

TSAKER NEW ENERGY TECH CO., LIMITED 彩客新能源科技有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號:1986



Contents 目錄

- 2 Corporate Information 公司資料
- 6 Financial Highlights 財務摘要
- 7 Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要
- 9 Chairman's Report 主席報告
- 12 Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析
- 31 Environment, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告
- 115 Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層
- 121 Directors' Report 董事會報告
- 150 Report of Corporate Governance 企業管治報告

- 183 Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告
- 192 Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表
- 194 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 综合財務狀況表
- 196 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
- 199 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
- 202 Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註
- 319 Definitions 釋義



Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. GE Yi Mr. BAI Kun Ms. ZHANG Nan

Non-executive Directors

Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent

Mr. PAN Deyuan

Independent non-executive Directors¹

Mr. ZHU Lin Mr. YU Miao

Ms. ZHANG Feiyan² (Appointed on 15 December 2023)

COMPANY SECRETARY³

Mr. BAI Kun

董事會

執行董事

戈弋先生 白崑先生 張楠女士

非執行董事

FONTAINE Alain Vincent先生 潘德源先生

獨立非執行董事1

朱霖先生 于淼先生 張飛燕女士²(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任)

公司秘書3

白崑先生

- Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung has resigned as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 15 December 2023 as he wished to devote more time to his personal commitments. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 December 2023.
- Ms. ZHANG Feiyan has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 15 December 2023.
 For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 December 2023.
- 3. Ms. NG Ka Man has resigned as a joint company secretary of the Company due to other work arrangements with effect from 15 December 2023. Upon the resignation of Ms. NG, Mr. BAI Kun acts as the sole company secretary of the Company. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 December 2023.

- 因何啟忠先生希望投入更多時間於其個人事務 上,已辭任獨立非執行董事,自二零二三年十 二月十五日起生效。詳情請參閱本公司日期為 二零二三年十二月十五日之公告。
- 2. 張飛燕女士已獲委任為獨立非執行董事,自二 零二三年十二月十五日起生效。詳情請參閱本 公司日期為二零二三年十二月十五日之公告。
- 3. 吳嘉雯女士因其他工作安排已辭任本公司聯席 公司秘書,自二零二三年十二月十五日起生 效。於吳女士辭任後,本公司唯一公司秘書由 白崑先生擔任。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零 二三年十二月十五日之公告。

Corporate Information 公司資料

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. GE Yi

Mr. BAI Kun⁴ (Appointed on 15 December 2023)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. ZHU Lin (Chairman)

Mr. YU Miao

Ms. ZHANG Feiyan⁵ (Appointed on 15 December 2023)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. YU Miao (Chairman)

Mr. ZHU Lin

Ms. ZHANG Feiyan⁶ (Appointed on 15 December 2023)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. GE Yi (Chairman)

Mr. ZHU Lin

Ms. ZHANG Feiyan⁷ (Appointed on 15 December 2023)

授權代表

戈弋先生

白崑先生4(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任)

審核委員會

朱霖先生(主席)

于淼先生

張飛燕女士⁵(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任)

薪酬委員會

干淼先生(主席)

朱霖先生

張飛燕女士6(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任)

提名委員會

戈弋先生(主席)

朱霖先生

張飛燕女士7(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任)

- 4. Mr. BAI has been appointed as an authorised representative of the Company (the "Authorised Representative") pursuant to Rule 3.05 of the Listing Rules and an authorised representative under the Companies Ordinance for acceptance of service of process and notices on behalf of the Company (the "Process Agent") in Hong Kong with effect from 15 December 2023. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 December 2023.
- Upon the resignation of Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung, his vacancy in the Audit Committee has been filled by Ms. ZHANG Feiyan. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 December 2023.
- Upon the resignation of Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung, his vacancy in the Remuneration Committee has been filled by Ms. ZHANG Feiyan. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 December 2023.
- 7. Upon the resignation of Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung, his vacancy in the Nomination Committee has been filled by Ms. ZHANG Feiyan. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 December 2023.

- 4. 白崑先生已獲委任為上市規則第3.05條項下之 本公司授權代表(「授權代表」)及根據公司條例 在香港代表本公司接受法律程序文件及通知的 獲授權代表(「法律程序代理人」),自二零二三 年十二月十五日起生效。詳情請參閱本公司日 期為二零二三年十二月十五日之公告。
- 5. 何啟忠先生辭任後,其於審核委員會之空缺由 張飛燕女士接替。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二 零二三年十二月十五日之公告。
- 6. 何啟忠先生辭任後,其於薪酬委員會之空缺由 張飛燕女士接替。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二 零二三年十二月十五日之公告。
- 7. 何啟忠先生辭任後,其於提名委員會之空缺由 張飛燕女士接替。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二 零二三年十二月十五日之公告。

Corporate Information

公司資料

REGISTERED OFFICE

P.O. Box 472 2nd Floor, Harbour Place 103 South Church Street George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1106 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE IN THE PRC

Building No. 10 109 Jinghaisanlu Beijing Economic-Technological Development Area The PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

31st Floor Tower Two Times Square 1 Matheson Street Causeway Bay Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

International Corporation Services Ltd.
P.O. Box 472
2nd Floor, Harbour Place
103 South Church Street
George Town
Grand Cayman KY1-1106
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 472 2nd Floor, Harbour Place 103 South Church Street George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1106 Cayman Islands

中國總辦事處

中國 北京經濟技術開發區 經海三路109號院 10號樓

香港主要營業地點

香港 銅鑼灣 勿地臣街1號 時代廣場 二座 31樓

股份過戶及登記總處

International Corporation Services Ltd.
P.O. Box 472
2nd Floor, Harbour Place
103 South Church Street
George Town
Grand Cayman KY1-1106
Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

Corporate Information 公司資料

LEGAL ADVISER

As to Hong Kong law: Taylor Wessing 21st Floor 8 Queen's Road Central Central Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor
27/F, One Taikoo Place
979 King's Road
Quarry Bay
Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

1986

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Construction Bank (Dongguang Branch)
Bank of China (Dongguang Branch)
East West Bank
DBS Bank (Tianjin Branch)

INVESTOR ENQUIRIES

Website: www.tsaker.com

法律顧問

香港法律: 泰樂信律師事務所 香港 中環 皇后大道中8號 21樓

核數師

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港 鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓

股份代號

1986

主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行(東光支行) 中國銀行(東光支行) 華美銀行 星展銀行(天津支行)

投資者查詢

網站:www.tsaker.com

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(Audited)	(Audited)
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度	(經審核)	(經審核)
REVENUE	收益	2,065,474	2,122,318
GROSS PROFIT	毛利	318,636	568,453
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利	45,193	254,232
Profit attributable to:	應佔溢利:		
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人	29,061	242,035
Earnings per Share attributable to	母公司普通權益擁有人		
Ordinary equity holders of the parent:	應佔每股盈利:		
		人民幣RMB	人民幣RMB
- Basic and diluted	- 基本及攤薄	0.03	0.24元

For the year ended 31 December 2023, revenue of the Group amounted to approximately RMB2,065.5 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB56.8 million or approximately 2.7% as compared with that in the same period of 2022.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團收益約為人民幣2,065.5百萬元,較二零二二年同期減少約人民幣56.8百萬元或約2.7%。

For the year ended 31 December 2023, gross profit of the Group amounted to approximately RMB318.6 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB249.9 million or approximately 44.0% as compared with that in the same period of 2022.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團毛利約為人民幣318.6百萬元,較二零二二年同期減少約人民幣249.9百萬元或約44.0%。

For the year ended 31 December 2023, net profit of the Group amounted to approximately RMB45.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB209.0 million or approximately 82.2% as compared with that in the same period of 2022.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團純利約為人民幣45.2百萬元,較二零二二年同期減少約人民幣209.0百萬元或約82.2%。

For the year ended 31 December 2023, basic and diluted earnings per Share attributable to ordinary equity owners of the parent amounted to approximately RMB0.03, representing a decrease of approximately RMB0.21 or approximately 87.5% as compared with that in the same period of 2022.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,母公司普通股權益擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利約為人民幣0.03元,較二零二二年同期減少約人民幣0.21元或約87.5%。

The Board recommended the declaration of a final dividend of RMB0.038 per ordinary Share for the year ended 31 December 2023, subject to the Shareholders' approval at the AGM. Assuming the final dividend is approved at the AGM, together with the interim dividend of RMB0.029 per ordinary Share for the six months ended 30 June 2023, the dividends in aggregate for the year ended 31 December 2023 will amount to RMB0.067 per ordinary Share.

董事會建議宣派截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度末期股息每股普通股人民幣0.038元,惟須於股東週年大會上獲股東批准。假設末期股息於股東週年大會上獲批准,連同截至二零二三年六月三十日止六個月中期股息每股普通股人民幣0.029元,截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的股息總額將為每股普通股人民幣0.067元。

Five-Year Financial Summary

五年財務概要

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Operating results – Summary	經營業績 – 概要					
Revenue	收益	2,065,474	2,122,318	1,781,106	1,275,274	1,818,347
Gross profit	毛利	318,636	568,453	540,296	445,335	1,040,957
Profit for the year	年內溢利	45,193	254,232	227,238	144,599	518,284
Profit attributable to:	應佔溢利:					
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人	29,061	242,035	226,239	144,875	517,927
Balance sheet – Summary	資產負債表 - 概要					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,986,172	2,007,329	1,655,987	1,695,556	1,724,977
Current assets	流動資產	1,467,524	1,187,910	912,494	647,532	856,423
Total assets	資產總值	3,453,696	3,195,239	2,568,481	2,343,088	2,581,400
Current liabilities	流動負債	1,140,162	1,034,468	637,073	597,606	745,937
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	258,703	60,812	39,982	66,190	69,022
Net assets	資產淨值	2,054,831	2,099,959	1,891,426	1,679,292	1,766,441
Financial ratio	財務比率					
Gross profit margin	毛利率	15.4%	26.8%	30.3%	34.9%	57.3%
Net profit margin	純利率	2.2%	12.0%	12.8%	11.3%	28.5%
Return on equity ⁽¹⁾	股本回報率(1)	2.2%	12.7%	12.7%	8.4%	33.6%
Current ratio ⁽²⁾	流動比率(2)	1.29	1.15	1.43	1.08	1.15
Net debt to equity ratio(3)	資產負債比率(3)	15.4%	14.3%	16.7%	20.8%	17.8%
Inventory turnover days(4)	存貨周轉天數⑷	58	62	64	98	112
Trade and notes receivables	貿易應收款項及					
turnover days ⁽⁵⁾	應收票據周轉天數(5)	122	81	52	71	54
Trade and bills payables turnover	貿易應付款項及					
days ⁽⁶⁾	應付票據周轉天數®	88	67	54	100	146

Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

Notes:

- (1) Return on equity is derived by dividing net profit by total equity, where total equity is the average beginning and ending balances of total equity for the given period.
- (2) Current ratio is derived by dividing current assets by current liabilities at the end of a given period.
- (3) Net debt to equity ratio is calculated as dividing interestbearing loans and other financial liabilities at the end of the period by the total equity.
- (4) Inventory turnover days for a certain period is derived by dividing the average inventory (the arithmetic mean of the opening and closing balance of inventory of a given period) by cost of sales and multiplying by the number of days in the relevant period.
- (5) Trade and notes receivables turnover days for a certain period is derived by dividing the average trade and notes receivables (the arithmetic mean of the opening and closing balance of trade and notes receivables of a given period) by revenue and multiplying by the number of days in the relevant period.
- (6) Trade and bills payables turnover days for a certain period is derived by dividing the average trade and bills payables (the arithmetic mean of the opening and closing balance of trade and bills payables of a given period) by cost of sales and multiplying by the number of days in the relevant period.

附註:

- (1) 股本回報率按純利除以總權益計算,而總權益 為指定期間總權益期初及期末結餘的平均數。
- (2) 流動比率乃按指定期末的流動資產除以流動負債計算。
- (3) 資產負債比率乃按指定期末的計息貸款及其他 金融負債除以總權益計算。
- (4) 某一期間的存貨周轉天數乃按平均存貨(指定期間期初與期末存貨結餘的算術平均數)除以銷售成本再乘以有關期間的天數計算。
- (5) 某一期間的貿易應收款項及應收票據周轉天數 乃按平均貿易應收款項及應收票據(指定期間期 初與期末貿易應收款項及應收票據結餘的算術 平均數)除以收益再乘以有關期間的天數計算。
- (6) 某一期間的貿易應付款項及應付票據周轉天數 乃按平均貿易應付款項及應付票據(指定期間期 初與期末貿易應付款項及應付票據結餘的算術 平均數)除以銷售成本再乘以有關期間的天數計

Chairman's Report 主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of the Company, I hereby report the results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

In 2023, both domestic and overseas economies sustained their recovery. The domestic consumer market picked up, and the global economy maintained certain resilience against high inflation and interest rates. Various traditional business segments of the Group adopted aggressive market strategies, which achieved recovery growth in sales volume. In 2023, the domestic and overseas new energy industries continued to develop rapidly with continuous growth in the market demand for lithium battery products. However, as the expansion of the production capacity of upstream battery materials outpaced the growth of end-user demand, the market supply and demand pattern was imbalanced, and thus upstream battery material suppliers recorded losses in general. In face of market changes, we grasped development opportunities in the traditional markets, swiftly adjusted our market strategies for the battery materials segment, controlled risk exposures and continued to deepen our diversified development strategies, thus striving to safeguard the sustainable development of the Group.

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2023, under the complex economic situation where opportunities and challenges coexisted, the Group achieved overall sales revenue of approximately RMB2,065.5 million (2022: approximately RMB2,122.3 million), which basically remained stable as compared with that in 2022.

In particular, as affected by the recovery in the consumer market, both sales volume and revenue of the dye and agricultural chemical intermediates segment of the Group increased as compared with that in the same period of 2022. The pigment intermediates and new materials segment also developed steadily with significant improvement in profitability. As affected by the growth in market demand and the intensified competition, the battery materials segment recorded an increase in sales volume but a significant decline in profitability.

致各位尊貴股東:

本人謹此代表本公司董事會呈報本集團截至二零二 三年十二月三十一日止年度的業績。

二零二三年,國內外經濟呈復甦態勢,國內消費市場回暖,全球經濟在高通脹、高利率背景下保持了一定的韌性,本集團各傳統業務板塊採取積極的市場策略,實現了銷量的復甦性增長。二零二三年,國內外新能源產業繼續快速發展,市場對鋰電池產品的需求持續增長,然而,由於上游電池材料產產能擴張速度高於終端需求增速,市場供需格局失衡,上游電池材料供應商普遍錄得虧損。面對市場變化,我們緊抓傳統領域市場發展機會,迅速調整電池材料板塊市場策略,控制風險,持續深化多元化發展策略,竭力保障本集團的持續發展。

業務回顧

二零二三年,在機遇與挑戰並存的複雜經濟形勢下,本集團實現整體銷售收入約人民幣2,065.5百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣2,122.3百萬元),相對二零二二年基本保持穩定。

其中,本集團染料及農業化學品中間體板塊受消費 市場復甦影響,銷量及收入相對二零二二年同期提 升;顏料中間體及新材料板塊亦穩健發展,盈利能 力大幅提升;電池材料板塊受市場需求增長及競爭 加劇兩方面影響,銷量提升但盈利能力大幅下降。

Chairman's Report 主席報告

As affected by the decline in profitability in the battery materials segment, in 2023, the gross profit of the Group amounted to approximately RMB318.6 million, representing a decrease of approximately 44.0% or RMB249.9 million as compared with that in the same period of 2022. The net profit amounted to approximately RMB45.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately 82.2% or RMB209.0 million as compared with that in the same period of 2022.

受電池材料板塊盈利能力下降影響,二零二三年,本集團錄得毛利約人民幣318.6百萬元,較二零二二年同期減少約44.0%或約人民幣249.9百萬元;錄得純利約人民幣45.2百萬元,較二零二二年同期減少約82.2%或約人民幣209.0百萬元。

FOCUS ON INVESTMENT IN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, AND CONTINUOUS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF NEW PROCESSES AND NEW PRODUCTS

The Group has always attached great importance to investment in research and development. We constantly upgrade our existing production processes and products, supplementing the results of process transformation. In 2023, we continued to optimise our production processes for iron phosphate battery materials and the new material polymerised monomer BPDA, so as to improve our production quality and lower our production cost. We continued to optimise and improve the production processes and product quality of traditional dye, pigment and agricultural chemical intermediates products to consolidate our technological advantages and cut costs and increase efficiency on an ongoing basis.

At the same time, we are also actively developing new products and continuously enriching our product range to meet the diverse needs of our customers and enhance customer engagement. In 2023, we successfully developed the entire process of recycling technology for lithium iron phosphate, and recycled major elements such as lithium, iron and phosphate. We continued to carry out the research and development of new lithium iron manganese phosphate and sodium-ion battery materials to seize market opportunities, further expand the Group's product range and enhance the Group's overall strength.

專注研發投入,持續新工藝新產品研發

本集團一直非常注重對研發領域的投入,不斷對現有的生產工藝和產品進行升級。二零二三年,我們持續優化電池材料磷酸鐵產品及新材料聚合單體BPDA的生產工藝,以提升產品質量、降低生產成本;我們持續完善及提升傳統染料、顏料及農業化學品中間體產品的生產工藝和產品品質,以鞏固技術優勢及持續降本增效。

同時,我們也積極研發新的產品,不斷豐富產品的品類,以滿足多樣的客戶需求,增強客戶黏性。二零二三年,我們成功打通了磷酸鐵鋰資源回收工藝全流程,實現鋰、鐵、磷等主要元素的資源化回收;我們持續開展新型磷酸鐵錳鋰及鈉離子電池材料研發,以把握市場機遇及進一步拓展集團產品範圍,提高集團的綜合實力。

Chairman's Report 主席報告

CAPITAL MARKET EXPANSION

In 2023, we successfully completed the introduction of the first round of independent investors to Shandong TNM Group. 10 independent investors, including Sinopec Group Capital Co., Ltd.* (中國石化集團資本有限公司), were introduced to Shandong TNM Group. Independent investors made cash contribution of RMB229,000,000 in aggregate to Shandong TNM in exchange for approximately 9.84% equity interest in the enlarged registered capital of Shandong TNM in aggregate. Meanwhile, in order to diversify the shareholder structure and promote the corporate profile and reputation of Tsaker Technology, Tsaker Hong Kong completed the transfer of approximately 6.12% equity interest in Tsaker Technology to three independent investors, including Hebei Industrial Investment, at an aggregate consideration of approximately RMB55,000,000. We continued to facilitate the works in relation to the transfer of the listing of Tsaker Technology to the BSE as well as the preparation for the separate listing of Shandong TNM Group on a stock exchange recognised by the PRC, so as to further enhance the Group's popularity in the capital market and broaden its financing channels, thereby facilitating the long-term and stable development of the Group.

OUTLOOK AND DEVELOPMENT

In 2024, in face of an overall slowdown in growth, we will continue to adopt active and steady overall strategy, actively respond to market changes, and maintain steady financial strategy. We will make evaluation of and decision on fixed asset investment projects in a more prudent way. We will continue to focus on research and development and continuously accumulate new products and processes to enhance the overall competitiveness of the Group. We will continue to facilitate the transfer of the listing of the shares of Tsaker Technology to the BSE as well as the preparation for the listing of Shandong TNM Group, and continue to broaden the Group's financing channels.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to our Shareholders, customers and business partners for their support and trust in the management of the Group, and to the management team and all staff members for their dedication and efforts to achieve better results for the Group and create value for the Shareholders.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

GE Yi

18 March 2024

資本市場拓展

展望與發展

二零二四年,面對增速放緩的整體環境,我們將繼續保持積極穩健的總體策略,積極應對市場變化,並保持穩健的財務策略。我們將加強固定資產投資項目評估及決策的審慎性,我們將繼續專注研發,持續儲備新產品、新工藝,提高集團整體競爭能力。我們將繼續推進彩客科技股份於北交所的上市申請及山東彩客新材料集團的上市準備工作,繼續拓寬本集團融資渠道。

致謝

本人謹代表董事會向我們的股東、客戶、合作夥伴 致謝,感謝你們對本集團管理層的支持及信任。由 衷感激管理團隊及全體員工,在過去的一年同心協 力、堅持不懈為本集團創造業績,為股東創造價 值!

主席兼行政總裁

戈弋

二零二四年三月十八日

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

Operating segment results

For the year ended 31 December 2023

業務回顧

經營分部業績

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

		Battery materials	Dye and agricultural chemical intermediates	Pigment intermediates and new materials	Total
			染料及	顏料	
			農業化學品	中間體	
		電池材料	中間體	及新材料	合計
Revenue (RMB'000)	收益 <i>(人民幣千元)</i>	498,646	1,189,868	376,960	2,065,474
Cost of sales (RMB'000)	銷售成本(人民幣千元)	571,307	941,353	234,178	1,746,838
Sales volume (tonnes)	銷售數量(噸)	44,700	78,416	11,613	134,729
Gross profit margin	毛利率	-14.6%	20.9%	37.9%	15.4%
Average unit selling price	單位平均售價				
(RMB/tonne)	(人民幣元/噸)	11,155	15,174	32,460	15,331

For the year ended 31 December 2022

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		D - +	Dye and agricultural	Pigment intermediates	
		Battery	chemical	and new	Takal
		materials	intermediates	materials	Total
			染料及	顏料	
			農業化學品	中間體	
		電池材料	中間體	及新材料	合計
Revenue (RMB'000)	收益 <i>(人民幣千元)</i>	689,512	1,072,240	360,566	2,122,318
Cost of sales (RMB'000)	銷售成本(人民幣千元)	438,746	867,484	247,635	1,553,865
Sales volume (tonnes)	銷售數量(噸)	33,722	61,679	9,675	105,076
Gross profit margin	毛利率	36.4%	19.1%	31.3%	26.8%
Average unit selling price	單位平均售價				
(RMB/tonne)	(人民幣元/噸)	20,447	17,384	37,268	20,198

The Group is mainly engaged in the production and sales of 本集團主要從事電池材料、染料及農業化學品中間 products such as battery materials, dye and agricultural chemical intermediates, pigment intermediates and new materials.

體、顏料中間體及新材料等多種產品的生產及銷售。

During the Review Year, there were no material changes in the main operations of the Group. The traditional business segments continue to enjoy a prominent position in the market, and revenue from the top five largest customers accounted for approximately 37.0% (2022: approximately 38.6%) of the Group's revenue for the year.

回顧年內,本集團主營業務未發生重大變化,傳統 業務持續佔據主要市場地位,前五大客戶佔本集團 本年度收益達約37.0%(二零二二年:約38.6%)。

The Group has a well-established sales network, which covers areas including Asia, Europe, North America and South America. For the Review Year, by regional distribution, revenue derived from Chinese Mainland accounted for approximately 82.2% (2022: approximately 81.1%) of the Group's total revenue, and export revenue accounted for approximately 17.8% (2022: approximately 18.9%) of the Group's total revenue.

本集團的產品銷售至亞洲、歐洲和南北美洲等區域,銷售網絡完善。於回顧年內,按地區分佈的收益而言,中國大陸地區之收益約佔本集團總收益的82.2%(二零二二年:約81.1%),而出口收益則約佔本集團總收益的17.8%(二零二二年:約18.9%)。

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

During the Review Year, the total revenue of the Group decreased by approximately 2.7% to approximately RMB2,065.5 million (2022: approximately RMB2,122.3 million) as compared with that in the same period of 2022. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to the significant year-on-year decline in the average unit selling price of iron phosphate, the major product of the Group's battery materials segment, as a result of market fluctuation during the Review Year.

In 2023, due to a significant decrease in the average unit selling price of iron phosphate, the major battery material product of the Group, the gross profit of the Group decreased by approximately 44.0% to approximately RMB318.6 million (2022: approximately RMB568.5 million) as compared with that in 2022. The overall gross profit margin of the Group decreased to approximately 15.4% in 2023 from approximately 26.8% in 2022. The net profit of the Group for the year 2023 decreased by approximately 82.2% to approximately RMB45.2 million (2022: approximately RMB254.2 million); net profit margin was approximately 2.2% (2022: approximately 12.0%); and basic earnings per share was approximately RMB0.03 (2022: approximately RMB0.24).

業績回顧

回顧年內,本集團整體收益較二零二二年同期減少約2.7%至約人民幣2,065.5百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣2,122.3百萬元)。收益減少主要由於回顧年內本集團電池材料板塊主要產品磷酸鐵受市場波動影響單位平均售價同比大幅下降所致。

於二零二三年,受本集團電池材料主要產品磷酸鐵單位平均售價大幅下降的影響,本集團之毛利較二零二二年減少約44.0%至約人民幣318.6百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣568.5百萬元),本集團整體毛利率由二零二二年的約26.8%下降至二零二三年的約15.4%。本集團於二零二三年之純利減少約82.2%至約人民幣45.2百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣254.2百萬元);純利率約為2.2%(二零二二年:約為12.0%);及每股基本盈利約為人民幣0.03元(二零二二年:約人民幣0.24元)。

管理層討論及分析

Battery materials – accounting for approximately 24.1% (2022: approximately 32.5%) of the Group's total revenue

The Group is one of the major iron phosphate producers in China. Iron phosphate is mainly used in the production of lithium iron phosphate, which is the mainstream cathode material for the production of power lithium batteries and energy storage lithium batteries.

In 2023, the domestic and overseas new energy vehicle and electrochemical energy storage industries sustained rapid growth with continuous growth in demand for lithium battery products and upstream lithium battery materials. The Group gradually launched iron phosphate products produced from its new production line with annual production capacity of 50,000 tonnes. During the Review Year, the Group maintained close cooperation with lithium iron phosphate manufacturers such as Hefei Guoxuan Battery Materials Co., Ltd.* (合肥國軒電池材料有限公司), Changzhou Liyuan New Energy Technology Co., Ltd.* (常州鋰源新能源科技有限公司), Hefei Rongjie Energy Materials Co., Ltd.* (合肥融捷能源材料有限公司), Jiangxi Zhili Technology Co., Ltd.* (江西智鋰科技股份有限公司) and Fujian Zijin Lithium Material Technology Co., Ltd.* (福建紫金鋰元材料科技有限公司).

Against the backdrop of the rapid development of the market, domestic iron phosphate suppliers were actively expanding their production capacity, and the expansion rate of which was faster than the growth rate of end-use demand during the Review Year. The imbalance in supply and demand pattern of the market had resulted in a significant decline in the market price of iron phosphate as compared with that in the same period of 2022.

As a result of the combined effects of the above factors, the sales volume of the Group's iron phosphate products increased significantly with a significant decrease in the average unit selling price during the Review Year, and the revenue from the battery materials segment of the Group decreased by approximately 27.7% over that in 2022 to approximately RMB498.6 million (2022: approximately RMB689.5 million), accounting for approximately 24.1% (2022: approximately 32.5%) of the Group's total revenue.

During the Review Year, the gross loss of this segment was approximately RMB72.7 million (2022: a gross profit of approximately RMB250.8 million), and the gross profit margin decreased by approximately 51.0 percentage points to approximately -14.6% (2022: approximately 36.4%).

電池材料 - 佔本集團整體收益約24.1%(二零二二年:約32.5%)

本集團為中國主要的磷酸鐵生產商之一。磷酸鐵主 要用於磷酸鐵鋰的生產,磷酸鐵鋰是生產動力鋰電 池及儲能鋰電池的主流正極材料。

於二零二三年,國內外新能源汽車及電化學儲能產業延續快速增長態勢,對鋰電池產品及上游鋰電池材料的需求持續增長,本集團50,000噸/年新產線生產的磷酸鐵產品逐漸推向市場。回顧年內,本集團與合肥國軒電池材料有限公司、常州鋰源新能源科技有限公司、合肥融捷能源材料有限公司、江西智鋰科技股份有限公司、福建紫金鋰元材料科技有限公司等磷酸鐵鋰生產企業均保持緊密合作。

在需求快速發展的市場背景下,國內磷酸鐵供應商 積極擴產,回顧年內,國內磷酸鐵產能擴張速度高 於終端需求增速,市場供需格局失衡,致使磷酸鐵 市場價格相對二零二二年同期明顯下降。

受上述多種因素共同影響,本集團磷酸鐵產品銷量於回顧年內明顯提升而單位平均售價大幅下降,本集團電池材料板塊收益較二零二二年減少約27.7%至約人民幣498.6百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣689.5百萬元),佔本集團整體收益約24.1%(二零二二年:約32.5%)。

於回顧年內,該板塊毛利約為人民幣-72.7百萬元 (二零二二年:毛利約人民幣250.8百萬元),毛利率 下降約51.0個百分點至約-14.6%(二零二二年:約 36.4%)。

管理層討論及分析

Dye and agricultural chemical intermediates – accounting for approximately 57.6% (2022: approximately 50.5%) of the Group's total revenue

The Group is the world's largest manufacturer of DSD Acid. DSD Acid is mainly used in the production of optical brightening agents, and its end applications include brightening of paper and detergents, and brightening elements of bleach for textile.

The Group is one of the world's three largest mononitrotoluene manufacturers. PNT, ONT and MNT are collectively referred to as mononitrotoluene. PNT is the major raw material in the production of DSD Acid. By commencing its own production of mononitrotoluene, the Group is able to stabilise the upstream supply of raw materials. ONT and OT are major raw materials in the production of herbicides as agricultural chemicals.

During the Review Year, the end-user demand for the dye intermediate products of the Group gradually recovered, resulting in a significant increase in the sales volume of DSD Acid as compared with that in the same period in 2022. The tight market supply of DSD Acid during the same period of 2022 has resulted in higher average unit selling price of DSD Acid at that time. During the Review Year, the average unit selling price of DSD Acid was lower as compared with that in the same period of 2022. The combined effect of these two factors led to an increase of approximately 38.0% in revenue of dye intermediate products of the Group to approximately RMB529.1 million (2022: approximately RMB383.4 million) as compared with that in 2022, accounting for approximately 25.6% (2022: approximately 18.1%) of the Group's total revenue.

During the Review Year, the agricultural chemical intermediate products of the Group maintained steady operations with revenue of approximately RMB660.7 million (2022: approximately RMB688.8 million), accounting for approximately 32.0% (2022: approximately 32.4%) of the Group's total revenue.

染料及農業化學品中間體 - 佔本集團整體收益約 57.6%(二零二二年:約50.5%)

本集團為全球最大的DSD酸生產商。DSD酸主要用 於熒光增白劑的生產,終端應用至紙張增白、洗滌 用品亮白和紡織品染白成分。

本集團為全球三大一硝基甲苯生產商之一。PNT、ONT及MNT統稱為一硝基甲苯。PNT是生產DSD酸的主要原材料,本集團自行生產一硝基甲苯可穩定上游原材料之供應。ONT及OT是生產農業化學品除草劑的主要原材料。

回顧年內,本集團染料中間體產品的終端需求逐漸恢復,使得DSD酸銷量較二零二二年同期大幅提升。由於二零二二年同期DSD酸市場供應偏緊致使彼時DSD酸單位平均售價較高,回顧年內DSD酸單位平均售價較二零二二年同期下降。受這兩項因素共同影響,本集團染料中間體產品收益較二零二二年增加約38.0%至約人民幣529.1百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣383.4百萬元),佔本集團整體收益約25.6%(二零二二年:約18.1%)。

回顧年內,本集團農業化學品中間體產品穩健運營,實現收益約人民幣660.7百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣688.8百萬元),佔本集團整體收益約32.0%(二零二二年:約32.4%)。

During the Review Year, the total revenue of this segment increased by approximately RMB117.6 million or approximately 11.0% as compared with that in 2022, and accounted for approximately 57.6% (2022: approximately 50.5%) of the Group's total revenue.

該板塊於回顧年內的總收益較二零二二年增加約人 民幣117.6百萬元或約11.0%,佔本集團整體收益約 57.6%(二零二二年:約50.5%)。

During the Review Year, the total gross profit of this segment increased by approximately 21.3% to approximately RMB248.5 million (2022: approximately RMB204.8 million), and the gross profit margin increased by approximately 1.8 percentage points to approximately 20.9% (2022: approximately 19.1%). In particular, the gross profit margin of dye intermediates decreased by approximately 1.9 percentage points to approximately 12.9% (2022: approximately 14.8%), and the gross profit margin of agricultural chemical intermediates increased by approximately 5.8 percentage points to approximately 27.3% (2022: approximately 21.5%).

於回顧年內,該板塊整體毛利上升約21.3%至約人 民幣248.5百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣204.8百 萬元),毛利率上升約1.8個百分點至約20.9%(二 零二二年:約19.1%)。其中,染料中間體毛利率 下降約1.9個百分點至約12.9%(二零二二年:約 14.8%);農業化學品中間體毛利率上升約5.8個百分點至約27.3%(二零二二年:約21.5%)。

Pigment intermediates and new materials – accounting for approximately 18.3% (2022: approximately 17.0%) of the Group's total revenue

顏料中間體及新材料 - 佔本集團整體收益約 18.3%(二零二二年:約17.0%)

The Group is the world's largest manufacturer and distributor of the high-performance pigment intermediate DMSS. The Group is also a main manufacturer of DMAS, a food additive intermediate, and DIPS, a high-performance pigment intermediate, in the world. The above high-performance intermediate products are mainly used in the production of end products such as printing inks, food additives, automobile paints and coatings. BPDA, a new product of the Group, is an important monomer for the production of new material polyimide.

本集團為全球最大的高性能顏料中間體DMSS生產及銷售商,同時亦為食品添加劑中間體DMAS及高性能顏料中間體DIPS之全球主要生產商。上述高性能中間體產品主要應用於印刷油墨、食品添加劑、汽車油漆和塗料等終端產品的生產中。本集團新產品BPDA是生產新材料聚酰亞胺的重要單體。

During the Review Year, the sales volume of pigment intermediates products increased as compared with that in the same period of 2022. The new material monomer BPDA products were gradually launched in the market and started contributing to the Group's revenue. The average unit selling price of the products of this segment decreased as compared with that in the same period of 2022 due to changes in the structure of types of products sold. Due to the combined effect of the above two factors, revenue of this segment increased by approximately 4.5% over that in 2022 to approximately RMB377.0 million (2022: approximately RMB360.6 million), accounting for approximately 18.3% (2022: approximately 17.0%) of the Group's total revenue.

回顧年內,顏料中間體產品銷量相對二零二二年同期提升,新材料聚合單體BPDA產品逐漸推向市場並開始為本集團貢獻收益。由於銷售產品種類結構的變化,該板塊產品單位平均售價較二零二二年同期下降。受以上兩方面因素共同影響,該板塊收益較二零二二年增加約4.5%至約人民幣377.0百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣360.6百萬元),佔本集團整體收益約18.3%(二零二二年:約17.0%)。

During the Review Year, the profitability of this segment greatly improved. The total gross profit of this segment increased by approximately 26.5% to approximately RMB142.8 million (2022: approximately RMB112.9 million), and the gross profit margin increased by approximately 6.6 percentage points to approximately 37.9% (2022: approximately 31.3%).

於回顧年內,該板塊盈利能力大幅提升,板塊毛利總額增加約26.5%至約人民幣142.8百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣112.9百萬元),毛利率增加約6.6個百分點至約37.9%(二零二二年:約31.3%)。

EXPORT

In 2023, the export revenue of the Group amounted to approximately RMB368.3 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB33.2 million or approximately 8.3% as compared with the export revenue of approximately RMB401.5 million in 2022. The decrease in export revenue of the Group was mainly due to the combined effects of the decrease in the export volume of products of the dye and agricultural chemical intermediate segment as affected by the international market environment and the decrease in the average selling price of products of the pigment intermediate and new materials segment as a result of the changes in the structure of types of export products sold.

In 2023, the export revenue of the Group accounted for approximately 17.8% (2022: approximately 18.9%) of the Group's total revenue.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The Group has always regarded research and development and technological innovation as the fundamental source of power for the Group's development. We continue to research and develop new products, improve and enhance the production process and product quality of existing products, and enhance the overall competitiveness of our products in the market.

During the Review Year, we continuously optimised our production process for iron phosphate battery material products, and successfully developed high-capacity long-cycle lithium iron phosphate precursor and high-pressure solid lithium iron phosphate precursor, which improved the quality level of the products in the existing production line. We successfully developed the entire process of recycling technology for lithium iron phosphate, and recycled major elements such as lithium, iron and phosphorus as resources. We continued to carry out research and development of new lithium iron manganese phosphate and sodium-ion battery materials to seize market opportunities and expand our business categories.

出口

於二零二三年,本集團實現出口收益約為人民幣368.3百萬元,較二零二二年出口收益約為人民幣401.5百萬元,減少約人民幣33.2百萬元或約8.3%。本集團出口收益減少,主要是由於染料及農業化學品中間體板塊受國際市場環境影響產品出口銷量下降,及顏料中間體及新材料板塊受出口銷售產品種類結構變化影響平均售價下降兩方面因素所致。

於二零二三年,本集團出口收益佔本集團收益總額約17.8%(二零二二年:約18.9%)。

研究及開發

本集團始終將研發及技術創新作為集團發展的根本 動力來源,持續研發新產品,完善及提升現有產品 生產工藝和產品品質,提高產品整體市場競爭能力。

回顧年內,我們持續優化電池材料磷酸鐵產品生產工藝,成功開發了高容量長循環磷酸鐵鋰前軀體及高壓實磷酸鐵鋰前軀體,提升了原有產線產品的質量水平。我們成功打通了磷酸鐵鋰資源回收工藝全流程,實現鋰、鐵、磷等主要元素的資源化回收;我們持續開展新型磷酸鐵錳鋰及鈉離子電池材料研發,以把握市場機遇及拓展集團業務品類。

During the Review Year, we continuously optimised our production process for the new material polymerised monomer BPDA. We were committed to improving the production efficiency, and reducing the overall production cost of BPDA. The BPDA products produced by the Group's first-phase production line gradually entered the market and started to make revenue contribution. We continuously improved and enhanced the production process and product quality of our traditional intermediate products to consolidate our technological advantages, cut costs and increase efficiency on an ongoing basis.

回顧年內,我們持續優化新材料聚合單體BPDA的生產工藝,致力於提升生產效率及降低BPDA的綜合生產成本。本集團第一期生產線生產的BPDA產品逐漸推向市場並開始貢獻收益。我們持續完善及提升傳統中間體產品的生產工藝和產品品質,以鞏固技術優勢及持續降本增效。

Adhering to the belief that technology is our core competence, we will continue to invest in research and development and make unremitting efforts to maintain the competitive edge of our existing products in the market and actively explore new business growth opportunities and direction.

我們將一直秉承技術是核心競爭力的信念,繼續維持對研發的投入和不懈努力,保持現有產品的市場 競爭優勢,並積極開拓新的業務增長機遇與方向。

REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

In 2023, the global economy maintained certain resilience against high inflation and interest rates. China's economy showed a steady recovery. The domestic consumer market continued to pick up, which was the key driver of economic growth. The new energy industry chain maintained a relatively high growth rate, while the market penetration of new energy vehicles continued to rise and the electrochemical energy storage market also achieved rapid growth. However, high interest rates, high inflation and geopolitical conflicts continued to weigh on global economic growth, and the US dollar interest rate hikes continued to undermine global financial stability, thus undermining investors' confidence and leading to a weak trade growth. Under the complex economic circumstances, the Group adhered to a proactive and steady development strategy to actively respond to market fluctuations and changes.

回顧與展望

二零二三年,全球經濟在高通脹、高利率背景下保持了一定的韌性。中國經濟呈現企穩回升態勢,國內消費市場持續回暖,成為經濟增長的主拉動力。新能源產業鏈仍維持較高增速,新能源汽車市場滲透率持續提升,電化學儲能市場亦實現高速增長。然而,高利率、高通脹及地緣政治衝突持續拖累全球經濟增長,美元加息持續衝擊全球金融穩定性,投資者信心下降,貿易增長疲軟。在複雜的經濟形勢下,本集團堅持積極穩健的發展戰略,積極應對市場波動及變化。

During the Review Year, the battery materials segment developed amid drastic changes. Although the domestic and overseas new energy vehicle and electrochemical energy storage industries sustained rapid growth, the market prices of the two core raw materials of lithium iron phosphate, namely lithium carbonate and iron phosphate, dropped significantly as a result of higher upstream raw material production capacity expansion over downstream demand growth, thus having a material adverse effect on the profitability of the Group's battery materials segment. In order to cope with market changes and realise steady development, the Company had proactively adjusted its development plan for this segment by postponing the construction plan to build a new production line with production capacity of 80,000 tonnes/year and the expansion plan to expand the existing production line with production capacity of 30,000 tonnes/ year to 60,000 tonnes/year from the planned completion by the end of 2023 to by the end of 2024 or in due course. The plans may be further adjusted in light of the actual market situation. Despite the above changes and adjustments, the Group is still full of confidence in the long-term development of the battery materials segment in the future. With the continuous development of the domestic and overseas new energy vehicle industry and electrochemical energy storage industry, along with the elimination of outdated production capacity and the improvement in the supply and demand gap amid the market restructuring process, the Group will continue to invest in the promising lithium battery materials market by leveraging its technological advantages accumulated over the years since entering the lithium iron phosphate market, and its first-mover advantages in the market.

回顧年內,電池材料板塊在劇烈變化中發展。國內 外新能源汽車及電化學儲能產業雖延續快速增長態 勢,但受上游原材料產能釋放速度快於下游需求增 速影響,磷酸鐵鋰兩大核心原材料(碳酸鋰及磷酸 鐵)的市場價格明顯下跌,對本集團電池材料板塊 的盈利能力產生重大不利影響。為應對市場變化及 實現穩健發展,本公司積極調整於該板塊的發展規 劃,將原計劃於二零二三年底前完成的新建80,000 噸/年新產線的計劃及將現有30,000噸/年生產線 擴建至60,000噸/年的擴建計劃推遲至於二零二四 年年底前或其他適當時間完成,上述計劃可能根據 實際市場情況進一步調整。面對以上變化及調整, 本集團依然對電池材料板塊未來的長期發展充滿信 心。隨著國內外新能源汽車產業、電化學儲能產業 的持續發展,以及市場結構調整過程中落後產能的 淘汰及供需矛盾的改善,憑藉進入磷酸鐵市場多年 積累的技術優勢及先發性市場優勢,本集團將持續 深耕於前景廣闊的鋰電材料市場。

During the Review Year, in order to diversify the shareholder structure of Shandong TNM, expand its capital strength and facilitate its business development, in March and April 2023, Shandong TNM entered into capital increase agreements with ten independent investors including Sinopec Group Capital Co., Ltd.* (中國石化集團資本有限公司). The independent investors agreed to make cash capital contribution of RMB229,000,000 in aggregate to Shandong TNM in exchange for approximately 9.84% equity interest in the enlarged registered capital of Shandong TNM in aggregate. For details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 10 March 2023, 17 April 2023 and 26 May 2023. In addition, affected by the market environment, the Group's planned spin-off and separate listing of Shandong TNM Group on a stock exchange recognised by the PRC (the "Proposed Spinoff") have been postponed. We will reactivate the Proposed Spinoff in due course depending on market conditions and make further announcement(s) as and when appropriate in accordance with the relevant requirements under the Listing Rules.

回顧年內,為豐富山東彩客新材料的股東結構,擴大其資本實力,推動其業務發展,於二零二三年三月及四月,山東彩客新材料與包括中國石化集團資本有限公司在內的十位獨立投資者簽訂增協議,獨立投資者同意以現金出資方式向山東彩客新材料經擴大後的註冊資本中合共約9.84%的股權。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二三年五月十日、二零二三年四月十七日及二零二三年五月二十六日的公告。此外,受市場環境影響,本集團分析山東彩客新材料集團並將其在中國認可的證券視下規制,我們將視市場情況於合適時機重啟建議分拆並根據上市規則相關規定適時作出進一步公告。

During the Review Year, the Group's pigment intermediates and new materials segment had further improvement in profitability. New material monomer BPDA products were gradually introduced to the market and made revenue contribution. Besides, we continued to make progress regarding the proposed transfer of listing of Tsaker Technology to the BSE (the "Proposed BSE Listing"). In order to diversify the shareholder structure and promote the corporate profile and reputation of Tsaker Technology, in June 2023, Tsaker Hong Kong entered into a share transfer agreement with Hebei Industrial Investment Strategically New Industry Development Centre (Limited Partnership)* (河北 產投戰新產業發展中心(有限合夥)), Hebei Structural Reform Fund (Limited Partnership)* (河北結構調整基金(有限合夥)) and Cang County Cangfu Equity Investment Fund (Limited Partnership)* (滄 縣滄服股權投資基金(有限合夥)) (collectively, the "Purchasers"), pursuant to which Tsaker Hong Kong disposed of an aggregate of approximately 6.12% equity interest in Tsaker Technology to the Purchasers at an aggregate consideration of approximately RMB55,000,000. For details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 13 June 2023 and 26 June 2023. The Company will make further announcement(s) on the Proposed BSE Listing as and when appropriate in accordance with the relevant requirements under the Listing Rules.

回顧年內,本集團顏料中間體及新材料板塊盈利能力進一步提升,新材料聚合單體BPDA產品逐漸推向市場並貢獻收益。另外,我們持續推進彩客科技擬議轉板至北交所上市(「擬議北交所上市」)的相關工作。為使彩客科技股東結構多元化並提升彩多日之業形象及名聲,於二零二三年六月,彩本語人有限合夥)、滄縣滄服股權投資素,於為訂股份轉讓協議,彩客香港向買方出售合共約6.12%的彩客香港向買方出售合共約6.12%的彩客科技股權,總代價為約人民幣55,000,000元。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二三年六月十三日及二零二年六月二十六日的公告。本公司將根據相關上則規定適時就擬議北交所上市作出進一步公告。

During the Review Year, benefiting from the recovery of domestic and overseas consumption, the market demand for the dye intermediate products of the Group recovered significantly. In order to consolidate the market share of the dye intermediate products of the Group, the Group adopted aggressive competitive strategies during the Review Year with a significant increase in product sales as compared with that in the same period of 2022. The Group's agricultural chemical intermediates segment maintained steady operations with ever-increasing profitability against the backdrop of domestic economic recovery and development. We believe that the revenue and profit of the dye and agricultural chemical intermediates segment of the Group will maintain positive growth along with economic recovery and easing inflation.

回顧年內,受益於國內外消費市場的復甦,本集團 染料化學品中間體產品的市場需求顯著復甦。為穩 固本集團染料化學品中間體產品的市場佔有率,本 集團於回顧年內採取積極的競爭策略,產品銷量較 二零二二年同期顯著提升。本集團農業化學品中間 體板塊運營穩健,在國內經濟復甦發展的背景下, 盈利能力持續提升。我們相信,隨著經濟的復甦及 通脹的緩解,本集團染料及農業化學品中間體板塊 收益及盈利能力將繼續向好發展。

Looking ahead, we will continue to take a proactive approach in pursuit of stable development, actively rise to market changes, and maintain a sound financial strategy. We will further invest in research and development to constantly develop new products and new processes. As a future development direction of the Group, we will continue to expand our product offerings in the fields of new energy and new materials. Holding fast to our traditional business segments, we will also maintain and expand our industry-leading edges in terms of technology, cost and market competitiveness. In spite of an international political and economic environment full of complexity and volatility, we are confident to seize opportunities and overcome challenges so as to embrace a better tomorrow.

展望未來,我們會繼續保持積極穩健的總體策略, 積極應對市場變化,並保持穩健的財務策略。我們 將繼續加大研發投入,不斷開發新產品、新工藝; 我們將持續拓寬於新能源、新材料領域的產品品 類,作為集團未來的發展方向;我們也將繼續堅守 在傳統業務領域,保持並擴大行業領先的技術優 勢、成本優勢及市場競爭優勢。在複雜多變的國際 政治、經濟局勢中,我們有信心抓住機遇,克服挑 戰,迎接更美好的明天。

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

REVENUE AND GROSS PROFIT

In 2023, the revenue of the Group amounted to approximately RMB2,065.5 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB56.8 million or approximately 2.7% as compared with approximately RMB2,122.3 million in 2022. The gross profit amounted to approximately RMB318.6 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB249.9 million or approximately 44.0% as compared with approximately RMB568.5 million in 2022. In 2023, the Group's gross profit margin was approximately 15.4%, as compared with that of approximately 26.8% in 2022. The decrease in gross profit and gross profit margin was mainly due to the significant year-on-year decline in the average unit selling price of iron phosphate, a major product of the Group's battery materials segment, as a result of market fluctuation during the Review Year.

NET PROFIT AND NET PROFIT MARGIN

In 2023, the net profit of the Group was approximately RMB45.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB209.0 million or approximately 82.2% as compared with approximately RMB254.2 million in 2022. In 2023, the Group's net profit margin was approximately 2.2%, as compared with that of approximately 12.0% in 2022. The decrease in net profit and net profit margin was mainly due to the significant decrease in the average unit selling price of iron phosphate, the major battery material product of the Group, as mentioned above.

SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

In 2023, selling and distribution expenses amounted to approximately RMB44.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB6.4 million as compared with approximately RMB50.6 million in 2022. The decrease in selling and distribution expenses was mainly due to the decrease in the average unit freight cost of the Group.

In 2023, selling and distribution expenses represented approximately 2.1% (2022: approximately 2.4%) of the Group's total revenue.

財務回顧

收益及毛利

於二零二三年,本集團錄得收益約為人民幣2,065.5 百萬元,較二零二二年約為人民幣2,122.3百萬元減少約人民幣56.8百萬元或約2.7%,錄得毛利約為人民幣318.6百萬元,較二零二二年約為人民幣568.5 百萬元減少約人民幣249.9百萬元或約44.0%。於二零二三年,本集團毛利率約為15.4%,二零二二年毛利率約為26.8%。毛利減少及毛利率下降主要由於回顧年內本集團電池材料板塊主要產品磷酸鐵受市場波動影響單位平均售價同比大幅下降。

純利及純利率

於二零二三年,本集團錄得純利為約人民幣45.2百萬元,較二零二二年為約人民幣254.2百萬元,減少約人民幣209.0百萬元或約82.2%。於二零二三年,本集團純利率約為2.2%,二零二二年純利率約為12.0%。純利及純利率下降,主要是由於上文所述本集團電池材料主要產品磷酸鐵的單位平均售價大幅下降所致。

銷售及分銷開支

於二零二三年,銷售及分銷開支約為人民幣44.2百萬元,較二零二二年約為人民幣50.6百萬元,減少約人民幣6.4百萬元。銷售及分銷開支減少主要是由於本集團單位平均運費下降所致。

於二零二三年,銷售及分銷開支約佔本集團總收益的2.1%(二零二二年:約2.4%)。

管理層討論及分析

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

In 2023, administrative expenses were approximately RMB178.3 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB44.4 million as compared with approximately RMB133.9 million in 2022. The increase in administrative expenses was mainly due to (i) the increase in research and development expenditures; (ii) the increase in depreciation included in administrative expenses as the office building of Shandong TNM was officially put into use in early 2023; and (iii) the increase in labor costs included in administrative expenses.

In 2023, administrative expenses represented approximately 8.6% (2022: approximately 6.3%) of the Group's total revenue.

IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In 2023, the Group provided impairment losses on property, plants and equipment of approximately RMB14.0 million (2022: approximately RMB7.2 million) and none impairment losses on intangible assets (2022: approximately RMB9.0 million). The impairment losses on property, plants and equipment for the year were mainly attributed to the impairment provisions arising from the disposal to be conducted of certain iron phosphate production equipment in the battery materials segment. For more details, please refer to note 13 to financial statements of this annual report.

FINANCE COSTS

In 2023, finance costs amounted to approximately RMB33.0 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB17.1 million as compared with approximately RMB15.9 million in 2022. The increase was mainly due to the grant of repurchase rights to investors upon the introduction of the first round of independent investors to Shandong TNM Group and the transfer of partial interest in Tsaker Technology held by Tsaker Hong Kong during the Review Period, under which the relevant repurchase obligations were recognized as financial liabilities with interest to be accrued. For details, please refer to the notes to the consolidated statement of changes in equity in this annual report.

行政開支

於二零二三年,行政開支約為人民幣178.3百萬元,較二零二二年約為人民幣133.9百萬元,增加約人民幣44.4百萬元。行政開支增加主要歸因於:(i)研究及開發開支增加:(ii)山東彩客新材料辦公樓於二零二三年初正式投入使用,影響計入行政開支的折舊增加:及(iii)計入行政開支的人工成本增加。

於二零二三年,行政開支約佔本集團總收益的8.6% (二零二二年:約6.3%)。

物業、廠房及設備以及無形資產減值損失

於二零二三年,本集團計提物業、廠房及設備減值 損失約為人民幣14.0百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣 7.2百萬元),而並無計提無形資產減值損失(二零二 二年:約人民幣9.0百萬元)。本年物業、廠房及設 備減值損失主要來自將對電池材料板塊若干磷酸鐵 生產設備進行出售而產生的減值撥備。有關詳情請 參照本年報財務資料附註13。

財務成本

於二零二三年,財務成本約為人民幣33.0百萬元,較二零二二年約為人民幣15.9百萬元,增加約人民幣17.1百萬元,該增加主要是由於回顧期內山東彩客新材料集團引入第一輪獨立投資人及彩客香港轉讓其持有的彩客科技部分權益時,授予投資人回購權,相關回購義務確認為應計利息金融負債所致。詳情請參閱本年報綜合權益變動表附註。

管理層討論及分析

EXCHANGE LOSSES, NET

In 2023, exchange losses amounted to approximately RMB5.0 million, as compared with exchange losses of approximately RMB18.8 million in 2022, which was mainly attributable to the fluctuation in the exchange rate of RMB against USD.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The PRC subsidiaries of the Company are generally subject to the Enterprise Income Tax at a rate of 25%. Tsaker Technology is subject to the enterprise income tax at a preferential rate of 15% due to the possession of a high-tech enterprise certificate. The subsidiary of the Company in Hong Kong is subject to the two-tier tax regime, i.e., the first HK\$2.0 million of assessable profits earned will be taxed at half the current Hong Kong profits tax rate (i.e., 8.25%), and the remaining assessable profits will continue to be taxed at 16.5%. The Singapore subsidiary of the Company is generally subject to the Singapore Enterprise Income Tax at a rate of 17.0%. In 2023, income tax expense amounted to approximately RMB14.4 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB66.1 million as compared with approximately RMB80.5 million in 2022. The decrease in income tax expense was mainly due to the decrease in the profit before tax during the Review Year as compared with that in 2022.

CASH FLOWS

In 2023, net cash inflows from operating activities of the Group amounted to approximately RMB46.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB325.3 million as compared with approximately RMB371.5 million in 2022, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in the operating profit during the Review Year.

In 2023, net cash outflows used in investing activities of the Group amounted to approximately RMB134.0 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB151.2 million as compared with approximately RMB285.2 million in 2022, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in the capital expenditure and payment for the construction of the production line of Shandong TNM during the Review Year upon the completion of the construction of the iron phosphate production line with an annual production capacity of 50,000 tonnes of Shandong TNM in 2022.

匯兑虧損淨額

於二零二三年,匯兑損失約為人民幣5.0百萬元,二零二二年的匯兑損失約為人民幣18.8百萬元,主要 是由於人民幣兑美元匯率波動所致。

所得税開支

本公司於中國內地的附屬公司通常須按25%的稅率繳納中國企業所得稅,彩客科技因擁有高新技術企業證書,按15%的優惠稅率繳納企業所得稅。本公司於香港的附屬公司須遵守二級稅制,即所賺取的最初2.0百萬港元應課稅溢利將按8.25%(即香港現行利得稅率一半)繳稅,其餘應課稅溢利將繼續指16.5%的稅率繳稅。本公司於新加坡的附屬公司通常須按17.0%的稅率繳納新加坡企業所得稅。於二零二三年,所得稅費用約為人民幣14.4百萬元,較二零二二年約為人民幣80.5百萬元,減少約人民幣66.1百萬元。所得稅開支減少主要是由於回顧年內的稅前利潤較二零二二年減少所致。

現金流量

於二零二三年,本集團經營活動所得現金流入淨額 約為人民幣46.2百萬元,較二零二二年約為人民幣 371.5百萬元,減少約人民幣325.3百萬元,主要是 因為回顧年內經營利潤減少所致。

於二零二三年,本集團投資活動所用現金流出淨額 約為人民幣134.0百萬元,較二零二二年約為人民幣 285.2百萬元,減少約人民幣151.2百萬元,主要是 因為山東彩客新材料5萬噸/年磷酸鐵生產線的建 設於二零二二年內已完成,回顧年內山東彩客新材 料建造生產線的資本開支及付款減少所致。

In 2023, the Group's net cash inflows from financing activities amounted to approximately RMB185.7 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB265.1 million as compared with net cash outflows used in financing activities of approximately RMB79.4 million in 2022, which was mainly due to the completion of the introduction of first round of independent investors to Shandong TNM Group and the transfer of partial interest in Tsaker Technology held by Tsaker Hong Kong during the Review Year. For details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 10 March 2023, 17 April 2023, 26 May 2023, 13 June 2023 and 26 June 2023.

於二零二三年,本集團融資活動所得現金流入淨額 約為人民幣185.7百萬元,較二零二二年融資活動所 用現金流出淨額約為人民幣79.4百萬元,增加約人 民幣265.1百萬元,主要是由於回顧年內山東彩客新 材料集團完成第一輪獨立投資人引入及彩客香港轉 讓其持有的彩客科技的部分權益所致。詳情請參閱 本公司日期為二零二三年三月十日、二零二三年四 月十七日、二零二三年五月二十六日的公告。

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

In 2023, the daily working capital of the Group was primarily derived from cash flows from internal operations, disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary, capital contribution from non-controlling interests and bank borrowings. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had (i) cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB287.4 million, in which approximately RMB258.7 million was denominated in RMB and approximately RMB28.7 million in other currencies (USD, HKD and SGD) (2022: approximately RMB189.1 million, in which approximately RMB173.6 million was denominated in RMB and approximately RMB15.5 million in other currencies (USD, HKD and SGD)); (ii) restricted cash of approximately RMB70.6 million denominated in RMB (2022: approximately RMB7.1 million denominated in RMB); and (iii) interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB317.1 million with interest rate of 2.8%-9.22% per annum, all denominated in RMB (2022: approximately RMB300.6 million with interest rate of 3.2%-9.22% per annum, all denominated in RMB), of which (a) approximately RMB299.1 million shall be repayable within one year, approximately RMB12.3 million shall be repayable in the second year, and approximately RMB5.7 million shall be repayable in the third to fifth years, inclusive (2022: approximately RMB261.8 million shall be repayable within one year, approximately RMB25.8 million shall be repayable in the second year, and approximately RMB13.0 million shall be repayable in the third to fifth years, inclusive); and (b) all bore fixed interest rates (2022: all bore fixed interest rates). The Group's unutilised banking facilities amounted to approximately RMB177.5 million (2022: approximately RMB110.7 million) as at 31 December 2023.

流動資金及資本結構

於二零二三年,本集團日常營運資金的來源主要為 內部經營產生的現金流量、出售一間附屬公司的部 分權益、非控股權益注資及銀行借款。截至二零二 三年十二月三十一日止,本集團持有(i)現金及現金 等價物為約人民幣287.4百萬元,其中,以人民幣 計值約為人民幣258.7百萬元,以其他貨幣(美元、 港元和新幣)計值約為人民幣28.7百萬元(二零二二 年:約為人民幣189.1百萬元,其中,以人民幣計 值約為人民幣173.6百萬元,以其他貨幣(美元、港 元和新幣)計值約為人民幣15.5百萬元);(ii)受限 現金約為人民幣70.6百萬元,乃以人民幣計值(二 零二二年:約為人民幣7.1百萬元,乃以人民幣計 值);及(iii)計息銀行及其他借款約為人民幣317.1 百萬元,年利率為2.8%-9.22%,全部以人民幣計 值(二零二二年:約人民幣300.6百萬元,年利率為 3.2%-9.22%,全部以人民幣計值);(a)其中約人民 幣299.1百萬元須於一年內償還,約人民幣12.3百萬 元須於第二年償還及約人民幣5.7百萬元須於第三至 第五年(包括首尾兩年)償還(二零二二年:約人民 幣261.8百萬元須於一年內償還,約人民幣25.8百萬 元須於第二年償還及約人民幣13.0百萬元須於第三 至第五年(包括首尾兩年)償還);及(b)全部為固定 利率計息(二零二二年:全部為固定利率計息)。於 二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團尚未使用之銀 行授信額度約為人民幣177.5百萬元(二零二二年: 約人民幣110.7百萬元)。

管理層討論及分析

In 2023, the Group did not use any risk hedging instrument or have any borrowing or hedge in its foreign currency investment.

於二零二三年,本集團無任何風險對沖工具或外幣 投資中無任何借貸或對沖。

TREASURY POLICY

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policy and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position for the year ended 31 December 2023. To manage the liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and other commitments can meet its funding requirements from time to time.

GEARING RATIO

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's gearing ratio (calculated as interest-bearing bank and other borrowings at the end of the year divided by total equity) was approximately 15.4% as compared with approximately 14.3% as at 31 December 2022.

財政政策

本集團已就其財政政策採納審慎的財務管理方法, 因此在截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度始終 維持穩健的流動資金狀況。為管理流動資金風險, 董事會密切監察本集團的流動資金狀況以確保本集 團的資產、負債及其他承擔的流動資金結構能夠不 時滿足其資金需求。

資產負債比率

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的資產負債 比率(年末的計息銀行及其他借款除以總權益計算) 約為15.4%,於二零二二年十二月三十一日約為 14.3%。

管理層討論及分析

CURRENT ASSETS

As at 31 December 2023, the total current assets of the Group amounted to approximately RMB1,467.5 million (2022: approximately RMB1,187.9 million), primarily consisting of inventories of approximately RMB285.3 million (2022: approximately RMB272.8 million), trade receivables and notes receivable of approximately RMB742.0 million (2022: approximately RMB654.8 million), prepayments and other receivables of approximately RMB69.3 million (2022: approximately RMB59.6 million), cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB287.4 million (2022: approximately RMB189.1 million) and restricted cash of approximately RMB70.6 million (2022: approximately RMB7.1 million).

INVENTORIES

Inventories of the Group mainly consisted of raw materials, work-in-progress and finished products. In 2023, the inventory turnover days decreased by 4 days from 62 days in 2022 to 58 days. The inventory turnover days remained stable.

TRADE RECEIVABLES AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

As at 31 December 2023, trade receivables and notes receivable of the Group increased by approximately RMB87.2 million as compared with that in 2022.

流動資產

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的流動資產總額約為人民幣1,467.5百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣1,187.9百萬元),其主要包括存貨約為人民幣285.3百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣272.8百萬元)、貿易應收款項及應收票據約為人民幣742.0百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣654.8百萬元)、預付款項及其他應收款項約為人民幣69.3百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣59.6百萬元),現金及現金等價物約為人民幣287.4百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣70.6百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣70.6百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣7.1百萬元)。

存貨

本集團的存貨主要包括原材料、在製品及製成品。 於二零二三年,存貨的周轉天數為58天,較二零二 二年的62天減少4天,存貨周轉天數保持穩定。

貿易應收款項及應收票據

		31 December	31 December
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	342,512	233,739
Notes receivable	應收票據	399,501	421,045
		742,013	654,784

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團貿易應收款項及應收票據較二零二二年增加約人民幣87.2百萬元。

管理層討論及分析

The turnover days for trade receivables and notes receivables increased to 122 days for 2023 from 81 days for 2022, which was mainly due to the increase in the Group's sales to customers with longer credit period in the battery materials segment.

PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

As at 31 December 2023, prepayments and other receivables of the Group increased by approximately RMB9.7 million from approximately RMB59.6 million in aggregate as at 31 December 2022 to approximately RMB69.3 million in aggregate, which was mainly due to the increase in the amount of input VAT to be deducted.

CURRENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2023, the total current liabilities of the Group amounted to approximately RMB1,140.2 million (2022: approximately RMB1,034.5 million), primarily consisting of trade and bills payables of approximately RMB472.6 million (2022: approximately RMB384.1 million), other payables and accruals of approximately RMB277.6 million (2022: approximately RMB363.3 million) and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings of approximately RMB299.1 million (2022: approximately RMB261.8 million).

TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

The turnover days for trade and bills payables increased to 88 days in 2023 from 67 days in 2022. The increase in the turnover days was mainly due to the increase in the purchase from suppliers offering longer credit periods.

OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

As at 31 December 2023, other payables and accruals of the Group decreased by approximately RMB85.7 million from approximately RMB363.3 million in aggregate as at 31 December 2022 to approximately RMB277.6 million in aggregate, which was mainly due to the decrease in the endorsed notes receivable not derecognised.

貿易應收款項及應收票據的周轉天數由二零二二年的81天,增加至二零二三年的122天,主要是由於本集團對電池材料板塊信貸期較長的客戶銷售增加所致。

預付款項及其他應收款項

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團預付款項及 其他應收款項合計約為人民幣69.3百萬元,較二零 二二年十二月三十一日預付款項及其他應收款項合 計約為人民幣59.6百萬元增加約人民幣9.7百萬元, 主要由於待抵扣增值稅進項稅額增加所致。

流動負債

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的流動負債總額約為人民幣1,140.2百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣1,034.5百萬元),其主要包括應付貿易款項及應付票據約人民幣472.6百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣384.1百萬元)、其他應付款項及應計費用約為人民幣277.6百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣363.3百萬元),以及計息銀行及其他借款約為人民幣299.1百萬元(二零二二年:約為人民幣261.8百萬元)。

貿易應付款項及應付票據

貿易應付款項及應付票據的周轉天數由二零二二年的67天增加至二零二三年的88天,周轉天數增加是由於本集團對信用期較長的供應商的採購增加所致。

其他應付款項及應計費用

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團其他應付款項及應計費用合計約為人民幣277.6百萬元,較二零二二年十二月三十一日其他應付款項及應計費用合計約為人民幣363.3百萬元減少約人民幣85.7百萬元,主要是由於未終止確認的已背書應收票據減少所致。

管理層討論及分析

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2023, certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and trade receivables with a net carrying amount of approximately RMB284.6 million (2022: approximately RMB70.8 million) were pledged to secure bank loans and other borrowings granted to the Group.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES. AND SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT

Except for the deemed disposal of partial interest in Shandong TNM as a result of the introduction of the first round of independent investors to Shandong TNM Group and the transfer of partial interest in Tsaker Technology by Tsaker Hong Kong during the Review Year as disclosed above, there were no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, or significant investment of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

The Group did not have other plans for material investments or capital assets acquisition as at 31 December 2023 and the date of this annual report.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

Foreign exchange risk refers to the risk of loss caused by fluctuation in the exchange rate. The foreign exchange risk of the Group is mainly related to its operating activities. Along with the continuous expansion of the scale of its export business, the Group's operations may be affected by the future fluctuation in exchange rates. The Group is closely monitoring the impact of fluctuation in currency exchange rates on the foreign exchange risk of the Group.

資產抵押

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團抵押若干賬面淨額約為人民幣284.6百萬元(二零二二年:約人民幣70.8百萬元)之物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及貿易應收款項以擔保本集團獲授之銀行貸款及其他借款。

重大收購、出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業以及重大投資

除上文所披露於回顧年內為山東彩客新材料集團引入第一輪獨立投資者而導致視作出售山東彩客新材料部分權益以及彩客香港轉讓彩客科技部分權益外,截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團無重大收購及出售附屬公司,聯營公司及合營企業或重大投資。

重大投資或資本資產之未來計劃

於二零二三年十二月三十一日及本年報日期,本集 團並無任何其他重大投資或購入資本資產之其他計 劃。

或然負債

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無重大或 然負債。

外匯風險

外匯風險指因匯率變動產生損失的風險。本集團承受外匯風險主要與本集團的經營活動有關。隨著公司出口業務規模不斷擴大,未來匯率波動可能對本 集團經營造成影響。本集團密切關注匯率變動對本 集團外匯風險的影響。

管理層討論及分析

The Group currently does not have any hedging policy for foreign currencies in place. The Board will remain alert to any relevant risks and, if necessary, consider to hedge any material potential foreign exchange risk.

目前本集團並無進行外幣對沖政策。董事會監控有關風險,如有需要將考慮對可能產生的重大外幣風險予以對沖。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group has established human resources policies and systems with a view to achieving effective management in all aspects and building a learning-oriented organisation by providing motivational rewards through a proper reward system and offering employees various training programs including internal/external training and public courses.

The remuneration package offered to the employees (including the Directors) was in line with their duties and the prevailing market terms. Staff benefits, including bonus, training schemes, pension fund, medical coverage, provident funds etc., were also provided to the employees of the Group.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 2,058 (2022: 1,947) employees.

During the Review Year, the total staff costs of the Group (including salaries, bonuses, social insurances and provident funds) amounted to approximately RMB217.1 million (2022: approximately RMB197.7 million).

