart Office	New Retail	
		Business	Business	Business	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
分部資產	Segment assets				
分部資產	Segment assets	272,643	188,552	2,868	464,063
其他未分配資產 (附註a)	Other unallocated assets (Note a)				262,276
合併資產負債表的總資產	Total assets per consolidated				
	balance sheet				726,339
				<u>'</u>	
分部負債	Segment liabilities				
分部負債	Segment liabilities	117,006	98,366	10,019	225,391
其他未分配負債 (附註b)	Other unallocated liabilities				
	(Note b)				49,915
	,				,
合併資產負債表的總負債	Total liabilities per consolidated				
	balance sheet				275,306
	Salation officer				210,000

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

收入及分部資料 (續) 5

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

			於二零二一年十 As at 31 Dece		
		工業解決 方案業務 Industrial	智慧辦公業務	新零售業務	總計
		Solution	Smart Office	New Retail	
		Business	Business	Business	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
分部資產	Segment assets				
分部資產	Segment assets	234,397	154,674	5,471	394,542
其他未分配資產 (附註a)	Other unallocated assets (Note a)				247,388
合併資產負債表的總資產	Total assets per consolidated balance sheet				641,930
分部負債	Segment liabilities	04.000	77.500	04.474	400.570
分部負債	Segment liabilities	84,800	77,599	21,171	183,570
其他未分配負債 <i>(附註b)</i>	Other unallocated liabilities (Note b)				45,875
合併資產負債表的總負債	Total liabilities per consolidated balance sheet				229,445

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收入及分部資料(續)

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

附註:

(a) 於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日, 其他未分配資產主要包括公司應用之現金及現 金等價物、物業、機器及設備、使用權資產、預 付款項及其他應收款項、於聯營公司之投資、按 公平值計入損益之金融資產以及遞延所得稅資 產。

經營分部之資產與總資產對賬如下:

Notes:

(a) As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, other unallocated assets mainly included cash and cash equivalents, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, prepayments and other receivables, investments in associates, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and deferred income tax assets for corporate usage.

Operating segments' assets are reconciled to total assets as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
呈報分部之分部資產	Segment assets for reportable segments	464,063	394,542
未分配資產	Unallocated assets		
一現金及現金等價物	 Cash and cash equivalents 	166,866	189,064
-物業、機器及設備	- Property, plant and equipment	934	1,088
一使用權資產	- Right-of-use assets	3,147	5,903
-預付款項及其他應收款項	 Prepayments and other receivables 	4,679	1,546
- 於聯營公司之投資	- Investments in associates	7,138	-
-按公平值計入損益之金融資產	- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	74,560	47,777
-遞延所得稅資產	- Deferred income tax assets	4,952	2,010
			_
合併資產負債表的總資產	Total assets per consolidated balance sheet	726,339	641,930

年內,未分配資產內添置物業、機器及設備為人民幣66,000元(二零二一年:人民幣68,000元); 以及於二零二二年,未分配資產內並無添置使用權資產(二零二一年:人民幣8,549,000元)。

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團之大部分非流動資產位於中國,而其他 則位於香港、台灣及美國。 During the year, the addition to property, plant and equipment in unallocated assets was RMB66,000 (2021: RMB68,000) and there was no addition to right-of-use assets in unallocated assets in 2022 (2021: RMB 8,549,000).

At 31 December 2022 and 2021, majority of the Group's non-current assets were located in the PRC with others located in Hong Kong, Taiwan and the United States.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 收入及分部資料 (續)

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

Notes: (continued)

附註:(續)

(b) 於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日, 其他未分配負債主要包括公司應用之應計費 用、其他應付款項、租賃負債、遞延所得稅負債 及應付稅項。

經營分部之負債與總負債對賬如下:

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, other unallocated liabilities mainly included accruals, other payables, lease liabilities, deferred income tax

liabilities and tax payables for corporate usage.

Operating segments' liabilities are reconciled to total liabilities as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
呈報分部之分部負債	Segment liabilities for reportable segments	225,391	183,570
未分配負債	Unallocated liabilities		
一應計費用及其他應付款項	 Accruals and other payables 	36,019	31,415
一租賃負債	- Lease liabilities	3,037	5,714
一應付稅項	- Tax payables	8,256	4,483
-遞延所得稅負債	 Deferred income tax liabilities 	2,603	4,263
•			
合併資產負債表的總負債	Total liabilities per consolidated balance sheet	275,306	229,445

6 其他收入及其他收益,淨額

6 OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS, NET

	二零二二年	二零二一年
	2022	2021
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
政府補助 Government subsidies	2,196	1,653
其他 Others	466	315
其他收入 Other income	2,662	1,968
出售物業、機器及設備之虧損 Loss on disposals of property,		
plant and equipment	_	(2)
匯兌收益淨額 Net exchange gains	4,735	2,803
其他 Others	47	1,995
其他收益淨額 Other gains, net	4,782	4,796

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7 按性質劃分之開支

7 EXPENSES BY NATURE

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
資訊科技項目之硬件及軟件成本及	Costs of hardware and software for		
銷售貨品成本	I.T. projects and cost of goods sold	593,666	377,984
僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金)	Employment benefit expenses (including		
(附註8)	directors' emoluments) (Note 8)	133,901	121,098
外包費用	Sub-contracting fee	1,088	450
物業、機器及設備折舊 <i>(附註14)</i>	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		
	(Note 14)	3,759	6,068
使用權資產折舊 (附註15)	Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 15)	10,934	13,062
與短期租賃有關之開支(附註15)	Expenses relating to short term leases (Note 15)	64	578
交通費開支	Travelling expenses	5,089	2,586
法律及專業費用	Legal and professional fees	2,564	7,239
諮詢費	Consultancy fees	17,750	16,239
辦公室開支	Office expenses	3,898	4,123
無形資產攤銷(附註13)	Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 13)	4,469	2,776
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration		
一審核服務	 Audit services 	2,138	1,810
存貨減值撥備 <i>(附註18)</i>	Provision for impairment of inventories (Note 18)	1,824	_
廣告開支	Advertising expenses	1,718	458
物流及倉庫開支	Logistic and warehouse expenses	12,045	6,992
其他開支	Other expenses	11,272	10,534
		806,179	571,997
費用來源:	Representing:		
銷售成本	Cost of sales	705,313	482,232
銷售及經銷開支	Selling and distribution expenses	36,964	25,689
一般及行政開支	General and administrative expenses	53,760	47,091
研發開支	Research and development expenses	10,142	16,985
		806,179	571,997

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8 僱員福利開支

8 EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT EXPENSES

包括董事酬金之僱員福利開支如下:

Employment benefit expenses, including directors' emoluments, consist of:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
薪金、工資及津貼	Wages, salaries and allowances	101,892	93,116
授予董事及僱員之購股權	Share options granted to directors and		
	employees	339	_
花紅	Bonus	12,236	10,341
退休金成本一定額供款計劃	Pension costs - defined contribution plans	6,591	6,942
福利及其他利益	Welfare and other benefits	12,843	10,699
		133,901	121,098

9 融資收入一淨額

9 FINANCE INCOME - NET

		二零二二年 2022 人 <i>民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i>	二零二一年 2021 人民幣千元 RMB'000
融資收入 銀行存款利息收入	Finance income Interest income from bank deposits	1,918	2,313
融資成本 租賃負債利息開支 (附註15)	Finance cost Interest expenses for lease liabilities (Note 15)	(514)	(850)
淨融資收入	Net finance income	1,404	1,463

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10 所得稅開支

本公司已獲豁免百慕達稅項。香港利得稅乃根據在香港產生或源自香港之估計應課稅溢利按16.5%(二零二一年:16.5%)之稅率提撥準備。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,中國、台灣及美國成立及營運之集團公司須繳付的企業所得稅稅率分別為25%、20%及30%(二零二一年:相同),惟以下訂明者除外。

根據高新技術企業稅務優惠政策,其中兩間中國子公司獲相關地方稅務局批准,分別由二零二零年至二零二二年及由二零二一年至二零二三年享有優惠企業所得稅稅率15%。

10 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Company is exempted from taxation in Bermuda. Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for at the rate of 16.5% (2021: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in or derived from Hong Kong. Group companies established and operating in the PRC, Taiwan and the United States are subject to corporate income tax at the rate of 25%, 20% and 30% (2021: same) respectively, for year ended 31 December 2022, except for those specified in below.

Two of the subsidiaries in the PRC were approved by the relevant local tax bureaus under the preferential tax policy for the high and new technology enterprises, and were entitled to a preferential corporate income tax rate of 15% from 2020 until 2022 and 2021 until 2023, respectively.

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
當期稅項	Current taxation		
一本年度	- Current year	9,304	3,988
一於過往年度超額撥備	- Over provision in prior year	(1,820)	(2,904)
		7,484	1,084
遞延所得稅開支(附註23)	Deferred income tax expenses (Note 23)	(4,831)	2,262
		2,653	3,346

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10 所得稅開支(續)

10 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

本集團除所得稅前溢利之稅項,與採用適用於 合併實體溢利之加權平均稅率而產生之理論稅 額之差額如下: The taxation on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the consolidated entities as follows:

二零二二年

二零二一年

		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
除所得稅前溢利	Profit before income tax	30,483	37,607
按適用於相關司法權區溢利之	Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable		
當地稅率計算之稅項	to profits in the respective jurisdiction	6,147	6,843
毋須課稅之收入	Income not subject to tax	(2,379)	(767)
不可扣稅之支出	Expenses not deductible	866	4,188
報告的聯營公司業績	Tax effects of associates' result reported,		
的稅務影響(除稅後)	net of tax	499	_
並無確認遞延所得稅之	Other temporary differences for which no		
其他暫時性差額	deferred income tax were recognised	14	(174)
確認過往未能確認之	Recognition of temporary difference previously		
暫時性差額	not recognised	(20)	(200)
並無確認遞延所得稅資產之	Tax losses for which no deferred income tax		
稅項虧損	assets were recognised	51	470
動用過往未能確認之稅項虧損	Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	_	(1,164)
一間中國子公司股息之預扣稅	Withholding tax on dividend of a PRC subsidiary	2,000	_
於過往年度超額撥備	Over-provision for previous year	(1,820)	(2,904)
一間台灣子公司之利潤留存稅	Profit retention tax for a Taiwan subsidiary	_	253
稅務優惠	Tax incentives	(2,705)	(3,199)
所得稅開支	Income tax expense	2,653	3,346

遞延所得稅資產於稅項虧損結轉時確認,以有可能通過未來應課稅溢利變現相關稅務利益為限。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無就稅項虧損人民幣22,818,000元(二零二一年:人民幣27,821,000元)確認遞延所得稅資產人民幣3,423,000元(二零二一年:人民幣4,361,000元)。此等未動用稅項虧損可就日後應課稅收入結轉。該等稅項虧損將於二零二七年屆滿(二零二一年:於二零二二年至二零二六年期間屆滿)。

若干於中國及台灣營運子公司之未匯出盈利之預扣稅稅率分別為5%及21%。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,並無就若干中國及台灣子公司之未匯出盈利人民幣132,846,000元(二零二一年:人民幣103,856,000元)確認應付之預扣稅的遞延所得稅項負債人民幣9,616,000元(二零二一年:人民幣7,346,000元),原因為該等款項將用於再投資。

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realization of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not unrecognise deferred income tax assets of RMB3,423,000 (2021: RMB4,361,000) in respect of tax losses amounting to RMB22,818,000 (2021: RMB27,821,000). These tax losses can be carried forward against future taxable income. These tax losses will expire by 2027 (2021: expire within 2022 to 2026).

