# 金科達Goldpac

金邦達寶嘉控股有限公司 GOLDPAC GROUP LIMITED

(於香港註冊成立的有限公司) (incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) 股份代號 Stock Code: 03315 2023

ANNUAL年 REPORT 報



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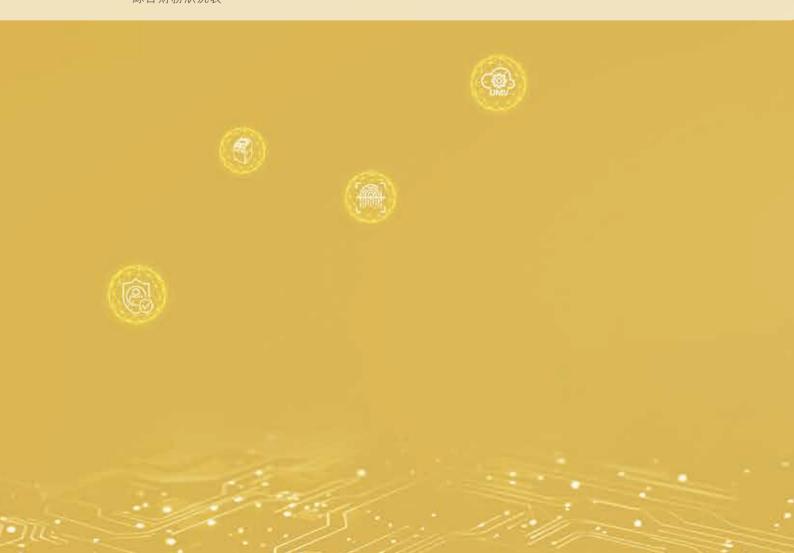
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# CORPORATE INFORMATION 企業資料

#### PLACE OF LISTING

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**")

#### STOCK CODE

3315

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. LU Run Ting (Chairman)

Mr. HOU Ping Mr. LU Runyi Mr. WU Siqiang Mr. LU Wai Lim

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin

Ms. YE Lu

Ms. LI Yijin

Mr. LAI Tung Kwok

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin (chairman)

Ms. YE Lu

Mr. LAI Tung Kwok

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Ms. YE Lu *(chairman)* Mr. LU Run Ting

Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. LU Run Ting (chairman)

Mr. HOU Ping

Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin

Ms. YE Lu

Mr. LAI Tung Kwok

#### 上市地點

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)

### 股份代號

3315

### 執行董事

盧閏霆先生(主席)

侯 平先生 盧潤怡先生 吳思強先生 盧威廉先生

李易進女士

### 獨立非執行董事

麥永森先生 葉 淥女士

黎棟國先生

### 審核委員會

麥永森先生(主席) 葉 淥女士

# 黎棟國先生

薪酬委員會

葉 淥女士(主席) 盧閏霆先生

麥永森先生

### 提名委員會

盧閏霆先生(主席)

侯 平先生 麥永森先生 葉 淥女士

黎棟國先生

#### **LEGAL ADVISOR**

Mayer Brown 16th–19th Floors, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central Hong Kong

### **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor
22nd Floor, Prince's Building
Central
Hong Kong

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. LI Yijin

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. LU Run Ting Ms. LI Yijin

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Nanyang Commercial Bank Limited
Bank of China Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited
Agricultural Bank of China Limited
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.
Postal Savings Bank of China Limited

### 法律顧問

孖士打律師行 香港 中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈16-19樓

### 核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港 中環 太子大廈22樓

### 公司秘書

李易進女士

### 授權代表

盧閏霆先生 李易進女士

# 主要銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司南洋商業銀行有限公司中國銀行股份有限公司中國工商銀行股份有限公司中國農業銀行交通銀行股份有限公司中國郵政儲蓄銀行

# CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 企業資料(續)

# REGISTERED OFFICE, HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1301, 13th Floor Bank of East Asia Harbour View Centre No. 56 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

# HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.goldpac.com

#### **INVESTOR RELATION**

Email: goldpac@goldpac.com

# 註冊辦事處、總部及在香港的 主要營業地點

香港灣仔告士打道56號 東亞銀行港灣中心 13層1301室

## 香港股份過戶登記處及 股東名冊登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

## 公司網址

www.goldpac.com

# 投資者關係

電郵:goldpac@goldpac.com

### inancial atements 对務報告

## CONSOLIDATED RESULTS 綜合業績

#### For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止之年度

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Change 變化
Revenue	收入	1,416,573	1,530,251	-7.4%
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 年度利潤	132,051	147,427	-10.4%
Net profit margin	淨利率	10.7%	10.5%	+0.2PP 百分點

## REVENUE ANALYSIS 收入分析

#### For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止之年度

	2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Change 變化
嵌入式軟件和安全 支付產品	949,781	1,009,115	-5.9%
平台及服務	466,792	521,136	-10.4%
合計	1.416.573	1 530 251	-7.4%
	支付產品	RMB'000 人民幣千元         嵌入式軟件和安全 支付產品 平台及服務       949,781 466,792	RMB'000 人民幣千元     RMB'000 人民幣千元       嵌入式軟件和安全 支付產品 平台及服務     949,781 466,792     1,009,115 521,136

## FINANCIAL POSITIONS 財務狀況

#### At 31 December 於12月31日

	»(·=/30· A			
		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Change 變化
Total assets Total liabilities	總資產 總負債	2,693,907 (598,836)	2,813,857 (743,294)	-4.3% -19.4%
Net assets	淨資產	2,095,071	2,070,563	+1.2%

# 2023 MAJOR EVENTS 2023年大事記

### INNOVATION DRIVEN BY TECHNOLOGY

科技驅動創新發展



金邦達憑藉UMV 平台榮登2023年 畢馬威中國金融 科技企業雙50榜 單

Goldpac was listed as one of the country's top fintech enterprises in the 2023 KPMG China leading Fintech 50 Election in recognition of our UMV platform.



金邦達「基於AI應用的信用卡個性定制解決方案」榮獲「中國數字與軟件服務業創新競爭力產品獎」,助推銀行金融服務創新Goldpac's "AI Credit Card Customisation Solutions" was honoured with the Innovation Competitiveness Product title in the China Digital and Software Services Awards, further enhancing the advancements of the financial services industry.





金邦達「安全支付環保零碳解決方案」榮獲2023年中國國際服務貿易交易會綠色發展服務示範案例獎 Goldpac's "Low-carbon Secure Payment Solution" was awarded the Green Development Demonstration Award by the 2023 China International Fair for Trade in Services (CIFTIS).

2023

金邦達入圍中國銀聯卡產品策劃 服務項目供應商,強化信用卡全 產業鏈服務能力

Goldpac was shortlisted as a project supplier of the China UnionPay Card Product Planning & Service Programme. Its work helps to strengthen the capabilities in the entire-industry-chain services for credit cards.





再獲ESG殊榮,金邦達榮獲 「杰出企業社會責任獎」 Goldpac's effective ESG practices were recognised with the Outstanding Corporate Social Responsibility Award for the second consecutive year.









金邦達榮獲2023財聯社致遠獎 ● 公司治理(G)先鋒企業獎,構築可持續發展競爭力

Goldpac was honoured with the 2023 CLS ZhiYuan – Corporate Governance Pioneer Enterprise Award, reinforcing our competitive advantages in sustainable developments.

再度榮獲三項ICMA大獎,精湛設計閃 耀全球

Our stunning card effects were honoured with three ICMA Élan Awards in 2023, once again demonstrating our excellent design and innovation capabilities.





金邦達亮相Trustech Paris 2023 · Seamless Europe 2023, Seamless Middle East 2023 等全球性展會 · 國際影響力顯著提升 Goldpac raised its international presence by exhibiting at some of the most prominent trade events in the finance sector including Seamless Europe 2023, Seamless Middle East 2023, Trustech Paris 2023, among others.











金邦達携手中國銀行構建數字貨幣創新試點園區,打造粵港澳大灣區數字人民幣生 態體系

Goldpac, in cooperation with the Bank of China, constructed the digital currency innovation pilot site, establishing a digital currency ecosystem in the Guangdong – Hong Kong – Macao Greater Bay Area.

順利通過CMMI L5高成熟度複評, 持續提高軟件交付質量與能力 Goldpac successfully passed the CMMI Maturity Level 5 reassessment for continuous improvements in our software delivery quality and capabilities.





## Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Directors" and "Board", respectively) of Goldpac Group Limited (the "Company"), I am delighted to present the Annual Report of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2023.

# 尊敬的各位股東:

本人欣然代表董事會(以下分別簡稱「董事」及「董事會」)向閣下提呈金邦達寶嘉控股有限公司(以下簡稱「本公司」)及其附屬公司(以下合稱「本集團」)截至2023年12月31日止之年度報告。



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED) 主席報告(續)

Over the past 30 years, the Group has won the trust and support of over 1,000 financial institutions and other customers worldwide through its solid and steady developments, achieving compelling results and stable shareholder returns. At present, digitalisation has taken the world by storm, and the rapid development of artificial intelligence ("AI") has brought a great transformative force into economic development. The Group integrates intelligent manufacturing and modern services with its own innovative digital platforms to continue making technological breakthroughs that position the Group at the forefront of digital development. The Group's inclusion as one of the country's top fintech enterprises in the 2023 KPMG China leading Fintech 50 Election fully demonstrates the effectiveness of its digital and platform-based strategy.

Since 2023, the global economic landscape has been facing multiple challenges and the market has been full of changes. In the Chinese mainland, mobile payment and online banking have enriched payment methods. Credit card as the only payment tool that is widely accepted around the globe, still maintains its popularity. Recently, the Chinese government released guidelines on further improving the quality and convenience of payment services, promoting the parallel development of multiple complementary payment methods involving bank cards, which has been actively responded to by the People's Bank of China, China UnionPay, and NetsUnion Clearing Corporation. The requirements boost confidence in the development of the payments industry and the Group will undoubtedly grasp any opportunities for growth and advancements. The Group will further consolidate its core

businesses and develop its digital and platform-based strategy for

a new era of digital intelligence.

2023年以來,全球經濟形勢遇到多重挑 戰,全球銀行業的經營環境充滿了變化。 在中國內地,移動支付錢包及互聯網金融 豐富了支付方式。信用卡作為全球唯一通 用的、普遍接受的支付工具,其使用仍然 保持著強勁勢頭。近期,中國政府發佈的 《國務院辦公廳關於進一步優化支付服務 提升支付便利性的意見》提出改善銀行卡 受理環境,進一步完善包括銀行卡在內的 多層次、多元化支付服務體系等要求,已 得到中國人民銀行、中國銀聯、網聯清算 公司等龍頭機構積極響應。這大大提振了 支付行業發展信心,為本集團業務發展帶 來新變革與新機遇。本集團根植支付,始 終堅守安全支付主業,堅定不移推進數字 化、平台化戰略,開啟數字智能新時代。

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED) 主席報告(續)

Following closely to the trend of integrated development in the digital and real economy, the Group's digital platform leverages Al, privacy computing, big data, and cutting-edge algorithms to satisfy the transformation needs of bank customers, end consumers, and small-to-medium enterprises. Through organic integration of online and offline activities, the digital platform reshapes the value chain of the traditional financial institution business model, creating an innovative ecosystem for the payment value chain.

For enterprise customers (B2B), the UMV platform offers three key benefits of improved efficiency, reduced costs, and enhanced customer experience, all with the aim to support the business needs of small batch and rapid payment products issuance. Through refined management and customised services, the UMV platform facilitates financial institutions in transforming their business models from a large scale and unified business model to small batches and customised business model, helping them to improve the quality, variety, and efficiency of their services to customers. Moreover, the platform revolutionises the payment card customer acquisition model, enabling more financial institutions to reach end consumers and targeted customer groups directly.

Catering for the customer demands of digital transformation and seizing the "Al+" development opportunities, the Group now owns close to 100 cutting-edge algorithms with high performance, three invention patents and Al applications including Internet content vetting, facial recognition, speech recognition, Al voice call, Al digital human, and image processing, etc., providing customers with technological services that are more convenient, economical and efficient.

緊跟數字經濟和實體經濟融合發展的趨勢,本集團數字化平台融合AI、隱私計算、數據分析技術以及前沿的算法模型,實現制新技術的快速應用,致力於全方位滿足銀行客戶、C端客戶及中小企業的轉型需求,通過線上與線下的有機結合,重塑金融機構傳統業務模式的價值鏈,打造安全支付產業鏈的創新生態。

本集團緊跟客戶數字化轉型需求及「人工智能+」的發展契機,現已自主研發近100個高性能的尖端AI算法,擁有3項發明專利,構建包括互聯網內容合規審核、視覺認知、語音認知、AI語音外呼、AI數字人、圖像處理等在內的AI應用,為客戶提供更加便捷、更低成本、更高效率的科技服務。

Corporate Information

Financial Highlights 討務摘要

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Financial Statements 財務報告

Innovation and security are the foundations that enable the Group to maintain its leading position in the secure payment industry. Leveraging on the digital platform, the Group will always adhere to the pillars of innovation and security and continue to build on the core advantages established from the past 30 years. Remaining firmly grounded while setting sights on the future, I believe the fundamental need for payment tools will stay unchanged no matter how technologies develop. The Group will follow closely to the changing demands of customers and fully implement the digital and platform-based strategy, which will bring considerable potential for the Group's strategic development in the medium-to-long term.

Last but not least, I would like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere gratitude to all our shareholders, members of the Board, management teams, staff and business partners of the Group. 平台為引領,本集團將始終堅持「創新」與 「安全」並行,不斷延續過往30年的核心優勢。立足於當下,放眼於未來。我堅信, 前沿技術日新月異,但支付需求永恒不變。 緊跟客戶需求變化,堅定不移地推進數字 化、平台化戰略必將為本集團中長期發展 帶來可觀潛力,再一次引領金融科技的創 新潮流!

「創新 | 與 「安全 | 是本集團得以保持在安全

支付行業領先地位的兩大基因。以數字化

最後,衷心感謝本公司全體股東、董事會 成員、管理團隊、全體員工和合作夥伴的 鼎力支持與幫助。

#### Lu Run Ting

Chairman & Executive Director

Hong Kong, 20 March 2024

#### 盧閏霆

主席及執行董事

香港,2024年3月20日



# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

# PRIORITIZING STABILITY FOR A NEW ERA OF TRANSFORMATION

In 2023, the haze of COVID-19 gradually dissipated and the global economy should have started to recover as expected. However, due to the impact of geopolitical turmoil, supply chains were disrupted and trade relationships were restructured, causing a divided global economic landscape which hindered economic recovery. Although China's economy has demonstrated strong resilience during this period, with insufficient effective demand and exports under pressure, China's economic recovery still faces many challenges.

In an increasingly complicated macro-environment, the global sci-tech industry has entered a phase of rapid and continuous innovation with digital, intelligent and green transformations advancing at an accelerated pace. In the payments industry, recently, the Chinese government released guidelines on further improving the quality and convenience of payment services, promoting the parallel development of multiple complementary payment methods including bank cards, which boosts confidence in the development of the payments industry. Leveraging on the accumulated advantages it has gained in the field of secure payments over 30 years, the Group is able to continue furthering its competitive edge by making greater efforts in fintech innovation and adapting its product structure. The Group is pushing forward its digital and platform-based strategy, looking to integrate and restructure the industry and value chain through the development of the UMV platform, paying the way for technological advancements by seizing opportunities for transformation and growth in a rapidly evolving ecosystem.

# 穩中求進 變革重塑 蓄勢 待發

2023年,新冠疫情陰霾逐漸消散,全球經濟本應步入復蘇進程,但是受地緣政治動蕩影響,供應鏈中斷,貿易關係正在重構,全球經濟格局因而出現分化,拖累復蘇步伐。中國經濟在復蘇進程中雖彰顯強勁韌性,但有效需求不足,出口持續承壓,中國經濟復蘇仍面臨諸多挑戰。

#### **FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

For the year ended 31 December 2023, despite adverse factors such as weaker-than-expected effective demand and lackluster consumer sentiment in the Chinese mainland, the Group still recorded a revenue of approximately RMB1.417 billion, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 7.4%. Leveraging on the leading advantages in secure payment industry, the Group has been actively tapping into emerging markets and expanding its global business territories. The Group recorded a revenue of approximately RMB319.9 million in markets outside the Chinese mainland, accounting for approximately 22.6% of the Group's revenue and achieving a significant year-on-year growth of approximately 27.5%.

Facing changes in market demands, the Group strategically adjusted its product structure, increased the proportion of high value-added products and continuously optimized its supply chain management. During the year, the Group's gross profit was approximately RMB420.1 million, and gross profit margin increased 3.3 percentage points to approximately 29.7%. Benefiting from its strategic advancement and refined management, operating expenses decreased by approximately 10.1% year-on-year. In addition, the Group's profit for the year decreased by approximately 6.1% to approximately RMB151.2 million while the exchange gains decreased. The Group's net profit margin remained stable at approximately 10.7%, maintaining its solid profitability.

As of 31 December 2023, the Group's total current assets amounted to approximately RMB1,952.9 million, representing a year-on-year increase of approximately 7.4%. The Group's current ratio and quick ratio were approximately 3.5 and 3.0 respectively, while its gearing ratio was close to 22.2%. The Group still maintained a high level of liquidity and low gearing ratio. The Group will adhere to a prudent financial management policy and optimize its capital structure.

The Board proposed to declare a final dividend of HK10.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB9.2 cents) per ordinary share (HK12.0 cents in 2022) and a special dividend of HK4.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB3.7 cents) per ordinary share (HK4.0 cents in 2022) for the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### 財務分析

截至2023年12月31日止之年度,儘管受中國內地有效需求不足、社會預期偏弱等不利因素影響,本集團仍然錄得收入約人民幣14.17億元,同比下降約7.4%。憑藉在安全支付領域的領先優勢,本集團積極拓展新興市場,擴大全球業務版圖,於中國內地以外地區市場錄得收入合計約人民幣3.199億元,佔本集團收入約22.6%,取得同比約27.5%的明顯增長。

本集團及時根據市場需求的變化,戰略性 地調整產品結構,增加高附加值產品比重, 同時持續優化供應鏈管理,年內錄得毛利 約人民幣4.201億元,毛利率同比上升3.3 個百分點至約29.7%。得益於集團的戰略 推進和精細化管理,經營費用同比下降, 10.1%。此外,滙兑收益同比下降,本集 團錄得淨利潤約人民幣1.512億元,同比下 降約6.1%。淨利率穩定在約10.7%,仍然 保持穩健盈利能力。

於2023年12月31日,本集團流動資產合計約人民幣19.529億元,同比增長約7.4%。流動比率約3.5,速動比率約3.0,資產負債率約22.2%,依舊保持了較高的流動性和較低的資產負債率。本集團將繼續秉持穩健的財務管理策略,持續優化資本結構。

董事會建議就截至2023年12月31日止之年度派發末期股息每股普通股港幣10.0仙(折合約人民幣9.2分)(2022年度為港幣12.0仙),以及特別股息每股普通股港幣4.0仙(折合約人民幣3.7分)(2022年度為港幣4.0仙)。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

In 2023, a new phase of technological revolution and industrial reform emerged, and global sci-tech innovations continued to grow in breadth, depth, and speed. Riding the wave of digital transformation, the Group focused on growth along continuous exploration and limitless innovation to fully promote digital and platform-based transformations. The Group will continue to innovate effectively while embracing core business advantages to generate new opportunities amid inevitable change.

Due to fluctuations in consumer markets, the Group's embedded software and secure payment products business segment recorded a revenue of approximately RMB949.8 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 5.9%. However, by continuously strengthening supply chain management, optimizing product structure, and using digital and platform-based marketing tools to increase product value, the gross profit of the Group's embedded software and secure payment products business segment rose by approximately 19.3% compared to last year. Meanwhile, the growth potential of the international markets was continuously explored through the launching of embedded software and secure payment products that meet the technical specifications required by international markets and the diverse needs of each country. The revenue from markets outside the Chinese mainland grew by approximately 27.2% to approximately RMB296.7 million.

The Group's revenue from the platform and service business segment dropped back to approximately RMB466.8 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 10.4%. Increased market competition of digital equipment led to a fall in revenue of approximately 10.7% year-on-year to approximately RMB283.8 million. During the year, the Group continued to promote its platform development and implementation as well as transformed and upgraded its digital equipment business to one that focuses on comprehensive scenario-based solutions. Both laid a solid foundation for the Group's strategic development in the medium-to-long term.

### 業績回顧

2023年,新一代科技革命與產業變革加速 演進,全球科技創新的廣度、深度、速度 均持續攀升。本集團順應數字化浪潮,以 「不斷探索、守正創新」的發展理念全力推 進數字化、平台化轉型步伐,堅守主業, 做強實業,有效創新,在變局中開創新局。

本年度本集團平台及服務業務板塊收入有所回降,錄得收入約人民幣4.668億元,同比下降約10.4%。其中,受市場品類競爭,數字化設備業務收入約2.838億元,同比下降約10.7%,但年內本集團持續推進平台開發及落地,積極推動數字化設備業務向一站式、場景化整體解決方案轉型升級。兩者均為本集團中長期戰略發展夯實基礎。

Simultaneously, the Group's digital and platform-based strategy has produced remarkable results. As an important initiative of the digital and platform-based strategy, the UMV platform reshapes the value chain of the traditional financial institution business model. It helps to realize the on-demand and mass-customization business model to accommodate for various types of order quantities ranging from 1 to 10 million units. It is a versatile platform solution that has been implemented across multiple sectors including finance, transportation, and retails.

同時,本集團數字化、平台化戰略成效初顯,作為該戰略最為重要的落地實施方案, UMV平台重塑金融機構傳統業務模式的價值鏈,實現安全支付產品一到千萬級的隨 需定制業務模式,在金融、交通、零售等 多領域均實現了項目落地。

# OUTLOOK: PROPELLING FORWARD BY BREAKING TECHNOLOGICAL FRONTIERS

At present, digital transformation in the banking industry is being fast tracked with fintech becoming the key driving force. Meanwhile, China's State Council required local governments to implement favorable measures such as improving the acceptance environment for bank cards and further improving the multi-level and diversified payment service systems that include bank cards. This requirement has been actively responded to by leading institutions such as the People's Bank of China, China UnionPay, and NetsUnion Clearing Corporation. The payments industry is about to embrace new changes and opportunities. The Group will closely monitor the movement of digital developments in the banking industry to fully implement its digital and platform-based strategy, while consolidating core business advantages and strengthening technological competitiveness. Moreover, the Group will grasp the opportunities created by the rise of AIGC (Artificial Intelligence Generated Content) to develop new business models, propelling the business forward with cutting-edge application breakthroughs.

Looking into the future, the Group aims to nurture business and increase market share by focusing on four key strategies including "consolidating efforts in UMV platform development", "expanding the scope of new businesses and strengthening core competitive advantages", "continuing to promote the expansion of secure payment technologies into multiple fields" and "venturing into untapped international markets and enhancing global competitiveness".

# 未來展望:以前沿技術催生新模式、新動能

展望未來,本集團將圍繞「聚力發展UMV平台」、「加強新業務領域佈局,擴大核心競爭優勢」、「持續推進安全支付技術的多領域拓展」、「開拓全球市場,提升國際競爭力」四大重點戰略發展舉措進行業務推進落地,贏得更多市場空間。

# First, consolidating efforts in UMV platform development.

Catering for the needs of digitalization in the payments industry, the UMV platform leverages AI, privacy computing, big data and cutting-edge algorithms to build an one-stop, digitally-integrated service platform, thereby creating an innovative ecosystem for payment value chain.

For enterprise customers (B2B), the UMV platform offers three key benefits of improved efficiency, reduced costs, and enhanced customer experience, all in a bid to support the business needs of small batches and rapid payment product issuance. Through refined management and customized services, the UMV platform facilitates financial institutions in transforming their business models from a large scale and unified business model to small batches and customized business model, helping the financial institutions to improve the quality and efficiency of their services to customers.

Along with continuous changes on technology and social demands, the way to acquire and retain customers has been a growing problem for banks and other financial institutions. This makes it difficult to drive the implementation of innovative technologies such as AI. For end consumers (B2C), the UMV platform addresses the problem by building a third-party integrated fintech platform that revolutionizes the payment card customer acquisition model through features such as precise user traffic control and high-traffic usage scenarios. The platform enables more financial institutions to reach end consumers and targeted individual customer groups, thus empowering the future development of financial institutions.

## 第一、聚力發展UMV平台

結合行業數字化發展需求,UMV平台致力於運用AI (Artificial Intelligence)、隱私計算、大數據分析技術以及前沿的算法模型,積極構建一站式、全流程數字化綜合服務平台,打造安全支付產業鏈的創新生態。

面向企業端客戶(B2B),UMV平台將圍繞提升效率、降低成本和增強客戶體驗三個主要維度,支持小批量、快速發卡的業務需求,通過精細化經營和個性化服務,推動金融機構業務模式從規模化到精細化的轉型升級,提升客戶服務質效。

伴隨著科技和社會的不斷變革,銀行等金融機構在「獲客、活客、留客」三個角度逐漸呈現疲態,難以實現AI等創新技術的形力構建與快速應用。面向C端客戶,UMV平台通過精准把控流量、構建高頻場下,打造創新互聯網大學等式會的第三方綜合金融科技平台,助力更多,融機構對C端流量和小微客群的精准觸達,助力金融機構創新發展。

# Second, expanding the scope of new businesses and strengthening core competitive advantages.

As the growth for green and low-carbon development accelerates, green finance will see a promising future as the integration with digital technology is an ongoing trend. The Group is responding to the call for "boosting self-reliance and strength in green and low-carbon science and technology", and is abiding with environmental, social and governance (ESG) development targets, while strengthening its green and low-carbon technology innovation capabilities. Combining eco-friendly payment products such as eco-friendly cards and metal cards with its digital card issuance platform, the Group launches multifaceted low-carbon secure payment solutions to help financial institutions around the world in building their competitive advantages on the road to sustainable practices.

Seizing the opportunities of digital RMB pilot in the Chinese mainland, the Group has fully utilized resources from the E-CNY Industry Alliance and the digital currency innovation pilot site – Zhuhai Fintech Center – to promote the establishment of digital currency in multiple forms, scenarios and applications in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area. The Group will utilize fintech innovations to further develop its competitive advantages, strengthen its strategic blueprint in new business areas such as low carbon and digital currency, and generate new momentum for further development.

# Third, continuing to promote the expansion of secure authentication technologies into multiple fields.

Building on decades of experience in the financial secure payment industry, the Group has completed the system interface of its telecommunication products with the operators on digital currency and digital identity authentication applications. It has also established strategic cooperative relationships with a number of telecommunications players.

## 第二、加強新業務領域佈局, 擴大核心競爭優勢

隨著綠色低碳發展進程逐步深入,綠色金融乘勢而上,數字技術融入綠色金科技色金件。本集團響應「以綠色低碳科技自強」號召,持續踐行ESG理念,增強屬自強」號召,持續踐行ESG理念,增強屬的低碳科技創新能力,通過環保保發屬等最高,打造多元化安全支付環保低續發展結合,打造多元化安融機構築可持續發展,助力全球金融機構築可持續發展,在綠色低碳新賽道上加速前行。

### 第三、持續推進安全認證技術 的多領域拓展

基於在金融安全支付領域內的多年經驗積 累,本集團電信產品在數字貨幣及數字身 份認證應用運營商側已完成系統對接,並 積極與多家運營商建立戰略合作關係。

By actively exploring cutting-edge technologies, the Group will concentrate on laying out business models and promoting the integration of its secure authentication solutions into other sectors such as telecommunications, transportation, Internet of Things, automotive communication, etc. In the era of the Internet of Everything, it is important to anticipate the vast potential for broad development.

本集團將持續推進安全認證技術與解決方案向電信、交通、物聯網、汽車通訊等多領域擴展,潛心佈局業務模式,積極探索前沿技術,促進多領域融合應用,有望在「萬物互聯」時代擁有廣闊發展前景。

# Fourth, venturing into untapped international markets and enhancing global competitiveness.

As the scale of the international markets expands, the Group has actively participated in global conferences, exhibitions, and other marketing activities that have significantly elevated its profile in the international markets. Its products and services now cover over 30 countries and regions around the world. Looking ahead, the Group will maximize its global footprint by paying close attention to the localized payment needs of different countries and regions, adopting tailored-made marketing strategies, tapping into emerging markets and potential customers, and searching for the new territories for business growth.

### **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

No material events occurred subsequent to 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this Annual Report.

## 第四、開拓全球市場,提升國際 競爭力

### 期後事項

自2023年12月31日至本報告發佈之日概無 重大事件發生。

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

In order to be eligible for attendance and for voting at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, 21 May 2024, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17th Floor, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration by 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 14 May 2024. The register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 16 May 2024 to Tuesday, 21 May 2024, both days inclusive, during which period, no transfer of shares will be registered.

In order to determine who are entitled to the proposed final dividend and special dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17th Floor, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration by 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 31 May 2024. The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 3 June 2024 to Wednesday, 5 June 2024, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. Subject to shareholders' approval of the proposed dividends at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, 21 May 2024, the dividends will be paid on Friday, 28 June 2024 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on Wednesday, 5 June 2024.

# USE OF PROCEEDS RAISED FROM THE INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 4 December 2013 with net proceeds from the global offering of approximately RMB975.0 million (after deducting underwriting commissions and related expenses). As at 31 December 2023, the Company utilized approximately RMB858.1 million for the purposes of production capacity expansion, innovative product and service research and development, investment in associates and acquisition, market expansion outside of China, working capital supplementation and other general corporate purposes.

### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為確定股東有權出席並於2024年5月21日 (星期二)舉行之股東周年大會上投票,所 有過戶表格連同有關股票須於2024年5月 14日(星期二)下午四時三十分前,送達本 公司之股份過戶登記處卓佳證券登記有限 公司,地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中 心17樓。本公司將於2024年5月16日(星期 四)至2024年5月21日(星期二),包括首尾 兩天,暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。

為確定股東有權獲派本次建議之末期股息及特別股息,所有過戶表格連同有關股票須於2024年5月31日(星期五)下午四時三十分前,送達本公司之股份登記處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。本公司將於2024年6月3日(星期一)至2024年6月5日(星期三),包括首尾兩天,暫停辦理股份過三),包括首尾兩天,暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。待於2024年5月21日(星期三)聚行之股東周年大會上取得批准後,上述股息將於2024年6月28日(星期五)派發時於2024年6月5日(星期三)營業時間結束時名列本公司股東名冊之股東。

# 初次公開發售所得款項用途

本公司股份於2013年12月4日在聯交所主板掛牌,該首次全球發售所得款項淨額約人民幣975.0百萬元(扣除包銷佣金及相關費用後)。截至2023年12月31日止,本公司已動用約人民幣858.1百萬元,用於擴充產能、新產品及服務研發、公司合營與收購、中國境外市場拓展、補充公司營運資金和其他一般公司用途。

**Expected** 

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論及分析(續)

An analysis of the utilization of the net proceeds from the initial 於2023年12月31日,初次公開發售所得款 public offering and the unused amount as at 31 December 2023 is 項使用及所得款餘額之分析如下: set out below:

		% of net proceeds	Net proceeds	Utilized amount as at 31 December 2023	Unutilized amount as at 31 December 2023	timeline for fully utilizing the remaining net proceeds (Note) 悉數動用 餘下所得
		募集 資金比例	<b>募集資金</b> RMB′000 人民幣千元	於 <b>2023年</b> <b>12月31</b> 日 <b>已使用金額</b> RMB′000 人民幣千元	於 <b>2023</b> 年 <b>12月31</b> 日 未使用金額 RMB′000 人民幣千元	款項淨額 之預期時間 <i>(附註)</i> RMB′000 人民幣千元
R&D of new products and services Expansion to production facilities, upgrades and other improvements to existing card production and data processing	研發新產品及服務 擴充生產設備、升級及 改進卡片生產及 數據處理設施	35%	341,113	341,113	0	N/A
facilities	+4+++	35%	341,113	289,969	51,144	≤5年
Financing future strategic alliances with complementary companies Further strengthening presence in existing markets outside the	支付未來與互補公司進 行策略聯盟所需資金 進一步加強在中國內地 以外現有市場的	10%	97,461	32,120	65,341	≤5年
Chinese mainland	佔有率支出	10%	97,461	97,461	0	N/A
Working capital and other general corporate purposes	補充營運資金及 其它一般公司用途	10%	97,461	97,461	0	N/A
Total	合計	100%	974,609	858,124	116,485	≤5年

Note: The expected timeline for utilizing the remaining net proceeds is based on the best estimation of the future market conditions made by the Group. It remains subject to change based on market conditions.