The Group did not have any share scheme for the year ended 31 December 2023.

僱員及薪酬政策

本集團完成人力資源政策及制度體系搭建,務求從各方面進行有效管理,並通過合理的獎勵制度進行激勵性獎勵,以及為僱員提供各類內、外訓與公開課等培訓計劃,打造學習型集團組織。

本集團向僱員(含董事)提供之酬金待遇乃按其職務及當時市場趨勢釐定,亦同時向僱員提供僱員福利,包括獎金、培訓計劃、養老金、醫療保障及公積金等。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團共有員工 2,058名(二零二二年:1,947名)。

回顧年內,本集團的員工成本總額(包括工資、花紅、社會保險及公積金)約為人民幣217.1百萬元 (二零二二年:約人民幣197.7百萬元)。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度期間,本集 團概無任何股份計劃。

環境、社會及管治報告

1. ABOUT TSAKER NEW ENERGY

1.1. Introduction

Since its establishment in 1997, Tsaker New Energy has been committed to integrating green technology into research and development ("R&D") and production of fine chemicals such as dyes and pigment intermediates. With its outstanding products and services, the Group is well received by customers and was successfully listed on the Stock Exchange in 2015. As one of the global leading manufacturers of dye and agricultural chemical intermediates and pigment intermediates and new material. Tsaker New Energy has many advanced production plants, including the world's largest production plant for DSD Acid, DMSS, as well as one of the world's three largest mononitrotoluene production plants. In addition to consolidating its own advantages in fine chemicals, Tsaker New Energy entered the fields of lithium battery materials in 2017 by utilizing its own technology and rich experience in environmental protection with fine chemicals, and expanded the production capacity of battery material iron phosphate in 2022. Tsaker New Energy not only pays attention to the quality and standard of products, but also pays attention to the impacts of the company's operation on the environment and society. Going forward, the Group would actively promote green and sustainable development, embracing technological innovation to meet challenges.

1. 關於彩客新能源

1.1. 業務回顧

自一九九七年成立以來,彩客新能源一直致 力研究將綠色科技融入染料及顏料中間體等 精細化學品的研發和生產。憑藉其優秀的產 品及服務,本集團深得顧客喜愛,並於二零 一五年成功在聯交所上市。彩客新能源作為 全球領先的染料及農業化學品中間體、顏料 中間體及新材料的生產商之一,擁有眾多先 進生產廠房,包括全球最大的DSD酸生產廠 房、DMSS生產廠房及全球三大一硝基甲苯 之一的生產廠房。除了鞏固自身在精細化學 品的優勢外,彩客新能源利用自身技術和豐 富的精細化工環保處理經驗於二零一七年進 入鋰電池材料領域,並在二零二二年擴大了 電池材料磷酸鐵的產能。彩客新能源不僅重 視產品的品質,更關注公司運營對環境和社 會的影響。展望未來,本集團將積極推進綠 色新發展,以科技創新迎接挑戰。

環境、社會及管治報告

1.2. Vision and Core Values

Tsaker New Energy continues to adhere to the corporate philosophy of "Build a Better World with Green Technology", achieving the Group's core goals and values in leadership in industry and pursuit of excellence. In addition to pledging to provide customers with high-quality and reliable innovative products and services, the Group also focuses on fulfilling corporate social responsibility to ensure that the Group's business abides by integrity and environmental protection principles. The Group constantly makes an effort to scale up its investment in environmental protection and the R&D of green technologies, continuously expanding the market of upstream battery materials, leading Tsaker New Energy and the society to achieve sustainable development.

2. CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Stakeholders,

On behalf of the Board of Tsaker New Energy, I am pleased to present the Group's Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report for the year 2023. In 2023, we experienced multiple challenges such as economic growth slowdown and geopolitical conflicts. In these major changes, the Group has always applied ESG concepts for effective management and governance, continued to explore the value of ESG in corporate governance, respond to uncertainties with sustainable development thinking, and strive to achieve coordinated development of the economy, society and environment. Contribute to building a community with a shared future for mankind.

During the Reporting Period, with a high sense of responsibility and mission, the Group strengthened environmental protection, promoted green production, promoted technological innovation, optimized the corporate governance structure, improved employee benefits and fulfilled social responsibilities.

In 2023, on the basis of the establishment of the Environmental, Social and Governance Committee ("**ESG Committee**"), the Group has also established a sustainable development group to assist the ESG Committee in studying policy guidelines and coordinating implementation actions. The Group has integrated ESG concepts into daily operations to comply with the government's carbon peak and carbon neutrality goals.

1.2. 願景及核心價值

彩客新能源持續秉承「用綠色科技,為世界添彩」的企業理念,實現集團成為「行業領導者及追求卓越」的核心目標與價值,承諾除為客戶提供優質可靠的創新產品和服務外,注重履行企業社會責任,確保本集團業務堅守誠信及合乎環保準則。本集團將繼續加大對環保的投入及綠色技術的研發,持續拓展鋰電池產品上游材料領域的市場,引領彩客新能源以至整個社會實現可持續發展。

2. 主席講話

親愛的持份者們:

本人欣然代表彩客新能源董事會發表本集團二零二三年環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)報告。二零二三年,我們經歷了經濟增速放緩和地緣衝突等多重考驗。在這些變局中,本集團始終運用ESG理念進行有效管治,持續探索ESG在公司治理方面的價值,以可持續發展思維應對不確定性。努力實現經濟、社會和環境的協調發展,為構建人類命運共同體貢獻力量。

於報告期內,本集團以高度的責任感和使命感,加強環境保護,推進綠色生產,推進技術創新,優化公司治理結構,提升員工福利和踐行社會責任。

二零二三年,本集團在成立環境、社會及管治委員會(「**ESG委員會**」)基礎上,又成立了可持續發展小組,以協助ESG委員會研究政策方針並配合行動實施。集團已將ESG理念融入日常運營,以配合政府的碳達峰及碳中和目標的實現。

環境、社會及管治報告

Finally, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to all stakeholders. Your support is the driving force for us to move forward, and we look forward to working with you to achieve a better future.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

GE Yi

18 March 2024

3. ABOUT THE REPORT

3.1 Purpose

Tsaker New Energy is pleased to present the ESG Report of the Group for 2023, which aims to explain the Group's policies, initiatives and effectiveness in promoting sustainable development to internal and external stakeholders.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the *Environment, Social and Governance Reporting Guide* set out in Appendix C2 to the Listing Rules, and comply with the "comply or explain" provisions contained in the *Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide*, except for those provisions that the Group believes are not applicable to its business (explanations are explained in the corresponding chapters).

3.2 Reporting Scope

This report covers the Company and its subsidiaries (Tsaker Huayu, Tsaker Dongao, Shandong TNM, Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy, Tsaker Technology), and the coverage period is from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 ("Reporting Period"). Information on corporate governance has been set out in the annual report in accordance with Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules.

3.3 Report topic

In order to express the corporate value and development strategy of Tsaker New Energy, the theme of this year's ESG report is "Actively promote new green development and meet challenges with technological innovation."

最後,我要向所有持份者表達衷心的感謝。 您的支持是我們前進的動力,我們期待與您 共同實現更加美好的未來。

主席兼行政總裁

ナよ

二零二四年三月十八日

3. 關於本報告

3.1 宗旨

彩客新能源欣然提呈本集團二零二三年度之 ESG報告,旨在向內部及外部持份者闡述本 集團推動可持續發展的政策、措施及成效。

本報告根據上市規則附錄C2的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》編製,並遵守《環境、社會及管治報告指引》中所載的「不遵守就解釋」條文,除本集團認為不適用其業務的條文外(有解釋已於相應章節中闡述)。

3.2 報告範圍

本報告涵蓋本公司及附屬公司(彩客華煜、彩客東奧、山東彩客新材料、滄州彩客鋰能、彩客科技),涵蓋時間範圍為二零二三年一月一日至二零二三年十二月三十一日(「報告期」)。有關企業管治的資料則已根據上市規則附錄C1於年報中闡述。

3.3 報告主題

為體現彩客新能源企業價值及發展戰略, 本年度ESG報告主題為「積極推進綠色新發展,以科技創新迎接挑戰」。

環境、社會及管治報告

Actively promote new green development

As global climate change and environmental problems become increasingly serious, green development has become an important issue for governments and enterprises around the world. Actively promoting new green development is an important direction for current and future development. Tsaker New Energy actively responds to national policies, advocates environmental protection and sustainability as its development concepts, and focuses on resource conservation, environmental friendliness, and ecological balance. During the Reporting Period, the Group spared no effort to promote new green development and fulfilled its environmental protection commitments with active actions. We continue to take innovative measures to minimize energy consumption and waste emissions during the production process through technological upgrading and management optimization. At the same time, we actively carry out energy conservation, emission reduction and resource recycling, strive to organically combine production with environmental protection, and strive to create green and sustainable production bases. The Group's efforts have yielded results, during the Reporting Period, Tsaker Dongao won the titles of "National Green Factory" and "Shandong Province Green Factory".

Meet challenges with technological innovation

With the rapid changes in the domestic and international environment, business operations are facing unprecedented problems and challenges. Since the beginning of this year, global economic growth has gradually slowed down, regional military conflicts have escalated, international trade frictions and many other challenges have come one after another, bringing huge pressure and uncertainty to enterprises. In response to these challenges, the Group has unswervingly increased its efforts in technological innovation. Adhering to the concept of scientific and technological innovation, we continue to increase investment in research and development, cultivate innovative talents, strengthen cooperation with domestic scientific research institutions, and strive to create a scientific and technological innovation system with core competitiveness to lay a solid foundation for the steady development of the enterprise.

積極推進綠色新發展

隨著全球氣候變化和環境問題的日益嚴重, 綠色發展已成為各國政府和企業的重要議 題。積極推進綠色新發展,是當前和未來發 展的重要方向。彩客新能源積極響應國家政 策,倡導環保、可持續發展理念,注重資源 節約、環境友好、生態平衡。在報告期內, 本集團不遺餘力地致力於推進綠色新發展, 以積極的行動踐行環保承諾。我們不斷採取 創新舉措, 通過技術升級和管理優化, 將生 產過程中的能源消耗和廢物排放降到最低限 度。同時,我們積極開展節能減排和資源循 環利用工作,努力將生產與環境保護有機結 合,為打造綠色、可持續發展的生產基地而 努力。本集團的努力取得了成效,於報告期 內,彩客東奧榮獲「國家級綠色工廠」和「山 東省綠色工廠」稱號。

以科技創新迎接挑戰

隨著國內外環境的迅速變化,企業經營面臨著前所未有的問題和挑戰。今年年初以來,全球經濟增速逐漸減緩、地區軍事衝來,級、國際貿易摩擦等諸多挑戰接連而來,給企業帶來了巨大的壓力和不確定性。在應對這些挑戰的過程中,本集團堅定不移地加力度。我們秉承科技創新的力度。我們秉承科技創新人才,不斷加強研發投入,培育創新人才,加強與國內科研機構合作,努力打造具有核發與國內科研機構合作,努力打造具有發展競爭力的科技創新體系,為企業的穩健發展奠定堅實的基礎。

環境、社會及管治報告

3.4 Reporting Standard

The report follows the four reporting principles described in the *Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide*:

Materiality: The Group regularly conducts stakeholder engagement and materiality assessments to identify ESG issues material to the Group's business operation.

Quantitative: The data presented in this report have been carefully collected, and the environmental and social key performance indicators ("**Key Performance Indicators**") have been disclosed in this report. Criteria, methods, references and conversion factors used to calculate key performance indicators are stated where appropriate.

Balance: Disclose relevant performance in a transparent manner, impartially and balancedly.

Consistency: Unless otherwise stated, disclosures, data collection and calculation methods have been consistent over the years to facilitate comparisons over time.

3.5 Group Sustainable Development Governance

The Group's core sustainability goal is to "Build a Better World with Green Technology", and to create long-term and sustainable value for all stakeholders. Adhering to the core value, the Group has adopted a strictly effective sustainable development governance structure to ensure the implementation of sustainable development runs through all levels of the Group. The Group has established the ESG Committee prior to the start of the 2020 reporting period and established the sustainable development team during the current Reporting Period to assist the Group in managing its ESG-related issues.

3.4 報告準則

報告遵循《環境、社會及管治報告指引》所述 的四大報告原則:

重要性:本集團定期進行持份者參與活動和 重要性評估,以確定與業務運營相關的重要 ESG議題。

量化:本報告所呈列的數據乃經謹慎收集, 環境及社會關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」) 已於本報告披露。用於計算關鍵績效指標的 標準、方法、參考和轉換因子已於適當情況 下説明。

平衡性: 以透明方式不偏不倚及平衡地披露 相關表現。

一致性:除另有説明者外,披露情況、資料 搜集及計算方法與多年來保持一致,以便隨 時進行比較。

3.5 集團可持續發展管治

本集團的可持續發展核心目標是「用綠色科技,為世界添彩」,同時為所有持份者創造長期、可持續發展的價值。秉持上述理念,本集團採取嚴格有效的可持續發展管治框架,確保可持續發展的理念貫穿集團各層面,並得到實踐。本集團在二零二零年報告期內成立可持續發展小組,協助集團管理其ESG相關議題。

環境、社會及管治報告

Governance Framework

Board oversight of ESG matters

The Board plays a major role in overseeing the Group's ESG matters. In 2023, the Board, management and employees responsible for ESG matters assessed the impact of ESG-related risks on operations and formulated ESG-related policies to deal with related risks. The board's oversight ensures that management and employees responsible for ESG matters have all the appropriate tools and resources to oversee ESG matters.

To demonstrate the Group's commitment to transparency and accountability, management and employees responsible for ESG matters review and evaluate the Group's performance on ESG matters and report to the Board on a regular basis.

The Board management methods and strategies for major ESG-related matters

In order to deeply understand the opinions and expectations of different stakeholders on ESG matters, the Group conducts materiality assessments every year. The Group ensures that it uses various platforms and communication channels to engage, listen and respond to its key stakeholders. Through comprehensive communication with stakeholders, the Group is able to understand the expectations and concerns of its stakeholders. The feedback received enables the Group to make more informed decisions and better assess and manage the impact toward the Group's operational decisions.

The Board

The Board, supported by the ESG Committee and the sustainable development team, would be responsible for all sustainability strategies, management, performance, and reporting related to the Group. The Board also regularly reviews the Group's sustainable development direction, goals and progress, and jointly review the risks and opportunities for its sustainable development.

管治框架

董事會對ESG事宜的監督

董事會在監督本集團的ESG事宜方面擔當主要角色。二零二三年度,董事會、管理層與負責ESG事宜的員工評估ESG相關風險對集團營運的影響,並制定ESG相關政策以處理相關風險。董事會的督導確保管理層及負責ESG事宜的員工擁有一切合適的工具及資源,以便督導ESG事宜。

為展示本集團對透明度及問責性的承擔,管理層及負責ESG事宜的員工檢討及評估本集團在ESG事宜的表現並定期向董事會匯報。

董事會對重大ESG相關事宜的管理方法及策 略

為深入了解不同持份者對ESG事宜的意見及期望,本集團每年進行重要性評估。本集團確保使用各種平台及溝通渠道來接觸、聆聽及回應其主要持份者。通過對持份者的全面溝通,本集團得以了解其持份者的期望與關注。所獲得的反饋意見使本集團能夠作出更明智的決策,並更好地評估及管理其對集團運營決策產生的影響。

董事會

董事會在ESG委員會和可持續發展小組的支持下,將負責所有與本集團相關的可持續發展策略、管理、表現與匯報。董事會也定期審視本集團的可持續發展方向,目標和進度成效,並共同檢討其可持續發展面對的風險與機遇。

環境、社會及管治報告

ESG Committee

The main duties and responsibilities of the ESG Committee are as follows:

- to identify related issues that have a significant impact on the Group's operations or the interests of other important stakeholders in relation to environmental, social and governance aspects;
- to provide guidance for and review the Group's environmental, social and governance vision, goals and strategies, and make recommendations to the Board for approve relevant environmental, social and governance initiatives;
- to monitor and review emerging environmental, social and governance trends and issues, provide guidance for the development of the Group's environmental, social and governance vision based on relevant circumstances, and provide advisory opinions on management of the current and emerging issues that affect Group's environmental, social and governance;
- to set the Group's environmental, social and governance goals, indicators, key performance indicators and measures, monitor the implementation of relevant measures, and evaluate the effectiveness of relevant measures:
- to review and perform risk assessment of the Group's impact on health, safety, environment and society;
- to adopt and update the policies on production safety, environmental protection, social responsibility management and corporate governance of the Group when necessary;
- to assist the Board in preparing the annual environmental, social and governance report in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Listing Rules and the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide for its consideration, approval and disclosure;

ESG委員會

ESG委員會的主要職責如下:

- 就環境、社會及管治方面識別對本集 團營運或其他重要利益相關方的權益 構成重大影響的相關事宜;
- 為本集團的環境、社會及管治願景、 目標及策略提供指導且對其進行檢 討,並向董事會提出建議,以批准相 關的環境、社會及管治舉措;
- 監察並檢討環境、社會及管治的新興 趨勢及問題,根據相關情況為本集團 環境、社會及管治願景的發展提供指 導,並就管理影響本集團環境、社會 及管治的當前及新興事項提供諮詢意 見;
- 設定本集團環境、社會及管治目標、 指標、關鍵績效指標及措施,監督有 關舉措的實行,衡量有關舉措的成效;
- 就本集團對健康、安全、環境及社會 造成的影響檢討並進行風險評估;
- 於必要時採納並更新有關本集團生產 安全、環保、社會責任管理及企業管 治的政策;
- 協助董事會根據上市規則的披露規定 及《環境、社會及管治報告指引》編 製年度環境、社會及管治報告,以供 其考慮及批准披露;

環境、社會及管治報告

- to review and monitor the Group's environmental, social and governance policies and practices to ensure compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to review and evaluate the performance and terms of reference of the committee to ensure that the committee operate at optimal efficacy and recommend changes that it deems appropriate for the approval of the Board;
- other matters authorized by the Board related to health, safety, environment, social responsibility and corporate governance.

- 檢討並監察有關本集團的環境、社會 及管治政策及實行,以確保遵守法律 及規管規定;
- 檢討並評估委員會的表現及職權範圍,以確保委員會的運作能發揮最大 成效,並建議其認為合適的變動以供董事會批准;
- 董事會授權有關健康、安全、環境、 社會責任及管治的其他事項。

3.6 Stakeholder Engagement and Communication Channels

Stakeholder engagement is a core part of the Group's sustainable development work. We communicate with stakeholders through multiple channels to actively understand their expectations and requirements for the Group's social responsibility. We attach great importance to the opinions of stakeholders, incorporate their concerns and requirements into the Group's social responsibility issues, and actively respond with practical actions to strive for the common growth of stakeholders.

The Group focuses on establishing a regular communication mechanism with stakeholders and has established online and offline communication channels. It promptly explains the Group's sustainable development strategic plan and performance to stakeholders, consults all parties for their opinions and requirements, as well as analyze and develop sustainability plans.

3.6 持份者的參與及溝通渠道

持份者參與是本集團可持續發展工作的核心部分,我們通過多種渠道與利益相關方進行溝通,積極了解其對本集團社會責任的期望和要求。我們高度重視利益相關方的意見,將利益相關方的關切要求納入集團的社會責任議題,並以實際行動積極響應,以致力於利益相關方共同成長。

本集團注重與持份者建立常態化溝通機制, 設立了線上及線下的溝通渠道,及時向持份 者闡述本集團可持續發展戰略規劃與績效表 現,諮詢各方的意見與要求,並分析及制定 可持續發展計劃。

Stakeholders 利益相關方	Expectations 期望與要求	Main Communication Channels 主要溝通渠道		
Shareholder or investor 股東或投資者	 Protect shareholders' rights and interests 保障股東權益 	 Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會 		
	 Compliance operation and management 合規經營與管理 	 Announcement communications (interim reports, annual reports, circulars and announcements) 公告通訊(中期報告、年報、通函和 公告) 		
	 Information disclosure 信息披露 Return on investment 投資回報 	 Company/Stock Exchange website 公司/聯交所網站 Investor briefing 投資者簡報 		
Government or regulatory authorities 政府或監管部門	 Legal and compliance regulation 法律及合規監管 Tax liability 納稅義務 Social contributions 社會貢獻 Business and economic development 業務與經濟發展 Safe operation 安全運營 	 Meeting 會議 Compliance report 合規報告 Inspect on the spot 現場檢查 Attend government meetings or seminars 參與政府會議或研討會 Submit documents 提交文件 		

Stakeholders 利益相關方	Expectations 期望與要求	Main Communication Channels 主要溝通渠道	
Employee 僱員	 Protect employees' rights and interests (保障員工權益與權力 Communication between management and employees 管理層與員工交流 Occupational safety and health 職業安全與健康 Improve employee welfare 改善員工福利 Equal employment opportunities and diversity development 平等就業機會與多元化發展 	 Electronic communications 電子通訊 Staff meeting 員工大會 Team building activities 團建活動 Seminars and employee training 研討會及員工培訓 Performance appraisal 績效考核 	
Customers 客戶	 Long term business relationship 長期業務關係 Performance and product safety 業績與產品安全 Product quality 產品質量 Inventory management 存貨管理 	 Daily communication and contact 日常交流聯絡 Corporate website 企業網站 Social media 社交媒體 Customer satisfaction survey 客戶滿意度調查 	

Stakeholders 利益相關方	Expectations 期望與要求	Main Communication Channels 主要溝通渠道
Local community 當地社區	 Compliance emissions 合規排放 Save resources 節約資源 Community involvement 社區參與 Charitable projects 公益項目 	 Improve environmental management 完善環境管理 Promote energy conservation 推進能源節約 Volunteer activity 志願活動 Charitable activities 公益活動
Industry Association 業界商會	 Comply with laws and regulations 遵守法律法規 Integrity management 誠信經營 Product quality 產品質量 	 Access 訪問 Seminar 研討會 Annual meeting 年會
Suppliers 供應商	 Fair play 公平競爭 Long term business relationship 長期業務關係 Product quality inspection 產品質量監察 	 Supplier evaluation 供應商評估 Field trips 實地考察 Daily communication and contact 日常交流聯絡

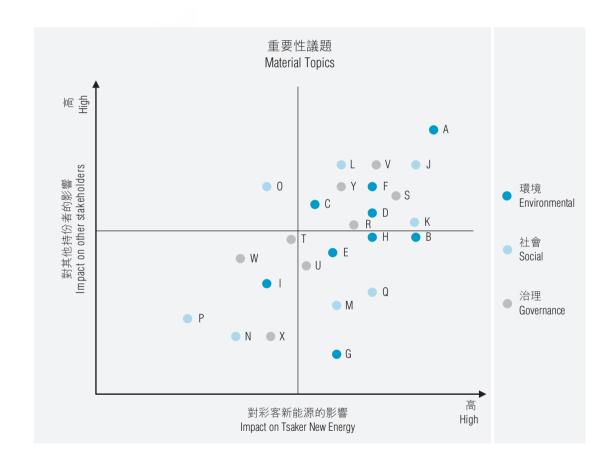
環境、社會及管治報告

3.7 Importance Assessment

The Group continuously reviews the relevance of ESG issues to our business and stakeholders, so as to formulate comprehensive ESG management and strategies to achieve informed decisions. We implement a four-step materiality assessment methodology to identify and assess material ESG issues in our business operations.

3.7 重要性評估

本集團持續審閱ESG議題與我們業務及利益 相關者的關聯性,從而制定完善的ESG管理 及策略以達致知情決定。我們實施涉及四個 步驟的重要性評估方法,以確定及評估我們 業務營運中的重大ESG議題。



環境、社會及管治報告

1. Identify

With reference to peer benchmarking results, ESG issues considered to be material to the Group are identified.

2. Prioritize

Conduct regular online stakeholder surveys to collect feedback. Based on the importance to stakeholders and the Group's business development, review and integrate peer benchmarking results and stakeholder engagement activities to determine the overall level of importance of various ESG issues.

3. Verify

The Board further reviews and verifies the results of the above steps.

4. Review

Conduct an annual review of ESG issues to confirm their relevance and importance to the Group's strategic business development.

1. 識別

參考同業對標結果,識別對本集團有 重大意義的ESG議題。

2. 確定優先次序

定期推行線上利益相關者調查以收集 反饋。基於對利益相關者及本集團業 務發展的重要性,檢視及整合同業對 標結果和利益相關者參與活動,以釐 定各項ESG議題的整體重要性水平。

3. 核實

董事會進一步審閱及核實上述步驟的結果。

4. 審閲

對ESG議題進行年度審閱,確認其於本集團策略性業務發展的相關性及重要性。

Important environmental issues		Important social issues		Important governance issues		
環境重要議題		社	社會重要議題		管治重要議題	
Α	Air pollutant emissions		Business ethics and integrity	R	Anti-corruption	
~	空氣污染物排放	J	商業道德及誠信	П	反貪污	
В	Comply with environmental laws and regulations 符合環境相關的法律法規	K	Comply with local social laws and regulations 符合當地社會相關的法律法規	S	Supply chain management 供應鏈管理	
С	Emission of greenhouse gases 溫室氣體排放	L	Occupational health and safety 職業健康和安全	T	Business expansion 業務擴展	
D	Wastewater discharge and management 污水排放和管理	М	Employment related matters 僱傭相關事宜	U	Supplier evaluation and selection 供應商評估及選擇	
Ε	General waste disposal	Ν	Diversity and equal opportunities	V	Product safety and quality	
	一般廢棄物處理		多元化和平等機會		management 產品安全及質量管理	
F	Hazardous waste disposal 有害廢棄物處理	0	Development and training 發展及培訓	W	Establish a sustainable development framework and strategy 設立可持續發展框架和策略	
G	Material usage efficiency 材料使用效率	Ρ	Social participation 社會參與	Χ	Purchasing method 採購方式	
Н	Efficient use of resources 高效利用資源	Q	Salary and employee benefits 薪酬及員工福利	Υ	Customer privacy 客戶隱私	
I	Use renewable resources 採用可再生資源					

環境、社會及管治報告

Contact Details

If you have any comments or suggestions regarding this report, please contact the investor relations department or the corresponding person of ESG Committee at the address below:

Building No. 10, 109 Jinghaisanlu, Beijing Economic-Technological Development Area, the PRC Contact person of ESG Committee: Yang Fuguang Telephone: (86) 0317-7750925

4. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

4.1 Strict production management

Tsaker New Energy is committed to providing sustainable products and services, and we also require our suppliers to uphold the same core values. Therefore, in the process of supply chain management, product quality management and customer service, we not only fulfill the standard of strict quality management, but also incorporate sustainable elements into all aspects. In the procurement of raw materials and selection of suppliers, green products and partners with sustainable development awareness are prioritized throughout the selection process. Our Group has also been working closely with our suppliers by adopting a two-way and constructive communication to further optimize our sustainable supply chain.

Appropriate Supply Management

Tsaker New Energy cooperates with suppliers who are devoted to excellence, environmental protection and business ethics, and expects them to emphasize environmental and social responsibility. Our Group continues to improve the management mechanism of the material supply chain. We have formulated several management measures such as "Measures for Introducing Raw Material Suppliers" and "Raw Material Procurement Management System" to strictly control the internal procurement process.

聯絡方式

若您對本報告或本集團有任何意見或建議, 請與下文所載的地址聯絡資本市場部或ESG 委員會聯絡人:

中國北京市經濟技術開發區 經海三路109號院10號樓 ESG委員會聯絡人:楊福廣 電話:(86)0317-7750925

4. 公司治理

4.1 嚴格的生產管理

彩客新能源致力於提供可持續產品和服務,我們同時也要求供應商秉持相同的核心價值。因此,在供應鏈管理、產品質量管理及客戶服務過程中,我們不僅做好嚴格品質管理,並將可持續的元素融入到各個環節。在原材料採購和供應商選擇環節,我們優先選用有綠色產品及有可持續發展意識的合作,採取雙向及建設性的溝通,以進一步優化可持續供應鏈。

妥善的管理供應

彩客新能源與精益求精、環保、具商業道德的供應商合作,並期望供應商注重環境及社會責任。本集團持續完善物料供應鏈的管理機制,並制定了《原材料供應商引進作業辦法》《原材料採購管理制度》等管理辦法,嚴格控制內部採購流程。

環境、社會及管治報告

In order to ensure the quality of purchased materials and supply stability, standardize the procurement method, and simultaneously achieve cost reduction, enhance supplier interaction, and achieve a win-win situation, we have developed a series of procurement and supplier management system:

為保證採購物資質量及供貨穩定性、規範採購方式,同時實現成本降低,加大供應商互動,實現雙贏,我們制定了一系列採購及供應商管理制度:

- Market research and/or site visits are conducted to identify an initial list of shortlisted suppliers.
 Suppliers with leading technical conditions, good corporate reputation and outstanding business systems would have priority.
- For new suppliers, approval and selection are made at any time, and the relevant departments would conduct a scoring process to assess the progress, quality, after-sales service, service attitude, capability and continuity of their supply/service.
 The Group would assist those suppliers with lower scores by providing feedbacks and waiting for improvement and re-assessment.
- Our Group conducts site visits to our suppliers'
 production locations on annual basis in order to
 precisely monitor the sustainable performance of our
 suppliers. The visits primarily rate the performance
 in terms of ESG and allow the suppliers to take
 appropriate follow-ups. Our Group is expected to
 maintain close contact with our suppliers and jointly
 practice the concept of sustainable development.
- All purchased materials coming into the factory are subject to strict examination organized by quality control departments guided by company restricted documents. Only qualified materials can proceed into the warehousing procedures, while unqualified materials are replaced or returned.

- 進行市場調研和/或實地考察,篩選 出初步入圍供應商名單。技術條件領 先,且企業信譽度較好、具有優良的 業務系統的供應商會優先入圍。
- 對於新增供應商隨時進行審批選擇, 相關部門展開打分,評估其供貨/服 務的進度、質量、售後、服務態度、 能力及持續性等。集團會協助分數較 低的供貨商作出意見反饋,待其作出 改善並進行重新評估。
- 每年會到供應商的生產基地進行實地 考察,以準確監測供應商的可持續表 現。主要考察在ESG方面的表現評 級,讓供應商採取相應的跟進。本集 團期望與供貨商保持密切的聯繫並共 同實踐可持續發展的理念。
- 所有採購物資進廠都要經過質檢職能 部門嚴格按照內部文件規定,組織驗 收後方可辦理入庫手續,不合格物資 將被替換或退貨。

環境、社會及管治報告

• In order to strengthen our control over our suppliers' social responsibility, we have established a "Supplier Code of Conduct", which sets out requirements for all categories of direct and indirect suppliers we work with in terms of labor, ethics, health, safety, environment and quality standards.

We emphasize the control of environmental and social risks of our upstream and downstream suppliers, continuously pay attention to the fulfillment of our suppliers' performance in labor, safety and environmental protection, etc. We require our suppliers to respect their employees, pay attention to the safety of the working environment, use environmentally friendly products, pay attention to environmental protection, and actively promote our suppliers to maintain a consistent vision of sustainable development with us and adopt a good sustainable development policy.

As at the end of the Reporting Period, the Group had a total of 1,010 local raw material suppliers, representing an increase of 477 suppliers as compared with the previous reporting period, with the sources of increase mainly being Shandong TNM and Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy base. The data of raw material suppliers by region is listed below:

 為加強對供應商社會責任管控,我們 制定《供應商行為準則》,對我們合作 的所有類別的直接供應商和間接供應 商在勞工、道德、健康、安全、環境 和質量方面提出要求。

我們重視上下游供應商在環境及社會風險的 管控,持續關注供應商在勞工與安全、環境 保護等方面的履行情況,要求供應商尊重員 工、重視工作環境的安全、使用環保產品、 重視環境保護,積極推動供應商與我們保持 一致的可持續發展願景並採納良好的可持續 發展方針。

截至本報告期末,本集團共有本地原材料供應商1,010家,相比上個報告期增加477家,增加來源主要為山東彩客新材料和滄州彩客鋰能基地。按地區劃分的原材料供應商數據如下:

Number of Suppliers 供應商數目

Category	類別	2023	2022
Local	本地	1,010	533
Overseas	海外	0	2

環境、社會及管治報告

4.2 Quality control

Tsaker New Energy emphasizes product quality and ensures it through strict management measures. We follow the ISO9001:2015 standard by regularly inspecting and maintaining our facilities, controlling key environmental factors, as well as monitoring and improving the production process concurrently. These measures ensure that we provide high-quality products and services, earn the trust of our customers, and establish a foundation for sustainable development.

During the Reporting Period, the certifications of quality management system for Tsaker Huayu and Tsaker Technology have been renewed, and Shandong TNM also obtained the quality management system certification. The quality control system certification of Tsaker Dongao has been extended in 2021, and the quality system of Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy was in the certification stage during the reporting period.

4.2 質量監控

彩客新能源重視產品質量,通過嚴格管理措施確保產品品質。我們遵循ISO9001:2015標準,定期檢查和維護設施,控制關鍵環境因素,並實時監視和改進生產過程。這些措施確保了我們提供高品質的產品和服務,贏得了客戶信賴,為可持續發展奠定基礎。

在本報告期內,彩客華煜和彩客科技的質量 管理體系認證已延續,山東彩客新材料也獲 得了質量管理體系認證。彩客東奧的質量管 理體系認證已於二零二一年延續,滄州彩客 鋰能質量體系在報告期內正處於認證階段。



Tsaker Huayu and Tsaker Technology have extended their ISO 9001 certifications of quality management system which are valid from April 14th 2023 to November 23th 2024.

彩客華煜和彩客科技已延續ISO 9001質量管理體系認證證書,有效期由2023年4月14日至2024年11月23日。

環境、社會及管治報告



Shandong TNM have obtained its ISO 9001 certification of quality management system which is valid from August 20th 2023 to August 19th 2025.

山東彩客新材料已取得ISO 9001質量管理體系認證證書,有效期由2023年8月20日至2025年8月19日。



Tsaker Dongao have extended its ISO 9001 certification of quality management system which is valid from November 15th 2021 to November 16th 2025.

彩客東奧已延續ISO 9001質量管理體系認證證書,有效期由2021年11月15日至2024年11月16日。

We have won recognition from local governments and various industry organizations with our strict and professional quality management. During the Reporting Period, the Group received a total of 36 awards and certifications in the research and technology sector as listed below:

我們以嚴格專業的品質管理,贏得了地方政府和各行業組織的認可。在本報告期內,本集團的研發及技術共獲得下列36項獎項及認證:

Production Base 生產基地	Name of Corporate Award 企業獎項名稱	Awarding Organization 頒獎機構
Tsaker Huayu 彩客華煜	National May 1st Labor Award 全國五一勞動獎狀	All-China Federation of Trade Unions 中華全國總工會
	National Advanced Applicable Technology (Equipment) Catalog for the Comprehensive Utilization of Industrial Resources 國家工業資源綜合利用先進適用工藝技	Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the People's Republic of China 國家工信部
	術(設備)目錄	
	China Top 100 Fine Chemicals	China National Chemical Industry Information Association, National Fine Chemical Raw Materials and Intermediates Industry Association Group
	中國精細化工百強稱號	中國化工情報信息協會、全國精細化工原料及中間體行業協會組
	Hebei Province Single champion in manufacturing industry 河北省製造業單項冠軍	Industry and Information Technology Department of Hebei Province 河北省工業和信息化廳
	Innovation Award of Hebei Province Industry-University-Research Cooperation Promotion Association 河北省產學研合作促進會創新獎	Hebei Province Industry-University- Research Cooperation Promotion Association 河北省產學研合作促進會
	Hebei Province Specialized and New Model Enterprises 河北省專精特新示範企業	Industry and Information Technology Department of Hebei Province 河北省工信廳
	Hebei Province Industrial High Quality Comprehensive Evaluation Top 100 Enterprises 河北省工業高質量綜合評價百強企業	Hebei Provincial Leading Group Office of Strengthen Province Construction 河北省製造強省建設領導小組辦公室
	Class A Excellent Lean Management Company	Cangzhou Municipal Leading Group Office of Strengthen City Construction
	優秀精益管理A類企業	這州市製造強市建設領導小組辦公室 2015年1月1日

Production Base 生產基地	Name of Corporate Award 企業獎項名稱	Awarding Organization 頒獎機構
Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy 滄州彩客鋰能	A Rank of Hebei Province Industrial Enterprises R&D Organization 河北省工業企業研發機構A級	Industry and Information Technology Department of Hebei Province 河北省工業和信息化廳
	Innovative SME of Hebei Province 河北省創新型中小企業	Industry and Information Technology Department of Hebei Province 河北省工業和信息化廳
		州北省工来和信志心縣
	First prize in the Science and Technology awarded by Hebei	Hebei High-Tech Enterprises Association
	High-Tech Enterprises Association 河北省高新技術企業協會科學技術獎一 等獎	河北省高新技術企業協會
	Innovation Award of Hebei Province Industry-University-Research Cooperation Promotion Association 河北省產學研合作促進會創新獎	Hebei Province Industry-University- Research Cooperation Promotion Association 河北省產學研合作促進會
Tsaker Dongao 彩客東奧	Green Factory at National Level	Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the People's Republic of China
	國家級綠色工廠	工業和信息化部
	Green Factory for the Petroleum and Chemical Industries 石油和化工行業綠色工廠	China Petroleum and Chemical Industry Federation 中國石油和化學工業聯合會
	Green Factory of Shandong Province	Industry and Information Technology Department of Shandong Province
	山東省綠色工廠	山東省工信廳
	Shandong Province Antelope Enterprises 山東省瞪羚企業	Industry and Information Technology Department of Shandong Province 山東省工信廳
	"One enterprise, one technology" Industrial R&D center in Shandong Province 山東省「一企一技術」研發中心	Industry and Information Technology Department of Shandong Province 山東省工信廳
	"Specialized, Sophisticated, Distinctive, and New" SME in Shandong Province	Industry and Information Technology Department of Shandong Province
	山東省專精特新中小企業	山東省工信廳

Production Base 生產基地	Name of Corporate Award 企業獎項名稱	Awarding Organization 頒獎機構
Shandong TNM 山東彩客新材料	The Third Prize of Shandong Province SME "Chuangke China" Industrial Innovation and Entrepreneurship Competition 山東省中小企業創客中國創新創業大賽	Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the People's Republic of China 國家工業和信息化部
	三等獎 "Specialized, Sophisticated, Distinctive, and New" SME in Shandong Province	Industry and Information Technology Department of Shandong Province
	山東省專精特新中小企業 Shandong Province Antelope Enterprises 山東省瞪羚企業	山東省工信廳 Industry and Information Technology Department of Shandong Province 山東省工信廳
	Shandong Province New Material Innovation and Application Demonstration Project 山東省新材料創新應用示範項目	Industry and Information Technology Department of Shandong Province 山東省工信廳
	New Technologies, Products and Equipment in the Energy Sector in Shandong Province 山東省能源領域新技術、新產品和新設備	Energy Administration of Shandong Province 山東省能源局
	Shandong Province Digitalized Workshop 山東省數字化車間	Industry and Information Technology Department of Shandong Province 山東省工信廳
	Shandong Province Quality Brand 山東省優質品牌	Quality Evaluation Association of Shandong Province 山東省質量評價協會
	School-Enterprise Collaborative Internship and Training Base 校企協同實習實訓基地	Hebei University of Technology 河北工業大學
	"One enterprise, one technology" Industrial R&D center in Dongying 東營市工業企業「一企一技術」研發中心	Dongying Municipal Bureau of Industry and Information Technology 東營市工信廳

Production Base 生產基地	Name of Corporate Award 企業獎項名稱	Awarding Organization 頒獎機構
	Engineering Research Center in Dongying City 東營市工程研究中心	Dongying Development and Reform Commission 東營市發展和改革委員會
	Enterprise Technology Center in Dongying City 東營市企業技術中心	Dongying Development and Reform Commission 東營市發展和改革委員會
	Dongying Manufacturing Digital Transformation Pilot Demonstration Project 東營市製造業數字化轉型試點示範項目	Dongying Municipal Bureau of Industry and Information Technology 東營市工業和信息化局
	Excellent Scene of Intelligent Manufacturing in Dongying City 東營市智能製造優秀場景	Dongying Municipal Bureau of Industry and Information Technology 東營市工業和信息化局
	Key laboratory of Dongying City 東營市重點實驗室	Dongying Municipal Science and Technology Bureau 東營市科學技術局
Tsaker Technology 彩客科技	National Women's Civilization Post 全國巾幗文明崗	All-China Women's Federation 中華全國婦女聯合會
	Enterprise Standard Leader in Hebei Province 河北省企業標準領跑者	Hebei Administration for Market Regulation 河北省市場監督管理局
	Hebei Provincial Technological Innovation Demonstration Enterprise 河北省技術創新示範企業	Industry and Information Technology Department of Hebei Province 河北省工業和信息化廳
	The Leader of County Level Specialized Industrial Clusters of Hebei Province	Industry and Information Technology Department of Hebei Province
	河北省縣域特色產業集群領跑者	河北省工業和信息化廳

環境、社會及管治報告



National May 1st Labor Award (Tsaker Huayu)

全國五一勞動獎狀(彩客華煜)



Hebei Province Single champion in manufacturing industry (Tsaker Huayu)

河北省製造業單項冠軍(彩客華煜)



First prize in the Science and Technology awarded (Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy)

科學技術獎一等獎(滄州彩客鋰能)





A Rank of Hebei Province Industrial Enterprises R&D Organization (Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy)

河北省工業企業研發機構A級(滄州彩客鋰能)



Green Factory of Shandong Province (Tsaker Dongao)

山東省綠色工廠(彩客東奧)



Shandong Province Antelope Enterprises (Tsaker Dongao)

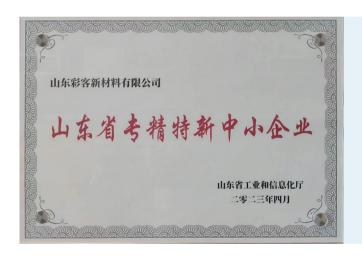
山東省瞪羚企業(彩客東奧)

環境、社會及管治報告



Shandong Province Antelope Enterprises (Shandong TNM)

山東省瞪羚企業(山東彩客新材料)



"Specialized, Sophisticated, Distinctive, and New" SME in Shandong Province (Shandong TNM)

山東省專精特新中小企業(山東彩客新材料)



National Women's Civilization Post (Tsaker Technology)

全國巾幗文明崗(彩客科技)

環境、社會及管治報告

4.3 Product Stewardship

In order to effectively address customers' complaints, the Group has established a after-sales service department and formulated a set of comprehensive complaint and product recall procedures.

- The sales department is responsible for investigating the situation related to the product that the customer complains about in detail, understands the reason for the customer's complaint, confirms the customer's complaint request, assists the customer in solving the difficult issues or provides the necessary references, and conveys the results of the process promptly.
- when sales staff receive customers reflecting product abnormalities, the abnormalities of the specific circumstances and customer requirements would be immediately identified, the relevant text records combined with abnormal samples would be delivered to the person in sales department who is responsible for to deal with, while the sales department will reflect the received customer problems through the mail sent to the department of after-sales service and forward to the general manager's office simultaneously.
- The after-sales service department coordinates with the relevant departments to trace and analyze the reasons, draw up processing countermeasures, and submit the correlated results to the sales department.
- After recieving the proposed process countermeasures, the responsible staff of the sales department would communicate and negotiate with the customer to reach a scientific and appropriate solution and implement it. The process results should be recorded.
- To avoid repetition of mistakes, the Group also share complaints that have been addressed in the past as case studies to raise the awareness of other staff. Topics regarding improving production and inspecting procedures as well as corresponding countermeasures would be discussed as well.

4.3 產品責任

為有效處理客戶的投訴,本集團建立了售後 服務部,並建立了一套完善的投訴及產品召 回機制。

- 銷售部負責詳查客戶投訴產品的相關 情況,了解客戶投訴理由,確認客戶 投訴需求,協助客戶解決疑難問題或 提供必要的參考資料,並迅速傳達處 理結果。
- 銷售部業務人員接到客戶反映產品異常時,應即刻查明該異常具體情況和客戶要求,將相關文字記錄連同異常樣品送銷售部負責人處理,同時銷售部將客戶反映問題通過郵件方式發送售後服務部並抄送總經辦等。
- 由售後服務部協調相關部門追查分析原因,擬定處理對策,並將相關結果反饋給銷售部。
- 銷售部負責人員根據公司做出的處理 意見,與客戶進行溝通交涉,形成科 學妥善的處理方案並落實。處理結果 需留存記錄。
- 為避免重複失誤,本集團亦會將以往 處理過的投訴作為個案分享,以提高 其他員工的意識,共同討論改進生產 和檢驗程序以及應對措施。

環境、社會及管治報告

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not notified of any recall of products due to safety and health concerns.

Tsaker New Energy recognizes the trust and support of its customers and is committed to providing quality services to meet their needs. The Group conducts regular satisfaction surveys to listen to customers' voices and continues to optimize its products and services to enhance customer experience. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not receive any dissatisfaction complaints. However, our Company would continue to step up its efforts in innovation and services to improve product quality. The Group is customer-focused, actively fulfills its corporate social responsibility and promote the sustainable development of the industry.

在本報告期內,本集團並無知悉任何因安全 與健康問題而須回收產品的事件。

彩客新能源重視客戶信任與支持,致力於提供優質服務以滿足客戶需求。集團定期開展滿意度調查,傾聽客戶聲音,並持續優化產品和服務,提升客戶體驗。在報告期內,集團未收到任何不滿意投訴,但仍會繼續加大創新和服務力度,提升產品品質。本集團以客戶為中心,積極履行企業社會責任,推動產業的可持續發展。

4.4 Intellectual Property Management

Tsaker New Energy strictly observes the Copyright Law of the People's Republic of China, Patent Law of the People's Republic of China, Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China, Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China as well as other relevant laws and regulations. In addition, all the patents, trademarks and copyrights have been applied to the competent government units of intellectual property rights for the corresponding right certificates. In the scenario where third-party patents or works are involved, the transfer contracts of the patents or writings are signed with the third party.

As at the end of the Reporting Period, the Group owned a total of 112 pieces of proprietary intellectual property rights. Comparing with the previous reporting period, the proprietary intellectual property rights owned increased 30 pieces. The Group has formulated relevant policies and standards in accordance with local laws and regulations, and has strictly required our employees to comply with the relevant regulations.

4.4 知識產權管理

彩客新能源嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國著作權法》《中華人民共和國專利權法》《中華人民共和國反不正民共和國商標法》《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》等相關法律法規,所有專利、商標、著作權均已向知識產權主管單位申請相應權利證書,涉及第三方專利或作品的,均與第三方簽訂專利或著作轉讓合同等。

截至本報告期末,本集團共擁有112項自有知識產權,相比上個報告期增加30項。本集團根據當地法律法規制定了相關政策及規範,並嚴格要求員工遵守相關規定。

4.5 Customer Privacy Protection

Tsaker New Energy is committed to protecting the data privacy of all stakeholders. For example, the Group has clarified that confidentiality agreements must be signed when negotiating with suppliers, customers or partners in order to fully protect the interests of all parties. In addition, in order to prevent leakage of customer data, the Group has issued clear guidelines to all employees regarding the collection and handling of customers' personal or business data to ensure the security of private data.

4.5 客戶隱私保護

彩客新能源致力於保護各方持份者的數據隱私。例如,本集團明確與供應商、客戶或合作夥伴協商時必須簽署保密協議,以充分保護各方利益。此外,為防止客戶資料外洩,本集團已就收集及處理客戶個人或業務資料向全體員工發出明確指引,以確保私人數據的安全。

環境、社會及管治報告

4.6 Business Integrity

Anti-Corruption

The Group recognizes that honesty, integrity and fairness are essential core values in our business operations. All employees are required to strictly comply with the "Anti-Corruption Policy" established by the Group, which clearly states the Group's zero-tolerance principle against bribery and embezzlement. We conduct regular internal audits to identify internal control deficiencies and take remedial actions accordingly. We are committed to establishing and maintaining a transparent, fair and clean business environment to ensure that all business activities comply with laws and regulations which reflects our strong belief in integrity and ethics. During the Reporting Period, there were no legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group and its employees.

Whistle-blowing Procedures

The Group encourages employees to report misconduct such as embezzlement, bribery, extortion, money laundering or fraud. We have established a whistleblowing mechanism according to the "Whistle-blowing Policy" and immediately investigate the information received from whistleblowing and report it to the management and governmental authorities. In the process of investigation, the Group promises to take sufficient confidentiality measures to protect the identity of the whistleblower. Once an act of corruption is confirmed, the employee involved would be dismissed immediately. In addition, we will continue to review and improve our internal control system and anti-corruption system to prevent the occurrence of corrupt practices. The Group has not detected any cases of corruption during the Reporting Period.

4.6 廉潔從業

反貪污

本集團深知,在業務運營中,誠實、正直和公平是至關重要的核心價值觀。所有僱員均必須嚴格遵守本集團制定的《反貪污政策》,其中明確規定了本集團對賄賂和貪污行為的零容忍原則。我們定期進行內部審計,以說別內部監控不足之處,並相應地採取補救措施。我們致力於建立和維護一個透明、公正、廉潔的經營環境,以確保所有業務活動均符合法律法規,並體現我們對誠信和道德的堅定信念。在本報告期內,並無針對本集團及其僱員的貪污行為而提起的法律訴訟。

舉報程序

本集團鼓勵僱員舉報不當行為,如貪污、賄賂、勒索、洗錢或欺詐等。我們根據《舉報政策》建立了舉報機制,對接到的舉報信息立即展開調查,並向管理層和政府機關的告。在調查過程中,本集團承諾採取足夠的保密措施,以保護舉報人的身份。一旦貪污行為被證實,涉事僱員將被立即解僱。於我們將繼續審查和改進內部監控系。本集團於報告期間並未發現任何有關貪污的案件。

環境、社會及管治報告

Anti-Corruption Training

The Group provides seminars and trainings related to fraud, money laundering and anti-corruption to our directors and employees in accordance with the "Anti-Corruption Policy", including both internal and online trainings. These trainings are aimed at strengthening employees' anti-corruption awareness, ensuring their understanding of and compliance with the Company's anti-corruption policy, and providing the necessary tools and knowledge for them to identify and prevent corrupt practices. The anti-corruption training covers compliance requirements, conflict of interest statements and case studies. Through case studies, employees can gain an in-depth understanding of the characteristics and risks of various embezzlement and fraudulent behaviors so that they can better respond to similar circumstances. In addition, training on conflict of interest declarations helps employees identify potential conflicts of interest and provide solutions to ensure that the Company's interests are maximized and integrity is maintained. Through these training activities, the overall objective is to arouse employees' awareness of anti-corruption and to foster an honest and fair working atmosphere. During the Reporting Period, anti-fraud education training was provided to every new employee.

反貪污培訓

本集團根據《反貪污政策》為董事和員工提 供與欺詐、洗錢和反貪污相關的研討會和培 訓,包括內部和線上培訓。這些培訓旨在加 強員工的反貪意識,確保他們了解和遵守公 司的反貪污政策,並提供必要的工具和知識 來識別和防範貪污行為。反貪污培訓的內容 涵蓋了合規要求、利益衝突聲明和案例研究 等方面。通過案例分析,員工可以深入了解 各種貪污和欺詐行為的特徵和風險,從而更 好地應對類似情況。此外,利益衝突聲明的 培訓有助於員工識別潛在的利益衝突,並提 供解決方案,以確保公司利益的最大化和誠 信的維護。通過這些培訓活動,旨在喚起僱 員的反貪意識,培養一個誠信和公平的工作 環境。在本報告期內,對新進的每個員工均 進行了反舞弊教育培訓。

環境、社會及管治報告

5. SAFE AND ENVIRONMENTAL FRIENDLY WORK 5. 安環的工作環境 ENVIRONMENT

Tsaker New Energy has always considered the health and safety of its employees as a top priority. To achieve this goal, we have set up dedicated safety and environmental protection departments ("S&E Department") in each of our production units, which are assigned the difficult task of ensuring that the production process is in compliance with local regulations. The S&E Department actively promotes health and safety training for our employees and regularly organizes various safety training and emergency drills to enhance their safety awareness and ability to respond to emergencies. These trainings and drills cover multiple incident including fire, accidents, emergency rescue, etc., to ensure that employees are able to act quickly and effectively in the face of emergencies. Additionally, the Safety and Environment Department holds regular meetings with production managers to present safety and environmental protection related opinions and suggestions, and to explain the latest safety and environmental policies. This communication and collaboration mechanism helps to ensure that the safety and environmental policies are fully implemented and that any potential safety and environmental hazards are addressed in a timely manner.

The establishment of the S&E Department not only strengthens the communication and exchange of regulatory knowledge among various departments, but also effectively reduces the potential environmental impact and risk generated during employees' activities. This not only helps to improve production efficiency and quality, but also fully demonstrates the Group's concern and protection toward employees and the environment. By strengthening safety management and environmental protection measures, the Group actively fulfills its corporate social responsibility and ensures the sustainable development of the enterprise and the harmonious progress of the society.

安環部門的設立加強了各部門之間的溝通與政策知識交流,有效減少了員工活動對環境的潛在影響和風險。此舉不僅有助於提高生產效率和質量,同時也充分體現了本集團對員工和環境的關注與保護。通過強化安全管理和環境保護措施,本集團積極履行企業社會責任,確保企業的可持續發展與社會的和諧進步。

環境、社會及管治報告

5.1 Safety Management

Production safety is the bedrock of a chemical enterprise, the lifeblood of its development and the prerequisite for all its endeavors. Tsaker New Energy adheres to the principle of "safety first, prevention first" and is committed to creating a safe working environment for its employees. Our Group strictly observes the occupational health and safety policy, provides resources and training, emphasizes on occupational health and safety in the production process, continuously reduces the risk of employees, equipment and environment. In addition, we also place relevant safety guidelines at prominent positions in different working areas of the factory building to remind our employees to pay attention to safety, so as to avoid the risk of collision and confusion.

Establishment of occupational safety management system

Tsaker New Energy implements and enforces national laws, regulations, policies and standards on safety and occupational disease prevention and control, such as The Work Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, The Fire Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, The Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases and the Measures for Supervision and Administration of Occupational Health Monitoring in Employing Units. In accordance with the requirements of ISO45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System and Work Safety Standardization, the Group has established a strict safety management system, strengthened the management of occupational disease prevention and control, improved the standard of prevention and control of occupational diseases. effectively safeguarded the occupational health and safety of the workers in the course of their work, and achieved the occupational health and safety objectives set by the Group which promote the sustainable development of the enterprise.

5.1 安全管理

安全生產是化工企業的基石,是發展的命脈,是企業各項工作的前提,彩客新能源東持「安全第一,預防為主」的原則,致力為員工營造安全的工作環境。本集團嚴格遵守職業健康安全方針,提供資源和訓練,在生產過程中強調職業健康及安全,持續降低員工、設備及環境之風險,並在廠房不同的工作區域的顯著位置放置相關安全指引,提可與工注意安全,以避免發生碰撞及混亂的風險。

建立職安管理體系

彩客新能源貫徹執行國家有關安全及職業病防治的法律、法規、政策和標準,如《中華人民共和國安全生產法》《中華人民共和國消防法》《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》。《用人單位職業健康監護監督管理辦法》等。依據ISO45001職業健康安全管理體系的安全管理體系,加強對職業病防治工作的實理,提高職業病防治及控制的水準,切實現本集團所制定的職業健康和安全目標,促進企業的穩定發展。

環境、社會及管治報告

We have continued to build a professional safety management team and have been strengthening the systematization and standardization of safety management while promoting the certification of ISO45001 occupational health and safety management system in each of our factories. As at the end of this Reporting Period, Tsaker Huayu, Tsaker Technology, Tsaker Dongao, Shandong TNM and Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy had obtained their certification of occupational health and safety management systems, respectively. Among them, during the Reporting Period, the occupational health and safety management system certifications of Tsaker Huayu and Tsaker Technology were extended, while Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy and Shandong TNM obtained the occupational health and safety management system certification.

我們持續打造專業化安全管理團隊,並不斷強化安全管理系統化、標準化,推動各工廠ISO45001職業健康安全管理體系認證。截至本報告期末,彩客華煜、彩客科技、彩客東奧、山東彩客新材料和滄州彩客鋰能工廠均已取得職業健康和安全管理體系認證。其中,在本報告期內,彩客華煜和彩客科技的職業健康安全管理體系認證得到延續,滄州彩客鋰能和山東彩客新材料獲得了職業健康安全管理體系認證。



Tsaker Huayu and Tsaker Technology have extended their ISO 45001 the occupational health and safety management system certifications which are valid from April 14th 2023 to October 13th 2025.

彩客華煜和彩客科技已延續ISO 45001職業健康管理體系認證證書,有效期由2023年4月14日至2025年10月13日



Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy has obtained its ISO 45001 the occupational health and safety management system certification which is valid from November 20th 2023 to November 19th 2026.

滄州彩客鋰能已取得ISO 45001職業健康管理體系認證證書,有效期由2023年11月20日至2026年11月19日

環境、社會及管治報告



Tsaker Dongao has obtained its ISO 45001 the occupational health and safety management system certification which is valid from November 15th 2021 to November 16th 2024.

彩客東奧已取得ISO 45001職業健康管理體系認證證書,有效期由 2021年11月15日至2024年11月16日



Shandong TNM has obtained its ISO 45001 the occupational health and safety management system certification which is valid from August 20th 2023 to August 19th 2025.

山東彩客新材料已取得ISO 45001職業健康管理體系認證證書,有效期由2023年8月20日至2025年8月19日

環境、社會及管治報告

Safeguarding Occupational Health

Tsaker New Energy pays attention to the occupational health of its employees, and continues to promote the establishment of the ISO45001 occupational health and safety management system in each of its factories in strict accordance with The Occupational Disease Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, and The Provisions on Supervision and Management of Occupational Hygiene in Workplaces and other relevant national laws and regulations. The Group has established an Occupational Health Management Committee consisting of production safety management units and technical units, which is fully responsible for reviewing health and safety policies and measures. We provide supervision and management of occupational health and safety for employees before, during and after work, adopt various preventive and disposal measures, and build up employees' awareness of occupational safety through the promotion of corporate safety culture, which ultimately create a healthy and safe workplace environment for our employees. During the Reporting Period, no incidents of damage to personnel health caused by occupational hazards were detected.

Occupational Hazard Protection Measures

Tsaker New Energy commissions a qualified occupational health technical service organization to test the occupational disease hazards at the production site on annual basis to ensure that they are in compliance with the national standards. Employees in positions with occupational disease risk are provided with appropriate labor protection equipment and instructed to wear it correctly. Warning signs of occupational disease risks are posted concurrently to comprehensively prevent, control and eliminate risks that employees may face. Each production base optimizes their working environment by adopting engineering and technical measures such as ventilation and cooling for high-temperature positions, dust removal devices for dusty workplaces, and fume hoods for laboratory chemical-using positions. In addition, we adopt several measures including installing noise elimination devices, installing additional soundproof booths, promoting the automation and upgrading of equipment, and reducing noise sources in order to lower the noise level in the workplaces. During the Reporting Period, a series of solutions to optimize the working environment for employees have been applied in a number of the Group's production sites.

守護職業健康

職業危害防護措施

環境、社會及管治報告

Use and Storage of Hazardous Chemicals

As a chemical material manufacturer, an irreplaceable part of ensuring product quality is using hazardous chemicals. Tsaker New Energy has established a strict safety management system for loading, unloading, transportation, use and storage of hazardous chemicals. The production bases with dangerous chemical storage are in compliance with the corresponding standards and regulations as well as the requirements of the national "Fireprotection code for the engineering design of fine chemical enterprise". During the Reporting Period, the Group also provided regular training on chemical management to its employees, which reduced the risks arising from improper operations.

Strengthening safety awareness

Tsaker New Energy regularly organizes safety awareness training for its employees, and carries out special activities such as training on the five quality tools and training on the Work Safety Law, which further enhances the employees' awareness of their self-safety responsibilities through full participation. In addition, our Company carries out activities such as online safety training and education seminar, as well as all-employee reflection activity regarding past safety accident warning, which forms the Company's unique and in-depth safety concepts. Moreover, the Company continues to issue internal newspapers to publicize newly promulgated laws and regulations, safety accident warnings, and safety knowledge, etc.; other activities such as occupational health publicity, and publicizes occupational disease prevention and treatment would occupational hygiene knowledge to employees through internal push, on-site signboards, plant slogans, brochures, and other online and offline methods are applied as well in order to strengthen safety awareness comprehensively promote the construction of the enterprise's safety culture.

危險化學品的使用及儲存

作為一家化學材料製造商,危險化學品的使用是保證產品質量不可替代的環節。彩客新能源對危險化學品的裝卸、運輸、使用及儲存都建立有嚴格的安全管理制度。儲存危險化學品的生產基地均符合相應標準和規定,並符合國家《精細化工企業工程設計防火規範》的要求。本報告期內,集團亦定期向員工提供了有關化學品管理的培訓,避免因操作不當造成的風險。

強化安全意識

環境、社會及管治報告

During the Reporting Period, we organized regular production safety and occupational health training before and during employment to strengthen the safety awareness of our employees. The Group organized 34 times of production safety training with a total duration of 209 hours for employees, which has increased 23.5 hours compared with year 2022. In addition, every employee at least received 20 hours of production safety training. Besides, we organized another 44 times of pre-employee safety training sessions, with a total training duration of 264 hours.

本報告期內,我們組織上崗前和在崗期間的 定期安全生產和職業衛生培訓,強化員工安 全意識。本集團共舉辦從業人員在崗安全培 訓34次,培訓時長209小時,在崗員工安全 培訓時長比二零二二年增加23.5小時,其中 每個在崗員工安全培訓時長均不少於20小 時。另舉辦從業人員上崗前安全培訓44次, 培訓總時長264小時。



Safety production training (Tsaker Huayu)

安全生產培訓(彩客華煜)



Emergency Drill (Tsaker Huayu)

應急演練(彩客華煜)

環境、社會及管治報告



Safety Production Training (Tsaker Dongao)

安全生產培訓(彩客東奧)



Emergency Drill (Tsaker Dongao)

應急演練(彩客東奧)

環境、社會及管治報告



Emergency Drill (Tsaker Technology)

應急演練(彩客科技)



環境、社會及管治報告





Emergency Drill (Shandong TNM)

應急演練(山東彩客新材料)

環境、社會及管治報告

Equipped with safety facilities

To ensure the personal safety of our employees, Tsaker New Energy has adopted a series of strict and effective measures. We have installed all kinds of accident prevention and control facilities, including alarm systems for pressure, temperature, liquid level and other parameters, as well as detection systems for combustible gas, hazardous gas and oxygen, in order to comprehensively enhance the capability of safety protection. Meanwhile, in order to ensure the safe operation of machinery and equipment, the equipment maintenance department carries out at least one inspection and rectification work toward the safety protection devices every month. In addition, reporting the relevant situation to the S&E Department on time for the purpose of keeping records. Through these disciplined and standardized safeguard measures, we are able to ensure the personal safety of our employees and maintain the stable development of the enterprise. During the Reporting Period, Tsaker Huayu carried out production system overhaul and launched solving hidden safety danger projects. Besides, Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy and Tsaker Dongao also carried out production system overhaul projects. Through the production system overhaul and safety hazard management project, we thoroughly overhauled and updated our production equipment to ensure that it complied with the latest safety standards and requirements. We have taken immediate and effective corrective measures for the identified safety hazards to ensure that no safety risks arise in the production process.

Tsaker New Energy has installed fire prevention, fire extinguishing and emergency escape facilities at all production bases. These facilities include the installation of firewalls, the equipping of fire extinguishers and the planning of escape routes. The Company strictly enforces the production safety responsibility system and clarifies safety management responsibilities at all levels. During the Reporting Period, the Group carried out 178 inspections of hidden safety hazards and identified 995 hidden hazards, all of which have been completed and rectified. Authorities, including the emergency management departments, law enforcement brigades and environmental law enforcement departments of different provinces, cities, ports and districts operated a total of 144 inspections toward the Group, 596 items were identified, 100 percent of proposed issues have been rectified. With our comprehensive safety measures, the Group did not have any work-related fatalities during the Reporting Period, achieving the safety goal of zero work-related fatalities in the last three years (covering the Reporting Period). The lost workdays due to work-related injuries of the Group were 248 days in total during the Reporting Period.

配備安全設施

為確保員工人身安全,彩客新能源採取了一 系列嚴格有效的措施。我們已安裝了各類事 故防控設施,包括壓力、溫度、液位等報警 系統以及可燃氣體、有害氣體、氧氣等檢測 系統,以全面提升安全保障能力。同時,為 確保機械設備的安全運行,設備維修部每月 至少進行一次安全防護裝置的檢查與整改工 作,並及時將相關情況報送至安環部進行備 案。通過這些嚴謹規範的保障措施,我們能 夠確保員工的人身安全,維護企業的穩定發 展。在本報告期內,彩客華煜開展了生產系 統大修、安全隱患治理項目,滄州彩客鋰能 和彩客東奧也開展了生產系統大修項目。通 過生產系統大修和安全隱患治理項目,我們 徹底檢修和更新了生產設備,確保其符合最 新的安全標準和要求。針對發現的安全隱 患,我們採取了及時有效的整改措施,確保 生產過程中不會出現任何安全風險。

環境、社會及管治報告

5.2 Environmental Protection

Tsaker New Energy strictly abides by *The Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, Air Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Wastes, and other relevant national laws and regulations. Wastewater, waste gas and solid waste generated in the course of production and operation activities of each facility are reasonably and effectively disposed of according to the national and local environmental protection requirements.*

Tsaker New Energy actively responds to the national concept of green development, and it is our continuous goal to persist and promote the sustainable development of the Group's production workshops. Under this guidance, we are constantly striving to optimize resource allocation, enhance cost-effectiveness and strengthen energy conservation. We have implemented a number of green measures designed to demonstrate our long-term commitment to environmental protection.

5.2 環境保護

彩客新能源嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國環境保護法》《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》等國家相關法律法規。各工廠在生產經營活動過程中產生的廢水、廢氣、固體廢棄物,均經合理有效的處置,符合國家及地方的環保要求。

彩客新能源積極響應國家綠色發展理念,堅 持並推動集團各生產廠房的可持續發展是我 們持續追求的目標。在這一指導下,我們不 斷努力優化資源分配,提升成本效益,加強 節能工作。我們已實施多項綠色措施,旨在 展示我們對環境保護的長期承諾。

環境、社會及管治報告

Management System Development

Tsaker New Energy continuously promotes the certification application of each factory's to improves the standard of environmental management. We continue to promote cleaner production and successfully achieve cleaner production and pollution reduction through process optimization, equipment upgrading, waste recycling, etc.; we continue to promote ISO14001 environmental management system certification. Through the introduction of external professional counseling organizations, we cultivate the awareness of environmental protection among all employees, implement environmental improvement and upgrade, and continually improve the enterprise's ability of environmental management. We continue to promote ISO50001 energy management system certification. Following the system management requirements, a complete and effective energy management system has been established within the organization, i.e., energy saving monitoring, energy auditing, energy efficiency benchmarking, energy saving assessment and other activities have been systematized and professionalized to fulfill the social responsibility. At the end of the Reporting Period, Tsaker Huayu, Tsaker Technology, Tsaker Dongao and Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy had obtained certificates of environmental management system certification and energy management system certification. Besides, Shandong TNM had obtained certificate of environmental management system. More specifically, during the Reporting Period, the environmental management system and energy management system certificates of Tsaker Huayu and Tsaker Technology were renewed, Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy obtained the environmental management system certification and energy management system certification. Moreover, Shandong TNM obtained the environmental management system certification.

管理體系建設

彩客新能源持續推動各工廠體系認證工作, 提升環境管理水準。我們持續推動清潔生 產,通過工藝優化、設備升級、廢棄物回收 等,實現清潔生產及污染物減排;持續推動 ISO14001環境管理體系認證,通過引入外 部專業輔導機構,培養全員環境保護意識, 落實環境改善提升,不斷改善企業的環境治 理能力;持續推動ISO50001能源管理體系 認證,遵循體系管理要求,在組織內建立起 完整、有效的能源管理體系,即節能監測、 能源審計、能效對標、節能考核等活動系統 化、專業化,履行社會責任。截至本報告期 末,彩客華煜、彩客科技、彩客東奧和滄州 彩客鋰能工廠均已取得環境管理體系認證證 書和能源管理體系認證證書,山東彩客新材 料已取得環境管理體系認證證書。其中,在 本報告期內,彩客華煜和彩客科技的環境管 理體系和能源管理體系認證得到延續,滄州 彩客鋰能取得了環境管理體系認證證書和能 源管理體系認證證書,山東彩客新材料取得 了環境管理體系認證證書。

Environment, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告



Tasker Huayu and Tasker Technology have extended their ISO 14001 environmental management system certifications which are valid from April 14th 2023 to October 13th 2025.