The withholding tax rate for unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries operated in PRC and Taiwan are 5% and 21%, respectively. As at 31 December 2022, deferred income tax liabilities of RMB9,616,000 (2021: RMB7,346,000) have not been unrecognised for withholding tax that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain PRC and Taiwan subsidiaries of RMB132,846,000 (2021: RMB103,856,000) as such accounts will be reinvested.

解決方案 Solutior 新零集 New Retail

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 11 董事利益及權益(依據香港《公司條例》(第622章)第383條、《公司(披露董事利益資料)規則》(第622G章)及香港上市規則披露要求)
- 11 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 383 OF THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CAP. 622), COMPANIES (DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ABOUT BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS) REGULATION (CAP. 622G) AND HONG KONG LISTING RULES)
- (a) 董事及最高行政人員薪酬

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司各董事之薪酬載列如下: (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of each of the directors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out below:

就個人擔任本公司或其子公司董事之已付或應付酬金 Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking

			w	nemer or the Con	pany or its sau.	oldary undertakii	y	就接納董事或 職位已対或酬 應付薪酬 Remuneration	就董事有關或 本公司理理 事務之其他服務 已付或應付ments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the	
董事姓名	Name of Director	袍金 Fees <i>人民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i>	薪金 Salary 人民幣千元 RMB'000	酬情花紅 Discretionary bonuses 人民幣千元 RMB'000	住房津貼 Housing allowance 人民幣千元 RMB'000	其他福利之 估計幣值 Estimated money value of other benefits 人民幣千元 RMB'000	僱主退休福利 計劃供款 Employer's contribution to a retirement benefit scheme 人民幣千元 RMB'000	paid or receivable in respect of accepting office as director 人民幣千元 RMB'000	management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
執行董事 簡宜彬先生 蔡力挺先生 <i>(執行長)</i> 高照洋先生 鄭宜斌先生	Executive directors Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin Mr. CAI LiTing (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. KAO, Ohao Yang Mr. CHENG, Yee Pun	-	- - - 1,105	- - - 205	- - - -	- - - -	- - - 15	- - - -	-	- - - 1,325
小計	Sub-total	-	1,105	205	-	-	15	-	-	1,325
非執行董事 PARK Ho Jin先生 <i>(附註i)</i>	Non-executive director Mr. PARK Ho Jin (Note i)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
獨立非執行董事 鄧天樂先生 簡己然先生 張曉泉教授	Independent non-executive directors Mr. TANG Tin Lok Stephen Mr. KAN Ji Ran Laurie Prof. ZHANG Xiaoquan	102 102 102	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	102 102 102
小計	Sub-total	306	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306
總計	Total	306	1,105	205	-	-	15	-	-	1,631

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 11 董事利益及權益(依據香港《公司條例》(第622章)第383條、《公司(披露董事利益資料)規則》(第622G章)及香港上市規則披露要求)
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- (a) 董事及最高行政人員薪酬 (續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司各董事之薪酬載列如下: (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

The remuneration of each of the directors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

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就個人擔任本公司或其子公司董事之已付或應付酬金 Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking

董事姓名	Name of Director	袍金 Fees 人 <i>民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i>	薪金 Salary 人民幣子元 RMB 000	酬情花紅 Discretionary bonuses 人民幣千元 RMB 000	住房津貼 Housing allowance 人民幣子元 RMB 2000	其他福利之 估計幣值 Estimated money value of other benefits 人民幣千元 RMB 000	僱主退休福利 計劃供款 Employer's control to a retirement benefit scheme 人民幣千元 RMB 200	就接納董事 職位已薪酬 應付薪酬 Remuneration paid or receivable in respect of accepting office as director 人民幣千元 RMB '000	本公司或 基子公司之管理 事務之其他服務 Enduments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人 <i>民幣千元 RMB 000</i>
執行董事 簡官彬先生	Executive directors Mr. CHIEN Yi-Pin	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
簡宜彬先生 蔡力挺先生	Mr. CAI LiTing									
(執行長) 高照洋先生	(Chief Executive Officer) Mr. KAO, Chao Yang	-	_	_	-	_	_	_		_
鄭宜斌先生	Mr. CHENG, Yee Pun	-	1,023	185	-	-	15	-	-	1,223
小計	Sub-total	-	1,023	185	-	-	15	-	-	1,223
非執行董事 PARK Ho Jin先生	Non-executive directors Mr. PARK Ho Jin (Note i)									
(附註i) JEON Eui Jong	Mr. JEON Eui Jong (Note ii)	=	-	=	-	=	=	-	=	=
先生 (<i>附註ii</i>)	IVII. DECIN Edi dong (Note II)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive									
鄧天樂先生	directors Mr. TANG Tin Lok Stephen	100	_	_	_	_	-	_	=	100
簡己然先生 張曉泉教授	Mr. KAN Ji Ran Laurie Prof. ZHANG Xiaoguan	100 100	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	100 100
取院永 教 校	FIUI. ZMANG AIAUQUAN	100								100
小計	Sub-total	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300
總計	Total	300	1,023	185	_	_	15	_	_	1,523

附註i: 分別於二零二一年三月三十一日獲

委任為非執行董事及於二零二三年

三月二十九日辭任

Note i: Appointed and resigned as a non-executive director on 31 March

2021 and 29 March 2023, respectively

附註:: 於二零二一年三月三十一日辭

任非執行董事

Note ii: Resigned as a non-executive director on 31 March 2021

附註iii: Kim Hyun Seok先生於二零二三

年三月二十九日獲委任為非執

行董事

Note iii: Mr. Kim Hyun Seok was appointed as a non-executive director on 29

March 2023

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- 11 董事利益及權益(依據香港《公司條例》(第622章)第383條、《公司(披露董事利益資料)規則》(第622G章)及香港上市規則披露要求)
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 (DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ABOUT
 BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS) REGULATION
 (CAP. 622G) AND HONG KONG LISTING
 RULES) (continued)

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士

本集團年內五名最高薪酬人士中一名(二零二一年:一名)為董事,彼之薪酬呈列於附註11(a)之分析中。

年內應付餘下四名(二零二一年:四名)人 士之薪酬如下:

(b) Five highest paid individuals

One (2021: One) of the five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year were directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in Note 11(a).

The emoluments payable to the remaining four (2021: four) individuals during the year are as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
薪金、工資及津貼	Wages, salaries and allowances	2,753	2,575
花紅	Bonus	1,777	1,061
退休金成本	Pension costs - defined contribution		
一定額供款計劃	plans	416	138
福利及其他利益	Welfare and other benefits	223	188
		5,169	3,962

餘下人士之薪酬在以下範圍內:

The emoluments of the remaining individuals fell within the following bands:

人數
Number of individuals

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
人民幣500,000元至人民幣1,000,000元	RMB500,000 to RMB1,000,000	_	3
人民幣1,000,001元至人民幣1,500,000元	RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000	4	1

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11 董事利益及權益(依據香港《公司條例》(第622章)第383條、《公司(披露董事利益資料)規則》(第622G章)及香港上市規則披露要求)

(c) 董事之退休福利及離職利益

年內,概無董事就其向本公司及其子公司 提供服務而已收取或將收取任何退休福 利或離職利益(二零二一年:無)。

(d) 就獲提供董事服務而給予第三方之代價

年內,本公司並無就本公司獲提供董事服務而向任何第三方支付任何代價(二零二一年:無)。

(e) 有關惠及董事、該等董事之受控制法人 團體及受控制實體之貸款、類似貸款及 其他交易之資料

於年末或年內任何時間,本公司或本公司之子公司(如適用)並無訂立惠及董事、受任何董事控制之法人團體或與任何董事有關連之實體之任何貸款、類似貸款及其他交易(二零二一年:無)。

(f) 董事於交易、安排或合約中之重大利益

於年末或年內任何時間,本公司董事概無 在本公司參與訂立與本集團業務有關之 重大交易、安排及合約中直接或間接擁有 任何重大利益(二零二一年:無)。

(DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 383 OF THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CAP. 622), COMPANIES (DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ABOUT BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS) REGULATION (CAP. 622G) AND HONG KONG LISTING RULES) (continued)

(c) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits or termination benefits in respect of their services to the Company and its subsidiaries for the year (2021: Nil).

 (d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year, the Company has not paid any consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services to the Company (2021: Nil).

(e) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and controlled entities with such directors

There were no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings entered into by the Company or subsidiary undertaking of the Company, where applicable, in favor of the directors, or body corporate controlled by or entities connected with any of the directors at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2021: Nil).

(f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2021: Nil).

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12 每股盈利

12 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) 基本

每股基本盈利乃根據年內本公司權益持 有人應佔溢利除以已發行普通股(不包括 庫存股份)加權平均數計算。

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue excluding treasury shares, during the year.

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
本公司權益持有人應佔溢利	Profit attributable to equity holders of	07.000	04.004
(人民幣千元)	the Company (RMB'000)	27,830	34,261
已發行普通股加權平均數 <i>(千股)</i>	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	701,543	691.312
(1 /1/2/)	issue (000)	701,545	091,312
每股基本盈利	Basic earnings per share		
(四捨五入至人民幣仙)	(rounded to RMB cents)	3.97	4.96

(b) 攤薄

每股攤薄盈利乃按調整已發行在外普通 股加權平均數,以假設所有攤薄潛在普通 股已轉換而計算。根據購股權計劃可予發 行的股份為僅有的攤薄潛在普通股。為釐 定可按公平值(釐定為本公司股份每日所 報股份市價的平均數)收購的股份數目, 已根據未行使購股權所附的認購權的貨 幣價值計算。上述計算的股份數目已與假 設購股權獲行使而可發行的股份數目相 比較。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,由於購股權具反攤薄效 應,故每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利之金 額相同。

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. Shares issuable under the share option schemes are the only dilutive potential ordinary shares. A calculation is made in order to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average daily quoted market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to the outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, dilutive earnings per share was of the same amount as the basic earnings per share as the share options were anti-dilutive.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13 無形資產