The balances of the net proceeds were deposited in banking account. The Company has utilized and will utilize the net proceeds pursuant to the purposes and the proportions as disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 November 2013.

附註:動用餘下所得款項淨額之預期時間乃本集團基 於未來市況所作之最佳估計。該時間仍會基於 市況而有所變動。

所得款項淨額的餘額存入銀行賬戶。本公 司已經且將按本公司於2013年11月22日發 佈的招股章程所披露的方式和比例使用所 得款項淨額。

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

Based on the Group's steady cash inflow from operations, coupled with sufficient cash and bank balances, the Group has adequate liquidity and financial resources to meet the daily operations and working capital requirements as well as to fund its expansion plans. The Group formulates and exercises fund management measures and upholds a conservative financial management attitude. The Board monitors the use of funds to ensure the safety, liquidity and profitability of funds.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's aggregate amount of bank balances and cash, fixed bank deposits and pledged bank deposits reached approximately RMB1,353.0 million (2022: approximately RMB1,349.2 million), of which approximately RMB1,096.1 million (2022: approximately RMB728.4 million) was denominated in RMB, representing approximately 81.0%, and approximately RMB256.9 million (2022: approximately RMB620.8 million) was denominated in USD and HKD, etc., representing approximately 19.0%.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had no bank borrowings (2022: approximately RMB44.8 million).

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade receivables was approximately RMB331.0 million (2022: approximately RMB340.3 million).

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's total current assets amounted to approximately RMB1,952.9 million (2022: approximately RMB1,819.0 million), representing an increase of approximately 7.4% compared to that of the previous year.

#### 流動性及財務資源

由於本集團業務有穩定現金流入,加上充足現金及銀行結餘,本集團有充裕流動資金及財務資源,可滿足日常營運與營運資金需求及支持拓展計劃。本集團秉持審慎的財務管理政策,制定並執行資金管理辦法,由董事會監控資金使用,以保證資金的安全性,流動性和收益性。

於2023年12月31日,本集團銀行存款及現金、銀行定期存款、已抵押銀行存款總共約人民幣1,353.0百萬元(2022:約人民幣1,349.2百萬元),其中,人民幣約1,096.1百萬元(2022:人民幣約728.4百萬元),佔比約81.0%,美元、港幣及其他等折合約人民幣256.9百萬元(2022:約人民幣620.8百萬元),佔比約19.0%。

於2023年12月31日,本集團無銀行借款 (2022:約人民幣44.8百萬元)。

於2023年12月31日,本集團應收貨款約人 民幣331.0百萬元(2022:約人民幣340.3 百萬元)。

於2023年12月31日,本集團流動資產總額 約人民幣1,952.9百萬元(2022:約人民幣 1,819.0百萬元),比2022年末增加約7.4%。

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's current ratio was approximately 3.5 (2022: approximately 2.6), while its quick ratio was approximately 3.0 (2022: approximately 2.1), representing a high liquidity.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's gearing ratio (the gearing ratio is equivalent to total liabilities divided by total assets as at the end of the year) was approximately 22.2% (2022: approximately 26.4%).

### **CURRENCY EXPOSURE**

The Group's sales were mainly denominated in RMB, USD and HKD while the operating expenses and purchases were mainly denominated in RMB with certain portions in USD and HKD. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not use any derivative financial instruments to hedge against the volatility associated with foreign currency transactions and other financial assets and liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business. The Group manages its foreign currency risk by closely monitoring the fluctuation of foreign currency rates.

#### **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE**

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's capital expenditure was approximately RMB29.3 million (2022: approximately RMB67.0 million). The capital expenditure represented the expenses incurred in purchasing fixed assets, which decreased significantly compared to the same period in 2022 due to the completion of the Zhuhai Fintech Center.

#### **CAPITAL COMMITMENT**

The aggregate capital commitment of the Group as at 31 December 2023 was approximately RMB3.8 million (2022: approximately RMB24.0 million), which was decreased due to the completion of the Zhuhai Fintech Center.

#### **PLEDGED ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2023, bank deposits of approximately RMB156.7 million (2022: approximately RMB227.0 million) were pledged to secure the bills payables and bank guarantee.

於2023年12月31日,本集團流動比率約3.5 (2022:約2.6),速動比率約3.0(2022:約2.1),流動性良好。

於2023年12月31日,本集團資產負債率 (資產負債率等於總負債除以總資產)約 22.2%(2022年:約26.4%)。

### 外匯風險

本集團之銷售主要以人民幣、美元及港幣結算,營運開支及採購主要以人民幣結算, 部分開支以美元和港幣結算。於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,本集團未使用任何 衍生金融工具對沖日常業務過程中產生的 外幣交易及其他金融資產和負債的波動。 本集團透過密切監控外幣匯率的變動來管 控其外幣風險。

### 資本開支

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,本集團資本開支總額約人民幣29.3百萬元。 (2022:約人民幣67.0百萬元)。該資本開支為固定資產之開支,較2022年同期大幅減少,乃因珠海市金融科技中心已竣工。

#### 資本承擔

於2023年12月31日,本集團的資本承擔總額約人民幣3.8百萬元(2022:約人民幣24.0百萬元),亦因珠海市金融科技中心已竣工完成,同比有所下降。

### 資產之抵押

於2023年12月31日,約人民幣156.7百萬元之銀行存款(2022:約人民幣227.0百萬元)已作為應付票據及銀行保函之抵押品。

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

The Group had no significant investments for the year ended 31 December 2023.

# FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

The Group has no future plans for material investment or capital assets during 2024.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

# MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Group did not have any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### 重大投資

本集團於截至2023年12月31日止之年度內 無重大投資。

# 重大投資或資本資產之未來 計劃

於2024年內,本集團無重大投資或資本資產之未來計劃。

#### 或有負債

於2023年12月31日,本集團並無任何重大 或有負債。

# 對 附屬 公 司、聯營 公 司 及 合營企業的重大收購及處置

本集團於截至2023年12月31日止之年度內對附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業無重大收購及處置。

# Corporate

## Financi Stateme

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF 購買、出售或贖回上市證券 SECURITIES

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company purchased 1,642,000 ordinary shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange at an aggregate price of approximately HKD2,367,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,158,000). The shares were acquired at an average price of HKD1.44 per share, with prices ranging from HKD1.40 to HKD1.46. All the shares purchased have not been cancelled.

The details of the purchase of shares are as follows:

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,本公司在香港聯合交易所,以合計約2,367,000港幣(折合人民幣約2,158,000元)購買本公司1,642,000股普通股。每股交易價格在港幣1.40元至港幣1.46元之間,平均每股交易價格為港幣1.44元。全部回購股份還未註銷。

股份回購詳情如下:

<b>M</b> onth 月份		Number of shares purchased 回購 股份數量	Highest price per share (HKD) 每股最高價格 (港幣)	Lowest price per share (HKD) 每股最低價格 (港幣)	Aggregate consideration paid (HKD) 合計 已支付對價 (港幣)
November 2023 December 2023	2023年11月 2023年12月	357,000 1,285,000	1.44 1.46	1.42 1.40	512,053.45 1,855,037.67
Total 合計		1,642,000			2,367,091.12

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2023.

除上述披露外,本公司及其附屬公司於截至2023年12月31日止之年度內均無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司股份。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND CORPORATE 環境、社會及企業管治 GOVERNANCE

The Group is committed to maintaining high levels of environmental and social standards to ensure sustainable development of its business. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's environmental, social and governance ("ESG") management team had managed, monitored, recommended and reported on environmental and social aspects. An ESG report for the year ended 31 December 2023 has been prepared with reference to Appendix C2 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") (Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide) and are published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

本集團致力維持高要求之環境及社會標準,以確保其業務可持續發展。於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,本集團環境、社會管治管理團隊,在環保及社會層面進行管理、監控、建議及報告工作。截至2023年12月31日止之年度的環境、社會及管治報合交易所有限公司證券表下規則(「上市規則」)附錄C2所載列之環境、社會及管治報告指引而編製,並於本公司及聯交所網站刊發。

The Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations in relation to its business including anti-corruption, health and safety, workplace conditions, employment and the environment in all material aspects during the year ended 31 December 2023. The Group encourages its employees, customers, suppliers and other stakeholders to participate in environmental and social activities.

The Group maintains strong relationships with its employees. The Group also enhances cooperation with its suppliers to jointly foster a fair business environment, and provides high quality products and services to its customers so as to ensure continued and sustainable development.

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,本集團在各重大方面已遵守所有與其業務有關的相關法例及法規,包括反貪腐、健康及安全、工作環境、就業及環境。本集團鼓勵員工、客戶、供應商及其他相關者參與環境保護及社會活動。

本集團與員工維持緊密關係。本集團亦加 強與供應商之間的合作,共同營造公平公 正的營商環境,並為客戶提供優質產品及 服務,以確保可持續發展。

# 員工及薪酬政策

Digital transformation has helped the Group to optimize its organizational structure and streamline staff, thus improving the labor efficiency. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 1,507 employees (as at 31 December 2022: 1,583), with a decrease of 76 employees as compared to that as at 31 December 2022. Total employee benefits expenses including Directors' emoluments, for the year ended 31 December 2023, amounted to approximately RMB224.7 million (for the year ended 31 December 2022: approximately RMB250.9 million).

HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION

**POLICIES** 

The human resources are one of the Group's most important assets. In addition to offering competitive remuneration and welfare packages, the Group is also committed to providing specialized and challenging career development and training programs. Generally, a salary review is conducted annually. The Group also adopted the Pre-IPO share option scheme, the share option scheme and the share award scheme to motivate prospective employees. Apart from basic remuneration, for employees in the Chinese mainland, the Group makes contributions towards employee mandatory social security, pensions, work-related injury insurance, maternity insurance and medical and unemployment insurance in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations of the Chinese mainland. The pensions and unemployment insurance belong to defined contribution plans. The Group does not have the right to confiscate the contributions and therefore has no use of the contributions. The Group also provides full coverage of housing provident fund contributions as required by applicable local laws and regulations in the Chinese mainland. For the employees outside the Chinese mainland, the Group also makes contributions towards relevant insurance schemes as required by applicable local laws and regulations.

The Group's emolument policies are based on the merit, qualifications and competence of individual employees and are reviewed by the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") periodically. The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the Remuneration Committee to the Board and are decided by the Board, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Group emphasises on employee performance and development, and is committed to enhancing their knowledge and skills. The Group provides comprehensive internal and external trainings, such as compulsory orientation, job skills training, improvement training, information security training, compliance and legal training, project management training, business etiquette training and etc.

本集團通過推進數字化轉型,優化組織結構,實現了人員的精簡高效。於2023年12月31日,本集團聘用1,507名(於2022年12月31日為1,583名)員工,較2022年年末減少76人。於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,包括董事酬金的員工待遇費用合計約為人民幣224.7百萬元(於截至2022年12月31日止之年度:約為人民幣250.9百萬元)。

人力資源是本集團最重要的資產之一。除 了提供具有競爭力的薪酬福利方案外,本 集團亦為員工提供專門並具有挑戰性的職 業發展及培訓計劃。整體而言,本集團將 每年進行一次薪酬檢討。本集團亦實施了 首次公開發售前的購股權計劃、購股權計 劃和股份獎勵計劃以激勵有潛力的員工。 對本集團於中國內地的員工,除薪金外, 本集團根據中國內地的相關法律、法規為 中國內地的全部員工提供退休、失業、工 傷、生育和醫療等社會保險計劃。繳付的 養老保險和失業保險屬於界定供款計劃, 本集團並無沒收養老保險和失業保險相關 供款的權利,因此亦無使用供款的情形。 本集團亦按照中國當地規定為中國內地員 工實施住房公積金計劃。對本集團於中國 內地以外地區的員工,亦按照當地適用的 法律要求購買保險等計劃。

本集團的薪酬政策以員工個人的業績、資歷和能力為基礎,並由公司薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)定期審查。董事的薪酬由薪酬委員會向董事會提出建議,並由董事會在考慮集團的經營業績、個人表現和可比市場數據後決定。

本集團注重員工培訓與發展,致力提升員 工的知識水平及技能,為員工提供全面的 內部和外部培訓,包括強制性入職培訓、 崗位技能培訓、在職提升培訓、信息安全 培訓、合規法律培訓、項目管理培訓及商 務禮儀培訓等。



#### **DIRECTORS**

Name

The Board is consisted of nine Directors, including six executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The following table sets forth certain information relating to the Directors:

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# 董事

Position in the Group

董事會由九名董事組成,包括六名執行董 事,三名獨立非執行董事。以下表格為各 董事資料:

Age	Position in the Group
年齡	集團職務
69	Chairman & Executive Director
	主席及執行董事
63	Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer
	執行董事及首席執行官
66	Executive Director & Senior Vice President
	執行董事及高級副總裁
51	Executive Director & Chief Operating Officer
	執行董事及首席運營官
37	Executive Director & Senior Vice President
	執行董事及高級副總裁
53	Executive Director & Chief Audit Executive & Company
	Secretary
	執行董事、審計長及公司秘書
irectors	
71	Independent Non-executive Director
	獨立非執行董事
61	Independent Non-executive Director
	獨立非執行董事
72	Independent Non-executive Director
	獨立非執行董事
	年齡 69 63 66 51 37 53  Directors 71 61

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. LU Run Ting (盧閏霆), aged 69, is the chairman of the Board ("Chairman") and an executive Director, and the founder of the Group. He was first appointed as Director on 10 December 2004 and was designated as an executive Director with effect from 15 November 2013. Chairman LU is primarily responsible for the overall strategic planning and overseeing the general management of the Group. He has over 30 years of experience in financial card industry and was honored as the finalist award of CNBC Asia Business Leaders Award in October 2015. Chairman LU has been the Chairman of the Company and the Company's subsidiaries, Goldpac Datacard Solutions Company Limited and Goldpac Limited (formerly named as "Goldpac Secur-Card (Zhuhai) Limited") since 2011 and also has been the director of Goldpac Fintech Private Limited (formerly named as "Goldpac Fintech Singapore Private Limited), the Company's subsidiary, from 2016 to July 2018, and has been the director of Goldpac Investment Limited, the Company's subsidiary, since 2016, and has been the director of Goldpac Innovation Limited, the Company's subsidiary, since 2018, and has been the director of Goldpac Fintech (Zhuhai) Limited Company and UMV International Holding Limited, the Company's subsidiaries, from 2020.

Prior to the establishment of the Group in 1995, Chairman LU wholly owns the entire issued share capital of Goldpac International (Holding) Limited ("GIHL"), the Company's controlling shareholder and is a director of GIHL since 1993. Chairman LU also served as various management positions at the subsidiaries of the Industrial and Commercial Bank of China prior to the establishment of GIHL in 1993. He currently also serves as the chairman of GIHL. Chairman LU received a Master of Business Administration degree from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2004. Chairman LU had not been a director of any other listed companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

The ordinary shares of GIHL are 100% directly held by Golden Wellness Investment Limited, which is wholly owned by Golden Lake Investment Limited ("GLIL"). GLIL is wholly owned by a family trust, the trustee of which is Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited, established by Chairman LU as the founder for the benefit of his family members. Chairman LU (i) is the elder brother of Mr. LU Runyi, an executive Director and a senior vice president of the Company, and (ii) is the father of Mr. LU Wai Lim, an executive Director.

### 執行董事

盧閏霆先生,69歳,董事會主席(「主席」) 兼執行董事,亦是本集團創始人。他早 於2004年12月10日獲委任為董事,後於 2013年11月15日調任為執行董事,主要 負責本集團的整體戰略規劃和監督本集 團的整體管理。他於金融卡行業擁有超過 30年的經驗,於2015年10月榮膺CNBC亞 洲傑出商業領袖入圍獎。盧主席自2011 年起擔任本公司、本公司之附屬公司金 邦達數據有限公司和金邦達有限公司(原 為 [珠海市金邦達保密卡有限公司]) 的主 席,以及自2016年至2018年7月期間擔任 本公司之附屬公司Goldpac Fintech Private Limited (原為「Goldpac Fintech Singapore Private Limited」)董事,自2016年起至今 擔任本公司之附屬公司金邦達投資有限公 司董事,自2018年起擔任本公司之附屬公 司Goldpac Innovation Limited董事,亦自 2020年擔任本公司之附屬公司珠海市金邦 達金融科技發展有限公司及金科智融國際 控股有限公司董事。

於1995年本集團成立之前,盧主席自1993年起擁有本公司控股股東金邦達國際(集團)有限公司(以下簡稱「**金邦達國際**」)的國際主席。在1993年建立金邦達國際」的國際主席的盧主席的國工商銀行旗任金邦達個管理職位。目前盧主席亦擔任金邦達國際的主席。盧主席於2004年11月獲得香港理工大學的工商管理碩士學位。盧主席於過往3年未曾擔任其他香港或海外上市公司的董事。

金邦達國際的普通股由Golden Wellness Investment Limited 100%直接持有,其為金湖投資管理有限公司(「金湖投資」)的全資子公司。金湖投資為家族信托公司,受托人為Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited,即由盧主席設立且受益人為其家族成員的家族信托。盧主席為(i)執行董事、高級副總裁盧潤怡先生的胞兄,及(ii)執行董事盧威廉先生的父親。

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DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層(續)

Mr. HOU Ping (侯平), aged 63, is an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company, and joined the Group in 2011. He was first appointed as a Director on 30 August 2011, and was designated as an executive Director with effect from 15 November 2013. He is primarily responsible for the overall management of the Group. Mr. HOU has over 30 years of experience in the banking industry, including approximately 25 years of experience in the card industry. He has been a Director and the chief executive officer of the Company since 2011. He has also served as a director of Goldpac Datacard Solutions Company Limited and Goldpac Limited respectively, since 2011. He has also served as a director of seven subsidiaries of the Company. including as a director of Goldpac Fintech Private Limited since 2016, and a director of Goldpac Technology Service Limited (Henggin), SecureTech Holdings Limited and Goldpac Fintech Hong Kong Limited, the Company's subsidiaries, since 2018, a director of Goldpac Fintech (Zhuhai) Limited Company and UMV Technology Limited (Zhuhai) since 2020, and also a director of Zhirong Financial Services Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. (through the VIE Agreements, Zhirong Financial Services has been an indirect subsidiary of the Company as 100% of its equity interest is attributed to the Company indirectly) since 2021.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. HOU was the head of credit card centre at Deutsche Bank (China) Co., Ltd, and was seconded to Huaxia Bank as chief executive officer of the credit card centre from 2006 to 2011. Mr. HOU served various positions at Bank of China group and subsequently, BOC Credit Card (International) Limited since 1999, including as deputy general manager of BOC Credit Card (International) Limited in Hong Kong from 1999 to 2004. Mr. HOU received a Master of Business Administration degree from the Hong Kong Baptist University in December 2003. Save as disclosed herein, Mr. HOU had not been a director of any other listed companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

侯平先生,63歲,本公司執行董事兼首席 執行官,於2011年加入本集團。他早於 2011年8月30日獲委任為董事,於2013年 11月15日調任為執行董事,主要負責本集 團的整體管理。侯先生於銀行業擁有超過 30年的經驗,其中於卡類行業擁有近25年 經驗。自2011年起,他擔任本公司的董事 兼首席執行官,同樣自2011年起擔任金邦 達數據有限公司董事和金邦達有限公司董 事,其亦擔任本公司七家附屬公司的董事, 自2016年起擔任Goldpac Fintech Private Limited的董事,亦自2018年起擔任本公司 之附屬公司金邦達科技服務(橫琴)有限公 司、SecureTech Holdings Limited和金邦達 金融科技香港有限公司的董事,自2020年 起擔任本公司之附屬公司珠海市金邦達金 融科技發展有限公司及金科智融科技(珠海) 有限公司的董事,亦自2021年起擔任智融 金服科技(珠海)有限公司(通過VIE協議, 智融金服成為本公司的一家間接附屬公司, 本公司間接佔其100%股權)的董事。

於加入本集團前,侯先生曾於2006年至2011年擔任德意志銀行(中國)有限公司信用卡中心總經理,其後借調至華夏銀行擔任信用卡中心首席執行官。侯先生自1999年起先後在中國銀行集團及中銀信用卡(國際)有限公司擔任多個職位,包括於1999年至2004年期間擔任中銀信用卡(國際)有限公司於香港的副總經理。侯先生於2003年12月獲得香港浸會大學的工商管理碩士學位。除上述披露外,侯先生於過往3年未曾擔任其他香港或海外上市公司的董事。

Mr. LU Runyi (盧潤怡), aged 66, is an executive Director and a senior vice president of the Company, and joined the Group in 1995. He was first appointed as a Director in December 2004, and was designated as an executive Director with effect from November 2013. He is primarily responsible for the management of the sales department of the Group. Mr. LU Runyi, has almost 30 years of experience in the security payment industry. He has been a senior vice president of the Group since 2004 and has been the director of GIHL from June 2006 to March 2021, and has been director of Goldpac Datacard Solutions Company Limited and Goldpac Limited respectively since 2011, and has served as a director of Goldpac Technology Service Limited (Hengqin) since 2018, and has also served as a director of Goldpac Fintech (Zhuhai) Limited Company since 2020. Mr. LU Runyi had not been a director of any other listed companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

Mr. LU Runyi is the younger brother of Chairman LU, and is the uncle of Mr. LU Wai Lim, who is an executive Director of the Company.

Mr. WU Sigiang (吳思強), aged 51, is an executive Director and the chief operating officer of the Company, and joined the Group in 2001. Mr. WU is primarily responsible for the overall operation of the Group, he was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 18 May 2017, and has more than 20 years of experience in the security payment industry. Mr. Wu was a manager of the production division, vice general manager of the operation division, general manager of the production management division of Goldpac Limited from 2001 to 2011 successively, and has been the chief operating officer of Goldpac Limited since 2011. Mr. WU served as a manager of the procurement division of Goldpac Limited from 2004 to January 2021, and has been the general manager and legal representative since February 2021. Mr. WU has also served as a director of Goldpac Technology Service Limited (Henggin) since 2018. Mr. WU had not been a director of any other listed companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

Mr. WU graduated from the Guangdong Mechanics University (廣東機械學院)(now part of Guangdong University of Technology (廣東工業大學)) with a Bachelor of Mechatronics degree in July 1993.

盧潤怡先生,66歲,本公司執行董事兼高級副總裁,於1995年加入本集團。他早於2004年12月獲委任為董事,後於2013年11月調任為執行董事,主要負責管理本集團的銷售部門。盧潤怡先生於安全支付任任惠潤怡先生於安全支付任任惠則的高級副總裁任金邦達國際公司任任政部,自2011年起擔任金邦達國際公司任金邦達有限公司董事,自2018年起擔任政司董事,自2018年起擔任政司董事,自2018年起擔任政司董事,金期發展有限公司司董事。盧潤怡先生於過往3年未擔任其他香港或海外上市公司的董事。

盧潤怡先生為盧主席的胞弟,且為本公司 執行董事盧威廉先生的叔叔。

吳先生在1993年7月畢業於廣東機械學院 (現為廣東工業大學的一部分)的機械電子 工程學士學位。

Mr. LU Wai Lim (盧威廉) (formerly known as Mr. Wai Lim (威廉), Mr. LING Wai Lim(凌威廉) and Mr. LING Wai Lim(盧威廉 )), aged 37, joined the Company as non-executive Director on 18 May 2017. He was designated as an executive Director with effect from 15 March 2019 and was appointed as senior vice president of the Company upon the effective date of 22 January 2021. Mr. LU has over 6 years of experience in payments industry and has over 10 years of experience in biomedical research and research project management. Mr. LU has also served as a director of six subsidiaries of the Company, including as a director of Goldpac Technology Service Limited (Henggin) since 2018, a director of UMV Technology Limited (Zhuhai) since 2020 and also a director of Zhirong Financial Services Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. since 2021, a director of Goldpac Fintech Hong Kong Limited since 6 July 2022, a director of SecureTech Holdings Limited since 22 July 2022, and a director of Goldpac Fintech Private Limited since 27 November 2022.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. LU served as a project analyst, a project manager and the senior scientific advisor, respectively, of China Regenerative Medicine International Limited (Stock Code: 8158), a company listed on GEM operated by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, from June 2015 to December 2018. Mr. LU served as a research assistant of The University of Hong Kong, Department of Paediatrics and Adolescent Medicine, from December 2010 to May 2012. Mr. LU had not been a Director of any other listed Companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

Mr. LU received the Bachelor of Science (Biotechnology) from The University of Hong Kong in 2008, the Master of Philosophy in Microbiology from the University of Hong Kong in 2010, and also the Doctor of Philosophy in Immunology from The University of Hong Kong in 2015.

Mr. LU is the son of Chairman LU. He is also the nephew of Mr. LU Runyi, who is an executive Director and senior vice president of the Company.

盧威廉先生(前度姓名「威廉 | 及 「凌威 廉 1),37歳,於2017年5月18日加入本集 團並獲委任為非執行董事。其於2019年3 月15日調任為執行董事,並於2021年1月 22日獲委任為本公司高級副總裁。盧先生 於支付行業擁有超過6年經驗,於生物醫 學研究和科研項目管理方面擁有超過10年 的經驗。盧先生亦擔任本公司六家附屬公 司的董事,自2018年起擔任金邦達科技服 務(橫琴)有限公司董事,自2020年起擔任 金科智融科技(珠海)有限公司董事,亦自 2021年起擔任智融金服科技(珠海)有限 公司的董事,自2022年7月6日起担任金邦 达金融科技香港有限公司的董事,自2022 年7月22日起担任SecureTech Holdings Limited的董事,亦自2022年11月27日起担 任Goldpac Fintech Private Limited的董事。

於加入本集團之前,盧先生於2015年6月至2018年12月服務於中國再生醫學國際有限公司(一家於香港聯合交易所有限公司創業板上市的公司,股份代號:8158),曾分別擔任項目分析師、項目經理和資深科學顧問。盧先生於2010年12月至2012年5月擔任香港大學兒科及青少年醫學系研究助理。盧先生於過往三年未曾擔任其他香港或海外上市公司的董事。

盧先生於2008年獲得香港大學科學系生物科技學士學位,於2010年獲得香港大學微生物學哲學碩士學位,並於2015年獲得香港大學免疫學博士學位。

盧先生乃盧主席之子,亦為本公司之執行 董事兼高級副總裁盧潤怡先生之侄子。

Ms. LI Yijin (李易進), aged 53, is an executive Director, the chief audit executive of the Company and company secretary, and joined the Group in 2001 and was appointed as an executive Director with effective from 18 May 2020. She has nearly 30 years of experience in the accounting, auditing and financial reporting matters. Ms. LI was the financial controller of the Company from 2004 to 2012, and was the chief financial officer of the Company from 2012 to April 2019, and has been designated as the chief audit executive of the Company since May 2019. Ms. LI has also served as supervisors of three subsidiaries of the Company, supervisors of Goldpac Fintech (Zhuhai) Limited Company and UMV Technology Limited (Zhuhai) since 2020, and a supervisor of Zhirong Financial Services Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. since 2021.

Ms. LI received an Executive Master of Business Administration degree from the Hong Kong University of Science & Technology in November 2012. Ms. LI has been a member of CPA (Certified Public Accountants) Australia since October 2004, a Fellow of CPA Australia (FCPA) since May 2020, and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since May 2013. Ms. LI had not been a director of any other listed companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

李易進女士,53歲,本公司執行董事,公司秘書兼任審計長,於2001年加入本集團,並於2020年5月18日獲委任為執行董事。其於會計、審計及財務報告事宜方的擁有近30年的經驗。李女士自2004年至2012年擔任本公司的財務總監,自2012年至2019年4月擔任本公司的首席財務計畫至少士擔任本公司三家附屬公司之時不至2020年起擔任本公司之附屬公司及金科智、本邦達金融科技發展有限公司的監事,亦自2021年起擔任本公司之附屬公司智融金服科技(珠海)有限公司監事。

李女士於2012年11月獲得香港科技大學的行政人員工商管理碩士學位。李女士自2004年10月起為澳洲會計師公會會員,自2020年5月起為澳洲會計師公會資深會員,自2013年5月起為香港會計師公會會員。李女士於過往三年未曾擔任其他香港或海外上市公司的董事。

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin (麥永森) (also known as Mr. MAK Wing Sum), aged 71, is an independent non-executive Director. He joined the Group on 15 November 2013, when he was appointed as an independent non-executive Director. Mr. MAK is currently an independent non-executive director of Hong Kong Technology Venture Company Limited (formerly known as Hong Kong Television Network Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 1137), Luk Fook Holdings (International) Limited (Stock Code: 590), Lai Fung Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1125), Crystal International Group Limited (Stock Code: 2232) and K Cash Corporation Limited (Stock Code: 2483). He was also an independent non-executive director of I.T. Limited (Stock Code: 999) from 31 March, 2012 to December 2, 2019. Mr. Mak is a member of Hong Kong Housing Society, and is currently a member of its Supervisory Board and Finance Committee. Mr. MAK, after working in Citibank for over 26 years, went into his retirement in April 2012. Whilst at Citibank, he has held various senior positions, managing the regional global asset management business and financial control for North Asia, he last served as the Head of Markets and Banking for Citibank Hong Kong.