彩客華煜和彩客科技已延續ISO 14001環境管理體系認證證書,有效期由2023年4月14日至2025年10月13日。



Tasker Huayu and Tasker Technology have extended their ISO 50001 energy management system certifications which are valid from April 14th 2023 to July 28th 2024.

彩客華煜和彩客科技已延續ISO 50001能源管理體系認證證書,有效期由2023年4月14日至2024年7月28日。



Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy has obtained ISO 14001 environmental management system certification which is valid from November 20th 2023 to November 19th 2026.

滄州彩客鋰能已取得ISO 14001環境管理體系認證證書,有效期由 2023年11月20日至2026年11月19日。

Environment, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告



Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy has obtained ISO 50001 energy management system certification which is valid from November 15th 2023 to November 14th 2026.

滄州彩客鋰能已取得ISO 50001能源管理體系認證證書,有效期由 2023年11月15日至2026年11月14日。



Tsaker Dongao has obtained ISO 14001 environmental management system certification which is valid from November 15th 2021 to November 16th 2024.

彩客東奧已取得ISO 14001環境管理體系認證證書,有效期由 2021年11月15日至2024年11月16日。



Tsaker Dongao has obtained ISO 50001 energy management system certification which is valid from December 12th 2022 to February 20th 2026.

彩客東奧已取得ISO 14001能源管理體系認證證書,有效期由 2022年12月12日至2026年2月20日。

環境、社會及管治報告



Shandong TNM has obtained ISO 45001 environmental management system certification which is valid from August 20th 2023 to August 19th 2025.

山東彩客新材料已取得ISO 45001環境管理體系認證證書,有效期由2023年8月20日至2025年8月19日。

Environmental Policy

In order to further strengthen the environmental performance management of business operations, Tsaker New Energy has obtained the ISO14001:2015 environmental management system, and according to this international standard, each subsidiary formulated the Environmental Protection Management System according to their own actual conditions, which elaborates on the Group's relevant policies and measures to promote sustainable development:

- Setting up an environmental protection committee, mobilizing members from various departments of the group, and clarifying the environmental protection responsibilities of members.
- Our Group carries out environmental impact assessment and applies for emission permits in strict accordance with the requirements of national environmental protection standards, installs online monitoring equipment according to the requirements set out in the emission permits. In addition, once abnormalities of the data emerge, our Company would organizes the relevant personnel to analyze the anomalies immediately, actively maintains and rectifies the situation.

環境政策

為進一步加強業務運營的環境績效管理,彩客新能源依據ISO14001:2015環境管理體系,並按國際標準,各工廠根據自身實際情況制定《環境保護管理制度》,闡述本集團推動可持續發展的有關政策及措施:

- 設立環境保護委員會,調動集團各部門成員,明確成員環保職責。
- 本集團嚴格按照國家環保標準要求開展環境影響評價、申請排污許可,按照排污許可證要求安裝在線監測設備,一旦出現數據異常,立即組織相關人員對異常情況進行分析,並積極維護整改。

環境、社會及管治報告

- Strengthening environmental protection training for Company employees, enhancing environmental protection awareness, and improving environmental protection quality.
- 加強公司員工環保培訓工作,增強環保意識,提高環境保護技術水平。
- Strengthening the detecting, monitoring and implementation of supervision and management of environmental factors, establishing a risk prevention system for environmental factors, and improving the ability to prevent and deal with sudden environmental pollution incidents.
- 加強對環境因素的檢測、監控並實施 監督管理,建立環境因素風險防範體 系,提高突發性環境污染事件防範和 處理能力。
- Following the principles of impartiality, fairness, convenience, and timeliness to disclose corporate environmental information.
- 遵循公正、公平、便民、及時的原則,公開企業環境信息。
- Disciplining the persons responsible for environmental pollution accidents, and setting up environmental protection target responsibility assessment.
- 對於環境污染事故的負責人進行處分,建立環境保護目標責任考核機制。

Climate change and energy

氣候變化與能源

Climate change is a significant challenge to all human beings, which has a profound impact on the well-being of the global population and the long-term development of all countries. The Group actively responds to the national energy conservation and emission reduction policies and closely monitors the national climate change related policies and dynamic development trends. Through the formulation of effective emission reduction strategies and continuous effort on increasing the proportion of renewable energy sources, the emission of greenhouse gases is effectively reduced which support the Paris Agreement target by controlling temperature change in the range of 1.5 °C.

氣候變化是全人類面臨的重大挑戰,關係到全球人民福祉和各國長遠發展。本集團積極響應國家節能減排政策,密切關注國家氣候變化相關政策及動態發展趨勢,通過制定有效減排策略,不斷提升可再生能源比例,有效減少溫室氣體的排放,支持《巴黎協定》的1.5℃控溫目標。

The Board and ESG Committee take climate change very seriously through discussing the issue and making recommendations to address the risks and opportunities of climate change at an early stage.

董事會及ESG委員會皆十分重視氣候變化, 對議題進行討論並提出各項建議,期望及早 應對氣候變化所帶來的風險和機遇。

環境、社會及管治報告

Risk Types	Risk Descriptions	Potential Impacts	Financial impact assessment	Response actions
風險類型	風險描述	潛在影響	財務影響評估	應對行動
Physical risks 實體風險	Increased frequency and magnitude of extreme weather and natural disasters such as heatwaves, intense precipitation, blizzard and sand storms 高溫、暴雨、暴雪和沙塵暴等極端天氣及自然災害時間發生率及嚴重程度提高	When facing the increased chances of extreme weather events, this could lead to disruption of the raw materials supply chain which result in the need to increase the number of days of raw materials and products storage. At the same time, extreme weather could lead to the damage of our factories and equipment, the loss of raw materials or products. The disruption of roads could leading to the difficulty of raw materials and products transportation, and also lead to the scenario of power outage or water shutdown, which will affecting the production of our products 面對極端氣候事件發生的幾率提高,可能導致原物料供應鏈中斷,或需增加物料、產成品倉儲的天數,同時,極端天氣會導致很們的廠房設備受損、原料或產成品損失、道路中斷導致物料或產成品運輸困難,也可能會導致停電或停水的情況,影響產品的生產	1、 Increase in the number of days of raw materials and products storage, requiring expansion or additional rental of warehouses, resulting in increased costs 增加原料、產成品倉儲的天數,需要擴建或額外租賃倉庫,導致成本增加 2、 raw materials or product transportation process is blocked, resulting in increased transportation costs 物料或產成品運輸過程受阻,導致運輸費用增加 3、 Damage to equipment resulting in a loss of asset value 設備損壞導致資產值減損 4、 Loss of raw materials or products, resulting in an increase in operating costs and a decrease in revenue 物料或產成品損失,導致營運成本增加,利潤減少	1、 according to the degree of shortage of materials and water, change the production sequence, start the transfer of production or production reduction measures 依據缺料、缺水的程度,改變生產順序,或啟動轉廠生產或減產措施 2、 establishing an energy anomalies emergency response team, and developing corresponding "energy anomalies emergency plan guidelines" as well as emergency operating procedures. Accordingly respond to energy supply abnormalities. (including water electricity, coal, natural gas, etc. Which are required during production and business activities) 成立能源異常應急預案指導準則》及應急作業流程,並據此應對能源供應(包括生產經營活動所需的水、電、煤、天然氣等)異常問題 3、 Disaster insurance for the factory to minimize the impact of financial shocks 廠區投保災害保險,減少對財務衝擊及影響 4、 Developing emergency response mechanism and regular risk assessment. Increasing the proportion of local and domestic procurement to reduce the risk of production stoppage due to logistics disruption 擬定緊急應變機制與定期進行風險評估提高本地國內採購比例,降低因物流中斷導致的停產風險

環境、社會及管治報告

Risk Types 風險類型	Risk Descriptions 風險描述	·		Response actions 應對行動
Transition risks 轉型風險	Climate-related policies 氣候相關政策	China's dual carbon commitment and related policies and regulations would drive industrial carbon reduction targets and actions. In this context, structural adjustment of production and dual control of energy consumption will be the main theme of future energy policies; China could manage carbon emission reduction quotas for enterprises, and carbon trading will be required when company exceeds the emission threshold. Similarly, other countries would start to levy carbon taxes. All these could cause our energy costs to rise, affecting production and product competitiveness 中國雙碳承諾及相關政策法規將推動企業減碳目標及行動。在此背景下生產端的結構性調整及能耗雙控是未來能源政策的主旋律:中國可能對企業進行減碳	1 · Increase in operating expendue to purchase of carbon emission allowances 購買碳排放配額導致營業費用加 2 · Increase in operating expendue to payment of noncompliance fees 缴納建規費用導致營業費用增。 3 · Increase in depreciation, amortization of equipment are increase in operating costs of to structural adjustments on production side 因生產端結構性調整而造成設折舊攤提費用增加、營運成本加	limit, coordinate downtime production time, to maximize the production and satisfy limitation of the target; at the same time, prejudge the situation of power limitation, the Group coordinates the production plan of each plant 在滿足當地限額下,協調停機生產時間,最大程度的確保生產與限額指標;同時預判限電形勢,集團統籌各工廠生產計劃 2、 Arrange Energy Use and Greenhouse Gas Emissions
Opportunities 機遇	Resource utilization efficiency 資源利用效率	排放配額管理·對於超出的部分需進行 碳排放交易·各國亦會開始徵收碳税。 這些都可能會造成我們能源成本的上 升,影響生產及產品競爭力 By improving the efficiency of production processes, machines and logistics, as well as applying process improvement concurrently to improve product pass rate, ultimately reduce medium – and long-term operating	operating costs	4、 Purchase green energy 購入綠色能源 1、 Reducing raw material consumption through the product process improvement. 通過產品工藝改善,降低原物料 消耗 2、 Expanding the reuse of non-
		costs, contribute to the circular economy, and enhance brand power 通過提升生產流程、機器設備及物流的效率,工藝改善提升產品良率,降低中長期營運成本、助力循環經濟,提升品牌力	revenue 品牌力提升,營收增加	hazardous waste resources. 擴大無害化廢棄物資源再利用

環境、社會及管治報告

Risk Types	Risk Descriptions	Potential Impacts		ncial impact assessment	Response actions
風險類型	風險描述	潛在影響		影響評估	應對行動
Opportunities 機遇	Application of Recycle Energy 可再生能源應用	With the rapidly declining cost of decentralized clean energy and increased energy reserve capacity, we can expand the use of renewable energy at a lower cost. Thereby reducing annual energy costs as well as medium – and long-term operating costs and increasing sustainable brand recognition 隨著分散式清潔能源的成本快速下降、能源儲備能力提高,我們可以以更低的成本擴大可再生能源的運用,從而降低年度能源成本以及中長期營運成本,提高品牌可持續的認可度	2 `	Improving energy use efficiency and reducing operating costs 能源使用效率提升,降低營運成本 Increase brand power and revenue 品牌力提升,營收增加	Introducing green energy 綠色能源導入

Climate Change and Countermeasures

Tsaker New Energy's production bases are located in North China. With climate change, the incidence and severity of extreme weather and natural disasters such as heatwaves, intense precipitation, blizzard and sand storms are expected to increase in time. When facing the increased chances of extreme weather events, this could lead to disruption of the raw materials supply chain which result in the need to increase the number of days of raw materials and products storage. At the same time, extreme weather could lead to the damage of our factories and equipment, the loss of raw materials or products. The disruption of roads leads to the difficulty of raw materials and products transportation, and it also lead to the scenario of power outage or water shutdown, affecting the production of our products.

氣候變化應對策略

彩客新能源的生產基地位於中國華北地區, 隨著氣候變化,高溫、暴雨、暴雪和沙塵暴 等極端天氣及自然災害發生率及嚴重程度提 高。面對極端氣候事件發生的幾率提高,可 能導致物料供應鏈中斷,或需增加物料、產 品倉儲的天數,同時,極端天氣會導致我們 的廠房設備受損、原料或產品損失、道路中 斷導致物料或產品運輸困難,也可能會導致 停電或停水的情況,影響產品的生產。

環境、社會及管治報告

Tsaker New Energy has always adhered to the principle of environmental friendliness, strictly complied with all laws and regulations, and set up a number of internal initiatives to achieve carbon and pollution reduction. During the Reporting Period, we continued to work towards our internally set short-term goal of five years (2021-2025) under the theme of "Tackling Heavy Air Pollution and Contributing to Carbon Neutrality and Carbon Peaking". During the Reporting Period, the Group continued to make various improvements to reduce carbon emissions. Firstly, the Group optimized its real-time energy monitoring system, including five networking systems for water, electricity, coal, steam, natural gas, to forecast the trend of energy consumption, improve the efficiency of energy distribution and utilization, gradually increase production efficiency and reduce electricity consumption, thereby reducing greenhouse gas emissions. Secondly, we have invested more manpower and set up a sustainable development team, with a dedicated person in charge of organizing team members to study and research the "dual-carbon" policy and the "greenhouse gas" policy. The sustainability team actively communicates and cooperates with professional technical organizations and industry experts to explore how to better promote the "dual carbon" and "carbon compliance" work inside the enterprises. Through the study, the sustainability team understood the relevant national policies, and concurrently carried out carbon emission accounting and report preparation.

Management of Air Pollutant Emissions

The major sources of Tsaker New Energy's air pollutant emission are the coal from Tsaker Huayu Plants, natural gas in each production plant, the incinerators that handle hazardous waste and fuel usage for transportation. The air pollutants emitted mainly include nitrogen oxide ("NOx"), sulfur oxide ("SOx"), and Particulate Matters. The Group pays great attention to the impact caused by atmospheric pollutants generated during production on the surrounding environment and the health of our employees.

彩客新能源一直秉承環境友好的原則,嚴格 遵守所有的法律法規,並於內部設立多項舉 措以實現降污減碳。於本報告期內,我們繼 續朝內部制定的五年(二零二一年至二零二 五年)短期目標努力,目標主題為「攻堅重污 染天氣防治,助力碳中和和碳達峰|。本報 告期內,集團不斷持續改進以降低碳排放。 首先,本集團優化能源實時監測系統,包括 用水、用電、煤、蒸汽、天然氣共五項聯網 系統,對能耗趨勢進行預測,提高能源分配 和利用效率,在削減耗電量的前提下逐步提 高生產能效,從而減少溫室氣體的排放。其 次,集團投入更多人力成立了可持續發展小 組,並由專人負責,組織團隊成員對「雙碳」 政策和「溫室氣體」政策進行學習研究。企業 可持續發展小組積極與專業技術機構及行業 專家進行溝通和合作,探討如何更好地推進 企業「雙碳」和「碳履約」工作。通過學習, 可持續發展小組及時掌握國家的相關政策, 同時進行碳排放核算、報告的編製工作等。

大氣污染物排放管理

彩客新能源營運的大氣污染物主要來自彩客華煜生產廠房的煤炭使用、各生產廠房的 然氣使用、有害廢棄物減量裝置的焚燒爐及 交通工具的燃料,排放的廢氣污染物主要有 氮氧化物(「**氮氧化物**」)、硫氧化物(「**硫氧化物**」)及顆粒物等。本集團極為重視在生產過 程所產生的大氣污染物對周遭環境及員工健 康的影響。

環境、社會及管治報告

The Group has formulated coal procurement guidelines to reduce the negative impact of air pollutants, stipulating that the related premises shall purchase low-sulfur and relatively clean coal as fuel of boilers to lower the sulfur oxide emission. Up to 90% of air pollutants has been removed from emitted smoke by the denitrification, desulfurization and dust removal facilities in each production unit. To fulfill the commitment to air quality, the factory is equipped with online monitoring equipment to ensure that the air pollutants emitted are controlled at levels comply with the national emission standards.

Tsaker New Energy actively promotes green production production and is committed to incorporating clean energy into the production process. Tsaker Huayu would gradually use natural gas and purchased steam to reduce the use of coal in order to minimize the impact of exhaust gas pollutant emissions on the air condition. During the Reporting Period, the Group pursued a number of research projects to reduce the generation of exhaust gases and waste in the production process. For example, Tsaker Dongao carried out a process study on the hydrogenation and gasification of nitro toluene to investigate the possibility of using steam instead of heat-conducting oil to supply heat, thereby reducing the use of heat-conducting oil and reduce the amount of hazardous wastes generated; Tsaker Dongao also carried out a project on the renovation of the incinerators tail gas treatment, which resolved the problem that the tail gas of the incinerators could not be processed during the period of incinerator shutdown, thereby reducing the emission of exhaust waste gases.

本集團制定了煤炭採購指引,以減少大氣污染對空氣的負面影響,相關規定要求廠方應採購低硫、相對清潔的煤炭作為燃料,以降低硫氧化物的排放。各生產基地設有脱硝、脱硫及除塵的設施,去除了高達90%的大氣污染物。為兑現彩客新能源對空氣質量的承諾,工廠設有在線監測設備,確保排放的廢氣污染物符合國家排放標準。

彩客新能源積極推進綠色生產,並致力將清潔能源納入生產過程中。彩客華煜將逐步,以減少廢氣污染物排放對空氣環境的影響。報告期內,集團推行多項研發項目,。例如工生產過程中的廢氣及廢棄物的產生。例如工生產過程中的廢氣及廢棄物的產生。例如工生產過程中的廢氣及廢棄物的產生。例如工可發,研究用蒸汽代替導熱油供熱的復工可發,如發生,從而降低導熱油的使用,降低有害廢棄。理的改造項目,解決了焚燒爐停爐期間是,解決了焚燒爐停爐期間題,降低了廢氣污染物的排放量。

環境、社會及管治報告

During the Reporting Period, the Group has continued to work toward its air emission target to reduce air pollutant emissions intensity (by formula: various air pollutant emissions data usage/Million RMB Revenue). Tsaker New Energy strives to reduce the emissions generated in the production process, and continues to explore feasible emission reduction measures by upgrading equipment and optimizing technology to continuously reduce impacts on the environment.

於本報告期內,本集團繼續完成訂立的廢氣 排放相關目標,降低廢氣排放物的排放密度 (計算公式為:各項廢氣排放數據使用量/ 百萬人民幣收入)。彩客新能源竭力減少在 生產過程中產生的廢氣排放量,通過提升 設備及優化技術,亦繼續探究可行的減排措 施,持續降低對環境的影響。

Air Pollutant Emissions	廢氣排放	2023 ¹	2022
NOx emissions (tonnes)	氮氧化物(噸)	23.90	18
NOx emissions intensity (NOx emissions/	氮氧化物排放密度(氮氧化物排放/		
M' RMB Revenue)	百萬人民幣收入)	0.012	0.008
SOx emissions (tonnes)	硫氧化物(噸)	14.43	8
SOx emissions intensity (SOx emissions/	硫氧化物排放密度(硫氧化物排放/		
M' RMB Revenue)	百萬人民幣收入)	0.007	0.004
Particulate Matter emissions (tonnes)2	顆粒物(噸)²	5.24	1
Particulate Matter emissions intensity	顆粒物排放密度(顆粒物排放/		
(Particulate Matter emissions/	百萬人民幣收入)		
M' RMB Revenue)		0.0025	0.0006

- Lower product average unit selling price of the Group lead to higher emissions intensity in 2023.
- The particulate matter data of Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy and Shandong TNM in 2022 are not included.
- 2023年本集團產品單位平均售價降低,導致排放密度增大。
- 2 2022年滄州彩客鋰能和山東彩客新材料顆粒物未計入。

環境、社會及管治報告

Air pollutant emissions breakdowns

廢氣治理排放明細表

		202	23	202	22	
			Emissions		Emissions	Emission
			per unit		per unit	reduction
		Emissions	Product	Emissions	Product	rate per unit
		(tonnes)	(tonnes) ³	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	product (%)
		排放量	單噸產品	排放量	單噸產品	單噸產品
Tsaker Huayu	彩客華煜	(噸)	排放量(噸)3	(噸)	排放量(噸)	排放下降率%
NOx emissions	氮氧化物	20.63	0.00023	15.6	0.0003	22
SOx emissions	硫氧化物	13.66	0.00015	6.67	0.00015	0
Particulate Matter	顆粒物	1.47	0.000017	0.84	0.00002	17

- Tsaker Huayu's exhaust gases mainly come from boilers. The steam generated by these boilers is used to supply the production of enterprises such as Tsaker Huayu, Tsaker Technology and Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy. Therefore, the sum of the production capacities of Tsaker Huayu, Tsaker Technology and Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy should be taken into account when calculating the emissions from a single ton of product.
- 3 彩客華煜的廢氣主要來自於鍋爐。這些 鍋爐產生的蒸汽用於供應彩客華煜、彩 客科技以及滄州彩客鋰能等企業的生 產。因此,計算單噸產品的排放量時, 需將彩客華煜、彩客科技和滄州彩客鋰 能的產能之和考慮在內。

		202	23	202	22	
			Emissions		Emissions	Emission
			per unit		per unit	reduction
		Emissions	Product	Emissions	Product	rate per unit
		(tonnes)	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	product (%)
		排放量	單噸產品	排放量	單噸產品	單噸產品
Tsaker Dongao	彩客東奧	(噸)	排放量(噸)	(噸)	排放量(噸)	排放下降率%
NOx emissions	氮氧化物	0.7548	0.00001	0.6161	0.00001	0
SOx emissions	硫氧化物	0.0222	0.0000003	0.0297	0.0000005	40
Particulate Matter	顆粒物	0.0381	0.0000005	0.0302	0.0000005	0

環境、社會及管治報告

		20	23 ⁴
			Emissions
			per unit
		Emissions	Product
		(tonnes)	(tonnes)
		排放量	單噸產品
Shandong TNM	山東彩客新材料	(噸)	排放量(噸)
Particulate Matter	顆粒物	1.438	0.000091

- The separate calculation of emissions per ton of product was not performed for the Shandong TNM in 2022.
- 4 2022年山東彩客新材料未單獨計算單 噸產品排放量。

		202	23 ⁵
			Emissions
			per unit
		Emissions	Product
		(tonnes)	(tonnes)
		排放量	單噸產品
Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy	滄州彩客鋰能	(噸)	排放量(噸)
Particulate Matter	顆粒物	1.92	0.00006

- The separate calculation of emissions per ton of product was not performed for the Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy in 2022.
- 5 2022年滄州彩客鋰能未單獨計算單噸 產品排放量。

環境、社會及管治報告

		20	23	202	22	
			Emissions		Emissions	Emission
			per unit		per unit	reduction
		Emissions	Product	Emissions	Product	rate per unit
		(tonnes)	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	(tonnes)	product (%)
		排放量	單噸產品	排放量	單噸產品	單噸產品
Tsaker Technology	彩客科技	(噸)	排放量(噸)	(噸)	排放量(噸)	排放下降率%
NOx emissions ⁶	氮氧化物6	2.5109	0.00013	1.29	0.00009	-44
SOx emissions	硫氧化物	0.7475	0.000039	0.83	0.00006	35
Particulate Matter	顆粒物	0.37	0.00002	0.32	0.00002	0

Tsaker Technology's NOx emissions per ton increased because the natural gas shortage furnace operating time was shorter in 2022 due to the impact of the special macroeconomic environment. It returned to normal in 2023, and the natural gas shortage furnace operating time was longer than in 2022.

Improving Energy Efficiency and Reducing Carbon Emissions

The major GHG emissions of Tsaker New Energy come from electricity, natural gas, coal and purchased steam consumption. GHG emissions control becomes one of the core issues among countries in response of climate change. During the Reporting Period, Tsaker New Energy continues to take efforts towards our 5-year short-term goal (from 2021 to 2025), to reduce the energy usage intensity (by formula: energy usage/Million RMB revenue).

6 彩客科技的氮氧化物噸排放量上升,原 因為2022年天然氣焚燒爐因特殊宏觀 經濟環境因素影響運行時間短,2023 年恢復正常,天然氣焚燒爐運行時間大 於2022年。

提高能源效益及減少碳排放

彩客新能源的碳排放主要來自於電力、天然 氣、煤炭、汽油及外購蒸汽的使用。就氣候 變化這一現象,控制溫室氣體排放成為各國 重視的議題。本報告期內,彩客新能源繼續 朝我們的五年短期目標(二零二一至二零二 五)努力,即降低能源使用量的密度(其公式 為:能源使用量/百萬人民幣收入)。

環境、社會及管治報告

The Company strictly complies with *The Law of the People's Republic of China on Energy Conservation, The Law of the People's Republic of China on the Promotion of Cleaner Production* and other relevant national laws and regulations in its production and operation, implements systematic management of energy, and promotes the certification of the ISO50001 energy management system. We have also formulated an internal "Energy Management System" to standardize energy management and encourage energy-saving work, in order to cooperate with the national energy work policy and reduce carbon emissions. This policy comprehensively stipulates the division of responsibilities, principles, and specific operations during energy management:

本集團在生產經營中嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國節約能源法》《中華人民共和國清潔生產促進法》等國家相關法律法規,實施能源系統化管理,推動ISO50001能源管理體系認證。並制定內部《能源管理制度》,規範能源管理,鼓勵節能工作,以配合國家能源工作方針政策,減少碳排放。該制度全方面的規定了能源管理過程的分工職責、原則、具體操作等:

- Clarifies the specific responsibilities of relevant departments and positions in energy conservation and relevant assessment management, so as to improve the work efficiency of energy management.
- Define energy data reporting process, measurement tool management measures, and energy technology file management system to accurately provide testing-related energy consumption data, make informed arrangements in a timely manner and carry out energy-saving and emission-reduction work based on data analysis results.
- Formulates relevant operation and management manuals for the Company's main energy equipment to ensure its safe, economical and efficient operation, and achieve energy conservation while meeting the production needs.
- Formulates subdivided energy management systems according to the nature of each production workshop.

- 明確有關部門及職位在能源節能及能源考核管理中的具體職責,以提高能源管理工作效率。
- 規定能源計量數據的填報流程、計量 測量工具管理措施及能源技術檔案管理制度,以準確提供檢測相關能源消 耗數據,根據數據分析及時作出合理 調度安排並開展節能減排工作。
- 為公司主要能源設備制定相關操作管理制度,以確保其安全、經濟、高效運轉,在滿足生產的同時,達到節能降耗的目的。
- 針對各生產車間性質制定細分能源管 理制度。

環境、社會及管治報告

- Clarifies the energy assessment and management system and formulates reward and punishment rules, analyzes various consumption indicators on a regular basis to encourage energy-using departments to effectively control internal consumption. Individuals and departments that consume energy exceeding the predetermined level are subject to appropriate penalties and required timely rectification. Individuals with outstanding achievements in energy conservation would be commended and rewarded.
- 明確能源考核管理制度並制定獎懲規則,定期對各類消耗指標進行分析, 激勵能源使用部門有效的控制內部消耗,對超出規定消耗指標的人和部門要予以適度處罰,並要求限期整改, 對在節能工作中成績突出的個人,給予表彰和獎勵。
- Enhance the introduction of new technologies and equipment to improve the energy efficiency ratio during production.
- 加大對新技術、新設備引入力度,提 高設備能效比。

In respect of our production bases, the Group has completed technological modifications such as ultra-low emission for our factories to effectively reduce the emission of exhaust and greenhouse gases. We regularly inspect our production facilities and repair any damage as soon as it is detected, in order to reduce energy consumption and improve efficiency. In addition, in order to achieve efficient use of electricity, the Group has formulated guidelines on electricity consumption management to guide employees to adopt energy-saving measures in their daily work.

在生產基地方面,本集團完成了對工廠的超低排放等技術改造,有效減少廢氣及溫室氣體的排放。我們定期檢查生產設備,一旦發現任何損壞,立即進行維修,以減少能源消耗並提高效率。此外,為了實現高效用電,本集團制定了用電管理指南,以指導員工在日常工作中採取節能措施。

The Group also incorporates sustainable elements into its daily operations to have environmental protection practices in the workplace. Adhering to the concept of "green, energy saving, and environmental protection", the Group has increased its investment in building a new full-featured technology research and development centre and a technology office building, which has improved the ability of research and development and the office environment, increased the intensity of natural lighting, and reduced office electricity consumption.

本集團亦在日常運作中加入可持續的元素, 更加全面地在工作場地中實踐環保。我們秉承「綠色、節能、環保」的理念,加大投入力 度新建全功能技術研發中心及科技辦公樓, 即提升了研發及辦公環境,同時增加了自然 採光強度,減少了辦公用電。

環境、社會及管治報告

The Group conducted several retrofitting projects to reduce energy consumption in the Reporting Period, including:

- Tsaker Dongao carried out technical modifications toward the toluene nitrification unit and toluene amine unit heat tracing system;
- Tsaker Dongao azeotropic tower condenser replacement;
- Tsaker researched and improved the cooling system of toluene amine distillation process which used to crystallize and block the system equipment and pipeline frequently.

The use of electrical and steam energy can be reduced by retrofitting the equipment mentioned above.

本集團在報告期內對節能減排推行了多項改 造措施,例如:

- 彩客東奧對甲苯硝化裝置及甲苯胺裝置件熱系統進行了技術改造;
- 彩客東奧共沸塔更換冷凝器;
- 彩客東奧對甲苯胺精餾工序冷卻系統 易結晶堵塞系統設備與管道的問題進 行研究與改進。

通過對設備的改造,可以降低電力和蒸汽能 源的使用。

Energy Consumption	能源使用	2023	2022
Electricity consumption (MWh)	電(兆瓦時)	124,024	83,473
Coal consumption (tonnes)	煤炭(噸)	58,001	52,543
Energy consumption of coal (MWh)	煤炭(兆瓦時)	388,570	350,284
Natural gas consumption ('000 m ³)	天然氣(千立方米)	11,297	10,457
Energy consumption of natural gas (MWh)	天然氣(兆瓦時)	122,252	113,282
Energy consumption of steam (MWh)	蒸汽(兆瓦時)	409,942	271,544
Gasoline (tonnes)	汽油(噸)	4.4	0
Gasoline (MWh)	汽油(兆瓦時)	53	0
Total energy consumption (MWh)	總能源用量(兆瓦時)	1,044,841	818,924
Total energy intensity (MWh/M' RMB revenue)7	總能源密度(兆瓦時/		
	百萬人民幣收入)7	506	386
Comprehensive energy consumption per	單位產品綜合能耗(噸標準煤/噸)		
unit product (tonnes standard coal/tonnes)		0.54	0.84

- 7 Lower product average unit selling price of the Group lead to higher total energy intensity in 2023.
- 7 2023年本集團產品單位平均售價降低,導致總能源密度增大。

環境、社會及管治報告

Energy consumption breakdown by site:

各生產基地單噸產品用能消耗明細表:

		2023 Energy consumption per unit product (tonnes) 單噸產品	2022 Energy consumption per unit product (tonnes) 單噸產品	Energy consumption rate per unit product (%) 單噸產品用能
Site	基地	用能消耗	用能消耗	下降率%
Tsaker Huayu	彩客華煜	1.18	1.39	15.11
Tsaker Dongao ⁸	彩客東奧8	0.346	0.342	-1.2
Tsaker Technology	彩客科技	0.642	0.70	8.3
Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium	滄州彩客鋰能			
Energy		0.376	/	/
Shandong TNM	山東彩客新材料	0.423	/	/

- Tsaker Dongao's research projects in 2023 consume more energy but have no output, resulting in a slight increase in energy use per ton of product.
- 8 彩客東奧2023年新上研發項目耗能較 大但無產出,導致單噸產品用能略微上 升。

GHG Emissions	溫室氣體排放	2023	2022
Direct GHG emission (tCO ₂ e)	直接溫室氣體排放	122,391	152,177
Direct GHG emission intensity (direct GHG	直接溫室氣體排放密度(直接溫室氣體		
emission/M' RMB revenue)	排放/百萬人民幣收入)	59	72
Indirect GHG emission (tCO ₂ e)	間接溫室氣體排放(噸二氧化碳當量)	179,251	149,942
Indirect GHG emission intensity (indirect	間接溫室氣體排放密度(間接溫室氣體		
GHG emission/M' RMB revenue)	排放/百萬人民幣收入)	87	71
Total GHG emission (tCO ₂ e)	總溫室氣體排放(噸二氧化碳當量)	301,642	302,119
GHG emission intensity (total GHG emission/	溫室氣體排放密度(總溫室氣體排放/		
M' RMB revenue)9	百萬人民幣收入)9	146	142

9 Lower product average unit selling price of the Group lead to higher emissions intensity in 2023.

Water Saving and Wastewater Treatment

Tsaker New Energy's production and operation activities are closely related to water resources. In terms of water usage, we approach the issue from two perspectives which are reducing and recycling. The sustainability department continuously monitoring and managing water performance, and regularly assessing and evaluating water consumption per unit of product. The Company has set a target for water efficiency, which is to reduce water consumption intensity (the formula is: water consumption/million RMB revenue).

9 2023年本集團產品單位平均售價降低,導致排放密度增大。

節約用水及廢水處理

彩客新能源生產經營活動與水資源密切相關。在水資源使用方面,我們從開源節流與循環利用兩方面著手,由可持續發展小組持續對水資源績效進行監控及管理,定期對單位產品用水量進行評估及考核。本集團為用水效益設定了目標,其目標是降低用水量密度(其公式為:耗水量/百萬人民幣收入)。

環境、社會及管治報告

To make better use of water resources, the Group has formulated strict water use guidelines and implemented them in various operating sites in order to effectively use water resources. Relevant water saving measures are as follows:

為更好地運用水資源,本集團制定了最嚴謹的用水指引,並在各個運營場所中推行,務 求有效地使用水資源。相關的節水措施如下:

- Optimize the water-saving process. Using the Yangtze River water for production at the source, and reduce water consumption by adopting new technologies and improving processes. The battery materials segment and the key processes of the main products in traditional segments have all achieved zero discharge of water.
- 優化節水工藝。從源頭抓起採用長江 水推行生產,通過採用新技術,改善 工藝降低用水量。電池材料板塊和傳 統業務板塊主要產品關鍵工序均達到 了水的零排放。
- Strengthen internal management, establish and improve various water management systems and water assessments, resolutely put an end to running, wasting, dripping, and leaking, and strictly implement water-saving systems and measures.
- 加強內部管理。建立健全各項水管理 制度和用水考核,堅決杜絕跑、冒、 滴、漏,嚴格執行用水節水制度與措施。
- Do a good job in water recycling, starting from every link, and constantly exploring new ways to save water. For example, replace the fillers, nozzles, water clothes for the cool water tower and so on.
- 做好水循環利用。從每個環節抓起, 不斷探究新的節水途徑。如涼水塔更 換填料、噴頭、布水器等。
- Increase publicity. Through the Company's internal newspaper, training, and other forms of activities, improving the business quality and water conservation awareness of all employees, so that water conservation has become a conscious action of all employees.
- 加大宣傳力度。通過公司內部報紙、 培訓等提高全體職工的業務素質和節 水意識,使節約用水成為全體職工的 自覺行動。
- Strengthen rainwater diversion. Collect clean rainwater in the separate zones of factory and use it for landscaping, or recycling after treatment.
- 加強雨水分流。將廠區內乾淨雨水分 區收集,分別用於廠區綠化或處理後 回收利用。

Since water is mainly provided by the relevant government departments, so the Group did not encounter any problems with water supply during the Reporting Period.

因用水主要由政府有關部門提供,所以本集 團於報告期內並沒有在水源供應方面遇到任 何問題。

Water Consumption	用水	2023	2022
Water consumption (m³) Water intensity	用水量(立方米) 用水密度	1,415,417	868,929
(water consumption/M' RMB revenue)10	(噸水用量/百萬人民幣收入)10	685	409

10

- Lower product average unit selling price of the Group resulted in higher water consumption intensity in 2023.
- 2023年本集團產品單位平均售價降 低,導致用水密度增加。

環境、社會及管治報告

The two major types of waste waters discharged by the Group are industrial sewage and domestic wastewater. Tsaker New Energy, as a responsible manufacturer, takes seriously on the environmental impacts caused by wastewater discharge. The Company has set up wastewater treatment facilities and obtained wastewater discharge permits recognized by the local government. In addition, we installed online monitoring equipment in accordance with the requirements of the discharge permits to ensure that the wastewater discharged meets national and local discharge standards.

本集團所排放的廢水主要分為工業廢水和生活污水。彩客新能源作為負責任的生產者,十分重視排放的污水所帶來的的環境影響。本集團已設立污水處理設施,取得地方政府認可的廢水排放許可,並按排污許可證要求安裝在線監測設備,確保所排放的廢水達到國家和地方排放標準。

To effectively manage water resources, the Group has set a target to reduce wastewater discharge intensity from 2021 to 2025 (by formula: wastewater discharge/Million RMB revenue). The Group shall monitor the emission intensity annually and illustrate the performance. In 2025, a summary would be made to review the effectiveness and performance of this 5-year target.

本集團為更有效管理水資源,訂立了從二零 二一年至二零二五年間降低廢水排放密度的 目標(其公式為:廢水排放量/百萬人民幣 收入)。本集團會每年監察其排放量密度, 並説明每年的表現,到二零二五年會作一次 總結,審視此五年目標的成效和表現。

Wastewater	廢水	2023	2022
Wastewater quantity (m³) Wastewater intensity (wastewater quantity/	廢水量(立方米) 廢水密度(廢水量/百萬人民幣收入) ¹¹	660,772	355,896
M' RMB revenue)11		320	168

Lower product average unit selling price of the Group resulted in increased wastewater density in 2023.

^{11 2023}年本集團產品單位平均售價降 低,導致廢水密度增加。

環境、社會及管治報告

Waste Management

Tsaker New Energy regulates and supervises the operational requirements for the generation, collection, storage and disposal of solid waste through the formulation of relevant standards, such as the "Management Standards for Hazardous Solid Waste" and the "Management Standards for General Industrial Solid Waste". In this way, we ensure that solid waste generated by each plant is disposed of in a reasonable and compliant manner.

We continuously improve the use efficiency of resources, endeavor to reduce waste from source, increase the recycling of general waste and handle hazardous waste properly. The waste incurred from the Group are mainly industrial waste, hazardous waste and domestic waste.

Hazardous Waste

As a chemical manufacturer, the Group inevitably produces hazardous wastes during operation and production, such as industrial waste oil and sludge. The Group develops a hazardous waste management system and complies with all applicable laws and regulations Tsaker New Energy adopts a rigorous management to ensure the aforementioned wastes are safely treated and the risk of leakage is diminished. At the same time, we strengthen the training for personnel related to hazardous waste, stipulate labor protection standards for relevant posts, and carry out internal supervisions regularly.

The Group has divided designated areas in each of its base factories and set up warehouses specifically for the storage of hazardous waste. We have set up different labels for these areas according to the types of hazardous waste for purposes including separate collection, take measures against seepage and rain to prevent leakage and contamination of hazardous waste as well as to safeguard the safety of our employees. The Group entrusts qualified third-party contractors and hazardous waste treatment companies to carry out the collection and treatment of hazardous waste.

廢棄物管理

彩客新能源通過制定《危險固體廢棄物管理標準》《一般工業固廢管理標準》等相關標準,規範監督固體廢棄物產生、收集、儲存、處置等各環節的作業要求,確保各工廠所產生的的固體廢棄物均合理合規處置。

我們不斷提升資源利用效率,竭力在源頭上減少廢棄物的產生,增加對無害廢棄物的回收並妥善處置有害廢棄物。本集團所產生的的廢棄物主要為在生產過程中產生的工業廢棄物、有害廢棄物及一般生活垃圾。

有害廢棄物

作為化學品生產商,本集團的日常運營不可避免地會產生有害廢棄物,如工業廢油及污泥等。本集團制定危險廢物管理制度,遵守所有適用的法律及法規。彩客新能源採取謹慎的態度管理生產所排出的有害廢棄物,確保能妥善處理有害廢棄物並排除意外洩漏的風險。同時加強有害廢棄物相關的人員培訓,制定相關崗位勞動保護標準,定期進行內部監督。

本集團在各基地廠房劃分了指定區域,設立了專門用於儲存危險廢棄物的倉庫。我們按照危險廢物的類型為這些區域設置了不同的標識,以便進行分類收集,並採取防滲防雨措施,以防止有害廢棄物的洩漏和污染,同時保障員工的安全。本集團委託有資質的第三方承包商和危廢處理公司進行有害廢棄物的收集和處理。

環境、社會及管治報告

Non-hazardous Waste

During the operation, the Group has produced nonhazardous wastes such as general waste, food waste, office wastepaper, packaging boxes, scrap iron, coal cinder, waste plastic and waste trays. In response to the national policy, the Group has implemented waste separation within the company to reduce waste generation at source and gather recyclable materials including paper. wood, metal and plastic. During the Reporting Period, the Group endeavored to guide its employees utilizing resources efficiently and strengthen waste management. The implementation of non-hazardous waste recycling measures has achieved remarkable results, which reach 99% recycling rate. Tsaker New Energy shall seek for feasible waste reduction and recycling solutions constantly and take the responsibility of environmental protection as an enterprise. In addition, durable supporting tools for products transportation are also used to reduce damage consumption and waste generation. The following is the waste produced for this Reporting Period:

無害廢棄物

Waste		2023	2022
Hazardous waste produced (tonnes)	已產生的有害廢棄物(噸)	574	364
Hazardous waste intensity per unit product	單噸產品產生有害廢棄物(噸)12		
(tonnes) ¹²		0.0037	0.0030
Non-hazardous waste Produced (tonnes)	已產生的無害廢棄物(噸)	8,994	7,631
Non-hazardous waste intensity per	單噸產品產生無害廢棄物(噸)		
unit product (tonnes)		0.058	0.0634
Non-hazardous waste recycled (tonnes)	已回收的無害廢棄物(噸)	8,930	7,559
Non-hazardous waste recycled Percentage	無害廢棄物回收比	99%	99%
Hazardous waste disposal intensity	有害廢棄物棄置量密度		
(waste disposal/M' RMB Revenue)13	(廢棄物棄置量/百萬人民幣收入)13	0.20	0.04
Non-hazardous waste disposal intensity	無害廢棄物棄置量		
(waste disposal/M' RMB Revenue)	(廢棄物棄置量/百萬人民幣收入)	0.03	0.03

- 12 New pilot research and development project in 2023 produces more waste but no product outputs.
- Lower product average unit selling price of the Group resulted in increased hazardous waste disposal intensity in 2023.
- 12 2023年新上中試研發項目產廢較多, 但無產品產出。
- 13 2023年本集團產品單位平均售價降 低,導致有害廢棄物棄置量密度增加。

環境、社會及管治報告

Packaging Materials

Tsaker New Energy emphasizes the use of product packaging that is environmentally friendly and has good safety performance. In addition to meeting the requirements of our customers and the industry, we also emphasize the robustness of packaging materials. Adopting environmentally friendly and packaging materials with good safety performance can effectively minimize the impact on the environment and human health, while robust packaging materials can effectively prevent the leakage of chemicals. In order to meet these critical requirements, the Group is constantly looking for different packaging materials.

包裝材料

彩客新能源重視採用環境友好和安全表現良好的產品包裝。除了滿足顧客和業內的要求外,我們也注重包裝材料的堅固程度。採用環境友好和安全表現良好的包裝材料可以有效減少對環境和人類健康的影響,同時堅固的包裝材料可以有效防止化學物洩漏。為了滿足這些重要的需求,本集團不斷尋求不同的包裝材料。

Packaging Material 包裝材料			2022
Total packaging material (tonnes) Amount of recycled and	包裝材料總量(噸) 回收及回用的包裝材料數量(噸)	3,290	1,243
reused package material (tonnes)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	230	76
Recycled and reused percentage	回收及回收百分比	7%	6%

6. PEOPLE-ORIENTED AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

6.1 Recruiting and cultivating talents

Employee's Welfare Protection

Tsaker New Energy strictly abides by all national laws and regulations, including but not limited to *The Labor Law of the People's Republic of China and The Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China*. Based on these laws and regulations, we formulates internal rules and regulations on employment, such as the Employee Handbook and the Standards for General Principles of Human Resource Management, to ensure the protection of employees' rights and interests.

6. 以人為本,勇擔社會責任

6.1 引育優秀人才

保障員工權益

彩客新能源嚴格遵守國家各項法律法規,包括但不限於《中華人民共和國勞動法》《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》等,根據上述法律法規,我們制定《員工手冊》《人力資源管理總則標準》等內部用工規章制度,切實保障員工權益。

環境、社會及管治報告

Recruitment and dismissal

Tsaker New Energy strictly regulates the procedures related to recruitment and dismissal. Upon appointment, each employee is required to sign an employment contract, which clearly defines the rights, responsibilities and obligations (including salary, working hours, benefits and holidays, etc.) of the laborer and the employer. All employees have the right to terminate the employment relationship with the relevant employing company of the Group. The conclusion, modification, rescission and termination of the relevant employment contracts are in strict compliance with the relevant laws and policies. The Group has formulated clear termination criteria and dismissal procedures to protect the rights and interests of employees by not dismissing them casually.

Compensation and Welfare

Tsaker New Energy has built a competitive and fair compensation and benefit system based on the position and ability of the employees. We conduct regular salary surveys and adjust the salary bandwidth based on the survey results and competitive positioning in order to motivate and retain talented employees. The Group implements a fair, open and impartial evaluation and reward mechanism, and gradually creates a team competition atmosphere through differentiated reward mechanisms to stimulate the potential and continuous improvement of employees. We have formulated standards such as the "Operational Standards for Positional Salary Management" and "Operational Standards for Positional Evaluation and Management", and provided employees with a comprehensive salary system and promotion opportunities.

招聘與解僱

彩客新能源嚴格規範招聘、解僱等相關程序。每位員工在任用時,均需簽署勞動合同,明確定義勞工及僱傭雙方的權利、責任與義務(包括薪資、工作時數、福利及假期等)。所有員工都有權利終止與本集團相關聘用公司的僱傭關係。相關僱傭合約的訂立、變更、解除和終止皆嚴格遵守相關法律政策規定。本集團已制定清晰的解聘標準及離職流程,不隨意解僱員工,切實保障員工權益。

薪酬與福利

彩客新能源以崗定級、以能力定檔,構建 「對外具競爭力、對內具公平性」的薪酬與福 利制度。我們定期開展薪酬調查,並根據調 查結果與競爭力定位調整薪酬帶寬,以激勵 並留任有才能的員工。本集團實施公平、以 開、公正的評估和獎勵機制,透過差異化的 獎酬機制逐步打造團隊比拼氛圍,激發員工 潛能且不斷進步,制定《崗位薪資管理作業 標準》《崗位考核管理作業標準》等標準,為 員工提供完善的薪酬體系和晉升機會。

環境、社會及管治報告

Prohibition of child and forced labor

We comply with the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China, Regulations Prohibiting the Use of Child Labor and other laws and regulations. We require employees to provide relevant identification documents when joining the Group, and apply this requirement to the Group's suppliers. The Group has also put in place appropriate remedial procedures and measures to stop the employment of child laborers and report them to the local labor authorities once they are found to be employed, and to conduct health checks on them to ensure that they are not physically or mentally harmed. They are encouraged to return to school, and we are also willing to accept the children's adult relatives to substitute their positions in order to help relieve the financial pressure on their families. All of the Group's employees meet the minimum working age requirements set by national laws and regulations. At the same time, we respect our employees' willingness to work and prohibit forced labor. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any cases involving child labor or forced labor.

Equality and Anti-Discrimination

We promote equality and anti-discrimination. All employees are not discriminated against on the basis of gender, race, ethnicity, nationality, color, religious beliefs, disability status and marital status, etc., during the processes including hiring, pay, promotion, disciplinary action, termination, and retirement. In our Employee Ethics Handbook, we strictly prohibit our employees from engaging in any form of harassment and discrimination against others, and ensure that every employee is respected and treated with dignity. As at the end of the Reporting Period, the proportion of women among the Group's employees was 29%. The following is a overview of the Group's employees:

禁止童工及強制勞工

平等與反歧視

我們提倡平等,反對歧視,所有員工不因性別、種族、民族、國籍、膚色、宗教信仰、殘障狀況、婚姻狀況等因素而遭受歧視,包括聘用、薪酬、晉升、紀律懲處、解僱、退休等。我們在員工《道德手冊》中,嚴禁本集團員工對他人進行任何形式的騷擾和歧視,確保每位員工均獲得尊重並得到有尊嚴的對待。截至本報告期末,本集團僱員中女性比例為29%。以下是本集團的僱員情況:

環境、社會及管治報告

			Employees ¹⁴ 人數 ¹⁴		iployees 百分比
Employee Category	僱員類別	2023	2022	2023	2022
By gender	按性別劃分				
Male	男	1,415	1,392	71%	72%
Female	女	584	537	29%	28%
By employment type	按僱傭類別劃分	304	337	25/6	20 /6
Management	管理層	117	127	6%	7%
Senior	主管、班長	170	159	8%	8%
Junior	初級員工	1,712	1,643	86%	85%
By age	按年齡劃分	1,712	1,040	00 /6	03 /6
18-30 years old	18-30歲	322	247	16%	13%
31-50 years old	31-50歲	1,421	1,316	71%	68%
51 years old and above	51 歲或以上	256	366	13%	19%
By geographical region	按地區劃分	230	300	13 /6	1976
Beijing	北京	3	10	0%	1%
Hebei	河北	1,710	1,680	86%	87%
Heilongjiang	黑龍江	1,710	1,000	1%	1%
Henan	河南	4	4	0%	0%
Anhui	安徽	1	30	0%	1%
Shandong	山東	247	153	12%	8%
Others	其他	247	40	12%	3%
Total	總人數	1,999	1,929	1 /0	3 /0

¹⁴ The employment data has included the production sites only.

¹⁴ 僱員數據只包括生產基地。

環境、社會及管治報告

Apart from recruiting talents through a fair and impartial talent recruitment and promotion mechanism, the Group spares no effort to retain talents. To reward employees for their dedication to the Company and enhance their sense of belonging, we offer our employees competitive remuneration package and welfare, including overtime pay, five insurances and one housing fund, holiday benefits, education allowances, certificate allowances, seniority allowances and various vacations. To fully mobilize employees' enthusiasm, the Group also has a complete incentive plan to reward outstanding employees and teams. Through the various HR management channels, the Group strives to keep the turnover rate at a lower level.

除了通過公平公正的招聘制度吸納人才外,本集團在挽留人才方面亦不遺餘力。我們提供具有吸引力的薪酬和福利,包括加班費、職工五險一金、過節福利、學歷補貼、證代補貼、工齡補貼及各種假期給予員工,回饋員工對公司的付出並加強他們的歸屬感。同時,我們有一套完整的激勵方案,對於優秀員工和團隊進行獎勵,充分調動員工積極性。通過以上各種人才資源管理渠道,本集團盡量保持流失率於較低水平。

Turnover rate ¹⁵ 流失率 ¹⁵		2023	2022
Total turnover rate	總流失率	11%	10%
By gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男	12%	12%
Female	女	8%	7%
By age	按年齡劃分		
18-30 years old	18-30歲	32%	34%
31-50 years old	31-50歲	6%	9%
51 years old and above	51 歲以上	11%	4%
By geographical region	按地區劃分		
Mainland China	中國內地	11%	10%
Hong Kong or other region	香港或其他地區	0%	5%

The employment data has included the production sites only.

Supporting employee development 支持員工發展

We emphasize the development and cultivation of talents, and adhere to the employment principle that a suitable employee need to be outstanding on both moral integrity and practical ability, while Company shall hire people based on merit. At the same time, we respect the characteristics of each employee and provide them with diverse career development paths and endeavor to establish a career platform conducive to the development of their abilities. The Group has also established performance bonus and incentive schemes to recognize and encourage employees at all levels who have made outstanding contributions to the Group's business.

我們重視人才的開發和培育,堅持「德才兼備、用人唯德」的選人用人標準。同時,我們尊重每一名員工的特質,為其提供多元的職業發展路徑,努力構建有利於員工發揮其才能的事業平台。本集團亦設立績效獎金及獎勵計劃,嘉許及鼓勵為本集團業務做出傑出貢獻的各級僱員。

15 僱員數據只包括生產基地。

環境、社會及管治報告

The complete training process is as follows:

- The HR department is responsible for conducting regular surveys on the training needs of each business department, understanding the training needs, and formulating the corresponding annual, quarterly and monthly training plans according to the Company's requirements.
- After obtaining the training needs, the Group would find and assist the corresponding internal/external lecturers in improving training materials, building a training course system based on the characteristics of the Group and business, and formulating specific training plans.
- Employees participate in training and share it internally, as well as compile training materials and formulate operable plans that can transform theory into relevant skills.
- Investigation and assessment of training effects would be conducted in a timely manner to continuously improve training work, which would then be archived.

The Group adheres to the principle of "demand-based training", which sets up different training themes according to functional departments, personnel management processes and employee levels, as well as formulates corresponding training objectives, content and performance evaluation indicators according to different needs.

彩客新能源有一套完整的培訓流程:

- 人力資源部負責定期對各業務部門進行培訓需求調研,了解培訓需求,根據公司要求制定相應的年度、季度和月度培訓計劃。
- 獲取到培訓需求後,集團將尋找並協助相應內外部講師,完善培訓資料, 結合集團及業務特點搭建培訓課程體系,制定具體培訓方案。
- 員工參與培訓並進行內部共享,整理 成培訓資料,制定可將理論轉化為相 關技能的可操作性的計劃。
- 及時對培訓效果進行調查評估,持續 改善培訓工作並歸檔。

本集團實踐「以需定培」的原則,設立按職能 部門、人員管理流程及員工層級劃分的不同 培訓主題,並根據不同需求制定相應培訓目 標、內容及績效評估指標。

從業人員在崗安全培訓	2023	2022
課題	34	35
課題總時數	209	185.5
	課題	課題 34

環境、社會及管治報告

		Average Training Time 平均受訓時長		% of employees trained 受訓僱員百分比	
Category	類別	2023	2022	2023	2022
By gender	按性別劃分				
Male	男	25	20	76	74
Female	女	21	18	24	26
By employment type	按僱傭類型劃分				
Management	管理層	12	12	3	4
Senior	主管、班長	29	20	11	10
Junior	初級員工	23	20	86	86

6.2 Building a Harmonious Working Environment

The Group is people-oriented and is committed to creating a good and harmonious working environment for employees, so as to strengthen the Company's cohesion and improve work efficiency. We organized a significant amount of team building activities to strengthen the connection between employees, provide healthy working conditions, and provide timely care for employees who need special care.

Team Building Activities

During the Reporting Period, Tsaker New Energy organized the annual summary commendation and cultural performance activities. It motivated employees to work hard by recognizing the advanced deeds of outstanding employees and teams. The cultural performance demonstrated the employees' literary talents, enriched their spiritual and cultural life, promoted cultural exchanges, and improved them with a sense of satisfaction and belonging. Moreover, it demonstrated the Group's culture and a snapshot of the enterprise, showed the outstanding employees and teams to the outside society, while also enhance the enterprise's social responsibility and influence.

6.2 構建和諧工作環境

本集團堅持以人為本的理念,致力於給員工 創造一個良好和諧的工作環境,以加強公司 凝聚力、提高工作效率。我們舉辦豐富的團 建活動以增強員工之間聯繫,提供健康的工 作條件,並對於需要特殊照顧的員工及時給 予關懷。

團建活動

在本報告期內,彩客新能源舉辦了年度總結表彰暨文藝匯演活動。通過表彰優秀員工和 團隊的先進事跡,激勵廣大員工努力工作。 文藝匯演展示員工的文藝才華,豐富員工的 精神文化生活,促進文化交流,提升員工的 幸福感和歸屬感。並且展示集團文化和企業 形象,向外界展示企業的優秀員工和團隊, 增強企業的社會責任和影響力。

環境、社會及管治報告



Annual summary commendation and cultural performance activity

年度總結表彰暨文藝匯演

During the Reporting Period, Tsaker New Energy organized the 17th employee sports games, which demonstrated the energetic and forward-looking spirit of the enterprise and further promoted the sustainable development of the enterprise. This move not only carries forward the enterprise culture and inherits the positive traditions of the enterprise, but also helps to penetrate the enterprise culture into the hearts of the people and make it permeate into the working life of each employee. With this sports games, we have successfully enriched the cultural life of employees, enhance team building and stimulated their enthusiasm for work. This event has also improved employees' understanding and recognition of the Company.

在報告期內,彩客新能源成功舉辦第十七屆職工運動會,彰顯企業充滿活力、奮發向前的精神風貌,進一步推動企業的持續發展。此舉既弘揚企業文化,傳承企業優良傳統,又有助於將企業文化深入人心,使之滲透至每位員工的工作生活。通過豐富員工的文化生活,增強團隊凝聚力和向心力,展示員工的精神風貌,激發他們的工作熱情,進而提升員工對企業的認知能力和認同感。



The 17th employee sports games

第十七屆職工運動會

環境、社會及管治報告

In order to strengthen the construction of company culture, we organized Tsaker New Energy 2023 speech contest – "Carrying forward the positive energy of the company, transferring the corporate culture". The event strengthened the corporate culture, boosted staff morale and sense of belonging, and also promoted communication and participation among staff, as well as identifying and cultivating talents with potential. At the same time, the competition enhanced the Company's reputation and presence by highlighting the Company's positive image and values, as well as stimulating staff's enthusiasm for innovation and improvement, thus injecting new vitality into the Company's sustainable development.

為加強企業文化建設,企業舉辦彩客新能源二零二三年度「弘揚企業正能量,傳遞企業文化」演講比賽活動。活動的舉辦加強企業文化,提升員工士氣和歸屬感,促進員工之間的溝通和參與,發現並培養了具有潛力的人才。同時,比賽通過突出公司的積極形象和價值觀,提升公司的形象和聲譽,激發員工對創新和改善的熱情,為公司的持續發展注入新的活力。

Apart from that, during the Reporting Period, the Group also organized safety speech contests and safety knowledge competitions to enhance employees' awareness of work safety.

除此之外,在報告期內,本集團還舉辦了安 全演講比賽、安全知識競賽等,提高員工的 安全生產意識。



Safety speech contests

安全演講比賽

環境、社會及管治報告



Safety knowledge competitions

安全知識競賽

Employees' Welfare

In order to fully implement the Group's principle of "common prosperity, starting from the employees around you", and in line with the principle that use Company's funding and put greater efforts to benefit the families of workers in difficulty, the Group's labor union continued to extend its work on the basis of the work in 2022, and accomplished the following work during the Reporting Period:

- In conjunction with the Municipal People's Hospital, the Company carried out the "Love in May, Gratitude to Parents" Health Care Circuit, in which 70 employees participated.
- Organized 714 employees to participate in the one-day mutual assistance among employees. In order to help workers to solve their problems, the Company is in line with more than 20 employees who meet the difficulty criteria, helping them prepare, and submit application materials.
- In conjunction with the Maternal and Child Health Hospital of the county, we conducts "double cancer screening" for female employees.

員工福祉

為全面貫徹落實「共同富裕,從身邊職工做起」的指導思想,本著公司出資,更大力度普惠困難職工家庭的原則,集團工會在2022年工作基礎上,將工作繼續延伸,報告期內完成如下工作:

- 聯合市人民醫院開展「愛在五月,感恩父母」送健康巡回義診活動,有70 名員工參與了義診活動。
- 組織714名員工參加職工互助一日 捐,公司為符合困難幫扶的20餘名員 工進行申報材料梳理、上報,為職工 解決後顧之憂。
- 結合縣婦幼保健院對女職工進行「雙 癌篩查」。

環境、社會及管治報告

- Carrying out physical examination activities for employees to monitor and manage their health in a comprehensive manner.
- The company organizes staff to participate in the "County Workers' Badminton Competition", which enlivens the amateur cultural life of the staff and creates an upward, positive and healthy mental outlook of the staff.
- The 17th Staff Games of the Group was organized to build a platform for all employees. Through participating this activity, we wish to enhance confidence, gather strength and ultimately build a better future for employees.

- 開展員工體檢活動,對員工的健康進行全面的監控和管理。
- 組織員工參加「全縣職工羽毛球比賽」,活躍職工業餘文化生活,打造職工昂揚向上、積極健康的精神面貌。
- 舉辦集團第十七屆職工運動會,為職工搭建平台,通過參加活動,增強信心,凝聚力量,打造更好的未來。

7 CARING FOR COMMUNITY AND TAKING SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Tsaker New Energy actively participates in public welfare donations and contributes to local community development. During the Reporting Period, Tsaker Dongao donated funds with total amount of RMB50,000 to the Charity Federation of Hekou District, Dongying City, to support projects such as rural revitalization and charitable education assistance. In addition, Tsaker Technology cooperated with other Dongguang County enterprises and the Civilization Office of Dongguang County to create the Dongguang County Volunteer Service Federation, which is dedicated to promoting the development of charity. As one of the founding members, Tsaker Technology donated 30,000 RMB to the federation as a start-up fund to actively promote the vigorous development of social welfare undertakings.

7. 回饋社會,擔任社會責任

彩客新能源積極參與公益捐贈,為社區發展 貢獻力量。在本報告期內,彩客東奧向東營 市河口區慈善總會捐贈人民幣5萬元,用於 支持鄉村振興和慈善助學等項目。此外,彩 客科技與東光縣其他企業及東光縣文會 作,共同創建了東光縣志願服務聯合會, 力於促進慈善事業的發展。作為創始成 一,彩客科技向該聯合會捐贈人民幣3萬元 作為啟動資金,積極推動社會公益事業的 發展。

環境、社會及管治報告

8. STOCK EXCHANGE ESG REPORTING GUIDE **CONTENT INDEX**

聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》 8. 索引

Aspect KPI Description

關鍵績效指標 描述

SUBJECT AREA (A) ENVIRONMENT

A1: EMISSIONS

層面

層面 A1: 排放物

Α1 General Disclosure

一般披露

The policies; and (a) 政策: 及

Compliance with relevant laws (b) and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法 律及規例的資料。

A1.1 The types of emissions and respective emissions data.

排放物種類及相關排放數據。

A1.2 Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect

(Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).

直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排 放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產

量單位、每項設施計算)。

A1.3 Total hazardous waste produced

> (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production

volume, per facility).

所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適 用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。

A1.4 Total non-hazardous waste produced

> (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production

volume, per facility).

所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適 用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 Statement/Section

聲明/章節

A.環境

5.2 Environmental Protection (a) 5.2環境保護;

There was no non-compliance noticed (b) during the Reporting Period. 報告期內本集團遵守相關的法律及規例, 並沒發現相關重大違規事件。

5.2 Environmental Protection

5.2 環境保護

環境、社會及管治報告

Aspect	KPI	Description	Statement/Section
層面	關鍵績效指標	描述	聲明/章節
	A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
	A1.6	Description of how hazardous and nonhazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
	OF RESOURC	ES	
層面 A2: A2	資源使用 General Disclosure 一般披露	有效使用資源 (包括能源、水及其他原材料) 的政策。 Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
	A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
	A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
	A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
	A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護

Aspect	KPI	Description	Statement/Section
層面	關鍵績效指標	描述	聲明/章節
	A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
A3: THE	ENVIRONMEN	T AND NATURAL RESOURCES	
層面 A3:	環境及天然資源	Ī	
A3	General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
	A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
A4: CLIM	IATE CHANGE	:	
層面 A4:	氣候變化		
A4	General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer. 識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護
	A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them. 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。	5.2 Environmental Protection 5.2 環境保護

環境、社會及管治報告

Aspect	Aspect KPI Description		State	ement/Section	
層面	關鍵績效指標	描述		聲明。	/ 章節
SUBJEC	T AREA (B) SO	CIAL		B.社會	
B1: EMPLOYMENT					
層面 B1:	僱傭				
B1	General Disclosure 一般披露	(a) (b)	The policies; and 政策; 及 compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a	(a) (b)	6.1 Recruiting and cultivating talents 6.1 引育優秀人才; There was no non-compliance noticed during the Reporting Period.
			significant impact on the issuer. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法 律及規例的資料。		報告期內本集團遵守相關的法律及規 例,並沒發現相關重大違規事件。
	B1.1	type, age g 按性別	workforce by gender, employment (for example, full - or part time) roup and geographical region. 引、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡 地區劃分的僱員總數。		ecruiting and cultivating talents 育優秀人才
B1.2 Employee turnover rate by gender, age 6.1 Recruiti group and geographical region. 6.1 引育優秀 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失 比率。		ecruiting and cultivating talents 育優秀人才			
B2: HEA	LTH AND SAF	ETY			
層面 B2:	健康與安全				
B2	General Disclosure	(a)	The policies; and 政策;及	(a)	5.1 Safety Management 5.1安全管理;
	一般披露	(b)	Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	(b)	There was no non-compliance noticed during the Reporting Period. 報告期內本集團遵守相關的法律及規例,並沒發現相關重大違規事件。
	B2.1	fataliti three Period	年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人		afety Management 全管理
	B2.2		lays due to work injury. 猖損失工作日數。		afety Management 全管理
	B2.3	safety are im	iption of occupational health and measures adopted, and how they aplemented and monitored. 「採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相		afety Management 全管理

關執行及監察方法。

環境、社會及管治報告

Aspect	KPI	Description	Statement/Section			
層面	關鍵績效指標	描述	聲明/章節			
B3: DEV	ELOPMENT AN	ND TRAINING				
層面 B3:	發展及培訓					
B3	General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	6.1 Recruiting and cultivating talents 6.1 引育優秀人才			
	B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	6.1 Recruiting and cultivating talents 6.1 引育優秀人才			
	B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分, 每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	6.1 Recruiting and cultivating talents 6.1 引育優秀人才			
D4. I A D4	DA. LABOUR STANDADOS					

B4: LABOUR STANDARDS

層面 B4: 勞工準則

B4	General Disclosure 一般披露	(a) (b)	The policies; and 政策;及 Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	(a) (b)	6.1 Recruiting and cultivating talents 6.1 引育優秀人才; There was no non-compliance noticed during the Reporting Period. 報告期內本集團遵守相關的法律及規 例,並沒發現相關重大違規事件。
	B4.1	emplo forced	ription of measures to review byment practices to avoid child and d labour. 說討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強		ecruiting and cultivating talents 育優秀人才
	B4.2	such	ription of steps taken to eliminate practices when discovered. E發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採		ecruiting and cultivating talents 育優秀人才

Aspect 層面	KPI 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Statement/Section 聲明 / 章節
B5: SUPI	PLY CHAIN MA	ANAGEMENT	
層面 B5:	供應鏈管理		
B5	General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	4.1 Strict Production Management 4.1嚴格的生產管理
	B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供貨商數目。	4.1 Strict Production Management 4.1嚴格的生產管理
	B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and corresponding implementation and monitoring method. 描述有關聘用供貨商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供貨商數目、以及相關執行及監察方法。	4.1 Strict Production Management 4.1嚴格的生產管理
	B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關識別供應鍵每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	4.1 Strict Production Management 4.1嚴格的生產管理
	B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	4.1 Strict Production Management 4.1嚴格的生產管理

Aspect 層面 B6: PRO 層面 B6:	KPI 關鍵績效指標 DUCT RESPOI 產品責任	描述	ription	State 聲明 /	ment/Section ∕章節
B6	General Disclosure 一般披露	(a) (b)	The policies; and 政策;及 Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	(a) (b)	4.2 Quality Control and 4.3 Product Stewardship 4.2 質量監控及4.3 產品責任; There was no non-compliance noticed during the Reporting Period. 報告期內本集團遵守相關的法律及規例,並沒發現相關重大違規事件。
	B6.1	shippe health 已售或	ntage of total products sold or ed subject to recalls for safety and reasons. 记運送產品總數中因安全與健康理 恒收的百分比。		roduct Stewardship 品責任
	B6.2	comp dealt	 關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對		roduct Stewardship 品責任
	B6.3	obser prope	ription of practices relating to ving and protecting intellectual rty rights.		tellectual Property Management 識產權管理
	B6.4	proce	iption of quality assurance ss and recall procedures. 重量檢定過程及產品回收程序。		roduct Stewardship 品責任
	B6.5	protect and h monite 描述消	ription of consumer data ction and privacy policies, ow they are implemented and ored. 對著資料保障及私隱政策, 以及相		ustomer Privacy Protection 戶隱私保護

Aspect	KPI	Description	Statement/Section
層面 關鍵績效指標 描述		描述	聲明/章節
B7: ANTI	-CORRUPTIO	N	
層面 B7:	反貪污		
B7	General Disclosure	(a) The policies; and 政策; 及	(a) 4.6 Business Integrity 4.6 廉潔從業;
	一般披露	(b) Compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issue 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關律及規例的資料。	
	B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and the outcomes of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	4.6 Business Integrity 4.6 廉潔從業
	B7.2	Description of preventive measures a whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored 描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執及監察方法。	4.6 廉潔從業
	<i>B7.3</i>	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	4.6 Business Integrity 4.6 廉潔從業

Aspect	KPI	Description	Statement/Section
層面	關鍵績效指標	描述	聲明/章節
B8: COMI	MUNITY INVE	STMENT	
層面B8:	社區投資		
B8	General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	7 Caring For Community And Taking Social Responsibility 7 回饋社會,擔任社會責任
	B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	7 Caring For Community And Taking Social Responsibility 7 回饋社會,擔任社會責任
	B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	7 Caring For Community And Taking Social Responsibility 7 回饋社會,擔任社會責任

Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

As at the date of this annual report, the biographical details of the Directors and senior management are as follows:

於本年報的日期,董事及高級管理層的履歷如下:

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. GE Yi (former name: GE Yuanyuan), aged 42, is an executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman of our Company, responsible for overall business strategy and major business decisions of our Group. Mr. GE is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee. Mr. GE joined us in February 2007 and was promoted to vice-president and president in December 2011 and August 2012, respectively.