13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		收購專利及 其他軟件組件 Acquired patents and	電腦軟件	總計
		other software components 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(a)) (Note (a))	Computer software 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零二二年一月一日	At 1 January 2022			
成本 累計攤銷	Cost Accumulated amortisation	19,346 (1,861)	13,715 (11,559)	33,061 13,420
		(1,001)	(11,000)	10,120
賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net book amount	17,485	2,156	19,641
截至二零二二年十二月三十一日	Year ended 31 December 2022			
止年度 期初賬面淨值 攤銷 <i>(附註7)</i>	Opening net book amount Amortisation (Note 7)	17,485 (3,414)	2,156 (1,055)	19,641 (4,469)
匯兌差額	Exchange difference	1,380	-	1,380
期末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	15,451	1,101	16,552
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2022			
成本	Cost	19,805	13,715	33,520
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortisation	(4,354)	(12,614)	(16,968)
賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net book amount	15,451	1,101	16,552
於二零二一年一月一日	At 1 January 2021			
成本 累計攤銷	Cost Accumulated amortisation		11,939 (10,677)	11,939 (10,677)
2/く ロー 7女作 元七	Additional anior to attorn		(10,077)	(10,011)
賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net book amount		1,262	1,262
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度	Year ended 31 December 2021			
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	_	1,262	1,262
添置 攤銷 <i>(附註7)</i>	Additions Amortisation (Note 7)	19,840 (1,894)	1,776 (882)	21,616 (2,776)
匯兌差額	Exchange difference	(461)		(461)
期末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	17,485	2,156	19,641
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021			
成本	Cost	19,346	13,715	33,061
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortisation	(1,861)	(11,559)	(13,420)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	17,485	2,156	19,641

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13 無形資產 (續)

13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

附註:

Notes:

- (a) 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,收 購專利及其他軟件組件詳情披露於附註26。
- (a) Details of the acquisition of patents and the other software components during the year ended 31 December 2021 are disclosed in Note 26.
- (b) 年內產生的攤銷從合併利潤表扣除如下:
- (b) Amortisation incurred during the year is charged to the consolidated income statement as follows:

		二零二二年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二一年 2021 人 <i>民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i>
銷售成本 銷售及經銷開支	Cost of sales Selling and distribution expenses	3,414	1,894 371
一般及行政開支	General and administrative expenses	1,055	511
攤銷總額	Total amortisation	4,469	2,776

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14 物業、機器及設備

14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

傢私、裝置

		電腦設備	租賃物業裝修	啄 私丶装置 及設備 Furniture,	總計
		Computer	Leasehold	fixtures and	
		equipment 人民幣千元	improvements <i>人民幣千元</i>	equipment	Total <i>人民幣千元</i>
		ス氏帯干元 RMB'000	ス氏帯干ル RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人氏帯十元 RMB'000
於二零二二年一月一日	At 1 January 2022				
成本	Cost	37,215	4,509	14,716	56,440
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(27,676)	(4,341)	(13,973)	(45,990)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	9,539	168	743	10,450
截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度	Year ended 31 December 2022				
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	9,539	168	743	10,450
添置	Additions	1,684	-	63	1,747
折舊 (附註7)	Depreciation (Note 7)	(3,511)	(152)	(96)	(3,759)
匯兌差額 	Exchange difference	(39)	2	(6)	(43)
期末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	7,673	18	704	8,395
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2022				
成本	Cost	38,736	4,519	14,775	58,030
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(31,063)	(4,501)	(14,071)	(49,635)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	7,673	18	704	8,395
於二零二一年一月一日	At 1 January 2021				
成本	Cost	35,325	4,518	14,647	54,490
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(22,487)	(3,759)	(13,770)	(40,016)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	12,838	759	877	14,474
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日	Year ended 31 December 2021				_
止年度					
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	12,838	759	877	14,474
匯兌差額 添累	Exchange difference	(9)	(3)	(1)	(13)
添置 出售	Additions Disposals	1,987 (2)	_	72 -	2,059 (2)
折舊 <i>(附註7)</i>	Depreciation (Note 7)	(5,275)	(588)	(205)	(6,068)
期末賬面淨值 —————————————————————	Closing net book amount	9,539	168	743	10,450
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021				
成本	Cost	37,215	4,509	14,716	56,440
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(27,676)	(4,341)	(13,973)	(45,990)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	9,539	168	Office	智慧 10,450
					151112

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14 物業、機器及設備 (續)

14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

附註:

Notes:

(a) 年內產生的折舊從合併利潤表扣除如下:

 (a) Depreciation incurred during the year is charged to the consolidated income statement as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
銷售成本	Cost of sales	2,775	2,996
銷售及經銷開支	Selling and distribution expenses	102	137
一般及行政開支	General and administrative expenses	777	2,839
研發開支	Research and development expenses	105	96
	·		
折舊總額	Total depreciation	3,759	6,068

15 使用權資產及租賃負債

15 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

(i) 於合併資產負債表中確認之金額

合併資產負債表列示下列有關租賃之金 額:

(i) Amounts recognised in the consolidated balance sheet

The consolidated balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets		
電腦設備	Computer equipment	8,341	18,275
辦公室	Offices	3,784	7,295
汽車	Vehicles	107	223
		12,232	25,793
租賃負債	Lease liabilities		
流動	Current	8,548	12,482
非流動	Non-current	945	9,544
		9,493	22,026

年內並無添置使用權資產(二零二一年: 人民幣8,549,000元)。

No additions to the right-of-use assets during the year (2021: RMB8,549,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

15 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(ii) 使用權資產計量

已確認使用權資產與以下類別資產有關:

(ii) Measurement of right-of-use assets

The recognised right-of-use assets relate to the following types of assets:

		電腦設備 Computer	辦公室	汽車	總計
		equipment	Offices	Vehicles	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	,				
於二零二二年一月一日	At 1 January 2022	18,275	7,295	223	25,793
終止	Termination	(2,453)	-	_	(2,453)
折舊 <i>(附註7)</i>	Depreciation (Note 7)	(7,159)	(3,659)	(116)	(10,934)
匯兌差額	Exchange differences	(322)	148	-	(174)
	,				
於二零二二年	At 31 December 2022				
十二月三十一日		8,341	3,784	107	12,232
於二零二一年一月一日	At 1 January 2021	27,790	4,017	11	31,818
添置	Additions	_	8,316	233	8,549
終止	Termination	_	(1,253)	_	(1,253)
折舊 <i>(附註7)</i>	Depreciation (Note 7)	(9,318)	(3,723)	(21)	(13,062)
匯兌差額	Exchange differences	(197)	(62)		(259)
於二零二一年	At 31 December 2021				
十二月三十一日		18,275	7,295	223	25,793

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15 使用權資產及租賃負債 (續)

15 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(iii) 於合併利潤表中確認之金額

合併利潤表列示下列有關租賃之金額:

(iii) Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement

The consolidated income statement shows the following amounts relating to leases:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
	•		_
租賃負債利息開支	Interest expense for lease liabilities	514	850
與短期租賃有關之開支	Expenses relating to short-term leases	64	578

於二零二二年之租賃現金流出總額為人 民幣16,502,000元 (二零二一年:人民幣 14,977,000元)。 The total cash outflow for leases in 2022 was RMB16,502,000 (2021: RMB14,977,000).

(iv) 本集團之租賃活動及其入賬方法

本集團租賃多項辦公室、電腦設備及汽車。租賃合約通常為固定期限1年至4年。

租賃條款按個別基準商議,並包含各種不同的條款及條件。租賃協議不施加任何契諾,惟出租人持有的租賃資產中的抵押權益除外。租賃資產不得用作借貸抵押用途。

(iv) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various offices, computer equipment and vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 year to 4 years.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

16 於聯營公司之投資

於聯營公司之投資變動如下:

16 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

The movements of investment in associates are as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於一月一日	At 1 January	-	_
注資	Capital contributions	10,455	_
本年度分佔虧損	Share of loss for current year	(3,317)	-
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	7,138	_

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

營業地駐/成立/

16 於聯營公司之投資(續)

以下載列本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日之聯營公司詳情。下文所列聯 營公司之股本僅由普通股組成,由本集團間接 持有。

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日, 於聯營公司之主要投資詳情如下:

16 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Set out below are the details of the associates of the Group as at 31 December 2022 and 2021. The associate as listed below have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares, which is held indirectly by the Group.

Details of the principal investments in associates as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

實體名稱	宮耒 ^也 點/成立/ 註冊成立國家 Place of		益百分比	關係性質	計量方法
Name of entity	business/country establishment/ incorporation	% of ow inte	nership rest	Nature of the relationship	Measurement method
		二零二二年 2022	二零二一年 2021		
深圳市國創匯康醫療器械科 技有限公司(「 國創 」)	中國	25%	-	附註i	權益法
	The PRC			Note i	Equity method
GNL LTD. (" GNL ") 常津科技有限公司 (「 常津 」)	台灣	20%	_	附註ii	權益法
1377 11327312 = 13 (1671 27	Taiwan			Note ii	Equity method
深圳市威屏科技有限公司 (「 威屏 」)	中國	15%	15%	附註iii	權益法 (二零二一年:相同)
\ WW.137	The PRC			Note iii	Equity method (2021: same)

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16 於聯營公司之投資(續)

附註:

- (i) 國創為於二零二一年十二月七日註冊成立的有限公司。於二零二一年十二月,本集團與國創訂立投資協議,以代價人民幣5,000,000元認購25%的股權。隨後於二零二二年一月二十一日,本集團與現有股東訂立一份補充股東協議,全體股東協定對國創增加一倍的資本投資。因此,本集團於二零二二年一月向國創注資人民幣10,000,000元。國創從事醫療設備的研發及製造。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團確認應佔虧損約人民幣3,293,000元。
- (ii) 常津為於二零一九年九月九日註冊成立的有限公司,提供資訊科技軟件及電子材料。本集團於二零二二年八月三十日訂立股東協議,以代價2,000,000新台幣(相當於人民幣455,000元)收購常津20%的股權。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團確認應佔虧損約人民幣24,000元。
- (iii) 威屏為於二零一九年二月二十七日註冊成立的 有限公司。該公司從事提供VPANEL「**智會屏**」 品牌下的交互式視頻會議及其他物聯網解決方 案。於二零一九年三月二十六日,本集團訂立一 份投資協議,以代價人民幣353,000元收購威屏 15%股權,代價以注入威屏等值之本集團無形 資產之方式結算,其公平值由中國獨立合資格 估值師釐定。所注入無形資產為本集團內部產 生之軟件及商標。

概無與本集團於聯營公司之權益有關之或然負 債。

16 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Note:

- (i) 國創 is a limited liability company incorporated on 7 December 2021. The Group entered into an investment agreement with 國創 in December 2021 for a 25% equity interest at a consideration of RMB5,000,000. Subsequently, the Group entered into a supplemental shareholder agreement with the existing shareholders on 21 January 2022 and all shareholders agreed to double the capital investment of 國創。As a result, the Group invested RMB10,000,000 to 國創 in January 2022. 國創 is engaged in research and development, and manufacturing of medical equipment. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group recognised a share of loss of approximately RMB3,293,000.
- (ii) GNL is a limited liability company incorporated on 9 September 2019. It was engaged in provision of I.T. software and electronic materials. On 30 August 2022, the Group entered into a shareholder agreement to acquire 20% shareholding of GNL at consideration of NTD 2,000,000 (equivalent to RMB455,000). For the year ended 31 December 2022, The Group recognized a share of loss approximately RMB24,000.
- (iii) 威屏 is a limited liability company incorporated on 27 February 2019. It was engaged in the provision of interactive video conference and other IoT solutions under the brand name of VPANEL. On 26 March 2019, the Group entered into an investment agreement to acquire 15% shareholding of 威屏 at consideration of RMB353,000, which was settled by injection of intangible assets of the Group at equivalent value to 威屏, the fair value of which was determined by an independent qualified valuer in the PRC. The injected intangible assets are softwares and trademark internally generated by the Group.