Mr. MAK graduated from the University of Toronto in Canada with a Bachelor of Commerce degree in June 1976. He has been a Chartered Accountant of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants since September 1979, a Chartered Professional Accountant of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants since November 2012 and currently also a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Save as disclosed herein, Mr. MAK had not been a director of any other listed companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

### 獨立非執行董事

麥永森先生,71歳,獨立非執行董事。他 於2013年11月15日加入本集團並獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。麥先生目前擔任香港科 技探索有限公司(前稱為香港電視網絡有 限公司,一家於聯交所上市的公司,股份 代號:1137)、六福集團(國際)有限公司 (股份代號:590)、麗豐控股有限公司(股 份代號:1125)、晶苑國際集團有限公司 (股份代號:2232)以及K Cash集團有限公 司(股份代號:2483)的獨立非執行董事。 彼亦於2012年3月31日至2019年12月2日服 務於I.T. Limited(股份代號: 999), 曾擔任 獨立非執行董事。麥先生作為香港房屋協 會委員,現任該協會監事會及融資委員會 委員。在花旗銀行工作超過26年之後,於 2012年4月退休。彼於花旗銀行任職期間, 曾出任多個高級職位,包括管理北亞地區 的全球資產管理業務及財務控制,在香港 花旗銀行最後擔任的職務為市場及銀行業 務主管。

麥先生於1976年6月畢業於加拿大多倫多大學,獲得商業學士學位。他自1979年9月起為加拿大特許會計師公會會員,自2012年11月起為加拿大特許會計師公會計師公會計事業會計師,目前亦是香港會計師公會會員。除前述所披露者外,麥先生於過往三年未曾擔任其他香港或海外上市公司的董事。

**Ms. YE Lu** (葉淥), aged 61, is an independent non-executive Director. She joined the Group on 18 May 2017 when she was appointed as an independent non-executive Director.

Ms. YE Lu has more than 30 years of experience in cross border commercial dispute resolution. Ms. YE joined King & Wood Mallesons in 2004, and is currently a partner of King & Wood Mallesons. Ms. YE was a member the Council of Singapore Court of International Arbitration and a member of the Council of the London Court of International Arbitration. She is currently a director of the Council of the Singapore Court of International Arbitration, and also an arbitrator of China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission, Hong Kong International Arbitration Center and Singapore International Arbitration Center.

Ms. YE received the Bachelor of Laws from the Law School of Peking University in June 1983, and received the Master of Laws from the Law School of Chinese Academy of Social Sciences in June 1986, and also received the Master of Laws from the Harvard Law School in June 1994. Ms. YE is qualified as a lawyer in the People's Republic of China and has passed New York State Bar Exam. Ms. YE had not been a director of any other listed companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

葉淥女士,61歲,獨立非執行董事。她於 2017年5月18日加入本集團並獲任為獨立 非執行董事。

葉淥女士在跨境商業糾紛解決領域有超過30年的經驗。葉女士於2004年加入金杜律師事務所,目前為金杜律師事務所,目前為金杜律師,就完立曾為新加坡國際仲裁院理事會理,明中國際仲裁院理事會董事,與中國際經濟貿易仲裁員以及新加坡國際仲裁中被員以及新加坡國際仲裁向中裁員。

葉女士於1983年6月獲得北京大學法學院 法學學士學位,於1986年6月獲得中國社 會科學院研究生院法學碩士學位,並於 1994年6月獲得美國哈佛大學法學院法學 碩士學位。葉女士擁有中國執業律師資格, 并通過美國紐約州執業律師資格考試。葉 女士於過往三年未曾擔任其他香港或海外 上市公司董事。

Mr. LAI Tung Kwok (黎 棟國), aged 72, joined the Company as independent non-executive Director on 17 May 2022. He was awarded GBS (Golden Bauhinia Star), SBS (Silver Bauhinia Star), IDSM (Immigration Distinguished Service Medals), JP (Justice of the Peace), former Secretary for Security of Hong Kong, the Executive Vice Chairman of the New People's Party.

Mr. LAI joined the Immigration Department as Assistant Immigration Officer in 1973. He was appointed by the Central People's Government as Director of Immigration from 2002 to 2008, by the Chief Executive as Under Secretary of Security of Hong Kong from 2009 to 2012 and by the Central People's Government as Secretary of Security of Hong Kong from 2012 to 2017. Mr. LAI has been the executive Vice Chairman of the New People's Party since 2018 and has been a Legislative Council member (Election Committee) of the HKSAR since 1 January 2022.

Mr. LAI Tung Kwok received Bachelor of Laws (Honours) from University of London (External) in 1989. Mr. LAI had not been a director of any other listed companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

黎 棟 國 先 生 , 72 歲 , 於 2022年5月17日 加入 本 集團 並 獲 委 任 為 獨 立 非 執 行 董 事 。 黎 先 生 榮 獲 GBS ( 金 紫 荊 星 章 ) 、 SBS ( 銀 紫 荊 星 章 ) 、 IDSM ( 入 境 事 務 卓 越 獎 章 ) 、 JP ( 太 平 紳 士 ) , 香港 特 別 行 政 區 前 保 安 局 局 長 , 新 民 黨 常 務 副 主 席 。

黎先生1973年入職人民入境事務處(回歸後改稱入境事務處)為助理入境事務主任,彼於2002至2008年獲中央人民政府委任為香港入境事務處處長,2009至2012年獲行政長官委任為香港保安局副局長,2012至2017年獲中央人民政府委任為香港保安局局長。彼於2018年加入新民黨,任常務副主席至今,並於2022年1月1日擔任香港特別行政區立法會議員(選舉委員會)。

黎棟國先生於1989年獲得倫敦大學(校外課程)法學士。黎先生於過往三年未曾擔任其他香港或海外上市公司的董事。

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

### 高級管理層

Name 姓名	Gender 性別	Age 年齢	Position 職務	
LI Yingjie 利應傑	Male 男	41	Chief Financial Officer 首席財務官	
LI Yijin 李易進	Female 女	53	Chief Audit Executive 審計長	

Mr. LI Yingjie (利應傑), aged 41, is the chief financial officer of the Company, and joined the Group in 2014. He is primarily responsible for the management of the accounting and finance departments of the Group. Mr. LI has more than 15 years of experience in accounting and auditing. He was the director of internal audit of the Company from September 2014 to April 2019, and has served as the chief financial officer of the Company since May 2019.

利應傑先生,41歲,本公司首席財務官, 於2014年加入本集團。他主要負責管理本 集團的會計及財務部門。利先生於會計和 審計領域擁有超過15年的經驗。他自2014 年9月至2019年4月擔任本公司的內部審計 總監,並自2019年5月起擔任本公司首席 財務官。

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. LI worked as the manager of internal audit in Galaxy Entertainment Group Limited (a company listed on the Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 27) from 2010 to 2014, and acted as senior auditor in Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu from 2005 to 2010. He graduated from Sun Yat-sen University and received a bachelor of arts in 2005. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. LI had not been a director of any other listed companies in Hong Kong or overseas in the past three years.

**Ms. LI Yijin**(李易進), aged 53, is the chief audit executive of the Company, and joined the Group in 2001. She is responsible for the internal control matters of the Group.

Please refer to the paragraph headed "Directors and Senior Management — Executive Directors" above for the biography of Ms. Ll.

於加入本集團前,利先生於2010年至2014年間擔任銀河娛樂集團有限公司(一家於聯交所上市的公司,股份代號:27)內部審計部門經理,並於2005年至2010年間於德勤關黃陳方會計師行擔任高級審計師分響,獲文學學士學位。利先生為特許公認會計師公會資深會員。利先生於過往三年未曾擔任其他香港或海外上市公司的董事。

李易進女士,53歲,為本公司審計長,於 2001年加入本集團,負責本集團的內審事 宜。

有關李女士的履歷詳情請參閱上文「董事 及高級管理層 — 執行董事」一段。

Financial catements 財務報告

# DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層(續)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

**Ms. LI Yijin**(李易進), aged 53, is the company secretary of the Company, and joined the Group in 2001. She is responsible for the secretarial matters of the Group.

Please refer to the paragraph headed "Directors and Senior Management — Executive Directors" above for the biography of Ms. Ll.

#### **CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS**

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information on Directors are as follows:

- Mr. LU Wai Lim changed his English name from LING Wai Lim to LU Wai Lim. The effective date of the change was 11 December 2023.
- 2. Mr. Mak Wing Sum Alvin has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of K Cash Group Limited (Stock Code: 2483) since 5 December 2023.

Save as disclosed above, during the year and up to the date of this report, there is no other changes in information of Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

### 公司秘書

李易進女士,53歲,為本公司的公司秘書, 於2001年加入本集團,負責本集團的公司 秘書事宜。

有關李女士的履歷詳情請參閱上文「董事及高級管理層 — 執行董事」一段。

### 董事資料變更

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條規定,有關董事資料的變更如下:

- 1. 盧威廉先生將其英文名從LING Wai Lim改為LU Wai Lim。生效日期為 2023年12月11日。
- 2. 麥永森先生自2023年12月5日起擔任K Cash集團有限公司(股份代號: 2483)的獨立非執行董事。

除上述的披露外,於本年度至自本報告發佈之日,根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條規定,沒有其他需要披露的董事資料變更。



### **ABOUT THE REPORT**

### Introduction

The Group (or we) prepared and released the Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") Report 2023 ("**Report**"), which is in compliance with the ESG Reporting Guide set out in Appendix C2 of the Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") and is based on the Group's actual conditions. The Report presents the Group's environmental and social policies, strategies, practices and performance in 2023. For more information on corporate governance, please refer to the "Corporate Governance Report" of the annual report.

## Reporting Period and Scope

This Report supplements the remaining parts of the Group's annual report and discloses performance and progress on sustainable development from 1 January to 31 December 2023. The scope of this Report covers the Company and its major subsidiaries. The information stated in this Report was obtained from the Group's various reports and records of daily operations.

### **Reporting Principles**

Materiality: We conduct stakeholder communication and materiality assessments annually to identify significant environmental, social and governance issues. For more details, please refer to "Stakeholder Communication and Engagement" and "Materiality Assessment" sections.

Quantitative: The standards, methodologies and source of conversion factors used in calculating the data are disclosed in due course.

Consistency: This Report has been prepared in a consistent manner with previous years in order to enhance coherence and provide a meaningful comparison with previous years' performance. Appropriate disclosure and explanation will be provided for any changes in methodologies.

### 關於本報告

#### 報告概要

本集團(或我們)根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市規則附錄C2《環境、社會及管治報告指引》的要求以及本集團實際情況,編制並發佈2023年度的《環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)報告》(「本報告」)。本報告概述了本集團2023年度在環境和社會相關領域的方針、策略、實踐及表現。有關企業管治的資料,請參閱本年報「企業管治報告」部分。

### 報告期間及範圍

本報告披露本集團於2023年1月1日至2023年12月31日的可持續發展表現和進展情況,與年報其餘內容相輔相成。本報告範圍涵蓋本公司及其主要附屬公司,所載資料皆來自本集團各類報告或日常作業記錄。

### 滙報原則

重要性:我們每年進行利益相關方溝通及 重要性評估,以識別與環境、社會及管治 相關的重大議題。更多詳情請參閱「利益 相關方溝通及參與」及「重要性議題評估」 章節。

量化:我們適時附註列明計算數據時採用 的標準、方法以及所使用的轉換係數來源。

一致性:我們採用與往年一致的編備方式編制本報告,旨在增強連貫性及與往年表現作出更有意義的比較。所採用方法如有變動,將提供適當披露及解釋。

#### **Feedback**

The Group considers sustainable development as its imperative long-term goal. We would highly appreciate any comments on improving the content and information delivery of this Report. If you have any queries or suggestions, please feel free to contact us.

#### **Contacts**

Goldpac Group Limited

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Telephone: (852) 2838 6202 Fax: (852) 2834 6759

Email: goldpac@goldpac.com

#### SUSTAINABILITY MANAGEMENT

### **Governance Structure**

As one of the major suppliers in offering smart secure payment total solutions in the world, the Group upholds the mission of "Making Transactions More Secure and Convenient" and the vision of "Becoming a Trustworthy Provider for Fintech Products and Services" to deliver quality products and services for customers across the world.

The Board understands the importance of sustainable development for the community and the Group itself, actively integrates ESG factors into important business decisions and is committed to being a responsible leader in the industry. The Board is ultimately responsible for the Group's ESG issues and the Board acknowledges its responsibility to ensure the integrity of the Report and to the best of its knowledge that this Report addresses all material issues and fairly presents the Group's ESG performance. The Board confirms that it has reviewed and approved this Report.

We simultaneously hold certifications by Visa, MasterCard, American Express, China UnionPay, JCB and Diners Club. Ensuring product quality and customer data security are defined as our top priorities. At the same time, we endeavour to explore and investigate suitable corporate operational processes to cohere with the Group's sustainability development pattern. The Group successfully obtained SA8000 certification for its social responsibility management system and was awarded the "2022 CLS•ESG ZhiYuan Award - Social (S) Pioneer Enterprise Award" in 2022. The Group won the "2023 CLS•ESG ZhiYuan Award -Governance (G) Pioneer Enterprise Award" for its outstanding achievements in the areas of fintech digitalisation strategy, industry competitiveness, sustainable development and shareholder rewarded policy.

#### 意見反饋

本集團視可持續發展為長遠發展方針。我 們高度重視您對本報告內容或信息傳達方 面的寶貴意見。若 閣下對本報告有任何 疑問或建議,歡迎隨時聯繫我們。

#### 聯繫方式

金邦達寶嘉控股有限公司

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東亞銀行港灣中心

13層1301室 電話: (852) 2838 6202 (852) 2834 6759 goldpac@goldpac.com

### 可持續發展管理

### 管治架構

本集團作為全球智能交易整體解決方案的 最主要供應商之一,以[讓交易更安全、更 便捷]為使命,以「成為值得信賴的金融科 技產品和服務提供商」為願景,為全球客 戶提供優質的產品與服務。

本集團董事會深知可持續發展對社會及企 業自身發展的重要性,積極將ESG因素融 入重要業務決策中,矢志成為負責任的行 業領導者。董事會對本集團ESG管治工作 及報告負最終責任, 肩負起確保本報告的 完整性的責任,承諾公正地披露ESG表現, 及盡其所知涵蓋所有有關的重大事宜。董 事會已審閱批准本報告。

本集團同時獲得Visa、萬事達卡、美國運 通、中國銀聯、JCB和大萊六大信用卡組織 認證。保證產品質量和客戶數據安全是本 集團的首要工作。同時,我們更是在企業 運營過程中不斷發掘、探討和嘗試適合本 集團的可持續發展模式。2022年,本集團 成功通過SA8000社會責任管理體系認證, 並憑藉在金融科技數字化戰略、行業競 爭力、可持續發展、股東回饋政策等領域 的突出實踐成果,繼獲得2022財聯社ESG 致遠獎•社會(S)先鋒企業獎後,再榮獲 2023財聯社致遠獎 • 公司治理(G)先鋒企 業獎。

The Group is committed to integrating its businesses with the development of environment and society, pursuing a sustainable development. We have established an effective ESG governance structure: the Board is responsible for making decisions on ESG management policies and strategies, assessing and identifying ESG-related risks, overseeing the implementation of related matters and the approval of ESG reports; management and management representative are responsible for formulating ESG-related measures in accordance with ESG management policies, and reporting implementation progress and feedback; employees of all departments are the practitioners of ESG works, who implement ESG measures into their daily practice. During the year, we continued to promote the collection and reporting of environmental and social performance information through collaboration among various departments, e.g. internal control department, corporate business management department, human resource department, administration department, engineering department and etc. Staff at all levels fully cooperated with sustainability management work to implement the concept of sustainable development into practice.



In order to manage sustainable development better, we continuously communicate with stakeholders, assess and prioritise the identified ESG issues based on their materiality, and set up key goals and work plans. For goals and measures, please refer to "Environmental Management" section.

The Board oversees the overall management of the Group's risks, continually overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control system and reviewing their effectiveness through Audit Committee. The Group has in place a risk management framework, which enables the Group to adopt a proactive and systematic approach to identify and manage risks (including ESG-related risks) as well as to evaluate risk severity and likelihood of occurrence.

To achieve environmental sustainability, the Group complies with all related environmental laws, regulations (Appendix 1) and standards. Starting from the energy saving, emission reduction and waste management as key aspects, we established a series of internal procedures and systems to help our employees properly handle the wastes generated in the operation process. As a result, we are able to enhance operation efficiency, reduce the negative impact on the environment, and fully shoulder the responsibility of environmental protection.

The Group not only abides by relevant laws and regulations relating to employment and safety (Appendix 1), but also pays considerable attention to employee welfare and safety, and at the same time it devotes itself to a well-established management and training system, offering employees a broader development space in an inclusive, fair, safe, healthy and harmonious work environment, to realise the talents sustainable development.

Appendix 1 presents the list including but not limited to laws and regulations relating to ESG issues and with significant impacts on the Group.

### Stakeholder Communication and Engagement

We are grateful to every stakeholder for their support on our growth and improvement. In order to lay a solid foundation for the success of our sustainable development, we have made great efforts to understand opinions suggested by stakeholders, e.g. investors, customers, suppliers, employees, community. We have established multiple communication channels for stakeholders to deliver their comments on our ESG performance and future policies to us.

為更好進行可持續發展管理,我們與各利益相關方持續溝通,對識別出的ESG議題進行重要性評估和排序,制定重要目標及工作計劃。有關目標及措施,請查閱「環境管理」章節。

董事會全權監督本集團整體的風險管理, 持續監控本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統,並透過審核委員會檢討其成效。本集 團建立了風險管理辦法,該辦法為集團提 供一個清晰和系統的方法去識別和管理風 險(包括ESG相關風險),以及評估風險的 嚴重性和發生的機率。

為實現環境可持續發展,本集團遵從與運營和產品有關的環境法律法規(附錄1)及標準,以節能減排和廢棄物管理為重點,通過制定一系列的內部程序和制度,使高營工能夠更有效地妥善處理廢棄物,提高營運效率,減少對環境的負面影響,全面肩負對環境保護的責任。

本集團不僅遵守相關僱傭和安全法規(附錄1),而且關注員工的福利和身心健康安全,為員工提供包容、公平、安全、健康、愉快的工作環境,同時通過完善的管理程序和培訓,為員工提供充分的發展空間,實現人才可持續發展。

附錄1呈列包括但不限於與環境、社會及 管治議題相關且對本集團具有重大影響的 主要法律法規列表。

### 利益相關方溝通及參與

本集團的成長與進步離不開各利益相關方 的支持,因此我們努力了解投資者、客戶 供貨商、員工、社區等利益相關方的共 及訴求,致力為各利益相關方創造持久 值,為本集團的持續發展奠定良好基礎。 本集團建立了多重溝通渠道,以便各利益 相關方向我們傳遞他們對於可持續發展績 效和未來政策的意見。

Stakeholders 利益相關方	Areas of concern 關注領域	Communication and engagement channels 溝通及參與渠道
Investors	<ul> <li>Financial performance</li> <li>Business strategies</li> <li>Operation in conformance of laws and regulations and corporate governance</li> <li>Sustainable development and risk control</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual general meeting</li> <li>Regular disclosure on financial and operational information</li> <li>Investor relations management</li> <li>The Group's website</li> <li>Social media, e.g. WeChat official account</li> </ul>
投資者	<ul><li>財務表現</li><li>業務策略</li><li>合規經營與企業管治</li><li>可持續發展與風險管控</li></ul>	<ul><li>股東大會</li><li>定期披露財務信息及運營信息</li><li>投資者關係管理</li><li>本集團網站</li><li>社交媒體,如微信官方公眾號</li></ul>
Customers	<ul><li>Product and service quality</li><li>Client information security</li><li>Business ethics</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Customer service specialist</li> <li>Customer satisfaction survey</li> <li>The Group's website</li> <li>Social media, e.g. WeChat official account</li> </ul>
客戶	<ul><li>產品及服務質量</li><li>客戶信息安全</li><li>商業操守</li></ul>	<ul><li>客戶服務專員</li><li>客戶滿意度調查</li><li>本集團網站</li><li>社交媒體,如微信官方公眾號</li></ul>
Suppliers	<ul> <li>Fair competition and dealing</li> <li>Mutual benefit and long-term cooperation</li> <li>Business ethics</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Supplier site visit</li><li>Regular assessments</li><li>Continuous direct communications</li></ul>
供貨商	<ul><li>公平競爭與交易</li><li>互利共贏與長期合作</li><li>商業操守</li></ul>	<ul><li>供貨商現場走訪</li><li>定期評估</li><li>持續直接溝通</li></ul>
Employees	<ul> <li>Training and development</li> <li>Remuneration and welfare policies</li> <li>Occupational health and safety</li> <li>Equal opportunities and culture inclusion</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Management mailbox</li><li>Performance assessments</li><li>Employee training</li><li>Internal exchange forum</li></ul>
員工	<ul><li>培訓與發展</li><li>薪酬及福利政策</li><li>職業健康及安全</li><li>平等機會與文化包容</li></ul>	<ul><li>管理層信箱</li><li>績效評估</li><li>員工培訓</li><li>內部交流座談會</li></ul>
Community	<ul><li>Fair employment and opportunities</li><li>Environmental protection</li><li>Epidemic prevention and control</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Regular communications to pay attention to society issues and neighborhood</li> <li>Social Media, e.g. WeChat Official Account</li> <li>Community activities</li> </ul>
社區	<ul><li>公平就業機會</li><li>環境保護</li><li>疫情防控</li></ul>	<ul><li>定期溝通,關注社會民生</li><li>社交媒體,如微信官方公眾號</li><li>社區活動</li></ul>
Government	<ul> <li>Operation in compliance with laws and regulations</li> <li>Business strategies and sustainability</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Forums, thematic meetings, trainings</li><li>Visiting relevant government departments</li><li>Regular compliance reports</li></ul>
政府	<ul><li>合規經營</li><li>商業策略及可持續性</li></ul>	<ul><li>論壇、專題會議、培訓</li><li>走訪政府相關部門</li><li>定期合規報告</li></ul>

We believe that proactive two-way communications with stakeholders will help formulate business strategies better conforming to their expectations and requirements, improve the ability of risk forecast, strengthen crucial relationships, and finally realise sustainable development in economies, society and environment together.

我們堅信,與各利益相關方的積極雙向溝 通,有助於我們制訂更加符合其需求與期 望的業務戰略,提升風險預見能力,鞏固 重要關係,携手各方共同實現經濟、社會 和環境的可持續發展。

### **Materiality Assessment**

We identified 26 ESG issues with reference to industry-related laws and regulations, the important topics identified by global industry peers, the business scope of the Group, ESG risks identified, macro policies and hot topics. Questionnaires and interviews were conducted to understand the views of management and stakeholders on these issues, and to assess the materiality of these issues. The results serve as an important basis for the preparation of this Report and the promotion of future sustainable development efforts. The assessment result has been reviewed and approved by the Board.

### 重要性議題評估

本集團通過參考行業相關法律法規及全球同行已識別的議題,結合集團經營範圍 ESG風險識別、宏觀政策及熱點等共梳理 出26項ESG議題。我們通過問卷期關 談的方式,了解管理層和各利益相關的 這些議題的看法,從而對這些議題的看法 性進行評估。其結果作為編寫本報告和 升未來可持續發展工作的重要依據和基礎。 本年度評估結果已提交至董事會審核確認。

重要性評估 Materiality Assessment

非常重要 Very Important



重要 Important

利益相關方 Stakeholder

### Financial Statements 財務報告

#### Environment Protection 環境保護

- 1. Usage and recycling of materials 物料的使用及回收再利用情况
- 2. Energy consumption and saving measures 能源消耗及節能措施
- 3. Usage of water resources and saving measures 水資源使用及節水措施
- 4. Greenhouse gas emissions and reduction measures 溫室氣體排放及減排措施
- 5. Wastes and their disposal 廢棄物的產生及處置
- 6. Air pollutant emissions and reduction measures 廢氣排放及減排措施

- 7. Wasted water discharge and reduction measures 廢水排放及減排措施
- 8. R&D on clean technologies and green products 清潔技術及綠色產品的研究與開發
- 9. Compliance with environmental laws and regulations 遵守環境法律法規情況
- 10. Protection of biodiversity 保護生物多樣性
- 11. Concerns for and responses to climate change 關注及應對氣候變化

#### Employee Policy 員工政策

- 12. Talent management policies and status 人才管理政策及現狀
- 13. Protection of employees occupational health and safety 保障僱員職業健康與安全
- 14. Employee development and training 僱員發展與培訓

- 15. Internal communications 內部溝通情況
- 16. Anti-Child and Anti-Forced labour 反童工及反強制勞工
- 17. Compliance with laws and regulations of protection of labour rights and interests 遵守勞工權益保障法律法規情況

#### Operation Management 運營管理

- 18. Guarantee of products and services quality 保障產品及服務質量
- 19. Protection of information security 保障信息安全
- 20. Handling of customer complaints and enhancement of customer satisfactory level 處理客戶投訴及提升客戶滿意度
- 21. Protection of intellectual properties and research findings 保護知識產權及研究成果
- 22. Compliance with industry-specific laws and regulations, and business ethics 遵守行業法律法規及商業道德
- 23. Supplier status 供應商現狀
- 24. Supplier policies and management 供應商政策及管理
- 25. Anti-Corruption policies and performance 反貪污政策及表現

### Community Contribution 社區貢獻

26. Community engagement 社區參與

Looking ahead, we will interact with stakeholders and review our performance as always. We persist in taking the social and environmental responsibilities, optimising our sustainability initiatives and integrating our business with environmental management and social impact to stimulate business growth.

展望未來,我們會持續與各利益相關方開展溝通工作,檢視自身發展表現。我們將繼續肩負社會和環境責任,優化各項促進可持續發展的相關措施,持續把業務與環境管理及社會影響相結合,致力促進業務增長。

# INFORMATION SECURITY AND DATA PROTECTION

The Group believes that information security is the primary prerequisite for creating secure and quality financial technology services, and we have always attached a strategic importance on the application of information security technologies and the protection of information security.

The Group strictly complies with applicable laws and regulations and adheres to information security and data protection. The compliance risk of newly issued laws, regulations and regulatory requirements is also a key concern. As one of the global leaders in total solutions in the field of smart and secure payments, the Group has established its management system regarding to information security and data protection in strict compliance with the ISO27001 information security management system and the PCI (Payment Card Industry) Data Security Standard. The Group has also passed the Security Accreditation Scheme of GSMA, the Global System for Mobile Communications Association. Our R&D environment has also passed on-site testing for security certification by the International Chip Card Standardisation Organisation (EMVCo). The Group engages third-party organisations to conduct system compliance inspections annually, which can effectively ensure the reliability of the Group's management system of information security and data protection. Meanwhile, the Information Security Management System Manual and its subordinate documents were issued to all the staffs within the Group, in order to comprehensively define the security management structure and information security objectives and planning, and specify the specific security requirements for information processing.

### 信息安全與數據保護

本集團堅信保障信息安全是創造安全、優質金融科技服務的首要前提,我們始終把 對信息安全技術的應用和信息安全的保護 放在重要的戰略地位。

本集團嚴格遵守適用的法律及法規,堅 守信息安全與數據保護。新發佈法律法 規和監管要求的合規風險亦是需要時刻 關注的關鍵。作為全球智能安全支付領 域整體解決方案的引領者之一,本集團 嚴格按照國際標准化組織的信息安全管 理 體 系(ISO27001)和 全 球 支 付 卡 行 業 PCI(Payment Card Industry)數據安全標 準(Data Security Standard)建立了本集 團的信息安全與數據保護的安全管理體 系。本集團已獲得全球移動通信系統協會 GSMA的安全認證(Security Accreditation Scheme),我們的研發環境亦通過了國際 芯片卡標準化組織(EMVCo)安全認證現場 測評等。本集團每年聘請第三方機構進行 體系符合度檢查,能有效保證本集團信息 安全與數據保護的安全管理體系的可靠性。 我們亦向全體員工頒布《信息安全管理體 系手冊》及其下級文件,全面定義了安全 管理架構與信息安全目標、規劃等,明確 了信息處理的具體安全要求。

Based on the nature of technological innovation in the Group. we have continuously increased our investment in digital transformation and platform building, proactively using information technologies to identify and control risks with a comprehensive upgrade of the information security system software and hardware. The Group was granted by the certifications of ISO/IEC20000 Information Technology Service Management System in 2020, CMMI Maturity Level 5 – Optimisation Level (the highest level internationally used to evaluate the maturity of an enterprise's software development capabilities) in 2021, and ITSS (Information Technology Service Standards) Information Technology Operation and Maintenance Service Capability Maturity Level 3 in 2022. And in 2023, the Group successfully passed the CMMI Maturity Level 5 reassessment. The development of Internet technologies increases the risk of hacking attacks, which are continuous and constantly changing. The Group's top management has authorised the Information Security Management Team to formulate information security policies, taking into account the internal and external circumstances of the Group. We consistently adhere to the information security policy of "full participation, prevention-oriented, risk control and continuous improvement", doing a comprehensive job in all-oriented information security control and data protection. We are committed to providing a safer, more convenient and more accurate services to our customers.

基於本集團的科技創新基因,我們持續加 大對數字化轉型和平台建設的投入,積極 運用信息技術,識別預防和控制風險,對 信息安全系統軟件和硬件進行全面升級。 繼本集團於2020年通過ISO/IEC20000信息 技術服務管理體系認證、2021年通過國 際上用於評價企業軟件開發能力成熟度的 CMMI最高級別五級-優化級認證、2022 年通過ITSS信息技術運行維護服務能力成 熟度三級認證後,本集團於2023年再次順 利通過CMMI L5高成熟度複評。互聯網技 術的發展會帶來黑客攻擊風險,這些風險 都是持續的、不斷發展變化的。本集團最 高管理層授權信息安全管理小組,結合集 團內部和外部情況制定信息安全方針,我 們始終堅持「全員參與、預防為主、控制風 險、持續改進」的信息安全方針,全面做好 各項信息安全管控和數據保護工作,致力 於為客戶提供更安全、更便捷、更準確的

The Group emphasises the risk awareness in information security among its internal staff, based on the management of employees with "integrity" as the primary element of its corporate culture and values, and prevent security issues through efficient implementation of security systems and comprehensive internal oversight checks. The Group permeates the management of information security in all aspects of its operations. Through safety awareness training, all staff to be equipped with risk awareness, actively participate in the safety management process, and assume the corresponding safety responsibilities. When signing employment contracts, employees are required to sign a Non-Disclosure Agreement. We also insist on doing annual information security training for all staff and quarterly information security training for professional information security positions to improve staff's risk awareness, and continuously optimise the security system through risk assessment. In daily work, the Group continuously enhances the security awareness of employees. The Group forbids any employees to send information to unauthorised colleagues or outsiders, or duplicate any confidential information and/or sensitive information.

Apart from educating and popularising information security management within the Group, the Group also assists local community to promote anti-fraud training to raise public awareness of the need to protect sensitive information. We are also subject to security checks by industry regulators, card organisations, customers and professional bodies at all times. We successfully passed the annual certification audit and flight inspection of China UnionPay, as well as the industry management on-site audit and regulatory assessment of over 200 customers, which again ensured the reliability of our services and achieved high standards of security management.

本集團強調內部人員信息安全風險意識, 以「誠信 | 為企業文化和價值觀的首要因 素,以人員管理為基礎,通過安全體系和 制度建設高效執行、全面的內部監督檢查, 預防安全問題的發生。本集團將信息安全 的管理滲透至運營的各個環節。通過全員 安全意識培訓使員工具備風險意識,積極 主動的參與安全管理過程,並承擔相應的 安全責任。簽訂僱傭合約時,員工須簽訂 《保密協議》。並且堅持對全員做信息安全 年度培訓和信息安全專業崗位的季度信息 安全培訓,持續進行安全意識培訓以確保 員工風險意識的不斷提升,並通過風險評 估不斷優化安全體系。日常工作中,本集 團不斷增強員工的安全意識,禁止任何員 工擅自將信息發送給未經授權的同事或外 部人員,亦嚴禁複製任何保密及/或敏感 信息。

除了對集團內進行信息安全管理的教育和普及,本集團也協助社區推進反欺詐培訓和宣導,提高市民對保護敏感信息的記識。我們亦隨時接受行業監管機構、卡通過過大學可國銀聯年度認證審核和飛行檢查,與年週過以下數學的一個人工。 200多家客戶的行業管理現場審核和監管,再次保證我們服務的可靠性,實現高標準的安全管理。

### **Product and Service Quality**

Following the quality policy "All for better meeting customer requirements, exceeding customer expectations and improving customer satisfaction!", the Group pursues to achieve operational excellence in line with the value of "Customer-oriented". Guided by such policy, the Group has established a quality management system supported by a set of policy documents, e.g. *Quality Manual for Payment Products, Quality Manual for Data Processing Services* and subordinate documents. The Group has successfully renewed the ISO9001 Quality Management System Certificate in 2022 (valid until 2024). With the joint efforts of all departments, our products and services are subject to strict safety standards and comply with the requirements of relevant laws and regulations. The Group has been granted certifications by the six global credit card organisations.