Mr. GE obtained a master's degree in International Business Management from Middlesex University in the United Kingdom in February 2007 and completed studies in chemical engineering from Tianjin University in the PRC in July 2004.

The discloseable interests of Mr. GE in the Shares and underlying Shares under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO are set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Sharers and Debentures" under the Directors' Report of this annual report.

Mr. BAI Kun, aged 47, is an executive Director, the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Company, being responsible for the financial operations and management of the Group. Mr. BAI has been an executive Director since 25 August 2016. Mr. BAI joined the Group in September 2014 as the Chief Financial Officer, and was appointed as a joint company secretary on 11 December 2020. Mr. BAI has been the sole company secretary of the Company and was appointed as an Authorized Representative and Process Agent of the Company on 15 December 2023. Mr. BAI is also the director of Tsaker Hong Kong. He has been a director of Tsaker Technology (shares of which are quoted on NEEQ, stock code: 873772) since November 2022, and an independent non-executive director of Archosaur Games Inc., a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 9990) since September 2021. Mr. BAI has extensive experience in accounting and financial management. His work experience includes acting as manager for the Tianjin branch of PricewaterhouseCoopers (普 華永道中天會計師事務所有限公司天津分所) from September 2002 to February 2010 and the financial controller of Tianjin Walkman Biomaterial Co., Ltd. from February 2010 to August 2014.

董事

執行董事

戈弋先生(曾用名:戈元元),42歲,為本公司的 執行董事、行政總裁兼主席,負責本集團的整體業 務策略及主要業務決策。戈先生亦為提名委員會主 席。戈先生於二零零七年二月加入本公司,並分別 於二零一一年十二月及二零一二年八月獲晉升為副 總裁及總裁。

戈先生於二零零七年二月自英國密德薩斯大學獲得 國際工商管理碩士學位,並於二零零四年七月完成 中國天津大學化學工程的學業。

戈先生於股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部條文須予披露之權益載於本年報之董事會報告中「董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有的權益及淡倉一一節。

白崑先生,47歲,為本公司執行董事、首席財務官 兼公司秘書,負責本集團的財務營運及管理。白先 生於二零一六年八月二十五日起擔任執行董事。白 先生於二零一四年九月加入本集團,擔任首席財務 官,自二零二零年十二月十一日起,兼任聯席公司 秘書。自二零二三年十二月十五日起,白先生擔任 本公司唯一公司秘書,並獲委任為本公司授權代表 及法律程序代理人。白先生亦為彩客香港的董事。 彼自二零二二年十一月起擔任彩客科技(其股份於 NEEQ掛牌,股份代號:873772)的董事,自二零 二一年九月起擔任祖龙娱乐有限公司的獨立非執行 董事,該公司在聯交所上市(股份代號:9990)。白 先生擁有豐富的會計及財務管理經驗。其工作經驗 包括二零零二年九月至二零一零年二月擔任普華永 道中天會計師事務所有限公司天津分所經理及於二 零一零年二月至二零一四年八月擔任天津市威曼生 物材料有限公司的財務總監。

Mr. BAI obtained a bachelor's degree in Technoeconomics in July 1999 from Tianjin University and a master's degree in Technoeconomics and Management from Tianjin University in March 2002. Mr. BAI has been a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants since June 2010.

Ms. ZHANG Nan, aged 41, has been an executive Director since 10 January 2019 and the investment development director of the Group since September 2022, being responsible for the strategic development planning and investment development of the Group. Ms. ZHANG joined the Group in January 2013. Ms ZHANG is also a director of Tsaker Singapore. Her work experience includes serving as the human resources manager of Beijing Touqu Technology Co., Ltd. (北京投趣科技有限公司) from August 2008 to July 2010. She was a director of human resources of Chexun Internet Co., Ltd. (車訊互聯網股份有限公司) from September 2010 to January 2013.

Ms. ZHANG graduated from Inner Mongolia University of Finance and Economics in July 2007, majoring in business administration.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent, aged 69, has been a nonexecutive Director since April 2015. He is responsible for providing advice on corporate governance and internal control matters. He had been the chairman of the board of directors of Clover Leaf Capital Corp. (a Canadian capital pool company listed on the TSX Ventures Exchange in Canada, stock code: CLVR.P) from March 2022 to October 2023. He has also been a member of the advisory board of Ocean Equity Partners Fund L.P. (the entity which controls Wider Pacific) since September 2012. Mr. FONTAINE serves as an executive director and vice-chairman of the Hong Kong Venture Capital and Private Equity Association. In 2000, he founded Investel Asia, a venture capital and private equity firm and served as its managing director from January 2004 to December 2006. He was the chief executive officer of Newcom LLC from January 2007 to September 2008. Prior to joining our Group in April 2015, Mr. FONTAINE served various positions within the BCE Inc. group, the largest communications company in Canada, including Bell Canada, Bell Ardis and Tata Cellular, for approximately 16 years of his career. Mr. FONTAINE has also been acting as a non-executive director of D&G Technology Holding Company Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1301) since August 2016 and as an independent director of China Lending Corporation, a company listed on NASDAQ (ticker: CLDC) from July 2016 to December 2017.

白先生於一九九九年七月於天津大學取得技術經濟學士學位,並於二零零二年三月於天津大學取得技術經濟及管理碩士學位。自二零一零年六月起,白 先生為中國註冊會計師協會會員。

張楠女士,41歲,自二零一九年一月十日起擔任執行董事及自二零二二年九月起擔任本集團投資發展總監,負責本集團戰略發展規劃、投資發展。張女士於二零一三年一月加入本集團。張女士亦為彩客新加坡的董事。彼的工作經驗包括自二零零八年八月至二零一零年七月擔任北京投趣科技有限公司人力資源經理,自二零一零年九月至二零一三年一月擔任車訊互聯網股份有限公司人力資源總監。

張女士於二零零七年七月畢業於內蒙古財經大學, 主修工商管理專業。

非執行董事

FONTAINE Alain Vincent先生,69歲,自二零 一五年四月起擔任非執行董事,負責就企業管治及 內部控制事宜提供意見。自二零二二年三月起至二 零二三年十月,彼擔任Clover Leaf Capital Corp. (一間於加拿大TSX Ventures Exchange上市的加 拿大資本庫公司,股份代號:CLVR.P)的董事會主 席。自二零一二年九月起為Ocean Equity Partners Fund L.P.(控制Wider Pacific的實體)顧問委員會 成員。Fontaine先生為香港創業及私募投資協會有 限公司的執行董事及副主席。彼於二零零零年創 立Investel Asia(創業及私募投資公司)並自二零 零四年一月至二零零六年十二月擔任董事總經理。 彼於二零零七年一月至二零零八年九月任Newcom LLC行政總裁。於二零一五年四月加入本集團前, Fontaine先生於其事業生涯中約16年在加拿大最大 的通訊公司BCE Inc.集團(包括Bell Canada、Bell Ardis及Tata Cellular)擔任多個職位。於二零一六 年八月起,Fontaine先生擔任德基科技控股有限公 司的非執行董事,該公司在聯交所上市(股份代號: 1301),且自二零一六年七月至二零一七年十二 月,Fontaine先生擔任中國貸款集團的獨立董事, 該公司在納斯達克上市(交易代碼:CLDC)。

Mr. FONTAINE obtained a bachelor's degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of Sherbrooke in Canada in June 1979. He has been a member of the Order of Engineers of Québec since January 1980.

Mr. PAN Deyuan, aged 43, has been a non-executive Director since November 2022. He is responsible for providing advice on the Group's strategic planning and investment and financing strategy matters. He has over 15 years of experience in investment management, computer science and technology. Since January 2022, Mr. PAN has been a director of Sanya Xuancai Private Equity Venture Capital Fund Management Co., Ltd. (三亞 軒彩私募創業投資基金管理有限公司) ("Sanya Xuancai") where he engages in the decision-making process of the board of directors, as well as daily operation and management of Sanya Xuancai. Since December 2020, he has been a director of Fujian Guoguang Xinye Sci-tec Co., Ltd. (福建國光新業科技股份有限公司) ("Fujian Guoguang Xinye"), a subsidiary of Fujian Guoguang Electronic Science and Technology Co., Ltd. (福建國光電子科技有限公司) ("Fujian Guoguang Electronic"), where he is responsible for considering the annual operation plan of Fujian Guoguang Xinye and major issues such as investment plans. Since April 2005, he has been a director of Fujian Guoguang Electronic, where he is responsible for considering the annual operation plan of Fujian Guoguang Electronic and major issues such as investment plans.

Mr. PAN graduated with major in computer science and technology from Wuhan University (武漢大學) in the People's Republic of China in July 2004.

The discloseable interests of Mr. PAN in the Shares and underlying Shares under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO are set out in the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" under the Directors' Report of this annual report.

Fontaine 先生於一九七九年六月獲得加拿大 University of Sherbrooke電器工程學士學位。彼 自一九八零年一月起為魁北克工程師協會(Order of Engineers)會員。

潘先生於二零零四年七月畢業於中華人民共和國武 漢大學計算機科學與技術專業。

潘先生於股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部條文須予披露之權益載於本年報之董事會報告中「董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有的權益及淡倉」一節。

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. ZHU Lin (former name: ZHU Xiaolin), aged 50, has been an independent non-executive Director since March 2015. being responsible for overseeing the management of our Group independently. Mr. ZHU is the chairman of the Audit Committee, and a member of each of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. ZHU is also a partner of Beijing Legendhouse CPAs (北京潤衡會計師事務所) and a director of Beijing Run Qin Consulting Co., Ltd. (北京潤勤諮詢有限公司). Since October 2020, Mr. ZHU has been serving as a director of Jiangsu Changshu Automotive Trim Group Co., Ltd. (江蘇常熟汽 飾集團股份有限公司), formerly known as Changshu Automotive Trim Co., Ltd. (常熟市汽車飾件股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 603035). Since June 2020, Mr. ZHU has been serving as an independent non-executive director of Archosaur Games Inc. (祖龍娛樂有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 9990). From November 2020 to August 2022, Mr. ZHU was an independent non-executive director of Sino-Ocean Service Holding Limited (遠洋服務控股有 限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 6677). Mr. ZHU was a non-executive director of Beijing Chexun Internet Company Limited (北京車訊互聯網股份有限公司), a company whose shares are quoted on the NEEQ in the PRC, from July 2016 to April 2021. Prior to joining our Group in March 2015, Mr. ZHU was a senior manager at the mergers and acquisitions department of PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (Beijing Branch) (普華永道諮詢(深圳)有限公司北京分公 司) from October 2003 to November 2005.

Mr. ZHU obtained a bachelor's degree in Overseas Financial Accounting (會計系外國財務會計專門化) from Central Institute of Finance and Banking (currently known as Central University of Finance and Economics) in the PRC in June 1995. Mr. ZHU has been a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants since February 2000.

獨立非執行董事

朱霖先生(曾用名:朱小林),50歳,自二零一五 年三月起擔任獨立非執行董事,負責獨立監管本集 團的管理工作。朱先生是審核委員會主席,以及薪 酬委員會和提名委員會的成員。朱先生亦為北京潤 衡會計師事務所合夥人及北京潤勤諮詢有限公司董 事。自二零二零年十月起,朱先生一直擔任江蘇常 熟汽飾集團股份有限公司(前稱常熟市汽車飾件股份 有限公司,一間於上海證券交易所上市的公司,證 券代碼:603035)的董事。自二零二零年六月起, 朱先生一直擔任祖龙娱乐有限公司(一間於聯交所上 市的公司,股份代號:9990)的獨立非執行董事。 於二零二零年十一月至二零二二年八月,朱先生擔 任遠洋服務控股有限公司(一間於聯交所上市的公 司,股份代號:6677)的獨立非執行董事。於二零 一六年七月至二零二一年四月,朱先生擔任北京車 訊互聯網股份有限公司(其股份於NEEQ掛牌)的非 執行董事。於二零一五年三月加入本集團之前,朱 先生於二零零三年十月至二零零五年十一月擔任普 華永道諮詢(深圳)有限公司北京分公司合併收購部 高級經理。

朱先生於一九九五年六月取得中國中央財政金融學院(現稱中央財經大學)會計系外國財務會計專門化學士學位。自二零零零年二月起,朱先生為中國註冊會計師協會會員。

Mr. YU Miao, aged 47, has been an independent non-executive Director since March 2015, being responsible for overseeing the management of our Group independently. Mr. YU is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and a member of the Audit Committee. Mr. YU is also a partner of Global Law Office. Mr. YU has been a non-executive director of Beijing Chexun Internet Company Limited (北京車訊互聯網股份有限公司), a company whose shares are quoted on the NEEQ in the PRC, from July 2016 to April 2021. Prior to joining our Group in March 2015, Mr. YU was a partner of Global Law Office from March 2006 to June 2010, and subsequently a partner of Norton Rose (Asia) LLP from June 2010 to June 2011. Mr. YU returned to Global Law Office as a partner in July 2011 and has been a partner there since then.

Mr. YU obtained a postgraduate diploma in International Law from The University of Nottingham in the United Kingdom in December 2001, and a bachelor's degree in Economic Law from Heilongjiang University in the PRC in July 1999. Mr. YU was qualified as a lawyer in the PRC in March 2000.

Ms. ZHANG Feiyan, aged 54, has been an independent nonexecutive Director since December 2023, being responsible for overseeing the management of our Group independently. Ms. ZHANG is a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. ZHANG has over 25 years of experience in investment management and mergers and acquisitions advisory. From October 2006 to September 2021, Ms. Zhang was the group vice president and managing director of the strategic investment department of Alibaba Group Holding Limited (阿里巴巴集團 控股有限公司) (stock code: 9988), where she was responsible for the investment and mergers and acquisitions of the Alibaba group. From January 2004 to October 2006, she was an associate director of Deloitte & Touche Corporate Finance Ltd. Beijing Branch* (德勤諮詢(上海)有限公司北京分公司), where she was responsible for providing clients with financial advisory services related to investment and mergers and acquisitions. From 2000 to 2001, Ms. Zhang was a project director of the investment banking department of the Finance and Securities Institute at Renmin University of China (中國人民大學金融與證券研究所) (currently known as the China Capital Market Research Institute at Renmin University of China (中國人民大學中國資本市場研究院)), where she was responsible for the provision of financial advisory services for investment and mergers and acquisitions. From 1992 to 2000, Ms. Zhang was the lead project manager of China National Aero-Technology Import & Export Corporation* (中國航空技術進 出口總公司), where she was responsible for investment analysis, investment execution and post-investment management.

于森先生,47歲,自二零一五年三月起擔任獨立非執行董事,負責獨立監管本集團的管理工作。于先生亦為環球律師事務所合夥人。于先生是薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會的成員。於二零一六年七月至二零二一年四月,于先生擔任北京車訊互聯網股份有限公司(其股份於NEEQ掛牌)的非執行董事。於二零一五年三月加入本集團之前,于先生於二零六年三月至二零一零年六月為環球律師事務所合夥人,其後於二零一零年六月至二零一一年六月為諾頓羅氏(亞洲)有限責任公司合夥人。于先生於二零一年七月以合夥人身份重返環球律師事務所,並自此一直為該事務所合夥人。

于先生於二零零一年十二月取得英國諾丁漢大學國際法碩士學位,並於一九九九年七月取得中國黑龍江大學經濟法學士學位。于先生於二零零零年三月取得中國律師資格。

張飛燕女士,54歲,自二零二三年十二月起擔任獨 立非執行董事,負責獨立監管本集團的管理工作。 張女士是審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的 成員。於加入本集團前,張女士於投資管理及併購 諮詢方面擁有逾25年經驗。張女士於二零零六年十 月至二零二一年九月期間擔任阿里巴巴集團控股有 限公司(股份代號:9988)集團副總裁兼戰略投資部 董事總經理,負責阿里巴巴集團的投資併購工作。 於二零零四年一月至二零零六年十月,彼擔任德勤 諮詢(上海)有限公司北京分公司副總監,負責為客 戶提供有關投資併購的財務顧問服務。於二零零零 年至二零零一年,張女士擔任中國人民大學金融與 證券研究所(現稱中國人民大學中國資本市場研究 院)投資銀行部項目總監,負責提供有關投資併購 的財務顧問服務。於一九九二年至二零零零年,張 女士擔任中國航空技術進出口總公司的主管項目經 理,負責投資分析、投資執行及投資後管理。

Directors and Senior Management 基本及宣祝答理局

董事及高級管理層

Ms. Zhang graduated with a bachelor's degree in management engineering from Beihang University (北京航空航天大學), previously known as the Beijing University of Aeronautics and Astronautics, in the PRC in July 1992 and a master of business administration degree from the Amos Tuck School of Business Administration at Dartmouth College in the United States in June 2003.

張女士於一九九二年七月畢業於中國北京航空航天 大學,獲得管理工程學士學位,並於二零零三年六 月獲得美國達特茅斯學院塔克商學院的工商管理碩 士學位。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. GE Yi is an executive Director, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman of our Company. For details about Mr. GE's background, see "Directors" under this section.

Mr. BAI Kun is an executive Director, the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of our Company. For details about Mr. BAI's background, see "Directors" under this section.

Ms. ZHANG Nan is an executive Director and investment development director of our Company. For details about Ms. ZHANG's background, see "Directors" under this section.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. BAI Kun is an executive Director, the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of our Company. For details about Mr. BAI's background, see "Directors" under this section.

高級管理層

戈弋先生,本公司執行董事、行政總裁兼主席。有關戈先生背景的詳情,請參閱本節「董事」。

白崑先生,本公司執行董事、首席財務官兼公司秘書。有關白先生背景的詳情,請參閱本節「董事」。

張楠女士,本公司執行董事、投資發展總監。有關 張女士背景的詳情,請參閱本節「董事」。

公司秘書

白崑先生,本公司執行董事,首席財務官兼公司秘書。有關白先生背景的詳情,請參見本節「董事」。

The Board hereby announces the Directors' Report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

董事會謹此提呈本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十 一日止年度之董事會報告及經審核綜合財務報表。

CORPORATE INFORMATION AND LISTING

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 29 October 2014. The Shares have been listed on the Stock Exchange since 3 July 2015.

PRINCIPAL BUSINESS

The Group is primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of products such as battery materials, dye and agricultural chemical intermediates, pigment intermediates and new materials. Analysis on the principal business of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS

Results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 192 and 193 of this annual report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board recommended the declaration of a final dividend of RMB0.038 per ordinary Share for the year ended 31 December 2023, subject to the Shareholders' approval at the AGM. Assuming the final dividend is approved at the AGM, together with the interim dividend of RMB0.029 per ordinary Share for the six months ended 30 June 2023, the dividends in aggregate for the year ended 31 December 2023 will amount to RMB0.067 per ordinary Share (for the year ended 31 December 2022: RMB0.095 per ordinary Share). The dividend is expected to be paid on 28 June 2024 to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company (the "Register of Members") on 27 May 2024.

公司資料及上市

本公司於二零一四年十月二十九日在開曼群島註冊 成立的有限公司。本公司的股份自二零一五年七月 三日起在聯交所主板上市。

主要業務

本集團的主要業務為電池材料、染料及農業化學品中間體、顏料中間體及新材料等多種產品的生產和銷售。有關本集團於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的主要業務的分析載列於綜合財務報表附註4。

業績

本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的業績載於本年報第192和193頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

末期股息

董事會建議就截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度宣派末期股息每股普通股人民幣0.038元,惟須於股東週年大會上獲股東批准。假設末期股息於股東週年大會上獲批准,連同截至二零二三年六月三十日止六個月中期股息每股普通股人民幣0.029元,截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的股息總額將為每股普通股人民幣0.067元(截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度:每股普通股人民幣0.095元)。末期派息將於二零二四年六月二十八日支付予於二零二四年五月二十七日名列在本公司股東名冊(「股東名冊」)的股東。

BUSINESS REVIEW

Please see the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 12 to 17 of this annual report for details.

Environmental Policy and Performance

We focus on environmental, health and safety protection. As a manufacturer of battery materials, dye intermediates, agricultural chemical intermediates, pigment intermediates and new materials, we have developed production processes that comply with all applicable national and local standards in environmental, health and safety protection in all material respects. We also believe that implementing and maintaining advanced development in our environmental, health and safety protection measures serve as a competitive strength. Manufacturers that do not meet the local environmental, health and safety protection standards may incur losses and fines imposed by the local government.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, we were subject to inspections organized by the local government from time to time and we had not been subject to any material fines or penalties in relation to any material breach of applicable environmental, health and safety laws or regulations that could have a material adverse effect on our operation. For the year ended 31 December 2023, we had not lost any order from our customers due to environmental, health and safety concerns. We believe that our awareness of the environmental, health and safety issues and dedication to their protection makes us a leader in this area from an early stage.

Integrating environmental protection is a part of our operating philosophy. Our technological improvements were made with a view towards complying with or strengthening our environmental, health and safety protection measures. Manufacturers that are unable to meet the environmental, health and safety standards of the local government and the downstream customers would incur a higher cost for fines and remediation and might not be competitive in the industry in the long run.

業務回顧

詳情載於本年報之「管理層討論及分析」中第12頁至 第17頁。

公司的環境政策和表現

我們關注環境、健康及安全保護。作為電池材料、 染料及農業化學品中間體、顏料中間體及新材料生 產商,我們已在所有重大方面開發出符合環境、健 康及安全保護方面的所有適用國家及地方標準的生 產流程。我們亦認為實行及保持我們於環境、健康 及安全保護措施的先進開發是一項競爭優勢。不符 合地方環境、健康及安全保護標準的生產商可遭致 損失及被地方政府處以罰款。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,我們受到 地方政府不時組織的檢查,未因嚴重違反適用的環 境、健康及安全法律或法規被處以可能對我們的業 務構成重大不利影響的任何重大罰款或處罰。截至 二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,我們不曾因環 境、健康及安全問題而失去任何客戶訂單。我們相 信,我們對環境、健康及安全問題的意識以及我們 對其保護事項的投入在早期令我們成為這一方面的 領導者。

整合環保乃我們經營理念的一部分。我們的技術改進的目的在於遵守或加強我們的環境、健康及安全保護措施。無法達到地方政府以及下游客戶的環境、健康及安全標準的生產商將會產生更高額的罰款及補救成本,並可能無法在行業內具備長遠的競爭力。

The Group has set up the "Environmental Protection Administrative System" to implement the discharge of the duties of the person in charge and staff of every level and every department, and confirm the disposal treatments and standards of sewage, waste gas and solid waste. We have also set up the "Accountability System" to enhance the safety and environment awareness of all our employees and mitigate and root out any negligent acts, leading employees to fulfil their responsibility with lofty professionalism and to ensure the quality of work, so that a standardized management can be implemented.

本集團制定了《環境保護管理制度》,落實了各級負責人、部門及員工的崗位職責、明確了廢水、廢氣及廢物的處理方法和標準。我們亦制定了《問責制度》,以強化全體員工的安全環保意識,減少和杜絕各類工作失職行為,引導員工格盡職守,確保工作質量,實行規範和標準化管理。

The Group attaches great importance to the corporate social responsibilities, focusing on environmental protection, safety and health, and continues to be committed to ensuring that the business activities of the Group are in line with the relevant environmental and safety supervisory requirements. We have already obtained Quality Management System ISO9001, Environmental Management System ISO14001 and Occupational Health Safety Management System GB/T 28001-2011 for our management system.

本集團十分重視企業社會責任,關注環保、安全與健康,並將繼續致力確保業務活動符合環保及安全監管規定。我們已就管理體系取得質量管理體系ISO9001、環境管理體系ISO14001及職業健康安全管理體系GB/T 28001-2011認證。

Compliance with Related Laws and Regulations

The Group always pays attention to strict compliance with applicable laws and regulations in all material aspects, setting up and improving the existing administrative system, enhancing daily operation and supervision, and adopting effective measures to avoid and reduce risks and violation of rules. The following are some of the primary laws and regulations applicable to the Group in the PRC.

公司對有關法律和法規的遵守

本集團始終重視在所有重大方面嚴格遵循所適用的 法律和法規,制定和完善公司現行管理制度,加強 日常管理與監督,採用有效措施以防範和減少風險 和違規事項發生。以下為一些本集團於中國所適用 的主要法律和法規。

Laws on Work Safety

The Group has a comprehensive safety production management system and detailed operation procedures in place. Control on safety production is strengthened by adopting feasible preventive measures. We ensure various safety production systems, measures and responsibilities as well as the relevant contingency plans are put in place. For further details of the applicable laws and regulations and the Group's measures, please refer to the section headed "Safety Management" in the "Environment, Social and Governance Report" of this annual report.

安全生產法

本集團制定了完善的安全生產管理制度和具體的安全生產業務操作流程。採取切實可行的措施,全面加強安全生產防控力度。確保安全生產各項制度落實到位、安全生產措施落實到位、安全生產責任落實到位,以及應急預案的實用性落實到位。有關適用法律法規及本集團措施的進一步詳情,請參閱本年報「環境、社會及管治報告」中的「安全管理」一節。

The Environmental Protection Law, the Law on the Prevention and Treatment of Water Pollution and the Law on the Prevention and Treatment of Solid Waste Pollution

Enhancing environmental awareness and achieving green production management is not only the common opportunities and challenges faced by enterprises, but also the foundation of their ongoing operations. The Group strictly abides by the captioned laws and regulations and adopts effective environmental protection measures to minimize the impacts of our operations on the environment

Our production facilities have already been equipped with pollution control equipment to control and record the gas pollutants and the emission level of sewage and solid waste. We have also set up a series of internal policies and plans for environmental risks avoidance to ensure the compliance with the applicable state, industrial and local standard laws, regulations and policy requirements. We constantly strengthen the development of clean production technologies to satisfy the increasing standard of environmental protection. For further details of the applicable laws and regulations and the Group's measures, please refer to the section headed "Environmental Protection" in the "Environment, Social and Governance Report" of this annual report.

The Regulations on the Control of Foreign Exchange

The exporting business of the Group is denominated and settled in USD. Along with the constant promotion of internationalizing RMB, we do not only closely monitor the fluctuation of foreign currency, but also strictly comply with the regulations on the control of foreign exchange in foreign exchange filing registration, foreign exchange settlement, foreign exchange operating activities and foreign exchange investing activities.

環境保護法、水污染防治法,及固體廢物污染環境 防治法

提高環保意識,實現綠色生產管理,不但是企業所 共同面臨的機遇與挑戰,也是企業持續運營的前 提。本集團嚴格遵守標題所述的法律法規,採取有 效的環保措施,盡量減少我們的經營運作對環境的 影響。

我們的生產設施已安裝污染控制設備以控制及記錄氣體污染物、廢水及固體廢棄物的排放水平。我們亦制定一系列規避環境風險的內部政策及計劃以確保遵守適用國家、行業及地方標準法律、法規及政策的規定。我們不斷加強清潔生產工藝研發,以滿足日益提高的環保標準。有關適用法律法規及本集團措施的進一步詳情,請參閱本年報「環境、社會及管治報告」中的「環境保護」一節。

外匯管理條例

本集團出口業務均以美元定價和結算。隨著人民幣 國際化進程的不斷推進,我們不僅密切監督匯率波 動以防範外匯風險,也嚴格遵循外匯管理條例的規 定進行外匯備案登記、外匯收支結算、外匯經營活 動,以及外匯投資活動等。

The Foreign Trade Law

The Group has corresponding internal export business management system and operation procedures in place, and promptly conducts filing registration to export department. We engage in trade activities that are in compliance with relevant laws and abide by the trade order. In order to maintain fair market competition, we do not engage in improper competition behaviours, such as selling at an improperly low price, bid-rigging, issuing false advertisement and bribery. For exporting, the Group also seriously studies and strictly complies with the laws and regulations of the export destination countries, such as the anti-dumping law in India, product liability laws and regulations in Germany and product safety and liability laws and regulations in the United States of America.

The Labour Law

The Group developed and improved its existing internal management system to safeguard the rights of its employees. The Group stringently implements national protocols and standards on labour safety and health and conducts labour safety and health education for workers to prevent labour accidents and reduce occupational hazards. For further details of the applicable laws and regulations and the Group's measures, please refer to the section headed "Safety Management" in the "Environment, Social and Governance Report" of this annual report.

Social Insurance and Housing Provident Funds

The Group complied with the PRC laws, rules and regulations, including the Social Insurance Law, the Regulations on Unemployment Insurance, the Regulations on Work Injury Insurance and the Regulations on the Administration of Housing Provident Fund. We make contributions to social insurance in full and on time including pension insurance, medical insurance, work injury insurance, unemployment insurance and maternity insurance as well as housing provident fund. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not receive any penalty from the relevant administrative department.

對外貿易法

本集團制定了相應的內部出口業務管理制度和業務 流程,並及時向對外貿易主管部門辦理備案登記, 從事符合法律要求的貿易活動,遵守貿易秩序,維 護市場公平競爭,不實施以不正當的低價銷售商 品、串通投標、發佈虛假廣告及進行商業賄賂等不 正當競爭行為。在對外貿易中,本集團亦認真研究 和嚴格遵守出口目的地國家有關的法律及法規,如 印度的反傾銷法、德國產品責任法及法規、美國產 品安全及責任法律及法規等。

勞動法

本集團制訂和完善了內部保障勞動者權利的現行內 部管理制度。本集團嚴格實施國家勞動安全和衛生 的條例和標準,為勞動者提供勞動安全和健康教 育,防範勞動事故和減少職業危害。有關適用法律 法規及本集團措施的進一步詳情,請參閱本年報「環 境、社會及管治報告」中的「安全管理」一節。

社會保險及住房公積金

本集團遵守相關的中國法律、條例及法規,包括《社會保險法》《失業保險條例》《工傷保險條例》及《住房公積金管理條例》等,為員工按時、足額繳納社會保險費,包括養老保險、醫療保險、工傷保險、失業保險和生育保險,以及住房公積金。截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團未收到任何有關行政部門的罰款。

In light of, including but not limited to, the above-mentioned primary laws and regulations, our internal control department is responsible for monitoring from time to time our compliance with and abidance by the applicable laws and regulations and other relevant PRC laws and regulations as well as supervising the implementation of necessary measures. In addition, we plan to provide our Directors, senior management and employees with continuing training development programs and updates regarding the relevant PRC laws and regulations on a regular basis to proactively identify any concerns and issues relating to potential non-compliance in order to reduce the Group's risk of deviating from them.

針對包括但不限於上所述主要法律和法規,我們的內部控制部門負責不時監控我們對適用法規及其他相關中國法律法規的合規及遵守情況,及監督任何必要措施的實施。此外,我們計劃定期向董事、高級管理層及僱員提供持續培訓及發展課程及有關相關中國法律法規的最新資料,藉以主動找出任何潛在不合規或違反本集團管理制度的問題及事宜,以降低本集團因有關偏離而須承受的風險。

IMPORTANT RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

Customers: We have built strong, long-standing relationships with our major customers, established a strong customer base and have become the key supplier to our major customers. We have passed a number of stringent qualification and certification processes required by our customers to establish our stable customer base.

During the Review Year, we attended industry conferences to solicit new potential customers and maintain relationships with existing customers. To further enhance our business relationship with our customers, our sales team visited our major customers from time to time to conduct customer surveys to understand their evolving needs and obtained feedback on the quality of our products. We are dedicated to providing quality customer services and after-sales services. We endeavour to supply our products to our customers in a timely manner.

Suppliers: We choose our suppliers of raw materials mainly based on the prices and quality of raw materials offered by different suppliers. We issue purchase orders to our suppliers typically on a monthly basis that set out the quantities, prices and specifications of the products to be purchased, delivery arrangement, credit terms and the quality examination procedures at arms' length negotiations between the parties based on normal commercial terms.

與利益相關者的重要關係

客戶:我們已與主要客戶建立穩固的長期業務關係,建立了強大的客戶基礎,並成為主要客戶的關鍵供貨商。我們已通過我們的客戶所要求的多項嚴格資格及認證過程,以建立穩固的客戶基礎。

於回顧年內,我們出席行業會議以開發潛在的新客戶及維持與現有客戶的關係,為進一步鞏固我們與客戶的業務關係,我們的銷售團隊會不時到訪主要客戶,進行客戶意見調查以了解其不斷變化的需求及取得有關產品質量的回饋意見。我們致力於提供優質客戶服務及售後服務,並努力爭取及時向客戶供應產品。

供貨商:我們主要根據不同供貨商所提供的原材料 價格及質量甄選原材料供貨商。我們一般按月向供 貨商下達採購訂單,其中載明將予採購產品的採購 數量、價格及規格、交付安排、信用期及各方按一 般商業條款公平磋商的質量檢驗程序。

For the year ended 31 December 2023, we were able to obtain raw materials from our suppliers on terms and quality acceptable to us and we had not experienced any material disruption to the supply of any raw materials required for our production or experienced any difficulty in sourcing alternative suppliers for such raw materials. In addition, we believe the relationship between us and our major suppliers has been and will continue to be good and stable.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,我們一直 能夠按我們可接受的條款及質量自供貨商取得原材 料,而我們生產所需原材料的供應並無出現任何重 大中斷,在向其他原材料供貨商採購有關原材料時 亦無受到任何困難。此外,我們相信,我們與主要 供貨商之間的關係良好、穩定並將繼續保持。

Employees: In addition to competitive salaries, we provide employees with supplementary compensation benefits, such as free shift dormitories, free shuttle bus transportation, and meal allowance. In addition, we value our employees and provide them with continuing education, on-the-job training and encourage their career development through accumulating on-the-job experience. For the employees of our subsidiaries that operate in the PRC, we are required to make contributions to various government sponsored employee benefit funds, including basic pension insurance fund, unemployment, maternity, medical, work injury insurance fund and housing provident fund in accordance with applicable PRC laws and regulations.

僱員:除有競爭力的薪金外,我們亦提供僱員補充薪酬福利,例如免費倒班宿舍、免費往返巴士及餐補。此外,我們重視僱員,並向其提供持續教育及在職培訓機會,並鼓勵通過積累工作經驗促進事業發展。我們必須為我們中國營運附屬公司的僱員根據中國相關法津法規向各類由政府資助的僱員福利基金作出供款,包括基本養老保險基金,失業、生育、醫療、工傷保險基金,以及住房公積金。

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there have been no significant labour disputes or strikes at any of our production facilities. Our current relationship with our employees and the labour unions are good and are based on mutual support and respect.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,我們的任何生產設施均無發生重大勞工糾紛或罷工。我們與僱員及工會關係良好,秉承互相支持及互相尊重的原則。

RISK FACTORS

Risks and uncertainties can affect the Group's businesses, financial conditions, operational results or growth prospects, leading to a divergence from the expected or historical results. Key risk factors affecting the Group are outlined below. In dealing with these risk factors, the Group keeps in touch with our stakeholders with the aim of understanding and addressing their concerns.

風險因素

風險及不明朗因素可能影響本集團的業務、財務狀況、營運業績或發展前景,導致業績偏離預期或過往表現。下文羅列出一些對本集團有影響的主要風險因素。在應對這些風險因素的時候,本集團與各相關方保持聯繫,以了解和響應他們的關注。

Global Economy and Macroeconomic Conditions

Any adverse change in the global economic downturn, geopolitical tensions, the PRC's economic, political and social conditions, as well as governmental policies may affect our sales, which will result in pressure on the prices, volume and margins achieved or achievable in the future. A decline in demand or a shift to lower value end products with a lower demand for our products resulting from deteriorating economic condition may adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

In this regard, the Group will actively gain understanding of the changes in domestic and overseas markets to promptly grasp information of industries in the upper and lower stream in relation to our products and adopt strategies to ensure steady growth in our profits. We will maintain good cooperative relationships with major clients by providing them with products highly functional and of consistent quality. In addition, we will establish an enriched product structure and portfolio to diversify the risk of concentration of products. Our products are sold all over the world to avoid risk of regional economy fluctuations. We keep developing new customers to lower the dependence on one single customer.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The foreign exchange risk refers to the risk of loss caused by fluctuation in exchange rate. The foreign exchange risk of the Group is mainly related to its exporting activities. The operation of the Group may be affected by the future fluctuation in exchange rate.

In view of this, the Group resets the export price every month or quarter to avoid the risk of foreign exchange fluctuation, and concentrates purchase in China to lower the foreign exchange risk. The Group will actively monitor the impact of change in currency exchange rates on the Group and, while taking into account the nature of its business, adopt measures based on scientific identification and effective balance to control relevant risk in order to avoid material loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group neither drew up any hedging policy, nor adopted any hedging instruments.

全球經濟及宏觀經濟的狀況

全球經濟狀況低迷,地緣政局緊張,以及中國經濟、政治及社會環境及政府政策的任何不利變動,均可能對我們的銷售造成影響,從而對已實現或日後可實現的價格、銷量及利潤率造成壓力。因經濟狀況轉差導致需求下降或需求轉向低價值的低端產品而對我們產品的需求下降,則可能對我們的業務、財務狀況、經營業績及前景造成不利影響。

對此,本集團積極了解國內外市場環境變化,及時掌握產品上下遊行業信息,採取穩定盈利增長的策略,我們與主要客戶保持良好合作,為客戶提供具有優越性能及持久質量的產品。同時,我們建立並不斷豐富產品結構和種類,以分散產品集中度風險。我們產品全球銷售,分散了地區經濟波動風險。我們不斷開發新客戶,降低了對單一客戶依賴度。

外匯風險

外匯風險指因匯率變動產生損失的風險。本集團承 受的外匯風險主要與本集團的出口經營活動有關。 匯率波動可能對本集團經營造成影響。

對此,本集團採取對外銷售每月度或季度重新定價的方法及時應對匯率變動的風險因素,以及集中國內採購,降低外匯風險。本集團將繼續密切關注匯率變動對本集團外匯風險的影響,結合自身業務性質,在科學識別和有效衡量的基礎上採取措施控制外匯風險,避免產生重大損失。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並 未制定對沖政策,亦未採取任何對沖工具。

We Are Exposed to Risks Associated with Fluctuations in Prices of Raw Materials and Supply

The prices of raw materials on which we depend may be affected by a number of factors, including market supply and demand, changes in PRC import duties, PRC and global economic conditions and changes to the PRC or international environmental and regulatory requirements. Any significant increases in the cost of the raw materials may increase our cost of production and negatively affect our profit margin and, more generally, our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. A reduction in, or lack of availability of, raw materials or interruptions in the supply chain, may also impact our profitability to the extent that we are required to pay higher prices for, or are unable to secure adequate supplies of the necessary raw materials.

In this regard, we choose our suppliers of raw materials based on the prices and quality of raw materials offered by different qualified suppliers. We purchase critical raw materials from several suppliers to avoid possible risk of relying on one single supplier. We issue purchase orders to our suppliers typically on a monthly basis that set out the quantities, prices and specifications of products purchase, delivery arrangement, credit terms and the quality examination procedures at arms' length negotiations between the parties based on normal commercial terms. Furthermore, we attach importance to maintaining good relationships with major suppliers to ensure we can secure sufficient supply of raw materials of stable quality in a timely manner and avoid any adverse effect of reduction in, or lack of availability of, raw materials or interruptions in the supply chain. In response to price changes of raw materials, we seek to adjust the prices at which we sell our products to shift any increase in our costs to our customers so as to maintain our profit margins.

Expansion into New Markets Presents Increased Risks

The competitive conditions and customer preferences of new markets may be different from our existing markets. Customers in these new markets might not be familiar with our brand and we may need to build up brand awareness with greater effort than we originally planned. We may find it more difficult in new market to hire, train and retain qualified employees. This may have material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

我們面臨與原材料價格波動及供應有關的風險

我們倚賴的原材料的價格可能受眾多因素影響,包括市場供需、中國進口關稅變動、中國及全球經濟狀況及國內外環境以及監管規定發生變化。原材料成本一旦大幅增加,我們的生產成本可能增加,並可能對我們的利潤率造成負面影響,通常繼而會對我們的業務、財務狀況、經營業績及前景造成負面影響。原材料減少或短缺或供應鏈中斷亦會影響我們的盈利能力,導致我們須就必需的原材料支付更高價格,甚至或無法取得充足的供應。

對此,我們根據不同供貨商所提供的原材料價格及質量甄選符合我們要求的合格供應商。我們對重型原材料選擇多家供應商,避免單一供貨商可能出,的風險。我們一般按月向供貨商下達採購訂單,中載明產品採購數量、價格及規格、交付安排、其中,數是一般商業條款公平磋商的質量檢驗程序。此外,我們同樣重視與主要供貨商之間保持良好的業務關係,從而確保我們可以及時獲得充定的原材料供應,避免因原材料減別,與免因原材料供應,避免因原材料減別,與完養之數,我們會嘗試調整產品售價,將增加的成本轉嫁予客戶以保持利潤率。

拓展新市場將會導致更多的風險

新市場的競爭條件及客戶偏好可能有別於我們的現有市場。該等新市場的客戶可能並不熟悉我們的品牌,我們可能需要付出比原先計劃更多的努力以建立品牌知名度。我們可能會更難以在新市場聘請、培訓及挽留合資格僱員。這都將會對我們的業務、財務狀況、經營業績及前景產生重大不利影響。

In this regard, we will strengthen preliminary research and commercial feasibility analysis in relation to new markets, increase research and development of new products, technologies and techniques and hire experienced staff to fulfil our development plan for the future.

對此,我們會加強新市場的前期調研和商業可行性 分析,加大對新產品、新技術及新工藝的研發投 入,僱用有經驗的員工,以達成我們的未來發展計 劃。

We Experience Seasonal Fluctuations

We experience seasonal fluctuations in our business and results of operations. Sales of our products and our production activities are generally slower during the first quarter of each year as a result of the Chinese New Year holidays in the first quarter, where many of the consumer product manufacturers stop production. Furthermore, large quantity of herbicide is typically produced ahead of the farming seasons for use during the farming seasons. As a result, demand for agricultural chemical intermediates such as ONT and OT, a raw material of certain herbicide, also correspond to this seasonal trend. Failure to manage seasonality in our business may cause our revenue and financial condition to be adversely affected.

In this regard, we make reasonable arrangements for the production and sales of products based on their respective market demand to cope with our exposure to seasonal fluctuation. For agricultural chemical intermediates such as ONT and OT, we conduct meticulous analysis and research on the seasonal demand for our products in various regions or countries and make active moves in developing domestic and overseas markets to mitigate the impact of seasonal factors. In addition, we carefully monitor and control the fluctuation in our working capital arising from seasonal movements of revenue so as to take timely and effective action and provide our business with stable and adequate cash for operations.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Please see the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 22 to 28 of this annual report for details.

OUTLOOK

Please see the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 18 to 21 of this annual report for details.

我們存在季節性波動

我們的業務及經營業績存在季節性波動。由於春節假期在第一季度,期間許多消費品製造商停工,故於每年的第一季度我們的產品銷售及生產活動一般會放緩。此外,大量的除草劑通常在農忙期前生產以供農忙期使用。因此,對若干除草劑的原材料ONT及OT等農業化學品中間體的需求亦符合該季節趨勢,未能管理業務的季節性因素可能對我們的收益及財務狀況造成不利影響。

對此,我們根據不同產品的市場需求,合理安排各產品的生產和銷售,以應對季節性波動帶來的影響。對於ONT及OT等農業化學品中間體,我們認真分析和研究不同地區或國家對我們產品的季節性需求,積極開拓國內外市場,以降低季節性因素的影響。同時,我們謹慎監察及控制因收益的季節性變化而帶來的營運資金波動,適時採取有效措施,以為我們的業務提供穩定及足夠的營運現金。

財務關鍵表現指標分析

詳情載於本年報之「管理層討論及分析」中第22頁至 第28頁。

展望

詳情載於本年報之「管理層討論及分析」中第18頁至 第21頁。

EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of event after the Reporting Period are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

The highlight of results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years are set out on pages 7 to 8 of this annual report. This highlight does not constitute part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Major customers

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the revenue from the top five customers of the Group accounted for approximately 37.0% (2022: approximately 38.6%) of the Group's total revenue, and the turnover attributable to its largest single customer accounted for approximately 11.1% of its total revenue (2022: approximately 12.7%).

Major suppliers

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the purchases from the top five suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 47.6% (2022: approximately 37.2%) of its total purchases, and the turnover attributable to its largest single supplier accounted for approximately 18.1% of its total purchases (2022: approximately 16.4%).

During the Reporting Period, none of the Directors or any of their associates or any Shareholders (who to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's share capital in issue) had interest in any of the Group's top five customers or suppliers.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of changes in property, plant and equipment of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

報告期後事項

有關報告期後事項之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註40。

財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產及負債概要載列於本年報第7頁至第8頁。本概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

主要客戶及供貨商

主要客戶

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團前五名客戶的交易額佔本集團總收入約37.0%(二零二二年:約38.6%),而本集團之單一最大客戶的交易額佔本集團總收入約11.1%(二零二二年:約12.7%)。

主要供貨商

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團前五名供貨商的交易額佔本集團總購貨額約47.6%(二零二二年:約37.2%),而本集團之單一最大供貨商的交易額佔本集團總購貨額約18.1%(二零二二年:約16.4%)。

於報告期內,概無董事、任何彼等的聯繫人或任何 股東(據董事所知擁有本公司的已發行股本的5%以 上)於本集團五大客戶或供貨商中擁有權益。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度期間的物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13。

RESERVES

Details of changes in reserves of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 196 to 198.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2023, the Company's reserves available for distribution amounted to approximately RMB129.9 million.

BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Details of bank and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2023 are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

For the year ended 31 December 2023 and as at the date of this annual report, the Directors are as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. GE Yi Mr. BAI Kun Ms. ZHANG Nan

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent

Mr. PAN Deyuan

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung (Resigned on 15 December 2023)

Mr. ZHU Lin Mr. YU Miao

Ms. ZHANG Feiyan (Appointed on 15 December 2023)

In accordance with Article 16.19 of the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) will retire from office by rotation and will be eligible for re-election at every annual general meeting, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Thus, Mr. GE Yi, Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent and Mr. YU Miao will retire by rotation and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election as the Directors at the forthcoming AGM.

儲備

本集團之儲備於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度期間的變動詳情載於第196頁至第198頁的綜合權益變動表。

可供分派儲備

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派儲備約為人民幣129.9百萬元。

銀行借款及其他借款

關於本集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日之銀行借款及其他借款的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註26。

董事

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,至本年報 日期,董事如下:

執行董事:

戈弋先生 白崑先生 張楠女士

非執行董事:

FONTAINE Alain Vincent先生 潘德源先生

獨立非執行董事:

何啟忠先生*(於二零二三年十二月十五日辭任)* 朱霖先生

于淼先生

張飛燕女士(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任)

根據組織章程細則第16.19條,現時三分之一董事 (倘若其數目並非為三的倍數,則取最接近而不少於 三分一之數目)將輪流退任,並有資格在每次股東週 年大會膺選連任,惟各董事須最少每三年輪值告退 一次。因此,戈弋先生、FONTAINE Alain Vincent 先生及于淼先生將於應屆股東週年大會輪流退任, 並符合資格及願意膺選連任為董事。

Pursuant to Article 16.2 of the Articles of Association, any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition shall hold office until the next annual general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment. Accordingly, Ms. ZHANG Feiyan will retire at the forthcoming AGM and, being eligible, will offer herself for re-election as a Director.

根據組織章程細則第16.2條,任何由董事會委任以 填補臨時空缺,或作為新增名額的董事任期將直至 其獲委任後本公司下屆股東週年大會為止。因此, 張飛燕女士將於應屆股東週年大會退任,並符合資 格及願意膺選連任為董事。

A circular containing details of the Directors to be re-elected at the forthcoming AGM will be despatched to the Shareholders in due course. 載有應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事詳情的通 函將適時向股東寄發。

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND/OR SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes of information of Directors and/or senior management of the Company subsequent to the date of the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2023 are set out below:

董事及/或高級管理層資料之變更

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,本公司董事及/或高級管理層資料於本公司截至二零二三年六月三十日止六個月的中期報告日期後的變動載列如下:

Name of Directors/Senior Management	Details of Change
董事/高級管理層名稱	變動詳情

重事/ 局級官埋僧名稱	變動評情
Ms. ZHANG Nan	Ceased to act as the director of Tsaker Hong Kong with effect from October 2023, and appointed as a director of Tsaker Singapore with effect
張楠女士	from October 2023. 自二零二三年十月起不再擔任彩客香港的董事,及自二零二三年十月起擔任彩客新加坡的董事。
Mr. BAI Kun	Ceased to act as the director of Tsaker Singapore with effect from October 2023, and was appointed as an Authorized Representative and Process
白崑先生	Agent of the Company on 15 December 2023. 自二零二三年十月起不再擔任彩客新加坡的董事,及自二零二三年十二月十五 日起獲委任為本公司授權代表及法律程序代理人。
Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent	Ceased to be the Chairman of Clover Leaf Capital Corp. (a Canadian capital pool company listed on the TSX Ventures Exchange in Canada, stock code: CLVR.P) with effect from October 2023.
FONTAINE Alain Vincent先生	自二零二三年十月起不再擔任Clover Leaf Capital Corp.(一間於加拿大TSX Ventures Exchange上市的加拿大資本庫公司,股份代號:CLVR.P)的董事會主席。

In respect of the change in emoluments of the Directors, please refer to note 8 to financial statements of this annual report.

有關董事薪酬的變動,請參閱本年報財務報表附註 8。

Saved as disclosed above and in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report, the Company is not aware of any other changes which are required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

除上文及本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節所披露者外,本公司並不知悉根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予披露的任何其他變動。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Company are set out on pages 115 to 120 of this annual report.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received the confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTERS OF APPOINTMENT

None of the Directors has entered into any service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is of a duration exceeding three years or which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER IN MAJOR TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

For the year ended 31 December 2023, save for the Director's service contracts and letters of appointment entered into between the Company and the respective Directors, (i) no contracts of significance (including contracts of significance for the provision of services) had been entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and a controlling shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and (ii) none of the Directors and their connected entities (as defined in the Companies Ordinance) either directly or indirectly, have a material interest in any transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance subsisting during or at the end of the financial year to which the Company or its holding company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries is a party which is material to the business of the Group.

董事和高級管理層

本公司董事和高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本年報第 115頁至第120頁。

獨立非執行董事獨立性的確認

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第 3.13條確認彼等的獨立性,而本公司認為全體獨立 非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事之服務合約及委聘函

概無董事與本公司或任何其附屬公司訂立期限超過 三年或不可於一年內不付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終 止的服務合約。

董事與控股股東於重要交易、安排或合約的 權益

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,除本公司 與各董事訂立的董事服務合約及委任書外,(i)本公司或其任何附屬公司與控股股東(定義見上市規則) 或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何重大合約,包括提 供服務的重大合約;及(ii)於財政年度期間或財務年 度末,概無董事及其有關連的實體(定義見公司條 例)於本公司、其控股公司、其任何附屬公司或同系 附屬公司作為訂約方並對本集團業務而言屬重要交 易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

During the Reporting Period, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the businesses of the Company were entered into or existed.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The Remuneration Committee is set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group, with regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market practices.

Details of the remuneration of Directors and the five highest paid individuals for the Reporting Period are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

PENSION SCHEMES

Details of pension schemes of the Group are set out in note 2.4 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (as defined in Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, are set out as follows:

管理合約

於報告期內,本公司並無就有關整體全部或任何重要部分業務的管理及行政工作簽訂或訂有任何合約。

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會之設立旨在根據本集團之經營業績、董 事與高級管理層之個人表現及可資比較之市場慣例 審查本集團有關董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及薪 酬架構。

有關於報告期內董事及五位最高薪酬人士的薪酬詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註8和9。

退休金計劃

本集團退休金計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註2.4。

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有的權益及淡倉

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司最高 行政人員擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第7及 8分部已知會本公司及聯交所的本公司或其任何相聯 法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關 股份及債權證的權益及淡倉(包括根據《證券及期貨 條例》的該等條文彼等被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡 倉),或根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條已登記於須 予備存之登記冊,或根據證券交易的標準守則須知 會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

(i) Interest in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the (i) 於本公司股份及相關股份的權益 Company

					Approximate
				r of ordinary	percentage of
	of Director	Nature of interest	_	hares held ⁽¹⁾	shareholding ⁽²⁾
董事名	名稱	權益性質	持有	ī普通股數目 ^⑴	股權概約百分比(2)
05.10			400	007 750 (1.)(2)	10.170/
GE Yi		Interest in a controlled corporation	133,	337,750 (L) ⁽³⁾	13.17%
犬弋		於受控制法團權益		(好倉)(3)	
		Interest of other parties to an agreement required to be disclosed under section 317 of the SFO/Interest of children	400,	013,250 (L) ⁽⁴⁾	39.50%
		under 18/Interest of spouse 根據證券及期貨條例第317條 須予披露於協議其他方所持之權益/ 18歲以下子女權益/配偶權益		(好倉)⑷	
PAN I	Deyuan	Beneficial owner	4	5,674,000 (L)	4.51%
潘德源	•	實益擁有人		(好倉)	
A / - /			7/1		
Notes	<i>:</i>		附註	<i>\$</i>	
(1)	The letter "L"	denotes long position in the Shares.	(1)	「好倉」指該股份	中的好倉。
(2)	As at 31 December 2023, the total number of issued Shares was 1,012,597,500 Shares.		(2)		二月三十一日,已發行 012,597,500股。
(3)	is wholly-owne	represent Shares held by Cavalli which ed by Mr. GE Yi, and Mr. GE Yi is deemed ed in the same pursuant to the SFO.	(3) 該等股份由Cavalli持有,而Cavalli 戈弋先生全資擁有,故此根據證券及 貨條例,戈弋先生被視作於Cavalli中 有權益。		有,故此根據證券及期

(4) On 24 June 2019, Mr. GE Yi entered into a voting right transfer deed with Hero Time Ventures Limited, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited. Pursuant to the voting right transfer deed, the voting rights of each of Hero Time Ventures Limited, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited in the Shares were transferred to Mr. GE Yi. As such, Mr. GE Yi is deemed to be interested in 133,337,750 Shares (long position) which each of Hero Time Ventures Limited, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited is interested in (i.e., in aggregate 400,013,250 Shares) as at 31 December 2023 pursuant to section 317 of the SFO.

Mr. GE Yi, as the spouse of Ms. QI Lin, is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Ms. QI Lin is interested or deemed to be interested in under the SFO. For details of Ms. QI's interests, please refer to notes 3, 4 and 5 in the section headed "Substantial Shareholders' Interest and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares" of the Director's Report in this annual report.

Each of Mr. GE Chengyu and Ms. GE Chenghui is a child under the age of 18 of Mr. GE Yi. Mr. GE Yi is deemed to be interested in the Shares which each of Mr. GE Chengyu and Ms. GE Chenghui is interested in or deemed to be interested in under the SFO. For details of Mr. GE Chengyu and Ms. GE Chenghui's interests, please refer to notes 6, 7, 8 and 9 in the section headed "Substantial Shareholders' Interest and Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares" of the Director's Report in this annual report.

(4) 於二零一九年六月二十四日,戈弋先生 與雄際創投有限公司、明珍控股有限公 司及星途創投有限公司訂立表決權轉讓 契據。根據表決權轉讓契據,雄際創投 有限公司、明珍控股有限公司及星途創 投有限公司各自於股份的表決權已轉讓 予戈弋先生。因此,根據證券及期貨條 例第317條,戈弋先生被視為於雄際創 投有限公司、明珍控股有限公司及星途 創投有限公司各自於截至二零二三年十 二月三十一日擁有權益的133,337,750 股股份(好倉)(即共計400,013,250股 股份)中擁有權益。

> 根據證券及期貨條例, 戈弋先生作為綦琳女士之配偶被視為於綦琳女士擁有權益或視作擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。 有關綦琳女士的權益詳情, 請參閱本年報董事會報告「主要股東於股份及相關股份中的權益及淡倉」一節附註3、4及5。

> 戈誠煜先生及戈誠輝女士各自為戈弋先生未滿18歲的子女。根據證券及期貨條例,戈弋先生被視為於戈誠煜先生及戈誠輝女士各自擁有權益或視作擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。有關戈誠煜先生及戈誠輝女士的權益詳情,請參閱本年報董事會報告「主要股東於股份及相關股份中的權益及淡倉」一節附註6、7、8及9。

Annrovimato

(ii) Interest in the Associated Corporations of the (ii) 於本公司相聯法團中的權益 Company

				Approximate
				percentage of
				shareholding in
	Name of associated		Number of	the associated
Name of Director	corporations	Nature of interest	Shares held	corporations
				佔相聯法團股權的
董事名稱	相聯法團名稱	權益性質	持有股份數目	概約百分比
PAN Deyuan	Hebei Tsaker New Materials	Beneficial owner	2,521,008	3.97%
	Technology Company Limited*			
潘德源	河北彩客新材料科技股份有限公司	實益擁有人		

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (as defined in Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年十二月三十一日,概無董事或本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中,擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉(包括根據《證券及期貨條例》的該等條文彼等被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉),或須登記於根據《證券及期貨條例》第352條須予備存的登記冊內,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

No arrangement has been made by the Company or any of its subsidiaries for any Director to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate during the year ended and as at 31 December 2023, and no rights to any share capital or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate were granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, nor were any such rights exercised during the Review Year.

董事購買股份或債權證的權利

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度及於該日,本公司或其附屬公司於回顧年內的任何時間概無訂立任何安排,致使董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他法人團體股份或債權證而獲益,且並無董事或彼等之配偶或18歲以下的子女獲授予任何權利以認購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股本或債務證券,或已行使任何該等權利。

- * 僅供識別
- * For identification purpose only

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2023, to the knowledge of the Directors, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had an interest or a short position in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and recorded in the register of the

Company maintained under Section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東於股份及相關股份中的權益及淡倉

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,就本公司董事所知,下列人士(並非董事及本公司最高行政人員)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披露並已登記於本公司根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條須予備存之登記冊內之權益或淡倉:

Name of Shareholder	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of ordinary Shares held(1)	Approximate percentage of shareholding ⁽²⁾
股東名稱	身份/權益性質	持有普通股數目(1)	股權概約百分比(2)
Cavalli	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	133,337,750 (L) (好倉)	13.17%
QI Lin 素琳	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	133,337,750 (L) ⁽³⁾ (好倉) ⁽³⁾	13.17%
	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團權益	133,337,750 (L) ⁽⁴⁾ (好倉) ⁽⁴⁾	13.17%
	Interest of children under 18 未滿18歲的子女的權益	266,675,500 (L) ⁽⁵⁾ (好倉) ⁽⁵⁾	26.34%
GE Chengyu 戈誠煜	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團權益	133,337,750 (L) ⁽⁶⁾ (好倉) ⁽⁶⁾	13.17%
GE Chenghui 戈誠輝	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團權益	133,337,750 (L) ⁽⁷⁾ (好倉) ⁽⁷⁾	13.17%
Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd.	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團權益	133,337,750 (L) ⁽⁸⁾ (好倉) ⁽⁸⁾	13.17%

Name of Sha 股東名稱	reholder	Capacity/Nature of interest 身份/權益性質		Number of ordinary Shares held ⁽¹⁾ 持有普通股數目 ⁽¹⁾	Approximate percentage of shareholding ⁽²⁾ 股權概約百分比 ⁽²⁾	
Star Path Cor Manageme		Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團權益		133,337,750 (L) ⁽⁹⁾ (好倉) ⁽⁹⁾	13.17%	
Hero Time Ventures Limited 雄際創投有限公司		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		133,337,750 (L) (好倉)	13.17%	
		Interest of other parties to an agree required to be disclosed under s		400,013,250 (L) ⁽¹⁰⁾	39.50%	
		317 of the SFO 根據證券及期貨條例第317條 須予披露之於協議其他方所持之權	益	(好倉)(10)		
Star Path Ventures Limited 星途創投有限公司		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		133,337,750 (L) (好倉)	13.17%	
		Interest of other parties to an agree required to be disclosed under s		400,013,250 (L) ⁽¹¹⁾	39.50%	
		317 of the SFO 根據證券及期貨條例第317條 須予披露之於協議其他方所持之權	益	(好倉)(11)		
Radiant Pearl	l Holdinas Limite	ed Beneficial owner		133,337,750 (L)	13.17%	
明珍控股有限公司		實益擁有人		(好倉)		
		Interest of other parties to an agree required to be disclosed under s		400,013,250 (L) ⁽¹²⁾	39.50%	
		根據證券及期貨條例第317條 須予披露之於協議其他方所持之權	益	(好倉)(12)		
Notes:			附註	:		
(1)	The letter "L" de	notes long position in the Shares.	(1)	「好倉」指該股份中的好倉	•	
(2)	As at 31 December 2023, the total number of issued (2) 於二零二三年十二月三十一日,已發行 Shares was 1,012,597,500 Shares. 總數為1,012,597,500股。					
(3)	be interested in	he spouse of Mr. GE Yi, is deemed to the 133,337,750 Shares which Mr. GE or deemed to be interested in under the	(3)	根據證券及期貨條例, 戈弋先生之配偶綦琳女士被視為於戈弋先生擁有權益或視作擁有權益的133,337,750股股份中擁有權益。		

- (4) Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited is wholly-owned by Ms. QI Lin, and Ms. QI Lin is deemed to be interested in the 133,337,750 Shares which Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited is interested in pursuant to the SFO.
- (5) Each of Mr. GE Chengyu and Ms. GE Chenghui is a child under the age of 18 of Ms. QI Lin. Mr. GE Chengyu holds all shares in Hero Time Ventures Limited through his wholly-owned company Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd., and Ms. GE Chenghui holds all shares in Star Path Ventures Limited through her wholly-owned company Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. Each of Mr. GE Chengyu and Ms. GE Chenghui is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Hero Time Ventures Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited, respectively. As such, Ms. QI Lin is deemed to be interested in the 133,337,750 Shares owned by each of Hero Time Ventures Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited (i.e., in aggregate 266,675,500 Shares).
- (6) Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. holds 100% interest in Hero Time Ventures Limited, and Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. is wholly-owned by Mr. GE Chengyu. Hence, Mr. GE Chengyu is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Hero Time Ventures Limited is interested in pursuant to the SFO.
- (7) Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. holds 100% interest in Star Path Ventures Limited, and Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. is wholly-owned by Ms. GE Chenghui. Hence, Ms. GE Chenghui is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Star Path Ventures Limited is interested in pursuant to the SFO.
- (8) Hero Time Ventures Limited is wholly-owned by Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd., and Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. is deemed to be interested in the 133,337,750 Shares which Hero Time Ventures Limited is interested in under the SFO.

- (4) 明珍控股有限公司由綦琳女士全資擁有,故根據證券及期貨條例,綦琳女士被視為於明珍控股有限公司擁有權益的133,337,750股股份中擁有權益。
- (5) 戈誠煜先生及戈誠輝女士各自為綦琳女士未滿 18歲的子女。戈誠煜先生透過彼全資擁有的 附屬公司Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd.持有彼於雄際創投有限公司的全部股份,而戈誠輝女士則透過彼全資擁有的附屬 公司Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. 持有彼於星途創投有限公司的全部股份。 戈誠煜先生及戈誠輝女士各自被視為於雄際創投有限公司及星途創投有限公司持有的股份中擁有權益。因此,綦琳女士被視為於雄際創投有限公司以及星途創投有限公司各自擁有的 133,337,750股股份(即共計266,675,500股股份)中擁有權益。
- (6) Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. 持有雄際創投有限公司100%股權,而Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. 由戈誠煜先生全資擁有,故根據證券及期貨條例, 戈誠煜先生被視為於雄際創投有限公司擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。
- (7) Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. 持有星途創投有限公司100%股權,而Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. 由戈 誠輝女士全資擁有,故根據證券及期貨條例, 戈誠輝女士被視為於星途創投有限公司擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。
- (8) 雄際創投有限公司由Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd.全資擁有,根據證券及期貨條例,Hero Time Corporate Management Pte. Ltd.被視為於雄際創投有限公司擁有權益的133,337,750股股份中擁有權益。

- (9) Star Path Ventures Limited is wholly-owned by Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd., and Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd. is deemed to be interested in the 133.337.750 Shares which Star Path Ventures Limited is interested in under the SFO.
- (10)On 24 June 2019. Mr. GE Yi entered into a voting right transfer deed with Hero Time Ventures Limited, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited. Pursuant to the voting right transfer deed, the voting rights of each of Hero Time Ventures Limited, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited in the Shares were transferred to Mr. GE Yi. Hence, Hero Time Ventures Limited is deemed to be interested in 400,013,250 Shares (long position), being the sum of Shares which Mr. GE Yi, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited are interested in, pursuant to section 317 of the SFO.
- (11)On 24 June 2019. Mr. GE Yi entered into a voting right transfer deed with Hero Time Ventures Limited, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited. Pursuant to the voting right transfer deed, the voting rights of each of Hero Time Ventures Limited, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited in the Shares were transferred to Mr. GE Yi. Hence, Star Path Ventures Limited is deemed to be interested in 400,013,250 Shares (long position), being the sum of Shares which Mr. GE Yi, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Hero Time Ventures Limited are interested in, pursuant to section 317 of the SFO.
- On 24 June 2019, Mr. GE Yi entered into a voting (12)right transfer deed with Hero Time Ventures Limited, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited. Pursuant to the voting right transfer deed, the voting rights of each of Hero Time Ventures Limited, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited in the Shares were transferred to Mr. GE Yi. Hence, Radiant Pearl Holdings Limited is deemed to be interested in 400,013,250 Shares (long position), being the sum of Shares which Mr. GE Yi. Hero Time Ventures Limited and Star Path Ventures Limited are interested in, pursuant to section 317 of the SFO.

- 星途創投有限公司由Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd.全資擁有,根據證券及 期貨條例, Star Path Corporate Management Pte. Ltd.被視為於星途創投有限公司擁有權益 的133,337,750股股份中擁有權益。
- 於二零一九年六月二十四日,戈弋先生與雄際 (10)創投有限公司、明珍控股有限公司及星涂創投 有限公司訂立表決權轉讓契據。根據表決權 轉讓契據,雄際創投有限公司、明珍控股有限 公司及星途創投有限公司各自於股份的表決 權已轉讓予戈弋先生。因此,根據證券及期 貨條例第317條,雄際創投有限公司被視為於 400.013.250股(好倉)(即戈弋先生、明珍控股 有限公司及星途創投有限公司擁有權益的股份 總和)中擁有權益。
- 於二零一九年六月二十四日, 戈弋先生與雄際 (11)創投有限公司、明珍控股有限公司及星途創投 有限公司訂立表決權轉讓契據。根據表決權 轉讓契據,雄際創投有限公司、明珍控股有限 公司及星途創投有限公司各自於股份的表決 權已轉讓予戈弋先生。因此,根據證券及期 貨條例第317條,星途創投有限公司被視為於 400,013,250股(好倉)(即戈弋先生、明珍控股 有限公司及雄際創投有限公司擁有權益的股份 總和)中擁有權益。
- 於二零一九年六月二十四日,戈弋先生與雄際 (12)創投有限公司、明珍控股有限公司及星途創投 有限公司訂立表決權轉讓契據。根據表決權 轉讓契據,雄際創投有限公司、明珍控股有限 公司及星途創投有限公司各自於股份的表決 權已轉讓予戈弋先生。因此,根據證券及期 貨條例第317條,明珍控股有限公司被視為於 400,013,250股(好倉)(即戈弋先生、雄際創投 有限公司及星途創投有限公司擁有權益的股份 總和)中擁有權益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, the Directors have not been aware of any person (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or to be recorded in the register maintained under Section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,概無任何其他人士(並非董事及本公司最高行政人員)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第2及3分部須予披露,或須登記於《證券及期貨條例》第336條所述的登記冊內之權益或淡倉。

SHARE SCHEME

The Group did not have any share scheme for the year ended 31 December 2023.

DEBENTURES ISSUED

The Company did not issue any debentures for the year ended 31 December 2023.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2023, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares were entered into by the Company or subsisted as at the end of the year.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of changes in the share capital of the Company for the Review Year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

For the year ended 31 December 2023, as the Board considered that the price of the Company's Shares did not reflect their intrinsic value, and the share repurchase program could reflect the Board's confidence in the Company's development prospects, thus the Company repurchased on the Stock Exchange a total number of 18,549,500 Shares at a total consideration (before deduction of expenses) of HK\$21,473,740. The repurchased 2,664,000 Shares and 15,885,500 Shares were subsequently cancelled by the Company on 27 July 2023 and 6 February 2024, respectively.