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interests in associates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17 按公平值計入損益之金融資產

17 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

按公平值計入損益計量之金融資產包括下列各項:

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss include the following:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動資產 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Non-current assets		
上市投資 (附註(i))	_isted investment (Note (i))	_	3,501
非上市股本證券 (附註(i)及(ii))	Unlisted equity securities (Note (i) and (ii))	44,404	35,413
非上市基金 (附註(iii))	Jnlisted fund (Note (iii))	30,156	8,863
		74,560	47,777

按公平值計入損益之金融資產之變動如下:

Movement in the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於一月一日	At 1 January	47,777	16,318
添置	Additions	21,000	13,697
公平值收益淨額	Fair value gains, net	2,017	18,461
匯兌差額	Exchange differences	3,766	(699)
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	74,560	47,777

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17 按公平值計入損益之金融資產

附註:

- (i) 於二零二二年二月,上市投資於年內私有化,因此被重新分類爲非上市股本證券。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,確認公平值虧損人民幣3,849,000元。該非上市股本證券的投資以新台幣計值。
- (ii) 於二零一九年十一月十二日,本集團自獨立第 三方認購72,916股股份,佔該非上市實體股權 之2.03%,代價為2,000,000美元(相當於人民幣 14,048,000元)。於二零二零年五月八日,本集 團向該獨立第三方認購18,229股額外股份,佔 該非上市實體0.50%的股權,代價為500,000美元 (相當於人民幣3.464,000元)。

被投資方為一家在特拉華州註冊成立之有限公司,主要專注於首個數字化及傳感技術,解決傳統觸摸傳感器之抗噪及調優難題。

於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度非上市股本證券之公平值乃經參考近期可比較交易釐定。公平值屬於公平值層級三(附註3.2)。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,公平值收益人民幣5,573,000元(二零二一年:人民幣19,770,000元)於合併利潤表中確認。非上市股本證券以美元計值。

(iii) 於二零二一年六月八日,本集團與獨立第三方訂立有限合夥協議,以作為有限合夥人投資於中國註冊的一家私募投資基金,並承諾向基金出資人民幣30,000,000元,佔基金承諾總額6%。於本年度,本集團追加投資人民幣21,000,000元,且悉數支付全部承諾資金。

非上市基金之公平值屬於公平值層級三(附註3.2)。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,公平值虧損人民幣293,000元(二零二一年:人民幣137,000元)於合併利潤表中確認。非上市基金以人民幣計值。

有關釐定公平值過程中採用之估值方法及假設 的資料,請參閱合併財務報表附註3.2。

17 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Notes:

- (i) The listed investment was privatised in February 2022. Therefore, it was reclassified to unlisted equity securities. A fair value loss of RMB3,849,000 was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2022. The investment in this unlisted equity security is denominated in TWD.
- (ii) On 12 November 2019, the Group subscribed 72,916 shares from an independent third party, representing 2.03% of shareholdings of an unlisted entity at consideration of USD 2,000,000 (equivalent to RMB14,048,000). On 8 May 2020, the Group subscribed 18,229 additional shares from this independent third party, representing 0.50% of shareholdings of the unlisted entity at consideration of USD 500,000 (equivalent to RMB3,464,000).

The investee, a limited liability company incorporated in Delaware, is mainly focus on the first digital and fully scalable sensing technology to solve the noise immunity and tuning challenges of traditional touch sensors.

The fair value of the unlisted investment was determined by reference to recent comparable transaction as at 31 December 2022 and 2021. The fair value is within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy (Note 3.2). During the year ended 31 December 2022, a fair value gain of RMB5,573,000 (2021: RMB19,770,000) was recognised in the consolidated income statement. The unlisted equity security is denominated in USD.

(iii) On 8 June 2021, the Group entered into a Limited Partner Agreement with an individual third party to invest in a private investment fund registered in the PRC as a limited partner and committed to contribute RMB30,000,000 to the fund, representing 6% of the total committment of the fund. During the year, the Group made an additional investment of RMB21,000,000 and all the committed capital was fully paid.

The fair value of the unlisted fund is within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy (Note 3.2). During the year ended 31 December 2022, a fair value loss of RMB293,000 (2021: RMB137,000) was recognised in the consolidated income statements. The unlisted fund is denominated in RMB.

Refer to Note 3.2 to the consolidated financial statements for information about the valuation methods and assumptions used in determining fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18 存貨

18 INVENTORIES

	二零二二年	二零二一年
	2022	2021
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
硬件及軟件 Hardware and software	155,279	115,025
減值撥備 Provision for impairment	(6,723)	(4,899)
存貨-淨額 Inventories – net	148,556	110,126

附註:

Notes:

(i) 確認為開支並計入本集團業務應佔銷售成本的 存貨成本為人民幣593,666,000元(二零二一年: 人民幣377,984,000元)。

(i) The cost of inventories was recognised as expenses and included in cost of sales attributable to the Group's operations amounted to RMB593,666,000 (2021: RMB377,984,000).

(ii) 存貨撥備變動如下:

(ii) Movement in the provision for inventories is as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於年初	At the beginning of the year	4,899	4,899
存貨減值撥備	Provision for impairment of inventories	1,824	_
於年末	At the end of the year	6,723	4,899

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19 合約資產及合約負債

19 CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

(a) 合約資產

本集團已確認下列與客戶合約有關之資 產及負債:

(a) Contract assets

The Group has recognised the following assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers:

			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
合約資產	Contract assets			
一第三方	third parties		_	544
一關連人士	 related parties 		17,099	17
				_
總合約資產	Total contract assets	(a)	17,099	561

合約資產主要與本集團收取於報告日期 已完成但尚未結算之工程代價之權利有 關。合約資產將於權利成為無條件時轉至 應收款項。

由於本集團在資訊科技項目協定付款時間表前提供較多服務,合約資產有所增加。

合約資產之賬面值與其公平值相若。

The contract assets primarily relate to the Group's rights to receive consideration for work completed but not billed as at the reporting date. The contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional.

Contract assets increased as the Group has provided more services ahead of the agreed payment schedules for the I.T. projects.

The carrying amounts of contract assets approximate their fair values.

(b) 合約負債

(b) Contract liabilities

			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
合約負債	Contract liabilities			
一第三方	 third parties 		31,167	32,585
-關連人士	 related parties 		5,848	2,868
總合約負債	Total contract liabilities	(b)	37,015	35,453

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19 合約資產及合約負債(續)

(b) 合約負債(續)

合約負債主要與銷售尚未交付客戶之貨 品或尚未提供之服務預先收到之按金或 付款有關。收入在貨品交付客戶時或提供 服務時確認。

由於客戶付款之時間差異,合約負債有所增加。

下表載列於本報告期間確認之收入中與 結轉合約負債有關之金額。

19 CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Contract liabilities (continued)

The contract liabilities primarily relate to the deposits or payments received in advance for sales of goods not yet delivered to customers or services not yet performed. Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered to customers or when services are performed.

Contract liabilities have increased due to timing difference in payments by customers.

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in the current reporting period relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
計入期初合約負債結餘之	Revenue recognised that was included in the		
已確認收入	contract liabilities balance at the		
	beginning of the period		
預收款項	Receipts in advance	35,453	13,306

下表列示固定價格長期合約產生之未履 行履約責任。 The following table shows unsatisfied performance obligations resulting from fixed-price long-term contracts.

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於十二月三十一日分配至部分或 全部未履行長期合約 之交易價格總金額 不超過一年 超過一年及不超過五年	Aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to long-term contracts that are partially or fully unsatisfied as at 31 December Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years	10,863	18,922 16,559
		10,863	35,481

所有其他合約之期限為一年或更短,或根據所產生時間結算。根據香港財務報告準則第15號之規定,分配至該等未履行合約之交易價格無需披露。

All other contracts are for periods of one year or less or are billed based on time incurred. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20 營業及租賃應收賬項

20 TRADE AND LEASE RECEIVABLES

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
營業應收賬項(附註(a))	Trade receivables (Note (a))		
一第三方	- third parties	145,179	147,082
一關連人士	related parties	137,602	101,032
		282,781	248,114
融資租賃應收賬項-合共 <i>(附註(c))</i>	Finance leases receivables - total (Note (c))	6,051	7,178
營業及租賃應收賬項一總額(附註(d))	Trade and lease receivables – gross (Note (d))	288,832	255,292
減:虧損撥備 (附註(b))	Less: loss allowance (Note (b))	(68,531)	(60,164)
營業及租賃應收賬項-淨額	Trade and lease receivables - net	220,301	195,128
減:營業及租賃應收賬項	Less: trade and lease receivables		
一非流動部分	non-current portion	(4,869)	(12,698)
營業及租賃應收賬項-流動部分	Trade and lease receivables - current portion	215,432	182,430

營業及租賃應收賬項之賬面值與其公平值相 若。 The carrying amounts of trade and lease receivables approximate their fair values.

附註:

(a) 本集團之大部分銷售信貸期一般介乎三十天至 九十天。營業應收賬項按發票日期之賬齡分析 如下:

Notes:

(a) Majority of the Group's sales are made with credit terms generally ranging from 30 days to 90 days. The ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
	,		
少於六十天	Less than 60 days	113,552	148,643
六十天至一百二十天	60 days to 120 days	47,901	30,977
一百二十一天至三百六十天	121 days to 360 days	52,141	10,582
超過三百六十天	Over 360 days	69,187	57,912
	'		
		282,781	248,114

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20 營業及租賃應收賬項(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,營業應收賬項 約人民幣68,531,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 60,164,000元)已全數計提撥備。有關營業及租 賃應收賬項之虧損撥備變動於註3.1(b)(ii)披露。 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,營業 及租賃應收賬項的虧損撥備為人民幣3,347,000 元(二零二一年:人民幣2,951,000元)。

(c) 融資租賃應收賬項

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日總租賃投資及最低應收租賃款項的現值對賬如下:

20 TRADE AND LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes (continued):

(b) At 31 December 2022, trade receivables of approximately RMB68,531,000 (2021: RMB60,164,000) were fully provided for. Movement in the loss allowances for trade and lease receivables is disclosed in note 3.1(b)(ii). During the year ended 31 December 2022, loss allowance for trade and lease receivables of RMB3,347,000 were made (2021: RMB2,951,000)

(c) Finance leases receivables

The reconciliation between the gross investment in the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments receivable at as 31 December 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

二零二二年

二零二一年

		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動應收款項	Non-current receivables		
融資租賃-應收款項總額	Finance leases - gross receivables	5,471	6,949
未賺取融資收入	Unearned finance income	(602)	(898)
		4,869	6,051