Regarding product quality, we have established quality management department, which is in charge of carrying out quality check during the operating process for raw materials, goods in progress and finished goods, in accordance with quality management system and industry requirements. Unqualified products will be analysed and reviewed, adjusted, improved, re-manufactured or even disposed according to the *Unqualified Products Control Procedure*. If the products need to be recalled, we will arrange the logistics provider to pick up and return the products, and quality management department will be responsible for the return inspection of the products. Those products will be adjusted, improved or re-manufactured based on the specific situations, and then re-deliver to customers. In 2023, there was no occurrence of any recall of the Group's products sold or delivered due to safety and health concerns.

### 營運卓越

本集團承諾遵守最高標準的商業道德及誠 信要求,這與我們的營運息息相關,也是 我們的競爭優勢。

### 產品及服務質量

本集團以『一切為了更好地滿足客戶的需求,超越客戶的期望,持續提高客戶滿意度!』為質量方針,本著『以客戶為中心方質值觀,致力追求運營卓越。在上述方針的指引下,本集團建立了一套完整自量管理體系文件,例如《支付產品質上數據處理服務質量手冊》及其質不過數據處理服務質量手冊》及其質不過數據處理服務質量手冊》及其質不過數據處理服務質量手冊》及其質器。在實際表認證(有效期至2024年)。在各實的共同努力下,我們的嚴格的安全標準且符合相關法律法規織資認證。

In terms of customer service, we dedicate in offering high quality services to our customers. The Group leverages the new generation of information technologies such as AI and cloud computing to build a digital UMV platform, which provides customers with one-stop and digitally-integrated services including online card design, online ordering, order tracking and management, inventory management, settlement and payment, smart customer services. At the same time, the Group also has professional sales staff, technicians and customer service staff who are responsible for order tracking and servicing. Both our product quality and services and communication have received a high appraisal from customers. Our Customer Complaint Management Procedure defines the measures and procedures in dealing with customer complaints, by which we effectively enhance our internal management, assist customers to solve problems and continuously improve customer satisfaction according to customer suggestions. We also built a special team to record, internally coordinate and summarise customer complaints for future reference. Derived of the continuous improvement of the product quality management system, there has been a significant improvement in product quality. In 2023, the Group received 28 complaints (47 cases in 2022), mainly related to IC problems, card appearance defect (scratches, chromatic aberration, smudges) and delayed delivery. After receiving customer complaints, we put them on record, verified the contents of customer complaints, informed relevant departments to investigate, worked out solutions and fed back to customers. We followed up customers' opinions after implementing the solutions. For customer complaints received during the year, we provided feedback to customers within two working days, and most of the complaints were closed in the same month or the following month. During 2023, we do not find any cases about privacy leak or significant accidents that have material effects on the Group in terms of product quality and services.

The Group established data processing centres in Zhuhai, Shanghai and Tianjin, and has realised a comprehensive disaster preparedness emergency plan, with all departments on standby at all times to continuously improve business capability with quick response and efficient resolution of customer problems, so as to bring convenient and satisfactory services to customers. During emergencies such as the Covid epidemic, we utilised the advantage of mutual backup of data processing centres in three locations to ensure daily production operation and timely delivery of orders, and provide reliable services and support to financial institution customers.

於客戶服務方面,我們致力為客戶提供優 質服務。本集團利用人工智能、雲計算等 新一代信息技術打造數字化UMV平台,可 為客戶提供在線卡面設計、在線下單、訂 單跟踪與管理、庫存管理、結算支付、智 能客服等一站式、全流程綜合服務。同時, 本集團亦有專業的銷售人員、技術人員及 客戶服務人員對訂單進行跟踪與服務。本 集團的產品質量和服務溝通工作均獲得了 客戶的高度評價。《客戶投訴管理程序》為 我們提供了完善的應對和處理客戶投訴的 措施與流程,幫助我們根據客戶建議,有 效地改善內部管理,協助客戶解決問題, 不斷提高客戶滿意度。我們成立了專責 小組,負責記錄、內部協調和總結所有投 訴,供日後參考。得益於產品質量管理體 系的不斷完善,產品質量保障方面也有顯 著提升。2023年,本集團共接獲投訴28宗 (2022年:47宗),主要是IC類問題、卡片 外觀質量問題(劃痕、色差、臟污等)、延 期交付等導致客戶投訴,在收到客戶的投 訴後,我們對客戶投訴進行立案,核實客 戶投訴的內容,通知相關部門進行調查, 擬定解決方案並反饋給客戶, 在解決方案 實施後跟踪回訪客戶的意見。對年內收到 的客戶投訴,我們均在兩個工作日內向客 戶做出反饋,且大部分投訴均在當月或次 月結案。於本年內,未發現涉及隱私泄露、 對本集團造成重大影響的產品質量與服務 事故。

Financial Statements 財務報告

In 2023, the Group won the Best Support Award on China Guangfa Bank Credit Card Centre Outsourcer Conference. This award is not only a high affirmation in our technology, but also praising for our professional service, which demonstrates the main concept of "creating value for customers" in our business operation.

The Group attaches importance to the protection of intellectual property and has established a comprehensive intellectual property management system through the Intellectual Property Management Manual and other relevant management documents to regulate the management of intellectual property such as patents. trademarks and copyrights. We have renewed the Intellectual Property Management System Certification in 2022 (valid until 2025). The Group focuses on the risks which might be indicated by intellectual property laws and regulations. We identify, obtain and update applicable intellectual property legal information and other requirements in a timely manner and communicate them to employees. And for the intellectual property risks which may be encountered in the R&D activities, we have established the mechanism of patent search, including searching before the establishment of the R&D projects, then tracking during the developing process, and managing after we finalise the output, so as to avoid the duplication of R&D projects, and protect the R&D results. We do application checks before starting the application of patents. And we established a sound patent monitoring mechanism to ensure the patent always presents an available state. We clarify the rights and obligations of intellectual property for both parties in the procurement contract, in order to avoid patent infringement risk and minimise the patent infringement liability. We also monitor our intellectual property rights in the product market, timely track and investigate if our intellectual property rights are infringed, and actively take measures to protect our rights.

The Group also adheres to relevant laws and business ethics in advertising and marketing. All product brochures we provide are reviewed to ensure the completeness and accuracy of information. Product design and use of product logo are strictly in accordance with the requirements of credit card organisations. In 2023, the Group was not aware of any material breaches of laws and regulations relating to privacy, health and safety, advertising, labelling and the products and services provided.

2023年,我們榮獲廣發銀行信用卡中心外包商大會一最佳支持獎。此次獲獎,既是對我們硬核科技實力的高度肯定,也是對我們專業服務精神的高度贊揚,彰顯了我們「為客戶創造價值」的經營理念。

本集團重視對知識產權的保護,通過《知 識產權管理工作手冊》等相關管理文件建 立了完善的知識產權管理體系,對專利、 商標、著作權等知識產權進行全面規范管 理, 並已於2022年成功續期《知識產權管 理體系認證證書》(有效期至2025年)。我 們關注知識產權法律法規風險,及時識別、 獲取及更新可能對企業的生產經營帶來風 險的知識產權法律信息,並傳達給員工; 針對技術研發活動可能遇到的知識產權風 險,建立研發立項前、過程中和產出後的 專利檢索、跟蹤和管理機制,避免重複研 發,保護研發成果;建立專利申請檢索機 制,申請前進行專利申請檢索;建立健全 的專利運營過程監控機制,確保運營的專 利處於有效狀態;加強合同管理,在採購 合同中明確雙方知識產權權利和義務,盡 可能減少和降低專利侵權責任承擔,規避 專利侵權風險;對產品市場實施知識產權 監控,及時跟蹤和調查相關知識產權被侵 權情況,積極採取維權措施。

本集團在廣告宣傳及營銷時亦謹守相關法律和道德要求,我們提供的產品宣傳冊都經過審閱,以確保數據的完整性和準確性。產品的設計及產品標識的使用亦嚴格遵守各信用卡組織的要求。於2023年,本集團並不知悉任何與隱私權、健康及安全、廣告、標籤及所提供的產品和服務有關的嚴重違反法律和法規的行為。

#### **Product Innovation**

The Group has been upholding the core values of "Virtue, Innovation, Efficiency and Cooperation", keeping pace with market development and customer needs, and continuously strengthening technological innovation to forge superior quality. We continue to promote the innovative development of payment diversification and accelerate our digitalisation and platform development strategy to build an innovative ecosystem of secure payment value chain. The Group not only launched its independent and controllable embedded software and products to satisfy the needs of the Chinese market, but also launched embedded software and secure payment products that meet the technical specifications required by international markets and meet the diverse needs of each country through localised development.

The Group and Bank of China Zhuhai Branch signed an agreement on the promotion of digital RMB, jointly building the digital currency innovation pilot site – Zhuhai Fintech Center, and the Group will be responsible for assisting Bank of China Zhuhai Branch to debut the digital RMB hardware wallet products. It is believed that by combining the business characteristics and integrating the advantageous resources of both parties, the "Zhuhai Sample" will be successfully built, with the innovative integration project as a starting point to enrich the application scenarios of digital RMB, and jointly explore the successful application of digital RMB in various fields such as government services, inclusive finance, transport and travelling, payment of living expenses, intelligent parks, smart retail and so on in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area.

### 產品創新

In response to the trend of "contactless" development in vehicle networking industry, the Group has launched NFC (Near Field Communication) secure products, integrating an intelligent secure chip with a CPU processor and NFC wireless communication technology, which enable customers to perform various functions such as door opening and closing, car start-up, smart terminal authorization by a simple gesture. The NFC products designed by the Group stood out from the other candidates and won the Contemporary Good Design (CGD) Award of 2023, which perfectly performs the combination of technology and aesthetics. CGD is an international design award organised by the German Red Dot Award, one of the most authoritative industrial design awards in the world. The Group has been awarded the Contemporary Good Design Award for two consecutive years, which is a testament to our excellent craftsmanship and performance of design, and has been recognised by international authorities and the design industry. In the future, the Group will insist on combing technology and aesthetics, and continuing to lead the innovative development of the fintech industry with outstanding design concepts.

為順應車聯網行業「非接觸式」的發展潮 流,本集團推出了車規級NFC(Near Field Communication,簡稱NFC)安全認證產 品,集成帶有CPU處理器的智能安全芯片 與NFC無線通信技術,使用時,車主只需 在車門處輕輕一揮,即可實現車門開關、 汽車啓動、智能終端授權等多項功能, 一卡賦能智慧出行。該產品在CGD當代好 設計獎(Contemporary Good Design,簡 稱CGD)一眾參賽作品中脱穎而出,斬獲 2023年當代好設計獎,充分詮釋了科技與 美學的完美融合。CGD是由德國紅點獎機 構主辦的國際化設計大獎,是世界權威的 三大工業設計獎之一。本集團連續兩年榮 獲當代好設計獎,是國際權威機構及設計 業界對我們的專業認可,驗證了我們卓越 的匠造工藝和設計實力。未來,本集團將 堅持以科技加持美學,以與時俱進的設計 理念不斷引領金融科技產業的創新發展。



2023 CGD Contemporary Good Design Award 榮獲2023 CGD當代好設計獎



Listed as one of the top fintech enterprises in the 2023 KPMG China Leading Fintech 50 Election 2023年榮登畢馬威中國金融科技企業雙50榜單

The Group was listed as one of the top fintech enterprises in the 2023 KPMG China Leading Fintech 50 Election. The list is one of the most authoritative and influential selections in the industry by which quantitatively evaluating companies in five core dimensions, namely technology and data, innovation and change, popularity of financial services, recognition in the capital market, and foresight in industry development.

本集團2023年榮登畢馬威中國金融科技企 業雙50榜單。榜單從科技與數據、創新與 變革、金融服務普及、資本市場認可度、 行業發展前瞻度五大核心維度,對企業進 行量化評估,已成為業內公認的具有權威 性和影響力的評選榜單之一。

#### **Green Product**

As an excellent technology enterprise, the Group actively undertakes corporate social responsibility, takes the lead in practicing green and low-carbon development, and dedicates to being a green and low-carbon practitioner in the fintech industry.

Through years of technological iterations and breakthroughs in environmental protection, the Group has developed a series of low-carbon and eco-friendly card products, manufactured by degradable materials, recyclable materials and bio-based modified plastics, etc., with special processes and equipment suitable for eco-friendly card products. The Group's eco-friendly card products manufactured by raw materials certified by Underwriters Laboratories ("UL") and INTERTEK have obtained a number of patents on environmental protection.

The Group strives to innovative eco-friendly materials, and has also developed a variety of card products with non-PVC materials, including metal, porcelain, aluminum materials, etc. Cards manufactured by innovative eco-friendly materials have the advantages of high-end texture and long service life, which are favoured by global banking customers.

The Group's eco-friendly card products can effectively reduce the impact on the ecological environment during its whole product life cycle, contributing to reducing plastic usage and carbon emission with technological strength. In addition to low-carbon and eco-friendly card products, we also build a digital full-cycle card issuance platform to create an eco-friendly and low-carbon solution, which contributes to the reduction of carbon emissions during the life cycle of the low-carbon cards.

### 綠色產品

作為一家優秀的科技企業,本集團積極承 擔企業社會責任,率先踐行綠色低碳發展 理念,力爭做金融科技行業的綠色低碳踐 行者。

通過多年來在環保方面的技術迭代與攻克,本集團自主研發了低碳環保系列卡產品,分別採用可降解材料、可循環使用的回收材料和生物基改性塑料等,適合環保卡產品的特殊工藝和設備進行加工、製作而成。本集團環保卡產品使用經過Underwriters Laboratories (「UL」)、INTERTEK認證的原材料,現已獲得多項環保專利。

本集團著力在創新環保材料上下功夫,還研發出多種非PVC材料卡產品,包括金屬、陶瓷、鋁制材質卡等。由創新環保材料製成的卡產品具有質感高端和使用壽命長等優點,深受全球性銀行客戶的喜愛。

本集團環保卡系列產品能有效降低卡片在 製造、使用與廢棄等全產品生命周期對生 態環境的影響,以硬核科技實力助力減排。除低碳環保卡系列產品外,我們以 全球前瞻視野,融合自主搭建的數字化全 周期發卡平台打造了「安全支付環保低碳 解決方案」,有助於低碳卡在生命周期內 減少碳排量。

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Promoting by "Low-Carbon Leads Secure Payment, Technology Innovation Spurts Hardcore Strength", the Group showcased on the international stages (Seamless Europe, Trustech Paris, etc.) with its eco-friendly and low-carbon payment products and solutions, innovative payment products with integrated applications, portable self-service devices, and Al-digital UMV platform, displaying the latest innovations in the field of fintech.

The Group's Low-carbon Secure Payment Solution for secure payment was selected as one of the excellent cases of green finance in the first "Golden Lion" Collection of Excellent Practice Cases of High-Quality Development initiated by China Fortune. It proves that our self-developed low-carbon and eco-friendly products have an international leading edge, and will encourage us to continue to fulfil its ESG responsibilities as a listed company, playing an important leading role in promoting the development of green and secure payment.

In the future, the Group will continue to follow the green needs of the financial market, focus on green resources and technological innovation, and continue to actively explore the environmental protection and low-carbon fields to achieve longer-term and more in-depth sustainable development. 本集團以「綠色低碳領跑安全支付科技創新迸發硬核實力」為主題,携領先的安全支付環保低碳解決方案、低碳環保系列支付產品、融合應用創新支付產品、便携自助服務終端、AI數智化UMV平台等產品高相國際舞台,在Seamless Europe以及Trustech Paris等國際展會上大放異彩,展示金融科技領域最新的創新成果。

在中國財富網發起的第一屆中國財富「金獅」 高質量發展優秀實踐案例徵集中,本集團 「安全支付環保零碳解決方案」入選綠色金 融優秀案例獎,證明本集團自主研發的低 碳環保系列產品具有國際領先優勢,也將 激勵本集團繼續踐行上市公司ESG責任, 在推進綠色安全支付發展進程中發揮重要 引領作用。

展望未來,綠色環保是時代發展主旋律,本集團將時刻跟隨金融業市場的綠色需求,關注綠色資源和技術創新,持續在環保、低碳領域積極探索,實現更長遠、更有深度的可持續發展。



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

The excellent case of green finance in the first "Golden Lion" Collection of Excellent Practice Cases of High-Quality Development initiated by China Fortune 第一屆中國財富「金獅」高質量發展優秀實踐案例——綠色金融優秀案例獎

### **Anti-Corruption**

According to Anti-Corruption Programme – A Guide for Listed Companies released by the Hong Kong Independent Commission Against Corruption, and in accordance with relevant laws and regulations, the Group established Corruption Prevention System in 2022, firmly stated the Group's zero-tolerance of corruption, further ensured the awareness of the roles and responsibilities of each staff under the anti-corruption programme, upheld the integrity requirements for directors and staff as well as the corruption prevention requirements for all stakeholders. At the same time, the Group also established Code of Conduct to set out the basic standard of conduct expected of all directors and staff, and the Group's policy on acceptance of advantage and declaration of conflict of interest when dealing with the Group's business.

Besides, the code of conduct of the Group to prevent corruption has been set out in *Staff Manual* to enhance self-discipline among employees. Our *Anti-Fraud Reporting Management System* strictly manages our businesses with all business partners, including our customers, suppliers, creditors and debtors. We encourage stakeholders reporting on any suspected behaviours against policies and protect the whistleblowers against any punishment due to his/her accurate report. The whistleblowers' identities are strictly kept confidential unless it is necessary for investigation, malicious reporting or required by relevant laws and regulations. We fight against fraud and bribery in any forms such as cash or gifts seriously.

Whistleblowers can report to the Chairman of the Group's audit committee or to the Chairman of the Board. Materials will be forwarded to the other audit committee members for internal investigation or to other department for investigations if it is in line with the best interests of the Group. Meanwhile, we set up a mailbox for the CEO to receive reports and comments. Regular evaluations on our management system ensure the compliance with all relevant laws and regulations and their effectiveness.

### 反貪腐

舉報人可以向本集團的審核委員會主席或董事會主席作出舉報。相關資料將會主席作出舉報。相關資料審查,轉其他審核委員會成員進行內部集團時間,在符合本集團時代出其他調查行動。同時是在新公場所設立首席執行官信箱,接與類於實見。我們的管理體系亦進行定期效性。確保遵守有關的法律和法規及其有效性。

To prevent misconducts such as corruption, the Group has adopted a series of preventive measures and methods, such as prior monitoring, checks and balances through segregation of duties, staff rotation, mandatory leave, review and team strategies; adding information-based financial system to decrease human intervention; conducting due diligence on business partners and including integrity pledges and corruption prevention clauses in relevant contracts. The Group conducts training on business ethics including anti-corruption topics for all staff, such as special training on anti-corruption systems and legal classes to promote and popularise relevant legal knowledge and cases among staff, so as to further strengthen the education on the sense of law-abiding for staff.

During 2023, the Group did not notice any issues relating to bribery, extortion, fraud, money laundering or any misconduct which may have a material impact on the Group. And there were no concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees.

### **Supply Chain Management**

The Group believes that effective management on suppliers and good cooperation with suppliers will help us reduce costs and cooperation risks, improve the quality of products and services, and build up an excellent brand. As such, we have developed *Supplier Evaluation and Control Procedures* to ensure that all the Group's suppliers possess adequate capacity and are able to maintain suitable and reliable quality.

We also maintain regular communication with suppliers to ensure that both sides are well prepared to forecast capacity (mainly monthly and quarterly) and supply. Where feasible, we will prepare multiple suppliers so that, in addition to maintaining the supply cost advantage, the Group has standby suppliers. Under this mechanism, when a supplier is at risk in its supply chain, we can guickly switch to another supplier to ensure that the product can be completed on time. The Group maintains three or more suppliers for major materials (financial chips, key base material for cards, etc.) and smart kiosks. In addition to reasonable prices, environmental and health considerations are also taken into account in the procurement review. The Group will sign contracts with suppliers based on a reasonable account period and payment method, and suppliers are required to sign an Anti-Corruption Commitment to emphasise the requirement of honest cooperation between both sides. At the same time, the Group will cooperate with suppliers to jointly explore the market, so as to promote long-term cooperation and achieve win-win results.

於2023年內,本集團遵守有關防止賄賂、 勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢等對集團有重大影響 的相關法律及規例,並無任何對本集团或 其員工提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件。

### 供應鏈管理

本集團認為對供應商進行有效管理,並與 供應商保持良好的合作關係,將有助於我 們降低成本,減少合作風險,提高產品和 服務質量,樹立卓越品牌。為此,我們制 定了《供貨商評估控制程序》,以確保與本 集團合作的供貨商擁有充足的產能和合適 可靠的質量水平。

我們亦會跟供應商保持經常性溝通,確保 雙方在預測產能(主要分為月度和季度)和 供應上能夠充分準備。在可行情況下,我 們會準備多個供應商,除保持供應成本優 勢外,本集團的供應商能夠實現備份。在 此機制下,當某一供應商於其供應環節出 現風險時,我們能夠快速切換,確保產品 能夠按時完成。本集團主要材料(金融芯 片、主要卡片材料等)和智能設備的供應 商都保持在3家或以上。採購評審時,除了 考慮合理價錢外,我們也會加入對環境與 健康的考慮。本集團和供應商簽訂合同時 會按合理的帳期和支付方式落實,並要求 供應商簽署《反舞弊承諾書》,強調雙方廉 潔合作的要求。同時,我們亦會聯合供應 商共同開拓市場,藉以推動雙方長遠合作, 實現共贏。

During the year, the Group has 200 suppliers, 185 of which are in the Chinese mainland and 15 in other regions. According to 2023 annual supplier evaluation, 97% of suppliers assessed as satisfactory (including 66% as of excellent suppliers) and 3% are in need of continuous communication and improvement. We keep building healthy relationships with supplies, achieving mutual benefits and growth.

We track the daily supply and service quality of our suppliers to form monthly statistics, which serve as an important basis for the annual review. Meanwhile, we continue to evaluate new suppliers, which are assessed from different perspectives by various departments, including application of new technologies, quality, delivery, cost, environment, safety management and etc. After each assessment, we issue the corresponding evaluation report and update the list of qualified suppliers, so as to provide reference for screening suppliers.

On the other hand, according to *Risk Management Procedures*, the Group regularly conducts supply chain risks assessment, evaluates the possibility and severity of related environmental and social risk events, keeps communication with suppliers and formulates and implements management measures to proactively control related risks.

In 2023, the Group was qualified the ISO28000 Supply Chain Security Management System Certification. As the first batch of enterprises in the field of smart secure payment to acquire the ISO28000 certification, we always pay close attention to supply chain security management to ensure the entire process (from the procurement, production, services, warehousing to delivery) to stay safe and controllable.

於本年度,本集團共有供應商200家,其中185家在中國內地,15家在其他地區。2023年進行了年度供應商評估,評估為合格的供應商佔97%(含優秀的供應商66%),需持續溝通改善的供應商佔3%。我們堅持建立與供應商的健康良好的關係,互利共贏,共同成長。

另一方面,本集團根據《風險管理辦法》,定期評估供應鏈風險,評估發生相關環境和社會風險事件的可能性和嚴重性,與供應商保持溝通,制定並實施管理措施,以主動控制有關風險。

2023年,本集團通過了ISO28000供應鏈安全管理體系認證,作為智能安全支付領域首批通過ISO28000體系認證的企業,我們始終密切關注供應鏈安全管理,確保從採購、生產、服務、倉儲到運輸全流程的安全可控。

Increasing the proportion of eco-friendly products or renewable materials is the key strategy of the Group's long-term development. We actively promote green procurement practice, and during supplier assessment, suppliers are required to ensure that their products comply with ISO14001 and HSF (Hazardous Substance Free), and will not contain the materials that are harmful to the environment and human body and are prohibited by Chinese standards and EU RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances). For products using eco-friendly materials, we will evaluate and record the supplier's environment-related certifications, including UL safety certification and Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) certification for the supplier's products and supply chain. In the meantime, the Group reviews suppliers regularly to check whether the relevant production control procedures conducive to environmental protection are properly managed and implemented, and continuously introduces biodegradable or recycled raw materials to improve the sustainability of the products. Moreover, along with the industry's acceptance and maturity of eco-friendly products, we will look for new suppliers and run product testing in advance to gradually increase the proportion of eco-friendly products.

提高環保產品或可再生材料的使用比例 是本集團長遠發展的重點之策略。我們積 極推廣綠色採購實踐,在供應商評估環 節中要求供應商確保其提供的產品符合 ISO14001和HSF(無有害物質),並且不會 含有中國標準和歐盟RoHS(限制有害物質) 條例中所禁止的對環境和人體有害的物質。 在採用環保材料的產品中,我們會評估並 記錄供應商相關的環保方面的認證,包括 UL安全檢定和森林管理委員會等機構發出 對供應商產品和相關供應鏈的認可資質。 同時,本集團定期檢查供應商是否將有利 於環境保護的相關生產控制程序進行妥善 管理和執行;是否持續地引入可生物降解 或經回收循環再造等原材料,提高產品的 可持續發展能力。另一方面,我們會隨著 行業對環保產品的接納和成熟程度,預先 開拓供應商和產品測試,逐步提高本集團 環保產品的比例。

In 2023, the Group hosted the "Eco-Friendly Smart Card Technology and Product Conference". The conference was attended by senior executives from leading companies in the global smart card supply chain, as well as important guests from academia. The conference focused on how the smart card industry can meet the requirements of low-carbon emission reduction, and the participants offered suggestions for the green, low-carbon and ecological development of the industry.

2023年,本集團主辦了「智能卡環保技術與產品研討會」。來自全球智能卡產業供應鏈多個領先企業的高管以及學術界重磅嘉賓出席大會。會議圍繞智能卡產業如何順應低碳減排要求的議題進行深度研討,與會嘉賓為產業綠色低碳生態發展建言獻策。



2023年本集團主辦智能卡環保技術與產品研討會 Eco-Friendly Smart Card Technology and Product Conference hosted by the Group in 2023

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#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT**

Our main principles in environmental sustainability are to diminish consumption of materials and energy and optimise waste management, achieving the "energy saving and emission reduction" goal; and to reduce negative influence on eco-environment, creating an eco-friendly enterprise.

As a comparatively low-energy consuming enterprise (at average around 10 MWh/RMB million revenue), the Group still pays high attention to environmental management. The Group's major impacts to the environment were mainly resulted from the energy consumption and emission caused by daily operations such as electricity, water, and transportation. Through risk control and measures on minimising resource usage, we will continue to monitor the impacts on the human being and the environment. The Group has strictly abided by all relevant environmental laws and regulations in the Chinese mainland, Hong Kong and other regions where the Group's subsidiaries locate. In 2023, we complied with the relevant laws and regulations relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste which had a significant impact on the Group, and we did not find any practices or issues caused by environmental problems that may significantly influence the environment or the Group.

Guided by standards under the ISO14001 Environmental Management System and referring to environmental factors, the Group has established an environmental management system in which Environment and Occupational Health and Safety Management Manual provides the general guidelines and other subordinate documents describe the implementation details, in order to make best utilisation of raw materials and resources and to reduce pollution, eventually realising the sustainable development goal. In addition, management designates environmental management representative to communicate with stakeholders and understand their opinions, to confirm environmental management plans and internal approval, and to report to the CEO to ensure the environmental management system functions well.

### 環境管理

減少物料及能源消耗和優化廢棄物管理, 實現『節能減排』目標;減少對生態環境產 生的不良影響,創建環境友好型企業,是 我們環境可持續發展的重要原則。



To maximise the value of stakeholders, the Group integrates environmental protection concepts with its business to realise the vision of eco-friendly and a harmonious development mode between economy and environment.

為實現利益相關方價值最大化,本集團不 斷將保護環境的理念融入業務,以實現環 境友好為目標,達成經濟與環境相統一的 和諧發展。

### **Resources Consumption**

The Group's energy consumptions are mainly due to electricity usage in operation facilities and office activities, and fuels used by vehicles. We have strengthened the management of resource usage by a series of management procedures, such as *Energy and Resource Consumption Control Procedures, Regulations on Electricity Consumption*, and *Regulations on Automobile Safety*. We make timely adjustments to the supply and usage of electricity including lighting system, air conditioning system, ventilating and operation facilities. We analyse the energy efficiency based on the collected data and computed statistics. If any exceptions are noted, necessary improvements will be carried out. We actively implement the concept of "energy saving and emission reduction" and adopt a series of control measures to improve energy efficiency:

- Electrical engineers should be qualified to guarantee an effective allocation and management of electricity to avoid waste;
- Electrical facilities shall be switched on and off at the right time and shall be at closed state when off duty or when people leave the offices;
- Carrying out energy saving projects, such as air pressure system improvement, installation of central dust collection system, using energy-saving lamps in the workshop and offices;
- Automatic modification of central air conditioning in office area to achieve smart control;
- Regular maintenance of air conditioning equipment to ensure cooling effect;
- Considering energy-saving equipment when purchasing new equipment;
- Regular vehicle inspections and maintenance to maintain engine efficiency and reduce fuel waste;
- Planning driving routes in advance to optimise fuel consumption.

### 資源使用

- 電工持證上崗,確保其有能力進行有效的調配與管理,減少電的浪費;
- 用電設備適時開關,下班或人員離開時應關閉用電設備;
- 開展能源節省項目,如空壓系統改良,安裝中央吸塵系統,車間及辦公區域使用節能燈具;
- 辦公區域中央空調自動化改造,以實現中央空調的智能控制;
- 定期維護空調設備,確保製冷效果;
- 購買新設備時引進節能設備;
- 車輛定期檢查及保養,保持發動機效率,減少燃料浪費;
- 提前規劃行車路線,優化油耗。

Energy consumption figures are summarised as follows:

#### 能源消耗及其密度表現概述如下:

Resource type 資源種類	Unit 單位	2023	2022	Unit 單位	2023 Actual 2023 實際值	2022	2023 Target 2023 能耗目標
Linuation maked an							
Liquefied petroleu							
gas (" <b>LPG</b> ")	KG	_	17,103	MWh	-	238	
液化石油氣	公斤			兆瓦時			
Unleaded petrol	Litre	9,563	7,134	MWh	93	69	
汽油	升			兆瓦時			
Diesel oil	Litre	7,945	1,173	MWh	85	13	
柴油	升			兆瓦時			
Electricity	kWh	13,322,495	14,399,443	MWh	13,322	14,399	
電力	千瓦時			兆瓦時			
Total energy consu	-			MWh	13,500	14,719	
能源消耗總量	ap			兆瓦時	.5,500	,,	
				MWh/RMB	10	10	10
Energy intensity					10	10	10
能源密度				million			
				revenue			
				兆瓦時/			
				人民幣			
				百萬收入			

#### Notes:

- The above consumption figures' calculation methods and relevant conversion factors refer to How to Prepare an ESG Report? – Appendix 2: Reporting guidance on Environmental KPIs issued by the Stock Exchange and Energy Statistics Manual – Annex 3 Units and Conversion Equivalents issued by the International Energy Agency.
- In 2023, the Group's revenue was approximately RMB1,417 million (2022: approximately RMB1,530 million). This figure is also used to calculate other intensity data.
- Goldpac Tech Park located in Zhuhai closed its canteen, no LPG consumption in 2023.