股份計劃

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度期間,本集 團概無任何股份計劃。

已發行的債權證

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司概 無發行債權證。

股票掛鈎協議

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度或年度結束 時,本公司概無訂立或存在任何股票掛鈎協議將會 或可導致本公司發行股份,或規定本公司訂立任何 協議將會或可導致本公司發行股份。

股本

本公司之股本於回顧年內的變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註31。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,因董事會認為本公司股份價值未能反應其內在價值,而股份回購計劃可反應董事會對本公司的發展前景充滿信心,於聯交所購回18,549,500股股份,總代價(扣除開支前)為21,473,740港元。已購回之2,664,000股股份及15,885,500股股份其後分別已於二零二三年七月二十七日及二零二四年二月六日註銷。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

Details of the repurchase are as follows:

購回詳情如下:

Month	Number of Shares repurchased	Highest purchase price per Share HK\$	Lowest purchase price per Share HK\$	Total consideration (before deduction of expenses) HK\$
月份	已購回股份數目	每股最高購買價 港元	每股最低購買價 港元	總代價(扣除開支前) 港元
April 2023 二零二三年四月	62,000	1.39	1.38	85,830
May 2023 二零二三年五月	449,000	1.40	1.28	603,325
June 2023 二零二三年六月	905,000	1.29	1.23	1,136,510
July 2023 二零二三年七月	1,247,500	1.35	1.28	1,634,785
August 2023 二零二三年八月	2,099,500	1.19	1.10	2,389,665
September 2023 二零二三年九月	5,923,000	1.22	1.12	6,804,285
October 2023 二零二三年十月	5,097,000	1.17	1.06	5,829,720
November 2023 二零二三年十一月	376,000	1.12	1.06	405,735
December 2023 二零二三年十二月	2,390,000	1.12	1.04	2,583,885
Total: 合計:	18,549,500			21,473,740

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold, redeemed or cancelled any of the Company's listed securities for the year ended 31 December 2023.

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度內購買、 出售、贖回或註銷本公司上市證券。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHT

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands that would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holdings of the Company's securities.

UNDERTAKINGS OF NON-COMPETITION

Mr. GE Yi and Cavalli had entered into the Deed of Non-competition in favour of our Company (for itself and as trustee for the benefit of each of its subsidiaries), under which Mr. GE Yi and Cavalli had undertaken to our Company that they will not, and will procure that none of their respective associates (other than members of our Group) will, directly or indirectly (including through anybody corporate, partnership, joint venture or other contractual arrangement) or as principal or agent, either on any of their own account or with each other or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person, firm or company or through any entities (except in or through any members of our Group):

- carry on, engage, participate or hold any right or interest in or render any services to or otherwise be involved in any business which is in competition, directly or indirectly, with or is likely to be in competition, directly or indirectly, with our business, whether as a Shareholder, Director, senior officer, partner, agent, lender, employee, consultant or otherwise, and whether for profit, reward or otherwise; and
- take any action which interferes with or disrupts or may interfere with or disrupt our business (as defined in the Prospectus) including, but not limited to, solicitation of any of the then current customers, suppliers or employees from any members of our Group.

Please refer to the Prospectus for details of the Deed of Noncompetition.

優先購買權

組織章程細則及開曼群島法律項下並無優先購買權 條文,規定本公司須按比例基準向現有股東發售新 股份。

税務減免及豁免

董事並不知悉股東因其持有本公司證券而享有的任何稅務減免及豁免。

不競爭承諾

戈弋先生及Cavalli以本公司(本身及為附屬公司利益而作為受託人)為受益人訂立不競爭契據,據此, 戈弋先生及Cavalli向本公司承諾不會並將不會促使 彼等各自的聯繫人(本集團成員公司除外)直接或間 接(包括通過任何法團、合夥企業、合資企業或其他 合同安排)或作為主事人或代理人自行或共同、或連 同或代表任何人士、企業或公司或透過任何實體(屬 於或透過本集團任何成員公司除外)進行若干活動:

- 以股東、董事、高級職員、合夥人、代理人、貸款人、僱員、顧問或其他身份進行、從事、參與任何與業務直接或間接競爭或可能競爭的業務或持有其中任何權利或權益或為其提供任何服務或以其他方式牽涉其中,不論是否為利益、回報或其他;及
- 採取任何干擾或妨礙或可能干擾或妨礙我們的業務(定義見招股説明書)的行動,包括但不限於招攬任何本集團成員公司當時的客戶、供應商或僱員。

關於不競爭契據的詳情,請參見招股説明書。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

In 2023, Mr. GE Yi personally controlled more than 30% of the voting rights of the Company's Shares, so he was still regarded as a controlling shareholder and subject to the Deed of Noncompetition.

戈弋先生個人於二零二三年度控制30%以上的公司 股份表決權,因此仍然被視為控股股東並受不競爭 契據之規限。

The Company has received the annual confirmation from Mr. GE Yi in respect of his compliance during the Reporting Period with the non-competition undertakings under the Deed of Non-competition issued to the Company in 2023.

本公司已收到戈弋先生於報告期內已遵守不競爭承 諾的年度確認書,確認二零二三年度彼已遵守其向 本公司出具的不競爭契據所作的各項承諾。

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the compliance with the Deed of Non-competition during the Reporting Period based on data and the confirmation provided or given by Mr. GE Yi and are satisfied that he had complied with the Deed of Non-competition.

獨立非執行董事已根據戈弋先生所提供或彼給予的 數據及確認,審閱不競爭契據於報告期內之履行情 況,並滿意彼已遵守不競爭契據。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2023, no Directors or any of their associates had any interests in any business which competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

董事於競爭業務的權益

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,概無董事或彼等的 聯繫人於任何與本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或 可能構成競爭的業務中擁有任何權益。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED **TRANSACTION**

During the Review Year, the Group entered into certain transactions with related parties as defined in accordance with applicable accounting standards, and details of which are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report. Such related party transactions fall under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" (as the case may be) in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules (fully exempted pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules). The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure and other requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of Listing Rules.

關聯方交易及關連交易

於回顧年度,本集團與根據適用會計準則定義的關 聯方進行若干交易。詳情載於本年報綜合財務報表 附註36。該等關聯方交易屬於上市規則第14A章項 下「關連交易」或「持續關連交易」(視情況而定)之 定義(包括按上市規則第14A章獲全面豁免的關連交 易)。本公司確認符合上市規則第14A章的披露及其 他規定。

MATERIAL LITIGATION

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company has not been involved in any material litigation or arbitration. To the best knowledge of the Directors, there is no material litigation or claim pending or threatened against the Company.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to Article 34.1 of the Articles of Association, every Director, auditor or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses incurred or sustained by him as a Director, auditor or other officer of the Company by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain through their own fraud or dishonesty. The Group has taken out and maintained directors' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover for the Directors. Every Director, auditor or other officer of the Company is therefore entitled to be indemnified subject to the Company Law or other relevant regulations for the year ended 31 December 2023. The permitted indemnity provision was in force during the year ended 31 December 2023 for the benefit of the Directors.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices. Information of the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the section headed "Report of Corporate Governance" on pages 150 to 182 of this annual report.

重大法律訴訟

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無涉及任何重大法律訴訟或仲裁。就董事所深知,也不存在任何尚未完結或對本公司存在威脅性的重大法律訴訟或索賠。

獲准許的彌償條文

根據組織章程細則第34.1條的規定,各董事、核數師或本公司其他高級管理人員有權從本公司的公司其他高級管理人員有權從本公司的公司其他高級管理人員因就各自之職務或信託履行論之時,以獨償其作出、贊同或未作出之任何行為為實時作出、贊同或未作出之任何行為為實所支(因彼等自身欺詐或不誠實而產生或導致的所有訴訟、成本、費用、損失、導致的所有訴訟、成本、費用、損失、導致的所有訴訟、成本、費用、損失、導致的所有訴訟、成本、費用、損失、導致的所有訴訟、成本、費用、其生或導力。本集團於年內已辦理及維持董事。及解,為董事作適當的保障。因此,截至三零二三十一日止年度期間,各董事、核數法規之,為董事作適當的保管理人員,在符合公司法或其他相關法規之制提下,都有權獲得彌償。獲准許的彌償條文於利益性效。

審核委員會

審核委員會已與管理層共同審閱本集團所採納的會計原則及慣例,以及截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度經審核綜合財務報表。

企業管治守則

本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治常規。有關本公司所採納之企業管治常規資料載於本年報第150頁至第182頁之「企業管治報告」。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued Shares, being the minimum percentage of public float as prescribed by the Stock Exchange and under the Listing Rules, was held by the public at all times during the Reporting Period and as at the date of this annual report.

DONATION

Please refer to the section headed "CARING FOR COMMUNITY AND TAKING SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY" in the "Environment, Social and Governance Report" of this annual report for further details.

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young has been appointed as auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023. Ernst & Young has audited the accompanying financial statements which were prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

Ernst & Young is required to retire in the forthcoming AGM, and is eligible and offers itself for re-election. A resolution for the reappointment of Ernst & Young as the auditor of the Company will be proposed at the AGM.

There has been no change in the Company's auditor in the preceding three years.

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The Register of Members will be closed from Friday, 10 May 2024 to Thursday, 16 May 2024, both days inclusive, in order to determine the identity of the Shareholders who are entitled to attend the AGM, during which period no share transfers will be registered. To be eligible to attend the AGM, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 9 May 2024.

公眾持有量

根據本公司可公開獲得的資料及就董事所深知,於報告期內的任何時間及直至本年報日期,本公司已發行股份總額中至少有25%(即聯交所及上市規則規定的最低公眾持股比例)由公眾人士持有。

捐款

進一步詳情請參閱本年報「環境、社會及管治報告」中的「回饋社會,擔任社會責任」一節。

核數師

安永會計師事務所獲委任為截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度的核數師。安永會計師事務所已審 核隨附的財務報表,該等報表按香港財務報告準則 編製。

安永會計師事務所須於即將舉行的股東週年大會上 退任,並符合資格及願意膺選連任。有關續聘安永 會計師事務所為核數師的決議案將於股東週年大會 上提呈。

於過往三年內,本公司核數師未發生變動。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定有權出席股東週年大會的股東身份,本公司 將於二零二四年五月十日(星期五)至二零二四年五 月十六日(星期四)期間(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股 份過戶登記手續,於此期間不會辦理任何股份過戶 登記。為符合資格出席股東週年大會,所有已填妥 的股份過戶文件連同相關股票須不遲於二零二四年 五月九日(星期四)下午四時三十分送交本公司的香 港股份過戶登記分處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址 為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓,以作登記。

Directors' Report 董事會報告

The Register of Members will also be closed from Wednesday, 22 May 2024 to Monday, 27 May 2024, both days inclusive, in order to determine the entitlement of the Shareholders to receive the final dividend, during which period no share transfers will be registered. To be eligible to receive the final dividend, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 21 May 2024.

為釐定有權收取末期股息的股東身份,本公司亦將於二零二四年五月二十二日(星期三)至二零二四年五月二十七日(星期一)期間(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,於此期間不會辦理任何股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格獲得末期股息,所有已填妥的股份過戶文件連同相關股票須不遲於二零二四年五月二十一日(星期二)下午四時三十分送交本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓,以作登記。

By order of the Board

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

GE Yi

Beijing, the PRC, 18 March 2024

承董事會命 *主席兼行政總裁* **戈弋** 中國北京,二零二四年三月十八日

企業管治報告

The Board hereby presents the corporate governance report of the Company for the period from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023.

董事會謹此呈列本公司自二零二三年一月一日起至 二零二三年十二月三十一日止期間之企業管治報告。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of its Shareholders and enhance its value and accountability. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") under Appendix C1 (previously Appendix 14) to the Listing Rules as its own corporate governance code. The Company has been in compliance with all applicable code provisions under the CG Code throughout the Reporting Period, except for code provision C.2.1 which stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company will continue to review and monitor its corporate governance practices in order to ensure the compliance with the CG Code.

企業管治常規

本公司致力維持高水平的企業管治,以保障股東權益並提升企業價值及問責性。本公司已採納上市規則附錄C1(此前為附錄十四)所載之《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)作為其本身之企業管治守則。於報告期內,除守則條文第C.2.1條(該條規定主席與行政總裁之職務須分開,並不應由一人同時兼任)外,本公司一直遵守企業管治守則項下之所有適用守則條文。本公司將繼續檢討並監察其企業管治規,以確保遵守企業管治守則。

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, oversees the Group's strategic decisions and monitors business and performance. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established four Board committees, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the ESG Committee. The Board has delegated to the Board committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

The board is responsible for the management of the Company and is accountable to the Shareholders for their entrusted assets and resources.

All Directors shall ensure that they carry out their duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders at all times.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of liability arising from legal action against its Directors, and will conduct annual review on such insurance cover.

董事會

責任

董事會負責本集團的整體領導,並監察本集團的策略性決定以及監察業務及表現。董事會已向本集團的高級管理層授與本集團日常管理及營運的權力及責任。為監察本公司事務的特定範疇,董事會已成立四個董事會委員會,包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及ESG委員會。董事會已向該等董事會委員會授與各職權範圍所載的責任。

董事會負責本公司的管理,並就股東所委託的資產 及資源向股東負責。

全體董事須確保彼等本著真誠、遵守適用法律及法規,無論何時均以符合本公司及股東利益的方式履行職責。

本公司已就針對董事的法律訴訟安排適當責任保險,並將每年審視該保險之保障範圍。

企業管治報告

Board Composition

As at the end of the Reporting Period, the Board comprised three executive Directors, two non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors, as set out below:

Executive Directors:

Mr. GE Yi (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. BAI Kun (Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary)

Ms. ZHANG Nan

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent

Mr. PAN Deyuan

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung (Resigned on 15 December 2023)

Mr. ZHU Lin Mr. YU Miao

Ms. ZHANG Feiyan (Appointed on 15 December 2023)

The biographies of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

During the Reporting Period, the Board met the requirements of Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has also complied with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules, which relates to the appointment of independent non-executive directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers each of them to be independent.

Ms. ZHANG Feiyan, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director during the the Reporting Period, had obtained the legal advice referred to in Rule 3.09D of the Listing Rules on 7 December 2023, and she has confirmed that she understood her obligations as a Director.

董事會組成

截止報告期末,董事會由三名執行董事、兩名非執 行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成,詳情如下:

執行董事:

戈弋先生(主席兼行政總裁) 白崑先生(首席財務官兼公司秘書) 張楠女士

非執行董事:

FONTAINE Alain Vincent先生 潘德源先生

獨立非執行董事:

何啟忠先生(於二零二三年十二月十五日辭任) 朱霖先生 干淼先生

張飛燕女士(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任)

董事履歷載於本年報之「董事及高級管理層」一節。

於本報告期內,董事會已遵守上市規則第3.10(1)及 3.10(2)條有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董事(其中 至少一名獨立非執行董事須擁有適當的專業資格或 會計或相關財務管理專業知識)的規定。

本公司亦已遵守上市規則第3.10A條有關委任相當於 董事會成員三分之一的獨立非執行董事的規定。

由於各獨立非執行董事均已根據上市規則第3.13條確認其獨立性,故本公司認為彼等均為獨立人士。

張飛燕女士於報告期內獲委任為獨立非執行董事, 已於二零二三年十二月七日取得上市規則第3.09D 條所述的法律意見,並確認明白其作為董事的責任。

企業管治報告

Save as disclosed in the biographies of the Directors as set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report, none of the Directors has any personal relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) with any other Directors or any chief executive.

除本年報之「董事及高級管理層」一節所載董事履歷中所披露者外,概無董事與任何其他董事或最高行政人員有任何個人關係(包括財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係)。

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and expertise to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均為董事會帶來各種不同的寶貴營商經驗、知識及專門技能,使其有效率及有效地運作。獨立非執行董事應邀於審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會任職。

As regards the corporate governance code provision requiring directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations and other significant commitments as well as their identity and the time involved to the issuer, the Directors have agreed to disclose their commitments to the Company in a timely manner.

鑒於企業管治守則條文要求董事披露於上市公司或 機構所持職務的數量及性質及其他重大承擔,以及 彼等的身份及於發行人任職的時間,故董事已同意 適時向本公司披露彼等的承擔。

INDUCTION AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

入職及持續專業發展

Any newly appointed Director would be provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Group's operations and businesses as well as his/her responsibilities under relevant statutes, laws, rules and regulations. The Company also arranges regular seminars to provide Directors with updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The Directors are also provided with regular updates on the Group's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

任何新委任的董事均獲提供必要的入職培訓及資料,以確保其對本集團的營運及業務以及其於相關法規、法例、規則及條例下對彼等的責任有適當程度的了解。本公司亦定期為董事安排研討會,以不時為彼等提供上市規則及其他相關法律及監管規定最新發展及變動的更新資料。董事亦定期獲提供有關本集團表現、狀況及前景的更新數據,使董事會全體及各董事得以履行彼等的職責。

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. From time to time, the company secretary of the Company update and provide the Directors with written training materials in relation to their roles, functions and duties.

本公司鼓勵全體董事進行持續專業發展,藉此發展 及更新其知識及技能。本公司公司秘書不時更新及 提供有關董事角色、職能及職責的書面培訓材料。

企業管治報告

A summary of training received by the Directors for the Reporting Period according to the records provided by the Directors is as follows:

根據董事提供的記錄,於報告期內,董事接受的培 訓概述如下:

		Nature of Continuous Professional Development
Name of Directors	董事姓名	持續專業發展課程性質
Executive Directors	執行董事	
		D 0
Mr. GE Yi	戈弋先生	B, C
Mr. BAI Kun	白崑先生	A, B, C
Ms. Zhang Nan	張楠女士	B, C
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent	FONTAINE Alain Vincent先生	A, B, C
Mr. PAN Deyuan	潘德源先生	В
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung (Resigned	何啟忠先生(於二零二三年十二月	
on 15 December 2023)	十五日辭任)	В
Mr. ZHU Lin	朱霖先生	A, B, C
Mr. YU Miao	于淼先生	В
Ms. ZHANG Feiyan (Appointed on	張飛燕女士 <i>(於二零二三年十二月</i>	
15 December 2023)	十五日獲委任)	B, C

Notes		附註:	
A:	attending seminars and/or conferences and/or forums and/or briefings	A :	出席研討會及/或會議及/或論壇及/或簡報會
B:	reading materials on various topics, including corporate governance matters, directors' duties and responsibilities, Listing Rules and other relevant laws	B:	閱讀多種類別議題的材料,議題包括企業管治、董事職務及職責、上市規則及其他相關法 例
C:	participating in training provided by law/accounting firms and that relating to the business of the Company	C :	參加律師/會計師所提供的培訓、與本公司業 務有關的培訓

企業管治報告

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

In accordance with the code provision C.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company deviates from the code provision C.2.1 because Mr. GE Yi performs both the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Since Mr. GE Yi has been with the Group for many years, he has a thorough understanding in our business, management, customers and products. With his extensive experience in business operation and management, the Board believes that vesting the two roles in the same person provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership and facilitates effective implementation and execution of our business decisions and strategies, and is beneficial to the business prospects and management of the Company.

Under the leadership of Mr. GE Yi, the Board works effectively and performs its responsibilities with all key and appropriate issues discussed in a timely manner. In addition, as all major decisions are made in consultation with members of the Board and relevant Board committees, and there are three independent non-executive Directors on the Board offering independent perspectives, the Board is therefore of the view that there are adequate safeguards in place to ensure sufficient balance of powers and authorities between the Board and the management of the Company. To maintain a high standard of corporate governance practices of the Company, the Board shall nevertheless review the effectiveness of the structure and composition of the Board from time to time in light of prevailing circumstances.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Mr. GE Yi, being the executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing on 15 June 2021, which is subject to renewal upon mutual agreement.

Mr. BAI Kun, being the executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing on 23 August 2022, which is subject to renewal upon mutual agreement.

主席及行政總裁

根據企業管治守則守則條文第C.2.1條,主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。本公司偏離守則條文第C.2.1條,原因是戈弋先生同時擔任本公司主席兼行政總裁。由於戈弋先生加入本集團多年,彼已深入了解我們業務、管理、客戶及產品。憑藉其於業務營運及管理的豐富經驗,董事會認為兩個職位由同一人擔任令本公司之領導穩固一致,並有效落實及執行業務決策及策略,有利於本公司業務前景及管理。

在戈弋先生的領導下,董事會有效運作並履行其職責,適時商討所有重要及適當問題。此外,由於所有主要決策均經諮詢董事會成員及相關董事委員會後作出,且董事會有三名獨立非執行董事提出獨立意見,故董事會認為有足夠保障措施確保董事會及本公司管理層權力及權限平衡。董事會將不時根據現況檢討董事會架構及組成之效益,以保持本公司的高水平企業管治常規。

董事的委任及重選連任

執行董事戈弋先生已與本公司簽立服務合約,自二 零二一年六月十五日起計為期三年,可待雙方同意 後予以續期。

執行董事白崑先生已與本公司簽立服務合約,自二 零二二年八月二十三日起計為期三年,可待雙方同 意後予以續期。

企業管治報告

Ms. ZHANG Nan, being the executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing on 10 January 2022, which is subject to renewal upon mutual agreement.

執行董事張楠女士已與本公司簽立服務合約,自二 零二二年一月十日起計為期三年,可待雙方同意後 予以續期。

Mr. PAN Deyuan, being the non-executive Director, has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing on 25 November 2022, which is subject to renewal upon mutual agreement.

非執行董事潘德源先生已與本公司簽署自二零二二 年十一月二十五日起年期三年的聘書,可待雙方同 意後予以續期。

Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent, being the non-executive Director, and Mr. ZHU Lin and Mr. YU Miao, being the independent non-executive Directors, have entered into letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 15 June 2021, renewable upon mutual agreement.

非執行董事FONTAINE Alain Vincent先生及獨立非執行董事朱霖先生、于淼先生已與本公司簽署自二零二一年六月十五日起年期三年的聘書,可待雙方同意後予以續期。

Ms. ZHANG Feiyan, being the independent non-executive Director, has entered into letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 15 December 2023, renewable upon mutual agreement.

獨立非執行董事張飛燕女士已與本公司簽署自二零 二三年十二月十五日起年期三年的聘書,可待雙方 同意後予以續期。

No Director has entered into a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is of a duration exceeding three years or which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

概無董事與本公司或任何其附屬公司訂立期限超過 三年或不可於一年內不付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終 止的服務合約。

In accordance with Article 16.19 of the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) will retire from office by rotation and will be eligible for re-election at every annual general meeting, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Therefore, Mr. GE Yi, Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent and Mr. YU Miao will retire by rotation and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election as the Director at the forthcoming AGM.

根據組織章程細則第16.19條,現時三分之一董事 (倘若其數目並非為三的倍數,則取最接近而不少於 三分一之數目)將輪流退任,並有資格在每次股東週 年大會膺選連任,惟各董事須最少每三年輪流退任 一次。因此,戈弋先生、FONTAINE Alain Vincent 先生及于淼先生將於應屆股東週年大會輪流退任, 並符合資格及願意膺選連任為董事。

In accordance with Article 16.2 of the Articles of Association, any Director appointed by the Board either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition will hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment. Therefore, Ms. ZHANG Feiyan will retire and, being eligible, will offer herself for re-election as the Director at the forthcoming AGM.

根據組織章程細則第16.2條,任何由董事會委任以 填補臨時空缺,或作為新增名額的董事任期將直至 其獲委任後本公司下屆股東週年大會為止。因此, 張飛燕女士將於應屆股東週年大會退任,並符合資 格及願意膺選連任為董事。

企業管治報告

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Articles of Association. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-election of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

董事的委任、重選連任及罷免程序及過程已載於組織章程細則。提名委員會負責檢討董事會的組成方式,並就董事的委任、重選連任及接任計劃向董事會提供推薦建議。

BOARD MEETINGS

The Company will adopt the practice of holding Board meetings regularly, at least four times a year, and at approximately quarterly intervals. Notices of no less than fourteen days are given for all regular Board meetings to provide all Directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for a regular meeting.

For other Board meetings and Board Committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given by the Company. The agenda and accompanying Board papers are dispatched to the Directors or committee members at least three days before the Board meetings or Board Committee meetings to ensure that the Directors have sufficient time to review the papers and be adequately prepared for active participation in the Board meetings or Board Committee meetings. When Directors or committee members are unable to attend a meeting, they will be advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the Chairman prior to the meeting. Minutes of meetings shall be kept by the company secretary with copies circulated to all Directors for information and records.

Minutes of the Board meetings and Board Committee meetings are recorded in sufficient detail on the matters considered by the Board and the Board Committees and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised or dissenting views expressed by the Directors. Draft minutes and final versions of each Board meeting and Board Committee meeting are/will be sent to the Directors for comments and record within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held. The minutes of the Board meetings are open for inspection by the Directors.

董事會會議

本公司將採納定期舉行董事會會議之慣例,每年召開至少四次董事會會議,大約每季一次。全體董事將獲發不少於十四天之通知以召開定期董事會會議,令全體董事均獲機會出席定期會議並討論議程事項。

就其他董事會及董事會委員會會議而言,本公司通常會發出合理通知。會議通知中已包括會議議會 相關董事會文件,並至少在舉行董事會或董事會 員會會議日期的三天前向董事或委員會成員送進備 長時間審閱有關文件及充分準備積 極出席董事會會議或董事會委員會會議。倘董事計 極出席董事會會議或董事會委員會會議。倘董事計 委員會成員未能出席會議,則彼等會獲悉將予可 等員會成員未能出席會議名錄,並提供該等會議 記見。公司秘書應備存會議紀錄,並提供該等會議 紀錄副本予所有董事作其參閱及紀錄之用。

董事會會議及董事會委員會會議的會議紀錄會詳盡記錄董事會及董事會委員會所考慮的事宜及所達致的決定,包括董事提出的任何問題或表達的任何不同意見。各董事會會議及董事會委員會會議的會議紀錄草擬本及最終版本會/將會於會議舉行後的合理時間內寄送至各董事,以供彼等考慮及記錄。董事會會議的會議紀錄公開供所有董事查閱。

企業管治報告

During the Reporting Period, six Board meetings and one annual general meeting were held, and the attendance of the individual Directors at these meetings is set out in the table below:

於報告期內,董事會共舉行六次董事會會議及一次 股東週年大會,個別董事出席情況載於下表:

		Meeting Attended/ Number of Board meetings	Meeting Attended/ Number of General meetings
Directors	董事	出席會議/董事會次數	出席會議/股東大會次數
	+1 (-++-		
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. GE Yi	戈弋先生	6/6	1/1
Mr. BAI Kun	白崑先生	6/6	1/1
Ms. ZHANG Nan	張楠女士	6/6	1/1
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事		
Mr. FONTAINE Alain Vincent	FONTAINE Alain Vincent先生	6/6	1/1
Mr. PAN Deyuan	潘德源先生	6/6	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung (Resigned on	何啟忠先生 <i>(於二零二三年</i>		
15 December 2023)	十二月十五日辭任)	6/6	1/1
Mr. ZHU Lin	朱霖先生	6/6	1/1
Mr. YU Miao	干淼先生	6/6	1/1
Ms. ZHANG Feiyan ⁽¹⁾	張飛燕女士(1)	N/A	N/A

Note:

(1) Ms. ZHANG Feiyan was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director on 15 December 2023 and no Board meeting had been held after her appointment. She was appointed after the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 May 2023.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiry has been made to all the Directors and each of the Directors has confirmed that he/she complied with the Model Code throughout the Reporting Period.

During the Reporting Period, the Company also adopted its own code of conduct regarding employees' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the standard set out in the Model Code for the compliance by its relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company in respect of their dealings in the Company's securities.

附註:

(1) 張飛燕女士於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任 為獨立非執行董事,獲委任後未召開董事會會 議。彼乃於二零二三年五月十日舉行本公司股 東週年大會後獲委任。

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則作為其自身有關董事進行證券交易的行為守則。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,各董事已確認,彼等於報告期內一直遵守標準守則。

於報告期內,本公司亦已採納一套其條款不遜於標準守則所訂標準的僱員證券交易的自身行為守則, 以供可能掌握本公司的未公開內幕消息的僱員遵照 規定買賣本公司證券。

企業管治報告

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Board reserves for its decision on all major matters of the Company, including: approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters. Directors could have recourse to seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense. Directors are encouraged to access and consult with the Company's senior management independently.

The daily management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the management.

董事會確認,企業管治應屬董事的共同責任,彼等的企業管治職能包括:

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board recognizes that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of Directors, their corporate governance duties include:

- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors;
- (d) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and to make recommendations to the Board and report to the Board on matters;
- to review the Company's compliance with the corporate governance code and disclosure in the corporate governance report; and
- (f) to review and monitor the Company's compliance with the Company's whistleblowing policy.

董事會的授權

董事會對本公司所有重大事宜保留決策權,包括: 批准及監督一切政策事宜、整體策略及預算、內部 監控及風險管理系統、重大交易(特別是可能牽涉利 益衝突者)、財務資料、委任董事及其他主要財務及 營運事宜。董事於履行彼等職責時可尋求獨立專業 意見,費用由本公司承擔。彼等亦被鼓勵向本公司 高級管理層進行獨立諮詢。

本集團的日常管理、行政及營運交予高級管理層負

責。董事會定期檢討所授權職能及職責。管理層訂

企業管治職能

立任何重大交易前須取得董事會批准。

- (a) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常規;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續 專業發展;
- (c) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之操守 守則及合規手冊;
- (d) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規, 並向董事會推薦其意見及匯報相關事宜;
- (e) 檢討本公司對企業管治守則之遵守情況及在 企業管治報告之披露;及
- (f) 檢討及監察本公司對本公司的舉報政策的遵守情況。

企業管治報告

MISSIONS, VALUES AND STRATEGIES OF THE COMPANY AND CORPORATE CULTURE

To ensure the missions, values and strategies of the Company are in line with its corporate culture, the Board has formulated the Statement on Missions, Values and Strategies of the Company. The Statement has set out the vision and values of the Company, as well as various strategies adopted for the realization of its missions and values.

本公司之目的、價值及策略與本公司的文化

董事會已制定了本公司《宗旨、價值及戰略聲明》, 以確保本公司之目的、價值及策略與本公司的文化 一致。該聲明載列本公司的願景及價值,以及為實 現其宗旨及價值而採取的各項戰略。

PURPOSE

It is the Company's vision to become a world-renowned manufacturer of fine chemicals, including battery materials, dye and agricultural chemical intermediates, pigment intermediates and new materials etc.

宗旨

本公司的願景乃成為全球知名的精細化學品生產 商,包括電池材料、染料及農業化學品中間體、顏 料中間體及新材料等。

VALUE

Philosophy

The Company is well-versed in chemistry and understands the essence of chemistry.

價值

思維

本公司深諳化學,了解化學的精髓。

Support

Mutual support with partners – the Company is a trustworthy partner, which is where the value of the Company's brand and customers lies. The Company and its customers are in mutual reliance.

支持

與合作夥伴相互支持 - 本公司是值得信賴的合作夥伴,亦為本公司的品牌和客戶價值所在。本公司與客戶相互倚賴、共同生存。

Vision

The Company adds color to the world.

抱負

本公司為世界添彩。

Knowledge

The Company has professional knowledge and constantly innovates technology.

知識

本公司擁有專業知識,不斷創新技術。

Steadfast

The Company's pursuit of technical perfection never ceases.

恒久

本公司對完美技術的追求永不停歇。

Responsibility

The Company will always insist on changing the world and human life with green technology, focusing on people and the environment.

責任

本公司將始終堅持以綠色科技改變世界及人類生活,聚焦人類和環境。

企業管治報告

STRATEGY

The Company aims to realize its purpose and value through the following strategies:

- Providing a full range of solutions to meet the development needs of the chemical industry in the future
- Continuing to invest in the innovation and development of green technology
- Successfully expanding and strengthening its influence in China and other overseas markets

The Company is committed to fostering a work culture that encourages innovation, experimentation, excellence and sustainability:

- Offering employees training opportunities from internal or external management, technology, supervision and other consultants:
 - Encouraging employees to participate in external training on creativity, corporate leadership and management.
 - (2) Hosting internal cultural events to achieve shared strategic goals and live out the Company's values, mission and vision.
- Long-term sustainable development:

The Company has always insisted on changing the world and human life with green technology focusing on people and the environment. The Company continues to invest in the innovation and development of green technology, promote "green production", and reduce emissions generated during the production process. Through continuous equipment upgrades and technology optimization, the Company will continue to explore feasible emission reduction measures to reduce the impact on our environment.

戰略

本公司旨在通過以下戰略實現其宗旨及價值:

- 提供全方位的解決方案,以應對未來化工行業的發展需求
- 持續投資於綠色科技的創新及發展
- 成功擴大及增強在中國及其他海外市場的影響力

本公司致力培養鼓勵創新、敢於嘗試、追求卓越及 可持續的工作文化:

- 為員工提供來自管理、技術、監管及其他內 部講師或外聘顧問的培訓機會:
 - (1) 鼓勵員工參與有關於創意、企業領導 能力及管理的外部培訓。
 - (2) 舉辦內部文化活動,以實現共同的戰略目標並實踐公司的價值觀、使命和願景。
- 長遠可持續發展:

本公司始終堅持以綠色科技改變世界及人類 生活,聚焦人類和環境。本公司持續投資於 綠色科技的創新及發展,推動「綠色生產」, 竭力減少在生產過程中產生的排放量,通過 提升設備及優化技術,亦繼續探究可行的減 排措施,持續減低對環境的影響。

企業管治報告

ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICY

The Board has reviewed the Anti-Corruption Policy in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023, and is of the view that the current Anti-Corruption Policy has been effectively implemented.

WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY AND SYSTEM

The Board and the Audit Committee have reviewed the Company's whistleblowing policy and system in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023, and are of the view that the current Whistleblowing Policy has been effectively implemented.

POLICY ON OBTAINING INDEPENDENT ADVICE AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Board had formulated and adopted the Policy on Obtaining Independent Advice and Recommendations (the "Policy"), reflecting the Company's commitment to high corporate governance standard, and making good corporate governance as an essential component of our corporate culture. According to the Policy, a summary of the mechanism for ensuring the Board can obtain independent view and input is set out below:

- When making decisions in furtherance of performing his/her
 Director duties, a Director can seek independent advice,
 views and recommendations which he/she considers
 necessary for the purpose of performing his/her duties and
 making independent judgment. Relevant expenses incurred
 will be borne by the Company (the "Mechanism").
- In respect of seeking independent professional advice, Directors should communicate with the Chief Financial Officer and raise questions, enquiries, concerns or specific opinions, if any. Subsequently, the Chief Financial Officer will contact professional advisors of the Company (including solicitors, accountants, external auditors and internal control advisors) or other independent professionals in order to obtain independent professional advice within a reasonable timeframe.
- Any recommendation obtained through the Mechanism should be properly recorded and provided to other Directors of the Board.

反貪污政策

就截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會已完成檢討《反貪污政策》,並認為現時的《反貪污政策》與第次有效實施。

舉報政策及系統

就截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會 及審核委員會已完成檢討本公司之舉報政策及系 統,並認為現時的《舉報政策》有效實施。

關於獲取獨立意見及建議的政策

董事會已制定並採納了《關於獲取獨立意見及建議的政策》(「**該政策**」),體現了本公司對高標準企業管治的承諾,使良好的治理成為本公司文化不可或缺的一部分。根據該政策,為確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點和意見的機制概述如下:

- 董事於作出決定以履行其董事職責時,可尋求其認為必要的獨立專業意見、觀點及建議,以履行其職責並作出獨立判斷,費用由本公司承擔(「該機制」)。
- 就尋求獨立專業意見,董事應與首席財務官 溝通並提出任何問題、疑問、疑慮或具體意 見,其後首席財務官將聯繫本公司的專業顧問(包括律師、會計師、外部核數師、內部 控制顧問)或其他獨立專業人士,以於合理 時間內獲得該獨立專業意見。
- 通過該機制獲得的任何建議均應妥善記錄並 向董事會其他成員提供。

企業管治報告

- The Board can have full access to all information provided by senior management of the Company which the relevant Board member considers appropriate for the purpose of performing his/her duties.
- The Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of the Policy on Obtaining Independent Advice and Recommendations annually.

The Board has reviewed the Policy on Obtaining Independent Advice and Recommendations in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023, and is of the view that such policy has been effectively implemented.

- 董事會可完全查閱本公司高級管理層提供且 其認為就履行其職責而言屬恰當的一切資 料。
- 董事會每年檢討《關於獲取獨立意見及建議 的政策》的實施及成效。

就截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會已完成檢討《關於獲取獨立意見及建議的政策》,並認為該政策有效實施。

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises three members, namely Mr. ZHU Lin (chairman), Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung (resigned on 15 December 2023), Mr. YU Miao and Ms. ZHANG Feiyan (appointed on 15 December 2023), all of which are independent non-executive Directors.

The main duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and to deal with any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- to monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts, half-year report and, if the prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
- 3. in reviewing these reports mentioned above before submission to the Board, focusing particularly on:
 - (i) any changes in accounting policies and practices;
 - (ii) major judgmental areas;
 - (iii) significant adjustments resulting from the audit;
 - (iv) the Group's going concern assumption and any qualifications;

董事委員會

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名成員組成,即朱霖先生(主席)、何啟忠先生(於二零二三年十二月十五日辭任)、于 淼先生及張飛燕女士(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲 委任),所有委員均為獨立非執行董事。

審核委員會的主要職責如下:

- 主要負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及 罷免向董事會提供建議、批准外聘核數師的 薪酬及聘用條款,以及處理任何有關該核數 師辭職或辭退該核數師的問題;
- 2. 監察本公司的財務報表以及年度報告及賬目、半年度報告及(若擬刊發)季度報告的完整性,並審閱報表及報告所載有關財務申報的重大意見;
- 在向董事會提交上述有關報告前,特別針對下列事項加以審閱:
 - (i) 會計政策及實務的任何更改;
 - (ii) 涉及重要判斷性的地方;
 - (iii) 因核數而出現的重大調整;
 - (iv) 本集團持繼續經營的假設及任何保留 意見;

Report of Corporate Governance 企業管治報告

- (v) compliance with accounting standards; and
- (vi) compliance with the Listing Rules and legal requirements in relation to financial reporting:
- to review the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems and to audit any significant connected transaction, so as to ensure that management has performed its duty to establish an effective internal control system;
- 5. to discuss the risk management and internal control system with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective system. This discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- 6. to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- to establish a whistleblowing policy and system for employees and those who deal with the Company (e.g., customers and suppliers) to raise concerns, in confidence and anonymity, about possible improprieties in any matter related to the Company;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, and the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the corporate governance code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

The written terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company for inspection.

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee held a total of 2 meetings to discuss and consider the following:

• it reviewed the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 and the auditor's report prepared by the external auditor on accounting matters and the major findings during the audit;

- (v) 是否遵守會計準則;及
- (vi) 是否遵守有關財務申報的上市規則及 法律規定:
- 檢討本公司的財務監控、內部監控及風險管理系統,對重大關連交易進行審核,確保管理層有履行職責建立有效的內部控制系統;
- 5. 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行職責去建立有效的系統。討論內容應包括本公司在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否充足:
- 6. 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規, 並向董事會提出建議;
- 7. 制定舉報政策及系統,讓僱員及其他與公司 有往來者(如客戶及供應商)以保密及匿名的 方式向審核委員會提出其對任何可能關於公 司的不當事宜的關注:
- 8. 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持 續專業發展,本公司在遵守法律及監管規定 方面的政策及常規;及
- 9. 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及在企業管治報告內的披露。

審核委員會的書面職權範圍於聯交所及本公司網站 可供查閱。

於報告期內,審核委員會共舉行兩次審核委員會會 議以討論及考慮以下內容:

審閱本公司及其附屬公司於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止財政年度的全年業績,以及由外聘核數師就會計事宜及審核過程中的重大發現所編製的核數師報告;

企業管治報告

- it reviewed the interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the period ended 30 June 2023; and
- it reviewed the financial reporting system, compliance procedures, internal control (including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programme and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function), risk management system and procedures, effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function performed by the Audit & Supervision Department and the re-appointment of external auditor. The Board did not have separate opinion on any recommendation and suggestion by the Audit Committee in relation to the selection, appointment, retirement or removal of external auditor.
- 審閱本公司及其附屬公司截至二零二三年六 月三十日止期間之中期業績;及
- 對財務申報系統、合規程序、內部監控(包 括本公司會計及財務匯報部門僱員的資歷及 經驗、培訓課程及預算是否充足)、風險管 理系統及程序、由公司監察審計部執行的內 部審計職能的有效性以及續聘外聘核數師 作出檢討。董事會並無偏離審核委員會就甄 選、委任、退任或罷免外聘核數師作出的任 何推薦建議。

The attendance of members of the Audit Committee at the meetings is set out in the following table:

各審核委員會成員出席會議的情況載於下表:

		Actual attendance/
		Required attendance
Name of members	委員姓名	已出席次數/應出席次數
Mr. ZHU Lin	朱霖先生	2/2
Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung(1)	何啟忠先生(1)	2/2
Mr. YU Miao	于淼先生	2/2
Ms. ZHANG Feiyan ⁽²⁾	張飛燕女士(2)	N/A
		不適用

Notes:

- (1) Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung ceased to be a member of the Audit Committee with effect from 15 December 2023.
- (2)Ms. ZHANG Feiyan was appointed as a member of the Audit Committee on 15 December 2023 and no Audit Committee meeting had been held after her appointment.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee comprises three members, namely Mr. GE Yi (chairman), Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung (resigned on 15 December 2023), Mr. ZHU Lin and Ms. ZHANG Feiyan (appointed on 15 December 2023), of which Mr. GE Yi is an executive Director, Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung is a former independent non-executive Director, Mr. ZHU Lin and Ms. ZHANG Feiyan are independent non-executive Directors.

附註:

- 何啟忠先生自二零二三年十二月十五日起不再 (1) 擔任審核委員會委員。
- 張飛燕女士於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任 (2) 為審核委員會委員,獲委任後未召開任何審核 委員會會議。

提名委員會

提名委員會由三名成員組成,即戈弋先生(主席)、 何啟忠先生(於二零二三年十二月十五日辭任)、朱 霖先生及張飛燕女士(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲 委任),其中戈弋先生為執行董事,何啟忠先生曾為 一名獨立非執行董事,而朱霖先生及張飛燕女士則 為獨立非執行董事。

企業管治報告

The main duties and responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

提名委員會的主要職責如下:

- to analyse the standards and procedures for selection of Directors and senior management appointed by the Board; review the structure, size, composition and diversity (including without limitation, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- 1. 研究董事及由董事會聘任的高級管理層的選擇標準和程序,至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及成員多元化(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期),並就任何為配合本公司的公司策略而擬對董事會作出的變動提出建議:
- to determine the policy for the nomination of Directors, identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and may select individuals nominated for directorship. In identifying suitable individuals, the Committee shall consider individuals on merit and against the objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board;
- 2. 訂定提名董事的政策,物色具備合適資格可 擔任董事的人士,挑選被提名人士出任董 事。委員會於物色合適人士時,應考慮有關 人士的長處,並以客觀條件充分顧及董事會 成員多元化的裨益;
- 3. to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors;
- 3. 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 4. to review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, and review the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing the Board Diversity Policy, and the progress on achieving the objectives; and make disclosure of its review results in the Corporate Governance Report annually;
- 4. 在適當情況下檢討董事會成員多元化政策; 及檢討董事會為執行董事會成員多元化政策 而制定的可計量目標和達標進度;以及每年 在企業管治報告內披露檢討結果;
- 5. to assess and review the candidates for director and senior management to be potentially appointed by the Board, make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive officer, taking into the Company's corporate strategy and the mix of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity needed in the future; and
- 5. 評估及審查董事候選人和由董事會聘任的高級管理層候選人,及因應本公司的企業策略及日後需要的技能、知識、經驗及多元化組合,就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議;及
- to examine the assessment standards for Directors and senior management appointed by the Board, conduct the relevant assessments and make recommendations to the Board.
- 6. 研究董事及由董事會聘任的高級管理層的考核標準,進行考核並向董事會提出建議。

企業管治報告

The Nomination Committee will assess the candidate or incumbent on criteria such as integrity, experience, skill and ability to commit time and effort to carry out the duties and responsibilities. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee will then be put to the Board for decision. The written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

提名委員會按誠信、經驗、技能以及為履行職責所 付出之時間及努力等標準評估候選人或在任人。提 名委員會之建議將於其後提交董事會以作決定。提 名委員會的書面職權範圍於聯交所及本公司網站可 供查閱。

DIRECTORS' NOMINATION CRITERIA AND PROCEDURES

The Nomination Committee has also followed certain selection criteria and nomination procedures in relation to new appointments and re-appointments of Directors. The selection criteria for assessing candidates include, in particular, his/her educational background and professional qualifications, experiences in the industry, personality and integrity, as well as his/her contributions to diversity of the Board according to the Board Diversity Policy.

In the case of re-appointment of Directors, the Nomination Committee would take into account factors such as contribution from the retiring Directors. Where the candidate is appointed for the position of independent non-executive Director, the Nomination Committee will also assess his/her independence with reference to the requirements set out in the Listing Rules. In appointing a new Director, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board will first identify potential candidates. After the Nomination Committee evaluated the candidates based on the selection criteria, the Nomination Committee will nominate one or more qualified candidates for the Board's consideration and the Board will determine and agree on a preferred candidate.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company believes that the diversity of Board composition has many benefits to the performance of the Company. As such, the Company has adopted the Board Diversity Policy to ensure in designing the Board's composition, board diversity will be considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Board Diversity Policy is summarized as follows:

董事之提名準則及程序

提名委員會亦遵從新委任及重新委任董事之甄選準 則及提名程序,用以評估候選人的甄選準則包括(尤 其是)其學歷背景及專業資格、與行業有關之經驗、 品格及誠信及彼是否能如多元化政策所述為董事會 多元化作出貢獻。

重新委任董事方面,提名委員會將考慮如退任董事所作出貢獻等因素。倘候選人獲委任獨立非執行董事職位,提名委員會將參考上市規則所載列之要求評估彼之獨立性。在委任新董事時,提名委員會及/或董事會會先物色適合人選。經提名委員會根據甄選準則評估候選人後,提名委員會將提名一位或多位合資格候選人供董事會考慮,且董事會將決定並同意一位最佳候選人。

董事會多元化政策

本公司相信董事會成員多元化將對提升本公司的表現益處良多,因此本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策,確定在設定董事會成員組合時會從多個方面考慮董事會成員多元化,包括(但不限於)年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件顧及董事會成員多元化的益處。董事會成員多元化政策的概要載列如下:

企業管治報告

PURPOSE: Aim to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board.

目的:旨在列載董事會成員為達致多元化而採取的 方針。

POLICY STATEMENT: With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against appropriate criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

政策聲明:為達致可持續及均衡的發展,本公司視 董事會層面日益多元化為支持其達到戰略目標及維 持可持續發展的關鍵元素。董事會所有委任均以用 人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以適當的條件充分 顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益。

MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES: (1) the recruitment and selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service; (2) the Nomination Committee will make discussion annually, and, where necessary, make consensus on measurable objectives for achieving board diversity. It will provide its recommendation to the Board for adoption, which includes at least one of the Directors having appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise, and at least one Director having intensive experience of the industry on which the business of the Group is engaged in; (3) final decision will be made based on objective criteria and the contribution to be brought by the selected candidate to the Board, taking into consideration of the Company's corporate strategies and business operation; (4) the Board shall have at least one Director of a different gender. Such Director shall possess the skills, experience and talent necessary for the operation of the Company; and (5) to achieve and/or maintain gender diversity, the Nomination Committee will recommend potential candidates for the Board so as to realize gender diversity.

可計量目標:(1)候選人的招聘及甄選將基於一系列多元化觀點,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及年限;(2)提名委員會將每年討論並在必要時就達建事會多元化的可計量目標達成共識,並將其推業予董事會以供採納,包括至少一名具備合適,及由於本集團經營業務所在行業具備豐富經與人司司以與大定將基於客觀標準及所選候選人司司與公司,以實理的董事組成,該董事擁有適合本公司業務的位數,該董事擁有適合本公司業務的企門,提名委員會將建議董事會的潛在繼任人選,以實現性別多元化。

REVIEW POLICY: The Board will review this policy at least once a year to ensure the effectiveness of this policy which is in line with its missions.

檢討政策:董事會將至少每年檢討本政策,以確保 本政策的成效並符合其宗旨。

The Board has reviewed the Board Diversity Policy in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023, is of the view that such policy has been effectively implemented. 就截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會已完成檢討董事會成員多元化政策,並認為該政策 有效實施。

企業管治報告

During the Review Year, when considering and approving proposals on the appointment of new independent non-executive Director and the re-appointment of incumbent Directors, the Nomination Committee and the Board had fully considered the measurable objectives of the Board Diversity Policy and assessed the background and experience of candidates that can bring to the Board diverse perspectives and contributions to board diversity. The Company believes that these measurable objectives have been basically achieved.

於回顧年內,考慮批准有關委任新獨立非執行董事及重新委任現任董事等議案時,提名委員會及董事會已充分考慮董事會多元化政策的可計量目標,並評估候選人的背景及經驗可為董事會帶來的不同觀點以及為董事會多元化作出的貢獻。本公司認為該等可計量目標已基本達成。

GENDER DIVERSITY

The Board is comprised of eight Directors, including six male Directors and two female Directors. The Company believes that the gender diversity of the Board has been basically achieved. The Company will also be committed to promoting gender diversity when suitable candidates are identified.

To achieve and/or maintain gender diversity, the Nomination Committee will recommend potential candidates for the Board so as to realize gender diversify. Specifically, when selecting potential candidates for the Board, the Nomination Committee and the Board will, inter alia, (i) consider the current ability, diversity and representation level of different gender in the Board and senior management when making recommendation on nominees and the succession plan of the Board and senior management; (ii) take reference to the employment practical codes published by Hong Kong Equal Opportunities Commission and the manuals (if applicable) published by All-China Federation of Trade Unions from time to time, so as to consider the standards in promoting diversity.

The Group adheres to the principle of fairness and voluntariness in the recruitment procedures, and does not implement any restriction on gender, ethnicity, nationality and territory. As at 31 December 2023, the employee indicator, including senior management, of the Group is set out below:

性別多元化

董事會由八名董事組成,其中六名董事為男性,兩名董事為女性。本公司認為,已基本實現董事會的性別多元化。本公司亦將致力於在物色到合適人選時提升性別多元化。

為達致及/或保持性別多元化,提名委員會將建議董事會的潛在繼任人選,以實現性別多元化。具體而言,於物色董事會的潛在候選人時,提名委員會及董事會將(其中包括)(i)在就提名人以及董事會及高級管理層的繼任計劃作出推薦建議時,考慮董事會及高級管理層當前各性別的能力、多元化及代表性程度組合:(ii)不時參考香港平等機會委員會公佈的僱傭實務守則及中華全國總工會公佈的手冊(如適用),藉此考慮促進多元化的準則。

本集團在招聘中堅持公平、自願的原則,不對性別、民族、國籍和地域提出任何限制性要求。截至 二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團包括高級管理 人員在內的員工指標如下:

As at 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日

		Number of employee	Percentage
Indicator	指標	僱員人數	僱員百分比
Male employee	男性員工	1,454	70.7%
Female employee	女性員工	604	29.3%

企業管治報告

The Company considers that gender diversity is achieved in its workforce generally. The Group encourages gender diversity in office, and strives to increase the proportion of female employee at different levels including through promoting such an aim during recruitment.

本公司認為員工團隊中亦普遍實現性別多元化。本 集團鼓勵其工作場所的性別多元化,並致力於提高 各級女性員工的比例,包括透過在招聘過程中追求 該目標。

To achieve diversity in our employee team, the Group has implemented appropriate recruitment and selection procedures so as to consider diversified range of candidates. The Group has also established the talent management and training programme which provides career development guidance and promotion opportunities, aiming to create an employee team possessing a wide range of diversified skills and extensive experience.

為在員工團隊層面實現多元化,本集團已實施適當的招聘及選拔措施,以考慮多元化的候選人。本集團亦設立人才管理及培訓計劃,提供職業發展指導及晉昇機會,以培養廣泛及多元化的技能及經驗豐富的員工隊伍。

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee held one meeting to discuss and consider the following:

於報告期內,提名委員會共舉行一次提名委員會會 議以討論及考慮以下內容:

- 1. the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board;
- 1. 董事會之架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知 識和經驗);
- 2. the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company are held by the same person, and believes that vesting the two roles in the same person provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership and facilitates effective implementation and execution of our business decisions and strategies, and is beneficial to the business prospects and management of the Company;
- 2. 主席及行政總裁兩個職位由同一人擔任的職 責,認為兩個職位由同一人擔任令本公司之 領導穩固一致,並有效落實及執行業務決策 及策略,有利於本公司業務前景及管理;

3. the Board Diversity Policy; and

- 3. 董事會成員多元化政策;及
- 4. to consider and make recommendation to the Board in respect of the appointment of a new independent non-executive Director.
- 審議並向董事會建議委任新獨立非執行董事。

The attendance of members of the Nomination Committee at the meeting is set out in the following table:

各提名委員會成員出席該等會議的情況載於下表:

Actual attendance/Required attendance

Name of members	委員姓名	已出席次數/應出席次數
Mr. GE Yi	戈弋先生	1/1
Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung ⁽¹⁾	何啟忠先生(1)	1/1
Mr. ZHU Lin	朱霖先生	1/1
Ms. ZHANG Feiyan ⁽²⁾	張飛燕女士(2)	NA
		不適用

企業管治報告

Notes:

- (1) Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung ceased to be a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from 15 December 2023.
- (2)Ms. ZHANG Feiyan was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee on 15 December 2023 and no Nomination Committee meeting had been held after her appointment.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee comprises three members, namely Mr. YU Miao (chairman), Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung (resigned on 15 December 2023), Mr. ZHU Lin and Ms. ZHANG Feiyan (appointed on 15 December 2023), all of which are independent non-executive Directors.

The main duties and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- 1. to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy according to standards including salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities concerned, and employment terms of other positions within the Company and its subsidiaries;
- 2. to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- 3. to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the 4. remuneration of non-executive Directors:

附註:

- (1) 何啟忠先生自二零二三年十二月十五日起不再 擔任提名委員會委員。
- 張飛燕女士於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任 (2) 為提名委員會委員,獲委任後未召開任何提名 委員會會議。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名成員組成,即干淼先生(主席)、 何啟忠先生(於二零二三年十二月十五日辭任)、朱 霖先生及張飛燕女士(於二零二三年十二月十五日獲 委任),所有委員均為獨立非執行董事。

薪酬委員會的主要職責如下:

- 就本公司董事及高級管理人員的全體薪酬政 策及架構,及根據同類公司支付的薪酬、須 付出的時間及職責、本公司及其附屬公司內 其他職位的僱用條件等標準就設立正規而具 透明度的程序制訂薪酬政策,向董事會提出 建議;
- 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及批 准管理層的薪酬建議;
- 3. 向董事會建議個別執行董事及高級管理層的 薪酬待遇,包括非金錢利益、退休金權利及 賠償金額(包括喪失或終止職務或委任的賠 償);
- 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出建議;

Report of Corporate Governance 企業管治報告

- to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibility and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;
- 5. 考慮同類公司支付的薪酬,須付出的時間及 職責以及本集團內其他職位的僱傭條件;
- to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive for the Company;
- 6. 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理層就其喪失或終止職務或委任而須支付的賠償,以確保該等賠償與合約條款一致;若未能與合約條款一致,賠償亦須公平合理,不致過多;
- 7. to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- 7. 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷免有關董事所涉及的賠償安排,以確保該等安排與合約條款一致;若未能與合約條款一致, 有關賠償亦須合理適當;
- 8. to ensure that no director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration; and
- 8. 確保任何董事或其任何聯繫人不得參與釐定 他自己的薪酬;及
- 9. to review and/or approve matters relating to the share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.
- 9. 審閱及/或批准上市規則第十七章項下有關 股份計劃的事宜。

The written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

薪酬委員會的書面職權範圍於聯交所及本公司網站可供查閱。

During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting to discuss and consider the following:

於報告期內,薪酬委員會曾舉行一次薪酬委員會會 議以討論及考慮以下內容:

- 1. the 2023 and 2024 remuneration packages and policies of Directors and senior management;
- 1. 董事及高級管理層的二零二三年及二零二四 年薪酬待遇及政策;
- 2. the employee remuneration policies and structure of the Group; and
- 2. 本集團員工薪酬政策及架構;及
- to consider and make recommendation to the Board in respect of the remuneration of a new independent non-executive Director.
- 審議並向董事會建議新任獨立非執行董事之 薪酬。

企業管治報告

The attendance of members of the Remuneration Committee at the meetings is set out in the following table:

各薪酬委員會成員出席該等會議的情況載於下表:

Actual attendance/Required attendance

Name of members	委員姓名	已出席次數/應出席次數
Mr. YU Miao	于淼先生	1/1
Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung ⁽¹⁾	何啟忠先生(1)	1/1
Mr. ZHU Lin	朱霖先生	1/1
Ms. ZHANG Feiyan ⁽²⁾	張飛燕女士(2)	NA
		不適用

Notes:

- (1) Mr. HO Kenneth Kai Chung ceased to be a member of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 15 December 2023.
- (2) Ms. ZHANG Feiyan was appointed as a member of the Remuneration Committee on 15 December 2023 and no Remuneration Committee meeting had been held after her appointment.

ESG COMMITTEE

The ESG Committee consists of six members, namely Ms. DUAN Weihua (chairman of the committee, chief development officer of the Group), Mr. DUAN Weidong (general manager of the battery materials division), Mr. LIU Wei (general manager of the pigment and new material division), Mr. YANG Fuguang (administrative director of Dongguang manufacturing base), Mr. ZHANG Jiye (production director of Tsaker Dongao) and Mr. SHI Bingfeng (production director of Tsaker Huayu). all of which are management members of the Company with relevant environmental, social and governance knowledge and experience.

The main duties and responsibilities of the ESG Committee are as follows:

- to identify related issues that have a significant impact on the Group's operations and/or the interests of other important stakeholders in relation to environmental, social and governance aspects;
- to provide guidance for and review the Group's environmental, social and governance vision, goals and strategies, and make recommendations to the Board to approve relevant environmental, social and governance initiatives;

附註:

- (1) 何啟忠先生自二零二三年十二月十五日起不再 擔任薪酬委員會委員。
- (2) 張飛燕女士於二零二三年十二月十五日獲委任 為薪酬委員會委員,獲委任後未召開任何薪酬 委員會會議。

ESG委員會

ESG委員會由六名成員組成,即段衛華女士(委員會主席,本集團首席發展官)、段衛東先生(電池材料事業部總經理)、劉偉先生(顏料及新材料事業部總經理)、楊福廣先生(東光生產基地行政總監)、張吉曄先生(彩客東奧生產總監)及石炳峰先生(彩客華煜生產總監),所有委員均為具有相關環境、社會及管治方面知識及經驗的本公司管理人員。

ESG委員會的主要職責如下:

- 1. 就環境、社會及管治方面識別對本集團營運及/或其他重要利益相關方的權益構成重大 影響的相關事宜:
- 2. 為本集團的環境、社會及管治願景、目標及 策略提供指導且對其進行檢討,並向董事會 提出建議,以批准相關的環境、社會及管治 舉措;

Report of Corporate Governance 企業管治報告

- 3. to monitor and review emerging environmental, social and governance trends and issues, provide guidance for the development of the Group's environmental, social and governance vision based on relevant circumstances, and provide advisory opinions on management of the current and emerging issues that affect Group's environmental, social and governance;
- 3. 監察並檢討環境、社會及管治的新興趨勢及問題,根據相關情況為本集團環境、社會及管治願景的發展提供指導,並就管理影響本集團環境、社會及管治的當前及新興事項提供諮詢意見;
- 4. to review and adopt risk assessment of the Group's impact on health, safety, environment and society;
- 4. 就本集團對健康、安全、環境及社會造成的 影響檢討並採納風險評估;
- to set the Group's environmental, social and governance goals, indicators, key performance indicators and measures, monitor the implementation of relevant measures, and evaluate the effectiveness of relevant measures;
- 5. 設定本集團環境、社會及管治目標、指標、 關鍵績效指標及措施,監督有關舉措的實 行,衡量有關舉措的成效;
- 6. to adopt and update the policies on production safety, environmental protection, social responsibility management and corporate governance of the Group when necessary;
- 6. 於必要時採納並更新有關本集團生產安全、 環保、社會責任管理及企業管治的政策;
- 7. to assist the Board in preparing the annual environmental, social and governance report in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Listing Rules and the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (set forth in Appendix C2 to the Listing Rules) for its consideration, approval and disclosure;
- 7. 協助董事會根據上市規則的披露規定及《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(載於上市規則附錄C2)編製年度環境、社會及管治報告,以供其考慮及批准披露;
- 8. to review and monitor the Group's environmental, social and governance policies and practices to ensure compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 檢討並監察有關本集團的環境、社會及管治 政策及常規,以確保遵守法律及規管規定;
- to review and evaluate the performance and terms of reference of the committee to ensure that the committee operate at optimal efficacy and recommend changes that it deems appropriate for the approval of the Board; and
- 檢討並評估委員會的表現及職權範圍,以確保委員會的運作能發揮最大成效,並建議其認為合適的變動以供董事會批准;及
- 10. other matters authorized by the Board related to health, safety, environment, social responsibility and corporate governance.
- 10. 董事會授權有關健康、安全、環境、社會責任及企業管治的其他事項。

企業管治報告

REMUNERATION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The remuneration of senior management of the Company (including three Directors, whose biographies are set out on pages 115 and 116 of this annual report) during the Reporting Period falls under the following bands:

高級管理層的薪酬

於報告期內,本公司的高級管理層(包括三名董事,彼等之履歷載於本年報第115和116頁)的酬金等級載列如下:

Number of individuals

Band of remuneration (RMB)	酬金等級(人民幣)	人數
Over 1,500,000	1,500,000元以上	1
1,000,001 to 1,500,000	1,000,001元至1,500,000元	1
0 to 1,000,000	0元至1,000,000元	1

Further particulars of Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix D2 to the Listing Rules are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

有關須根據上市規則附錄D2予以披露之董事酬金及 五位最高薪酬僱員的進一步詳情,分別載於綜合財 務報表附註8及9。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the Reporting Period which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and the Group and of the Group's results and cash flows.

The management has provided to the Board such explanation and information as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial statements, which are put to the Board for approval. The Company provides all members of the Board with monthly updates on the Company's performance, positions and prospects.

The Directors were not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement by the independent auditor regarding their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Company is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 189 to 191 of this annual report.

董事有關財務報表的財務申報責任

董事明白彼等須編製本公司報告期內的財務報表的 職責,以真實公平地反映本公司及本集團的狀況以 及本集團的業績及現金流量。

管理層已向董事會提供必要的闡釋及數據,使董事 會能對提呈予董事會批准的本公司財務報表進行知 情的評估。本公司已向董事會全體成員提供有關本 公司表現、狀況及前景的每月更新數據。

董事並不知悉與可能對本集團持續經營構成重大疑問的事件或狀況有關的任何重大不確定因素。

獨立核數師就彼等有關本公司綜合財務報表的申報 責任作出的聲明載於本年報第189至191頁的獨立核 數師報告。

企業管治報告

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Responsibility of the Board

The Board acknowledges that it is the responsibility of the Board for ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems, to safeguard Shareholders' investments and the Company's assets, and review the effectiveness of such systems with the assistance of the Audit Committee at least annually.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in the performance of its regulatory and corporate governance role in the Group's financial, operational, compliance, risk management and internal controls, as well as financial and internal audit functions. Risk management and internal control systems can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or losses. They are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failing to meet business objectives.

Audit & supervision department

The Group has established an Audit & Supervision Department (formerly known as Internal Audit Department), whereby such department plays an important role in monitoring the internal governance of the Group and performs internal audit function. The major responsibilities of the Audit & Supervision Department include standardizing and reviewing operating risks, financial positions and internal control of the Group, as well as conducting regular and comprehensive audits of all subsidiaries and affiliates of the Group. The Audit & Supervision Department reports to the Audit Committee at its annual meeting in respect of the adequacy and effectiveness of its work in the previous year and the work plan for the following year.

Risk management and internal control system

The Group adopted the three lines of defence model in the management of risk. Operational management forms the core of the first line of defence as they contact with the risk sources in the first place. They are responsible for identifying, reporting and preliminarily managing risks in their daily operations. Our second line of defence is aimed to facilitate and monitor the implementation of effective risk management practices by operational management and assists risk owners in defining risk exposures and reporting adequate risk-related information throughout the Group. Our internal audit function is the core of the third line of defence and mainly responsible for checking, auditing and monitoring the work performed by the first and second lines of defence.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會責任

董事會明白本身需負責建立和維持恰當且有效風險 管理及內部監控系統,以保障股東的投資及本公司的資產,並透過審核委員會至少每年檢討系統的有效性。

審核委員會協助董事會履行其於本集團財務、運營、合規、風險管理及內部監控,以及財務及內部審計職能方面資源的監管及企業管制角色。風險管理及內部監控系統只能針對重大失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證,其建立旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險。

監察審計部

本集團已建立監察審計部(前稱為內審部),該部門於監察本集團的內部管治方面扮演著重要角色並執行內部審計職能。監察審計部的主要職責包括規範及檢討本集團的營運風險、財務狀況及內部監控等事宜,以及對本集團的所有附屬公司及分支機構進行定期全面審核。監察審計部於每年定期會議上向審核委員會匯報其於上一年度有關內部監控是否足夠及有效的工作結果,以及下一年度的工作計劃。

風險管理及內部監控系統

本集團採取三道防線模式管理風險。營運管理人員 是第一道防線的核心,因為一旦出現風險,彼等首 當其衝。營運管理人員負責識別、報告及初步管理 日常營運中存在的風險。第二道防線旨在推動及監 察營運人員高效實施風險管理措施,協助風險責任 人界定風險敞口及整個集團報告充足的風險信息。 內部審核功能是第三道防線,主要負責檢查、審核 及監察第一及第二道防線的工作。

企業管治報告

The Group's risks are identified from business processes in our established enterprise-wide risk assessment methodologies. We select key participants across the Group who are involved in each of the business process as interviewees to identify the risks to form our risk universe. Each risk within the risk universe (including ESG risks) is assessed in terms of likelihood of occurrence and the significance of impact, taken into account the current internal controls in place to mitigate these risks. The risk assessment results are reported to senior management, the Audit Committee, the ESG Committee (the part related to ESG risks) and the Board for the confirmation of our risk response strategies and the development of our improvement measures, based on their preferences towards risk, the available resources for risk mitigation, and the current controls in place. The Board and the Audit Committee and the ESG Committee assess and review the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems (covering all key controls including strategy, finance, operation, compliance controls and ESG risks) on an annual basis.

根據我們建立的全面風險評估方法,本集團從業務流程出發,進行風險識別。我們選擇各個業務流程的主要負責人作為受訪者,識別流程中的風險,並匯總形成最終的風險清單。風險清單中的各風險(包括ESG風險)按發生的可能性及影響程度評估,會是了人。 考慮目前降低該等風險所採用的內部監控。風險,可由於降低國險的資源及目前已存在的人。 是SG風險相關的部分)及董事會匯報,以根據彼存在的人。 是SG風險相關的部分)及董事會匯報,以根據彼存在的人。 是SG風險相關的部分)及董事會匯報,以根據彼存在的內部監控狀況等因素來確認我們的風險應對策略和制定改善方案。董事會連同審核委員會及ESG委員會每年評估及檢討本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統(包含所有重大監控,包括策略、財務、運營、合規監控以及ESG風險)的有效性。

Managing ESG Risks

ESG risks have multiple impacts on the sustainable development of the company's business and social development, and such ESG risks should also be integrated into the Company's risk management framework to improve the effectiveness of risk management.

In order to be consistent with other major risks, the Group adopts the same risk management procedures to manage ESG risks, including identifying ESG risks, formulating risk universe, risk assessment and monitoring measures taken, as well as consulting and reporting processes, etc.

For details of ESG and climate-related risk management measures, please refer to the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" in this annual report.

During the Review Year, the Company reviewed the report prepared by the Audit & Supervision Department containing the investigation results and improvement suggestions as well as the management letter prepared by the external auditor, and promptly took appropriate improvement measures to mitigate the risks.