流動應收款項	Current receivables		
融資租賃一應收款項總額	Finance leases – gross receivables	1,479	1,479
未賺取融資收入	Unearned finance income	(297)	(352)
		1,182	1,127
		1,182	1,127
融資租賃應收款項-總額	Finance leases receivables – total	1,182 6,051	1,127 7,178
融資租賃的應收款項總額:	Gross receivables from finance leases:	6,051	7,178
融資租賃的應收款項總額: 一不超過一年	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year	6,051 1,479	7,178 1,479
融資租賃的應收款項總額: 一不超過一年 一一年至兩年之間	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year - Between 1 year and 2 years	6,051 1,479 1,479	7,178 1,479 1,479
融資租賃的應收款項總額: 一不超過一年 一一年至兩年之間 一兩年至三年之間	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year - Between 1 year and 2 years - Between 2 years and 3 years	6,051 1,479 1,479 1,479	7,178 1,479 1,479 1,479
融資租賃的應收款項總額: 一不超過一年 一一年至兩年之間 一兩年至三年之間 一三年至四年之間	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year - Between 1 year and 2 years - Between 2 years and 3 years - Between 3 years and4 years	6,051 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479	7,178 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479
融資租賃的應收款項總額: 一不超過一年 一一年至兩年之間 一兩年至三年之間	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year - Between 1 year and 2 years - Between 2 years and 3 years	6,051 1,479 1,479 1,479	7,178 1,479 1,479 1,479
融資租賃的應收款項總額: 一不超過一年 一一年至兩年之間 一兩年至三年之間 一三年至四年之間	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year - Between 1 year and 2 years - Between 2 years and 3 years - Between 3 years and4 years	6,051 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479	7,178 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479
融資租賃的應收款項總額:	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year - Between 1 year and 2 years - Between 2 years and 3 years - Between 3 years and4 years - Between 4 years and 5 years	6,051 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 517 517	7,178 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,033
融資租賃的應收款項總額: - 不超過一年 - 一年至兩年之間 - 兩年至三年之間 - 三年至四年之間 - 四年至五年之間 - 四4至五年之間 - 超過五年	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year - Between 1 year and 2 years - Between 2 years and 3 years - Between 3 years and4 years - Between 4 years and 5 years - Later than 5 years	6,051 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 517 517	7,178 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,033
融資租賃的應收款項總額:	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year - Between 1 year and 2 years - Between 2 years and 3 years - Between 3 years and4 years - Between 4 years and 5 years	6,051 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 517 517	7,178 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,033
融資租賃的應收款項總額: - 不超過一年 - 一年至兩年之間 - 兩年至三年之間 - 三年至四年之間 - 四年至五年之間 - 四4至五年之間 - 超過五年	Gross receivables from finance leases: - No later than 1 year - Between 1 year and 2 years - Between 2 years and 3 years - Between 3 years and4 years - Between 4 years and 5 years - Later than 5 years	6,051 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 517 517	7,178 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,479 1,033

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20 營業及租賃應收賬項(續)

附註:(續)

(c) 融資租賃應收賬項(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,結餘指分別為期9年及10年的兩項融資租賃安排項下之智能學校項目(二零二一年:相同)。由於合約賦予權利於一段時間內控制項目中已識別資產的用途以換取代價,而租賃期結束時,該等租賃資產將無償轉讓予承租人,故該項目構成一項融資租賃。

(d) 營業及租賃應收賬項以下列貨幣計值:

20 TRADE AND LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes (continued)

(c) Finance leases receivables (continued)

As at 31 December 2022, the balance represents a smart school project under two finance leases arrangements for 9 years and 10 years respectively (2021: same). The project constitutes a finance lease since the contract conveys the right to control the use of identified assets under this project, for a period of time in exchange for consideration and at the end of the lease term, these leased assets will be transferred to the leasee without any consideration.

(d) Trade and lease receivables are denominated in following currencies:

		二零二二 ⁹ 202 <i>人民幣千</i> 2	2 2021
		RMB'00	
人民幣	RMB	171,78	146,175
美元	USD	97,12	0 85,732
新台幣	NTD	17,11	4 16,376
歐元	EUR	2,81	7 ,009
		288,83	2 255,292

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 21 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動部分	Non-current portion		
預付款項	Prepayments	721	271
流動部分	Current portion		
預付款項	Prepayments	43,601	38,465
預付租金	Rental prepayments	343	230
其他可收回稅項	Other tax recoverable	3,565	568
其他應收款項	Other receivables	1,384	1,265
減:虧損撥備	Less: loss allowance	(103)	(98)
		48,790	40,430
預付予關連人士款項	Prepayment to a related party	177	679
	<u></u>	48,967	41,109
否分表表 协会工具 化库斯基苯烷蓝	Table and a second state of the second state o	40.000	44.000
預付款項、按金及其他應收款項總額	Total prepayments, deposits and other receivables	49,688	41,380

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日, 預付款項主要為向供應商購買存貨之預付貨款 及預付租金開支。

預付款項、按金及其他應收款項以下列貨幣計值:

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, prepayments mainly represented payments in advance to suppliers for the purchases of inventories and prepaid rental expenses.

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables are denominated in following currencies:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
港元	HKD	378	427
人民幣	RMB	43,828	27,989
美元	USD	2,219	2,882
新台幣	NTD	2,701	9,538
其他	Others	562	544
		49,688	41,380

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22 現金及現金等價物

22 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
銀行現金,所承受的最大信貸風險	Cash at banks, maximum exposure to credit risk	166,802	188,968
手頭現金	Cash on hand	64	96
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	166,866	189,064

銀行現金於年內根據每日銀行存款年利率 0.01%至1.74%的浮動利率賺取利息(二零二一 年:0.01%至1.76%)。以人民幣計值之本集團 人民幣現金及現金等價物存放於中國的銀行。 將該等以人民幣計值結餘兌換成外幣以及匯款 至中國境外,均須遵守中國政府頒佈的外匯管 制規則及規定。

現金及現金等價物以下列貨幣計值:

Cash at banks earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates of 0.01% to 1.74% per annum during the year (2021: 0.01 % to 1.76%). The Group's cash and cash equivalents denominated in RMB are deposited with banks in PRC. The conversion of these RMB-denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of funds out of PRC is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the government of the PRC.

Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in following currencies:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
港元	HKD	1,516	649
人民幣	RMB	82,672	129,927
美元	USD	67,682	37,060
新台幣	NTD	12,405	20,342
其他	Others	2,591	1,086
		166,866	189,064

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23 遞延所得稅

當有法定可執行權利將可收回之當期所得稅與當期所得稅負債抵銷,以及當遞延所得稅資產及負債與同一稅務機關就該應課稅實體或不同應課稅實體徵收之所得稅有關,而有意按淨額基準結算結餘時,遞延所得稅資產與負債將會抵銷。抵銷金額如下:

23 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax recoverable against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis. The offset amounts are as follows:

		二零二二年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二一年 2021 人民幣千元 RMB'000
遞延所得稅資產: 一將於超過12個月後收回的 遞延所得稅資產	Deferred income tax assets: - Deferred income tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months	3,839	1,935
一將於12個月內收回的 	 Deferred income tax assets to be recovered within 12 months 	1,113	75
		4,952	2,010
遞延所得稅負債: 一將於超過12個月後清償的 遞延所得稅負債 一將於12個月內清償的	Deferred income tax liabilities: - Deferred income tax liabilities to be recovered after more than 12 months - Deferred income tax liabilities to be recovered	(2,603)	(1,708)
遞延所得稅負債	within 12 months	(2,603)	(2,555)
遞延所得稅資產/(負債)淨額	Deferred income tax assets/(liabilities), net	2,349	(2,253)

遞延所得稅資產/(負債) 賬目的變動淨額如下:

The net movement on the deferred income tax assets/(liabilities) account is as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於一月一日	At 1 January	(2,253)	_
計入/(扣除)合併利潤表	Credit/(charged) to consolidated		
(附註10)	income statement (Note 10)	4,831	(2,262)
匯兌差額	Exchange differences	(229)	9
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	2,349	(2,253)

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23 遞延所得稅(續)

23 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

年內產生遞延稅項資產之項目性質及其各自之 變動(未計及於同一稅務管轄區內結餘抵銷)如 下: The nature of items giving rise to deferred tax assets and their respective movements during the year without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction are as follows:

		應計開支		金融資產虧損撥備 稅項虧損 Loss allowances for financial		按公平值計入損益之 金融資產之公平值虧損 Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or		投備		總計			
		Accrued	eynenses	ass		Tay lo	Tax losses loss			Provisions		Total	
		二零二二年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二一年 2021 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二二年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二一年 2021 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二二年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二一年 2021 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二二年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二一年 2021 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二二年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二一年 2021 <i>人民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i>	二零二二年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二一年 2021 <i>人民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i>
於一月一日計入合併利潤表匯兌差額	At 1 January Credited to consolidated income statement Exchange differences	75 1,272 11	- 75	633 632	633	5,341 1,627 458	- 5,420 (79)	255 726 (122)	- 255 -	- 291 -	- - -	6,304 4,548 347	- 6,383 (79)
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	1,358	75	1,265	633	7,426	5,341	859	255	291	-	11,199	6,304

年內產生遞延稅項負債之項目性質及其各自之 變動(未計及於同一稅務管轄區內結餘抵銷)如 下: The nature of items giving rise to deferred tax liabilities and their respective movements during the year without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction are as follows:

		金融資產之 Fair va on financ	計入損益之 公平值收益 lue gain ial assets	不可分派利		總計		
			ue through		ng tax on	_		
			or loss		table profit		tal	
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
於一月一日	At 1 January	6,001	_	2,556	_	8,557	_	
扣除/(計入)合併利潤表	Charged/(credited) to	,		,		,		
3.1139	consolidated income statement	1,717	6,089	(2,000)	2,556	(283)	8,645	
匯兌差額	Exchange differences	576	(88)	(2,000)	_,000	576	,	
些儿庄识	Lacitatige differences	370	(00)			370	(88)	
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	8,294	6,001	556	2,556	8,850	8,557	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

24 應付營業賬項

24 TRADE PAVARIES

應付営業賬項	24	TRADE PAYABLES		
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			RMB'000	RMB'000
應付營業賬項	Trade payables			
一第三方	 third parties 	S	164,587	118,775
關連人士	- related par	ties	3,494	2,535
			168,081	121,310
應付營業賬項按發票日期之賬齡分析	所如下:	The ageing analysis of trade pay follows:	/ables based on i 二零二二年 2022 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二一年 2021 人民幣千元 RMB'000
少於六十天	Less than 60 d	0.76	107,471	117,918
六十天至一百二十天	60 days to 120		12,767	2,671
超過一百二十天	Over 120 days	dayo	47,843	721
<u> </u>			41,040	121
			168,081	121,310
應付營業賬項以下列貨幣計值:		Trade payables are denominated in	following currencie	s:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣	RMB	83,974	63,658
美元	USD	72,107	41,522
新台幣	NTD	12,000	16,130
		168,081	121,310