By effective implementation of various measures, the Group has successfully achieved its energy consumption target for 2023. The Group will continue to implement measures to enhance energy efficiency and strive to achieve the energy consumption intensity target of 10 MWh/RMB million revenue in 2024.

#### 備註:

- 1. 以上能源消耗量的計算方法及相關轉換因子乃 參考聯交所發行的《如何準備環境、社會及管治 報告一附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》以 及國際能源署發佈的《能源數據手冊一附錄三單 位及轉換當量》。
- 於2023年,本集團的收入約人民幣1,417百萬元 (2022年:約人民幣1,530百萬元)。該數據也用 於計算其他密度數據。
- 3. 珠海園區取消自設廚房,2023年無使用液化石油氣。

通過有效執行各項措施,本集團成功實現其2023年能耗目標。本集團將繼續執行提升能源效率的各項措施,努力實現2024年能源消耗密度目標10兆瓦時/人民幣百萬收入。

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In terms of water consumption, our operation activities do not involve massive water usage. Our water consumption is mainly from daily office and life activities. Our water source is municipal water supply and we do not face any problem or risk in accessing sufficient water source. Administration department and engineering department are responsible for daily management and control of water consumption, collecting and analysing monthly consumption figures. We are committed to reducing water consumption and saving water by taking measures such as timely renewal and modification of water pipes to prevent water leakage caused by pipe rupture, replacing traditional faucets with time-lapse faucets to reduce waste of water, advocating water-saving information to employees to improve their water-saving awareness and encourage them to develop a habit of conscious water use. Water consumption figures are listed below:

Resource type 資源種類	Unit 單位	2023 Actual 2023實際值	2022	2023 Target 2023用水效益目標
Water 自來水	Tonne 噸	53,742	77,920	
Water (Zhuhai Fintech Center) 自來水(珠海市金融科 技中心)	Tonne 噸	15,164	26,919	
Total water consumption 自來水總量	Tonne 噸	68,906	104,839	
Water efficiency 用水效益	Tonne/RMB million revenue 噸/人民幣 百萬收入	49	69	56

The Group successfully achieved its water efficiency target for 2023. The main reasons for the significant decrease in water consumption in 2023 compared with 2022 were: the abolition of canteen in Goldpac Tech Park located in Zhuhai; and water consumption for fire hydrant testing, curtain wall water testing and curtain wall cleaning for the completion of the Zhuhai Fintech Center project in 2022 was relatively larger, while the water consumption in 2023 fell to the common level of daily usage. The Group will continue to implement various measures to conserve water and endeavour to achieve the water efficiency target of 50 tonnes/RMB million revenue in 2024.

本集團成功達成其2023年用水效益目標。2023年用水量較2022年有明顯下降的主要原因有:珠海園區取消自設廚房;2022年珠海市金融科技中心項目竣工時消防試水,幕墻試水,幕墻清洗等用水量比較大,2023年數據為投入使用後日常用水數據。本集團將繼續執行節約用水的各項措施,努力實現2024年用水效益目標50噸/人民幣百萬收入。

Zhuhai Fintech Center has verified in the green building project and the "Sponge city" project. Its green area rate has up to 30.11%, and it is designed with "sponge" facilities such as sunken green areas and rain gardens, which can effectively reuse rainwater and other resources, aiming to build a green park.

In addition, the Group also established OA system to promote paperless office, achieving paperless operation of office processes such as document release and process approval. Double-sided or multi-page printing is encouraged to reduce paper waste. We post warning signs around printers and copiers to remind staff not to over-print to avoid unnecessary paper waste. The Group also advocates the "Clean your plate" initiative to reduce food waste.

#### **Emissions Reduction**

In order to effectively reduce the emission of various pollutants, the Group strictly complies with applicable laws and regulations and have formulated specific pollution preventing procedures to standardise pollutant emission processes from business operations and office activities, and to control the discharge and release of exhaust air, greenhouse gas, sewage and noise.

Each department is responsible for the control and prevention of the possible water, air and noise pollutions generated during their operation and office activities. Engineering department takes the responsibility of regular maintenance and management of the equipment. Quality management department works together with qualified testing organisations to monitor pollutions. They will compare the testing results with standards set by relevant laws and regulations and report to the environmental management representative. Once any inconformity is noted, departments involved have to investigate and solve the issue in accordance with *Corrective and Preventive Measures Control Procedures*, and then propose improvement measures.

珠海市金融科技中心已通過綠色建築工程 「二星」驗收和海綿城市建設驗收,綠地率 達到30.11%,同時配備雨水花園、下凹式 綠地等海綿設施,有效實現雨水等資源再 利用,旨在打造綠色園區。

此外,本集團亦建立OA系統推行無紙化辨公,實現公文發佈、流程審批等辦公流程的無紙化操作;推行雙面打印、多頁縮印,在打印機和複印機周圍貼上提示標誌,提醒員工切勿過量打印以免產生不必要的紙張廢物。本集團亦積極倡導「光盤」行動,減少食物浪費。

### 減少排放

為有效減少各類污染物的排放,本集團嚴格遵守相關法律法規,制定了專門的污染防治程序,用以規範經營和辦公活動中所產生的污染物排放流程,並控制廢氣、溫室氣體、污水、噪音等的排放與釋放。

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In 2023, independent testing organisation has tested the quality of noise, sewage and exhaust air in Goldpac Tech Park located in Zhuhai. It indicates a qualified result when comparing with relevant national standards or local standards in Guangdong Province.

The main sources of the Group's exhaust air emission come from fuel combustion, vehicle exhaust and volatile organic compounds ("VOCs") during operating processes. Based on the Group's records on fuel and vehicles usage, we calculate and convert the amount of air pollutant emissions as presented below:

於2023年,本集團珠海園區的環境檢測交由獨立檢測機構進行,對噪音、廢水和廢氣質量進行檢驗。結果顯示珠海園區符合國家或廣東省地方相關標準。

本集團廢氣排放源主要為燃料燃燒、汽車尾氣和運營過程中產生的揮發性有機物(VOCs)。根據本集團燃料及車輛的使用情況,折算出廢氣污染物排放量如下:

Air pollutants 廢氣污染物	Unit 單位	2023 Actual 2023實際值	2022	2023 Target 2023排放目標
Sulfur oxides (SOx) 硫氧化物(SOx)	KG 公斤	0.3	0.1	0.1
Nitrogen oxides (NOx) 氮氧化物(NOx)	KG 公斤	124	16	16
Particulate matter (PM) 顆粒物 (PM)	KG 公斤	6	1	1

Note: The above emission figures' calculation methods and relevant emission factors refer to How to Prepare an ESG Report? – Appendix 2: Reporting guidance on Environmental KPIs issued by the Stock Exchange.

Higher diesel consumption owing to the increase in kilometres travelled by trucks, so the emissions in 2023 have significantly increased compared with that of 2022. The Group will continue to control vehicle usage, regularly inspect and maintain vehicles, reduce fuel waste and optimise fuel consumption in an effort to achieve the 2024 emissions target which should be essentially the same level of emissions as in 2023.

備註:以上排放量的計算方法及相關排放係數乃參考 聯交所發行的《如何準備環境、社會及管治報告 一附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》。

由於貨車行駛公里數上升,柴油用量隨之上升,因此2023年排放物較2022年有明顯上升。本集團將持續控制車輛的使用,定期檢查及保養車輛,減少燃料浪費,優化油耗,努力實現2024年的排放量目標與2023年實際排放量水平基本持平。

The Group's operation and office activities, such as fuel combustion, vehicle fuel usage and electricity consumption, lead to both direct and indirect carbon emissions. We dedicate to integrating the concept of environmental protection into our corporate culture and encourage low-carbon office activities. During daily operation, we actively advocate employees' awareness of environmental protection through documents, slogans, training, publicity boards and etc. Environmental and occupational health and safety training is not only a mandatory item for new employees, but also a regular item for all employees every year. The emissions of greenhouse gases are presented as below:

Scope of greenhouse gas (CO₂e) emissions 溫室氣體	Unit	2023	2022	Intensity Unit	2023 Actual	2022	2023 Target
(二氧化碳當量)					2023		2023
排放範圍	單位			密度單位	實際值		排放目標
Scope I: direct emission	Tonne	47	74	Tonne/RMB million revenue	0.033	0.048	0.1
範圍一:直接排放	噸			噸/人民幣 百萬收入			
Scope II: indirect emission	Tonne	10,350	11,577	Tonne/RMB million revenue	7	8	8
範圍二:間接排放	噸			噸/人民幣 百萬收入			

Note: The above emission figures' calculation methods and relevant emission factors refer to How to Prepare an ESG Report? – Appendix 2: Reporting guidance on Environmental KPIs issued by the Stock Exchange. The calculation of 2022 figures refer to Baseline emission factors of China's regional power grids for emission reduction projects in 2019 released by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the PRC, while the calculation of 2023 figures refer to Baseline emission factors of China's regional power grids for emission reduction projects in 2021.

The major sources of the Group's greenhouse gas emissions are direct greenhouse gases emission from fuel consumption (Scope I) and indirect greenhouse gases emission from electricity consumption (Scope II). With the abolition of canteen, there was no consumption of LPG in 2023, resulting to a corresponding reduction in Scope 1 emissions. The Group achieved 2023 emission intensity targets. We will endeavor to achieve the 2024 Scope I and Scope II emission intensity targets 0.1 tonne/RMB Million revenue and 8 tonnes/RMB Million revenue, respectively, through controlling the use of vehicles and energy saving measures.

備註:以上排放量的計算方法及相關排放係數乃參考聯交所發行的《如何準備環境、社會及管治報告一附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》,其中2022年數據參考中華人民共和國生態環境部發佈的《2019年度減排項目中國區域電網基準線排放因子》,2023年數據參考《2021年度減排項目中國區域電網基準線排放因子》。

本集團溫室氣體排放的主要包括燃油使用的直接溫室氣體排放(範圍一)及消耗電力產生的間接溫室氣體排放(範圍二)。 取消自設廚房,2023年並無使用液化團氣,範圍一的排放亦相應下降。本集圍一的排放亦相應下降。本集圍二排放密度目標。我們會持續控制車輛的使用及相關節能措施,努力實現2024年範圍一和範圍二的排放量密度目標0.1噸/人民幣百萬收入。

In order to meet the emission standards of exhaust air and reduce carbon emissions, we have developed a series of control measures:

- Upgrading VOCs exhaust gas processing system, the processing efficiency increase by 40%. Specifically, the device has the capacity to filter tiny PMs and VOCs are absorbed by activated carbon. After desorption and catalytic combustion, VOCs are finally decomposed into non-hazardous gases and water, and then discharged into the atmosphere. The desorbed adsorption material can be reused for adsorption after cooling, which can largely reduce the replacement frequency of activated carbon;
- Gradually replacing the high-VOCs printing ink by eco-friendly UV ink:
- Adopting advanced technologies and processes to reduce errors and wastes, and improve efficiencies;
- After entering the Tech Park, vehicles must stop and turn off the engine to reduce exhaust emissions;
- Encouraging employees to choose public transportation;
- Using teleconferencing instead of business travel whenever possible;
- Provision of rooftop to the green energy strategic partner of SanXi T.I.O City to invest in rooftop photovoltaic power.

The Group has been treating sewage and effluent according to wastewater treatment plan made in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, to mitigate the impacts on the environment. Zhuhai Fintech Center focuses on R&D-based projects, therefore there is no discharge of wastewater from factories. The wastewater treatment facilities, which can handle wastewater including domestic sewage, can be used to monitor whether the discharge standards are met.

### Waste Reduction and Recycling

Waste management is another key focus for the Group's environmental management. Under the requirements set out in relevant laws and regulations, we published *Waste Disposal Control Procedures* which manages the generation, storage, marking and disposal of wastes, to pursue wastes deduction in operation activities and to prevent and lower the negative impacts on environment.

為實現廢氣達標排放以及減少碳排放,我 們制定了一系列的控制措施:

- 升級VOCs廢氣處理系統,處理效率 提升40%。具體而言,細小的空氣懸 浮顆粒被過濾去除,而有機物則被活 性炭吸附,通過脱附、催化燃燒後, 最終分解為無害氣體和水,然後排放 至大氣中。脱附後的吸附材料冷卻後 又可重新投入吸附使用,可以最大程 度節約活性炭等耗材的更換頻率;
- 逐步將VOCs含量高的絲印油墨替換 成環保的UV油墨;
- 採取先進的技術及流程,有效減少誤差和廢棄物產生,提高運營效率;
- 車輛進入園區後必須停車並關閉發動機,減少尾氣排放;
- 鼓勵員工出行盡量選擇公共交通工具;
- 盡可能使用電話視頻會議代替商務旅行;
- 向三溪科創城綠色能源戰略合作夥伴 提供屋頂投資建設屋頂光伏電站。

本集團遵照相關環境法律和法規,根據合乎規範的廢水處理方案對污水進行處理後排放,減少對環境的影響。珠海市金融科技中心以研發型產業為主,故無工業廢水、污水等產生,已建成的污水處理設施可處理生活污水且有監測排放量是否達標。

### 循環減廢

對廢棄物的管理亦是本集團環境管理中的一項工作重點。根據有關法律法規的要求,我們已發佈《廢棄物處理控制程序》以控制廢棄物的產生、存放、標識及處理,致力減少運營過程所產生的廢棄物,預防和減輕對環境的負面影響。

We compile a detailed list of wastes annually to conduct a comprehensive review on the waste production and treatment and submit it to environmental management representative for approval. Wastes are classified into non-hazardous wastes and hazardous wastes, while the non-hazardous wastes are further classified into non-recyclable non-hazardous wastes and recyclable non-hazardous wastes. Through collaboration among departments, specific waste management is designed to each type of wastes according to their classifications. Departments where the wastes are generated account for collection and storage. Administration department is responsible to contact qualified waste management contractors for treatment and final disposal of recyclable non-hazardous wastes and hazardous wastes. For non-recyclable non-hazardous wastes, they are disposed with the assistance of the municipal sanitation department contacted by administration department.



During reporting period, the Group's wastes are mainly recyclable non-hazardous wastes, e.g. leftover materials, wasted packaging materials, wasted paper and etc. Hazardous wastes, mainly from printing process, account for only a small part of total wastes. Our waste management system, following the five principle of "Optimisation, Replace, Reuse, Recycle and Reduction", allows most of the materials to be recycled so that environmental impacts were significantly reduced. Wastes-related figures are presented as below:

Waste type		Unit	2023	2022	Intensity Unit	2023 Actual	2022	2023 Target
廢棄物種類		單位			密度單位	<b>2023</b> 實際值		2023 目標
Hazardous wastes	Wasted ink	Tonne	13	15	KG/RMB million revenue	9	10	
危險廢棄物	廢油墨 Developer/fixative solution	噸 Tonne	12	11	公斤/人民幣百萬收入 KG/RMB million revenue	8	7	
	顯/定影廢液 Wasted rags and gloves with ink	噸 Tonne	18	19	公斤/人民幣百萬收入 KG/RMB million revenue	12	12	
	含油墨廢抹布、 手套	噸			公斤/人民幣百萬收入			
	Wasted empty barrel	Tonne	5	5	KG/RMB million revenue	4	3	
	廢空桶 Others (e.g. Used activated carbor	噸 Tonne n)	3	11	公斤/人民幣百萬收入 KG/RMB million revenue	2	7	
Total hazardous was 危險廢棄物總量	其他(廢活性炭等)	,	50	60	公斤/人民幣百萬收入 KG/RMB million revenue 公斤/人民幣百萬收入	35	40	50
Non-hazardous wastes	Recyclable 可回收	Tonne 噸	228	289	KG/RMB million revenue 公斤/人民幣百萬收入	161	189	
一般廢棄物	Non-recyclable 不可回收	Tonne 噸	57	36	KG/RMB million revenue 公斤/人民幣百萬收入	40	23	
Total non-hazardou 一般廢棄物總量		Tonne 噸	285	325	KG/RMB million revenue 公斤/人民幣百萬收入	201	212	212

#### Note:

- Other hazardous waste in 2022 is mainly waste activated carbon generated from the replacement of activated carbon in the exhaust gas treatment system of approximately 8 tonnes and waste toner cartridges, etc. of approximately 2 tonnes. The total amount of waste activated carbon in 2022 was higher than normal due to equipment upgrading.
- Non-recyclable non-hazardous waste mainly includes green waste disposed of nearby, and waste coming from takeaway meal leftovers and packaging.
- 備註:
- 2022年其他危險廢棄物主要為廢氣處理系統更 換活性炭產生廢活性炭約8噸,廢硒鼓墨盒等約 2噸。因設備更新升級,2022年廢活性炭總量高 於正常噸數。
- 不可回收一般廢棄物主要包括就近處理的綠化 垃圾以及外賣餐餘和包裝。

The Group successfully achieved both its 2023 hazardous waste density target and its 2023 non-hazardous waste density target. The Group will continue to implement waste disposal control procedures, properly dispose of waste, reduce waste by improving technologies. The control target for hazardous waste in 2024 is 35 KG/RMB million revenue, and the control target for non-hazardous waste in 2024 is 201 KG/RMB million revenue.

In our operation process, packaging materials are mainly composed of paper boxes, paper carton boxes, tags, tapes and fillers. These materials are necessary to prevent the smart secure payment products and smart kiosks from any damage. Packing materials are strictly forbidden to be discarded randomly, and are regularly recycled by professional companies.

本集團順利達成2023年危險廢棄物及一般廢棄物密度目標。本集團將持續執行廢棄物處理控制程序,妥善處理廢棄物,以技術改善減少廢棄物的產生。2024年危險廢棄物的控制目標為35公斤/人民幣百萬收入,一般廢棄物的控制目標為201公斤/人民幣百萬收入。

我們運營過程中採用的包裝物料主要包括 紙盒、紙箱、標籤、膠帶、填充物等,均 為保護智能安全支付產品和智能設備免受 損壞的必要包裝物。包裝物料嚴禁隨意丢 棄,均由專業公司進行定期回收處理。

Packaging type 包裝材料類型	Unit 單位	2023	2022	Intensity Unit 密度單位	2023	2022
Paper box	Unit	1,230,176	1,547,418	Unit/RMB Million revenue	868	1,011
紙盒	個			個/人民幣百萬收入		
Paper carton box	Unit	157,494	184,823	Unit/RMB Million revenue	111	121
紙箱	個			個/人民幣百萬收入		
Tag	Piece	4,705,800	4,852,500	Piece/RMB Million revenue	3,321	3,172
標籤	張			張/人民幣百萬收入		
Tape	Roll	30,180	39,583	Roll/RMB Million revenue	21	26
膠紙	卷			卷/人民幣百萬收入		
Filler	Piece	333,000	256,300	Piece/RMB Million revenue	235	168
填充物	張			張/人民幣百萬收入		

#### Concerns for and Responses to Climate Change

The Group is also concerned with climate change related issues, constantly identifies and evaluates the risk of climate change on our business operations, and formulates policies to manage the identified risks based on *Risk Management Procedures*.

#### **Physical risks**

Acute risks

These risks are mainly related to extreme events under climate change and public health emergencies (such as super typhoons, floods, epidemics, etc.) which may bring risks to the assets of the Group, affect our ability to operate, make damage to our reputation and cause loss of business. Through Business Continuity Management Procedure, we developed business continuity plans for the events of non-destructive and destructive natural disasters. By using flexible working arrangements and preventive measures to ensure the daily production, the Group continues to operate and provide uninterrupted service to our customers.

#### Chronic risks

These risks refer to risks arising from long-term shifts in climate patterns, such as chronic heat waves and rising sea level. For example, an increase in average temperature would increase the demand for cooling equipment in data centres and failure to meet this requirement could adversely affect the Group's service provision. Thus, we monitor the risks closely so as to take timely measures.

#### 關注及應對氣候變化

本集團亦關注氣候變化相關議題,我們根據《風險管理辦法》,持續識別和評估氣候變化對我們業務運營的風險,並制定策略以管理已識別的風險。

#### 實體風險

急性風險

此和極災本影我務續現災採防務提開與公件行的們聲。理滅的活,持國人人人, 東衛超級,構運損過數時靈施夠 系生級可成能,對學們序和務工確營 與有超別,構運損過擬毀持作保運 類別,成務當自劃和的客 是實際,成務當自劃和的客 是實際,成務當自劃和的客 是實際,成務當自劃和的客

#### 慢性風險

#### Transition risks

Policy and legal risks

The introduction of policies and measures related to carbon peak and carbon neutrality may bring about legal and regulatory changes. We will continue to monitor climate change related trends, policies and regulations to avoid cost increases and/or compliance risks caused by delayed response.

Market risks

The Group will be at risk if it fails to keep pace with the growing demand for green products from its banking and retail customers. After years of exploration and innovative application of cutting-edge technology, the Group has developed a number of "eco-friendly cards" and implemented a number of projects, which largely improve our market attractiveness and competitiveness, and turn risks into opportunities.

Reputation risks

As a responsible fintech company, we must strongly support sustainable development. If we fail to address the climate change issues proactively, we will expose to the risk of losing recognition from our customers and society. Therefore, we actively monitor the climate change issues, continuously assess related risks and opportunities, and take actions to control risks and seize opportunities.

#### PEOPLE AND COMMUNITY

Employees are critical support to our on-going development. We treat our people well to bring mutual advancement. The Group's operations also need to cooperate with the community. Thus, we proactively contribute to the community and endeavour for mutual prosperity.

#### 過渡風險

政策及 法律風險

有關碳達峰碳中和的政策中和的政策中和的政策的 會帶來法律所能出方面的變化,我們關注氣候變化相關數,政策和法規,以成本學應延遲而導致的。

市場風險

聲譽風險

#### 員工及社區

員工是我們得以持續發展的重要支持。我 們善待員工,邁向共同發展。本集團運營 亦需社區的配合,為此我們積極回饋社會, 實現共同繁榮。

僱傭政策

#### The Group regularly reviews Human Resource Management Procedure and Staff Manual, which specify the Group's requirements and procedures for employment, including recruitment, dismissal, promotion, remuneration, working hours, rest periods, diversity and other benefits. Under the principle of being open, fair and just and merit-based selection, we treat every candidate equally regardless of their race, ethnicity, colour, religion, gender, age, region, marital status or disability. However, child labour is strictly prohibited. We will verify the age of candidates to avoid child labour. Once we discover that individuals below the legal working age are hired, the Group will take immediate action to rectify the situation. The Group also forbids any form of forced, bonded or forced labour, and no employee will be required to surrender original identification documents or lodge deposits as a condition of employment. Candidates need to pass rigorous written tests and interviews in order to obtain the offer. Besides specific professional skills and working capabilities, candidates should be honest, possess a correct working attitude and a high professional dedication and comply with laws, regulations and ethics. The Group is committed to creating a diverse, inclusive, egalitarian and collaborative workplace for its employees and protecting them from discrimination and harassment. Any employee who is intimidated, humiliated, bullied, harassed (including sexual harassment) or discriminated in any way can report to human resources department or internal control department or file complaints directly to the management representative or CEO. Upon receiving the above complaints, human resources department will cooperate with relevant departments to investigate, and the relevant personnel will be seriously dealt with if the complaint is true. Similarly, procedures for termination or cancellation of employment also follow the requirements and procedures stated in the above documents and comply with the statutory requirements of the place of operation. Human resources department will also conduct exit interviews with employees in conjunction with employees' department to gain insight on employees' opinions and suggestions to ensure the implementation of relevant policies. The Group treasures every staff, pays attention to staff movement and takes action to retain talents as early as possible.

**Recruitment Policy** 

The Group's employment policies comply with all relevant labour laws and regulations at each operation location. During 2023, the Group observed no violations of any applicable labour laws and regulations including child labour and forced labour issues.

本集團定期審閱《人力資源管理程序》和《員 工手冊》等指引文件,其詳細規定了本集 團關於僱傭方面的要求與流程,包括招聘、 解僱、晋升、薪酬、工作時間、休息時間、 多元化和其他福利待遇等內容。我們遵循 公開、公平、公正、擇優錄用的選拔原則, 不論種族、民族、膚色、宗教、性別、年 齡、地域、婚姻狀況或殘疾狀況等均平等 對待所有求職者,但嚴禁僱傭童工。我們 通過對求職者進行年齡驗證來避免出現僱 傭童工的情況。一旦發現僱用了低於法定 工作年龄的個人,本集團將立即採取行動 以糾正這種情況。本集團亦禁止任何形式 的強迫、抵債或強制勞動,沒有任何員工 會被要求交出身份證明文件原件或繳納按 金作為僱傭條件。在整個招聘過程中,求 職者需經過嚴格的筆試和面試。除需具備 指定的專業技能和工作能力,求職者還必 須誠實守信,秉持端正的勞動態度和高度 的敬業精神,遵守法律法規和社會公德。 本集團致力於為員工創建多元共融、平等 互助的職場氛圍,保護員工不受歧視和騷 擾。任何受到恐嚇、羞辱、欺淩、騷擾(包 括性騷擾)或以任何方式歧視的員工都可 以向人力資源部或內控部門報告,或直接 向管理者代表或首席執行官投訴。而本集 團在接獲上述投訴後,人力資源部將聯合 有關部門進行調查,如情況屬實將對有關 人員進行嚴肅處理。同樣地,終止/解除 勞動合同亦須遵守上述文件中的流程規定 以及符合運營所在地的法定要求。人力資 源部亦會聯合用工部門與員工進行離職面 談,以便了解員工的意見和建議以確保相 關政策制度的落實和執行。本集團珍視每 一位員工,及時了解員工動向,並採取措 施及時挽留人才。

本集團的僱傭規定遵守業務運營所在地相關勞動法律法規要求。於2023年,本集團無獲悉任何違反僱傭法律法規,以及僱用童工及強制勞工等情況。

As at 31 December 2023, employee-related figures are as follows: 於2023年12月31日,僱員有關數據如下:

	2023	2022
Total number of active employees 在職僱員總數	1,507	1,583
By gender		
按性別劃分	054	007
Male 男性	854	907
方性 Female	653	676
女性	033	070
By employment type		
按僱傭類型劃分		
Direct labour	708	776
前綫員工		
Indirect labour	799	807
非前綫員工		
By age group		
按年齡組別劃分		
Under 30 years old	315	403
少於30歲 20 to 50 was ald	4.420	1 121
30 to 50 years old 30至50歲	1,138	1,131
Over 50 years old	54	49
50歲以上	34	43
By geographical region		
按地區劃分		
The Chinese mainland	1,481	1,557
中國內地		
Other regions	26	26
其他地區		

	2023	2022
Employee turnover rate 僱員流失率	15%	16%
By gender		
按性別劃分	450/	4.60/
Male	16%	16%
男性 Female	14%	15%
女性		
By age group		
按年齡組別劃分		
Under 30 years old	33%	28%
少於30歲		
30 to 50 years old	9%	11%
30至50歲		
Over 50 years old	35%	35%
50歲以上		
By geographical region		
按地區劃分		
The Chinese mainland	15%	14%
中國內地		• • •
Other regions	12%	4%
其他地區		

Note: The turnover rate of age group over 50 years old includes employees retired at statutory retirement age.

備註: 50歲以上離職人員包含按法定年齡正常退休員工。

#### **Employee Benefits**

The progress and development of the economy and society, and the change of industrial policies and talent policies increase the possibility that the human resources policies not achieving their objectives during the formulation and implementation process. The loss of talent and the shortage of highly skilled personnel in line with business development are the main aspects of human resources risk management and control. Therefore, the Group offers competitive compensation and provides a platform for talent development as well as comprehensive and continuous training programmes.

#### 員工待遇

隨著經濟和社會的不斷進步和發展,國家對產業政策和人才政策的調整,在企業人力資源政策的制定與實施過程中,存在人力資源政策無法實現其目標的可能性,才的流失和符合業務發展的高技能人才短缺是人力資源風險管理及控制的主要方面。故此,本集團提供具有競爭性的薪酬福利,續出訓計劃。

Remunerations are determined and adjusted based on factors including economic conditions, personal experience, performance assessment and operational results of the Group. To motivate employees at every level to fully reach their potentials, in addition to basic salaries, we also offer bonuses, allowances, shares award schemes and other benefits. Employees are entitled to paid leaves, including but not limited to annual leave, overtime leave, marital leave and maternity leave, as stated in applicable laws of their working places. Working hours also complies with local laws and regulation, as well as the industry norms. Forced labour is prevented within the Group and we do not encourage employees to work overtime under normal circumstances, while legal and reasonable subsidies will be provided to suitable voluntary overtime and special positions. Through the cultivation of the talent team in each department and increasing internal training opportunities, we strive to enhance the job satisfaction of our staff, and create a pleasant working environment.

According to Management Method of Performance Appraisal, employees are assessed on a regular basis, that is, performance appraisal, to review their work progress, quality and effectiveness, so as to set further improvement plans and better goals in the future. Performance appraisals are carried out monthly, quarterly and annually and its contents should be specific and quantified. The results serve as a vital reference in deciding salary, promotion and training opportunities, as well as a platform to strengthen communications between department and employees. In order to enhance the overall quality and competitiveness of employees, we continue to improve our Management Method of Performance Appraisal and promotion process, and a broader platform is provided to employees through comprehensive assessments under the principles of being open, fair and just. The Group becomes energetic with positive competitions which also lay a good foundation of greater progresses in the future.

Statutory benefits are offered to employees under the requirements of local laws and regulations. Such benefits include insurances and paying entity's section of accumulation funds on time. The Group also arranges physical examinations for all staff every year and bears all expenses. The physical examinations of 2023 were successfully completed in the fourth quarter. In order to help employees of the Chinese mainland solve the problems of children's education and settlement of residency for fresh graduates, the Group companies promptly conveyed the settlement policy and actively assisted employees in settling their residency, so as to solve their worries. The Group has been providing humanistic care to its staff by offering holiday benefits to female staff and granting them half-day holidays for Women's Day, conducting thematic talks on female care from time to time to help female staff achieve a work-life balance, paying attention to the health of female staff and enhancing the medical check-up programme for female staff in the annual physical examination, and setting up a separate mother's hut (mother and baby room) in the office building to provide special care to female staff during breastfeeding.