管理ESG風險

ESG風險對本公司業務的可持續發展及社會發展造成多方面的影響,而該等ESG風險也應整合至本公司的風險管理框架,以提高風險管理的效益。

為了與其他主要風險保持一致,本集團採用相同風險管理程序管理ESG風險,包括識別ESG風險、制定風險清單、風險評估及所採取的監控舉措,以至諮詢及匯報流程等等。

有關ESG以及氣候相關風險管理措施的詳情,請參 閱本年報「環境、社會及管理報告」。

於回顧年內,本公司已檢討了監察審計部編製的載 有調查結果及改善建議的報告,亦檢討外聘核數師 編製的管理層建議書,並及時採取相應的改善措 施,以降低風險。

企業管治報告

The Company's internal control system is based on Internal Control-Integrated Framework of the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"), and has five components, namely Control Environment, Risk Assessment, Control Activities, Information and Communication, and Monitoring Activities. The system intends to facilitate the design and functioning of good control practices and reduce the likelihood and impact of risks to an acceptably low level, in order for us to achieve our objectives in operations, reporting, and compliance.

本公司的內部監控系統乃基於特雷德韋委員會贊助 組織委員會(「COSO」)的內部監控整合框架,包括 監控環境、風險評估、監控活動、信息及溝通和監 督活動五個部分。該系統旨在推動良好監控實踐的 設計及實施,降低風險發生的可能性,並將風險影 響降低到可接受水平,以便實現我們的管理、申報 及合規目標。

Any material internal control defects identified are timely communicated and carefully evaluated for their potential impacts. The departments or functions who are owners of these controls, are required to propose corrective measures and obtain approval from management before implementation. The implementation status is monitored by both management and the Audit & Supervision Department to ensure these control defects are properly resolved in a timely manner.

我們及時就所識別的重大內部監控瑕疵進行溝通, 並審慎評估潛在風險。身為監控責任人的部門提出 糾正措施,並於實施前獲得管理層批准。管理層及 監察審計部監察實施情況,確保及時妥善解決監控 瑕疵。

The Group has also established policies and internal control procedures for the handling and dissemination of inside information, including "Material Information Internal Reporting System of Tsaker New Energy Tech Co., Limited" and "Information Disclosure Management System of Tsaker New Energy Tech Co., Limited". The information or data to be disclosed should be properly reviewed and approved by our compliance functions and management to ensure its timeliness, accuracy, sufficiency and effectiveness, and is closely monitored after disclosure.

本集團亦制定了處理及發佈內幕消息政策及內部監控程序,包括《彩客新能源科技有限公司重大信息報告制度》和《彩客新能源科技有限公司信息披露管理制度》。將予披露的信息或數據由資本市場部及管理層妥為審閱及批准,確保內幕消息的及時、準確、充分及有效,並於披露後密切監察。

During the Review Year, the Board has reviewed the risk management and internal control system of the Group including all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls, and considered that the design and implementation of the risk management and internal control system of the Group are effective and adequate in all material respects.

於回顧年內,董事會已檢討本集團的風險管理及內 部監控系統(包括財務、營運及合規監控等所有重大 監控),並認為我們的風險管理及內部監控系統的設 計及實施在所有重大方面均有效及適當。

企業管治報告

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration of the auditor in respect of the audit and non-audit services provided to the Company for the Reporting Period is as follows:

核數師酬金

就核數師於報告期內向本公司提供的核數及非核數 服務之酬金載列如下:

Type of services	服務類別	Amount (RMB'000) 金額(人民幣千元)
Audit services	核數服務	1,700
Non-audit services in relation to:	關於以下的非審核服務:	
Interim results reviewing	中期業績審閲	550
Total	總計	2,250

COMPANY SECRETARY

With effect from 15 December 2023, Ms. NG Ka Man resigned as a joint company secretary of the Company due to other work arrangements. Following Ms. NG Ka Man resignation, Mr. BAI Kun, an executive Director, who has been confirmed by the Stock Exchange to be capable of acting as a company secretary of the Company under Rule 3.28 of the Listing Rules, acts as the sole company secretary of the Company and is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and ensuring that the Board policy and procedures, and the applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, Mr. BAI Kun has undertaken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training respectively in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

DIVIDEND POLICY

On 30 November 2018, the Board approved and adopted a dividend policy (the "**Dividend Policy**").

According to the Dividend Policy, the Company may distribute dividends in (i) cash; (ii) Shares; or (iii) a combination of cash or Shares. When deciding whether to propose/declare dividends and in determining the dividend amount, the Board will take into consideration, amongst others, the general financial position, operating results, liquidity position and capital requirements of the Group, and the distribution shall be made in accordance with applicable rules and regulations (including the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands) and subject to restrictions under the Articles of Association.

公司秘書

由二零二三年十二月十五日起,吳嘉雯女士因其他 工作安排辭任本公司聯席公司秘書。吳嘉雯女士辭 任後,執行董事白崑先生(已經聯交所確認有能力根 據上市規則第3.28條擔任本公司的公司秘書)擔任本 公司唯一公司秘書,負責就企業管治事宜向董事會 提出建議,並確保遵循董事會的政策及程序、適用 法律、規則及法規。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,白崑先生已符合上市規則第3.29條參加不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

股息政策

於二零一八年十一月三十日,董事會批准及採納股 息政策(「**股息政策**」)。

根據股息政策,本公司可以以(i)現金;(ii)股票;或 (iii)現金或股票的組合分配股息。在決定是否建議派 發/宣派股息及在釐定股息金額時,董事會將考慮 (其中包括)本集團的一般財務狀況、經營業績、流 動資金狀況及資本需求,並須根據適用規則及規例 (包括開曼群島公司法)及組織章程細則項下的任何 限制進行利潤分配。

企業管治報告

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

Shareholders' Communication Policy

The Company considers that effective communication with Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and understanding of the Group's business, performance and strategies. The Company also recognizes the importance of timely and non-selective disclosure of information on the Company, which will enable Shareholders and investors to make the informed investment decisions. To promote effective communication, the Company has been maintaining a Shareholders' communication policy (the "Shareholders' Communication Policy"), which aims at establishing a two-way relationship and communication between the Company and its Shareholders.

During the Review Year, the Board adopted the amended Shareholders' Communication Policy. Under the Shareholders' Communication Policy, the Company will take steps to solicit and understand the views of its Shareholders and other stakeholders (including employees, customers, suppliers and investors). Shareholders may direct questions and communicate their views on various matters affecting the Company, request for publicly available information and provide comments and suggestions to directors or management of the Company by mail to 31st Floor, Tower Two, Times Square, 1 Matheson Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong, by telephone (during business hours) at (86 10) 5653-2886 or by email to ir@tsaker.com.

The annual general meetings of the Company provide opportunity for Shareholders to communicate directly with the Directors. Under normal circumstances, the Chairman and independent non-executive Directors of the Company and the chairmen of the Board Committees of the Company will attend the annual general meetings to answer Shareholders' questions. The external auditor will also attend the annual general meetings to answer questions about the audit works, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

與股東的溝通及投資者關係

股東通訊政策

本公司認為,與股東的有效溝通對加強投資者關係及使投資者了解本集團的業務、表現及策略非常重要。本公司亦深信及時與非選擇性地披露本公司數據以供股東及投資者作出知情投資決策的重要性。為促進有效的溝通,本公司一直維持股東通訊政策(「股東通訊政策」),旨在建立本公司與股東的相互關係及溝通。

於回顧年內,董事會已採納經修訂的股東通訊政策。根據股東通訊政策,本公司將採取行動收集並了解其股東及其他持份者(包括僱員、客戶、供應商及投資者)的意見。股東可就影響本公司的各類事宜提問及表達意見、要求提供可公開查閱資料以及向本公司董事或管理層提供意見及建議,前述各項可透過郵寄(地址為香港銅鑼灣勿地臣街1號時代廣場二座31樓)、致電(於辦公時間)(86 10) 5653-2886或電郵至ir@tsaker.com。

本公司股東週年大會提供股東與董事直接溝通的機會。本公司主席、獨立非執行董事及本公司各董事會委員會主席將在一般情況下出席股東週年大會解答股東提問。外部核數師亦將出席股東週年大會,並解答有關審計工作、核數師報告的編製及內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性的提問。

Report of Corporate Governance 企業管治報告

The Company will appoint employees specifically responsible for investor relation matters, including but not limited to providing information to Shareholders in a timely and effective manner. Any corporate communication issued or to be issued by the Company, including but not limited to annual reports, interim reports, notices of general meetings, circulars and proxy forms, will be written in plain language and provided to Shareholders in English and Chinese version for easy understanding.

本公司將指派專職員工負責投資者關係,包括但不限於確保向股東及時有效地發放資料。本公司發出或將發出的任何企業通訊文件,包括但不限於年度報告、中期報告、大會通告、通函及代表委任表格,均以通俗易懂的語言撰寫,並向股東提供中英文版本,以便股東理解。

The capital market department of the Group strives to maintain the investor relation of the Company through regular and extraordinary exchanges with investment institutions, so as to ensure timely communication and to understand the latest business development of the Company and the views of investors on the Company's prospects. Research reports prepared by investment institutions will be posted on the Company's website for reference of Shareholders and investors.

本集團資本市場部致力通過與投資機構的定期及不 定期互動,以維護本公司的投資者關係,藉此確保 及時溝通以及了解本公司的最新業務動態及投資者 對本公司前景的看法。投資機構所編製有關本公司 的研究報告將登載於本公司網站,以供股東及投資 者閱覽及參考。

The Board will review the Shareholders' Communication Policy annually so as to ensure its implementation and effectiveness. The summary of annual review results will be disclosed in the annual report and/or report of corporate governance of the Company.

董事會將每年檢討股東通訊政策,以確保其實施及 成效。年度檢討結果的概要將於本公司年度報告 及/或企業管治報告中披露。

The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of Shareholders' Communication Policy in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023, and is of the view that the current Shareholders' Communication Policy has been effectively implemented. During the Review Year, the annual general meeting of the Company was held on 10 May 2023. All Directors attended the meeting in person or via video conference to answer any inquiries Shareholders might have. The Company holds investor communication activities from time to time to update Shareholders on the Company's business development and respond to Shareholders' inquiries. The Company has also received inquiries from Shareholders from time to time and such inquiries have been properly resolved. Accordingly, the Company considers its Shareholders' Communication Policy to be effective.

就截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會已檢討股東通訊政策的實施及成效,並認為現有的股東通訊政策有效實施。於回顧年內,本公司股東週年大會於二零二三年五月十日舉行,全體董事均親身或通過視頻會議出席,以回答股東可能提出的任何查詢。本公司不時舉行投資者交流活動,以由的股東更新公司經營發展信息及回覆股東查詢。本公司亦不時收到股東的查詢,而有關查詢均已妥善解決。因此,本公司認為其股東溝通政策有效。

The latest version of the Shareholders' Communication Policy has been posted on the website of the Company at http://www.tsaker.com, where the up-to-date information on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

最新的股東通訊政策已載於本公司網站 (http://www.tsaker.com),本公司會於網站刊登有 關其業務營運及發展的最新數據、財務資料、企業 管治常規及其他資料,以供公眾人士讀取。

Report of Corporate Governance 企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard the Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution will be proposed for each issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Directors.

All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each general meeting.

CONVENING AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING AND PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS

According to Article 12.3 of the Articles of Association, Shareholders may put forward proposals for consideration at general meetings of the Company. Any one or more member(s) of the Company holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within 21 days from the date when such meeting is convened. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board to convene such general meeting shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

股東權利

為保障股東的利益及權利,本公司會於股東大會上就各事項(包括選舉個別董事)提呈獨立決議案。

於股東大會上提呈的所有決議案將根據上市規則以 投票方式進行表決,投票結果將於各股東大會舉行 後及時於本公司及聯交所網站刊登。

召開股東特別大會及提呈建議

根據組織章程細則第12.3條,股東可於本公司股東大會上提出建議以供考慮。任何一位或以上於遞呈要求當日持有本公司有權於本公司股東大會上投票並繳足股本不少於十分之一的股東,有權隨時透過本公司香港主要營業地點向董事會或本公司公處實養出書面要求召開本公司股東特別大會,該會量召開之日起21日內舉行。倘遞呈後21日內華了時級呈要求人士可自行按正常程內預大會,則遞呈要求人士因董事會未有召開放大會,則遞呈要求人士因董事會未有召開股東大會而合理產生的所有開支應由本公司向要求人士價付。

Report of Corporate Governance

企業管治報告

ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders who intend to put forward their enquiries about the Company to the Board could send their enquiries to the capital market department of the Company at its headquarters through email at ir@tsaker.com.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Reporting Period, the Articles of Association of the Company were revised, and the adoption of the third amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company was approved by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 May 2023.

For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 24 March 2023, the circular dated 18 April 2023 and the poll results announcement dated 10 May 2023.

向董事會提出查詢

股東如欲向董事會作出有關本公司的查詢,可透過 電郵向本公司總部之資本市場部查詢,電郵地址為 ir@tsaker.com °

章程文件

於報告期間,本公司組織章程細則已經修訂,而本 公司第三次經修訂和重述的組織章程大綱及細則已 於二零二三年五月十日舉行的本公司股東週年大會 上獲股東採納。

詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二三年三月二十四日 之公告,日期為二零二三年四月十八日之通函及日 期為二零二三年五月十日之投票表決結果公告。

獨立核數師報告



Ernst & Young 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay 安永會計師事務所 鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓 Tel 電話: +852 2846 9888 Fax 傳真: +852 2868 4432

ev.com

To the shareholders of Tsaker New Energy Tech Co., Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tsaker New Energy Tech Co., Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 192 to 318, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致彩客新能源科技有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審核第192至318頁所載彩客新能源科技有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,包括於二零二三年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表,及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重要會計政策信息。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公允地反映 貴集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則 (「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承 擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任」一節中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師 公會的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),我們獨立 於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他道德責任。我 們相信,我們獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我 們的意見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告



Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審計事項

根據我們的專業判斷,關鍵審計事項為該等對本期 綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項均 在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處 理,而我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。我們 對下述每一事項在審計中是如何處理的描述也以此 為背景。

我們已履行本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任」一節所述的責任,包括與這些關鍵審計事 項相關的責任。因此,我們的審計包括執行為應對 綜合財務報表重大錯報風險的評估而設的程序。審 計程序的結果(包括應對下述事項所執行之程序)為 我們就隨附的綜合財務報表的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告



Key audit matters (continued)

Key audit matter

Recognition of deferred tax assets

Several of the Company's subsidiaries had accumulated tax losses of RMB288 million as at 31 December 2023. The Group has recognised deferred tax assets of RMB49 million against the tax losses to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefits through future taxable profits is probable.

Recognition of deferred tax assets requires critical judgement from management on the likelihood and magnitude of creating future taxable profits to offset the tax losses, including expectations for future prices of products, expected sales volumes and production costs, and overall market and economic conditions. Actual profits are likely to be different from those forecasts since anticipated events frequently do not occur as expected and unforeseen events may arise, and their impact on estimates and forecasts may be material.

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures about the deferred tax assets are included in Note 2.4 Material accounting policies, Note 3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates and Note 29 Deferred tax to the consolidated financial statements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included, amongst others, evaluating the assumptions used in projecting the expected future taxable profits such as future prices of products, expected sales volumes and production costs, by comparing these key inputs with the corresponding entities' historical data and economic forecasts as well as by reviewing supporting documents for those assumptions made such as sale contracts and budget prepared by management, and assessing the income tax rate applicable to the deferred tax assets to be recognised. We involved our tax experts to assist us in the reconciliation review of corporate income tax.

We also reviewed the adequacy of disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements in respect of the recognition of deferred tax assets.

關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理該 事項

遞延税項資產確認

一日, 貴公司若干附屬 中包括)評估用於預測未 公司的累計税務虧損為人 來應課税溢利的假設, 民幣288百萬元。 貴集團 如未來產品價格、預期 就税務虧損已確認的遞延 銷售量及生產成本,方 税項資產為人民幣49百萬 式為將此等關鍵假設與 元,該確認以相關税務虧 相應主體的歷史數據及 損對應的税項利益很可能 經濟預測進行比較,審 透過日後應課税溢利實現 查諸如銷售合同、管理 為限。

確認遞延税項資產需要對 用於將予確認的遞延税 用以抵銷税務虧損的未來 項資產的所得税率。我 應税溢利的可能性和幅度 們邀請税務專家協助我 作出重要的管理判斷,包 們進行在企業所得税的 括對未來產品價格、銷售 對賬審查中。 量及生產成本,以及整體 市場及經濟狀況的預期。 我們亦審查 貴集團綜 實際溢利可能與那些預測 合財務報表就確認遞延 不同,因為預期事件經常 税項資產所作出披露之 不會如預期發生,並且可 適當性。 能出現未預見的事件,並 且它們對估計及預測的影 響可能屬重大。

貴集團有關遞延税項資產 之會計政策及披露載於綜 合財務報表附註2.4重大 會計政策、附註3重要會 計判斷及估計以及附註29 遞延税項。

於二零二三年十二月三十 我們的審計程序包括(其 層編製的預算等假設的 支持文件,以及評估適

獨立核數師報告



Key audit matters (continued)

Key audit matter

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

At 31 December 2023, the Group's property, plant and equipment ("PPE") amounted to RMB1,725 million. The Group is required to review PPE for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Management performed an impairment assessment on such PPE by determining the recoverable amounts of the cash-generating units ("CGUs") that the PPE are allocated to. As a result of the impairment assessment, an impairment loss of RMB14 million was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2023.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We obtained an understanding of controls over the process of impairment assessment on PPE.

For those PPE where value-inuse is used as the recoverable amount, we compared the methodology used by the Group, that is, recoverable amount calculations based on future discounted cash flows, to industry practice, and assessed the significant assumptions used in the calculations, which comprised, amongst others, future prices of products, expected sales volumes, production costs and discount rates, by comparing them with the Group's historical data as well as by reviewing supporting documents for those assumptions made such as sale contracts. We also analysed the historical accuracy of management's estimates. In addition, we involved our valuation specialist to assist us in assessing the valuation methodologies and the assumptions used, including the discount rates. We performed a sensitivity analysis of the significant assumptions described above to assess the changes to the recoverable amounts of the CGUs resulting from changes in these assumptions.

關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理該 事項

物業、廠房及設備減值

於二零二三年十二月三十 我們了解對物業、廠房 一日, 貴集團的物業、 及設備減值評估過程的 廠房及設備(「物業、廠房 控制。 及設備」)為人民幣1,725 百萬元。每當事件或情況 就將使用價值作為可收 變化表明物業、廠房及設 回款項的物業、廠房及 備的賬面價值可能無法收 設備而言,我們將 貴 回時, 貴集團必須審視 集團使用的方法(即根據 其減值。管理層通過確定 未來折現現金流計算可 分配給物業、廠房及設備 收回款項)與行業慣例進 的現金產生單位(「現金產 行比較,並評估計算中 生單位」)的可收回金額對 使用的重要假設,包括 該等物業、廠房及設備進(其中包括)未來的產品 行減值評估。進行減值評 價格、預期銷售量、生 估後,截至二零二三年十 產成本及折現率,方法 二月三十一日止年度確認 是將其與 貴集團的歷 減值損失人民幣14百萬 史數據進行比較,並根 元。

據銷售合約等所作的假 設審查支持性文件。我 們亦分析管理層估算的 歷史準確程度。此外, 我們聘請估值專家以協 助我們評估估值方法及 所用假設,包括折現 率。我們對上述重要假 設進行敏感性分析,以 評估由此等假設的變化 導致的現金產生單位可 收回款項的變動。

獨立核數師報告



Key audit matters (continued)

Key audit matter

Impairment of property, plant and equipment (continued)

Audit management's impairment assessment on PPE was complex due to the significant estimates and judgements involved in the projections of future cash flows, including the future prices of products, expected sales volumes, production costs, discount rates and the expected disposal consideration less cost of disposal. These estimates and judgements may be affected by unexpected changes in the future market or economic conditions.

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures about the impairment assessment on PPE are included in Note 2.4 Material accounting policies, Note 3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates and Note 13 Property, plant and equipment to the consolidated financial statements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

For those PPE to be disposed of where fair value less cost of disposal is used as the recoverable amount, we assessed the significant assumptions, such as expected disposal consideration, and disposal-related costs by reviewing price quotes.

We also reviewed the adequacy of disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements in respect of the impairment assessment on PPE.

關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理該 事項

物業、廠房及設備減值 (續)

審計管理層對物業、廠房 就該等以公允價值減去 及設備的減值評估非常複 出售成本作為可收回款 雜,是由於管理層通過使 項的物業、廠房及設備 用未來現金流量的預測涉 而言,我們通過審查價 及大量估計及判斷,包括格報價以評估重大假 未來的產品價格、預期銷 設,例如預期出售對價 售量、生產成本、折現率 以及與出售相關的成本。 及預期的處置對價減去出 售成本。該等估計及判斷 我們亦審查 貴集團綜 可能會受到未來市場或經 合財務報表中披露的物 濟狀況意外變化的影響。 業、廠房及設備減值評

貴集團有關物業、廠房及 設備減值評估之會計政策 及披露載於綜合財務報表 附註2.4重大會計政策概 要、附註3重要會計判斷 及估計以及附註13物業、 廠房及設備。

估之充足度。

獨立核數師報告



Other information included in the Annual Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

年報包括的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊載 於年報內的所有資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及我 們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表發表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,而我們亦不會就此發表任何形式的鑑證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他資料,從而在此過程中考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中獲悉的資料存在重大不符或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,倘我們認為此其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,則我們須報告該事實。我們就此並無任何事項需報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露要求擬備真實 而公允的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務 報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯 誤陳述所必需的內部監控負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力,並披露與持續經營有關之事項(如適用)。除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤,或停止運營,或除此之外並無其他實際可行之辦法,否則 貴公司董事須採用以持續經營為基礎之會計法。

獨立核數師報告



Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements (continued)

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行監督 貴集團財務報告過程的責任。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們的目標為對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證, 並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向整體 股東作出本報告,除此以外不可用作其他用途。我 們概不就本報告的內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔 法律責任。

合理保證為高水準的保證,但不能保證按照香港審計準則進行的審計將在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可由欺詐或錯誤引起,倘合理預期有關錯誤陳述單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者根據該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定,則被視作重大。

作為根據香港審計準則進行審計的一部分,我們會在審計過程中運用專業判斷及保持專業懷疑態度。 我們亦會:

識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,並獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩駕於內部監控之上,因此未能發現由於欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。

獨立核數師報告



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
 of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
 statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

- 了解與審計相關的內部監控,以設計適當的 審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部監控 的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用的會計政策是否恰當及所作 出的會計估計和相關披露是否合理。
- 對董事採用持續經營為會計基礎是否恰當作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定因素,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在重大不確定因素,則須在核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露,或倘有關的披露不足,則須修訂意見。我們的結論是基於核數部報告日期止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體呈報、結構和內容 包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否以公允呈 報的方式反映有關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責指導、監督及執行 貴集團審計工作。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

獨立核數師報告



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Wong Kwok Yin.

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong

18 March 2024

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

我們就(其中包括)審計的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審計發現(包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷)與審核委員會溝通。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並就有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及消除不利影響的行動或採取的防範措施(如適用)與他們溝通。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們決定哪些事項 對本期間綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成 關鍵審計事項。除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些 事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,我們認為披露這些 事項所造成的負面後果合理預期將可能超過公眾知 悉事項的利益而不應在報告中披露,否則我們會在 核數師報告中描述這些事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是黃國賢。

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港

二零二四年三月十八日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

REVENUE 收益 5 2,065,474	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 2,122,318 (1,553,865) 568,453 9,725 (50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) - (15,885) (119) (18,788)
REVENUE 收益 5 2,065,474 Cost of sales 銷售成本 (1,746,838) Gross profit 毛利 318,636 Other income and gains 其他收入及收益 5 29,289 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (44,219) Administrative expenses 行政開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (12,892) Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets 13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in 放信虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 降稅前溢利 7 59,600	RMB'000 人民幣千元 2,122,318 (1,553,865) 568,453 9,725 (50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) - (15,885) (119)
REVENUE 收益 5 2,065,474 Cost of sales 銷售成本 (1,746,838) Gross profit 毛利 318,636 Other income and gains 其他收入及收益 5 29,289 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (44,219) Administrative expenses 行政開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (12,892) Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets 13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in 放一間聯營公司的投資 an associate 減值虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 隆兒虧損淨額 7 59,600	人民幣千元 2,122,318 (1,553,865) 568,453 9,725 (50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) - (15,885) (119)
REVENUE	2,122,318 (1,553,865) 568,453 9,725 (50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) – (15,885) (119)
Gross profit 毛利 318,636 Other income and gains 其他收入及收益 5 29,289 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (44,219) Administrative expenses 行政開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (12,892) Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets 13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in 放一間聯營公司的投資 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 隆兑虧損淨額 7 59,600	(1,553,865) 568,453 9,725 (50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) - (15,885) (119)
Gross profit 毛利 318,636 Other income and gains 其他收入及收益 5 29,289 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (44,219) Administrative expenses 行政開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (12,892) Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets 第一次 13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in 由	(1,553,865) 568,453 9,725 (50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) - (15,885) (119)
Gross profit 毛利 318,636 Other income and gains 其他收入及收益 5 29,289 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (44,219) Administrative expenses 行政開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (12,892) Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in an associate 減值虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net	568,453 9,725 (50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) – (15,885) (119)
Other income and gains 其他收入及收益 5 29,289 Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (44,219) Administrative expenses 行政開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (12,892) Impairment losses on property, 物業、廠房及設備以及無形 資產減值虧損 13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in an associate 減值虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 隆兑虧損淨額 7 59,600	9,725 (50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) – (15,885) (119)
Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (44,219) Administrative expenses 行政開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (12,892) Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in an associate 減值虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 隆兑虧損淨額 (4,971)	(50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) – (15,885) (119)
Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支 (44,219) Administrative expenses 行政開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (12,892) Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in an associate 減值虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 隆兑虧損淨額 (4,971)	(50,578) (133,925) (7,983) (16,166) – (15,885) (119)
Administrative expenses 行政開支 (178,301) Other expenses 其他開支 (12,892) Impairment losses on property, 物業、廠房及設備以及無形 資產減值虧損 13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in an associate 減值虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate	(133,925) (7,983) (16,166) – (15,885) (119)
Other expenses其他開支(12,892)Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets物業、廠房及設備以及無形 資產減值虧損13(14,046)Impairment loss on investment in an associate於一間聯營公司的投資 減值虧損15(758)Finance costs財務成本6(33,028)Share of loss of an associate分佔一間聯營公司虧損15(110)Exchange losses, net匯兑虧損淨額(4,971)	(7,983) (16,166) – (15,885) (119)
Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and 資產減值虧損 intangible assets	(16,166) - (15,885) (119)
plant and equipment and 資產減值虧損 intangible assets 13 (14,046) Impairment loss on investment in 於一間聯營公司的投資 an associate 減值虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 匯兑虧損淨額 (4,971)	(15,885) (119)
intangible assets Impairment loss on investment in 於一間聯營公司的投資 an associate 減值虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 匯兑虧損淨額 7 59,600	(15,885) (119)
Impairment loss on investment in	(15,885) (119)
an associate 減值虧損 15 (758) Finance costs 財務成本 6 (33,028) Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 匯兑虧損淨額 (4,971) PROFIT BEFORE TAX 除稅前溢利 7 59,600	(119)
Finance costs財務成本6(33,028)Share of loss of an associate分佔一間聯營公司虧損15(110)Exchange losses, net匯兑虧損淨額(4,971)PROFIT BEFORE TAX除稅前溢利759,600	(119)
Share of loss of an associate 分佔一間聯營公司虧損 15 (110) Exchange losses, net 匯兑虧損淨額 (4,971) PROFIT BEFORE TAX 除稅前溢利 7 59,600	(119)
Exchange losses, net 匯兑虧損淨額 (4,971) PROFIT BEFORE TAX 除稅前溢利 7 59,600	
PROFIT BEFORE TAX 除税前溢利 7 59,600	
Income tax expense 所得税開支 10 (14,407)	334,734
	(80,502)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR 年內溢利 45,193	254,232
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 其他全面收益	
Other comprehensive income that may 可能於其後期間重新分類至	
be reclassified to profit or loss in 損益的其他全面收益	
subsequent periods (net of tax): (扣除税項):	
Exchange differences on translation 換算外國業務的匯兑差額	
of foreign operations 4,466	24,302
Other comprehensive income that will 於其後期間將不會重新分類	
not be reclassified to profit or loss 至損益的其他全面收益	
in subsequent periods (net of tax): (扣除税項):	
Equity investments designated 指定按公允價值計量且其變動	
at fair value through other 計入其他全面收益(「按公允	
comprehensive income ("FVOCI") 價值計量且其變動計入其他	

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	年內其他全面收益,扣除税項		5,920	18,458
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面收益總額		51,113	272,690
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	下列人士應佔溢利: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益		29,061 16,132	242,035 12,197
Total comprehensive income	下列人士應佔全面收益總額:		45,193	254,232
attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	母公司擁有人 非控股權益		34,981 16,132	260,493 12,197
			51,113	272,690
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	母公司普通股權益擁有人 應佔每股盈利			
Basic and diluted (expressed in RMB per share)	基本及攤薄(按每股 人民幣元列示)	12	0.03	0.24

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

			31 December 2023 二零二三年 十二月三十一日	31 December 2022 二零二二年 十二月三十一日
		Notes 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
_		113 #±	7(1), 1 70	7(2(1) 170
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	1,725,269	1,761,973
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	14(a)	89,582	89,806
Investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司的投資	15	_	868
Equity investments designated	指定按公允價值計量且其變動			
at FVOCI	計入其他全面收益之股權投資	16	32,309	30,855
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL")	按公允價值計量且其變動計入 損益(「按公允價值計量且其			
	變動計入損益」)之金融資產	22	25,183	37,119
Intangible assets	無形資產	17	6,850	7,571
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	29	67,449	28,311
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產		39,530	50,826
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		1,986,172	2,007,329
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	18	285,326	272,759
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	19	342,512	233,739
Notes receivable	應收票據	20	399,501	421,045
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	21	69,279	59,596
Financial assets at FVPL	按公允價值計量且其變動計入			
	損益之金融資產	22	12,879	4,621
Restricted cash	受限現金	23	70,586	7,081
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	23	287,441	189,069
Total current assets	流動資產總值		1,467,524	1,187,910
	7,10,243,5 < 1,22,110,122		1,101,021	.,,
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	24	472,614	384,084
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	25	277,648	363,347
Contract liabilities	合約負債		11,173	4,458
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借款			
other borrowings		26	277,444	247,094
Income tax payable	應付所得税		19,347	20,792
Current portion of long-term	長期借款的即期部分			
borrowings		26	21,650	14,693
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	27	60,286	_
	注到力压 体在			
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		1,140,162	1,034,468

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	31 December 2023 二零二三年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2022 二零二二年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		327,362	153,442
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		2,313,534	2,160,771
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Deferred income	遞延收入	28	8,163	10,449
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	29	7,732	11,570
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借款		, -	, -
other borrowings		26	18,058	38,793
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14(b)	232	_
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	30	224,518	
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		258,703	60,812
Net assets	資產淨值		2,054,831	2,099,959
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	31	65,346	65,807
Treasury shares	庫存股份	31	(16,513)	(4,467)
Reserves	(A) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B	32	1,846,641	1,976,131
110001100	інн ітэ	02	1,040,041	1,070,101
			1,895,474	2,037,471
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		159,357	62,488
Total equity	權益總值		2,054,831	2,099,959

Ge Yi 戈弋 Director 董事

Bai Kun 白崑 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

					Attr	ibutable to ov 融后公母	vners of the p 種有人應佔	parent					
						9 4 刊第	11111111111111111111111111111111111111	Fairmeles				_	
								Fair value					
						Safety		reserve of equity				Non-	
		Share	Troccury	Share	Capital	production	Statutory	investments	Translation	Retained		controlling	Total
		capital	Treasury shares	premium	reserve	fund	reserve	at FVOCI	reserve	profits	Total	interests	equity
		Capital	Silaics	premium	1636146	iuiiu	TESCIVE	按公允價值	TESCIVE	pronts	iotai	IIICICSIS	equity
								計量且其					
								變動計入					
								其他全面					
								收益之金融					
						安全生產		資產之公允					
		股本	庫存股份	股份溢價	資本儲備	基金	法定儲備	價值儲備	匯兑儲備	保留溢利	總計	非控股權益	權益總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	65,807	(4,467)	261,159	9,405	71,069	136,274	(12,189)	49,835	1,460,578	2,037,471	62,488	2,099,959
Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,061	29,061	16,132	45,193
Other comprehensive	年內其他全面收益												
income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,454	4,466	-	5,920	-	5,920
Total comprehensive	年內全面收益總額												
income for the year	十八工四八皿形限	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,454	4,466	29,061	34,981	16,132	51,113
Repurchase of own shares	購回自有股份	_	(19,663)	_	_	_	_	-,,,,,,	- 1,100		(19,663)	-	(19,663)
Deregistration of	註銷一間附屬公司		, , ,								, , ,		, , ,
a subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	(274)	-	-	274	-	-	-
Disposal of partial	出售一間附屬公司												
interest in a subsidiary**	部分權益**	-	-	-	(18,896)	-	-	-	-	-	(18,896)	18,896	-
Transfer of reserve upon	一間附屬公司資金												
a subsidiary's capital	變動後轉撥儲備				44.000		(44.000)						
movement Dividend distributed to	分派予股東的股息	_	-	_	11,000	_	(11,000)	_	-	_	_	-	_
shareholders (Note 11)	刀减了放来的放忠 <i>(附註11)</i>			(89,265)							(89,265)	(5,313)	(94,578)
Deem disposal of partial	被視為處置一間附屬			(03,203)							(03,203)	(3,313)	(34,370)
interest in a subsidiary***	公司部分權益***	_	_	_	(49,154)	_	_	_		_	(49,154)	67,154	18,000
Transfer to statutory reserve		_	_	_	-	_	17,261	_	_	(17,261)	- (,)	-	-
Appropriation to safety	撥入安全生產基金									_ , , ,			
production fund		-	-	-	-	5,167	-	-	-	(5,167)	-	-	-
Cancellation of own shares	註銷自有股份	(461)	7,617	(7,156)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年												
	十二月三十一日	65,346	(16,513)	164,738*	(47,645)*	76,236*	142,261*	(10,735)*	54,301*	1,467,485*	1,895,474	159,357	2,054,831

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 | 上年度

- These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of approximately RMB1,846,641,000 and approximately RMB1,976,131,000 in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, respectively.
- In June 2023, Tsaker Chemical (Hong Kong) Company Limited ("Tsaker Hong Kong") (a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) sold to several independent investors a total of 3,886,924 shares in Hebei Tsaker New Materials Technology Company Limited ("Tsaker Technology") (an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company), representing an aggregate of approximately 6.12% equity interests in Tsaker Technology, at an aggregate consideration of approximately RMB55,000,000. Pursuant to the share transfer agreement, in the event that Tsaker Technology fails to consummate a proposed listing on the Beijing Stock Exchange by 31 December 2024, each of the purchasers shall have a repurchase right to require Tsaker Hong Kong to repurchase all or part of its respective sale shares in Tsaker Technology at a pre-determined repurchase price. Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the repurchase rights agreed in the above-mentioned transactions lead to contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset to other entities and accounted for the considerations received from the independent investors as financial liabilities (note 27). Non-controlling interests were recognised at the proportionate share of Tsaker Technology's net assets at the transaction date.
- In March and April 2023, several independent investors agreed to inject an aggregate amount of RMB229,000,000 into Shandong Tsaker New Materials Co., Ltd. ("Shandong TNM"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, by way of cash contribution in return for approximately 9.84% equity interests in aggregate in the enlarged registered capital of Shandong TNM. Pursuant to the shareholders' agreements entered into for the above capital injection transactions, each of the independent investors (except an employee shareholding platform established by certain employees of Shandong TNM and its subsidiary) shall have repurchase rights to require Shandong TNM and/or Mr. GE Yi and/or Shandong TNM's immediate holding company to repurchase its equity interest in Shandong TNM at a pre-determined repurchase price at any time on or after the occurrence of any trigger events defined in the shareholders' agreements. Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the repurchase rights agreed in the above-mentioned transactions lead to contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset to other entities and accounted for the considerations received from the independent investors as financial liabilities (note 30). Non-controlling interests were recognised at the proportionate share of Shandong TNM Group's net assets at the transaction date.

- 該等儲備賬包括列於綜合財務狀況表內分別為二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零二二年十二月三十一日之綜合儲備約人民幣1,846,641,000元及約人民幣1,976,131,000元。
- ** 於二零二三年六月,彩客化學(香港)有限公司(「彩客香港」)(本公司的直接全資附屬公司)向多名獨立投資者出售河北彩客新材料科技股份有限公司(「彩客科技」)(本公司的間接非全資附屬公司)合共3,886,924股股份,相當於彩客科技約6.12%股權,總代價為約人民幣55,000,000元。根據股份轉讓協議,倘彩客科技未能於二零二四年十二月三十一日前在北京證券交易所完成擬議上市,各買方將擁有回購權要求彩客香港支付預定回購價以回購其於彩客科技的全部或部分出售股份。本公司董事認為上述交易協定的回購權導致出現向另一間實體交付現金或其他金融資產的合約責任,並將從獨立投資者收取的代價入賬為金融負債(附註27)。非控股權益按於交易日期應佔彩客科技資產淨值比例確認。

*** 於二零二三年三月及四月,若干獨立投資者同意以現金出資方式向本公司的間接全資附屬公司山東彩客新材料有限公司(「山東彩客新材料」)注資合共人民幣229,000,000元,以換取山東彩客新材料經擴大註冊資本合計約9.84%的股權。根據就上述注資交易訂立的股東協議,各獨立投資者(山東彩客新材料及其附屬公司若干員工設立的員工持股平台除外)將擁有回購權於出現股東協議所界定一句觸發事件之時或之後隨時要求山東彩客新材料及/或上代先生及/或山東彩客新材料的直接控股公司支付預定回購價以回購其於山東彩客新材料的股權。本公司董事認為上述交易協定的回購權導致出現向另一間實體交付現金或其他金融資產的合約責任,並將從獨立投資者收取的代價入賬為金融負債(附註30)。非控股權益按於交易日期應佔山東彩客新材料集團資產淨值比例確認。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔

						7411	L U / (NOVIH						
		Share capital	Treasury shares	Share premium	Capital reserve	Safety production fund	Statutory	Fair value reserve of equity investments at FVOCI 按公允量動計全量數計全面 美达全面	Translation reserve	Retained profits	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	庫存股份 RMB'000 人民幣千元	股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	安全生產 基金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	資產之公允 價值儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 於	_零年—月—日	66,269	(5,893)	375,070	(5,030)	65,940	130,910	(589)	25,533	1,223,280	1,875,490	15,936	1,891,426
	內溢利 內其他全面收益	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,844)	- 24,302	242,035 -	242,035 18,458	12,197	254,232 18,458
Transfer of fair value reserve #1 upon the disposal of equity investments at FVOCI	回自有股份 售按公允價值計量且其 變動計入其他全面收益 之股權投資後轉撥公允	-	- (6,871)	-	-	-	-	(5,844) -	24,302 -	242,035 -	260,493 (6,871)	12,197 -	272,690 (6,871)
Deregistration of a subsidiary 註	價值儲備 銷一間附屬公司 派予股東的股息	-	-	-	-	-	(244)	(5,756)	-	5,756 244	-	-	-
Deemed disposal of partial 被	<i>(附註11)</i> 視為出售一間附屬公司 部分權益	-	-	(106,076)	14.495	-	-	-	-	-	(106,076)	(2,210)	(108,286)
Transfer to statutory reserve 轉	部分権益 撥至法定儲備 入安全生產基金	-	-	-	14,435 -	-	5,608	-	-	(5,608)	14,435 -	36,565 -	51,000
production fund Cancellation of own shares 註	銷自有股份	(462)	- 8,297	(7,835)	-	5,129	-	-	-	(5,129)	-	-	-
	_零年 十_月三十一日	65,807	(4,467)	261,159*	9,405*	71,069*	136,274*	(12,189)*	49,835*	1,460,578*	2,037,471	62,488	2,099,959

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

	4	Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營活動所得現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	哈哥苏兴利		50.000	004.704
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		59,600	334,734
Adjustments for:	就下列各項作出調整:	0	00.000	15.005
Finance costs	財務成本	6	33,028	15,885
Exchange gains, net	匯兑收益淨額 到息收入	_	(502)	(2,154)
Interest income	利息收入物质制具具基繳割制	5	(2,911)	(613)
Dividend income from equity	按公允價值計量且其變動計入			
investments at FVOCI and FVPL	其他全面收益及按公允價值			
	計量且其變動計入損益之	_	(0.0)	(440)
1	股權投資之股息收入	5	(30)	(118)
Loss on disposal of items of	出售物業、廠房及設備項目的	-		4.5.45
property, plant and equipment	虧損	7	5,060	1,545
Fair value losses of financial assets	按公允價值計量且其變動計入			
at FVPL	損益之金融資產之公允價值			10.110
	虧損		8,877	18,443
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊	40	450.450	100.051
equipment	生田地次令长柱	13	153,452	100,251
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	14(a)	3,885	4,701
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	17	1,337	1,824
Amortisation of deferred income	遞延收入攤銷 〇/b 開聯 ※ 〇 司 転提	4.5	(2,286)	(10,304)
Share of loss of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司虧損	15 15	110	119
Impairment loss of an associate	一間聯營公司減值虧損	15	758	- 4.40
Impairment of trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值	19	736	1,410
Impairment of other receivables	其他應收款項減值		6,193	_
Impairment of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值	13	44.040	7 100
equipment	無形次文法		14,046	7,163
Impairment of intangible assets Write-down of inventories to net	無形資產減值 存貨撇減至可變現淨值	17	_	9,003
realisable value	仔具撇 <u>枫至可愛</u> 圾/尹恒	7	10 700	1.060
realisable value		/	19,792	1,969
			004 445	400.050
			301,145	483,858
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(20.250)	(10.005)
	好具增加 貿易應收款項及應收票據增加		(32,359)	(13,865)
Increase in trade receivables	貝芴應収款垻及應収宗據增加		(OOF 410)	(01.004)
and notes receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項		(205,418)	(91,224)
Decrease in prepayments and other receivables	預刊		10.476	41,842
Increase in trade payables	マールグ 貿易應付款項増加		10,476 139,454	41,842 81,580
Decrease in other payables	其勿應內款項及應計費用		139,434	01,000
and accruals	共他應刊		(09.493)	(1.040)
Increase/(Decrease) in contract			(98,483)	(1,042)
liabilities			6 715	(2.027)
Increase in restricted cash	受限現金增加		6,715 (7,524)	(2,027)
morease in restricted cash	人以九亚伯川		(7,524)	(5,095)
Cook governed from the	颁数文件的租人		444.000	40.4.007
Cash generated from operations	經營產生的現金		114,006	494,027

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

	1	Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest received	已收利息		2,911	613
Interest paid	已付利息		(18,467)	(18,656)
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(52,271)	(104,487)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量		46,179	371,497
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量			
Dividends received from equity investments at FVOCI and FVPL	已收按公允價值計量且其變動 計入其他全面收益及按公允 價值計量且其變動計入損益 之股權投資之股息	5	30	118
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at FVPL	出售按公允價值計量且其變動 計入損益之金融資產所得款項	O	20,529	165,026
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at FVOCI	出售按公允價值計量且其變動 計入其他全面收益之金融資產 所得款項		_	38,282
Purchases of items of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備項目		(70.426)	
plant and equipment Purchases of intangible assets	購買無形資產		(72,436) (616)	(279,380) (310)
Proceeds from disposal of items of	出售物業、廠房及設備項目		(515)	(2.5)
property, plant and equipment	所得款項		238	1,775
Purchases of equity investments designated at FVOCI	購買指定按公允價值計量且其 變動計入其他全面收益之			
Dranaid land lagge neument	股權投資 預付土地租賃款項		_	(7,371)
Prepaid land lease payment Purchase of financial assets at EVPL	與內工地位員		_	(7,060)
i dichase di lilianciai assets di FVFL	計入損益之金融資產		(25,730)	(196,596)
Other cash flows used in investing	投資活動所用其他現金流量		(23,700)	(100,000)
activities			(55,981)	(280)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

			2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		Notes	—◆—二十 RMB'000	—令——+ RMB'000
		Notes 附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		717 #44	77771773	7 (2 (1) 1 / 2
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金流量淨額		(133,966)	(285,236)
CASH FLOWS FROM	融資活動所得現金流量			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
New bank loans and other borrowings	新增銀行貸款及其他借款	33	355,759	414,103
Repurchase of own shares	購回自有股份		(19,663)	(6,871)
Repayment of bank loans and other	償還銀行貸款及其他借款			
borrowings		33	(338,025)	(428,918)
Principal portion of lease liabilities	租賃負債之本金部分	33	(548)	(449)
Dividend paid	已付股息		(94,578)	(108,286)
Disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司的部分權益		55,000	_
Deem disposal of partial interest	被視為處置一間附屬公司部分			
in a subsidiary	權益		229,000	51,000
Other cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動所用其他現金流量		(1,288)	_
Net cash flows from/(used in)	融資活動所得/(所用)現金			
financing activities	流量淨額		185,657	(79,421)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等價物增加淨額			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	仇业队 悦亚守惧彻相加伊朗		97,870	6,840
Cash and cash equivalents	年初現金及現金等價物		51,070	0,040
at beginning of year		23	189,069	180,075
Effect of foreign exchange rate	匯率變動的淨影響	20	100,000	100,010
changes, net			502	2,154
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年末現金及現金等價物			
AT END OF YEAR		23	287,441	189,069

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The registered address of the Company is P.O. Box 472, 2nd Floor, Harbour Place, 103 South Church Street, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-1106, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. During the year, the Company's subsidiaries were involved in the following principal activities:

- manufacture and sale of battery materials
- manufacture and sale of dye and agricultural chemical intermediates
- manufacture and sale of pigment intermediates and new materials

In the opinion of the Directors, the controller of the Company is Mr. GE Yi.

公司及本集團資料 1.

本公司為一家於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公 司。本公司註冊地址是P.O. Box 472, 2nd Floor, Harbour Place, 103 South Church Street, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-1106, Cayman Islands •

本公司為一家投資控股公司。於年內,本公 司的附屬公司主要從事以下活動:

- 電池材料的生產和銷售
- 染料及農業化學品中間體的生產和銷 售
- 顏料中間體及新材料的生產和銷售

董事認為,本公司控制者為戈弋先生。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

(CONTINUED)

Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

1. 公司及本集團資料(續)

有關附屬公司資料

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載列如下:

Name 名稱	Place and date of incorporation/ registration/ establishment and principal place of operations 註冊成立/註冊/成立地點及日期以及主要經營地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊股本	Percentage interest at to the C 本公司應佔	tributable ompany	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	% Indirect 間接	
Tsaker Chemical (Hongkong) Co., Limited (Tsaker Hongkong)	Hong Kong 2 September 2010	HKD34,174,000	100	-	Investment holding
彩客化學(香港)有限公司(彩客香港)	香港 二零一零年九月二日	34,174,000港元	100	-	投資控股
Tsaker Chemical Group Co., Limited (Tsaker Chemical Group)	Hebei, PRC 28 September 2017	RMB84,000,000	-	100	Investment holding
彩客化學集團有限公司(彩客化學集團)*	中國河北 二零一七年九月二十八日	人民幣84,000,000元	-	100	投資控股
Hebei Tsaker New Material Technology Co., Limited (Tsaker Technology)	Hebei, PRC 23 September 2005	RMB63,571,427	-	72	Production and sale of chemicals and new materials
河北彩客新材料科技股份有限公司(彩客科技)**	中國河北 二零零五年九月二十三日	人民幣63,571,427元	-	72	化學品及新材料生產和銷售
Tsaker Huayu Chemical Co., Limited (Tsaker Huayu)	Hebei, PRC 7 May 2013	RMB370,000,000	-	100	Production and sale of chemicals
彩客華煜化學有限公司(彩客華煜)"	, 中國河北 二零一三年五月七日	人民幣370,000,000元	-	100	化學品生產和銷售
Shandong Tsaker New Material Co., Limited (Shandong TNM)	Shandong, PRC 20 May 2014	RMB250,000,000	-	90	Production and sale of battery materials
山東彩客新材料有限公司(山東彩客新材料)**	中國山東 二零一四年五月二十日	人民幣250,000,000元	-	90	電池材料生產和銷售

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

(CONTINUED)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

1. 公司及本集團資料(續)

有關附屬公司資料(續)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載列如下:(續)

Name	Place and date of incorporation/ registration/ establishment and principal place of operations 註冊成立/註冊/成立地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/	Percentage interest at to the C	tributable	Principal activities
名稱	及日期以及主要經營地點	註冊股本	本公司應佔股權百分比 %		主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Tsaker Technology Development (Beijing) Co., Limited (Tsaker Technology Development)	Beijing, PRC 17 October 2013	RMB40,000,000	-	100	Sale of chemicals
彩客技術研發(北京)有限公司(彩客技術研發)**	中國北京 二零一三年十月十七日	人民幣40,000,000元	-	100	化學品銷售
Shandong Tsaker Dongao Chemicals Co., Limited (Tsaker Dongao)	Shandong, PRC 15 March 2004	RMB200,000,000	-	100	Production and sale of chemicals
山東彩客東奧化學有限公司(彩客東奧)**	中國山東 二零零四年三月十五日	人民幣200,000,000元	-	100	化學品生產和銷售
Tsaker Chemical (Singapore) Private Co., Limited (Tsaker Singapore)	Singapore 8 July 2016	USD7,500	-	100	Sale of chemicals
彩客化學(新加坡)私人有限公司(彩客新加坡)	新加坡 二零一六年七月八日	7,500美元	-	100	化學品銷售
Tsaker Huayu Technology (Tianjin) Co., Limited (Tsaker Huayu Tianjin)	Tianjin, PRC 5 February 2018	RMB20,000,000	-	100	Sale of chemicals
彩客華煜(天津)科技有限公司(彩客華煜天津)**	中國天津 二零一八年二月五日	人民幣20,000,000元	-	100	化學品銷售
Hasun Group Limited	British Virgin Islands 2 November 2017	USD10,000	100	-	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島 二零一七年十一月二日	10,000美元	100	-	投資控股

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

(CONTINUED)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows: *(continued)*

1. 公司及本集團資料(續)

有關附屬公司資料(續)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載列如下:(續)

Name	Place and date of incorporation/ registration/ establishment and principal place of operations 註冊成立/註冊/成立地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company		Principal activities
名稱	及日期以及主要經營地點	註冊股本	本公司應佔		主要業務
			Direct 直接	% Indirect 間接	
Chuangying Liancheng (Cangzhou) Enterprise Management Co., Limited	Hebei, PRC 23 August 2016	RMB13,000,000	-	100	Investment holding
(Chuangying Liancheng) 創盈聯鍼 (滄州)企業管理有限公司 (創盈聯輱)**	中國河北 二零一六年八月二十三日	人民幣13,000,000元	-	100	投資控股
Bright Innovation Global Limited	British Virgin Islands 8 September 2021	USD50,000	-	100	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島 二零二一年九月八日	50,000美元	-	100	投資控股
Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy Co., Limited (Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy)	Hebei, PRC 15 April 2022	RMB50,000,000	-	90	Production and sale of battery materials
滄州彩客鋰能有限公司(滄州彩客鋰能)**	· 中國河北 二零二二年四月十五日	人民幣50,000,000元	-	90	電池材料生產和銷售

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

1. **CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION**

(CONTINUED)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

公司及本集團資料(續) 1.

有關附屬公司資料(續)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載列如下:(續)

Name 名稱	Place and date of incorporation/ registration/ establishment and principal place of operations 註冊成立/註冊/成立地點 及日期以及主要經營地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊股本	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股權百分比%		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Beijing Chuangying Xinli Enterprise Management Consulting Partnership (Limited Partnership) (Chuangying Xinli)	Beijing, PRC 17 October 2022	RMB51,000,000	-	100	Investment holding
北京創盈信立企業管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥) (創盈信立)***	中國北京 二零二二年十月十七日	人民幣51,000,000元	-	100	投資控股
Tsaker Dongao (Hainan) Technology Co., Limited (Tsaker Dongao Hainan)	Hainan, PRC 10 January 2023	RMB5,000,000	-	100	Sale of chemicals
彩客東奧(海南)科技有限公司(彩客東奥海南)**	中國海南 二零二三年一月十日	人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	化學品銷售

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows: *(continued)*

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

- Registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under PRC law
- ** Registered as limited liability companies under PRC law
- *** Registered as limited partnerships under PRC law

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial assets and notes receivable which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2023. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

1. 公司及本集團資料(續)

有關附屬公司資料(續)

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載列如下:(續)

上表載列之本集團附屬公司,乃董事認為對本年度業績有重大影響或構成本集團淨資產 之主要部分。董事認為提供其他附屬公司之 詳情會令此等資料過於冗長。

- * 根據中國法律註冊成為外商獨資企業
- ** 根據中國法律註冊成為有限公司
- *** 根據中國法律註冊成為有限合夥企業

2. 會計政策

2.1 編製基準

本財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所有香港財務報告準則」)及香港公司條例披露規定編製。除按公允價值計量之若干金融資產及應收票據外,財務報表已根據歷史成本慣例編製而成,以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列,而當中所有金額均湊整至最接近的千位,惟另有註明者除外。

合併基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的財務報表。附屬公司指由本公司直接或間接控制之實體(包括結構性實體)。控制權指倘本集團能夠或有權從參與投資對象的業務中分享其非固定回報,並能夠通過其對投資對象的權力(即令本集團現時能夠指導投資對象相關活動的現有權利)影響回報金額。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements;
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

2.1 編製基準(續)

合併基準(續)

一般情況下,有一個推定,即多數投票權形 成控制權。倘本公司擁有投資對象中少於大 多數的投票權或類似權利,本集團將於評估 其是否對投資對象擁有權力時考慮所有相關 事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票權持有人的合約 安排;
- (b) 來自其他合約安排的權利;
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權利。

附屬公司與本公司之財務報表之報告期間相同,並採用一致之會計政策編製。附屬公司之業績由本集團獲得控制權當日起綜合入 賬,直至有關控制權終止當日為止。

損益及其他全面收益之各個組成部分歸屬於 本集團母公司之擁有人及非控股權益,即使 此舉會導致非控股權益有虧絀結餘。所有有 關本集團各成員公司間之交易之集團內部公 司間資產及負債、權益、收益、開支及現金 流量會於綜合計算時全數抵銷。

倘事實及情況顯示上文所述三項控制因素之 一項或多項出現變化,本集團會重新評估其 是否控制被投資方。並無失去控制權之附屬 公司擁有權權益變動作為權益交易入賬。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognise the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice

Statement 2

Disclosure of Accounting

Policies

Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting

Estimates

Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single

Transaction

Amendments to HKAS 12 International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules

2.1 編製基準(續)

合併基準(續)

倘本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權,則終止確認該相關資產(包括商譽)、負債、任何非控股權益及匯兑波動儲備:並確認所保留任何投資之公允價值及損益表中任何因此產生之盈餘或虧損。先前已於其他全面收益內確認之本集團應佔部分重新分類至損益或保留溢利(如適當),基準與本集團直接出售相關資產或負債所需使用之基準相同。

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團於本年度財務報表首次採納以下新訂 及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 保險合約

第17號

香港會計準則第1號 會計政策的披露

及香港財務報告 準則實務報告 第2號之修訂

香港會計準則第8號 會計估計的定義

之修訂

香港會計準則第12號 與單一交易產生的 之修訂 資產及負債相關

的遞延税項

香港會計準則第12號 *國際税務改革-支柱* 之修訂 二範本規則

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

The nature and the impact of the new and revised HKFRSs that are applicable to the Group are described below:

- (a) Amendments to HKAS 1 require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements provide nonmandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The Group has disclosed the material accounting policy information in note 2 to the financial statements. The amendments did not have any impact on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Group's financial statements.
- (b) Amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. Since the Group's approach and policy align with the amendments, the amendments had no impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

適用於本集團的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則之性質及影響説明如下:

- (a) 香港會計準則第1號之修訂要求實體 披露重要會計政策資料,而非重大會 計政策。倘連同實體財務報表內其他 資料一併考慮,會計政策資料可其 理預期會影響通用財務報表的主要 理預期會影響通用財務報表的主要 用者根據該等財務報表所作出要 定,則該會計政策資料屬重要性概 定,則該會計政策資料屬重要性概念 應用於會計政策披露提供非強制性指 引。本集團已於財務報表附註2披露 重要會計政策資料。該等修訂對本集 團財務報表計量、確認或呈列任何弱 目並無任何影響。
- (b) 香港會計準則第8號之修訂澄清會計估計變更與會計政策變更之間的區別。會計估計的定義為存在計量不明朗因素的財務報表之貨幣金額。該等修訂亦澄清實體為作出會計估計而如何使用計量技術及輸入數據。由於本集團的方法及政策與該等修訂一致,該等修訂對本集團的財務報表並無影響。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

(c) Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception in HKAS 12 so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions.

Upon the application of the amendments, the Group has determined the temporary differences arising from right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately, which have been reflected in the reconciliation disclosed in note 29 to the financial statements. However, they did not have any material impact on the overall deferred tax balances presented in the consolidated statement of financial position as the related deferred tax balances qualified for offsetting under HKAS 12.

Amendments to HKAS 12 International Tax Reform (d) - Pillar Two Model Rules introduce a mandatory temporary exception from the recognition and disclosure of deferred taxes arising from the implementation of the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development. The amendments also introduce disclosure requirements for the affected entities to help users of the financial statements better understand the entities' exposure to Pillar Two income taxes, including the disclosure of current tax related to Pillar Two income taxes separately in the periods when Pillar Two legislation is effective and the disclosure of known or reasonably estimable information of their exposure to Pillar Two income taxes in periods in which the legislation is enacted or substantively enacted but not yet in effect. The Group has applied the amendments retrospectively. Since the Group did not fall within the scope of the Pillar Two model rules, the amendments did not have any impact to the Group.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(c) 香港會計準則第12號之修訂與單一交 易產生的資產及負債相關的遞延税項 縮窄香港會計準則第12號當中首次 確認例外情況的範圍,使其不再適用 於產生相同的應課税及可扣減暫時性 差異的交易,例如租賃及廢棄處置義 務。因此,實體須就該等交易產生的 暫時性差異確認遞延稅項資產(前提 是有充足的應課稅溢利)及遞延稅項 負債。

在應用該等修訂後,本集團已分別釐定使用權資產及租賃負債所產生的暫時性差異,並在財務報表所披露附註29的對賬中進行反映。然而,由於相關遞延稅項餘額符合香港會計準則第12號的抵銷資格,因此對綜合財務狀況表中呈列的整體遞延稅項結餘並無任何重大影響。

香港會計準則第12號之修訂國際稅務 (d) *改革-支柱二範本規則*對執行由經濟 合作與發展組織發佈的支柱二範本規 則而產生的遞延税項的確認及披露引 入一項強制臨時例外情況。該等修訂 亦對受影響實體引入披露要求以協助 財務報表的使用者更加了解實體的支 柱二所得税風險,包括於支柱二法例 生效期間單獨披露與支柱二所得税相 關的當期税項,以及於法例制定或實 質上制定但尚未生效期間披露其支柱 二所得税風險的已知或可合理估計的 資料。本集團已追溯應用該等修訂。 由於本集團不在支柱二範本規則的範 圍內,該等修訂對本集團並無任何影 響。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG 2.3 **FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS**

The Group has not applied the following revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. The Group intends to apply these revised HKFRSs, if applicable, when they become effective.

Amendments to HKFRS 10

and HKAS 28

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate

or Joint Venture3

Amendments to HKFRS 16

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback1

Amendments to HKAS 1

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (the "2020 Amendments")1,4

Amendments to HKAS 1

Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (the "2022 Amendments")1,4

Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7

Supplier Finance Arrangements1

Amendments to HKAS 21

Lack of Exchangeability²

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- As a consequence of the 2020 Amendments and 2022 Amendments, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause was revised to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion

已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準 2.3 則

本集團於本財務報表中尚未應用以下已頒佈 但尚未生效之經修訂香港財務報告準則。本 集團擬在該等經修訂香港財務報告準則(如 適用)生效時予以應用。

香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號之修訂 投資者及其聯營公司 或合營企業之間 的資產出售或注資3

香港財務報告準則第

售後租回的租賃負債1

香港會計準則第1號

16號之修訂

負債分類為流動或 之修訂 非流動

(「二零二零年 修訂」) 1 · 4

香港會計準則第1號

附帶契諾的非流動 之修訂 負債(「二零二二年

修訂 |) 1 · 4

香港會計準則第7號及 供應商融資安排1 香港財務報告準則 第7號之修訂

香港會計準則第21號 缺乏可兑換性2 之修訂

- 對始於二零二四年一月一日或其後之年 度期間生效
- 對始於二零二五年一月一日或其後之年 度期間生效
- 尚未釐定強制生效日期但可供採納
- 由於二零二零年修訂及二零二二年修 訂,香港詮釋第5號財務報表的呈列一 借款人對包含按要求償還條款的定期貸 款之分類已經修訂,以使相應的措辭保 持一致,而結論維持不變

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(CONTINUED)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 was removed by the HKICPA. However, the amendments are available for adoption now. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 16 specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and shall be applied retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 (i.e., 1 January 2019). Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準 則(續)

有關預期適用於本集團之香港財務報告準則之 進一步資料於下文載列。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第 28號之修訂針對香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號之間有關投資者與其聯 營或合營公司之間之資產出售或注資兩者規 定之不一致情況。該等修訂規定,當資產出 售或注資構成一項業務時,須確認下游交易 產生的全數收益或虧損。當交易涉及不構成 一項業務之資產時,由該交易產生之收益或 虧損於該投資者之損益內確認,並應僅就非 關聯投資者在該聯營公司或合營企業的權益 部分做出確認。該等修訂即將應用。香港會 計師公會已剔除香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號之修訂以往強制生效日 期。然而,該等修訂可於現時採納。預期該 等修訂將不會對本集團之財務報表產生任何 重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂訂明計量售後回租交易產生的租賃負債所用的賣方一承租人之規定,以確保賣方一承租人不會確認與所保留使用權有關的任何損益金額。該等修訂在始於二零二四年一月一日或其後的年度期間生效,並應追溯適用於首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號當日(即二零一九年一月一日)之後訂立的售後租回交易,且允許提前應用。預期該等修訂將不會對本集團之財務報表產生任何重大影響。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(CONTINUED)

The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify that a liability can be settled in its own equity instruments, and that only if a conversion option in a convertible liability is itself accounted for as an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. Additional disclosures are required for non-current liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period. The amendments shall be applied retrospectively with early application permitted. An entity that applies the 2020 Amendments early is required to apply simultaneously the 2022 Amendments, and vice versa. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments and whether existing loan agreements may require revision. Based on a preliminary assessment, the amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準 則(續)

二零二零年修訂澄清有關將負債分類為流動 或非流動的規定,包括延遲清償權的含義, 以及延遲清償權必須在報告期末存在。負債 的分類不受實體行使其延遲清償權的可能性 的影響。該等修訂亦澄清,負債可以用其自 身的權益工具清償,以及只有當可轉換負債 中的轉換選擇權本身作為權益工具入賬時, 負債的條款才不會影響其分類。二零二二年 修訂進一步澄清,在貸款安排產生的負債契 約中,只有實體於報告日或之前必須遵守的 契約才會影響負債分類為流動或非流動。對 於實體於報告期後十二個月內必須遵守未來 契約的非流動負債,須進行額外披露。該等 修訂應追溯應用,且允許提前應用。提前應 用二零二零年修訂的實體必須同時應用二零 二二年修訂,反之亦然。本集團目前正在評 估該等修訂的影響以及現有貸款協議是否需 要修訂。根據初步評估,預期該等修訂不會 對本集團之財務報表產生任何重大影響。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(CONTINUED)

Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. Earlier application of the amendments is permitted. The amendments provide certain transition reliefs regarding comparative information, quantitative information as at the beginning of the annual reporting period and interim disclosures. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 21 specify how an entity shall assess whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and how it shall estimate a spot exchange rate at a measurement date when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments require disclosures of information that enable users of financial statements to understand the impact of a currency not being exchangeable. Earlier application is permitted. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or to the cumulative amount of translation differences accumulated in a separate component of equity, where appropriate, at the date of initial application. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準 則(續)

香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂闡明供應商融資安排的特點,並規定須就該等安排作出額外披露。該等修訂的披露規定旨在協助財務報表使用者了解供應商融資安排對實體的負債、現金流量及流動資金風險的影響,且允許提前應用該等修訂。該等修訂就於年度報告期及中期披露期初的比較資料及定量資料提供若干過渡性減免。預期該等修訂將不會對本集團之財務報表產生任何重大影響。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.4

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in associates and joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates or joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

2.4 重大會計政策

於聯營公司及合營公司之投資

聯營公司為本集團長期持有其一般不少於 20%的股本投票權, 並對其有重大影響力的 實體。重大影響力指參與投資對象的財務和 經營決策的權力,而非控制或共同控制該等 決策的權力。

合營企業指一項合營安排, 對安排擁有共同 控制權之訂約方據此對合營公司之資產淨值 擁有權利。共同控制權指按照合約協定對一 項安排所共有之控制權,僅在相關活動必須 獲得共同享有控制權之各方一致同意方能決 定時存在。

本集團於聯營公司及合營公司之投資乃按權 益會計法,以本集團應佔資產淨值減任何減 值虧損於綜合財務狀況表內入賬。

本集團應佔聯營公司或合營公司的收購後業 績和其他全面收益,分別列入綜合損益表及 綜合其他全面收益表內。此外,倘直接確認 於聯營公司或合營公司的權益發生變化,本 集團將於綜合權益變動表中確認其就任何變 動應佔的份額(如適用)。本集團與其聯營公 司或合營公司之間的交易產生的未變現收益 及虧損,以本集團在聯營公司或合營公司的 投資為限予以沖銷,除非未變現虧損提供所 轉讓資產的減值證據。收購聯營公司或合營 公司產生的商譽被列為本集團於聯營公司或 合營公司之投資的一部分。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (continued)

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other case, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When an investment in an associate or a joint venture is classified as held for sale, it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its equity investments, certain financial assets and notes receivable at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司之投資(續)

如果於聯營公司之投資變為於合營企業之投資或於合營企業之投資變為於聯營公司之投資,則毋須重新計量保留權益。反之,有關投資繼續以權益法核算。在所有其他情況下,於喪失對聯營公司的重大影響力後或會上,於喪失對時營公司的重大影響力後。會完對合營企業的共同控制後,本集團會決了價值計量及確認任何保留投資。或合營企業的賬面金額與保留投資的公允價值和處置所得款項的任何差異,在損益中確認。

當對聯營公司或合營公司之投資被歸類為持 作出售時,其將根據香港財務報告準則第 5號持作出售的非流動資產和已終止業務入 賬。

公允價值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公允價值計量其股權 投資、某些金融資產及應收票據。

公允價值乃於計量日期按照市場參與者之間 的正常交易出售資產應收到或轉讓負債應支 付的價格。公允價值計量基於以下推定: 售資產或轉讓負債的交易發生在資產或負債 的主要市場,或若無主要市場,則發生在資 該資產或負債最有利的市場。本集團必須 進入該主要市場或最有利市場。資產或負債 的公允價值採用市場參與者在對資產或 定價時會採用的假設(假定市場參與者以其 最佳經濟利益行事)計量。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Fair value measurement (continued)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

公允價值計量(續)

非金融資產的公允價值計量計及市場參與者 透過以最佳方式盡可能利用該資產或將該資 產售予會以最佳方式盡可能利用該資產的另 一名市場參與者產生經濟利益的能力。

本集團採用適合相關情況的估值技術,對於該等估值技術,具有充分的數據用於計量公允價值,盡可能利用相關可觀察輸入數據,並盡可能減少對不可觀察輸入數據的使用。

於財務報表中計量或披露其公允價值的所有 資產及負債按下述公允價值層級分類,以對 公允價值計量整體屬重要的最低級輸入數據 為基礎:

- 第1級 基於相同資產或負債的活躍市場報價(未經調整)
- 第2級 基於具有以下特徵的估值技術:該估值技術中對公允價值計量屬重要的最低級輸入數據可直接或間接觀察
- 第3級 基於具有以下特徵的估值技術:該估值技術中對公允價值計量屬重要的最低級輸入數據不可觀察

對於以經常性基準在財務報表確認的資產及負債,本集團可透過於各報告期末重新評估分類(基於對公允價值計量整體屬重要的最低級輸入數據)確定該架構中不同層級之間是否發生轉換。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for non-financial asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cashgenerating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

非金融資產減值

倘一項資產(存貨、遞延税項資產及金融資產除外)存在減值跡象,或需要進行年度減值測試,則會估計資產的可收回金額。資產可收回金額按該資產或現金產生單位的較高價值及公允價值減出售成本兩者中的較資產制算,並按個別資產釐定,除非該資產組分產生基本上獨立於其他資產或資產組的資產生現金流入,否則可收回金額將按該組入資產生現金流入,否則可收回金額將按該單位釐定。在對現金產生單位釐定。在對現金產生單位經過,如果公司資產(例如基準行減值測試時,如果公司資產(例如基準大樓)的部分賬面價值能夠按合理一經經濟,則分配至個別現金產生單位組別。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超過其可收回金額 時方會確認。評估使用價值時,估計未來現 金流量採用反映當前市場對資金時間價值及 資產特定風險的評估之稅前折現率貼現至其 現值。減值虧損按與該減值資產功能相符的 開支類別於產生期間從損益扣除。

於各報告期末,將就是否有跡象顯示之前確認的減值虧損可能已不存在或可能減少作出評估。倘存在上述跡象,則會估計可收回金額。就之前確認的資產(商譽除外)減值虧損僅於用以釐定該資產可收回金額的估計出現變動時方予撥回,惟撥回金額不得超過倘過往年度並無就該資產確認減值虧損情況下原應釐定的賬面值(扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。該等減值虧損撥回計入產生期間的損益內。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group; or
- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

關聯方

以下人士將被視為與本集團有關聯:

- (a) 倘為符合下列任何條件的人士或其近 親:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要管理層成員;或
- (b) 該人士為符合下列任何條件的實體:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團的 成員公司;
 - (ii) 實體為另一實體(或另一實體 的母公司、附屬公司或同系附 屬公司)的聯營公司或合營公 司;
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方 的合營公司;
 - (iv) 實體為一名第三方實體的合營 公司,而另一實體為該第三方 實體的聯營公司;
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有 關聯的實體就僱員利益設立的 離職後福利計劃;
 - (vi) 該實體由(a)項所列人士控制 或共同控制;
 - (vii) (a)(i)項所列人士對該實體具 有重大影響力或為該實體(或 該實體的母公司)的主要管理 層成員:及
 - (viii) 實體、或一間集團之任何成員 公司(為集團之一部分)向本 集團或本集團之母公司提供主 要管理人員服務。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings 5%

Machinery and equipment 9% to 19%

Office equipment 18% to 32%

Motor vehicles 23% to 24%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備及折舊

除在建工程外,物業、廠房及設備乃按成本 減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠 房及設備項目的成本,包括其購買價及使該 資產達至營運狀況及地點作擬定用途之任何 直接應佔成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目投產後所產生的支出(如維修及保養費用)一般於產生期間自損益扣除。於符合確認準則的情況下,用於重大檢測的支出將於該資產的賬面值中撥充資本,列作重置項目。倘物業、廠房及設備多數部分均需不時更換,則本集團會將該等部分確認為擁有特定可使用年期的個別資產,並予以相應折舊。

每項物業、廠房及設備項目之折舊以直線法 按其成本值以估計可用年期撇銷至其剩餘價 值。就此目的而採用之主要年率如下:

樓宇5%機器及設備9%至19%辦公設備18%至32%汽車23%至24%

倘一項物業、廠房及設備各部分之可使用年期並不相同,該項目各部分之成本將按合理 基礎分配,而每部分將作個別折舊。剩餘價值、可用年期及折舊方法於最少每屆財政年度結算日予以複議,在適當情況下加以調整。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. It is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Software

Software is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備及折舊(續)

一項物業、廠房及設備(包括初步確認之任何重大部分)於出售或估計其使用或出售不再產生經濟利益時,將終止確認。於資產終止確認年度因其出售或報廢並在損益表確認之任何盈虧乃有關資產之出售所得款項淨額與賬面值之差額。

在建工程按成本減任何減值虧損列賬,並無 折舊,並重新分類至物業、廠房及設備的適 當分類。

無形資產(商譽除外)

所單獨收購的無形資產於首次確認時按成本計量。於業務合併時取得的無形資產成本為 其於收購日期的公允價值。無形資產的可使 用年期乃評估為有限或無限。可使用年期為 有限的無形資產隨後在可使用的經濟年期內 作攤銷,並在有跡象顯示無形資產可能減值 時進行減值評估。可使用年期為有限的無形 資產的攤銷期和攤銷法至少於各財政年度末 作檢討。

軟件

軟件按成本減任何減值虧損列賬,並按直線 法於其十年之估計可用年期內攤銷。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued)

Technological know-how

Purchased technological know-how is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)(續)

非專利技術

所購買之非專利技術按成本減任何減值虧損 列賬,並按直線法於其十年之估計可用年期 內攤銷。

和賃

本集團於合約簽訂時評估合約是否為或包含 租賃。倘合約賦予權利於一段時間內控制已 識別資產的用途的權利以換取代價,則該合 約為租賃或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

除短期租賃及低價值資產租賃外,本集團就 所有租賃採用單一確認及計量方法。本集團 根據付出的租賃款項確認租賃負債,而使用 權資產指可使用相關資產的權利。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.4

(CONTINUED)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets

> Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Rightof-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Leasehold land 13 to 50 years 2 to 3 years Office premises and apartments for employees

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產

> 於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供使 用日期)確認使用權資產。使用權資 產按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值 虧損計量,並就任何重新計量租賃負 債作出調整。使用權資產成本包括已 確認租賃負債款額、已產生初步直接 成本及於開始日期或之前作出的租賃 付款減任何已收取的租賃優惠。使用 權資產於資產租期及估計可使用年期 (以較短者為準)按直線法折舊:

租賃土地 13至50年 辦公物業及員工住房 2至3年

倘租賃資產之所有權於租期結束時轉 讓至本集團或成本反映購買權的行 使,折舊則使用資產的估計可使用年 期計算。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期按租期內將作出的租賃付款現值確認租賃負債。租賃付款現值確認租賃負債。租賃付款 包括定額付款 (含實質定額款項)減 医何租賃優惠應收款項、取決於指數數項與及預期根據款項以及預期保支付的金額。租賃價工工。在租赁選擇權時,有關終止租賃選擇權時,有關終止租赁選擇權時,有關終止租赁選擇權時,有關終止租賃選擇權時,有關終止租賃選擇權時,有關終止租變終止租赁選擇權時,有關終止租赁選行款的事件或條件的期間內確認為開支。

於計算租賃付款的現值時,由於租賃 隱含利率無法確定,本集團應用租賃 開始日期的增量借款利率計算。加反明 始日期後,租賃負債金額的增加反映 了利息的增長,其減少則關呼所作也 的租賃付款。此外,倘出現修訂、或 雙動、租賃付款變動(如指數現 變動引起的未來租賃付款出 數)或購買相關資產的選擇權評值。 動,則重新計量租賃負債的賬面值。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of office equipment and laptop computers that are considered to be of low value.

Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用於機器及設備的短期租賃(即自租賃開始日期起計租期為12個月或以下,並且不包含購買權的租賃)。本集團亦就認為屬低價值的辦公設備和筆記本電腦,應用低價值資產租賃確認豁免。

短期租賃之租賃付款於租期內使用直 線法確認為開支。

投資及其他金融資產

初步確認及計量

金融資產於初步確認時分類為其後按攤銷成本、按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益及按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益計量。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

初步確認及計量(續)

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或按公允價值計量 且其變動計入其他全面收益進行分類及計 量,需產生純粹為支付本金及未償還本金利 息(「SPPI」)的現金流量。現金流量並非僅可 用作償還本金及未償還本金利息之金融資產 分類為按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益分 類及計量,而不論業務模式。

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式指其如何管理其金融資產以產生現金流量。業務模式指其如何管定現金流量是否來自收集合約現金流量、出售金融資產,或兩者兼有。按攤銷成本品類及計量之金融資產於旨在持有金融資產於旨在持有金融資產之業務模式內持有收收公行質及計量之金融資產於旨在持有以收式行分類及計量之金融資產之業務模式內持有的金融資產之業務模式內持有的金融資產之業務模式內持有的金融資產的現金流量及出售金融資產之業務模式內持產額。並未於上述業務模式內持有的金融資產的。並未於上述業務模式內持有的金融資產的價值計量且其變動計入損益分類及計量。

買賣金融資產須於按照市場規定或慣例普遍 設定的期間內交付資產,並於交易日(本集 團承諾購買或出售資產的日期)確認。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments)

For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income is recycled to profit or loss.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量

金融資產的其後計量取決於以下分類:

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產(債務工具)

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產其後使用實際利率法計量,並可能受減值影響。當資產終止確認、修訂或減值時,收益及虧損於損益內確認。

按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的金融資產(債務工具)

就按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的債務投資而言,利息收入、外匯重估及減值虧損或撥回於損益中確認,並按與按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產相同的方式計量。其餘公允價值變動於其他全面收益中確認。終止確認時,於其他全面收益中確認的累計公允價值變動將重新計入損益。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity investments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income when they meet the definition of equity under HKAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to impairment assessment.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量(續)

指定按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益的金融資產(股權投資)

於初步確認時,本集團可選擇於股權投資符合香港會計準則第32號「金融工具:呈報」項下的股權定義且並非持作買賣時,將其股權投資不可撤回地分類為指定按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的股權投資。分類乃按個別工具基準釐定。

該等金融資產的收益及虧損概不會被重新計入損益。當確立支付權時,與股息相關的經濟利益很可能流入本集團且股息的金額能夠可靠計量時將股息於損益中確認為其他收入,惟當本集團於作為收回金融資產一部分成本的所得款項中獲益時則除外,於此等情況下,該等收益於其他全面收益入賬。指定按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的股權投資不受減值評估影響。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on the equity investments are also recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量(續)

按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產

按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資 產按公允價值於綜合財務狀況表列賬,而公 允價值變動淨額於損益中確認。

該類別包括本集團並無不可撤銷地選擇按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益進行分類的衍生工具及股權投資。股權投資的股息亦於支付權確立時於損益表中確認為其他收入。

終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或(如適用)一項金融資產的一部 分或一組同類金融資產之一部分)主要在下 列情況下終止確認(即自本集團綜合財務狀 況表中剔除):

- 收取該項資產現金流量的權利已屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓收取資產現金流量的權利,或已承擔責任根據「轉手」安排向第三方支付全數所得現金流量,且並無重大延誤;並且(a)已轉讓該資產的絕大部分風險及回報;或(b)並無轉讓或保留該資產的絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓該資產的控制權。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Derecognition of financial assets (continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

終止確認金融資產(續)

倘本集團已轉讓收取資產現金流量的權利, 或已簽署轉手安排,其將評估是否仍保留該 資產擁有權的風險及回報以及保留的程度。 倘本集團並無轉讓或保留該資產絕大部分風 險及回報,亦無轉讓該資產的控制權,則所 轉讓資產將以本集團所持續涉及的資產為限 而確認。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負 債。所轉讓資產及相關負債均根據能反映本 集團所保留權利及責任的基準計量。

以對所轉讓資產作出擔保的形式持續涉及的 資產按資產原有賬面值與本集團應須償還的 最高代價金額兩者的較低者計量。

金融資產減值

本集團確認對並非按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的所有債務工具預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)的撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於根據合約到期的合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間的差額而釐定,並以原實際利率的近似值貼現。預期現金流量將包括出售所持抵押的現金流量或組成合約條款的其他信貸提升措施。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方法

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段進行確認。就自初步確認起未有顯著增加的信貸風險而言,預期信貸虧損提供予由未來十二個月內可能發生違約事件而導致的信貸虧損(十二個月預期信貸虧損)。就自初步確認起經已顯著增加的信貸風險而言,不論何時發生違約,於餘下風險年期內的預期信貸虧損均須計提虧損撥備(全期預期信貸虧損)。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融工具之信貸 風險自初步確認以來是否顯著增加。於作出 此項評估時,本集團會將金融工具於報告日 期發生違約的風險與金融工具於初步確認日 期發生違約的風險進行比較,並考慮無需付 出不必要成本或精力即可獲得的合理可靠資 料,包括過往及前瞻性資料。本集團認為倘 合約付款逾期超過30日,則信貸風險大幅增 加。

倘合約付款逾期90日,則本集團認為金融資產違約。然而,在若干情況下,倘內部或外部資料反映,在沒有計及本集團持有的任何信貸提升措施前,本集團不大可能悉數收到未償還合約款項,則本集團亦可認為金融資產違約。

倘無合理預期收回合約現金流量,則會撇銷 該金融資產。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach (continued)

Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and contract assets which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方法(續)

按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的債務投資及按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產於一般方法下會產生減值,除採用簡化方法計量的貿易應收款項及合約資產外,該等債務投資及金融資產將按以下階段分類以計量預期信貸虧損,詳情如下。

- 第一階段 自初步確認以來信貸風險並 無顯著增加且虧損撥備乃按 相當於十二個月預期信貸虧 損計量的金融工具
- 第二階段 自初步確認以來信貸風險顯 著增加但並無信貸減值金融 資產且虧損撥備乃按相當於 全期預期信貸虧損計量的金 融工具
- 第三階段 於報告日期已發生信貸減值 (但並非購買或源生信貸減 值)且虧損撥備乃按相當於 全期預期信貸虧損計量的金 融資產

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and leases liabilities.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

簡化方法

就並無重大融資成分或本集團已應用未調整 重大融資成分影響的可行權宜方法的貿易應 收款項,本集團採用簡化方法計算預期信貸 虧損。根據簡化方法,本集團將不追蹤信貸 風險的變化,而是於各報告日期根據全期預 期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團已設立根 據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗計算的撥備矩 陣,並按與債務人相關之前瞻性因素及經濟 環境調整。

金融負債

初步確認及計量

金融負債乃於初步確認時分類為按公允價值 計量且其變動計入損益之金融負債、貸款及 借款、應付款項或指定為有效對沖中的對沖 工具的衍生工具(倘適用)。

所有金融負債初步以公允價值確認,如為貸款及借款以及應付款項,則扣除直接應佔交易成本。

本集團之金融負債包括貿易及其他應付款 項、計息銀行及其他借款和租賃負債。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables, and interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

金融負債(續)

其後計量

金融負債之其後計量取決於其如下分類:

按攤銷成本計量之金融負債(貿易及其他應付款項及借款)

初步確認後,貿易及其他應付款項、計息銀行及其他借款其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,除非貼現之影響並不重大,此時則按成本列賬。有關收益及虧損於負債終止確認時及透過實際利率攤銷程序在損益中確認入賬。

攤銷成本於計及收購事項任何折讓或溢價及 屬實際利率不可分割部分之費用或成本後計 算。實際利率攤銷計入損益之財務成本內。

終止確認金融負債

金融負債於負債之責任已解除或註銷或屆滿 時終止確認。

當現有金融負債為同一貸款人以條款明顯不同之負債取代時,或現有負債之條款有重大修改時,有關替換或修改則被視為終止確認原有負債並確認一項新負債,而有關賬面值之差額乃於損益中確認。

抵銷金融工具

倘有現行可強制執行之法律權利抵銷已確認 金額,並且擬以淨額基準進行結算或同時將 資產變現及清償負債,方可將金融資產與金 融負債抵銷,淨額於財務狀況表呈報。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附許

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired and held by the Company or the Group (treasury shares) are recognised directly in equity at cost. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

庫存股份

本公司或本集團重新購入及持有的本身股權工具(庫存股份)按成本於權益中直接確認。就購買、銷售、發行或註銷本集團本身的股權工具而言,毋須於損益內確認收益或虧損。

存貨

存貨乃按成本值與可變現淨值兩者中較低者 列賬。成本值按加權平均法計算,倘為在製 產品及成品,則包括直接材料、直接勞力及 其他適當比例開支。可變現淨值乃根據估計 銷售價減除任何達致完成及出售所招致之估 計成本計算。

現金及現金等價物

財務狀況表中的現金及現金等價物包括庫存 現金及銀行存款以及可隨時轉換為已知數額 現金並一般於三個月內到期的短期高流動性 存款,其價值變動的風險甚微且乃持作履行 短期現金承諾用途。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物 包括庫存現金、銀行現金以及上文定義之短 期存款,再扣除在要求時須償還及構成本集 團現金管理方面一個完整部分之銀行透支。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

The Group provides for warranties in relation to the sale of certain environmental technology equipment for general repairs of defects occurring during the warranty period. Provisions for these assurance-type warranties granted by the Group are initially recognised based on past experience of the level of repairs and returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate. The warranty-related cost is revised annually.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

撥備

撥備倘因過往事件而導致本集團須承擔現時 法定或推定責任,且日後大有可能因履行有 關責任而導致資源流失,則須就此確認撥 備,惟有關責任數額須能夠可靠估計。

當本集團預期部份或全部撥備可獲償付時, 如根據一項保險合約,有關償付額僅可於實 際確定時方可確認為獨立資產。有關撥備之 開支乃於扣除任何償付後呈列於損益表。

倘貼現影響重大,則確認撥備之數額為預期 日後履行有關責任所需開支於報告期末之現 值。倘已貼現之現值隨時間而有所增加,則 該等增幅將於損益中列作財務成本。

本集團就銷售若干環保技術設備於保修期內 出現缺陷的一般維修提供保證。本集團授出 的該等保險型保證的撥備按維修及退貨水平 之過往經驗初步確認,並貼現至適當的現 值。保修相關成本每年予以修訂。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

所得税

所得税包括即期税項及遞延税項。涉及於損益以外確認之項目之所得税於損益以外確認,即於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確認。

即期税項資產及負債以預期由税務機關退税或付給税務機關之金額,基於截至報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之税率(及税法),並經考慮本集團經營業務所在國家當前之詮釋及慣例計量。

遞延税項乃使用負債法,就於報告期末資產 及負債之税基與其就財務報告而言之賬面值 之間之所有暫時性差異作出撥備。

所有應課税暫時性差異均被確認為遞延税項 負債,惟:

- 倘若遞延稅項負債是由非業務合併交 易中初步確認商譽或資產或負債而產 生,及於交易時,遞延稅項負債對會 計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損均無影響 且不產生相同的應課稅及可扣減暫時 性差:及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資有關之應課税 暫時性差異而言,暫時性差異之回撥 時間為可以控制,而暫時性差異於可 見將來可能不會回撥。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產會就所有可扣減之暫時性差異、結轉未運用税項抵免及任何未運用税務虧損確認入賬。確認遞延税項資產的前提是有可能有應課税溢利可用於抵銷可扣減之暫時性差異,結轉未運用税項抵免及未運用税務虧損可予動用,惟:

- 遞延稅項資產與初步確認一項交易 (並非業務合併)之資產或負債所產生 之可扣減暫時性差異有關,而於交易 時,遞延稅項資產對會計溢利或應課 稅溢利或虧損均無影響且不產生相同 的應課稅及可扣減暫時性差;及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資有關之可扣減 暫時性差異而言,遞延稅項資產僅會 於暫時性差異可能於可見將來將會回 撥及應課稅溢利可用於抵銷暫時性差 異時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值會於各報告期末檢討,並減至不再可能有足夠應課税溢利令全部或部分遞延税項資產得以動用為止。未確認之遞延税項資產會於各報告期末重新評估,並於可能有足夠應課税溢利令全部或部分遞延税項資產得以收回時確認。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附許

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據於報告期末已頒 佈或實質上已頒佈之税率(及税法),按預期 於資產獲變現或負債償還期間適用之税率計 量。

倘及僅當本集團擁有可依法執行的權利,可 於預期須清償或收回大額遞延税項負債或資 產的每個未來期間,抵銷與同一稅務機關向 相同應課稅實體或不同應課稅實體徵收的所 得稅有關的即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債及 遞延稅務資產與遞延稅項負債,以按淨額基 準結清即期稅項負債及資產,或同時變現資 產及清償負債,則遞延稅項資產可與遞延稅 項負債抵銷。

政府補助

倘有合理保證可收到政府補助且能夠滿足所 附的所有條件,則政府補助按其公允價值確 認。若補助與開支項目有關,其將於其擬補 償的成本開銷期間按系統基準確認為收入。

若補助與資產有關,其公允價值將貸計至遞 延收入賬目並於相關資產的預期可使用年期 按年度等額款項發放至損益作為其他收入。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Sale of industrial products, materials and scrap

Revenue from the sale of industrial products, materials and scrap is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the industrial products, materials and scrap.

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

收益確認

來自與客戶訂立之合約的收益

來自與客戶訂立之合約的收益於貨物或服務 的控制權已按本集團預期有權就該等貨物或 服務獲得之代價金額轉讓予客戶時確認。

銷售工業產品、材料及廢料

銷售工業產品、材料及廢料的收益於資產控 制權轉讓予客戶的時間點確認,通常於交付 工業產品、材料及廢料時確認。

其他收入

利息收入按應計基準及以實際利率法,透過採用將金融工具在預期可使用年期或較短期間(如適用)的估計未來現金收入準確貼現至金融資產的賬面淨值之比率予以確認。

股息收入於股東收取款項的權利確立時確認。有關股息的經濟利益可能將流入本集團,且股息的金額可予可靠計量。

合約負債

倘本集團於向其客戶轉讓相關貨物或服務前 收到客戶付款或付款到期(以較早者為準), 則於此時確認合約負債。合約負債於本集團 於合約履行時(即向客戶轉讓相關貨物或服 務之控制權時)確認為收益。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Pension scheme

Employees of the Group's subsidiaries in Chinese Mainland are members of the state-sponsored pension scheme operated by the Chinese Mainland government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the required contributions. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Where funds have been borrowed generally, and used for the purpose of obtaining qualifying assets, a capitalisation rate has been applied to the expenditure on the individual assets.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

退休金計劃

本集團位於中國大陸之附屬公司的僱員為中國大陸政府營運的國家贊助退休金計劃的成員。附屬公司須以薪金成本之若干百分比向退休福利計劃供款,以為該等福利提供資金。本集團與退休福利計劃有關的唯一責任是作出所需的供款。供款於其應付時從損益扣除。

借款成本

收購、興建或生產須經過長時間方可作擬定 用途或銷售之合資格資產的直接應佔借貸成 本資本化為該等資產之成本的一部分。在該 等資產基本可作擬定用途或銷售時,停止將 借貸成本予以資本化。所有其他借貸成本均 須於產生期間列作開支。借貸成本包括利息 以及實體借入資金所產生的其他相關成本。

如資金乃屬一般貸款並用作購置合資格資 產,則其開支按資本化利率資本化於個別資 產支出。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the Notes 11 to the financial statements. Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in RMB. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The functional currency of the Company is US dollars. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

股息

末期股息經股東於股東大會上批准後方確認 為負債。建議末期股息於財務報表附註11披 露。由於公司組織章程大綱及細則授予董事 會權力宣派中期股息,則同時建議派發及宣 派中期股息。因此,中期股息於建議派發及 宣派時即時確認為負債。

外幣

本財務報表以人民幣呈列。本集團旗下各實體有各自的功能貨幣,計入各實體財務報表的項目以該功能貨幣計量。本公司功能貨幣為美元。本集團實體記錄的外幣交易初步按交易日適用的相關功能貨幣匯率入賬。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債按報告期末功能貨幣適用匯率換算。償付或換算貨幣項目產生的差額會在損益確認。

按歷史成本列賬以外幣計值的非貨幣項目以初步交易日期的匯率換算。以外幣按公允價值計量的非貨幣項目按釐定公允價值當日的匯率換算。換算非貨幣項目產生的收益或虧損按確認該項目的公允價值變動產生的收益或虧損處理(即其公允價值收益或虧損已於其他全面收益或損益確認的項目,其換算差額亦分別於其他全面收益或損益內確認)。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (continued)

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain entities within the Group are currencies other than RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. Unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during the year, in which case, the exchange rate prevailing on the dates of transactions are used.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve, except to the extent that the differences are attributable to non-controlling interests. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.4 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

就釐定於初步確認時用於非貨幣性資產或非 貨幣性負債終止確認時產生的有關資產、開 支或收入之關於預付或預收代價之匯率,初 步交易日期為本集團初步確認由預付或預收 代價產生的非貨幣性資產或非貨幣性負債之 日期。倘存在多個預付或預收款項,則本集 團須釐定每次支付或收到預付代價的交易日期。

本集團若干實體的功能貨幣為人民幣以外的 貨幣。於報告期末,該等實體的資產及負債 按報告期末適用的匯率換算為人民幣,而其 損益按該年度之加權平均匯率換算,惟在本 年度的匯率大幅波動的情形下,則按交易當 日的現行匯率換算。

所產生匯兑差額於其他全面收益確認及於匯 兑儲備累計,惟該差額屬非控制權益除外。 出售海外業務時,與該特定海外業務有關的 儲備累計金額於損益中確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之現 金流量已按年內加權平均匯率換算成人民 幣。整個年度頻繁產生之海外附屬公司之經 常性現金流量乃按該年度之加權平均匯率換 算為人民幣。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Management's estimation is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with tax planning strategies (Note 29).

3. 重要會計判斷及估計

編製本集團之財務報表時,管理層須作出會 影響所呈報收入、開支、資產及負債金額以 及其相關披露及或然負債披露之判斷、估計 及假設。有關該等假設及估計之不確定性或 會導致須就日後受影響之資產或負債賬面值 作出重大調整。

估計不明朗因素

有關未來之主要假設以及其他於報告期末會 為下個財政年度資產與負債賬面值帶來重大 調整風險之主要估計不明朗因素描述如下。

搋延税項資產

所有可扣税暫時性差異及未動用税項虧損僅 於可能有未來應課税溢利可抵銷可扣税暫時 性差異或可動用税項虧損的情況下始入賬確 認為遞延税項資產。在決定可確認的遞延税 項資產金額時,管理層須根據可能的時間、 未來應課税溢利的水平連同税項計劃戰略作 出估計(附註29)。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables and prepayments and other receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables and other receivables. The provision rates are based on ageing for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic products) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables and prepayments and other receivables is disclosed in Note 19 and Note 21 to the financial statements, respectively.

3. 重要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素(續)

貿易應收款項、預付款項及其他應收款項之 預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團採用撥備矩陣計量貿易應收款項及其 他應收款項的預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃以具 類似虧損模式的若干客戶群分組的賬齡為基 進。

撥備矩陣最初基於本集團觀察所得的歷史違約率。本集團將校準矩陣以透過前瞻性資料調整歷史信貸虧損經驗。例如,倘預期經濟狀況(即國內生產總值)預計於明年惡化,可能導致製造業違約數目增加,則調整歷史違約率。於各報告日期將更新觀察所得的歷史違約率並分析前瞻性估計的變化。

對觀察所得的歷史違約率、預期經濟狀況及 預期信貸虧損之間的相關性予以評估為一項 重要評估。預期信貸虧損金額對環境變化及 預期經濟條件的變化敏感。本集團的歷史信 貸虧損經驗及對經濟狀況的預測亦無法代表 客戶未來實際違約情況。有關本集團貿易應 收款項、預付款項及其他應收款項的預期信 貸虧損資料分別於財務報表附註19及附註21 中披露。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Property, plant and equipment - recoverable amount

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. If any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount is performed and an impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating group of assets is measured at the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset.

Value in use is generally determined as the present value of the estimated future cash flows of those expected to arise from the continued use of the asset in its present form and its eventual disposal. Present values are determined using a risk-adjusted pre-tax discount rate appropriate to the risks inherent in the asset. Future cash flow estimates are based on expected production and sales volumes, selling prices (considering current and historical prices, price trends and related factors) and operating costs. This policy requires management to make these estimates and assumptions which are subject to risk and uncertainty; hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter these projections, which may impact on the recoverable amount of the assets. In such circumstances, part of or the entire carrying value of the assets may be impaired and the impairment would be charged against profit or loss.

3. 重要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素(續)

物業、廠房及設備一可收回金額

本集團於各報告期末評估是否存在任何物業、廠房及設備減值的指標。若存在任何該等跡象,將估算可收回金額,並在賬面值超過可收回金額的情況下確認減值虧損。資東或現金產生單位的可收回金額按公允價值減出售成本及使用價值兩者中之較高金額計量。我們根據可獲得的類似資產公平交易中具有約束力的銷售交易數據或可觀察到的市場價格減去出售資產的增量成本後的金額計算公允價值減出售成本。

使用價值通常按透過以現有形式繼續使用資產及其最終出售預期可產生的估計未來現金流的現值釐定。現值使用適用於資產固有險的風險調整稅前貼現率釐定。未來現金流基於預期的生產和銷售量、售價(考慮當前及歷史價格、價格趨勢及相關因素)及歷史價格、價格趨勢及相關因素)及歷史價格、該政策要求管理層作出之估計。該政策要求管理層作出之估計。該政存在風險及不確定性。因此,有可能過行況出現變化,導致更改該等預測,這別限會影響資產的可收回金額。在該等情況下,資產的部分或所有賬面值可能減值,該減值將自損益中扣除。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Property, plant and equipment – estimated useful lives and residual values

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and residual values (if applicable) and consequently related depreciation/amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. These estimates are based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation/amortisation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, and it will write off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives and actual residual values may differ from estimated residual values. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and residual values and, therefore, in depreciation/amortisation expense in future periods.

3. 重要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素(續)

物業、廠房及設備-估計可使用年期及剩餘 價值

本集團管理層釐定物業、廠房及設備項目的估計可使用年期及剩餘價值(若適用),並隨後釐定相關折舊/攤銷費用。該等估計乃基於有關具有類似性質及功能的物業、廠房及設備的實際可使用年期的過往經驗。若可使用年期少於先前估計的年限,管理層將增加折舊/攤銷費用,並撇銷或撇減已廢棄或出售的技術過時或非戰略資產。

實際經濟壽命可能有別於估計可使用年期, 實際剩餘價值可能有別於估計剩餘價值。定 期檢討可能導致可折舊年限及剩餘價值變更 以及未來期間的折舊/攤銷開支變更。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and has three (2022: four) reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the battery materials segment engages in the manufacture and sale of battery materials;
- (b) the dye and agricultural chemical intermediates segment produces dye intermediate products for use in the production of dye related products and products for use in the production of agricultural chemicals; and
- (c) the pigment intermediates and new materials segment produces pigment intermediate products for the use in the production of pigments and monomer for production of new material products.

Besides the above three operating segments, the Group had another operating segment named "others" in 2022 and years before. The "others" segment comprises principally the Group's environmental technology consultancy services which engages in environmental protection. With no revenue generated from this segment since 2022, the Group has ceased to report it as a separate operating segment.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated mainly based on reportable segment profit/loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit/loss before tax. The adjusted profit/loss before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs and other unallocated expenses of the Company and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

The measurement of segment assets and liabilities is the same as that of the total assets and total liabilities for the consolidated statement of financial position, excluding unallocated corporate assets and liabilities, as these assets and liabilities are managed on a group basis.

4. 經營分部資料

出於管理之目的,本集團按其產品劃分為業務單位,並有以下三個(二零二二年:四個)可呈報經營分部:

- (a) 電池材料分部從事電池材料之生產及 銷售:
- (b) 染料及農業化學品中間體分部生產用 於染料相關產品生產的染料中間體產 品及用於農業化學品生產的產品;及
- (c) 顏料中間體及新材料分部生產用於生 產顏料的顏料中間體產品和用於生產 新材料產品的單體。

除上述三個經營分部外,本集團於二零二二 年及過往年度亦有另一個名為「其他」的經營 分部。「其他」分部主要包括本集團致力於環 保業務的環保技術諮詢服務。該分部自二零 二二年起並無產生收益,故本集團不再將其 呈列為獨立經營分部。

管理層獨立監察本集團的經營分部業績,以就資源分配及表現評估作出決策。分部表現主要基於可呈報分部溢利/虧損評估,此即對經調整除税前溢利/虧損的計量。經調整除稅前溢利/虧損按與本集團除稅前溢利一致的方式計量,惟本公司利息收入、財務成本及其他未分配企業開支未計入有關計量。

分部資產及負債乃按與綜合財務狀況表內資 產總值及負債總額相同的方式計量,惟按集 團基準進行管理的未分配企業資產及負債除 外。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(CONTINUED)

Year ended 31 December 2023

4. 經營分部資料(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

		Battery materials 電池材料 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Dye and agricultural chemical intermediates 染料及農業 化學品中間體 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Pigment intermediates and new materials 顏料中間體 及新材料 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total segments 分部總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue (Note 5): Revenues from external customers Intersegment sales	分部收益(<i>附註5</i>) : 來自外部客戶的收益 分部間銷售	498,646 _	1,189,868 10,730	376,960 -	2,065,474 10,730
Total segment revenue	分部總收益	498,646	1,200,598	376,960	2,076,204
Reconciliation Elimination of intersegment sales	<i>對賬</i> 分部間銷售對銷				(10,730)
Revenue	收益				2,065,474
Segment results Including: Interest income Finance costs	分部業績 包括: 利息收入 財務成本	(180,149) 1,766 (18,542)	175,482 533 (14,151)	101,831 2,629 (1,663)	97,164 4,928 (34,356)
Reconciliation Interest income*** Finance costs*** Elimination of intersegment results Corporate and other unallocated expenses	<i>對展</i> 利息收入*** 財務成本*** 分部間業績對銷 企業及其他未分配費用				(2,017) 1,328 (2,794) (34,081)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利				59,600
Segment assets Reconciliation Elimination of intersegment receivables Corporate and other unallocated assets Elimination of inventories due to unrealised gains	分部資產 對應 分部間應收款項對銷 企業及其他未分配資產 因未變現收益而對銷存貨	1,652,186	1,604,179	459,843	3,716,208 (492,485) 231,613 (1,640)
Total assets	資產總值				3,453,696
Segment liabilities Reconciliation Elimination of intersegment payables Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	分部負債 <i>對版</i> 分部間應付款項對銷 企業及其他未分配負債	1,235,407	467,583	111,972	1,814,962 (492,485) 76,388
Total liabilities	負債總額				1,398,865
Other segment information Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss Depreciation and amortisation* Capital expenditure**	其他分部資料 於損益內確認的減值虧損 折舊及攤銷* 資本開支**	31,508 78,246 64,409	8,040 59,009 57,886	1,219 19,076 46,494	40,767 156,331 168,789

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

4. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION**

(CONTINUED)

Year ended 31 December 2022

經營分部資料(續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

	· 		,		
	d	Battery materials 電池材料 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Dye and agricultural chemical intermediates 染料及農業 化學品中問體 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Pigment intermediates and new materials 顏料中間體 及新材料 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total segments 分部總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment revenue (Note 5): Revenues from external customers Intersegment sales	分部收益(附註5) : 來自外部客戶的收益 分部間銷售	689,512 -	1,072,240 14,075	360,566 -	2,122,318 14,075
Total segment revenue	分部總收益	689,512	1,086,315	360,566	2,136,393
Reconciliation Elimination of intersegment sales	<i>對賬</i> 分部間銷售對銷				(14,075)
Revenue	收益				2,122,318
Segment results Including: Interest income Finance cost	分部業績 包括: 利息收入 財務成本	185,505 22 (1,940)	99,209 163 (20,840)	89,367 193 (2,493)	374,081 378 (25,273)
Reconciliation Interest income Finance costs*** Realisation of intersegment results Corporate and other unallocated expenses	<i>對餦</i> 利息收入 財務成本*** 分部間業績實現 企業及其他未分配費用				235 9,388 159 (49,129)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利				334,734
Segment assets Reconciliation Elimination of intersegment receivables Corporate and other unallocated assets Realisation of inventories due to unrealised gains	分部資產 對版 分部間應收款項對銷 企業及其他未分配資產 因未變現收益而實現存貨	1,523,322	1,592,427	371,803	3,487,552 (585,103) 291,636 1,154
Total assets	資產總值				3,195,239
Segment liabilities Reconciliation Elimination of intersegment payables Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	分部負債 <i>對版</i> 分部間應付款項對銷 企業及其他未分配負債	990,207	572,924	90,726	1,653,857 (585,103) 26,526
Total liabilities	負債總額				1,095,280
Other segment information Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss Depreciation and amortisation* Capital expenditure**	其他分部資料 於損益內確認的減值虧損 折舊及難銷* 資本開支**	16,519 23,602 300,349	2,348 62,422 86,585	678 17,517 82,210	19,545 103,541 469,144

Partial depreciation and amortisation of the Group are included in corporate and other unallocated expense.

Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets.

Interest income and finance costs under reconciliation include interest income and finance costs from corporate and unallocated parts with segments.

本集團的部分折舊及攤銷已包括在企業 及其他未分配費用內。 資本開支包括添置物業、廠房及設備、 無形資產以及使用權資產。

調節項下的利息收入及財務成本包括分部企業和未分配部分的利息收入及財務 成本。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

4. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION**

(CONTINUED)

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers

經營分部資料(續)

地理資料

(a) 來自外部客戶的收益

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Chinese Mainland	中國大陸	1,697,131	1,720,796
India	印度	125,031	126,928
Indonesia	印度尼西亞	53,294	42,540
Brazil	巴西	40,426	51,154
Germany	德國	39,624	46,915
Spain	西班牙	28,873	31,830
Taiwan, China	中國台灣	26,500	26,846
United States	美國	20,231	42,196
Japan	日本	16,664	20,373
Türkiye	土耳其	10,269	4,617
Pakistan	巴基斯坦	3,077	1,800
The Netherlands	荷蘭	_	1,140
Other countries/regions	其他國家/地區	4,354	5,183
Total Revenue	總收入	2,065,474	2,122,318

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

The Group's non-current assets are substantially located in Chinese Mainland.

Information about major customers

In 2023, revenue of approximately RMB228,274,000 was derived from sales from the dye and agricultural chemical intermediates segment to a single customer.

In 2022, revenue of approximately RMB269,438,000 was derived from sales from the battery materials segment to a single customer.

上述收益資料乃根據客戶所在位置編

本集團的非流動資產絕大部分位於中 國大陸。

主要客戶資料

於二零二三年,約人民幣228,274,000元的 收益來自染料及農業化學品中間體分部對一 名客戶的銷售。

於二零二二年,約人民幣269,438,000元的 收益來自電池材料分部對一名客戶的銷售。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 was all revenue from contracts with customers.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Disaggregated revenue information For the year ended 31 December 2023

收益、其他收入及收益 5.

本集團截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度的收益均為來自與客戶訂立 之合約的收益。

來自與客戶訂立之合約的收益

(a) 經分拆收益資料 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度

			Dun and	Dimmont	
			Dye and	Pigment	
			agricultural	intermediates	
		Battery	chemical	and new	
		materials	intermediates	materials	Total
		- >1 1144	染料及農業	顏料中間體	4.31
_		電池材料	化學品中間體	及新材料	合計
Segments	分部	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Types of goods or services	貨物或服務類型				
Sale of goods	銷售貨物	498,646	1,189,868	376,960	2,065,474
Total	總額 ————————————————————————————————————	498,646	1,189,868	376,960	2,065,474
Geographical markets	地區市場				
Chinese Mainland	中國大陸	498,646	974,173	224,312	1,697,131
India	印度	-	12,493	112,538	125,031
Indonesia	印度尼西亞	-	53,294	-	53,294
Brazil	巴西	-	40,426	-	40,426
Germany	德國	-	39,624	-	39,624
Spain	西班牙	-	28,873	-	28,873
Taiwan, China	中國台灣	-	26,494	6	26,500
United States	美國	-	-	20,231	20,231
Japan	日本	-	-	16,664	16,664
Türkiye	土耳其	-	10,269	-	10,269
Pakistan	巴基斯坦	-	3,033	44	3,077
Other countries/regions	其他國家/地區	-	1,189	3,165	4,354
	A 21				
Total	<u>合計</u>	498,646	1,189,868	376,960	2,065,474
Timing of voyanue vocagnities	收益確認時間				
Timing of revenue recognition		400.040	1 100 000	270.000	0.005.474
Goods transferred at a point in time	於某個時點轉讓之貨物	498,646	1,189,868	376,960	2,065,474
Total	總額	498,646	1,189,868	376,960	2,065,474
IUldI	総供	498,046	1,189,888	370,900	2,000,474

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (CONTINUED)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(a) Disaggregated revenue information (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

5. 收益、其他收入及收益(續)

來自與客戶訂立之合約的收益(續)

(a) 經分拆收益資料(續) 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度

			Dye and	Pigment intermediates	
		Battery	agricultural chemical	and new	
		materials	intermediates	materials	Total
		materiais	染料及農業	額料中間體	TULAT
		電池材料	化學品中間體	及新材料	合計
Segments	分部	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	23 HP	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
7	ᄯᄮᆖᅀᇚᅏᅏᅑᅖ				
Types of goods or services	貨物或服務類型	000 540	4 070 040	202 502	0.400.040
Sale of goods	銷售貨物	689,512	1,072,240	360,566	2,122,318
Total	總額	689,512	1,072,240	360,566	2,122,318
Geographical markets	地區市場				
Chinese Mainland	中國大陸	689,512	835,874	195,410	1,720,796
India	印度	-	27,621	99,307	126,928
Brazil	巴西	-	51,154	-	51,154
Germany	德國	-	46,915	-	46,915
Indonesia	印度尼西亞	-	42,540	-	42,540
United States	美國	-	-	42,196	42,196
Spain	西班牙	-	31,830	_	31,830
Taiwan, China	中國台灣	-	26,846	_	26,846
Japan	日本	-	-	20,373	20,373
Türkiye	土耳其	-	4,617	_	4,617
Pakistan	巴基斯坦	-	1,325	475	1,800
The Netherlands	荷蘭	-	-	1,140	1,140
Other countries/regions	其他國家/地區	-	3,518	1,665	5,183
Total	合計	689,512	1,072,240	360,566	2,122,318
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認時間				
Goods transferred at a point in time	於某個時點轉讓之貨物	689,512	1,072,240	360,566	2,122,318
Total	總額	689,512	1,072,240	360,566	2,122,318

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (CONTINUED)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(a) Disaggregated revenue information (continued)

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:

5. 收益、其他收入及收益(續)

來自與客戶訂立之合約的收益(續)

(a) 經分拆收益資料(續)

下表載列本報告期間確認的收益金額,當中包括於報告期初合約負債:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:	計入報告期初合約負債的 已確認收益:		
Sale of goods	銷售貨物	4,048	5,687
Total	合計	4,048	5,687

(b) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

Sale of goods, including chemical intermediates, battery materials

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the industrial products and payment is generally due within 30 to 90 days from delivery, except for new customers and small-sized customers, where payment in advance is normally required.

(b) 履約責任

有關本集團履約責任的資料概述如下:

銷售貨物(包括化學品中間體、電池 材料)

履約責任於交付工業產品後履行,支付一般於交付起30至90日到期,除新客戶及小型客戶通常須提前付款外。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (CONTINUED)

5. 收益、其他收入及收益(續)

Other income and gains

其他收入及收益

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	2,911	613
Dividend income from equity	按公允價值計量且其變動計入		
investments at FVOCI and	其他全面收益之股權投資及		
financial assets at FVPL	按公允價值計量且其變動計入		
	損益之金融資產之股息收入	30	118
Fair value losses, net:	公允價值虧損淨額:		
Financial assets at FVPL	按公允價值計量且其變動		
	計入損益之金融資產	(8,877)	(18,443)
Government grants*	政府補助*	32,772	15,266
Others	其他	2,453	12,171
Total other income and gains	其他收入及收益總額	29,289	9,725

^{*} For the year ended 31 December 2023, government grants amounting to approximately RMB32,772,000 (2022: approximately RMB15,266,000) were recognised as income for the year necessary to compensate the costs and facilitate the Group's development. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to the grants.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,政府補助約人民幣32,772,000元(二零二二年:約人民幣15,266,000元)確認為年內收入,用以補足成本及促進本集團的發展。該等補助並無附帶任何未達成的條件或或然事項。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

6. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

6. 財務成本

財務成本分析如下:

	4	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on bank loans and other borrowings and other non-current liability Interest on lease liabilities	銀行貸款及其他借款利息以及 其他非流動負債之利息 租賃負債利息	28,837 33	15,389 25
Other finance costs	其他財務成本	4,158	3,994
Total interest expense on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	並非按公允價值計量且其 變動計入損益的金融負債 利息開支總額	33,028	19,408
Less: Interest capitalised	減:資本化利息	_	(3,523)
Total	合計	33,028	15,885

No interest expense was capitalised for the year ended 31 December 2023 (the weighted average interest rate of capitalization for the year ended 31 December 2022: 5.44%).

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度無資本化利息開支(截至二零二二年十二月三十 一日止年度資本化加權平均利率:5.44%)。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

7. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX**

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

7. 除税前溢利

本集團的除税前溢利乃經扣除/(計入)以下 各項得出:

			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	0. / 4. // 5. /			
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨的成本		1,746,838	1,553,865
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	13	153,452	100,251
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	14(a)	3,885	4,701
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	17	1,337	1,824
Research and development costs	研發成本		39,460	25,495
Lease payments not included	不計入租賃負債計量的			
in the measurement of lease liabilities	租賃付款	14(c)	916	2,485
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬		2,250	2,100
Employee benefit expense	僱員福利開支			
(excluding directors' and chief	(不包括董事及			
executive's remuneration):	主要行政人員的薪酬):			
Wages, salaries and welfare	工資、薪金及福利		160,393	149,844
Pension and other social insurances *	** 退休金及其他社會保險**		46,959	39,500
Total	合計		207,352	189,344
Exchange losses, net	匯 兑虧損淨額		4,971	18,788
Dividend income from equity	按公允價值計量且其變動			
investments at FVOCI and	計入其他全面收益之			
financial assets at FVPL	股權投資及按公允價值			
	計量且其變動計入損益之			
	金融資產之股息收入	5	(30)	(118)
Impairment loss of an investment in	於一間聯營公司的投資			
an associate	減值虧損	15	758	_
Impairment losses on property,	物業、廠房及設備減值虧損			
plant and equipment		13	14,046	7,163
Impairment losses on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	17	_	9,003
Loss on disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備項目			
plant and equipment *	的虧損*		5,060	1,545
Impairment of trade receivables *	貿易應收款項減值*	19	736	1,410
Impairment of other receivables *	其他應收款項減值*		6,193	_
Write-down of inventories to net	存貨撇減至可變現淨值***			
realisable value ***			19,792	1,969

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (CONTINUED)

7. 除税前溢利(續)

			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	di .			
Fair value losses on financial	按公允價值計量且其			
assets at FVPL	變動計入損益之金融			
	資產公允價值虧損	5	8,877	18,443
Share of loss of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司虧損	15	110	119
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	5	(2,911)	(613)
Proceeds from sale of items	測試機器及設備時所生產			
produced while testing machinery	項目的銷售所得款項			
and equipment			_	(17,307)
Direct cost of sales of items	測試機器及設備時所生產			
produced while testing machinery	項目的直接銷售成本			
and equipment			-	12,261

- * These losses and expenses were recorded as other expenses to the consolidated financial statements.
- ** There were no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group as the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions. No forfeited contributions were also available at 31 December 2023 and 2022 for the Group to reduce contribution payables in future years, if applicable.
- *** Write-down of inventories to net realisable value is included in Cost of inventories sold above and "Cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income.

- * 該等虧損及開支已計入綜合財務報表的其他開支。
- ** 概無可被本集團作為僱主用以降低現 有供款水平的沒收供款。截至二零二 三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日, 本集團並無可用作扣減未來年度退休 金計劃供款之沒收供款(如適用)。
- *** 存貨撇減至可變現淨值已計入上述已 售存貨銷售成本並計入綜合損益及其 他全面收益表「銷售成本」項下。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

8. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

董事的薪酬 8.

於本年度根據上市規則、香港公司條例第 383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及公司(披露董 事利益資料)規例第2部規定所披露之董事薪 酬載列如下:

Group

	本集[-
	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
袍金	1,008	820
其他酬金:		
薪金、津貼及實物福利		
	4,694	3,757
表現花紅*	569	544
退休金計劃供款	314	313
/∫\膏┼	5,577	4,614
合計	6 585	5,434
	其他酬金: 薪金、津貼及實物福利 表現花紅* 退休金計劃供款	本集 2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 袍金 1,008 其他酬金: 薪金、津貼及實物福利 4,694 表現花紅* 569 退休金計劃供款 314 小計 5,577

Certain directors of the Company are entitled to bonus payments which are determined as a percentage of the profit after tax of the Group.

本公司若干董事可獲發根據本集團除 税後溢利某一個百分比計算之花紅。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

8. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (CONTINUED)

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

8. 董事的薪酬(續)

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內已付獨立非執行董事之袍金載列 如下:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
		八八四十九	八八市1九
Mr. Ho Kenneth Kai Chung*	何啟忠先生*	200	202
Mr. Zhu Lin	朱霖先生	200	200
Mr. Yu Miao	于淼先生	200	200
Ms. Zhang Feiyan*	張飛燕女士*	8	_
Total	合計	608	602

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2022: Nil).

* Mr. Ho Kenneth Kai Chung resigned as independent non-executive director on 15 December 2023 and Ms. Zhang Feiyan was appointed as independent non-executive directors on the same date. 於年內,並無應付獨立非執行董事的 其他酬金(二零二二年:無)。

* 何啟忠先生於二零二三年十二 月十五日辭任獨立非執行董 事,而張飛燕女士則於同日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONTINUED) 8. 董事的薪酬(續) 8.

(b) Executive directors and non-executive directors

(b) 執行董事及非執行董事

			Salaries,			
			allowances	Performance	Pension	
			and benefits	related	scheme	
		Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
			薪金、津貼			
		袍金	及實物福利	表現花紅	退休金計劃供款	合計
2023	二零二三年	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Ge Yi	戈弋先生	-	3,214	299	125	3,638
Mr. Bai Kun	白崑先生	-	920	224	85	1,229
Ms. Zhang Nan	張楠女士	-	560	46	104	710
Subtotal	小計	-	4,694	569	314	5,577
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:					
Mr. Pan De Yuan	潘德源先生	200	-	-	-	200
Mr. Fontaine Alain Vincent	Fontaine Alain Vincent					
	先生	200	-		-	200
Subtotal	小計	400	-	-	-	400
Total	合計	400	4,694	569	314	5,977

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

8. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (CONTINUED)

8. 董事的薪酬(續)

(b) Executive directors and non-executive directors (continued)

(b) 執行董事及非執行董事(續)

			Salaries,			
			allowances	Performance	Pension	
			and benefits	related	scheme	
		Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
			薪金、津貼			
		袍金	及實物福利	表現花紅	退休金計劃供款	合計
2022	二零二二年	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Ge Yi	戈弋先生	_	2,465	250	114	2,829
Mr. Bai Kun	白崑先生	_	888	261	85	1,234
Ms. Zhang Nan	張楠女士		404	33	114	551
Subtotal	小計	-	3,757	544	313	4,614
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:					
Mr. Pan De Yuan	潘德源先生	16	-	-	-	16
Mr. Fontaine Alain Vincent	Fontaine Alain Vincent					
	先生	202	-	_	-	202
Subtotal	小計	218	_	_	_	218
Total	合計	218	3,757	544	313	4,832

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2022: Nil).

There were no emoluments paid by the Group to, or receivable by, the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group nor as compensation for loss of office during the year (2022: Nil).

於年內,並無董事放棄或同意放棄任 何薪酬的安排(二零二二年:無)。

於年內,本集團並無向本公司董事或 五名最高薪酬人士支付或彼等應收酬 金作為加入本集團或於加入本集團 時之獎勵或離職時之補償(二零二二 年:無)。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

9. **FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES**

The five highest paid employees during the year included two directors (2022: two directors), details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2022: three) highest paid employees who are not directors of the Company are as follows:

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員

於年內五名最高薪酬僱員包括兩名董事(二 零二二年:兩名董事),並非本公司董事的 餘下三名(二零二二年:三名)最高薪酬僱員 於年內的薪酬詳情如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼及實物福利		
benefits in kind		1,742	1,672
Performance related bonuses	表現花紅	1,184	1,011
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	187	210
Total	슴計	3,113	2,893

The number of non-director highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

薪酬介乎以下範圍的非董事最高薪酬僱員的 人數如下:

Number of employees 僱員人數

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Nil to RMB1,000,000	零至人民幣1,000,000元	_	2
RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000	人民幣1,000,001元至 人民幣1,500,000元	3	1
Total	合計	3	3

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

10. INCOME TAX

Cayman Islands

Under the current income tax laws of the Cayman Islands, the Company is not subject to tax on any income or capital gain.

Hong Kong

Under the current income tax laws of Hong Kong, companies are subject to Hong Kong profits tax at 16.5% on assessable profits arising in or derived from Hong Kong. One subsidiary of the Group is a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The first HK\$2,000,000 (2022: HK\$2,000,000) of assessable profits of this subsidiary are taxed at 8.25% (2022: 8.25%) and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5% (2022: 16.5%).

Singapore

Under the current income tax laws of Singapore, companies are subject to Singapore profits tax at 17.0% on assessable profits arising in or derived from Singapore.

Chinese Mainland

The Company's subsidiaries in Chinese Mainland are subject to income tax at 25% unless otherwise specified as follows:

- (a) Tsaker Technology, a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, is subject to corporate income tax at the rate of 15% from 2022 to 2024, after being assessed as a high and new technology enterprise.
- (b) Hainan Yangshuo Technology Co., Limited*, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, is qualified as a small-scale enterprise and is subject to the applicable enterprise income tax rate of 20%.

A subsidiary which was deregistered during the reporting period.

10. 所得税

開曼群島

根據開曼群島的現行所得税法,本公司毋須就任何收入或資本收益繳納税金。

香港

根據香港現行所得税法,公司須就在香港產生或來自香港的應課税溢利按16.5%的税率繳納香港利得税。本集團一間附屬公司為利得税兩級制項下合資格實體。該附屬公司的首2,000,000港元(二零二二年:2,000,000港元)應課税溢利以8.25%(二零二二年:8.25%)的税率繳稅,而餘下應課稅溢利以16.5%(二零二二年:16.5%)的稅率繳稅。

新加坡

根據新加坡現行所得税法,公司須就在新加坡產生或來自新加坡的應課税溢利按17.0%的税率繳納新加坡利得税。

中國大陸

本公司於中國大陸附屬公司須按25%的税率 繳納所得税,惟以下另有規定者除外:

- (a) 本公司非全資附屬公司彩客科技經認 定為高新技術企業,自二零二二年至 二零二四年按15%的税率繳納企業所 得税。
- (b) 本公司全資附屬公司海南洋碩科技有限公司*具有小規模企業資格,適用的企業所得稅稅率為20%。

* 為報告期內註銷的附屬公司。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

10. INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

Chinese Mainland (continued)

(c) Tsaker Dongao (Hainan), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, is established in the Hainan Free Trade Post and is subject to the applicable enterprise income tax rate of 15%.

Under the prevailing PRC Corporate Income Tax Law and the relevant regulations, any dividends paid by the Company's PRC subsidiaries from their earnings derived after 1 January 2008 to the Company's Hong Kong subsidiary are subject to a 5% or 10% PRC dividend withholding tax, depending on the applicability of the Sino-Hong Kong tax treaty. For the Group, the historical applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on retained earnings distributable by those subsidiaries established in the PRC in respect of their earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

10. 所得税(續)

中國大陸(續)

(c) 本公司全資附屬公司彩客東奧(海南) 設立於海南自貿港,按15%的適用税 率繳納企業所得税。

根據現行中國企業所得税法及其相關法規, 於二零零八年一月一日後,本公司之中國附 屬公司向本公司之香港附屬公司所派付之任 何自其盈利衍生之股息均須繳納5%或10% (視乎中港税收協定的適用情況而定)的中國 股息預扣税。就本集團而言,過往適用税率 為5%。因此,本集團就自二零零八年一月一 日起由該等於中國成立之附屬公司產生之盈 利相關的可予分派之保留盈利承擔預扣税之 義務。

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current - Chinese Mainland	即期-中國大陸		
Charge for the year	年內支出	51,613	70,725
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(463)	(2,858)
Current - Elsewhere	即期-其他地方	6,233	1,383
Deferred (note 29)	遞延(附註29)	(42,976)	11,252
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項支出總額	14,407	80,502

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

10. INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

Chinese Mainland (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for Chinese Mainland, in which the majority of the Company's subsidiaries are domiciled, to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

10. 所得税(續)

中國大陸(續)

採用中國大陸(本公司大部分附屬公司所在地)法定税率計算的除税前溢利適用的税項開支與按實際税率計算的税務開支對賬如下:

	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
除税前溢利	59,600	334,734
按法定所得税税率(25%)計算的 税項	14,900	83,684
税率差異的税務影響 適用於若干附屬公司的優惠	(146)	(143)
所得税税率的影響	(11,106)	(8,221)
不可扣減開支	2,366	12,462
毋須課税的收入	(1,592)	(2,601)
研發成本及合資格資產加計扣減	(8.152)	(10,017)
有關禍往期間的即期税項的調整	(0,:02)	(10,011)
	(463)	(2,858)
未確認之暫時性差額(包括税項	(100)	(2,000)
	15.150	6,408
,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,788
動用過往期間的税項虧損	(1,803)	-
64.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	1// 407	80,502
	按法定所得税税率(25%)計算的 税項 税率差異的税務影響 適用於若干附屬公司的優惠 所得税税率的影響 不可扣減開支 毋須課税的收入 研發成本及合資格資產加計扣減 有關過往期間的即期税項的調整 未確認之暫時性差額(包括税項 虧損) 預扣税	14,900 大民幣千元

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

11. DIVIDENDS

11. 股息

	Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interim dividend approved and paid of RMB0.029 per ordinary share (2022: RMB0.036) (二零二二年:人民幣0.036元) Final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of RMB0.038 per ordinary share (2022: RMB0.059)	(a) (b)	29,365 38,479	36,689 60.129
(2022. HWID0.000)	(10)	67,844	96,818

- (a) On 18 August 2023, the Board declared an interim dividend of RMB0.029 per ordinary share (the "Interim Dividend") (six months ended 30 June 2022: RMB0.036 per ordinary share), amounting to total of approximately RMB29,443,000 (six months ended 30 June 2022: approximately RMB36,689,000). The total amount of the Interim Dividend was calculated based on the issued and fully paid shares of the Company as at 30 June 2023. If taken the subsequent cancellation after 30 June 2023 of 2,664,000 shares into consideration, the total amount of the Interim Dividend amounted to approximately RMB29,365,000.
- (b) The Directors recommend a final dividend of RMB0.038 (2022: RMB0.059) per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023, amounting to a total of approximately RMB38,479,000 (2022: approximately RMB60,129,000). The proposed dividend was not recognised as a liability as at the end of the reporting period, since it is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The final dividend proposed amount was calculated based on the issued and fully paid shares of the Company as at 31 December 2023. If taken the subsequent cancellation of approximately 16,922,000 shares after 31 December 2023 into consideration, the total amount of final dividend amounted to approximately RMB37,836,000.
- (a) 於二零二三年八月十八日,董事會宣派中期股息每股普通股人民幣 0.029元(「中期股息」)(截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月:每股為人民幣29,443,000元(截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月:約人民幣29,443,000元(截至二零二年六月三十日止六個月:約人民幣36,689,000元)。中期股息總額乃根據本公司截至二零二三年六月三十日之後隨後註銷的2,664,000股股份,中期股息總額約為人民幣29,365,000元。
- (b) 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事建議派發末期股息每股普通股人民幣0.038元(二零二二年:人民幣0.059元),總額約為人民幣38,479,000元(二零二二年:約人民幣60,129,000元)。由於建議股息須待本公司股東於應屆股東週年大出准後方可作實,故並未於報告期末確認為負債。建議末期股息金額乃根據本公司截至二零二三年十二月三十一日的已發行繳足股份計算得出。倘計及二零二三年十二月三十一日之後隨後註銷約16,922,000股股份,末期股息總額約為人民幣37,836,000元。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,010,136,000 (2022: 1,019,073,000) in issue during the year.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

12. 母公司普通股權益擁有人應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃基於母公司普通股權益持有人應佔年內溢利及年內已發行普通股加權平均數1,010,136,000股(二零二二年:1,019,073,000股)計算。

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團並無具潛在攤薄影響之已 發行普通股。

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃基於以下各項計算:

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
3	盈利 母公司普通股權益持有人應佔 年內溢利(人民幣千元)	29,061	242,035
	股份數目 用於計算每股基本盈利的年內 已發行普通股加權平均數 (千股)	1,010,136	1,019,073

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

13. 物業、廠房及設備

			Machinery				
			and	Office	Motor	Construction	
		Buildings	equipment	equipment	vehicles	in progress	Total
		樓宇	機器及設備	辦公設備	汽車	在建工程	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 01 December 2000 and 1 January 2000.	於二零二二年十二月三十一日及						
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023:							
Cost	二零二三年一月一日: 成本	4.044.400	1 005 447	10 500	7.074	CO 00C	0.445.700
Cost	累計折舊及減值	1,044,462	1,305,447	18,596	7,271	69,926	2,445,702
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	系引引	(179,239)	(469,093)	(17,928)	(3,691)	(13,778)	(683,729)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	865,223	836,354	668	3,580	56,148	1,761,973
Net carrying amount		000,220	000,004	000	3,300	30,140	1,701,970
At 1 January 2023, net of accumulated	於二零二三年一月一日,						
depreciation and impairment	扣除累計折舊及減值	865,223	836,354	668	3.580	56,148	1,761,973
Additions	和你系可如	4,535	41,863	2,594	3,560 421	86,679	136,092
Disposals	/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1,414)	(3,734)	(125)	(25)	00,079	(5,298)
	中 年內提撥的折舊	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		` '	` '		
Depreciation provided during the year	并內灰俄的 们 盾 減值	(50,423)	(96,851)	(4,600)	(1,578)	- (4 C40)	(153,452)
Impairment			(12,436)	4.000	- 444	(1,610)	(14,046)
Transfers	轉固	50,569	24,945	4,000	144	(79,658)	
At 04 December 2000 and of accomplated	₩						
At 31 December 2023, net of accumulated	於二零二三年十二月三十一日,	000 400	700 444	0.507	0.540	04 550	4 705 000
depreciation and impairment	扣除累計折舊及減值	868,490	790,141	2,537	2,542	61,559	1,725,269
At 31 December 2023:	於二零二三年十二月三十一日:						
Cost	成本	1,096,587	1,355,319	23,165	6,874	63,656	2,545,601
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值	(228,097)	(565,178)	(20,628)	(4,332)	(2,097)	(820,332)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	868,490	790,141	2,537	2,542	61,559	1,725,269

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Impairment assessment in 2023

As at 31 December 2023, since certain construction in progress of the Mononitrotoluene separation and crystallization process test project (the "Test Project") would be no longer used, a full impairment provision of approximately RMB1,610,000 was made based on the carrying amount. Besides, certain equipment of Iron Phosphate and the Sodium Methoxide workshop (a workshop of the Pigment intermediate) would be no longer used, impairment provisions of approximately RMB11,774,000 and approximately RMB662,000 was made against their carrying amounts, respectively.

13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

二零二三年之減值評估

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,由於一硝基甲苯分離結晶工藝試驗項目(「試驗項目」)之部分在建工程將不再使用,約人民幣1,610,000元之悉數減值撥備乃基於賬面值作出。此外,磷酸鐵及甲醇納車間(顏料中間體車間)之若干設備將不再使用,約人民幣11,774,000元及約人民幣662,000元之悉數減值撥備乃分別基於其賬面值作出。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		•				
	-					Total
						合計
						RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
於二零二二年一月一日:						
成本	560,585	884,647	16,931	4,754	592,725	2,059,642
累計折舊及減值	(152,847)	(427,995)	(14,912)	(2,988)	(6,615)	(605,357)
賬面淨值	407,738	456,652	2,019	1,766	586,110	1,454,285
於二零二二年一月一日,						
扣除累計折舊及減值	407,738	456,652	2,019	1,766	586,110	1,454,285
添置	4,053	9,027	1,843	2,739	400,760	418,422
出售	(366)	(2,928)	(15)	(11)	-	(3,320)
年內提撥的折舊	(28,945)	(67,213)	(3,179)	(914)	-	(100,251)
減值	-	-	-	-	(7,163)	(7,163)
轉固	482,743	440,816	_	-	(923,559)	
於二零二二年十二月三十一日,						
扣除累計折舊及減值 ————————————————————————————————————	865,223	836,354	668	3,580	56,148	1,761,973
於二零二二年十二月三十一日:						
成本	1,044,462	1,305,447	18,596	7,271	69,926	2,445,702
累計折舊及減值	(179,239)	(469,093)	(17,928)	(3,691)	(13,778)	(683,729)
賬面淨值	865,223	836,354	668	3,580	56,148	1,761,973
	成本 累計折舊及減值 賬面淨值 於二零二二年一月一日, 扣除累計折舊及減值 添置 出售 年內提撥的折舊 減值 轉固 於二零二二年十二日三十一日, 扣除累計折舊及減值 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 : 成本 累計折舊及減值	成本 560,585 累計折舊及減值 (152,847) 賬面淨值 407,738 於二零二二年一月一日 ·	複字 機器及設備 RMB'000	## August	### Accordance of the composition of the composit	And Office Motor Construction Buildings equipment equipment vehicles in progress 検字 機器及設備 辦公設備 汽車 在建工程 RMB'000 RMB

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(CONTINUED)

Impairment assessment in 2022

As at 31 December 2022, certain equipment of the Test Project were no longer used. An impairment provision of approximately RMB487,000 was made based on fair values less costs to sell. The fair value was derived from market quotations. The fair values less costs to sell, carrying amount and impairment provision as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

二零二二年之減值評估

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,試驗項目之若干設備將不再使用。約人民幣487,000元之減值撥備乃基於公允價值減出售成本作出。公允價值乃源自市場報價。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,公允價值減出售成本、賬面值及減值撥備如下:

Recoverable	Carrying	Impairment
amounts	amounts	provision
可收回金額	賬面值	減值撥備
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Certain equipment of the	試驗項目之若干設備			
Test Project		3,343	3,830	487

As at 31 December 2022, since the equipment of the sulfonation workshop (a workshop of the battery materials segment) were no longer used, an impairment provision of approximately RMB6,676,000 was made against their carrying amount.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,由於磺化車間(電池材料板塊的車間)的設備將不再使用,約人民幣6,676,000元之減值撥備乃基於賬面值作出。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

14. **LEASES**

The Group as a lessee

Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire the leased land from the owners with lease periods of 20 to 50 years, and no ongoing payments will be made under the terms of these land leases. The Group has lease contracts for various items of office premises and apartments for employees used in its operations. The leases of office premises and apartments for employees have lease terms of 2 to 3 years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

14. 租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團亦提前作出一次性付款以向業主獲取 租賃土地,租期為20至50年,根據該等土 地租賃的條款,本集團無需繼續支付任何款 項。本集團擁有用於其營運之辦公物業及員 工公寓的租賃合約。辦公物業及員工公寓的 租期為2至3年。一般而言,本集團不可向本 集團以外人士轉讓及分租租賃資產。

(a) 使用權資產

本集團使用權資產的賬面值及年內變 動如下:

Office

			Office	
			premises	
			and	
			apartments	
		Leasehold	for	
		land	employees	Total
			辦公物業及	
		租賃土地	員工公寓	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	86,834	613	87,447
Addition	添置	7,060	_	7,060
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(4,256)	(445)	(4,701)
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月			
and 1 January 2023	三十一日及			
	二零二三年一月一日	89,638	168	89,806
Addition	添置	-	3,661	3,661
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(3,102)	(783)	(3,885)
As at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年			
	十二月三十一日	86,536	3,046	89,582

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

14. LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

14. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債的賬面值及年內變動如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 January	於一月一日之賬面值	178	627
New leases	新租賃	1,061	_
Accretion of interest recognised	年內已確認利息增幅		
during the year		33	25
Payments	付款	(581)	(474)
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面值	691	178
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Current portion	即期部分	459	178
Non-current portion	非即期部分	232	_

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

(c) 於損益中確認的租賃相關款項如下:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	33	25
Depreciation charge of	使用權資產折舊開支		
right-of-use assets		3,885	4,701
Expense relating to short-term	與短期租賃有關的開支		
leases		916	2,485
Total amount recognised	損益中確認款項總額		
in profit or loss		4,834	7,211

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

15. **INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE**

15. 於一間聯營公司之投資

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Share of net assets	分佔資產淨值	_	868

Particulars of the associate are as follows:

聯營公司的詳情如下:

	Particulars of	Place of incorporation/ registration and	Percentage of ownership interest attributable	
Name	shares held	business	to the Group 歸屬於本集團的	Principal activity
		註冊成立/登記	所有權權益	
名稱	所持股份詳情	及業務地點	百分比	主營業務
Shanghai Biaoshang Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Unlisted shares	Shanghai	33%	Provision of technical services in the field of information technology
上海標尚信息科技有限公司	非上市股份	上海		提供信息技術領域的技術服務

The Group's shareholding in the associate, Shanghai Biaoshang Information Technology Co., Ltd, is held through a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

本集團通過本公司全資附屬公司持有聯營公 司上海標尚信息科技有限公司的股權。

The above associate is accounted for using the equity method in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

上述聯營公司於本集團綜合財務報表中採用 權益法入賬。

The following table illustrates the financial information of the Group's associate:

下表載列本集團聯營公司的財務資料:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Share of the associate's total 分佔 comprehensive income	聯營公司年內虧損 聯營公司全面收益總額 營公司之投資的減值	(110) (110) (758)	(119) (119) -
	團於聯營公司之投資總 面值	-	868

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

16. EQUITY INVESTMENTS DESIGNATED AT FVOCI 16. 指定按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益之股權投資

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Equity investments designated at FVOCI:	其變動計入其他全面收益之 權益投資:		
Unquoted equity investments, at fair value	按公允價值計量之無報價 股權投資	32,309	30,855
Total	合計	32,309	30,855

The above equity investments were irrevocably designated at FVOCI as the Group considers these investments to be strategic in nature.