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

25 應計費用及其他應付款項 25 ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			RMB'000	RMB'000
應計薪金及花紅	Accrued salar	ies and bonuses	34,406	28,911
應計經營開支	Accrued open	ating expenses	12,326	8,513
其他應付稅項	Other tax pay	ables	1,512	2,364
其他應付款項	Other payable	S	1,614	2,122
			49,858	41,910
		Accruals and other payables are d		J
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			RMB'000	RMB'000
港元	HKD		3,073	2,463
人民幣	RMB		23,743	22,968
美元	USD		11,479	8,177
新台幣	NTD		10,906	8,275
其他	Others		657	27
	·			
			49,858	41,910

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

26 股本及股份溢價

26 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

股本

Share capital

		二零二	二年	二零二一年		
		202	2	2021		
		股份數目 面值		股份數目	面值	
		Number of	Nominal	Number of	Nominal	
		shares	value	shares	value	
		千股	人民幣千元	千股	人民幣千元	
		'000	RMB'000	'000	RMB'000	
於一月一日	As at 1 January	701,543	68,447	654,863	64,479	
配發股份(附註)	Allotment of shares (Note)	_	-	46,680	3,968	
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	701,543	68,447	701,543	68,447	

股份溢價 Share premium

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於一月一日	As at 1 January	213,865	187,511
配發股份(附註)	Allotment of shares (Note)	-	26,354
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	213,865	213,865

附註:

於二零二零年十二月二十四日,本集團與一間關聯公司訂立有條件買賣協議,以收購與兩款軟件產品(即「Presenter」及「ChromaCam」有關的知識產權,代價為23,340,000港元(相當於約人民幣19,840,000元)。該代價將向賣方配發46,680,000股新股份的方式結算。於二零二一年三月,所授出股份之公平值為人民幣30,322,000港元,而年內代價與所授出股份之公平值之間的差額人民幣10,482,000元於合併利潤表確認為股份支付開支。該交易於二零二一年三月二十二日完成。

Note:

On 24 December 2020, the Group entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with a related company to acquire intellectual properties related to two software products, namely "Presenter" and "ChromaCam" at a consideration of HK\$23,340,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB19,840,000). The consideration would be settled by allotment of 46,680,000 new shares to the seller. In March 2021, the shares were granted with a fair value of RMB30,322,000 and the difference between the consideration and fair value of the shares granted in the allotment of RMB10,482,000 was recognised as share-based payment in the consolidated income statement during the year. The transaction was completed on 22 March 2021.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

27 購股權計劃

根據本公司於二零一三年八月三十日採納之購股權計劃,董事會全權酌情認為,向(i)本集團或任何被投資實體 (即本集團持有股權之實體)之任何全職或兼職僱員 (包括本公司或任何執投資實體之任何董事,不論是獨立與否);(ii)本集團發行之任何證券之任何持有人;及(iii)本集團或任、代時預費之任何業務或合營夥伴、承包商或好投資實體之任何業務或合營夥伴、承包商或好投資實體之任何業務或合營夥伴、承包商或好投资實體之任何業務或合營夥伴、承包商或持持有人、或分銷商、業主或租戶(包括任何为租戶);或(iv)董事會全權酌情認為已可可於租戶);或(iv)董事會全權酌情認為已任何人士授出購股權。

於根據購股權計劃及其他計劃授出而仍未行使 之所有尚未行使購股權獲行使後可予發行之股 份數目總額,不得超過於採納日期本公司已發 行股本總數之共計10%(惟本公司根據有關購 股權計劃可能授出之購股權的最高股份數目, 獲得股東最新許可更新10%上限除外),以及根 據購股權計劃及任何其他計劃任何仍未行使之 尚未行使購股權後可予發行之股份數目總額, 不得超過本公司不時已發行股本之30%。

27 SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 30 August 2013, in the sole discretion of the Board, to grant options to (i) any full time or part time employees of the Group; or any invested entity, an entity in which the Group holds an equity interest, (including any directors, whether executive or non-executive and whether independent or not, of the Company or any subsidiary or any invested entity); (ii) any holder of any securities issued by the Group; and (iii) any business or joint venture partners, contractors, agents or representatives, consultants, advisers, suppliers, producers or licensors, customers, licensees (including any sub-licensee) or distributors, landlords or tenants (including any sub-tenants) of the Group or any invested entity; or (iv) any person who, in the sole discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group or any invested entity.

The aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and other schemes must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total issued capital of the Company as at the adoption date unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from the shareholders to renew the 10% limit on the basis that the maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme together with any options outstanding and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other scheme shall not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

27 購股權計劃(續)

27 SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度根據購股權計劃授出的購股權變動如下:

Movement of the options granted under the share option scheme for the year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

購股權數目 Number of share options

				Number of sna	re options					
授出日期	参與者姓名/ 名稱或分類	於二零二二年 一月一日 尚未行使	年內授出	年內失效	年內沒收	年內行使	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日 尚未行使	行使期	每份購股權 行使價	於緊接購股權 授出日期前之 每股收市價 Closing price per share immediately
Date of grant	Name or category of participants	Outstanding as at 1 January 2022	Granted during the year (附註(1)) (Note (1))	Expired during the year	Forfeited during the year (附註(v)) (Note (v))	Exercised during the year	Outstanding as at 31 December 2022	Exercise period	Exercise price per share option 港元 HK\$	before the grant date of share option 港元 HK\$
	董事									
二零一七年八月三十一日 31 August 2017	Directors 鄭宜斌先生 Mr. CHENG Yee Pun	300,000	-	-	-	-	300,000	二零一九年八月三十一日至 二零二七年八月三十日 31 August 2019 to	1.684	1.55
017 luguot 2011	mi. oriena too turi							30 August 2027		
二零一八年十一月十二日	鄭宜斌先生	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000	二零二零年十一月十二日至 二零二八年十一月十一日	0.686	0.66
12 November 2018	Mr. CHENG Yee Pun							12 November 2020 to 11 November 2028	0.686	0.66
二零二二年四月八日	蔡力挺先生	-	800,000	-	-	-	800,000	二零二四年四月八日至 二零三二年四月七日	0.310	0.310
8 April 2022	Mr. CAI LiTing							8 April 2024 to 7 April 2032		
二零二二年四月八日	鄭宜斌先生	-	500,000	-	-	-	500,000	二零二四年四月八日至 二零三二年四月七日	0.310	0.310
8 April 2022	Mr. CHENG Yee Pun							8 April 2024 to 7 April 2032		
	僱員 5									
二零一七年八月三十一日	Employees 持續合約僱員	3,200,000	-	-	(150,000)	-	3,050,000	二零一九年八月三十一日至 二零二七年八月三十日	1.684	1.55
31 August 2017	Continuous contract employees							31 August 2019 to 30 August 2027		
二零一八年十一月十二日	持續合約僱員	4,910,000	-	-	(150,000)	-	4,760,000	二零二零年十一月十二日至 二零二八年十一月十一日	0.686	0.66
12 November 2018	Continuous contract employees							12 November 2020 to 11 November 2028		
二零二二年四月八日	持續合約僱員	-	6,310,000	-	(100,000)	-	6,210,000	二零二四年四月八日至 二零三二年四月七日	0.310	0.310
8 April 2022	Continuous contract employees							8 April 2024 to 7 April 2032		
	1	8,910,000	7,610,000	-	(400,000)	-	16,120,000		nart ce 智慧	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

27 購股權計劃(續)

27 SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度根據購股權計劃授出的購股權變動如下:

Movement of the options granted under the share option scheme for the year ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:

				購股權數 Number of sha						
授出日期	参與者姓名/ 名稱或分類	於二零二一年 一月一日 尚未行使	年內授出	年內失效	年內沒收	年內行使	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 尚未行使	行使期	每份購股權 行使價	於緊接購股權 授出日期前之 每股收市價 Closing price per share immediately
Date of grant	Name or category of participants	Outstanding as at 1 January 2021	Granted during the year	Expired during the year	Forfeited during the year (附註(v)) (Note (v))	Exercised during the year	Outstanding as at 31 December 2021	Exercise period	Exercise price per share option 港元 HK\$	before the grant date of share option 港元 HK\$
	董事									
二零一七年八月三十一日	Director 鄭宜斌先生	300,000	-	-	-	-	300,000	二零一九年八月三十一日至 二零二七年八月三十日	1.684	1.55
31 August 2017	Mr. Cheng Yee Pun							31 August 2019 to 30 August 2027		
二零一八年十一月十二日	鄭宜斌先生	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000	二零二零年十一月十二日至 二零二八年十一月十一日	0.686	0.66
12 November 2018	Mr. Cheng Yee Pun							12 November 2020 to 11 November 2028		
	僱員 Employees									
二零一七年八月三十一日	持續合約僱員	3,200,000	-	-	-	-	3,200,000	二零一九年八月三十一日至 二零二七年八月三十日	1.684	1.55
31 August 2017	Continuous contract employees							31 August 2019 to 30 August 2027		
二零一八年十一月十二日	持續合約僱員	5,260,000	-	-	(350,000)	-	4,910,000	二零二零年十一月十二日至 二零二八年十一月十一日	0.686	0.66
12 November 2018	Continuous contract employees							12 November 2020 to 11 November 2028		
		9,260,000	-	-	(350,000)	-	8,910,000			

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

27 購股權計劃(續)

附註:

(i) 於二零二二年四月八日授出的購股權已由一名 獨立估值師使用二項式期權定價模式(「該模 式」)計量。

採納的 估值參數

預期波幅	53.71%
股息回報	無
預期購股權有效期	10年
無風險比率	2.54%
每份購股權之公平值一行政人員	0.169港元
每份購股權之公平值-非行政人員	0.139港元

- (ii) 股價之預期波幅乃參考本公司自其於二零一七年十二月變更主要活動以來的過往每天波幅,以及三間可比較的香港上市公司於二零二二年四月八日之平均年率化過往每天波幅釐定。
- (iii) 無風險比率乃參考香港10年期政府債券於二零 二二年四月八日之回報釐定。
- (iv) 於二零二二年四月八日香港聯交所日報表上所報本公司於授出日期之每股收市價為0.310港元。
- (v) 購股權因僱員於歸屬期內辭任或候選人拒絕購 股權提議而於年內沒收。倘股份因僱員未能滿 足服務條件或拒絕提議而被沒收,則先前就該 等股份確認的任何費用於沒收生效當日撥回。

27 SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

Notes:

(i) The options granted on 8 April 2022 were measured using the binomial option pricing valuation model (the"Model") which was performed by an independent valuer

Valuation parameters adopted

Expected volatility	53.71%
Dividend yield	Nil
Expected option life	10 years
Risk-free interest rate	2.54%
Fair value per option – executives	HK\$0.169
Fair value per option – non-executives	HK\$0.139