本集團按照各地政府法律法規,為員工提 供法定福利,包括各種保險及公積金,按 時繳納企業應繳金額。本集團亦每年組織 全體員工進行身體檢查並承擔全部費用, 2023年的體檢安排已於第四季度順利完 成。為幫助中國內地員工解決子女教育及 應屆畢業生落戶問題,本集團各附屬公司 及時傳達入戶政策並積極協助員工辦理落 戶事宜,解決員工後顧之憂。本集團採取 多種方式,予以員工人文關懷,例如給女 員工派發婦女節節日福利並給予女員工半 天假期,不定期開展女性關愛主題座談, 協助女員工達成工作與生活的平衡,關注 女員工健康並在年度體檢加強女員工體檢 項目,在辦公大樓設有獨立的愛心媽媽小 屋(母嬰室),對哺乳期的女員工給予特別 關懷等。

In order to effectively improve the overall quality of staff, strengthen professional skills, expand career development horizons, cultivate a group of excellent lecturers, gradually build a learning organisation and create a career development platform that integrates learning, communication and interaction, and ultimately improve the comprehensive ability of individuals and enhance the core competitiveness of the Group for the purpose of achieving win-win development, the Group insists on internal lecturer cultivation and teaching skills improvement.

Data on employee training in 2023 are as follows:

#### 員工發展與培訓

為有效提升員工的綜合素質,強化專業技能,拓展職業發展視野,同時培養一批機業發展視野,同時培養組織等的講師隊伍,逐步打造學習型的體的體學習、交流、互動於一體的體業發展平台,最終提高個人綜合能力並增強集團核心競爭力以實現共贏發展的目的培本集團堅持內訓師培養,持續提升內部培訓師授課技能。

2023年僱員培訓有關數據如下:

2020 | NE 27 - 1 BA | 1 BB & X BA A A

	Percentage of employees trained 受訓僱員百分比			ig hours (hours) 寺數(小時)
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Total 總僱員	87%	97%	13.25	14.47
By gender				
<b>按性別劃分</b> Male 男性	87%	97%	13.19	15.09
Female 女性	85%	97%	13.32	13.63
By employment type 按僱員類別劃分				
Direct labour 前線員工	83%	96%	14.01	14.26
Indirect labour 非前線員工	89%	98%	12.57	14.66

The Group has always attached importance to staff training and development, and is committed to enhancing the professional skills and professionalism of its staff. The development of staff is also an important factor in assessing the sustainable development of a company. The management capability of human resources should match the needs of the new business model and control model, and should support the Group's strategic planning. We have developed an effective Training Management System to provide comprehensive internal and external training and a comprehensive and effective evaluation system for our employees. Internal training includes mandatory induction training, job skills training, on-the-job improvement training and information security training, etc. External training includes conferences and training courses organised by various organisations, for which the Group will provide appropriate allowances as appropriate. At the end of the training, the trained staff is required to participate in the evaluation to ensure the effectiveness of the training. During the year, training activities were successfully held in various ways, both online and offline, such as Excel training, management training, etc. In order to inherit the corporate culture of innovation, deepen young employees' understanding of the Group, establish a good corporate image, enhance the effectiveness of staff training through innovative competitions, as well as provide a platform for employees to present themselves, the Group carried out the "Golden Messenger" competition in 2023.

本集團一直重視員工培養與發展,致力提 升員工職業技能與職業素養,企業員工的 發展亦是評估企業可持續發展的重要因素。 人力資源的管理能力應匹配新的業務模式 和管控模式的需求,以支持集團的戰略規 劃。我們制定了行之有效的《培訓管理體 系》,為員工提供全面的內外部培訓及全 面、有效的評估體系。內部培訓包括必須 參加的入職培訓、崗位技能培訓、在職提 高培訓、信息安全培訓等。外部培訓包括 會議、各類機構組織的培訓課程,本集團 會視情況提供相應津貼。在培訓結束後, 受訓員工需參與評核,以確保培訓的有效 性。本年度以線上、線下多種方式,成功 舉辦了一系列的培訓活動,如Excel技能培 訓、優秀管理者培養等。為了傳承創新、 奮進的優秀企業文化,推動青年員工深入 了解集團,展現企業文化,樹立良好企業 形象,通過新穎的競賽方式加強員工的培 訓效果,同時也為員工提供一個展示自我 的平台,本集團於2023年開展了以「三十 而立正青春、守正創新再啓程」為主題的 金邦達「金使者 | 大賽。



EXCEL Training EXCEL技能培訓



"Golden Messenger" Competition 「金使者」大賽

#### Occupational Health and Safety

Employee health and safety is a key aspect of human resource risk management and control. The Group is committed to continuous investment in occupational health and safety and attaches great importance to the issue of employee health and safety, through the introduction of a series of health policy measures, including the management of the health classification of all employees, travel control, control of the flow of people in the Tech Parks, continuous operation protection, environmental cleaning and disinfection, emergency dormitory allocation, emergency response and other aspects, which strongly guarantee the efficient and continuous operation of the Tech Parks. The Group has obtained OHSAS18001 (upgraded to ISO45001) Occupational Health and Safety Management System Certificate since 2012, and has successfully renewed the certificate. The Group issued Environment and Occupational Health and Safety Management Manual as a general policy, together with other subordinated documents as specific procedures. Our occupational health and safety related policy complies with all applicable laws, regulations and standards, aiming to improve the Group's management on occupational health and safety, manage risks and mitigate the operational impacts on employees and create a safe and harmonious environment.

#### 職業健康安全

員工健康安全是人力資源風險管理及控 制的主要方面。本集團致力持續投入職 業健康與安全,高度重視員工健康安全 問題,通過制定的一系列健康政策措施, 包括全員健康分類管理, 出差出行管控, 園區人流管控、持續運營保障、環境清潔 消殺,應急宿舍配置、應急響應等的方方 面面,有力保障各園區高效、持續運營。 自2012年起,本集團已獲得並成功續期 OHSAS18001 (現已升級為ISO45001) 職業 健康安全管理體系認證。為此,本集團頒 布了《環境和職業健康安全管理手冊》作為 總的指導方針並相應制定了多級文件作為 具體指導程序。我們的職業健康與安全政 策旨在恪守適用的法律法規及標準,提高 本集團職業健康安全管理水平,控制並減 少營運過程對員工的影響,創造一個安全、 和諧的環境。

We encourage employees to engage in the management of occupational health and safety and work together to establish a safe workplace. The Group has appointed the management representative to implement the management of occupational health and safety. Employee representatives are also selected to act as a communication bridge with management to reflect employees' opinions about matters related to occupational health and safety. In addition, there are regular internal monitors organised by quality management department to ensure the effectiveness and compliance of the health and safety management system, operational controls and emergency preparation control procedures. The Group strictly implements employee safety training to enhance the awareness of occupational health and safety. During the year, we organised a series of occupational safety training such as fire drill and safety production.

There was no work-related fatality occurred in the past 3 years. There were 1,272 lost hours due to work injury (equivalent to 159 lost working days) recorded during the year, at approximately 0.025% of the Group's total working time (2022: 624 lost hours due to work injury, equivalent to 78 lost working days, at 0.012% of the Group's total working time). There were 6 cases of work-related injuries reported in 2023 (2022: 5 cases), which were caused by employees slipping and falling, knocking by an obstacle on their way home by accident. In order to ensure that our employees make a full recovery, we have provided adequate medical treatment and subsequent rehabilitation periods for our injured employees. We have also conducted in-depth analysis of each accident to identify the causes and potential safety hazards, and carried out appropriate measures to rectify the situation. At the same time, we have actively placed staff training and guidance on avoiding accidents in workplace to prevent recurrence of similar accidents. In order to improve employee's physical and mental health as well as their leisure cultural life and let employees devote themselves to their work in the best condition, the Group organised yoga courses, which provided employees with a platform for stretching their bodies and minds and exercising, so that the employees can better relax themselves after work, and release their psychological pressure and anxiety. In 2023, the Group complied with the relevant laws and regulations relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards which had a significant impact on the Group.

於過往三年,本集團並無發生因工亡故事 件;本年內錄得因工傷損失工作時間合 計1272小時(折合工作日159天),約佔集 團總工作時間的萬分之2.5(2022年:624 小時,折合工作日78天,佔總工作時間萬 分之1.2)。2023年共有6單輕微工傷事故 (2022年為5單),為員工意外滑倒、撞倒、 回家途中不慎撞到障礙物等。為確保員工 身體完全康復,我們為受傷員工提供了足 夠的醫療期及後續康復期。同時,我們也 已經對每一起工傷事故進行深入分析,找 出意外的原因和潛在的安全隱患,並進行 了相應的安全措施整改;同時,我們積極 加強員工培訓、指導避免工傷事故的常識, 以防止類似事故的再次發生。為了進一步 提高員工身體素質、身心健康水平,活躍 員工業余文化生活,讓員工以最好的狀態 投入到工作中去,本集團開設瑜伽課程, 為員工提供一個更好的舒展身心、鍛煉自 我的平台,使員工們在工作之餘能更好的 放鬆自己,達到舒緩心理壓力和焦慮的目 的。於2023年內,本集團已遵守有關提供 安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性傷害 等對集團有重大影響的相關法律及規例。

#### **Community Engagement**

The Group is committed to growing together with the community. We understand the importance of community engagement and encourage our employees to participate in community activities to strengthen our relationship with the local community. As a fintech company, the Group is also actively taking social responsibilities while providing quality services and products. Our smart secure payment products and services not only serve for people's livelihood in public services including social security, healthcare, transportation, etc., but also promote the sustainable development of charity and philanthropy and spread positive energy. The Group has participated in charity and donations many times to grow and progress with the society. Over the years, we have actively engaged in poverty alleviation, education assistance, anti-epidemic relief, public facilities construction, voluntary services, etc., to practice social responsibilities and promote social development.

In addition, the Group has always attached great importance to the cooperation between industry, university and research, fully tapping the resources of scientific research teams, promoting the commercialisation of scientific research achievements, and realising cutting-edge technologies and talent reserve. We have established partnerships with colleges and universities on projects and talent trainings, including joint laboratory of Internet of Things with Wuhan University, talent training programmes with Zhaoqing Science and Technology School, Zhuhai New Thinking Secondary Vocational School and Zhongshan Torch Polytechnic, teaching and practice base for Jinan University, Beijing Normal University Zhuhai Campus and others.

In response to collaboration and paired assistance between the eastern and western regions, giving full play to the important role of labour cooperation in paired assistance, the Group actively engaged in the labour cooperation between Zhuhai and Zunyi and went to Fenggang and Wuchuan in Zunyi. The Group studied the situation of their labour force and employment demand and released the requirements of recruitment to provide targeted assistance, and further communicated with two local secondary vocational colleges in talent training and talent delivery. Over the years, the Group has proactively carried out activities to promote the employment of people with disabilities, providing stable employment for them by combining the characteristics of the enterprise.

#### 社區參與

此外,本集團一直重視產學研合作,充分挖掘院校科研團隊資源,推進科研成與化,並實現前沿技術及人才儲備,與多等院校開展項目合作和人才培養實施工學成和人才培養實際工中等職業學校、珠養合質的,也成為暨校和中山火炬學校開展人才培養學、北京師校區等院校的教學實習基地。

為響應東西部協作,深化定點幫扶,充分 發揮勞務協作在東西部結對幫扶中的 作用,本集團積極參加珠海市對口戶 東西部勞務協作工作,前往遵義而寫 務川兩縣,了解當地勞動力情況和 求,發佈招聘需求進行精準幫扶,並與 求,發佈招聘需求進行精準幫扶,並 地兩所中等職業院校在人才培養和 送方面進行溝通與探索。本集團積極點, 為殘疾人提供穩定就業崗位。

The Group has also played an important role in the development of inclusive finance. We have provided a number of small and micro enterprise cards to a number of banks in China to promote the long-term sustainable development of small and micro enterprises. We also provide rural revitalisation cards to dozens of banks in China. The rural revitalisation card is a series of special bank cards issued by China UnionPay in conjunction with commercial banks for users in rural areas for use in scenarios such as agricultural production and living, to implement financial services for rural revitalisation and to enhance the efficiency and level of rural financial services.

The Group actively cooperated with community anti-telecom fraud activities and invited officers from the Anti-Fraud Centre of Zhuhai Municipal Public Security Bureau Xiangzhou Branch to conduct a seminar on anti-telecom and network fraud. During the training session, the officers introduced the general situation of telecom fraud and stressed the importance of combating telecom fraud. By briefly introduced some related cases of fraud and interpreted the key points of *Law of the People's Republic of China on Anti-Telecom and Network Fraud* from company and individual perspectives, the seminar powerfully strengthened the community's as well as the staff's vigilance and identification ability of telecom and network fraud.

By leveraging our experience and expertise, we offer supports in a wide range of areas in infrastructure construction, technology development, education, and etc., fostering the development of the community and giving back to our society. 我們運用所累積的經驗和專長,在業務發展的同時,為社會在基礎設施建設、科技發展、教育等廣泛領域提供支持和便利, 一同促進社區的發展,積極回饋社會。

#### **ESG CONTENT INDEX**

**Mandatory Disclosure Requirements** 

#### ESG報告內容索引

Section/Remarks

強制披露規定	章節/備注
Governance Structure	Governance Structure
管治架構	管治架構
	Stakeholder Communication and
	Engagement
	利益相關方溝通及參與
	Materiality Assessment
	重要性議題評估
Reporting Principles	Reporting Principles
正報原則 正報原則	
Reporting Boundary	Reporting Period and Scope
滙報範圍	報告期間及範圍
Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Section/Remarks
主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	章節/備注

#### A. Environment

A.環境	
Acnost	Δ1

一般披露

Aspect	Α.
層面A1	

General Disclosure

#### **Emissions**

#### 排放物

Information on:

the policies; and

compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer

relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、 有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的:

(a) 政策;及

遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規 例的資料。

**KPI A1.1** The types of emissions and respective emissions

排放物種類及相關排放數據。

**Environmental Management** 

**Emissions Reduction** 

Waste Reduction and Recycling

Appendix 1

環境管理 減少排放

循環減廢

附錄1

**Emissions Reduction** 

減少排放

Subject Areas, Aspects, 主要範疇、層面、一般披	General Disclosures and KPIs 露及關鍵績效指標	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
KPI A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Emissions Reduction
	直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量 (以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、 每項設施計算)。	減少排放
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Waste Reduction and Recycling
	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用) 密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	循環減廢
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Waste Reduction and Recycling
	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用) 密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	循環減廢
KPI A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Emissions Reduction
	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	減少排放
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Waste Reduction and Recycling
	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂 立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	循環減廢
Aspect A2 層面A2	Use of Resources 資源使用	
General Disclosure	Policies on the efficient use of resources including energy, water and other raw materials.	Resources Consumption
一般披露	有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	資源使用

Subject Areas, Aspects, 主要範疇、層面、一般披	General Disclosures and KPIs 露及關鍵績效指標	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Resources Consumption
	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	資源使用
KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Resources Consumption
	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	資源使用
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Resources Consumption
	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	資源使用
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Resources Consumption
	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	資源使用
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Waste Reduction and Recycling
	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	循環減廢

Subject Areas,	Aspects, Ge	eneral Disc	losures	and	KPIs
主要範疇、層面	、一般披露	及關鍵績效	指標		

Section/Remarks 章節/備注

Aspect A3 層面A3	The Environment and Natural Resources 環境及天然資源	
General Disclosure	Policies on minimising the issuers' significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.	Environmental Management Resources Consumption Emissions Reduction
一般披露	減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政 策。	環境管理 資源使用 減少排放
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	Environmental Management Resources Consumption Emissions Reduction 環境管理 資源使用 減少排放
Aspect A4 層面A4	Climate Change 氣候變化	
	氣候變化  Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the	Concerns for and Responses to Climate Change
· 層面 <b>A4</b>	氣候變化  Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have	·
層面 <b>A4</b> General Disclosure	<b>氣候變化</b> Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.  識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重	Climate Change

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

Section/Remarks 章節/備注

B. Social

B.社會

**Employment and Labour Practices** 

僱傭及勞工常規

Aspect B1

**Employment** 

層面B1

僱傭

General Disclosure

Information on:

the policies; and (a)

Recruitment Policy **Employee Benefits** Appendix 1

僱傭政策

員工待遇

僱傭政策

附錄1

compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact

on the issuer

relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and

一般披露

有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、 平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利 的:

(a) 政策;及

(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規

例的資料。

**KPI B1.1** Total workforce by gender, employment type Recruitment Policy

(for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.

按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及

地區劃分的僱員總數。

**KPI B1.2** Employee turnover rate by gender, age group Recruitment Policy

and geographical region.

按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。 僱傭政策

Section/Remarks

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標		章節/備注
Aspect B2 層面B2	Health and Safety 健康與安全	
General Disclosure	Information on:  (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer  relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational	Occupational Health and Safety Appendix 1
一般披露	hazards. 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	職業健康安全 附錄1
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year. 過去三年(包括滙報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康安全
KPI B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康安全
KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康安全

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

驟。

主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標		章節/備注
Aspect B3 層面B3	Development and Training 發展及培訓	
General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	Development and Training
一般披露	有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。 描述培訓活動。	員工發展與培訓
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	Development and Training
	按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層) 劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	員工發展與培訓
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per	Development and Training
	employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平 均時數。	員工發展與培訓
Aspect B4 層面B4	Labour Standards 勞工準則	
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child or forced labour.	Recruitment Policy Employee Benefits Appendix 1
一般披露	有關防止童工或強制勞工的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	僱傭政策 員工待遇 附錄1
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Recruitment Policy
	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	僱傭政策
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Recruitment Policy
	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步	僱傭政策

Section/Remarks

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

Section/Remarks 章節/備注

主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

Operating	<b>Practices</b>
營運慣例	
Aspect R5	

Aspect B5 層面B5 **Supply Chain Management** 

供應鏈管理

General Disclosure

Policies on managing environmental and social

risks of the supply chain.

一般披露

管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。

供應鏈管理

KPI B5.1

Number of suppliers by geographical region.

按地區劃分的供貨商數目。

Supply Chain Management

Supply Chain Management

Supply Chain Management

供應鏈管理

KPI B5.2

KPI B5.3

Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the

practices are being implemented, and how they

are implemented and monitored.

描述有關聘用供貨商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例

的供貨商數目,以及相關執行及監察方法。

供應鏈管理

Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply

environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and

monitored.

描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險

的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。

Supply Chain Management

供應鏈管理

KPI B5.4 Description of practices used to promote

environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are

implemented and monitored.

描述在揀選供貨商時促使多用環保產品及服務的

慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。

Supply Chain Management

供應鏈管理

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Section/Remarks
主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	章節/備注

Aspect B6 層面B6	Product Responsibility 產品責任	
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products	Product and Service Quality Information Security and Data Protection Appendix 1
一般披露	and services provided and methods of redress. 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	產品及服務質量 信息安全與數據保護 附錄1
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	Product and Service Quality 產品及服務質量
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with. 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	Product and Service Quality 產品及服務質量
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	Product and Service Quality 產品及服務質量
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	Product and Service Quality 產品及服務質量
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者數據保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Information Security and Data Protection 信息安全與數據保護

Section/Remarks

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標		章節/備注
Aspect B7 層面B7	Anti-corruption 反貪污	
General Disclosure	Information on:  (a) the policies; and  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money	Anti-corruption Appendix 1
一般披露	laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規 例的資料。	反貪腐 附錄1
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Anti-corruption
	於滙報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪 污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	反貪腐
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption
	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察 方法。	反貪腐
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Anti-corruption
	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	反貪腐

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標 Section/Remarks 章節/備注

Community

社區

Aspect B8 Community Investment 層面B8 社區投資

General Disclosure Policies on community engagement to understand Community Engagement

the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into

consideration the communities' interests.

一般披露 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保 社區參與

其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。

KPI B8.1 Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, Community Engagement

environmental concerns, labour needs, health,

culture, sport).

專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、 社區參與

健康、文化、體育)。

KPI B8.2 Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the Community Engagement

focus area.

在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。 社區參與

## APPENDIX 1 LIST OF LAWS AND REGULATIONS WITH SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON THE GROUP

The following table presents the list including but not limited to the laws and regulations relating to ESG issues and with significant impacts on the Group.

#### **GENERAL**

Constitution of the PRC
Civil Code of the PRC
Criminal Law of the PRC
Company Law of the PRC
PRC tax laws
The Basic Law of the Hong Kong Special
Administrative Region of the PRC
Companies Ordinance (Hong Kong)
Inland Revenue Ordinance (Hong Kong)

#### LISTING

Listing Rules (Hong Kong)
Securities and Futures Ordinance (Hong Kong)
Rules of Securities and Futures (Listing on Stock Markets)
(Hong Kong)

#### **OPERATION ISSUES**

#### Information security

Measures for the Regulation of Risks in the Information Technology Outsourcing by Banking and Insurance Institutions

Cybersecurity Law of the PRC

Data Security Law of the PRC

Personal Information Protection Law of the PRC

Patent Law of the PRC

Copyright Law of the PRC

Trademark Law of the PRC

Regulations of the PRC on Customs Protection of Intellectual

Property Rights

Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Hong Kong)

#### 附錄**1** 對本集團具有重大影響的法 律法規列表

下表呈列(但不限於)與環境、社會及管治 議題相關且對本集團具有重大影響的主要 法律法規列表。

#### 綜合類

《中華人民共和國憲法》 《中華人民共和國民法典》 《中華人民共和國刑法》 《中華人民共和國公司法》 中華人民共和國相關税法 《中華人民共和國香港特別行政區基本法》

《公司條例》(香港)《税務條例》(香港)

#### 上市

《上市規則》(香港) 《證券及期貨條例》(香港) 《證券及期貨(在證券市場上市)規則》 (香港)

#### 運營議題相關

#### 信息安全

《銀行保險機構信息科技外包風險監管辦法》

《中華人民共和國網絡安全法》

《中華人民共和國數據安全法》

《中華人民共和國個人信息保護法》

《中華人民共和國專利法》

《中華人民共和國著作權法》

《中華人民共和國商標法》

《中華人民共和國知識產權海關保護條例》

《個人資料(私隱)條例》(香港)

#### Card organisation

Rules and guidelines on the qualification certifications, quality control certifications, security management for product manufacturing and personalisation enterprises
PCI<sup>1</sup> Card Production Physical Security Requirements
PCI Card Production Logical Security Requirements
PCI Data Security Standard

#### Product and service quality

Law of the PRC on Work Safety
Product Quality Law of the PRC
Regulation of the PRC on the Administration of
Production License for Industrial Products

Regulation on the Administration of Commercial Cipher Codes Advertisement Law of the PRC

Regulation on the Administration of Outdoor Advertising Facilities and Signboard Installations in Special Economic Zone of Zhuhai Specification for Identification Code and Card Number of Bank Card Issuer

Specification for Format and Use of Bank Card Magnetic Stripe Information

#### Anti-corruption

Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the PRC Anti-Monopoly Law of the PRC The Bidding Law of the PRC Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Hong Kong)

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ISSUES**

Environmental Protection Law of the PRC
Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC
Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of
Environmental Pollution by Solid Wastes
Energy Conservation Law of the PRC
Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of
Atmospheric Pollution
Law of the PRC on Noise Pollution Prevention and Control
National Catalogue of Hazardous Waste

1 PCI stands for Payment Card Industry

#### 卡組織

各卡組織產品企業資質認證規則、產品質量管理認證規則、生產企業安全管理指南、個人化企業安全管理指南等《支付卡行業卡片生產物理安全要求》《支付卡行業卡片生產邏輯安全要求》《支付卡行業數據安全標準》

#### 產品及服務質量

《中華人民共和國安全生產法》

《中華人民共和國產品質量法》

《中華人民共和國工業產品生產許可證管 理條例》

《商用密碼管理條例》

《中華人民共和國廣告法》

《珠海經濟特區戶外廣告設施和招牌設置 管理條例》

《銀行卡發卡行標識代碼及卡號》

《銀行卡磁條信息格式和使用規範》

#### 反貪污

《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》 《中華人民共和國反壟斷法》 《中華人民共和國招標投標法》 《防止賄賂條例》(香港)

#### 環境保護議題相關

《中華人民共和國環境保護法》《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》

《中華人民共和國固體廢棄物污染環境防治法》

《中華人民共和國節約能源法》

《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》

《中華人民共和國噪聲污染防治法》《國家危險廢物名錄》

#### **EMPLOYEE AND COMMUNITY ISSUES**

Labour Law of the PRC
Labour Contract Law of the PRC
Regulation on Work-Related Injury Insurances
Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Occupational
Diseases

Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Treatment of Infectious Diseases

Social Insurance Law of the PRC
Provisions on Prohibition of Child Labour
Provisions of the State Council on Working Hours of
Workers and Staff
Labour Relations Ordinance (Hong Kong)
Employment Ordinance (Hong Kong)
Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Hong Kong)
Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Hong Kong)
Minimum Wage Ordinance (Hong Kong)

#### 員工及社區議題相關

《中華人民共和國勞動法》 《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》 《工傷保險條例》 《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》

《中華人民共和國傳染病防治法》

《中華人民共和國社會保險法》 《禁止使用童工規定》 《國務院關於職工工作時間的規定》

《勞資關係條例》(香港) 《僱傭條例》(香港) 《僱員補償條例》(香港) 《職業安全及健康條例》(香港) 《最低工資條例》(香港)

Corporate Information 企業 答點

Financial Statements 財務報告

The Board hereby presents this Annual Report together with the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

董事會欣然提呈本集團截至2023年12月31 日止之年度報告及綜合財務報表。

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is specialised in delivering embedded software, secure payment products and smart financial self-service kiosks for global customers and leveraging innovative Fintech to provide date processing, system platforms and other total solutions for customers in a wide business range including finance, retails, public services including social security, healthcare, transportation, etc. The Group is certified by six of the world-leading credit card organisations including Visa, MasterCard, American Express, China UnionPay, JCB and Diners Club. As one of the global leading secure payment total solutions suppliers, the Group is actively involved in drafting and formulating industrial standards and criterion. Driven by customers' diversified demands and evolving technologies in innovation, the Group watches the cutting-edge technological trends with the closest interests, covering digital currencies, AI, mobile payment, IoT, to reinforce the Group's leading industrial position and boost the whole industry's evolution. Motivated by the strong R&D aptitudes and rich practical experiences, the Group was not only actively involved in numerous significant industrial events and projects, including the first EMV (Europay, MasterCard and Visa) projects in Hong Kong and the Chinese mainland, the first provincial social security card project, the first financial social security card project, the first citizen card project and the first healthcare card project in the Chinese mainland, but also successfully provided secure payment products in compliance with the specifications of the local requirements for more than 30 countries and regions around the world. Adhering to the spirit of "Virtue, Innovation, Efficiency and Cooperation" and leveraging its leading technologies, preeminent qualities and premium services, the Group is fully engaged in promoting a wider and in-depth Fintech applications. At the same time, the Group is now continuously extending its superior solutions and services to a wider geographical area and delivering convenient, secure and easy payment experiences to people around the globe.

The principal activities of the Group for the year 2023 are set out in Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on page 222 to page 232 of this Annual Report.

#### 主要業務

本集團主要業務是為全球客戶提供智能安 全支付領域的嵌入式軟件、安全支付產品 和智能金融自助設備,同時融合創新金融 科技,為金融、零售,以及涵蓋社會保障、 衛牛、交通等公共服務領域的廣泛客戶提 供數據處理、系統平台及其他整體解決方 案。本集團是Visa、萬事達卡、美國運通、 中國銀聯、JCB和大萊六大國際領先的信 用卡組織認證的安全支付產品提供商。作 為全球領先的安全支付整體方案提供商之 一,本集團在積極參與相關行業標準編製、 起草的同時,堅持對數字貨幣、人工智能、 移動支付、物聯網等技術領域持續研發投 入,以客戶需求和前沿技術驅動創新,使 本集團始終處於行業前沿,引領行業發展。 憑藉雄厚的技術實力和豐富的項目實施經 驗,本集團不僅成功參與中國內地及香港 首批EMV(Europay,萬事達卡及Visa)項 目、中國內地首批省級社保卡、金融社保 卡、市民卡以及居民健康卡等項目的實施, 也成功為全球30多個國家和地區提供符合 當地要求規範的安全支付產品。持續秉承 [厚德、創新、高效、合作]的企業精神, 本集團始終以領先的技術、優秀的品質以 及完善的服務,全力促進金融科技在更廣 泛領域的應用,並將卓越的多元化產品與 服務拓展到更為廣闊的地理網絡,為全球 客戶帶來安全、便捷、極致的支付體驗。

本集團於2023年度主要業務分析詳見本年報第222頁至232頁中的綜合財務報表附註5。

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on pages 190 and 191 of this Annual Report.

A final dividend of HK10.0 cents (2022: HK12.0 cents) and a special dividend of HK4.0 cents (2022: HK4.0 cents) per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023 has been proposed by the Board.

#### **PERFORMANCE**

A discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year 2023, the material factors underlying its results and financial position and details of the Group's principal activities are provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on page 12 to page 27 of this Annual Report.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

In order to be eligible for attendance and for voting at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, 21 May 2024, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration by 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 14 May 2024. The register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 16 May 2024 to Tuesday, 21 May 2024, both days inclusive, during which period, no transfer of shares will be registered.

In order to determine who are entitled to the proposed final dividend and special dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration by 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 31 May 2024. The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 3 June 2024 to Wednesday, 5 June 2024, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. Subject to shareholders' approval of the proposed dividends at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, 21 May 2024, the dividends will be paid on Friday, 28 June 2024 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company at the close of business on Wednesday, 5 June 2024.

#### 業績和股息分派

本集團於截至2023年12月31日止之年度業績載於本年報第190頁及191頁綜合損益及其他全面收入表中。

董事會建議就截至2023年12月31日止之年度派發末期股息每股普通股港幣10.0仙(2022年度為港幣12.0仙),以及特別股息港幣4.0仙(2022年度為港幣4.0仙)。

#### 經營表現

關於本集團2023年度內的經營表現,業績的主要影響因素,財務狀況以及本集團的主要業務情況的討論與分析載於本年報第12頁至27頁的「管理層討論及分析」中。

#### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為確定股東有權出席並於2024年5月21日(星期二)舉行之股東周年大會上投票,所有過戶表格連同有關股票須於2024年5月14日(星期二)下午四時三十分前,送達本公司之股份過戶登記處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。本公司將於2024年5月16日(星期四)至2024年5月21日(星期二),包括首尾兩天,暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。

為確定股東有權獲派本次建議之末期股息及特別股息,所有過戶表格連同有關股票須於2024年5月31日(星期五)下午四時三十分前,送達本公司之股份登記處道16號遠東金融中心17樓。本公司將於2024年6月3日(星期一)至2024年6月5日(星期一),包括首尾兩天,暫停辦理股份過三),包括首尾兩天,暫停辦理股份過三),包括首尾兩天,暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。待於2024年5月21日(星期二)股東周年大會上取得批准後,上發予股息將於2024年6月28日(星期五)派發時別本公司股東名冊之股東。

A number of factors may affect the results and business operations of the Group, some of which are inherent to the payment solutions business and some are from external sources. Major risks are summarised below.

## (i) The financial performance of the Group depends on the future growth of the consumer financial services industry

As the Group relies on financial institutions, and public sectors (such as social security, public transportation and health sectors) and other organisations that issue financial payment cards and procure digital equipment as its customers or potential customers, the financial performance of the Group depends on the future growth of the consumer financial services industry and trends in that industry towards greater outsourcing of certain functions such as the production of financial payment products, digital equipment and data processing. The consumer financial services industry is characterised by rapid launches of new products and services, continuous technological advancement, evolving industry standards and changing customer needs, all of which make new products and services not having long life cycles. Organisations that issue financial cards or other relevant products, such as the Group's customers, may face difficulty in anticipating changes in consumer tastes, preferences and requirements and designing financial products to meet such changes, which could lead to a lower demand for financial payment products and in turn decrease these organisations' demand for the products and services, which may adversely affect the financial results of the Group.