In 2023, the Group recognised a gain of approximately RMB1,454,000 in other comprehensive income in relation to the fair value change of equity investments designated at FVOCI (2022: a loss of approximately RMB5,844,000).

本集團認為上述股權投資在性質上屬策略投資,故該等投資不可撤銷地指定為按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益。

於二零二三年,本集團就有關指定按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益之股權投資公允價值變動於其他全面收益確認收益約人民幣1,454,000元(二零二二年:虧損約人民幣5,844,000元)。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

17. 無形資產

		Technological		
		Software	know-how	Total
		軟件	非專利技術	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022:	於二零二二年一月一日:			
Cost	成本	3,590	19,494	23,084
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(1,111)	(4,654)	(5,765)
, localitation allies actions	27.11.74-31	(. ,)	(1,001)	(0).00)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	2,479	14,840	17,319
0	· →			
Cost at 1 January 2022, net of accumulated amortisation	於二零二二年一月一日之成本, 扣除累計攤銷	0.470	14.040	17.010
Additions	和	2,479 310	14,840	17,319 310
Amortisation provided during the year	/^/	(362)	(1,462)	(1,824)
Impairment during the year	年內減值	(502)	(9,003)	(9,003)
Exchange realignment	正 注 正 注 記 記 記 記 記 記 記 記 記 記 に に に に に に に に に に に に に	_	769	769
<u> </u>	E-70 (F) IE		7.00	7 00
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	2,427	5,144	7,571
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日			
Cost	成本	3,900	20,554	24,454
Accumulated depreciation and	累計折舊及減值	0,000	20,00	2.,.0.
impairment	3781 31 11 2 2 7 7 7 11	(1,473)	(15,410)	(16,883)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	2,427	5,144	7,571
Cost at 1 January 2023, net of	於二零二三年一月一日之成本,			
accumulated amortisation	扣除累計攤銷	2,427	5,144	7,571
Additions	添置	616	_	616
Amortisation provided during the year	年內攤銷撥備	(535)	(802)	(1,337)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	2,508	4,342	6,850
At 04 December 0000	みー毎ーーケムーロー ム ロ・			
At 31 December 2023: Cost	於二零二三年十二月三十一日: 成本	4.516	20,554	25.070
Accumulated depreciation and	累計折舊及減值	4,516	20,554	25,070
impairment	☆川川 皆以 桃 は	(2,008)	(16,212)	(18,220)
транноп		(2,000)	(10,212)	(10,220)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	2,508	4,342	6,850

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

18. INVENTORIES

18. 存貨

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Raw materials	原材料	35,808	46,381
Work in progress	在製品	56,700	55,195
Finished goods	製成品	192,818	171,183
	- A		
Total	合計	285,326	272,759

19. TRADE RECEIVABLES

19. 貿易應收款項

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	350,952	241,443
Impairment	減值	(8,440)	(7,704)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	342,512	233,739

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers and small-sized customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period is generally one to three months for domestic customers and overseas customers. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over certain of its outstanding receivables.

Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivables balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

除新客戶及小型客戶通常須提前付款外,本集團與其客戶的主要交易條款為信貸。就國內及海外客戶而言,信貸期一般為一至三個月。每位客戶均有最大信貸上限。本集團力求對若干尚未收回的應收款項保持嚴格監控。

逾期結餘由高級管理層定期審閱。鑒於前文所述及本集團的貿易應收款項牽涉到大量不同客戶,本集團並無重大信貸集中風險。本集團並未就其貿易應收款項結餘持有任何抵押品或其他提高信貸工具。貿易應收款項為不計息。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

19. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The subsidiaries of the Company have pledged trade receivables of approximately RMB114,378,000 to secure a bank loan amounted to RMB57,580,000.

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

19. 貿易應收款項(續)

本公司附屬公司已質押約人民幣 114,378,000元的貿易應收款項以獲取人民幣57,580,000元的銀行貸款。

於各報告期末的貿易應收款項的賬齡分析 (基於發票日期並經扣除虧損撥備)如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 month	一個月內	272,758	163,099
1 month to 2 months	一個月至兩個月	41,383	33,379
2 months to 3 months	兩個月至三個月	17,059	7,391
3 months to 4 months	三個月至四個月	2,077	16,147
Over 4 months	四個月以上	9,235	13,723
Total	合計	342,512	233,739

The movement in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables is as follows:

貿易應收款項減值虧損撥備的變動如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At the beginning of year	於年初	7,704	6,294
Impairment provided (note 7)	已計提減值(附註7)	736	1,410
At end of year	於年末	8,440	7,704

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written off if the Group recognises that recovery of the amount is remote.

本集團於各報告日期均採用撥備矩陣進行減值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。該計算反映或然率加權結果、貨幣時值及於報告日期可得的有關過往事項、當前條件及未來經濟條件預測的合理及可靠資料。一般而言,倘本集團確認收回款項之機會甚微則會撇銷貿易應收款項。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

19. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The Group applies the simplified approach to the provision for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit loss on trade receivables, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the ageing.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

Expected credit losses (RMB'000) 預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元) 167

As at 31 December 2023

19. 貿易應收款項(續)

本集團就香港財務報告準則第9號規定的預期信貸虧損撥備採納簡化方法,該方法允許就所有貿易應收款項採用全期預期虧損撥備。為計量貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損,本集團按照共同信貸風險特徵及賬齡將貿易應收款項分組。

有關本集團採用撥備矩陣計量的貿易應收款項的信貸風險資料載列如下:

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

			Between	Between		
		Within	1 and 2	2 and 3	Over 3	
		1 year	years	years	years	Total
			一年至	兩年至		
		一年內	兩年	三年	三年以上	合計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	0.12%	4.11%	8.35%	100.00%	_
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	總賬面值(人民幣千元)	339,714	925	2,527	7,786	350,952
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	405	38	211	7,786	8,440
As at 31 December 2022		於二零二	二年十二月	三十一日		
As at 31 December 2022		於二零二	二二年十二月 Between	∃=+-⊟ Between		
As at 31 December 2022		於二零二 Within			Over 3	
As at 31 December 2022			Between	Between	Over 3 years	Total
As at 31 December 2022		Within	Between 1 and 2	Between 2 and 3		Total
As at 31 December 2022		Within	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 3 years		Total 合計
As at 31 December 2022		Within 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至	Between 2 and 3 years 兩年至	years	
As at 31 December 2022 Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	Within 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至	Between 2 and 3 years 兩年至	years	

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

20. NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivable of the Group are bank acceptance notes and are usually settled within six months from their respective dates of issue. None of the notes receivable as at the end of the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 was past due or impaired.

Transferred financial assets that are not derecognised: The Group endorsed certain notes receivable accepted by banks in Chinese Mainland (the "Endorsed Notes") with aggregate carrying amounts of approximately RMB223,828,000 and RMB291,610,000 as at 31 December 2023 and 2022, respectively, to certain of its suppliers in order to settle trade payables due to such suppliers (the "Endorsement"). In the opinion of the Directors, the Group has retained the substantial risks and rewards, which include default risks relating to such Endorsed Notes, and accordingly, it continued to recognise the full carrying amounts of the Endorsed Notes and the associated other payables. Subsequent to the Endorsement, the Group did not retain any rights to the use of the Endorsed Notes, including the sale, transfer or pledge of the Endorsed Notes to any other third parties. None of the Endorsed Notes settled during the year have been recoursed as at the end of the year.

20. 應收票據

本集團的應收票據為銀行承兑票據,並通常 於其各自發行日期起六個月內結算。於截至 二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度結束時,概無應收票據逾期或減值。

未終止確認的已轉讓金融資產:為支付結欠若干供應商的貿易應付款項,本集團向相關供應商背書若干獲中國大陸銀行接納的應等據(「背書票據」),於二零二三年及二三年及二年十二月三十一日的總賬面值分別為的元度幣223,828,000元及人民幣291,610,000元(「背書」)。董事認為,本集團實質上仍保留風險及因此,有關於不數量,當時便是的關係。對書票據內國民國,與其他應付款事票據例,權利,包括出售、轉讓或抵押背書票據予任何對其他第三方。於年末,概無於年內結算的背書票據被追索。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

20. NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised: The Group endorsed certain notes receivable accepted by banks in Chinese Mainland (the "Derecognised Notes") to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers with aggregate carrying amounts of approximately RMB126,155,000 and RMB325,965,000 as at 31 December 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Derecognised Notes have a maturity from one to six months at the end of the respective reporting periods. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognised Notes have a right of recourse against the Group if the PRC banks default (the "Continuing Involvement"). In the opinion of the Directors, the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Derecognised Notes. Accordingly, it has derecognised the full carrying amounts of the Derecognised Notes and the associated trade payables. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Notes and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognised Notes is equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the Directors, the fair values of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Notes are not significant.

Since the business model of notes receivables with similar credit exposures with the Derecognised Notes is both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling, the Group classifies and measures notes receivables with similar credit exposures with the Derecognised Notes at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of notes receivable approximated to their carrying amount largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. No fair value changes were recorded for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 for notes receivable.

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group has not recognised any gain or loss on the dates of transfer of the Derecognised Notes. No gains or losses were recognised from the Continuing Involvement, both during the year or cumulatively.

20. 應收票據(續)

終止確認的已轉讓金融資產: 為支付結欠 若干供應商的貿易應付款項,本集團向相 關供應商背書若干獲中國大陸銀行接納的 應收票據(「解除確認票據」),於二零二三 年及二零二二年十二月三十一日的總賬面 值分別為約人民幣126,155,000元及人民幣 325,965,000元。解除確認票據於各報告期 末起計一至六個月到期。根據中國票據法, 在中國的銀行違約的情況下,解除確認票據 的持有人對本集團有追索權(「持續責任」)。 董事認為,本集團已轉讓有關解除確認票據 的絕大部分風險及回報。因此,本集團解除 確認解除確認票據的全部賬面值及相關貿易 應付款項。本集團於解除確認票據的持續責 任及購回該等解除確認票據的未貼現現金流 量產生的最大虧損風險等於其賬面值。董事 認為,本集團於解除確認票據的持續責任的 公允價值並不重大。

由於與解除確認票據具有類似的信用風險應 收票據的業務模式同時為持有並收取合約現 金流量及出售,故本集團對具有與解除確認 票據類似的信用風險之應收票據以公允價值 計量且其變動計入其他全面收益進行分類及 計量。應收票據的公允價值與其賬面值相 若,很大程度上乃由於此等工具屬短期性 質。截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三 十一日止年度,並未錄得應收票據的公允價 值變動。

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團並無於轉讓解除確認票據 日期確認任何損益。於該兩個年度或累計過 程中均概無確認持續責任產生的損益。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

21. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

21. 預付款項及其他應收款項

	1	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Advances to suppliers Deductible value-added tax and prepaid	給予供應商的墊款 可扣減增值税及預付企業所得税	36,826	42,518
corporate income tax Other receivables	其他應收款項	22,111 16,535	12,732 4,346
		75,472	59,596
Impairment allowance	減值撥備	(6,193)	_
Total	合計	69,279	59,596

Except for the impairment provided for certain other receivables which indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full, no impairment allowance is provided for other receivables for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

除若干顯示本集團不大可能悉數收取未償還 合約金額的其他應收款外, 自首次確認以來 信貸風險並無顯著增加的其他應收款項,並 無計提減值撥備。

Deductible value-added tax and prepaid corporate income tax are to be deducted in the following year. Advances to suppliers and other receivables are unsecured and interest-free.

可減扣增值税及預付企業所得税將於下一年 度減扣。給予供應商的墊款及其他應收款項 無抵押且免息。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

22. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH22. 按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益之PROFIT OR LOSS金融資產

		Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets at FVPL - current:	按公允價值計量且其變動計入 損益之金融資產-流動:			
Listed equity investments Wealth management products	上市股權投資 理財產品	(a) (b)	7,879 5,000	4,621 -
		(-/		
Subtotal	小計		12,879	4,621
Financial assets at FVPL – non-current:	按公允價值計量且其變動計入 損益之金融資產-非流動:			
Unlisted investments	非上市投資	(c)	25,183	37,119
Total	合計		38,062	41,740

- (a) The listed equity investments were classified as FVPL as they were held for trading.
- (b) The wealth management products were issued by banks in Chinese Mainland. The Directors of the Company consider that they are investments with cash flows not solely payments of their principal and interest and recorded them as financial asset at FVPL.
- (c) The unlisted investment is an investment in beneficial rights from shares of a private equity fund. The Directors of the Company consider it as an investment with cash flows not solely payments of its principal and interest and recorded it as financial asset at FVPL.

- (a) 上市股權投資被分類為按公允價值計量 且其變動計入損益之金融資產,原因是 其乃持作買賣用途。
- (b) 理財產品為中國大陸銀行發行。本公司 董事將上述投資視為現金流量不只是支 付本金及利息的投資,並入賬為按公允 價值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資 產。
- (c) 非上市投資為對私募股權基金股份收益權的一項投資。本公司董事將上述投資視為現金流量不只是支付本金及利息的投資,並入賬為按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附許

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH

23. 現金及現金等價物以及受限現金

		Note 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		358,027	196,150
Less: Restricted cash - current	減:受限現金-即期	(a)	(70,586)	(7,081)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		287,441	189,069
Denominated in RMB Denominated in other currencies	以人民幣計值 以其他貨幣計值		258,691 28,750	173,604 15,465
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		287,441	189,069

Note:

(a) As at 31 December 2023, restricted cash mainly represented guarantee deposits for the issued notes payable.

RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Chinese Mainland's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorized to conduct foreign exchange business. Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances and restricted bank deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default. The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents and the restricted bank deposits approximate to their fair values.

附註:

(a) 於二零二三年十二月三十一日,受限現 金主要為已發行票據應付款項的保證金 存款。

人民幣不能自由兑換成其他貨幣。然而,根據中國大陸的《外匯管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》,本集團可透過獲授權經營外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑換成其他貨幣。銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮動利率計息。銀行結餘及受限制銀行存款乃存放於聲譽卓著且並無近期違約記錄的銀行。現金及現金等價物以及受限制銀行存款的賬面值與其公允價值相若。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

24. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

24. 貿易應付款項及應付票據

於各報告期末貿易應付款項及應付票據之賬 齡分析(根據發票日期計算)載列如下:

			l
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 month	一個月內	245,178	255,671
1 month to 2 months	一個月至兩個月	56,558	44,232
2 months to 3 months	兩個月至三個月	34,573	22,527
Over 3 months	三個月以上	136,305	61,654
Total	合計	472,614	384,084

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 30 to 90 days.

貿易應付款項為不計息,並通常按30日至90 日的付款期限結算。

25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

25. 其他應付款項及應計費用

			2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Accrued salaries, wages and	應計薪金、工資及福利			
benefits			27,389	35,546
Payables under the endorsement	背書項下的應付款項	20	223,828	291,610
Current portion of lease liabilities	租賃負債的即期部分	14(b)	459	178
Other payables	其他應付款項		25,972	36,013
Total	合計		277,648	363,347

The above amounts are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

以上款項均無擔保、不計息且無固定償還期 限。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER **BORROWINGS**

26. 計息銀行及其他借款

		2023			2022	
	Effective Interest rate (%)	二零二三年 Maturity	RMB'000	Effective Interest rate (%)	二零二二年 Maturity	RMB'000
	實際 利率(%)	到期日	人民幣千元	實際 利率(%)	到期日	人民幣千元
行期						
超期 銀行貸款-有抵押 銀行貸款-無抵押	2.80-4.50 3.70-5.00	2024 2024	212,193 65,251	3.20-6.80 4.50-5.80	2023 2023	196,568 50,526
合計			277,444			247,094
長期 銀行貸款一有抵押 銀行貸款一無抵押 其他借款一有抵押	- - 7.65-9.22	- - 2024-2026	- - 39,708	5.00 5.00-7.20 8.32-9.22	2025 2023-2025 2023-2025	10,000 4,900 38,586
合計			39,708			53,486
減:長期銀行及其他 借款的即期部分			(21,650)			(14,693)
			18,058			38,793
銀行及其他借款總額			317,152			300,580
分析如下: 須於以下時間償還的 銀行貸款:						
一年內 第二年 第三年至第五年			277,444 - -			247,584 10,490 3,920
			277 444			261,994
須於以下時間償還的			211,444			201,004
一年內 第二年 第三年至第五年			21,650 12,332			14,203 15,288
(包括首尾兩年)			5,726			9,095
小計			39,708			38,586
合計			317,152			300,580
	最行行	Interest rate (%)		上野	### Effective Interest rate (%) 資際 利率(%) 知期日 人民幣千元 和率(%) 資際 利率(%) 知期日 人民幣千元 利率(%) 有抵押 2.80-4.50 2024 56,251 4.50-5.80 会計 277,444 長期 銀行資款 一有抵押 7.65-9.22 2024-2026 39,708 8.32-9.22 会計 39,708 を対しています。 第27,444 第27,4	日本

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

- (a) The Group had unutilised banking facilities of approximately RMB177,498,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: approximately RMB110,653,000).
- (b) Certain of the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings as at 31 December 2023 were secured by:
 - mortgages over certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment of approximately RMB138,038,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: approximately RMB30,255,000);
 - (ii) mortgages over certain of the Group's right-of-use assets of approximately RMB32,153,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: approximately RMB3,572,000);
 - (iii) mortgages over certain of the Group's trade receivables of approximately RMB114,378,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: approximately RMB36,972,000).
- (c) All the outstanding interest bearing bank and other borrowings are denominated in RMB.

26. 計息銀行及其他借款(續)

- (a) 本集團於二零二三年十二月三十一 日之未動用銀行融資約為人民幣 177,498,000元(二零二二年:約人 民幣110,653,000元)。
- (b) 本集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日 之若干計息銀行及其他借款以下列各 項作抵押:
 - (i) 本集團於二零二三年十二月 三十一日賬面值約為人民幣 138,038,000元之若干物業、 廠房及設備(二零二二年:約 人民幣30,255,000元);
 - (ii) 本集團於二零二三年十二月 三十一日賬面值約為人民幣 32,153,000元之若干使用權 資產(二零二二年:約人民幣 3,572,000元):
 - (iii) 本集團於二零二三年十二月 三十一日賬面值約為人民幣 114,378,000元之若干貿易應 收款項(二零二二年:約人民 幣36,972,000元)。
- (c) 所有未償還的計息銀行及其他借款以 人民幣計值。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

27. **OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES**

其他流動負債 27.

	4	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Considerations received from independent investors for partial disposal of the equity interests in a	就部分出售附屬公司股權的 已收獨立投資者之代價		
subsidiary*		57,489	-
Others	其他	2,797	_
Total	合計	60,286	_

- As disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, considerations received from independent investors for partial disposal of the equity interests in Tsaker Technology, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, with repurchase rights given to these independent investors were accounted for and disclosed as current financial liabilities.
- 如綜合權益變動表所披露,就部分出 售本公司間接非全資附屬公司彩客科 技股權已收獨立投資者之代價連同給 予該等獨立投資者之回購權以流動金 融負債列賬並披露。

28. **DEFERRED INCOME**

28. 遞延收入

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Government grants	政府補助	8,163	10,449

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

29. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdictions, are as follows:

Deferred income tax assets:

29. 遞延税項

年內遞延所得税資產和負債的變動情況(不 考慮同一税務管轄區內餘額的抵銷)如下:

遞延所得税資產:

		Impairment of inventories 存貨減值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Impairment of trade receivables and other receivables 質易應收款應項收 放其他應減收值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Impairment of PPE 物業、廠設減 及減 及減 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Government grants 政府補助 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accrued expenses 應計開支 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Change of tax base of PPE 物業、備之變 及設 基際 RMB'000 人民	Tax losses 税收虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Unrealised profits 未變現溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease Liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Liabilities recognised for purchasing assets in Installment 分期購買資產確認之負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年 一月一日	-	1,575	8,296	5,120	1,402	620	14,962	1,717	-	-	33,692
Deferred tax credited/ (charged) to profit or loss during the year	年內計入損益/ (自損益中扣除) 之遞延税項	449	337	(306)	(2,662)	(567)	1,248	(3,500)	787	_	_	(4,214)
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日 及二零二三年 一月一日的遞延 稅項資產總額	449	1,912	7,990	2,458	835	1,868	11,462	2,504	-	-	29,478
Deferred tax credited/ (charged) to profit or loss during the year	年內計入損益/ (自損益中扣除) 之遞延税項	4,483	1,656	2,884	(523)	(678)	(1,139)	37,549	(2,127)	18	1,828	43,951
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日的 遞延税項資產總額	4,932	3,568	10,874	1,935	157	729	49,011	377	18	1,828	73,429

The Group has unrecognised tax losses arising from entities operating in Chinese Mainland of approximately RMB77,569,000 (2022: RMB32,956,000) that will expire in two to five years, for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as it is considered not probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised by the Group.

本集團於中國大陸經營之實體產生之未確認 税項虧損約人民幣77,569,000元(二零二二 年:人民幣32,956,000元)(將於兩至五年內 屆滿),對未來應課税溢利產生沖銷。尚未 就該等虧損確認遞延税項資產,原因為其認 為可能將不會有充足應課税溢利可用作對本 集團可使用的未動用税項虧損的抵銷。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

29. **DEFERRED TAX** (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax liabilities:

29. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債:

					Full deduction	
		Right-		Purchasing	of qualified	
		of-use	Withholding	assets in	assets	
		assets	tax	Installment	acquired	Total
					全額扣除	
					已收購	
		使用權資產	預扣税	分期購買資產	合資格資產	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	-	5,699	-	-	5,699
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss	於年內損益內扣除的					
during the year	遞延税項	_	509	_	6,529	7,038
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於二零二二年十二月 三十一日及二零二三年 一月一日的遞延税項					
	負債總額	-	6,208	-	6,529	12,737
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss	於年內損益內扣除的					
during the year	遞延税項	251	(958)	2,274	(592)	975
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31	於二零二三年十二月					
December 2023	三十一日的遞延税項					
	負債總額	251	5,250	2,274	5,937	13,712

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

29. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law,

a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends (i) declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Chinese Mainland. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate of 5% may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Chinese Mainland and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributable by those subsidiaries established in Chinese Mainland. As at 31 December 2023, the subsidiaries of the Company located in Chinese Mainland had retained profits of the RMB1,355,476,000. Based on management's estimation of profits to be distributed in foreseeable future, dividends of RMB105.000.000 will be distributed from Chinese Mainland to overseas holding companies in the foreseeable future. Therefore, deferred tax liability of RMB5,250,000 was recognised for the retained profits generated from subsidiaries located in Chinese Mainland. Management expects that except for the aforementioned dividends, the remaining retained profits will be used for the subsidiaries' continuing reinvestment.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

29. 遞延税項(續)

根據中國企業所得稅法:

於中國大陸成立的外商投資企業向外 (i) 商投資者宣派的股息,須按10%的 税率徵收預扣税。該規定自二零零八 年一月一日起生效,並適用於二零零 七年十二月三十一日後的盈利。倘中 國大陸與外商投資者所在司法權區已 簽訂税務協議,則可採用較低的5% 的預扣税率。因此,本集團須就在中 國大陸成立的附屬公司所產生的盈利 而分配的股息履行徵收預扣税的義 務。於二零二三年十二月三十一日, 本公司位於中國大陸的附屬公司錄得 保留溢利人民幣1,355,476,000元。 根據管理層對可見未來將予分派的溢 利的估計,中國大陸的附屬公司在可 見未來將向海外控股公司派發人民 幣105,000,000元的股息。因此,對 於位於中國大陸之附屬公司產生之保 留溢利確認了遞延所得税負債人民幣 5,250,000元。管理層預期,除上述 股息外,餘下保留溢利將用作附屬公 司的持續投資之用。

本公司向其股東派付股息並無導致任何所得 税後果。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

29. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the statement of financial position. The following analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

29. 遞延税項(續)

為便於列報,若干遞延税項資產及負債已於 財務狀況表抵銷。以下為本集團財務報告的 遞延税項結餘分析:

	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in 於綜合財務狀況表確認的 the consolidated statement of financial 遞延税項資產淨額 position	67,449	28,311
Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in 於綜合財務狀況表確認的 the consolidated statement of financial 遞延税項負債淨額 position	7,732	11,570

30. OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES

30. 其他非流動負債

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Considerations received from independent investors as capital	已收附屬公司獨立投資者的 代價作為注資		
injection in a subsidiary*		220,001	-
Others	其他	4,517	_
Total	合計	224,518	_

- * As disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, considerations received from independent investors by way of cash contribution to Shandong TNM, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, with repurchase rights given to these independent investors and liabilities recognised for purchasing other non-current assets in installment were accounted for as non-current financial liabilities.
- 如綜合權益變動表所披露,已收獨立 投資者代價(透過向本公司間接全資 附屬公司山東彩客新材料作出現金注 資收取)連同給予該等獨立投資者之 回購權及分期購買其他非流動資產確 認之負債以非流動金融負債列賬。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

31. SHARE CAPITAL

31. 股本

The movements in share capital of the Company are as follows:

本公司股本變動載列如下:

Shares 股份		Number of shares 股份數目	Share capital 股本 USD 美元	Issued share capital equivalent of 等量已發行股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Authorised: As at 31 December 2022 at	法定: 於二零二二年十二月			
USD0.01 each	三十一日,每股0.01美元	2,000,000,000	20,000,000	
As at 31 December 2023 at USD0.01 each	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,每股0.01美元	2,000,000,000	20,000,000	
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2022 at USD0.01	已發行及繳足: 於二零二二年一月一日, 每股0.01美元	1,026,255,000	10,262,550	66,269
Share cancelled	已註銷股份	(7,122,500)	(71,225)	(462)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 at USD0.01 each	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 及二零二三年一月一日, 每股0.01美元	1,019,132,500	10,191,325	65,807
Shares cancelled	已註銷股份	(6,535,000)	(65,350)	(461)
As at 31 December 2023 at USD0.01 each	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,每股0.01美元	1,012,597,500	10,125,975	65,346

Note:

附註:

The Company repurchased 18,549,500 and 5,966,000 of its shares in 2023 and 2022, respectively, on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for considerations of approximately RMB19,663,000 and approximately RMB6,871,000, respectively. 6,535,000 shares were cancelled during the year ended 31 December 2023.

於二零二三年及二零二二年,本公司分別以代價約人民幣19,663,000元及約人民幣6,871,000元於香港聯合交易所有限公司分別回購其18,549,500股及5,966,000股股份。6,535,000股股份已於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度註銷。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

32. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Statutory reserve

In accordance with the PRC regulations and the articles of association of the companies now comprising the Group, before distributing the net profit of each year, companies of the Group registered in the PRC are required to set aside 10% of their statutory net profit for the year after offsetting any prior year's losses as determined under relevant PRC accounting standards to the statutory surplus reserve fund. When the balance of this reserve reaches 50% of each company's share capital, any further appropriation is optional. The statutory surplus reserve fund can be utilised to offset prior years' losses or to issue bonus shares. However, the statutory surplus reserve fund must be maintained at a minimum of 25% of each entity's share capital after such issuance.

Safety production fund

Pursuant to certain regulations issued by the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Work Safety of the PRC, the Group is required to set aside an amount to a safety production fund at certain percentages (Periods before 21 November 2022: less than RMB10 million: 4.50%: from RMB10 million to RMB100 million: 2.25%: from RMB100 million to RMB1 billion: 0.55%; greater than RMB1 billion: 0.20%. Periods after 21 November 2022: less than RMB10 million: 4.5%; from RMB10 million to RMB100 million: 2.25%; from RMB100 million to RMB1 billion: 0.55%; greater than RMB1 billion: 0.2%) of the previous year's operating revenue. The fund can be used for improvement of safety, and is not available for distribution to shareholders. The balance of the safety production fund in equity represents the safety fund that was set aside but not yet used.

32. 儲備

本集團於當前年度及過往年度的儲備金額及 其變動於綜合權益變動表內呈列。

法定儲備

根據中國法規及本集團現時旗下公司之組織章程細則,每年分派純利前,本集團在中國註冊的公司須於抵銷根據相關中國會計準則所釐定的往年虧損後,將其年度法定純利的10%撥至法定盈餘儲備基金。當該儲備的結餘達至各公司股本的50%時,各公司可選擇是否繼續進行撥資。法定盈餘儲備基金可用於抵銷往年的虧損或發行紅股。然而,該法定盈餘儲備基金必須至少維持在發行後該實體股本的25%。

安全生產基金

根據中國財政部及國家安全生產監督管理總 局頒佈的若干法規,本集團需按特定百分比 從上一年度之經營收益撥出一定金額(二零 二二年十一月二十一日前各期間:人民幣10 百萬元以下:4.50%,人民幣10百萬元至人 民幣100百萬元:2.25%,人民幣100百萬 元至人民幣10億元:0.55%,人民幣10億元 以上:0.20%; 二零二二年十一月二十一日 後各期間:人民幣10百萬元以下:4.5%, 人民幣10百萬元至人民幣100百萬元: 2.25%, 人民幣100百萬元至人民幣10億 元:0.55%,人民幣10億元以上:0.2%)至 安全生產基金。該安全生產基金可用於改善 生產安全條件但不可用於向股東進行分派。 權益中餘下的安全生產基金指已撥出但尚未 使用的安全基金。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

32. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

Capital reserve

Share capital of the Group's subsidiaries before the incorporation of the Company is recorded as capital reserve.

Capital reserve also included the difference between the consideration paid by the Company for the acquisition of subsidiaries pursuant to the Reorganisation and the net assets of the subsidiaries being acquired at the time of the Reorganisation.

32. 儲備(續)

資本儲備

本集團附屬公司於本公司註冊成立前之股本 乃入賬列作資本儲備。

資本儲備亦包括本公司根據重組就收購附屬 公司支付的代價與於重組時被收購附屬公司 的資產淨值之間的差額。

33. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

33. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 融資活動所產生的負債變動

		Interest-	Interest-	
		bearing bank	bearing bank	
		and other	and other	
		borrowings	borrowings	Lease
2023		(non-current)	(current)	liabilities
		計息銀行及其他	計息銀行及其他	
二零二三年		借款(非即期)	借款(即期)	租賃負債
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年			
	一月一日	38,793	261,787	178
New Lease	新租賃	_	_	1,061
Changes from financing cash	融資現金流量變動			
flows		(19,085)	36,819	(548)
Interest expense	利息開支	_	1,779	33
Interest paid classified as	分類為經營現金流量			
operating cash flows	之已付利息	_	_	(33)
Non-cash repayment of other	其他借款的非現金			
borrows	償還	_	(22,940)	_
Non-cash additions of other	其他借款的非現金		,	
borrows	添置	20,000	_	_
Reclassification between	在即期及非即期之	,,,,,,		
current and non-current	間重新分類			
other portions		(21,650)	21,650	_
		(=1,300)		
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月			
ALOT December 2020	三十一日	18,058	299,095	691
	_ I H	10,056	299,095	091

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT 33. **OF CASH FLOWS** (CONTINUED)

綜合現金流量表附註(續) 33.

(a) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

(a) 融資活動所產生的負債變動(續)

,				
		Interest-	Interest-	
		bearing bank	bearing bank	
		and other	and other	
		borrowings	borrowings	Lease
2022		(non-current)	(current)	liabilities
		計息銀行及	計息銀行及	
		其他借款	其他借款	
二零二二年		(非即期)	(即期)	租賃負債
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年			
	一月一日	13,622	302,109	627
Changes from financing cash	融資現金流量變動			
flows		39,864	(54,679)	(449)
Interest expense	利息開支	_	752	25
Interest paid classified as	分類為經營現金流量			
operating cash flows	之已付利息	_	_	(25)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	_	1,294	_
Non-cash repayment of other	其他借款的非現金			
borrows	償還	_	(2,382)	_
Reclassification between	在即期及非即期之間			
current and non-current	重新分類			
other portions		(14,693)	14,693	_
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年			
	十二月三十一日	38,793	261,787	178

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

33. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(b) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

33. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) 租賃的現金流出總額

計入現金流量表之租賃現金流出總額 加下:

4	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within operating activities 經營活動內 Within financing activities 融資活動內	949 548	25 449
	1,497	474

34. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

35. COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

34. 或然負債

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 任何重大或然負債(二零二二年:無)。

35. 承擔

本集團於報告期末的資本承擔載列如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Contracted, but not provided for:	已訂約但並未撥備:		
Plant and machinery	機器及設備	6,382	93,098

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

36. 關聯方交易

(a) 除該等綜合財務報表其他部分詳述的 交易外,本集團曾於年內與關聯方進 行以下交易:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Purchases of products and services:	購買產品及服務:		
Hua Ge Real Estate Development Co.	華歌房地產開發有限公司	1,706	1,900
Dezhou Wugu Food Technology Co., Ltd.*	德州五谷食尚食品科技有限公司*	482	420
Cangzhou Aomu Agricultural	滄州澳牧農業發展有限公司*		
Development Co., Ltd.*		750	271
Cangzhou Wugu Food Technology	滄州五谷食尚食品科技有限公司*		
Co., Ltd.*		111	68
Total	合計	3,049	2,659

Notes:

- (i) The purchases from the related parties were made according to the published prices and conditions.
- (ii) These related parties are all entities controlled by close family members of the de facto controller of the Group.
- * The related party transactions above also constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

附註:

- (i) 來自關聯方之採購乃按已公佈價格及條件作出。
- (ii) 該等關聯方均為本集團實際控制者的直 系親屬所控制的實體。
- * 上述關聯方交易亦構成上市規則第 14A章所界定的關連交易或持續關連 交易。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

36. 關聯方交易(續)

(CONTINUED)

(b) Outstanding balances with a related party:

(b) 未結清的關聯方結餘:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables: Cangzhou Aomu Agricultural Development Co., Ltd.	貿易應付款項: 滄州澳牧農業發展有限公司	-	200

- (c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:
- (c) 本集團主要管理人員的酬金:

	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Compensation paid to key 向主要管理人員支付的酬金 management personnel (<i>Note 8</i>) <i>(附註8)</i>	5,577	4,614

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

37. 按類別劃分的金融工具

各類金融工具於各報告期末的賬面值載列如 下:

2023 二零二三年

		Financial assets at	Financial assets at	Financial assets at	
		FVPL	FVOCI	amortised cost	Total
			按公允價值計量		
		按公允價值計量	且其變動計入		
		且其變動計入	其他全面收益	按攤銷成本列賬	
		損益之金融資產	之金融資產	之金融資產	合計
Financial assets		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
金融資產		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	_	_	342,512	342,512
Notes receivable	應收票據	_	68,276	331,225	399,501
Financial assets included in prepayments	計入預付款項及其他應收款項				
and other receivables	之金融資產	_	_	10,342	10,342
Restricted cash	受限現金	_	_	70,586	70,586
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	_	_	287,441	287,441
Financial assets at FVPL - current	按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益				
	之金融資產-流動	12,879	_	-	12,879
Financial assets at FVPL - non-current	按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益				
	之金融資產-非流動	25,183	_	_	25,183
Equity investments designated at FVOCI	指定按公允價值計量且其變動計入				
	其他全面收益之股權投資	_	32,309	_	32,309
Financial assets included in other	計入其他非流動資產的金融資產				
non-current assets		_	-	11,507	11,507
Total	合計	38,062	100,585	1,053,613	1,192,260

2023 二零二三年

		Financial liabilities
		at amortised cost
		按攤銷成本列賬
		之金融負債
Financial liabilities		RMB'000
金融負債		人民幣千元
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	472,614
Financial liabilities included in other payables	計入其他應付款項及應計項目的金融負債	
and accruals		250,259
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	317,152
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	60,286
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	224,518
Total	合計	1,324,829

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

(CONTINUED)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of each reporting period are as follows: *(continued)*

37. 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

各類金融工具於各報告期末的賬面值載列如下:(續)

2022 二零二二年

		Financial	Financial	Financial	
		assets	assets at	assets at	
		at FVPL	FVOCI	amortised cost	Total
			按公允價值計量		
		按公允價值計量	且其變動計入		
		且其變動計入	其他全面收益	按攤銷成本列賬	
		損益之金融資產	之金融資產	之金融資產	合計
Financial assets		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
金融資產		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	_	_	233,739	233,739
Notes receivable	應收票據	_	79,873	341,172	421,045
Financial assets included in	計入預付款項及其他應收款項		•	,	,
prepayments and other receivables	之金融資產	_	_	4,346	4,346
Restricted cash	受限現金	_	_	7,081	7,081
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	_	_	189,069	189,069
Financial assets at FVPL - current	按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益				
	之金融資產-流動	4,621	_	_	4,621
Financial assets at FVPL - non-current	按公允價值計量且其變動計入損益				
	之金融資產-非流動	37,119	_	_	37,119
Equity investments designated at FVOCI	指定按公允價值計量且其變動計入				,
, ,	其他全面收益之股權投資	_	30,855	_	30,855
Financial assets included in	計入其他非流動資產的金融資產				
other non-current assets		-	-	12,318	12,318
Total	合計	41,740	110,728	787,725	940,193

2022 二零二二年

Financial liabilities 金融負債		Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬 之金融負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	2	
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	384,084
Financial liabilities included in other payables	計入其他應付款項及應計項目的金融負債	
and accruals		327,801
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	300,580
Total	合計	1,012,465

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs, i.e., unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs, i.e., observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

At 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the financial instruments of the Group carried at fair value were equity investments designated at FVOCI, financial assets at FVPL and notes receivable. These instruments fall into Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy described above.

38. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級制度

(a) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債

公允價值等級

下表列示於報告期末按經常性基準計量的金融工具公允價值,且分類為香港財務報告準則第13號「公允價值計量」界定的三級公允價值層級。本集團參照以下估值方法所採用的輸入數據的可觀察程度及重要性,釐定公允價值計量所應被分類的層級:

- 第一層級估值:僅使用第一層 級輸入數據(即相同資產或負 債於計量日於活躍市場的未經 調整報價)計量的公允價值
- 第二層級估值:使用第二層級 輸入數據(即未能達到第一層 級標準且未使用重大不可觀察 輸入數據的可觀察輸入數據) 計量的公允價值。不可觀察輸 入數據乃無法就其取得市場數 據的輸入數據
- 第三層級估值:使用重大不可 觀察輸入數據計量的公允價值

於二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零 二二年十二月三十一日,本集團按公 允價值列賬之金融工具為指定按公允 價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益 的股權投資、按公允價值計量且其變 動計入損益之金融資產及應收票據。 該等工具分別列入上述公允價值等級 之第一層級、第二層級及第三層級。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

- **38.** 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級制度(續)
 - (a) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債 (續)

公允價值等級(續)

				surements as at 31 零二三年十二月三十一		
			<i>J</i> / — •	Quoted prices	日になり民世川主	J A my
				in active	Significant	Significant
			Fair value at	markets for	observable	unobservable
			31 December	identical assets	inputs	inputs
			2023	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
			於二零二三年	相同資產	重大可觀察	重大不可觀察
			十二月三十一日	於活躍市場之報價	輸入數據	輸入數據
			之公允價值	(第一層級)	(第二層級)	(第三層級)
			RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Financial assets:	金融資產:					
Notes receivable	應收票據	(i)	68,276	_	68,276	_
Financial assets at FVPL - current	按公允價值計量且其	.,				
	變動計入損益之					
	金融資產-流動	(ii)	12,879	7,879	_	5,000
Financial assets at FVPL – non-current	按公允價值計量且其	. ,				
	變動計入損益之					
	金融資產-非流動	(iii)	25,183	_	_	25,183
Unquoted equity investments	指定按公允價值計量且					
designated at FVOCI	其變動計入其他全面					
-	收益之無報價股權投資	(iv)	32,309	_	_	32,309
		, ,				
Total	合計		138,647	7,879	68,276	62,492

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級 38. 制度(續)

(a) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債

公允價值等級(續)

Fair value measurements as at 31 December 2022 categorised into 於一零一一年十一月二十一日之公允價值計量分類為

	於二苓二二年十二月二十一日之公允價值計重分類為					
				Quoted prices		
				in active	Significant	Significant
			Fair value at	markets for	observable	unobservable
			31 December	identical assets	inputs	inputs
			2022	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
			於二零二二年	相同資產	重大可觀察	重大不可觀察
			十二月三十一日	於活躍市場之報價	輸入數據	輸入數據
			之公允價值	(第一層級)	(第二層級)	(第三層級)
			RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Financial assets:	金融資產:					
Notes receivable	應收票據	(i)	79,873	-	79,873	-
Financial assets at FVPL - current	按公允價值計量且其					
	變動計入損益之					
	金融資產-流動	(ii)	4,621	4,621	-	-
Financial assets at FVPL - non-current	按公允價值計量且其					
	變動計入損益之					
	金融資產-非流動	(iii)	37,119	-	-	37,119
Unquoted equity investments	指定按公允價值計量且					
designated at FVOCI	其變動計入其他全面					
	收益之無報價股權投資	(iv)	30,855	_	_	30,855
Total	合計		152,468	4,621	79,873	67,974

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Notes:

- (i) The Group estimated the fair value of notes receivable with discounted cash flows at a discount rate that reflects the credit risk of the drawee of notes at the end of the reporting period.
- (ii) The fair value of listed equity investments at FVPL categorised as level 1 in the fair value hierarchy are based on quoted market prices. The fair value of wealth management products categorised as level 3 are determined based on the discounted cash flow model.
- (iii) The fair value of financial assets at FVPLnon-current, has been estimated using a market-based valuation technique based on assumptions that are not supported by observable market prices or rates. The valuation requires the directors to determine comparable public companies (peers) based on industry, size, leverage and strategy, and calculates an appropriate price multiple, such as price to sales ("P/S") multiple, for each comparable company identified. The multiple is calculated by dividing the enterprise value of the comparable company by an sales measure. The trading multiple is then discounted for considerations such as illiquidity and size differences between the comparable companies based on company-specific facts and circumstances. The discounted multiple is applied to the corresponding sales measure of the unlisted equity investments to measure the fair value.

38. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級制度(續)

(a) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債 (續)

公允價值等級(續)

附註:

- (i) 本集團於報告期末以反映票據 承兑人信用風險的貼現率以貼 現現金流量估計應收票據的公 允價值。
- (ii) 於公允價值層級中分類為第一層級的按公允價值層級中分類為第一層級的按公允價值計量且其資動計入損益之上市股權投資值及指定按公允價值及指定按公允價值及指定按公允有報價股權投資的公允至值人以基於關稅,分允允價值內以基於貼現現金流量模型為基準。
- (iii) 按公允價值計量且其變動計入 損益之非流動金融資產之公允 價值,已根據並非由可觀察市 場價格或利率支持之假設,並 通 過 基 於 市 場 的 估 值 技 術 估 計。估值要求董事根據產業、 規模,槓桿及策略決定可資比 較上市公司(同業者)並計算 出一個合適的價格倍數,如 所識別各可資比較公司的市銷 倍數,以供各可資比較公司識 別。倍數通過可資比較公司 的企業價值除以衡量的銷量計 算。交易倍數隨後根據公司特 定情况及狀況就非流動性及規 模差異等因素予以貼現。貼現 倍數適用於非上市權益性投資 的相應銷量衡量,以計算其公 允價值。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(iii) (continued)

38. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級制度(續)

(a) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債 (續)

公允價值等級(續)

附註:(續)

(iii) (續)

	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range	Sensitivity of fair value to the input
	估值方法	重大不可觀察 輸入數據	範圍	公允價值對輸入數據的敏感度
	Valuation multiples	Median P/S	9.5	10% increase/decrease in multiple would result in increase/decrease
Financial assets at FVPL – non-current				in fair value by approximately RMB2,646,000
按公允價值計量且 其變動計入損益之	估值倍數	平均市銷倍數	9.5	倍數增加/減少10%將導致公允價值增加/減少約人民幣2,646,000元
金融資產一非流動		Discount for lack of marketability	25%	10% increase/decrease in multiple would result in decrease/increase in fair value by approximately RMB882,000
		缺乏市場流通性 折讓	25%	倍數增加/減少10%將導致公允價值減少/增加約人民幣882,000元

(iv) The Group estimated the fair value of unquoted equity investments designated at FVOCI using different techniques based on each investment's features.

The fair value of unquoted equity investments in a real estate fund designated at FVOCI was determined using the market approach based on recent transaction price.

The fair values of another two unquoted equity investments have been estimated using market-based valuation techniques based on assumptions that are not supported by observable market prices or rates. The valuation requires the directors to determine comparable public companies (peers) based on industry, size, leverage and strategy, and calculates an appropriate price multiple, such as price to sales ("P/S") multiple, for each comparable company identified.

(iv) 本集團根據各項投資之特點使 用不同方法估計指定按公允價 值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益之無報價股權投資之公允 價值。

> 本集團使用基於近期交易價的 市場法釐定指定按公允價值計 量且其變動計入其他全面收益 之房地產基金無報價股權投資 之公允價值。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(iv) (continued)

38. 金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級制度(續)

(a) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債 (續)

公允價值等級(續)

附註:(續)

(iv) *(續)*

	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input 重大不可觀察	Range	Sensitivity of fair value to the input
	估值方法	輸入數據	範圍	公允價值對輸入數據的敏感度
	Valuation multiples	Median P/S	7.9,1.7	10% increase/decrease in multiple would result in increase/decrease
Unquoted equity investments				in fair value by approximately RMB180,000
designated at FVOCI	估值倍數	平均市銷倍數	7.9,1.7	倍數增加/減少10%將導致公允價值增加/減少約人民幣180,000元
指定按公允價值計量 且其變動計入 其他全面收益之 無報價股權投資		Discount for lack of marketability	43%,38%	10% increase/decrease in multiple would result in decrease/increase in fair value by approximately RMB117,000
		缺乏市場流通性 折讓	43%,38%	倍數增加/減少10%將導致公允價值減少/增加約人民幣117,000元

The discount for lack of marketability represents the amounts of premiums and discounts determined by the group that market participants would take into account when pricing the investments.

缺乏市場流通性折讓指本集團 釐定的溢價及折讓金額,市場 參與者在對投資進行定價時將 其納入考慮。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

38. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

金融工具之公允價值及公允價值等級 38. 制度(續)

- Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed
- (b) 公允價值獲披露之負債

		Fair value measurements using 基於以下數據的公允價值計量						
		Fair value at 31 December 2023 於二零二三年 十二月三十一日 之公允價值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) 相同資產 於活躍市場之報價 (第一層級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 重大可觀察 輸入數據 (第二層級) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 重大不可觀察 輸入數據 (第三層級) RMB'000 人民幣千元			
Financial liabilities: Other non-current liabilities	金融負債 其他非流動負債	246,431	-	246,431	_			
Total	合計	246,431	-	246,431	-			

Fair value measurements using 基於以下數據的公允價值計量

	Quoted		
	prices in active	Significant	Significant
Fair value at	markets for	observable	unobservable
31 December	identical assets	inputs	inputs
2022	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
於二零二二年	相同資產	重大可觀察	重大不可觀察
十二月三十一日	於活躍市場之報價	輸入數據	輸入數據
之公允價值	(第一層級)	(第二層級)	(第三層級)
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Financial liabilities: Interest-bearing bank and other

borrowings - non-current

金融負債:

計息銀行及其他借 款一非流動

39,602

39,602

(c) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at amortised cost were not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

(c) 以非公允價值計量之金融資產及負 債之公允價值

於二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零 二二年十二月三十一日,本集團以攤 餘成本列賬的金融工具賬面值與其公 允價值無重大差異。

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise bank loans and other borrowings, other financial liabilities and cash and bank balances. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and notes receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Foreign currency risk

Substantially all sales and purchase transactions were denominated in RMB and United States dollars. Management has assessed the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, by using a sensitivity analysis on the change in the foreign exchange rate of the United States dollar, to which the Group is mainly exposed during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

As at 31 December 2023, if RMB had strengthened/ weakened by 5% against the United States dollar with all other variables held constant, the profit for the year would have been approximately RMB13,259,000 (2022: RMB2,364,400) lower/higher, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains arising from translations of United States dollar-denominated trade receivables and trade payables, as well as cash and cash equivalents.

Credit risk

The Group trades only with related parties and recognised creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括銀行貸款及其他 借款、其他金融負債以及現金及銀行結餘。 該等金融工具的主要目標乃為本集團的業務 籌集資金。本集團擁有各種其他金融資產及 負債,例如直接來自業務營運的貿易應收款 項及應收票據以及貿易應付款項。

來自本集團金融工具的主要風險為外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。管理層審閱及協定管理各項風險的政策,該等政策概述如下。

外幣風險

幾乎所有買賣交易均以人民幣及美元列值。 管理層已通過使用美元外匯匯率變動(本集 團於截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三 十一日止年度主要面臨此種風險)的敏感度 分析評估本集團面臨的外幣風險。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,倘人民幣 兑美元升值/貶值5%,而所有其他變數 保持不變,年內溢利將減少/增加約人 民幣13,259,000元(二零二二年:人民幣 2,364,400元),此乃主要由換算以美元計值 的貿易應收款項及貿易應付款項以及現金及 現金等價物產生的外匯虧損/收益所致。

信貸風險

本集團僅與關聯方及聲譽卓著的第三方交易。按照本集團的政策,所有擬以信貸條款進行交易的客戶,必須通過信貸核實程序。 此外,本集團持續監察應收結餘的情況,而 本集團的壞賬風險並不重大。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December.

Maximum exposure as at 31 December 2023

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

最高風險及年末賬齡

下表列示基於本集團信貸政策(主要基於過 往到期資料,惟其他資料毋須付出過多成本 或努力即可得除外)之信貸質素及最高信貸 風險以及於十二月三十一日之年末賬齡分 析:

於二零二三年十二月三十一日之最高風險

		12-month ECLs 十二個月	ı	Lifetime ECL	6	
		預期信貸 虧損	<u> </u>	:期預期信貸虧	揖	
		用其	_		Simplified	
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
		第一階段	第二階段	第三階段	簡化方法	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables*	貿易應收款項*	_	_	_	350,952	350,952
Financial assets included	計入預付款項及其他應收					
in prepayments and other receivables	款項之金融資產					
- Normal	一正常	16,535	_	_	_	16,535
Financial assets included in	計入其他非流動資產之					
other non-current assets	金融資產	11,507	_	_	_	11,507
Restricted cash	受限現金	70,586	_	_	_	70,586
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	287,441	-	-	-	287,441
Total	合計	386,069	_	_	350,952	737,021

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued)

最高風險及年末賬齡(續)

Maximum exposure as at 31 December 2022

於二零二二年十二月三十一日之最高風險

		12-month				
		ECLs		Lifetime ECLs	3	
		十二個月				
		預期信貸				
		虧損	全	期預期信貸虧	損	
					Simplified	
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
		第一階段	第二階段	第三階段	簡化方法	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables*	貿易應收款項*	-	-	-	241,443	241,443
Financial assets included	計入預付款項及其他應收					
in prepayments and other receivables	款項之金融資產					
– Normal	一正常	4,346	-	-	-	4,346
Financial assets included in	計入其他非流動資產之金					
other non-current assets	融資產	12,318	-	-	-	12,318
Restricted cash	受限現金	7,081	-	-	-	7,081
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	189,069	-	-	-	189,069
Total	合計 ————————————————————————————————————	212,814	_	_	241,443	454,257

^{*} For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements.

^{*} 就本集團使用簡化法作出減值的貿易應 收款項而言,有關撥備矩形之資料於財 務報表附註19內披露。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Liquidity risk

The management of the Group aims to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the Group has available funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet its commitments.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團管理層旨在維持充足的現金及現金等 價物,且本集團透過充足的已承擔信貸融資 擁有可動用的資金,以滿足其承擔。

本集團金融負債於各報告期間末的到期情況 (根據已訂約但未貼現付款計算)如下:

					cember 2023 十二月三十一日		
		On	Less than	6 to 12	, ,,_, ,	Over	
		demand	6 months	months	1 to 2 years	2 years	Total
		按要求	少於六個月	六個月至 十二個月	一年至兩年	兩年以上	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款*						
borrowings*		-	219,325	86,793	13,165	5,751	325,034
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	-	-	234	-	234
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	472,614	-	-	-	-	472,614
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	249,999	-	260	-	-	250,259
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	-	-	65,102	-	-	65,102
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	-	_	_	-	279,442	279,442
Total	合計	722,613	219,325	152,155	13,399	285,193	1,392,685

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

As at 31 December 2022

				於二零二二年	十二月三十一日		
		On	Less than	6 to 12		Over	
		demand	6 months	months	1 to 2 years	2 years	Total
				六個月至			
		按要求	少於六個月	十二個月	一年至兩年	兩年以上	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款*						
borrowings*		-	194,139	76,037	27,880	13,563	311,619
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	384,084	-	-	-	-	384,084
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	327,801	-	-	-	-	327,801
Total	合計	711,885	194,139	76,037	27,880	13,563	1,023,504

^{*} Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings include the principal and the related interests payable.

計息銀行及其他借款包括本金及相關應 付利息。

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year.

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標為保障本集團能 夠持續經營,並維持合理的資本比率以支持 其業務及盡量提升股東價值的能力。

本集團根據經濟狀況的變動及相關資產的風險性質管理其資本架構及作出調整。為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可調整支付予股東的股息、向股東退回資本或發行新股。本集團並無受任何外部強加的資本要求所限。於年內,管理資本的目標、政策或過程並無變動。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital management (continued)

The Group's strategy was to maintain the gearing ratio at a healthy capital level in order to support its businesses. The principal strategies adopted by the Group include, without limitation, reviewing future cash flow requirements and the ability to meet debt repayment schedules when they fall due, maintaining a reasonable level of available banking facilities and adjusting investment plans and financing plans, if necessary, to ensure that the Group has a reasonable level of capital to support its business. The gearing ratios were as follows:

39. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資本管理(續)

本集團的策略為將資產負債比率維持在健康 資本水平,以支持其業務。本集團採取的主 要策略包括但不限於審閱未來現金流量要求 及於債務到期時按時間表還款的能力、維持 可動用銀行融資在合理水平以及調整投資計 劃及融資計劃(如需要),以確保本集團擁有 合理水平的資本支持其業務。資產負債比率 載列如下:

		31 December	31 December
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total debt	債務總額	317,152	300,580
Total equity	權益總值	2,054,831	2,099,959
Gearing ratio	資產負債率	15.43%	14.31%

Total debt comprises interest-bearing bank and other borrowings.

債務總額包括計息銀行及其他借款。

40. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 18 March 2024, the Directors recommended a final dividend of RMB0.038 per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023 and the proposal is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the 2023 annual general meeting as set out in note 11.

As of the date of this Report, except for the above event, the Group had no other significant events after the reporting period that are required to be disclosed.

40. 報告期後事項

於二零二四年三月十八日,董事建議就截至 二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度派發末期 股息每股普通股人民幣0.038元,該建議須 經本公司股東在二零二三年股東週年大會上 批准,詳見附註11。

截至本報告日期,除上述事項外,本集團於 報告期後並無其他重大事項須予披露。

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 41. 本公司財務狀況表 COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本公司於報告期末的財務狀況表相關資料載 列如下:

		31 December 2023 二零二三年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2022 二零二二年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產		
Investment in a subsidiary	投資一間附屬公司	80,303	80,303
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	80,303	80,303
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	176,585	290,984
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,724	418
Total current assets	流動資產總值	178,309	291,402
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	7,020	12,025
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	171,289	279,377
Net assets	資產淨值	251,592	359,680
EQUITY	權益		
Share capital	股本	65,346	65,807
Treasury shares	庫存股份	(16,513)	(4,467)
Reserves	儲備	202,759	298,340
Total equity	權益總值	251,592	359,680

財務報表附註

31 December 2023 二零二三年十二月三十一日

41. 本公司財務狀況表(續) 41. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE **COMPANY** (CONTINUED)

Note:

附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

本公司儲備概述如下:

		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	375,069	41,027	(29,771)	386,325
Profit for the year Exchange differences on translation of	本年度溢利 換算海外業務的匯兑差額	-	_	(2,480)	(2,480)
foreign operations		_	28,406	_	28,406
Total comprehensive income for the year Dividend distributed to shareholders Cancellation of own shares	本年度全面收益總額 已分派予股東的股息 註銷自有股份	- (106,076) (7,835)	28,406	(2,480)	25,926 (106,076) (7,835)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	(1,000)			(1,000)
	及二零二三年一月一日	261,158	69,433	(32,251)	298,340
Profit for the year Exchange differences on translation of	本年度溢利 換算海外業務的匯兑差額	-	-	(2,598)	(2,598)
foreign operations		_	3,438	_	3,438
Total comprehensive income for the year Dividend distributed to shareholders Cancellation of own shares	本年度全面收益總額 已分派予股東的股息 註銷自有股份	- (89,265) (7,156)	3,438 - -	(2,598) - -	840 (89,265) (7,156)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	164,737	72,871	(34,849)	202,759

APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 42.

42.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 18 March 2024.

此等財務報表已於二零二四年三月十八日獲 董事會核准並授權刊發。

批准財務報表

Definitions

釋義

「股東週年大會」 "AGM"	指	本公司將於二零二四年五月十六日舉行的股東週年大會 the annual general meeting of our Company to be held on 16 May 2024
「組織章程細則」 "Articles of Association"	指	本公司組織章程細則(經不時修訂) the articles of association of our Company (as amended from time to time)
「審核委員會」 "Audit Committee"	指	董事會審核委員會 audit committee of the Board
「董事會」 "Board"	指	董事會 the board of Directors
「BPDA」 "BPDA"	指	聯苯四甲酸二酐,用作生產新材料聚酰亞胺的單體 3,3', 4,4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydride, which is used as a monomer that produces new material polyimides
「北交所」 "BSE"	指	中國北京證券交易所 Beijing Stock Exchange in the PRC
「Cavalli」 "Cavalli"	指	Cavalli Enterprises Inc.,於二零一一年三月十一日在英屬處女群島註冊成立的有限公司,由我們的執行董事、主席、行政總裁戈弋先生全資擁有Cavalli Enterprises Inc., a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability on 11 March 2011, wholly-owned by Mr. GE Yi, our executive Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
「滄州彩客鋰能」 "Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy"	指	滄州彩客鋰能有限公司,於二零二二年四月十五日根據中國法律成立的公司及本公司間接全資附屬公司,山東彩客新材料的附屬公司,前稱為滄州彩客新能源有限公司 Cangzhou Tsaker Lithium Energy Co., Ltd.* (滄州彩客鋰能有限公司), a company established under the laws of the PRC on 15 April 2022, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company and a subsidiary of Shandong TNM, formerly known as Cangzhou Tsaker New Energy Co., Ltd.* (滄州彩客新能源有限公司)
「本公司」或「我們」或「彩客新能源」 "Company", "our", "our Company", "we", "us" or "Tsaker New Energy"	指	彩客新能源科技有限公司,一家於二零一四年十月二十九日於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司 Tsaker New Energy Tech Co., Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 29 October 2014
「公司條例」 "Companies Ordinance"	指	香港法例第622章公司條例 the Companies Ordinance, Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong

「DATA」 "DATA"	指	2,5-二芳氨基-1,4-苯二甲酸,用作喹吖啶酮顏料的中間體 2,5-Dianilinoterephthalic acid, which is used as an intermediate of quinacridone pigments
「不競爭契據」 "Deed of Non-competition"	指	本公司與戈先生及Cavalli訂立日期為二零一五年六月十二日的不競爭契據 the deed of non-competition dated 12 June 2015 entered into between our Company, Mr. GE and Cavalli
[DIPS] "DIPS"	指	丁二酸二異丙酯,用於生產DPP顏料及塑膠 diisopropyl succinate, which is used for the production of DPP pigments and plastic
「董事」 "Directors"	指	本公司董事 the directors of the Company
「DMAS」 "DMAS"	指	乙酰丁二酸二甲酯,用於生產食品黃色顏料、農藥、其他食品添加劑 dimethyl acetylsuccinate, which is used for the production of food yellow pigments, agricultural chemicals, and other food additives
[DMSS] "DMSS"	指	丁二酰丁二酸二甲酯,用於生產喹吖啶酮顏料及感光聚合物 dimethyl succinylosuccinate, which is used for the production of quinacridone pigments and photosensitive polymer
「DSD酸」 "DSD Acid"	指	4,4'-二氨基二苯乙烯-2,2'-二磺酸,用作染料、熒光增白劑及殺蟲劑的中間體4,4'-Diaminostilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid, which is used as an intermediate of dyes, fluorescent whitening agents and pesticides
「本集團」或「集團」 "Group"	指	本公司及不時的附屬公司 our Company and our subsidiaries from time to time

Definitions

釋義

「河北產投」 "Hebei Industrial Investment"	指	河北產投戰新產業發展中心(有限合夥),一家於中國成立的有限合夥企業 Hebei Industrial Investment Strategically New Industry Development Centre (Limited Partnership)* (河北產投戰新產業發展中心(有限合夥)), a limited partnership established in the PRC
「除草劑」 "herbicides"	指	用於殺滅或抑制多餘植物生長的化學藥劑 a chemical agent used to kill or inhibit the growth of unwanted plants
「港元」或「港幣」 "HK\$" or "HKD" or "Hong Kong dollars" or "HK dollars"	指	香港法定貨幣港元 Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
「香港」 "Hong Kong"	指	中國香港特別行政區 the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC
「中間體」 "intermediates"	指	作為生產其他化學品的原材料化學物 chemicals that are used as raw materials to produce other chemical products
「ISO14001:2015」 "ISO14001:2015"	指	於二零一五年發佈的國際標準組織環境管理體系標準 International Organization for Standardization standard for environmental management systems as enacted in 2015
[ISO9001] "ISO9001"	指	國際標準化組織就設計、開發、生產、安裝及服務方面的質量保證而頒佈的質量管理體系模型 quality management systems model published by International Organization for Standardization for quality assurance in design, development, production, installation and servicing
「上市」 "Listing"	指	股份於聯交所主板上市 listing of the Shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange
「上市規則」 "Listing Rules"	指	聯交所證券上市規則 the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange
「MNT」 "MNT"	指	3-硝基甲苯或間硝基甲苯,用作農藥中間體、醫藥中間體及染料及顏料中間體 3-nitrotoluene or meta-nitrotoluene, which is used as agricultural chemical intermediates, pharmaceutical intermediates, and dye and pigment intermediates
「標準守則」 "Model Code"	指	上市規則附錄C3(此前為附錄十)所載「上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則」 the "Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers" as set out in Appendix C3 (previously Appendix 10) to the Listing Rules
「戈弋先生」或「戈先生」 "Mr. GE Yi" or "Mr. GE"	指	戈弋,我們的控股股東之一(定義見上市規則)、執行董事、主席兼行政總裁 GE Yi (戈弋), one of our controlling shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules), an executive Director, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
「一硝基甲苯」 "mononitrotoluene"	指	PNT、ONT及MNT PNT, ONT and MNT
[NEEQ] "NEEQ"	指	全國中小企業股份轉讓系統 the National Equities Exchange and Quotations

「提名委員會」 "Nomination Committee"	指	董事會提名委員會 nomination committee of the Board
「ONT」 "ONT"	指	2一硝基甲苯或鄰硝基甲苯,用作農藥中間體的原材料,尤其是除草劑、醫藥中間體、染料及顏料中間體等 2-nitrotoluene or ortho-nitrotoluene, which is used as the raw materials for intermediates for agricultural chemicals, in particular herbicides, pharmaceutical intermediates, dye and pigment intermediates, etc.
「OT」 "OT"	指	鄰甲苯胺,ONT的下游產品,主要用作農藥(尤其是除草劑)的中間體 ortho-toluidine, a downstream product of ONT, primarily applied as an intermediate for agricultural chemicals, especially herbicides
「PNT」 "PNT"	指	4-硝基甲苯或對硝基甲苯,用作染料中間體及顏料中間體的原材料,包括DSD酸 4-nitrotoluene or para-nitrotoluene, which is used as the raw materials for dye intermediates and pigment intermediates, including DSD Acid
「中國」或「中國大陸」 "PRC" or "China" or "Mainland China"	指,	中華人民共和國,僅就本報告而言,除非文義另有所指,否則不包括香港、中國澳門特別行政區及台灣 the People's Republic of China, which, for the purpose of this report only, excludes Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC and Taiwan, unless otherwise indicated
「招股説明書」 "Prospectus"	指	本公司日期為二零一五年六月二十三日的招股説明書 the prospectus of the Company dated 23 June 2015
「薪酬委員會」 "Remuneration Committee"	指	董事會薪酬委員會 remuneration committee of the Board
「報告期」或「回顧年」 "Reporting Period" or "Review Year"	指	自二零二三年一月一日起至二零二三年十二月三十一日期間 the period from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023
「人民幣」 "RMB"	指	中國法定貨幣人民幣 Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

Definitions

釋義

「證監會」 "SFC"	指	香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會 the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong
「證券及期貨條例」 "SFO"	指	香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條例》 the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong
「新加坡元」 "SGD"	指	新加坡法定貨幣新加坡元 Singapore dollars, the lawful currency of Singapore
「山東彩客新材料」 "Shandong TNM"	指	山東彩客新材料有限公司,於二零一四年五月二十日根據中國法律成立的公司及本公司間接非全資附屬公司,前稱為彩客化學(東營)有限公司Shandong Tsaker New Materials Co., Ltd.* (山東彩客新材料有限公司), a company established under the laws of the PRC on 20 May 2014 and an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, formerly known as Tsaker Chemical (Dongying) Co., Ltd.* (彩客化學(東營)有限公司)
「山東彩客新材料集團」 "Shandong TNM Group"	指	山東彩客新材料及其附屬公司 Shandong TNM and its subsidiaries
「股份」 "Share(s)"	指	本公司之股份 the share(s) of the Company
「股東」 "Shareholder(s)"	指	本公司股東 the shareholder(s) of the Company
「聯交所」 "Stock Exchange"	指	香港聯合交易所有限公司 The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
「噸」 "tonnes"	指	公噸 metric tonnes

「彩客東奧」 "Tsaker Dongao"	指	山東彩客東奧化學有限責任公司,於二零零四年三月十五日根據中國法律成立的公司並為本公司的間接全資附屬公司 Shandong Tsaker Dongao Chemicals Co., Ltd.* (山東彩客東奧化學有限責任公司), a company established under the laws of the PRC on 15 March 2004 and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company
「彩客香港」 "Tsaker Hong Kong"	指	彩客化學(香港)有限公司,於二零一零年九月二日在香港註冊成立的有限公司並為本公司直接全資附屬公司 Tsaker Chemical (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. (彩客化學(香港)有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 2 September 2010 and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company
「彩客華煜」 "Tsaker Huayu"	指	彩客華煜化學有限公司,於二零一三年五月七日根據中國法律成立的公司及本公司間接全資附屬公司,前稱為河北彩客化學股份有限公司Tsaker Huayu Chemical Co., Ltd.* (彩客華煜化學有限公司), a company established under the laws of the PRC on 7 May 2013 and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, formerly known as Hebei Tsaker Chemical Co., Ltd.* (河北彩客化學股份有限公司)
「彩客新加坡」 "Tsaker Singapore"	指	彩客化學(新加坡)私人有限公司,於二零一六年七月八日在新加坡註冊成立的有限公司並為本公司間接全資附屬公司 Tsaker Chemical (Singapore) Private Co., Limited (彩客化學(新加坡)私人有限公司), a company incorporated in Singapore with limited liability on 8 July 2016 and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company
「彩客科技」 "Tsaker Technology"	指	河北彩客新材料科技股份有限公司,於二零零五年九月二十三日根據中國法律成立的公司及本公司間接非全資附屬公司,前稱為彩客化學(滄州)有限公司 Hebei Tsaker New Materials Technology Company Limited* (河北彩客新材料科技股份有限公司), a company established under the laws of the PRC on 23 September 2005 and an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company, formerly known as Tsaker Chemical (Cangzhou) Co., Ltd.* (彩客化學(滄州)有限公司)
「美元」 "US\$" or "US Dollar" or "USD"	指	美國法定貨幣美元 United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States of

America

- 僅供識別
- For identification purpose only



TSAKER NEW ENERGY TECH CO., LIMITED 彩客新能源科技有限公司