- (ii) Expected volatility of share price is determined with reference to the average historical daily volatilities of the Company since its change of principal activities in December 2017 and the average annualized historical daily volatilities of three listed comparable companies in Hong Kong as at 8 April 2022.
- (iii) Risk-free rate is determined with reference to the Hong Kong 10-year Government Bond yield as at 8 April 2022.
- (vi) The closing market price per share of the Company on the grant date as quoted in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets as at 8 April 2022 was HK\$0.310.
- (v) The share options forfeited during the year due to the resignation of employees within vesting period or the offer of share options was rejected by the candidates. Where shares are forfeited due to failures by the employees to satisfy the service conditions or rejection of the offer, any expenses previously recognised in relation to such shares are reversed effective the date of the forfeiture.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28 儲備

28 RESERVES

		資本儲備 Capital reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000	資本贖回儲備 Capital redemption reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000	匯兌儲備 Exchange reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000	購股權儲備 Share option reserve (附註27) (Note 27) 人民幣千元 RMB'000	法定儲備 Statutory reserve (附註(i)) (Note (ii)) 人民幣千元 RMB'000	保留盈利 Retained earnings 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零二二年一月一日 年度溢利 外幣換算差額 轉撥至法定儲備	At 1 January 2022 Profit for the year Currency translation differences Appropriation to statutory reserve	44,065 - - -	1,942 - - -	(22,068) - 10,379 -	3,116 - - -	27,591 - - 2,287	75,527 27,830 – (2,287)	130,173 27,830 10,379
僱員購股權計劃 — 僱員服務價值	Employee Share option scheme – value of employee services	-	-		234	-	105	339
於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2022	44,065	1,942	(11,689)	3,350	29,878	101,175	168,721
於二零二一年一月一日 年度溢利 外幣換算差額 轉撥至法定儲備	At 1 January 2021 Profit for the year Currency translation differences Appropriation to statutory reserve	44,065 - - -	1,942 - - -	(15,177) - (6,891) -	3,116 - - -	26,223 - - 1,368	42,634 34,261 – (1,368)	102,803 34,261 (6,891)
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	44,065	1,942	(22,068)	3,116	27,591	75,527	130,173

附註:

Note:

 Statutory reserve of a subsidiary in The PRC can be utilised to offset future losses or increase the capital of the subsidiary.

⁽i) 中國子公司之法定儲備可用於彌補該子公司之 未來虧損或增加其資本。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

29 合併現金流量表

29 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

- (a) 除所得稅前溢利與經營活動所得現金的 對賬:
- (a) Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
除所得稅前溢利	Profit before income tax	30,483	37,607
就以下項目作出調整:	Adjustments for:		
利息收入	Interest income	(1,918)	(2,313)
利息開支	Interest expense	514	850
物業、機器及設備折舊 <i>(附註14)</i>	Depreciation for property, plant and		
	equipment (Note 14)	3,759	6,068
使用權資產折舊(附註15)	Depreciation for right-of-use assets (Note 15)	10,934	13,062
無形資產攤銷(附註13)	Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 13)	4,469	2,776
存貨減值撥備 <i>(附註18)</i>	Provision for impairment of inventories		
	(Note 18)	1,824	_
金融資產虧損撥備	Loss allowance for financial assets	3,347	2,951
分佔聯營公司之業績	Share of results of associates	3,317	_
提前終止租賃收益 <i>(附註c)</i>	Gain on early termination of a lease (Note c)	(688)	(75)
出售物業、機器及設備之虧損 <i>(附註b)</i>	Loss on disposal of property, plant and		
	equipment (Note b)	-	2
按公平值計入損益之金融資產之	Fair value gain on financial assets		
公平值收益淨額	at fair value through profit or loss, net	(2,017)	(18,461)
股份支付開支	Share based payment	-	10,482
購股權開支	Share option expenses	339	
		54,363	52,949
營運資金變動:	Changes in working capital:		
存貨	Inventories	(39,235)	(86,945)
營業及租賃應收賬項	Trade and lease receivables	(24,145)	3,923
合約資產	Contract assets	(16,355)	(33)
預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	(8,253)	(6,969)
應付營業賬項	Trade payables	47,672	16,693
應計費用及其他應付款項	Accruals and other payables	8,228	13,291
合約負債	Contract liabilities	1,711	22,147
經營活動所得現金	Cash generated from operations	23,986	15,056

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

29 合併現金流量表 續

29 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

- (b) 於合併現金流量表,出售物業、機器及設備之所得款項包括:
- (b) In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment comprise:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
出售物業、機器及設備之所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of property,		
	plant and equipment	-	-
減:賬面淨值	Less: Net book amount	-	(2)
出售物業、機器及設備之虧損淨額	Net loss on disposal of property,		
	plant and equipment	-	(2)

- (c) 於合併現金流量表,終止租賃之所得款項包括:
- (c) In the consolidated statement of cash flow, proceeds from termination of lease comprise:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
出售金融租賃資產之所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of finance		
	lease assets	3,141	-
金融租賃資產之賬面淨值:	Net carring value of finance lease assets:		
相關使用權資產之賬面值	Carrying amount of respective		
	right-of-use assets	2,453	1,253
相關租賃負債之賬面值	Carrying amount of respective lease liabilities	-	(1,328)
		2,453	(75)
		-	
提前終止租賃之收益	Gain on early termination of a lease	(688)	(75)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

29 合併現金流量表 續

29 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(d) 產生自融資活動之負債對賬

(d) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

		租賃負債- 流動部分	租賃負債- 非流動部分	租賃負債總額
		Lease liabilities	***************************************	
		- current	- non-current	Total lease
		portion	portion	liabilities
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於二零二一年一月一日	As at 1 January 2021	12,277	17,108	29,385
現金流量	Cash flows	(14,399)	-	(14,399)
非現金變動:	Non-cash movements:			
外匯調整	Exchange differences	(1,031)	-	(1,031)
收購租賃物	Acquisition of leases	1,547	7,002	8,549
租賃負債利息開支	Interest expense on lease liabilities	850	-	850
出售使用權資產	Disposal of right-of-use assets	(1,328)	-	(1,328)
其他非現金變動	Other non-cash movement	14,566	(14,566)	
於二零二一年	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022			
十二月三十一日及	As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022			
二零二二年一月一日		12,482	9,544	22,026
現金流量	Cash flows	(16,029)	(409)	(16,438)
非現金變動:	Non-cash movements:	, ,	, ,	, ,
外匯調整	Exchange differences	3,391	_	3,391
租賃負債利息開支	Interest expense on lease liabilities	514	_	514
其他非現金變動	Other non-cash movement	8,190	(8,190)	_
於二零二二年十二月	As at 31 December 2022			
三十一日		8,548	945	9,493

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

29 合併現金流量表 續

(e) 主要非現金交易

本集團有以下主要非現金交易:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團收購若干租賃項下辦公室並確認 為使用權資產人民幣8.549.000元。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司發行公平值為人民幣30,322,000元的48,860,000股普通股,以收購公平值為人民幣19,840,000元之無形資產。因此,年內股份支付產生的開支人民幣10,482,000元於合併利潤表確認。

30 按類別劃分之金融工具

於年結日各類別金融工具之賬面值如下:

29 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(e) Major non-cash transactions

The Group has the following major non-cash transactions:

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group acquired certain offices under leases and recognised as right-of-use assets of RMB8,549,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company issued 48,860,000 ordinary shares with fair value of RMB30,322,000 for acquisition of intangible assets with fair value of RMB19,840,000. Therefore, an expense arising from share-based payment of RMB10,482,000 was recognised in the consolidated income statement for the year.

30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the balance sheet date are as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
金融資產一	Financial assets –		
按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產	financial assets at amortised cost		
營業應收賬項-淨額	Trade receivables - net	214,250	187,950
按金及其他應收款項	Deposits and other receivables	1,281	1,167
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	166,866	189,064
		382,397	378,181
按公平值計入損益之金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through		
	profit or loss	74,560	47,777
金融負債一	Financial liabilities – financial liabilities at		
按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債	amortised cost		
應付營業賬項	Trade payables	168,081	121,310
應付營業賬項 應計費用及其他應付款項	Trade payables Accruals and other payables	168,081 13,940	121,310 10,635
		•	,
應計費用及其他應付款項	Accruals and other payables	13,940	10,635

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 承擔

31 COMMITMENTS

(a) 經營租賃承擔

作為承租人

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日,不可撤銷短期租賃下有關辦公 室之未來最低租賃付款總額按直線基準 確認為開支如下:

(a) Operating lease commitments

As lessee

At 31 December 2022 and 2021, the future aggregate minimum lease payments in respect of office under non-cancellable short-term leases are recognised as expenses on a straight-line as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
不超過一年	Not later than one year	73	341

作為出租人

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日,不可撤銷經營租賃下之未來最 低租賃付款如下:

As lessor

At 31 December 2022 and 2021, the future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
不超過一年	Not later than one year	2,084	2,382
超過一年及不超過五年	Later than one year and not later than five years	969	2,940
		3,053	5,322

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 承擔(續)

(b) 資本承擔

於報告期末已訂約但尚未確認為負債之 重大資本開支如下:

31 COMMITMENTS (continued)

(b) Capital commitments

Significant capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於一間聯營公司之投資(附註)	Investment in an associate (Note)	_	5,000
按公平值計入損益之金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through		
(附註17(iii))	profit or loss (Note 17(iii))	-	21,000

附註:

於二零二一年十二月,本集團的全資子公司雲智匯 (深圳) 高新科技服務有限公司與四名獨立第三方訂立股東協議,以於中國註冊成立一間有限公司 (「目標公司」)。本集團的資本承擔為人民幣5,000,000元,佔目標公司25%股權。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度後,與現有股東訂立補充股東協議,以同等比例將目標公司的資本投資增加一倍。因此,本集團已於二零二二年一月為目標公司注資合共人民幣10,000,000元。

32 銀行融資

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無獲 授銀行融資(二零二一年:人民幣30,605,000 元),且本集團並無銀行借款(二零二一年:無)。

33 股息

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司不建議派付股息。

Note:

In December 2021, Maxnerva (Shenzhen) Technology Services Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group entered into a shareholder agreement with 4 individual third parties to incorporate a limited company ("target company") in the PRC. The capital commitment of the Group is RMB5,000,000 which represent 25% of equity shareholding of the target company. Subsequent to the year ended 31 December 2021, a supplemental shareholder agreement was entered with the existing shareholders to double the capital investment of the target company in the same proportion. As a result, the Group has injected RMB10,000,000 to the target company in January 2022.

32 BANKING FACILITIES

At 31 December 2022, no banking facilities (2021: RMB30,605,000) were available to the Group and the Group had no bank borrowing (2021: Nil).