#### 主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團的業績及業務營運受多個因素的影響,若干為支付解決方案行業所固有,若 干則來源於外界。主要風險概述如下。

#### (i) 本集團的財務表現依賴消費 者金融服務業的未來增長

由於本集團依賴金融和公共機構(如 社保、公共交通和衛生機構)及其他 需發行金融支付卡和採購使用智能終 端的組織作為本集團的客戶或潛在客 戶,故本集團的財務表現依賴消費者 金融服務業的未來增長,以及業內對 金融支付產品、智能設備、數據處理 等若干工作的外包需求增加。消費者 金融服務業的特點是新產品和服務更 新換代時間短、技術持續升級、行業 標準不斷轉變及客戶需要變化不定, 以上種種因素使得新產品和服務不具 有長的生命周期。發行金融卡或相關 金融支付產品的組織(如本集團的客 戶)於預測消費者品味、喜好及要求 上的轉變,以及設計能迎合有關轉變 的金融產品方面可能遇到困難,因而 可能令對彼等金融支付產品的需求有 所下降,從而降低該等組織對本集團 產品及服務的需求,可能會對本集團

的財務業績帶來不利影響。

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

# (ii) As a supplier to financial institutions and public sectors, the Group is subject to applicable laws and regulations and/or industry standards

Many of the industry organisations, government regulatory agencies and other bodies to which the Group's customers belong or are subject to have issued their own sets of standards, laws and regulations and criteria relating to the facilities and products of payment solutions providers, which the Group must satisfy in order to be eligible to supply products and services to these customers. For example, as required by the Group's financial institution customers, the Group has obtained certifications from all six of the leading worldwide payment card organisations (Visa, MasterCard, American Express, China UnionPay, JCB, and Diners Club) with respect to the Group's card manufacturing and personalisation services. To maintain such certifications, the Group is subject to rigorous periodic audits by these payment card organisations to review the Group's compliance with their standards and criteria. The Group makes significant investments in order to meet these standards and criteria, which vary depending on the organisation or body, including investments required to satisfy changes adopted from time to time by these organisations and bodies in their respective standards and criteria. Further investments to meet these standards and criteria may be costly, and if the Group is unable to continue to meet these standards and criteria, the Group may become ineligible to provide products and services that have constituted in the past an important part of the Group's revenue and profitability.

#### (iii) The Group faces significant competition in each of the markets in which it operates, which could affect its profitability

The Group's market position depends upon its ability to anticipate and proactively deal with changes in economic and market conditions and evolving industry trends, as well as the following factors: introduction of new or superior products and services or more advanced technologies, adoption of more flexible pricing strategies by the Group's competitors and changes in customers' needs and preferences. The Group cannot assure that its current or potential competitors will not produce the same or similar products or products of a better quality and/or provide similar or higher quality services at the same or lower prices than the prices at which the Group's products and services are provided.

#### (ii) 作為金融機構和公共機構的 供應商,本集團須遵守所適 用法律法規及/或行業標準

本集團客戶所屬的許多行業組織或監 管本集團客戶的政府監管機構和其他 機構均已頒佈有關支付解決方案提 供商的設施和產品的標準和規範。為 向這些客戶供應產品和服務,本集團 必須遵守相關法律、法規和標準及規 範。例如,本集團已應金融機構客戶 的要求,就本集團的卡片製造及數據 處理服務取得全球六大領先支付卡組 織(Visa、萬事達卡、美國運通、中國 銀聯、JCB及大萊)的認證。為保持有 關認證,本集團須定期接受該等支付 卡組織的嚴格審核,審閱本集團是否 遵守彼等的標準及要求。這些標準和 規範因組織或機構不同而各異,為加 以遵守,本集團須作出重大投資,包 括為配合相關組織和機構各自標準和 規範的不時變動所需的投資。符合這 些標準和規範的進一步投資可能花費 巨大,倘本集團未能持續遵守這些標 準和規範,本集團可能不合資格提供 過去構成本集團收益和盈利重要組成 部分的產品和服務。

#### (iii) 本集團在所經營的各個市場 面臨激烈競爭,可能會影響 本集團的盈利能力

The Group's competitors may also react more quickly to new or emerging technologies or changes in customer preferences. In addition, the Group may face greater than expected downward pricing pressure as a result of possible price competition by competitors seeking to stimulate demand in order to maintain or increase market share. Such competition could adversely affect the Group's results of operations and business prospects. Any adverse changes in the Group's competitive environment could cause a reduction in the sales quantity, its market share, or the sales price of its products, which would lower the Group's profitability. As one of the suppliers to the major financial institutions around the world, the Group's performance and profitability may be adversely affected if its customers, when faced with operational difficulties and decreasing profit margins, seek to demand more favourable trading terms from the Group in relation to price and credit period. The Group's performance and profitability will also be adversely affected if any of its customers faces cost control or cash flow problems due to such operational difficulties.

(iv) Fluctuations in consumer spending and financial services may significantly affect the Group's business and financial performance

The Group's sales and growth are dependent on consumer spending and consumer banking, which in turn depend on continued improvement of macroeconomic conditions, around the globe generally but in the Chinese mainland in particular. There are many factors affecting the level of consumer spending and consumer banking, including but not limited to, interest rates, currency exchange rates, recession, inflation, deflation, political uncertainty, taxation, stock market performance, unemployment levels and general consumer confidence. In addition, the Group believes that the Group's historical growth rates were largely dependent on the general growth of the global economy. The Group can provide no assurance that the global economy will continue to grow at historical rates, or that it will not grow at all, and any slowdowns or declines in economy or consumer spending or consumer banking may adversely affect the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and growth prospects.

本集團的競爭對手環可能對全新或前 沿技術或客戶喜好改變作出更快的反 應。此外,由於競爭對手為維持或增 加市場份額而致力於刺激需求而導致 價格競爭,本集團可能會面臨比預期 更大的價格下調壓力。上述競爭可能 對本集團的經營業績及業務前景造成 不利影響。本集團的競爭環境出現上 述任何不利變動均可導致本集團產品 銷量、市場份額或售價下降,繼而降 低本集團的盈利能力。作為全球主要 金融機構的供應商之一,如果本集團 的客戶面臨經營困境和利潤率下降, 並要求本集團就價格和信貸期給予更 優惠的貿易條款,則本集團的業績和 盈利能力會受不利影響。倘本集團任 何客戶因經營困境而進行成本控制或 面臨現金流量問題,本集團的業績和 盈利能力也會受不利影響。

#### (iv) 消費者支出和金融服務的波 動會對本集團的業務和財務 表現造成重大影響

本集團的銷售和增長有賴消費支出 和消費者銀行業務,而兩者均依賴全 球(尤其是中國內地)宏觀經濟環境 的持續發展。消費支出和消費者銀行 業務受諸多因素的影響,包括但不限 於利率、匯率、經濟衰退、誦脹、誦 縮、政治的不確定性、税務、股市表 現、失業人數和整體消費者信心。此 外,本集團認為,本集團的歷史增長 率在很大程度上依賴全球經濟的整體 增長。本集團無法保證世界經濟會按 歷史增長率持續增長,或者經濟根本 不會增長,而經濟或消費支出或消費 者銀行業的任何放緩或下滑,均可能 對本集團的業務、財務狀況、經營業 績和增長前景產生不利影響。

#### REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

## (v) Changes in economic, political and social conditions as well as policies around the globe may adversely affect the Group

The risk of material adverse changes to the Group's business performance, development prospects and/or ability to deliver its objectives and strategic goals, caused by changes in the business, economic, regulatory or political environments in which the Group operates, may in turn affect and diminish the competitiveness of the Group and its potential for business development. The impact of geopolitical turmoil may lead to changes in trade, investment and other policies and markets, and may also lead to disruptions in the supply of certain key raw materials or components. This may exposes the Group to the risk of rising raw material costs and price volatility. In addition, changes in the international social situations may bring about changes in policies and regulations across the globe, which may impact the development of different industries in various regions.

The Group will adopt an agile and adaptive mindset in the changing global economic environment to respond to challenges such as geopolitical turmoil through strategic planning and operational adjustments. The Group will also pay close attention to movements of policies and markets in order to react in a timely manner and maintain competitiveness.

#### (v) 世界經濟、政治及社會狀 况以及各國政策的變動可 能對本集團造成不利影響

本集團將在不斷變化的全球經濟環境中保持敏捷和適應性,通過戰略規劃和運營調整來應對地緣政治動盪等帶來的挑戰。同時,也將密切關注政策動向和市場信號,以便及時做出反應,保持競爭力。

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# (vi) Natural disasters, health epidemics such as COVID-19, social disruption and other outbreaks could significantly disrupt the Group's operations

The Group may be vulnerable to social and natural catastrophic and public health events that are beyond the Group's control, such as natural disasters, health epidemics, and other catastrophes, which may materially and adversely affect the Group's business. Natural disasters may give rise to water supply disruption, electricity disruption, transport disruption, server interruption and system failures, which could adversely affect the Group's operation. For example, the outbreak of COVID-19 has severely impacted China and the rest of the world. There is no assurance that outbreak of epidemic diseases such as COVID-19 will not further escalate with new variant cases entailing different restrictive measures in various countries which may in turn have a material adverse effect on the Group's operations. Consequently, if any natural disasters, health epidemics or other public safety concerns were to affect the Group, the Group's operations may experience material disruptions, which may materially and adversely affect the Group's business, financial conditions and results.

## (vii)Data security risk may adversely affect the Group

The Group attaches great importance on protecting and safeguarding data of the customers and itself, and continues to pay attention to the changes and updates of the laws and policies related to privacy and data protection in various countries and regions. As all countries and regions continue to strengthen their regulation over data security and personal privacy, the Group is fully aware that any loss or leakage of such data could have a significant negative impact on customers, which may cause adverse effect to the Group's business.

#### (vi) 自 然 災 害 、流 行 病(如 COVID-19)和社會動亂以及 其他爆發有關的風險可能導 致本集團的營運受到嚴重幹 擾

本集團易受無法控制的社會及自然災 害、公共衛生事件的影響,例如自然 災害、流行病及其他災害,該等事件 或會對本集團的業務造成重大不利影 響。自然災害可能引致供電、供水中 斷、交通受阻、服務器中斷、系統故 障等,對本集團運營造成不利影響。 例如COVID-19爆發對中國及世界其 他地區造成嚴重影響。本集團無法保 證類似COVID-19等流行性疾病不會 隨新變種病例進一步升級而導致各國 發佈不同的預防措施,繼而對本集團 的經營造成重大不利影響。因此,倘 任何自然災害、流行病或其他公衆安 全問題影響本集團運營,則本集團的 營運可能遭受重大幹擾,繼而可能對 本集團的業務、財務狀況及業績造成 重大不利影響。

#### (vii)數據安全風險可能對本集團 造成不利影響

本集團高度重視客戶及自身的數據安 全與保護,持續關注隱私和數據保護 的相關法規及政策的變動及更新。隨 著各國及地區對數據安全與個人信息 保護的監管力度持續加強,本集團意 識到若敏感信息丢失或被竊取,將對 客戶造成重大影響,對本集團的業務 造成不利影響。

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

As one of the global leaders in total solutions in the field of smart and secure payments, the Group has established its information and data security management system in strict compliance with the ISO27001 information security management system and the PCI (Payment Card Industry) Data Security Standard. The Group has also passed the Security Accreditation Scheme of GSMA, the Global System for Mobile Communications Association. The Group's research and development environment has passed on-site testing for security certification by the International Chip Card Standardization Organisation (EMVCo). The Group engages third-party organisations to conduct system compliance inspections annually, which can effectively ensure the reliability of the Group's information and data security management system.

In the provision of data processing services, the Group follows the principle of data confidentiality and adopts a self-developed automated processing system to encrypt and process data to ensure the confidentiality, integrity and security of customer data and production data. The Group strictly controls and implements data security specifications in accordance with the PCI security standards and the requirements of regulatory authorities, throughout the data lifecycle of data transmission, receiving, management, usage, monitoring and destruction, and has successfully passed the security compliance audits by international credit card organisations for more than 25 consecutive years.

In addition, the Group's secure payment products comply with the data security norms and standards of international credit card organisations including Visa, MasterCard, American Express, JCB, Diners Club and China UnionPay, and have successfully passed the security tests and anti-attack tests conducted by the global leading laboratories such as Applus Services, S.A. in Europe. The Group constantly conducts regular tests to ensure the security of the products.

The Group has always taken the protection of data and information security as its primary responsibility. The Group has strengthened its daily business supervision and control, and will continue to invest in research and development of information and data security technologies in order to maintain its position as an industry leader.

作為全球智能安全支付領域整體解決方案的引領者之一,本集團嚴格按照國際標准化組織的信息安全卡達器PCI(Payment Card Industry)數字全標準(Data Security Standard)數字全標準(Data Security Standard)數據安全標準(Data Security Standard)建立了本集團的信息及數據安全管體系統協會GSMA的安全認證(Security Accreditation Scheme)。本標準化的發環境通過了國際芯片卡標準化的發環境通過了國際芯片特體系的研織(EMVCo)安全認證現場測評等系的一類數據安全管理體系的可靠性。

此外,本集團的安全支付產品遵循 Visa、萬事達卡、美國運通、JCB、大 萊和中國銀聯等國際信用卡組織的數 據安全規範及標準,成功通過了歐洲 Applus Services, S.A.等世界頂尖實驗 室的安全性測試和防攻擊測試,並不 斷定期檢測以確保產品的安全性。

本集團始終以保護數據和信息安全 為首要職責,強化日常業務監督和管 控,持續對信息和數據安全技術進行 研發投入,以保持行業領導者地位。

# (viii) The Group's business may be adversely affected by the introduction of new payment technologies

The Group faces competition from new payment technologies, which could reduce the demand for financial cards as a payment method or the use of digital equipment. If there are any new payment technologies which reduce the demand for financial card products, digital equipment or other new products the Group may introduce from time to time, including new products arising from the Group's research and development activities, the Group may experience material and adverse effects on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

# (ix) The Group's adoption of contract-based arrangements and/or structures in certain lines of businesses brings about certain risks

Please refer to the paragraph headed "Risks relating to the Contractual Arrangement" under the section headed "Information on the Contractual Arrangement" in the Report of Directors.

#### Information on the Contractual Arrangement

As disclosed in the announcement of the Group dated 8 February 2021, UMV Technology Limited (Zhuhai) (the "WFOE") has entered into the VIE Agreements with Zhirong Financial Services Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. (the "OPCO") and/or Mr. Xian Jun (the "PRC Equity Owner") on 8 February 2021. Through the following agreements (the "VIE Agreements"), the Group was able to exercise 100% control over the OPCO in substance notwithstanding the absence of legal ownership of the company.

### (viii) 引入新的支付技術可能會對本集團的業務造成不利影響

本集團面對新支付技術的競爭,有關技術可能成為減少金融卡作為一種支付方式的需求或智能設備使用的需求。倘任何新支付技術減少對金融主產品、智能設備或本集團可能不產品、智能設備或本集團可能與不動產生的新產品(包括因本集團的對產生的新產品)的需求,則本其實的業務、財務狀況及經營業績或會遭受重大不利影響。

#### (ix) 本集團在若干業務線中採用 基於合同的協議及/或結構 會帶來若干風險

請參閱董事會報告「關於合約協議的 資料」章節中「與合約協議有關的風 險」的段落內容。

#### 關於合約協議的資料

如2021年2月8日本集團發佈的公告披露,金科智融科技(珠海)有限公司(「WFOE」)與智融金服科技(珠海)有限公司(「OPCO」)及/或閑竣先生(「中國股權擁有人」)於2021年2月8日已訂立VIE協議。通過以下協議(「VIE協議」),本集團對OPCO雖沒有合法所有權,但能夠在實質上對OPCO行使100%控制權。

#### Particulars of the OPCO and its registered owners and the WFOE

The OPCO is a limited liability company established and subsisting under the laws of the PRC. Pursuant to the VIE Agreements entered into between the OPCO, its registered shareholders, namely the PRC Equity Owner, and the WFOE, the WFOE was allowed to exercise control of and enjoy economic benefits generated from the OPCO.

The PRC Equity Owner is a nephew of each of Mr. Lu Run Ting and Mr. Lu Runyi. Mr. Lu Run Ting is the Chairman, an executive Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company and Mr. Lu Runyi is an executive Director of the Company, and therefore, the PRC Equity Owner is a deemed connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

The WFOE is a wholly owned enterprise established and subsisting under the laws of the PRC. The WFOE is principally engaged in technical services, technical development, technical consultation, technology exchange, technology transfer and technology promotion. As at 31 December 2023, the entire equity interest of the WFOE was owned by the Company.

#### Description of OPCO's business 2.

The OPCO is principally engaged in (i) computer software and hardware, (ii) research and development in network technology, and (iii) information service platform for online data processing and transactions processing services as well as information service businesses (the "Restricted Business", and collectively, the "Subject Business"). The OPCO has obtained the Value-added Telecommunication Business Operation Licence ("VAT Licence") under the applicable laws and regulations in the PRC to operate the Restricted Business.

#### 1. OPCO及其註冊所有者和 WFOF詳情

OPCO是根據中國法律成立並 存續的有限責任公司。依照 OPCO,其註冊股東(即中國股 權擁有人)和WFOE簽訂的VIE 協議,WFOE獲准控制並享有 OPCO產生的經濟收益。

中國股權擁有人是盧閏霆先生 和盧潤怡先牛的外甥。盧閏雲 先生為本公司董事會主席、執 行董事和控股股東, 盧潤怡先 生為本公司執行董事,因此, 依據上市規則中國股權擁有人 被視為本公司的關連人士。

WFOE是根據中國法律成立並存 續的獨資企業。WFOE主要從事 技術服務、技術開發、技術諮 詢、技術交流、技術轉讓以及 技術推廣。截至2023年12月31 日,WFOE的全部股權歸本公司 所有。

#### OPCO的業務描述 2.

OPCO主要從事(1)計算機軟件 和硬件;(2)網絡技術研發;及 (3)在線數據處理和交易處理服 務以及信息服務業務的信息服 務平台(「限制性業務」,統稱為 「標的業務」)。OPCO已根據中 國嫡用的法律和條例獲得增值 電信業務經營許可證(「VAT許 可證」) 以經營限制性業務。

3. Summary of the major terms of the underlying contracts of the Contractual Arrangement (the "VIE Agreements")

A summary of the terms of the VIE Agreements is set out below.

### (1) The Exclusive Technological Consultation and Services Agreement

Date: 8 February 2021

Parties: (i) the WFOE; and

(ii) the OPCO.

Duration: From 8 February 2021 up until all of the PRC Equity Owner's equity interest in the OPCO is transferred to the WFOE and/or its designated nominee in accordance with the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement. The WFOE may at any time terminate the Exclusive Technological Consultation and Services Agreement by giving thirty (30) days' advance written notice to the OPCO and the PRC Equity Owner. The OPCO has no right to terminate the Exclusive Technological Consultation and Services Agreement on its own initiative.

Major terms: The OPCO shall engage the WFOE on an exclusive basis to provide technological consultation and services, including but not limited to consulting services on company management and business strategy; website design, design, installation, debugging and maintenance services for computer network systems; system integration, system maintenance, server maintenance, database support and software services; and other related services at the OPCO's request.

#### 3. 合約協議(「VIE協議」)的主 要條款摘要

VIE協議的條款摘要如下:

#### (1) 獨家技術諮詢及服務協議

日期: 2021年2月8日

訂約方: (i) WFOE;及

(ii) OPCO °

Fee determination: The service fee shall be paid on an annual basis and calculated by deducting all costs and expenses approved by the WFOE from the revenue generated by the OPCO for the relevant financial year. Furthermore, the WFOE shall be entitled to adjust the service fee, taking into account the scope of services as well as the operating conditions and development needs of the OPCO, without the OPCO's consent. The WFOE shall fix the service fee taking into account the complexity and difficulty of the services provided by the WFOE, the time incurred by the WFOE's employees for the provision of the services, the actual services and commercial value of the services provided by the WFOE, and the prevailing market rates for the same type of services.

Intellectual property rights: The WFOE shall enjoy exclusively the rights, interests and intellectual property arising from the performance of the Exclusive Technological Consultation and Services Agreement, including but not limited to copyrights, trademarks, patents, technology secrets and trade secrets, irrespective of whether they are developed by the WFOE or the OPCO, unless the relevant government authority requires such rights to be held by the OPCO or if such rights are the prerequisites for the OPCO to renew its operating licence and permit.

費用釐定:服務費應按年 度支付, 並基於從OPCO 在相關財政年度產生的收 入中扣除WFOE批准的所 有成本和費用來計算。此 外, WFOE有權在未徵得 OPCO同意的情况下,根 據OPCO的服務範圍、運營 條件和發展需求調整服務 費。WFOE應考慮到WFOE 提供的服務的複雜性和難 度、WFOE僱員提供服務 的時間、WFOE所提供服 務的實際服務價值和商業 價值以及同一類型服務的 現行市場費率,從而確定 服務費。

知識產權:WFOE應獨家 享有因履行獨家技術諮詢 和服務協議而產生的一切 權利、利益和知識產權(包 括但不限於版權、商標、 專利、技術秘密和商業 秘密,無論是由WFOE或 OPCO開發),除非有關政 府當局要求OPCO持有這 些權利,或如果這些權利 是OPCO延長營業執照和 許可證的先決條件。

### (2) The Exclusive Business Co-operation Agreement

Date: 8 February 2021

Parties: (i) the WFOE;

(ii) the OPCO; and

(iii) the PRC Equity Owner.

Duration: From 8 February 2021 up until the OPCO is dissolved in accordance with the PRC laws. The WFOE may extend the term of the Exclusive Business Co-operation Agreement before expiry. The OPCO and the PRC Equity Owner shall have no right to terminate the Exclusive Business Co-operation Agreement before expiry. The WFOE may at any time terminate the Exclusive Business Co-operation Agreement by giving thirty (30) days' advance written notice to the OPCO and the PRC Equity Owner.

Major terms: Unless prior written consent has been obtained from the WFOE or its designated nominee(s), the OPCO shall not carry on any transaction or conduct any act that may materially adversely affect the assets, business, personnel, obligations, rights or operation of the OPCO, including but not limited to: (i) carrying out or conducting any activities or operating the OPCO in a manner that is beyond the OPCO's usual and ordinary scope of business; (ii) selling to, acquiring from or otherwise disposing to any third party any assets or rights (including but not limited to any intellectual property) worth more than RMB100,000; and (iii) assigning any rights and obligations of the OPCO under the Exclusive Business Co-operation Agreement to any third party.

#### (2) 獨家業務合作協議

日期: 2021年2月8日

訂約方: (i) WFOE;

(ii) OPCO;及

(iii) 中國股權 擁有人。

年期:由二零二年四月 日至OPCO根據中中 建解散。WFOE可在 接來在獨前 養務合作權協議 近縣權擁有人無權合 於上獨家 養時 及中國股權擁有人的 及中國股權擁有人 五十(30)日事先書 為通 終上獨家業務合作協議 無知 無別 是十(30)日事先書協議。

主要條款:除非取得WFOE 或其指定代名人的事先書 面同意,否則OPCO不得 進行任何可能對OPCO資 產、業務、人員、義務、 權利或運營產生重大不利 影響的交易或行為,包括 但不限於:(i) OPCO以超 出OPCO通常和一般業務 範圍的方式開展或進行任 何活動或經營;(ii)向任何 第三方出售、獲取或以其 他方式處置價值超過人民 幣100,000元的任何資產 或權利(包括但不限於任 何知識產權);(iii)將獨家 業務合作協議下OPCO的 任何權利和義務轉讓給任 何第三方。

The OPCO and the PRC Equity Owner shall accept and strictly implement the suggestions and instructions provided by the WFOE from time to time on matters such as employment and dismissal of employees, daily operation and management, and the financial management system of the OPCO. The OPCO and the PRC Equity Owner shall elect or appoint persons designated by the WFOE to serve as directors (or executive directors) and supervisors of the OPCO in accordance with the procedures prescribed by laws, regulations and the OPCO's articles of association, and shall procure the election and appointment of such persons designated by the WFOE as the chairman (if there is a board of directors), general manager, chief financial officer and other members of the senior management of the OPCO. The PRC Equity Owner shall sign a power of attorney to irrevocably authorise the WFOE to exercise all his shareholder's rights in the OPCO on his behalf (the "Irrevocable Power of Attorney"). The WFOE may in its sole discretion designate a nominee to exercise such shareholders' rights granted under the Irrevocable Power of Attorney.

OPCO和中國股權擁有人 應接受並嚴格執行WFOE 不時提供的,關於OPCO 的員工聘用和解聘,日常 經營管理,及財務管理 制度等事項的建議和指 示。OPCO和中國股權擁 有人應按照法律、法規和 OPCO章程規定的程序, 選舉或任命WFOE指定的 人員擔任OPCO的董事(或 執行董事)及監事,並應 選舉和任命WFOE指定的 人員擔任OPCO的董事長 (如設董事會)、總經理、 首席財務官和高級管理層 的其他成員。中國股權擁 有人應簽署一份委托書, 不可撤銷地授權WFOE代 表其行使其在OPCO中的 所有股東權利(「不可撤銷 的授權委托書」)。WFOE 可自行決定指定一名代名 人行使根據不可撤銷的授 權委托書授予的股東權利。

#### (3) 獨家購買權協議

日期: 2021年2月8日

訂約方: (i) WFOE;

(ii) 中國股權 擁有人; 及

(iii) OPCO °

#### (3) The Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement

Date: 8 February 2021

Parties: (i) the WFOE;

(ii) the PRC Equity Owner; and

(iii) the OPCO.

Duration: From 8 February 2021 up until all of the PRC Equity Owner's equity interest in the OPCO is transferred to the WFOE and/or its designated nominee in accordance with the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement. Notwithstanding, the WFOE may at any time terminate the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement by giving thirty (30) days' advance written notice to the PRC Equity Owner and the OPCO. Neither the PRC Equity Owner nor the OPCO shall have the right to terminate the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement on his/its own initiative.

Major terms: The PRC Equity Owner unconditionally and irrevocably granted the WFOE an exclusive right to, to the extent permissible under the PRC laws, purchase or nominate any third party to purchase, on one or more occasions, all or part of the PRC Equity Owner's equity interest in the OPCO. The purchase price shall be the lower of: (i) the actual amount contributed by the PRC Equity Owner to acquire the registered capital of the OPCO; or (ii) the lowest price permissible under the PRC laws (the "Permissible Minimum Price") (Note 1).

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Unless with the prior written consent of the WFOE, neither the PRC Equity Owner nor the OPCO shall assign or transfer any of his/its rights and obligations under the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement. The obligations under the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement shall be binding on the PRC Equity Owner, the OPCO and any of his/its successors, assignees and transferees. Upon prior written notice given to the PRC Equity Owner, the WFOE may, to the extent permissible under the PRC laws, assign all or any of its rights and obligations under the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement to any third party.

Note 1: As advised by Jincheng Tongda & Neal (the "PRC Legal Advisers"), under the PRC laws, there is no legal requirement on the value of the Permissible Minimum Price. The Permissible Minimum Price is to be agreed between the parties, and for illustration purpose, it can be as low as RMB1. Nevertheless, if the Group is to acquire all the equity interest in the OPCO (assuming there is no restriction on foreign investment) and if the consideration/equity transfer income for the equity interest of the OPCO received by the PRC Equity Owner is regarded as too low and without any reasonable ground, pursuant to the Measures for the Administration of Individual Income Tax on Equity Transfer Income (for Trial Implementation)\* (《股權轉讓所得個人所得稅管理辦法(試行)》), the tax authority may assess such equity transfer income and charge 20% tax thereof.

附註1:金誠同達律師事務所(「中國法律顧問」)表示,根據中國法律顧問」)表示,根據中國法律,並無法律允許的最低購買價值的法律規定。法律允許的最低購買價將由訂約方協定,為方便說明,有關購買價可低至至收購內PCO全部股權(假設並無外資限制)及倘中國股權擁有人就OPCO股權收取的代價/股權轉讓所得被視為過低且沒有任何合理根據,根據《股權轉讓所得個人所得稅股理辦法(試行)》,稅局可就有關股權轉讓所得評稅並徵收20%稅項。

Undertaking and covenants: The PRC Equity Owner undertook (inter alia) that, prior to the exercise of the exclusive purchase right by the WFOE or its designated nominee to acquire all of the equity interest in the OPCO, he shall not, without prior written consent from the WFOE or its designated nominee: (i) increase or reduce the OPCO's registered capital or otherwise change the registered capital structure of the OPCO; (ii) procure the OPCO to enter into or carry on any transactions or actions that will materially adversely affect the assets, responsibilities. operations, equity, and other legal rights of the OPCO (except those which are in its usual and ordinary course of business or those disclosed to and with the prior written consent of the WFOE); (iii) sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any legal or beneficial interest in the OPCO's equity, or allow any other security interest to be placed on it, or procure the shareholders' meetings of the OPCO to approve these acts.

In addition, the PRC Equity Owner and the OPCO jointly and severally undertook that, prior to the exercise of the exclusive purchase right and acquisition of all of the equity interest in the OPCO by the WFOE or its designated nominee, the OPCO shall not, without written consent from the WFOE or its designated nominee commit certain acts, including but not limited to (i) entering into any transaction that will or may have a material adverse effect on the OPCO's assets, responsibilities, operations, equity and other legal rights (other than in its usual and ordinary course of business, or prior disclosure has been made and written consent has been given by the WFOE); (ii) distributing dividends or equity entitlements in any form to its shareholders; and (iii) dissolving or liquidating (unless mandatorily required by the PRC laws).

承諾和契諾:中國股權擁 有人承諾,在WFOE或其指 定的代名人行使獨家購買 權收購OPCO的全部股權 之前,未取得WFOE或其指 定代名人事先書面同意, 其不得:(i)增加或減少 OPCO的註冊資本或以其 他方式改變OPCO的註冊 資本結構;(ii)促使OPCO進 行對OPCO的資產、責任、 運營、股權和其他法律權 利產生重大不利影響的任 何交易或實施行動(除在 通常和正常業務過程中的 交易或行動或向WFOE披 露並經WFOE事先書面同 意的交易或行動);(iii)出 售、轉讓、質押或以其他 方式處置OPCO股權中的 任何合法或受益權,或允 許將任何其他擔保權益置 於其之上,或促使OPCO 的股東會批准這些行為。

此外,中國股權擁有人和 OPCO共同和分別承諾, 在WFOE或其指定代名人 行使獨家購買權和收購 OPCO的所有股權之前, 未經WFOE或其指定代名 人書面同意, OPCO不得: (i)出售、轉讓、質押或以 其他方式處置OPCO的任 何資產、業務或收入,或 對OPCO的資產、業務或 收入設定任何其他擔保權 益(除通常和正常業務外, 或事先向WFOE披露,並 得到WFOE的書面同意); (ii)以任何形式向股東分配 股息或股本權益;及(iii)解 散或清算(除非中國法律 有強制要求)。

#### (4) The Equity Pledge Agreement

8 February 2021 Date:

Parties: the WFOE: (i)

> (ii) the PRC Equity Owner; and

(iii) the OPCO.