33 DIVIDENDS

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Company did not recommend the payment of dividend.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

34 關連人士交易

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,23.83% (二零二一年:23.83%) 之本公司股份由FSK Holdings Limited (於香港註冊成立之公司) 直接持有,而10.24% (二零二一年:10.24%) 之本公司股份由FDG Fund, L.P.直接持有。FSK Holdings Limited為注資FDG Fund, L.P.總承擔約75%之有限合夥人。

如本集團或其主要管理人員之任何成員或其近親能夠直接或間接對某一方的財務和經營決策有重大影響或反之亦然的情形,則該人士被視為與本集團有關連。關連人士可以是個人或實體。

除財務報表其他部分所示的關連人士資料外, 本集團及其關連人士於日常業務中訂立的重大 關連人士交易以及關連人士交易產生的結餘概 述如下。

(a) 與關連人士之交易

34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As at 31 December 2022, 23.83% (2021: 23.83%) of the Company's shares were directly held by FSK Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong and 10.24% (2021: 10.24%) of the Company's shares were directly held by FDG Fund, L.P.. FSK Holdings Limited is a limited partner of FDG Fund, L.P. contributing to about 75% of its total commitment.

Parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group or any member of its key management personnel or their close family members has the ability, directly or indirectly, to exercise significant influence over the parties in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa. Related parties may be individuals or entities.

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business between the Group and its related parties and the balances arising from related party transactions in addition to the related party information shown elsewhere in the financial statements.

(a) Transactions with related parties

			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
向關連人士銷售貨品	Sales of goods to related parties	(i)	11,471	5,766
向關連人士提供服務	Rendering of services to related parties	(ii)	324,463	274,319
向關連人士購買貨品	Purchases of goods from related parties	(i)	28,270	13,989
向關連人士支付授權費用	License fee paid to a related party	(iii)	-	40
收購無形資產 <i>(附註26)</i>	Acquisition of intangible assets (Note 26)		-	19,840
股份支付開支 (附註26)	Share-based payment (Note 26)		-	10,482

Smart Office 智慧_{辦公} 工業 Industrial 解決方案 Solution _{新零售 New Retail}

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

34 關連人士交易(續)

(a) 與關連人士之交易(續)

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日,應收/(付)關連人士款項計入 以下項目:

34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) Transactions with related parties (continued)

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, amounts due from/(to) related parties are included in below:

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
營業應收賬項	Trade receivables	137,602	101,032
合約資產	Contract assets	17,099	17
按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	177	679
應付營業賬項	Trade payables	(3,494)	(2,535)
其他應付款項	Other payables	-	(101)
合約負債	Contract liabilities	(5,848)	(2,868)

附註:

- (i) 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,銷售及購買貨品乃按相關訂約方共同協定之價格收費,指鴻海精密工業股份有限公司(「鴻海」)及其集團成員公司(統稱「鴻海集團」)(二零二一年:相同)。
- (ii) 服務條款由關連人士共同協定,指鴻海 集團。
- (iii) 已付授權費用由關連人士共同協定。該 關連人士指鴻海的一家子公司。

Notes:

- (i) During the year ended 31 December 2022, sales and purchases of goods are charged at prices mutually agreed by the relevant parties, representing Hon Hai Precision Industry Company Limited ("Hon Hai") and its group companies ("Hon Hai Group") (2021: Same).
- (ii) Terms of services are mutually agreed by the relevant parties, Hon Hai Group.
- (iii) License fee paid are mutually agreed by the relevant party. The related party represents a subsidiary of Hon Hai.

(b) 主要管理人員之報酬

(b) Key management compensation

		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
袍金、工資及津貼	Fee, salaries and allowances	1,411	1,323
花紅	Bonuses	205	185
退休金成本一定額供款計劃	Pension costs - defined contribution plans	15	15
		1,631	1,523

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

35 本公司之資產負債表及儲備變 35 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
資產	ASSETS			
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
於子公司的投資	Investments in subsidiaries	(a)	1	1
應收子公司款項	Amounts due from subsidiaries		183,337	174,232
			183,338	174,233
流動資產	Current assets			
預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	Prepayments, deposits and other			
	receivables		389	436
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents		519	169
			908	605
總資產	Total assets		184,246	174,838
權益	EQUITY			
本公司權益持有人應佔股本及儲備	Capital and reserves attributable to			
	equity holders of the Company			
股本	Share capital		68,447	68,447
股份溢價	Share premium		213,865	213,865
儲備	Reserves	(b)	(99,179)	(109,274)
/m 145 14			100 100	470.000
總權益 	Total equity		183,133	173,038
負債	LIABILITIES			
流動負債	Current liabilities			
應計費用及其他應付款項	Accruals and other payables		1,113	1,800
總負債 <u></u>	Total liabilities		1,113	1,800
纳格兴亚名 /	Takel a wife, and Rel (1995)		404.040	174.000
總權益及負債	Total equity and liabilities		184,246	174,838

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

動 (續)

35 本公司之資產負債表及儲備變 35 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (continued)

(a) 子公司

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日之主要子公司資料如下:

(a) Subsidiaries

Particulars of significant subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

於以下年度所持股權百分比 Percentage of equity interest held

	** m # * /		計冊次★□	equity int	erest held		
公司	註冊成立/ 設立地點 Place of	主要經營地點	註冊資本及 已發行股本	二零二二年	二零二一年	法定實體類別	主要業務
Company	Incorporation/ establishment	Principal place of operation	Registered and issued capital	2022	2021	Type of legal entity	Principal activities
直接持有權益 Interests held directly							
Grand Ditto Limited Grand Ditto Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	1美元 USD1	100% 100%	100% 100%	有限責任公司 Limited liability company	投資控股 Investment holding
Upright Ample Limited Upright Ample Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	1美元 USD1	100% 100%	100% 100%	有限責任公司 Limited liability company	投資控股 Investment holding
Bright Deal Investments Limited Bright Deal Investments Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	1美元 USD1	100% 100%	100% 100%	有限責任公司 Limited liability company	暫無營業 Dormant
Diamond Harvest Holdings Limited Diamond Harvest Holdings Limited	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	英屬處女群島 British Virgin Islands	1美元 USD1	100% 100%	100% 100%	有限責任公司 Limited liability company	投資控股 Investment holding
間接持有權益 Interests held indirectly							
港暉科技有限公司	香港	香港	80,000,001港元	100%	100%	有限責任公司	智能製造及辦公室 解決方案
Grand Field Technology Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$80,000,001	100%	100%	Limited liability company	Smart manufacturing and office solutions
雲智匯科技服務股份有限公司	台灣	台灣	150,000,000新台幣	100%	100%	有限責任公司	智能製造、辦公室及零售 解決方案
Maxnerva Technology Service Inc.	Taiwan	Taiwan	NTD150,000,000	100%	100%	Limited liability company	Smart manufacturing and office solutions
Maxnerva Technology Services US LLC	美國	美國	1美元	100%	100%	有限責任公司	投資控股及 智能辦公室解決方案
Maxnerva Technology Services US LLC	United States	United States	USD1	100%	100%	Limited liability company	Investment holding and smart office solutions
Personify, Inc. Personify, Inc.	美國 United States	美國 United States	10美元 USD10	100% 100%	100% 100%	有限責任公司 Limited liability company	智能辦公室解決方案 Smart office solutions
Personify (Vietnam) Company Limited	越南	越南	50,000美元	100%	100%	有限責任公司	智能辦公室解決方案
Personify (Vietnam) Company Limited	Vietnam	Vietnam	VND50,000	100%	100%	Limited liability company	Smart office solutions

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

35 本公司之資產負債表及儲備變動 (續)

35 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (continued)

(a) 子公司 (續)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

於以下年度所持股權百分比 Percentage of equity interest held

公司	註冊成立/ 設立地點 Place of	主要經營地點	註冊資本及 已發行股本	二零二二年	二零二一年	法定實體類別	主要業務
Company	Incorporation/ establishment	Principal place of operation	Registered and issued capital	2022	2021	Type of legal entity	Principal activities
Retail Hardware Solutions LLC (附註iv)	美國	美國	註冊資本1,000美元	100%	100%	有限責任公司	提供溫度檢測門禁 解決方案
Retail Hardware Solutions LLC (Note iv)	United States	United States	Registered capital of USD1,000	100%	100%	Limited liability company	Provision of temperature screening access control solutions
雲智匯(重慶)高新科技服務 有限公司(附註iii)	中國	中國	註冊資本 10,000,000美元	100%	100%	有限責任公司	智能製造及辦公室 解決方案
雲智匯 (重慶) 高新科技服務有限公司 (Wisecloud Technology Service Inc.) (Note iii)	the PRC	the PRC	Registered capital of USD10,000,000	100%	100%	Limited liability company	Smart manufacturing and office solutions
雲智匯(武漢)科技服務有限公司 (附註iii)	中國	中國	註冊資本人民幣 20.000.000元	100%	100%	有限責任公司	智能製造及辦公室 解決方案
雲智匯 (武漢) 科技服務有限公司 (Maxnerva (Wuhan) Technology Services Limited) (Note iii)	the PRC	the PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,000,000	100%	100%	Limited liability company	Smart manufacturing and office solutions
雲智匯(深圳)高新科技服務有限公司 (附註iii)	中國	中國	註冊資本人民幣 20,000,000元	100%	100%	有限責任公司	智能製造及辦公室 解決方案
雲智匯 (深圳) 高新科技服務有限公司 (Maxnerva (Shenzhen) Technology Services Limited) (Note iii)	the PRC	the PRC	Registered capital of RMB20,000,000	100%	100%	Limited liability company	Smart manufacturing and office solutions

附註:

- (i) 上表所列本公司之子公司,乃本公司董事及本集團管理層認為與本集團業績有重要貢獻,或持有本集團大部分資產淨值之子公司。若盡錄其他子公司之資料,董事會認為將過於冗長。
- (ii) 截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度任何時間,各子公司均 無任何已發行之借貸資本。
- (iii) 於中國註冊成立之集團成員公司並無正式英文公司名,董事盡力將公司中文名稱翻譯為英文。

Notes:

- (i) The above list includes the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Company's directors and the Group's management, principally contributed the results or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would result in particulars of excessive length.
- (ii) None of the subsidiaries had any loan capital in issue at any time during the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.
- (iii) The English names of the group companies incorporated in The PRC represent the best effort by the directors in translating its Chinese name as they do not have official English names.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

動 (續)

35 本公司之資產負債表及儲備變 35 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (continued)

(b) 本公司之儲備變動

(b) Reserve movements of the Company

		資本贖回儲備 Capital	資本儲備	購股權儲備 Share	匯兌儲備	累計虧損	總計
		redemption	Capital	option	Exchange	Accumulated	
		reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於二零二一年一月一日	At 1 January 2021	1,942	77,250	3,116	(20,730)	(151,495)	(89,917)
年度虧損	Loss for the year	_	-	-	-	(14,682)	(14,682)
匯兌差額	Exchange translation difference	-	_	_	(4,675)	-	(4,675)
於二零二一年	At 31 December 2021 and						
十二月三十一日及	1 January 2022						
二零二二年一月一日		1,942	77,250	3,116	(25,405)	(166,177)	(109,274)
年度虧損	Loss for the year	-	_	-	-	(3,370)	(3,370)
匯兌差額	Exchange translation difference	-	_	-	13,126	-	13,126
僱員購股權計劃 —	Employee share option scheme -						
僱員服務價值	value of employee services	-	-	234	-	105	339
於二零二二年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2022	1,942	77,250	3,350	(12,279)	(169,442)	(99,179)