Duration: Effective upon the Equity Pledge Agreement being duly executed and registered by the relevant administrative authority and shall remain binding until the WFOE's written confirmation of the discharge by the PRC Equity Owner and the OPCO of all their obligations under the Exclusive Technological Consultation and Services Agreement, the Exclusive Business Co-operation Agreement, the Loan Agreement, the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement and the Irrevocable Power of Attorney (the "Contractual Obligations").

Major terms: The PRC Equity Owner agreed to pledge all of his equity interest in the OPCO and any interests arising therefrom during the term of the Equity Pledge Agreement in favour of the WFOE to secure the due performance of the Contractual Obligations and as guarantee for all the representations, undertakings and/ or warranties made to the WFOE by the PRC Equity Owner or the OPCO under the Exclusive Technological Consultation and Services Agreement, the Exclusive Business Co-operation Agreement, the Loan Agreement, the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement and the Irrevocable Power of Attorney.

#### (4) 股權質押合同

日期: 2021年2月8日

訂約方: (i) WFOE;

> 中國股權 (ii) 擁有人; 及

(iii) OPCO °

年期:於股權質押合同正 式簽署,經有關行政機 關登記後生效,並直至 WFOE書面確認中國股權 擁有人和OPCO全面履行 其於獨家技術諮詢和服 務協議、獨家業務合作協 議、借款協議、獨家購買 權協議和不可撤銷的授權 委托書(「合同義務」)下的 所有責任止之前,持續具 有約束力。

主要條款:中國股權擁有 人同意將其在OPCO的所 有股權以及其在股權質 押合同期間產生的任何 利益質押給WFOE,以確 保合同義務的適當履行, 並作為中國股權擁有人或 OPCO根據獨家技術諮詢 和服務協議、獨家業務合 作協議、借款協議、獨家 購買權協議和不可撤銷的 授權委托書向WFOE作出 的所有陳述、承諾和/或 保證的擔保。

#### (5) The Spousal Consent Letter

Date: 8 February 2021

Parties: Ms. Zhao (the spouse of the PRC Equity

Owner)

Major terms: Ms. Zhao unconditionally and irrevocably agreed, confirmed and undertook that:

- she does not possess any rights or entitlements to the equity interest of the OPCO:
- (ii) all the equity interest held by the PRC Equity Owner in the OPCO and all the benefits derived therefrom shall not form part of the matrimonial property between her and the PRC Equity Owner;
- (iii) the performance, amendments, termination and execution by the PRC Equity Owner of the Equity Pledge Agreement, the Exclusive Business Co-operation Agreement, the Irrevocable Power of Attorney and the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement (the "Transaction Documents") did not require her authorisation or consent;
- (iv) she shall sign all necessary documents and take all necessary actions to ensure the due performance of the Transaction Documents (as amended from time to time); and
- (v) if she shall acquire any equity interest in the OPCO for any reason, she shall be bound by and comply with the Transaction Documents (as amended from time to time), and upon the WFOE's request, she shall sign a series of documents essentially with the same form and content as the Transaction Documents (as amended from time to time).

#### (5) 配偶同意函

日期: 2021年2月8日

訂約方: 趙女士(中國股

權擁有人的配

偶)

主要條款:趙女士無條件 和不可撤銷地同意、確認 和承諾:

- (i) 其對OPCO的股權沒 有任何權利或權益;
- (ii) 中國股權擁有人所持 OPCO全部股權以及 該等股權產生的所有 利益不構成其與中國 股權擁有人之間的婚 姻財產的一部分:
- (iii) 中國股權擁有人履行、修改、終止口執行、修改、終止同執行股權質押合同、家業務合作協議、不可撤銷的授權委托書和獨家購買權協議(「交易文件」)不需要其授權或同意;
- (iv) 其應簽署所有必要文件,並採取一切必要 行動,確保交易文件 (不時修訂)得到適 當履行;及
- (v) 因任何理由,若其獲, 得OPCO任何股權 其應受交易文約(中 時修訂)的,並 予以遵守,求 WFOE的要求,其, 簽署一系列文件,易 形式和內容與的相同。

### REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

#### (6) The Loan Agreement

8 February 2021 Date:

Parties: the WFOE; and (i)

> the PRC Equity Owner. (ii)

Duration: The term of the loan granted under the Loan Agreement shall commence from the date of the Loan Agreement for five years, which shall be automatically renewed for another five years and a further five years after expiration of each period of automatic renewal.

Major terms: The WFOE shall provide to the PRC Equity Owner a non-interest bearing loan in the sum of RMB10,000,000, and the PRC Equity Owner shall accept such loan in accordance with the Loan Agreement. Such loans will be used for the PRC Equity Owner's contribution to the paid-up capital of the OPCO. The loan will become due and payable upon the WFOE's demand under any of the following circumstances:

- the PRC Equity Owner is dead, or has limited or no civil capacity;
- the PRC Equity Owner engages in any criminal acts or is involved in any criminal activities:
- (iii) failure of the PRC Equity Owner to repay any debts owed by him or taking up of any material personal debts which may affect his ability to repay the loans under the Loan Agreement; or

#### (6) 借款協議

日期: 2021年2月8日

訂約方: (i) WFOE;及

> (ii) 中國股權 擁有人。

年期:根據借款協議授予 的借款期限應從借款協議 之日起開始五年,該借款 協議應自動續延五年,並 在每一自動續延期屆滿後 再續延五年。

主要條款:WFOE應向中 國股權擁有人提供一筆金 額為人民幣10,000,000元 的無息借款,中國股權擁 有人應按照借款協議接受 該借款。這些借款將用於 中國股權擁有人對OPCO 繳足股本的出資。在下列 任何一種情況下,貸款將 根據WFOE的要求到期和 支付:

- 中國股權擁有人死 (i) 亡,或者為限制民事 行為能力或沒有民事 行為能力;
- (ii) 中國股權擁有人從事 任何犯罪行為或參與 任何犯罪活動;
- (iii) 中國股權擁有人不能 償還其所欠的任何債 務,或其承擔了可能 影響其償還本借款協 議下借款之能力的重 大個人債務;或

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(iv) the WFOE gives written notice to the PRC Equity Owner in accordance with the Loan Agreement to exercise its right to purchase the equity interest in the OPCO to the extent permissible under the PRC laws.

#### Dispute resolution clauses

The VIE Agreements are governed by and will be construed in accordance with the PRC laws. Any dispute arising from the VIE Agreements between the parties should first be resolved through negotiation. In case the dispute cannot be resolved within 30 days, any party may submit the said dispute to the Zhuhai Arbitration Commission\*(珠海仲裁委員會)in accordance with its arbitration rules. The arbitrators may award remedies over the equity interest or assets of the OPCO, grant injunctive relief (e.g. mandatory transfer of assets) and/ or order the winding up of the OPCO. The results of the arbitration shall be final and binding. When the arbitral award is granted, any party can apply for its enforcement in any courts of competent jurisdictions such as courts in Hong Kong, the PRC and locations where the principal assets of the WFOE or the OPCO are located.

### 4. Revenue and assets subject to the Contractual Arrangement

The consolidated total revenue of the OPCO for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately RMB0.22 million. The consolidated total assets and net assets of the OPCO as at 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB10.8 million and approximately RMB-7.47 million respectively.

(iv) 根據借款協議, WFOE向中國股權所 有人發出書面通知, 在中國法律允許的 範圍內行使其購買 OPCO股權的權利。

#### 爭議解決條款

VIE協議受中國法律規管並將根 據中國法律詮釋。各方之間由 VIE協議所導致的任何爭議應首 先通過協商解決。倘糾紛無法 於30日內解決,任何一方可將 有關糾紛提交珠海仲裁委員會 根據其仲裁規則解決。仲裁員 可對OPCO的股權或資產頒佈 補救措施、禁制令(例如強制 轉讓資產)及/或責令將OPCO 清盤。仲裁結果具有終局性和 約束力。仲裁判決一經授出, 任何一方可於有管轄權的任何 法院(如香港、中國及WFOE或 OPCO主要資產所在地的法院) 申請強制執行。

#### 4. 合約協議下的收入和資產

截至2023年12月31日止之年度,OPCO的綜合總收入約為人民幣0.22百萬元。於2023年12月31日綜合總資產和淨資產分別約為人民幣10.8百萬元和人民幣-7.47百萬元。

#### 5. Background and reasons for use of the Contractual Arrangement

#### Regulations on foreign-invested telecommunications

According to the Regulations on the Administration of Foreign-invested Telecommunication Enterprises (2016 Amended)\* (《外商投資電信企業管理規定 (2016 年修訂)》) (the "FITE Regulations"), (i) the ratio of investment by a foreign investor in a company providing value-added telecommunications services shall not exceed 50%, and (ii) a foreign investor who invests in a value-added telecommunications services company shall have a good track record and operational experience in providing value-added telecommunications business (the "Qualification Requirement") in the PRC.

According to the Administrative Measures of Foreign Investment Admission (Negative List) (2020 Revision)\* (《外商投資准入特別管理措施(負面清單)(2020 年版)》) (the "2020 Negative List"), value-added telecommunications businesses are classified as industries where foreign investments are restricted, and the proportion of foreign investment shall not exceed 50% (except for e-commerce, domestic multi-party communication, storage and forward, and call centre businesses).

#### Reasons for adopting the Contractual Arrangement

Pursuant to the FITE Regulations and the 2020 Negative List, (i) the ratio of investment by a foreign investor in a company providing value-added telecommunications services shall not exceed 50%; and (ii) a foreign investor who invests in a value-added telecommunications services company shall have the Qualification Requirement in the PRC.

#### 5. 使用合約協議的背景及理由

#### 外商投資電信管理條例

根據《外商投資電信企業FITE法規」)》(「FITE法規」)》(「PITE法規」)》(「PITE法規」),(i)外國投資司者對投資司信服務公司官服務公司包責。 在得服務公司包責者的投資資產 電提供增值的業務的 在提供方面應具有 表別。 記錄和業務經驗。

根據《外商投資准入特別管理措施(負面清單)(2020年版)》(「2020年負面清單」),增值電管業務被歸類為限制外國投資的行業,外國投資比例不得超過50%(電子商務、國內多方通訊、存儲轉發以及呼叫中心業務除外)。

#### 採納合約協議的理由

根據FITE法規和2020年負面清單,(i)外國投資者對提供增值電信服務的公司的投資比例不得超過50%;及(ii)外國投資者對增值電信服務公司的投資應符合中國的資格要求。

As advised by the PRC Legal Advisers, there lacks a clear guidance or interpretation on the Qualification Requirement. Furthermore, due to the foreign ownership restrictions as outlined above and based on the formal consultation with the officer of the Guangdong Communications Administration by the PRC Legal Advisers on 19 November 2020, since the Group had no operational experience in value-added telecommunications business in the PRC nor had it previously acquired any equity interest in a PRC enterprise engaged in telecommunications business, the PRC Legal Advisers have taken the view that from a regulatory perspective, unless it is through Contractual Arrangement, the Group would not be able to engage in the value-added telecommunications business in the PRC directly or hold any equity interest of the OPCO. In the event that the Group holds any equity interest in the OPCO, the application to renew the VAT Licence of the OPCO would not be approved. The PRC Legal Advisers have confirmed that all possible actions or steps taken to enable it to reach its legal conclusions had been taken.

As advised by the PRC Legal Advisers, the Group has reasonably assessed the requirements under all applicable rules, committed financial and other resources and implemented all the PRC Legal Advisers' recommendations prior to establishing the Contractual Arrangement.

In view of the above, the VIE Agreements were entered into among the WFOE, the OPCO and the PRC Equity Owner. Through the VIE Agreements, the WFOE will have effective control over the finance and operation of the OPCO and will enjoy the entire economic interests and benefits generated by the OPCO despite the lack of registered equity ownership.

正如中國法律顧問所建議的, 現對於資格要求缺乏明確的指 導或解釋。此外,由於上文所 述的外國所有權限制,並根據 中國法律顧問就於二零二零年 十一月十九日與廣東省電信管 理局政府人員的正式諮詢,由 於本集團在中國沒有增值電信 業務的業務經驗,而且以前也 沒有在中國從事電信業務的企 業中獲得任何股權,中國法律 顧問認為,從監管的角度來看, 除非通過合約協議,本集團將 無法直接在中國從事增值電信 業務,也無法持有OPCO的任何 股權。如果本集團持有OPCO的 股權,延長OPCO的VAT許可證 的申請將不予批准。中國法律 顧問確認,已採取一切可能的 行動或步驟,使其能夠得出法 律結論。

根據中國法律顧問的建議,本 集團合理地評估了所有適用規 則下的要求,承諾財務和其他 資源,並在訂立合約協議之前 執行了中國法律顧問的所有建 議。

鑒於上述情況,WFOE、OPCO和中國股權擁有人訂立VIE協議。通過VIE協議,WFOE將實際控制OPCO的財務和運營,並在即使缺乏登記股權所有權的情況下仍將享受OPCO產生的全部經濟利益及得益。

The Company has discussed with its auditors and confirms that the financial results of the OPCO has been and will be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group under the prevailing accounting principles. On the basis of the aforesaid confirmation and pursuant to Rule 1.01 of the Listing Rules, the Company further confirms that the OPCO is an indirect subsidiary of the Company as 100% of its equity interest is attributable to the Company through the WFOE.

#### **Commercial Benefits of the Transactions**

The Group aims to become the world's leading supplier of Fintech products and services and a leader in the financial payment products. Accordingly, the Group has been actively looking for opportunities to tap into the Subject Business, including the Restricted Business. As outlined above, due to the foreign ownership restriction, the Group would not be able to engage in the Restricted Business other than adopting the Contractual Arrangement (namely, entering into the VIE Agreements). After in-depth discussion of the management of the Company, it was decided that the PRC Equity Owner, who is a deemed connected person of the Company and a current employee of the Group and as such whose interest would be more aligned with that of the Group and the potential conflict of interest would be mitigated, is a suitable person to establish the OPCO with the principal business of offering information service platform for online data processing and transactions processing services as well as information service businesses which will then enter into the Contractual Arrangement with the Group.

本公司已與審計人員討論並確認,根據現行會計原則,OPCO的財務業績將並入本集團認認人財務報表。基於上述確認來有力的時期第1.01條,本本司進一步確認,OPCO將為本本司的一間間接附屬公司,而本公司透過WFOE應佔其100%股權。

#### 交易產生的商業效益

本集團的目標是成為世界領先 的金融科技產品和服務供應商 和金融支付產品的領導者。因 此,本集團一直在積極尋找機 會,開拓包括限制性業務在內 的標的業務。如上所述,由於 外國所有權限制,除通過採用 合約協議(即簽訂VIE協議),本 集團將不能從事受限制的業務。 經本公司管理層內部深入地討 論並決定,中國股權擁有人作 為本公司的一名關連人士和本 集團的一名現任僱員,其利益 將與本集團的利益更加一致, 且潛在利益衝突可得到緩解, 其應為設立OPCO的合適人員。 OPCO的主營業務為提供在線數 據處理和交易處理服務以及信 息服務業務的信息服務平台, 並將隨後與本集團訂立合約協 議。

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Apart from the regulatory benefits, adopting the Contractual Arrangement will bring the following commercial benefits to the Group:

- (i) It allows the Group to have effective control over the finance and operation of the OPCO and to enjoy the entire economic interests and benefits granted by the OPCO. By introducing the Subject Business, the OPCO will create a new business driver to the Company and generate a long-term return to the Shareholders.
- (ii) It enables the Group to obtain the VAT Licence necessary for providing the value-added telecommunication services in the PRC and enhances the competitiveness and adaptability of the Group in the market.
- 6. Risks relating to the Contractual Arrangement

### The Group will bear economic risks which may arise from financial difficulties in the operation of the OPCO

As the primary beneficiary of the OPCO, the Group will bear economic risks which may arise from financial difficulties in the operation of business of the OPCO. In such events, the WFOE will have to provide financial support to the OPCO. Accordingly, the Group's financial results and financial position may be adversely affected by the worsening financial performance of the OPCO and the need to provide financial support to the OPCO. As discussed above, none of the VIE Agreements provides that the WFOE is obliged to share the losses of the OPCO or provide financial support to the OPCO. However, since the Group conducts the Subject Business through the OPCO and the financial results of the OPCO would be consolidated into the financial statements of the Group, any losses suffered by the OPCO would be reflected in the Group's consolidated financial statements and the Group's consolidated financial position such as the consolidated earnings and profits would be adversely affected.

除監管利益外,透過合約協議 可為本集團帶來以下商業利益:

- (i) 它使本集團能夠有效控制 OPCO的財務和運作,並 享有OPCO帶來的全部經濟利益及得益。通過引入 標的業務,OPCO將為本 公司創造一個新的商業驅動力,並為股東創造長期 回報。
- (ii) 它使本集團能夠獲得在中國提供增值電信服務所需的VAT許可證,並提高本集團在市場上的競爭力和適應性。

#### 6. 與合約協議有關的風險

#### 本集團可能須承受因**OPCO**業務 經營困難而產生的經濟風險

作為OPCO的主要受益人,本集 團將承受可能因OPCO業務經 營困難而產生的經濟風險。在 這種情況下,WFOE將需要向 OPCO提供財務支援。因此,本 集團的財務業績及財務狀況或 會因OPCO的財務表現轉差及需 要向OPCO提供財務支援而受 到不利影響。正如上述討論, VIE協議並無規定WFOE有義務 分擔OPCO的損失或為OPCO提 供財政支援。然而,由於本集 **圆透過OPCO**開展標的業務,而 OPCO的財務業績已並入本集團 的財務報表,OPCO蒙受的任何 虧損將反映於本集團的綜合財 務報表內,本集團的綜合財務 狀況(如綜合收入及溢利)將受 到不利影響。

There is no assurance that the VIE Agreements could comply with future changes in the regulatory requirements in the PRC and the PRC Government may determine that the VIE Agreements do not comply with applicable regulations

Despite there is currently no indication that the VIE Agreements will be interfered or objected by any PRC regulatory authorities, the PRC Legal Advisers have advised that there is a possibility that the relevant PRC regulatory authorities may have different opinions on the interpretation of the relevant regulations and would not agree that the VIE Agreements comply with the PRC laws, and the authorities may deny the validity, effectiveness and enforceability of the VIE Agreements.

Substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation and implementation of the Foreign Investment Law and how it may impact the viability of the current corporate structure, corporate governance and business operations

The Foreign Investment Law stipulates certain forms of foreign investment. However, the Foreign Investment Law does not explicitly stipulate the contractual arrangements as a form of foreign investment.

概不保證VIE協議可符合中國監管規定日後變動,而中國政府可能釐定VIE協議並不符合適用法規

在《外商投資法》的解釋和執行方面,以及在如何影響目前公司結構、公司治理和業務運作的可行性方面,存在著很大的不確定性

《外商投資法》規定了若干形式 的外國投資。然而,《外國投資 法》沒有明確規定合約協議是一 種外國投資形式。

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As discussed above and advised by the PRC Legal Advisers, since contractual arrangements are not specified as investments under the Foreign Investment Law, and if future laws, administrative regulations and provisions of the State Council do not incorporate contractual arrangements as a form of foreign investment, the Contractual Arrangement as a whole and each of the VIE Agreements will not be affected. Notwithstanding the above, the Foreign Investment Law stipulates that foreign investment includes "foreign investors invest through any other methods under laws, administrative regulations or provisions prescribed by the State Council". Therefore, there are possibilities that future laws, administrative regulations or provisions prescribed by the State Council may regard contractual arrangements as a form of foreign investment, and in such events it would be uncertain whether the Contractual Arrangement will be recognised as foreign investment, and whether the Contractual Arrangement will be deemed to be in violation of the foreign investment access requirements. Therefore, there is no guarantee that the Contractual Arrangement and the business of the OPCO will not be materially and adversely affected in the future.

### The Contractual Arrangement may not be as effective as direct ownership in providing control over the OPCO

The Group relies on the Contractual Arrangement to operate the business of the OPCO. The Contractual Arrangement may not be as effective in providing the WFOE with control over the OPCO as direct ownership. If the WFOE has direct ownership of the OPCO, it will be able to exercise its rights as a shareholder to effect changes in the board of directors of the OPCO, which in turn could effect changes, subject to any applicable fiduciary obligations, at the management level. However, under the VIE Agreements, the Group relies on the performance by the PRC Equity Owner of his obligations under the VIE Agreements to exercise control over the OPCO. Therefore, the VIE Agreements with the PRC Equity Owner may not be as effective in ensuring the WFOE's control over the OPCO as direct ownership would be.

如 上 文 所 述 , 並 由 中 國 法 律 顧 問提出建議,由於《外商投資法》 沒有規定合約協議為投資,如 果未來的法律、行政法規和國 務院的規定沒有將合約協定作 為外商投資的一種形式,則整 個合約協議和每一項VIE協議都 不會受到影響。儘管如此,《外 商投資法》規定,外商投資包 括「外國投資者根據法律、行政 法規或國務院規定的其他方式 進行的投資」。因此,未來的法 律、行政法規或國務院的規定 有可能將合約協議視為外國投 資的一種形式,在這種情況下, 不確定合約協議是否將被認定 為外國投資,及合約協議是否 將被視為違反外國投資准入要 求。因此,不保證合約協議和 OPCO業務在未來不受到重大及 不利影響。

#### 合約協議在提供對OPCO控制權 方面的效用可能不及直接擁有 權

### The PRC Equity Owner may potentially have a conflict of interest with the Group

The Group's control over the OPCO is based on the Contractual Arrangement. Therefore, conflict of interests of the PRC Equity Owner will adversely affect the interests of the Company. Conflict of interests may occur when the interest of the PRC Equity Owner no longer align with that of the Group. In such events, the PRC Equity Owner may breach or cause the OPCO to breach the VIE Agreements. If the Group fails to resolve this internally, it may have to resort to dispute resolution, other legal means, or ultimately removing and replacing the PRC Equity Owner, which might affect the WFOE's business, prospects or results of operation and the investors' confidence in the Contractual Arrangement.

### Certain terms of the VIE Agreements may not be enforceable under the PRC laws

The VIE Agreements provide that the arbitration tribunal of the PRC may award remedies over the equity interest or assets of the OPCO (e.g. in relation to its conduct of business, transfer of assets and equity interest) or winding up of the OPCO. The VIE Agreements also provide that any party thereto may seek temporary injunctive relief from the courts in Hong Kong, the PRC and the location where the principal assets of the Company or the OPCO are located.

However, the PRC Legal Advisers have taken the view that pursuant to the PRC laws, the arbitration tribunal may have no power to grant the aforementioned remedies or injunctive relief or to order the winding up of the OPCO. In addition, even though the VIE Agreements provide that overseas courts (e.g. courts in Hong Kong) shall have the power to grant certain relief or remedies, such relief or remedies may not be recognised or enforced under the PRC laws. As a result, in the event that the OPCO or any of the PRC Equity Owner breaches the terms of the VIE Agreements, the Company may not be able to obtain sufficient remedies in a timely manner, and its ability to exert effective control over the OPCO may be materially and adversely affected.

#### 中國股權擁有人可能與本集團 存在利益衝突

#### 根據中國法律VIE協議若干條款 未必可強制執行

VIE協議規定中國仲裁庭可就OPCO的股權或資產頒佈補救措施(例如與經營業務或轉讓資產及股權相關)或責令將OPCO清盤。VIE協議還規定,相關訂約方可向香港、中國及本公司或OPCO主要資產所在地的法院尋求臨時禁制令。

### Limitations in acquiring ownership in the equity interest of the OPCO

In case the WFOE exercises its option to acquire all or part of the equity interest of the OPCO under the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement, such acquisition may only be conducted to the extent permissible under the PRC laws and will be subject to necessary approvals and relevant procedures under the PRC laws. In addition, the aforementioned acquisitions may be subject to a minimum price limitation (such as an appraised value for the entire equity interest in the OPCO) or other limitations as imposed by the applicable PRC laws. Further, a substantial amount of taxes, other necessary costs (if any), expenses and time may be involved in acquiring and transferring the ownership of the OPCO, which may have a material adverse impact on the WFOE and/or the OPCO's businesses, prospects and results of operation.

### The Company does not have any insurance which covers the risks relating to the VIE Agreements and the transactions contemplated thereunder

The insurance of the Group does not cover the risks relating to the VIE Agreements and the transactions contemplated thereunder. If any risk arises from the VIE Agreements in the future, such as those affecting the enforceability of the VIE Agreements and the operation of VIE Agreements, the results of the Group may be adversely affected. To this end, the Group will monitor the relevant legal and operational environment from time to time to comply with the applicable laws and regulations. The Company will continue evaluating the feasibility, the cost and the benefit of insuring the transactions contemplated under the VIE Agreements.

#### 收購OPCO股權擁有權的限制

#### 本公司並無就與VIE協議及其項 下擬進行交易有關的風險投保

#### The VIE Agreements may not be subject to scrutiny of the PRC tax authorities and additional tax may be imposed

The Group could face adverse tax consequences if the PRC tax authorities determine that the arrangements under the VIE Agreements were not entered into based on arm's length negotiations, and as such the tax authorities may adjust income and expenses of the WFOE and/or the OPCO for the PRC tax purposes, which could result in higher tax liabilities on the WFOE and/or the OPCO. The operating and financial results of the WFOE may be adversely affected if the tax liabilities of the OPCO or those of the WFOE increase significantly or if they are required to pay interest on late payments and other penalties.

#### 7. Internal control measures implemented by the Group

With a view to enhancing effective control over and safeguarding the assets of the OPCO, the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement provides that the PRC Equity Owner shall not sell, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any of his interests in the OPCO or create any encumbrances on them without the prior written consent of the WFOE. Under the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement, the WFOE has the right to request for the OPCO's financial information to ascertain its consolidated profit before tax from time to time.

In addition, the Company has also put in place the following internal control measures:

- the seals, chops, incorporation documents of the OPCO are kept at the office of the WFOE to the extent permissible under the PRC laws;
- the WFOE is involved in making corporate management and strategic planning of the OPCO;

#### VIE協議可能無須受中國稅務機 關審查並須繳納額外税項

倘中國税務機關確定VIE協議 項下的安排並非按公平磋商原 則訂立,則本集團可能面對重 大不利税務後果,並且税務機 關可能就中國税務目的調整 WFOE及/或OPCO的收入及開 支,此情況或會導致WFOE及/ 或OPCO的税務負債增加。倘 OPCO或WFOE的税務負債大幅 增加或須就逾期付款支付利息 及其他罰款,則WFOE的經營及 財務業績可能受到重大不利影 墾。

#### 本集團實施的內部監控措施 7.

為加強對OPCO資產的有效控制 及保障,獨家購買權協議規定, 未經WFOE事先書面同意,中國 股權擁有人不得出售、轉讓、 質押或以其他方式處置於OPCO 的任何權益,亦不准就此設立 任何產權負擔。根據獨家購買 權協議,WFOE有權不時要求索 取OPCO的財務資料以不時確定 其除税前綜合溢利。

此外,本公司亦採取以下內部 控制措施:

- (i) 在中國法律允許的情況 下,將OPCO的印章、圖章 及註冊文件保存在WFOE 的辦事處;
- (ii) WFOE參與制訂OPCO的公 司管理與業務計劃;

- (iii) the WFOE shall nominate directors, supervisors, general manager and other senior management staffs of the OPCO; and
- (iv) the WFOE is involved in assessing financial matters of the OPCO.

#### 8. Material change

There has not been any material change in the Contractual Arrangement and/or the circumstances under which they were adopted during the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### 9. Termination of Contractual Arrangement

The Company will unwind the Contractual Arrangement as soon as the PRC laws allow the Restricted Business to be operated without the Contractual Arrangement, and the Company or its nominee may acquire the equity interest in the OPCO held by the PRC Equity Owner and/or the assets of the OPCO are allocated to the Subject Business to the extent permissible under the PRC laws. In the event the WFOE exercises the right under the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement to acquire the equity interest in the OPCO held by the PRC Equity Owner and/or the assets of the OPCO to unwind the Contractual Arrangement, each of the PRC Equity Owner and the OPCO has undertaken to return to the WFOE any consideration he/it shall receive.

However, as at 31 December 2023, there has not been any termination of the Contractual Arrangement.

- (iii) WFOE應提名OPCO的董事、監事、總經理和其他高級管理人員;及
- (iv) WFOE參與評估OPCO的財 務事官。

#### 8. 重大變更

截至2023年12月31日止之年度內,合約協議及/或被採納的情形無任何重大變更。

#### 9. 合約協議的終止

然而,於2023年12月31日,無 任何合約協議終止。

#### **KEY RELATIONSHIPS**

#### (i) Employees

Human resources are one of the greatest assets of the Group and the Group regards the personal development of its employees as highly important. The Group wants to continue to be an attractive employer for committed employees.

The Group strives to motivate its employees with a clear career path and opportunities for advancement and improvement of their skills. The Group provides pre-employment and on-the-job training and development opportunities to its employees. The training programs cover areas such as managerial skills, R&D capacity, innovative technologies, sales and production, customer services, quality control, workplace ethics, information security, compliance and legal and training of other areas relevant to the industry. In addition, the Group seriously consider all those valuable feedback from its employees for enhancing workplace productivity and harmony.

Generally, a salary review is conducted annually. Aside from basic remuneration, the Group provides employee with mandatory social security funds, pensions, work-related injury insurance, maternity insurance, medical and unemployment insurance, and full coverage of housing provident fund contributions in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations of the Chinese mainland. For employees outside the Chinese mainland, the Group also makes contributions towards relevant insurance schemes, pension schemes and provident fund required by applicable local laws and regulations.

#### 重要關係

#### (i) 員工

人力資源為本集團的最大資產之一, 本集團高度重視員工的個人發展,且 致力於繼續成為具吸引力僱主。

Meanwhile, the Group adopted the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (which has expired on 3 December 2019), Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme to recognize and motivate the contribution of the employees and attract suitable personnel for the long-term growth and further strategic expansion of the Group. For the year ended 31 December 2023, no shares or share options have been granted or agreed to be granted to any selected participants or eligible employees (2022: Nil) under the Share Award Scheme and the Share Option Scheme, respectively.

#### (ii) Suppliers

The Group has developed long-standing relationships with a number of its suppliers and takes great care to ensure that they share the Group's commitment to quality and ethics. The Group carefully selects its suppliers and requires them to satisfy certain assessment criteria including track record, experience, financial strength, reputation, products qualities and quality control effectiveness. The Group also requires its suppliers to comply with the Group's anti-bribery policy and enter into a supplier integrity undertaking.

#### (iii) Clients

The Group is committed to maintain and develop its diversified clients' portfolio consisting of public sectors including social security, transportation, healthcare, etc., world-leading financial institutions and multinational companies. The Group maximizes client value by offering professional and effective operation model and innovative and differentiated products and services, to intensify the interaction and viscosity between clients and the Group and enhances the client experience.

### COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group is listed on the Stock Exchange and various subsidiaries are located in the Chinese mainland and Hong Kong. The Group's operations accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in the Chinese mainland and Hong Kong. During the year 2023, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations in the Chinese mainland, Hong Kong and other regions where the Group's subsidiaries locate.

同時,本公司亦實施了首次公開發售前購股權計劃(已於2019年12月3日到期),購股權計劃以及股份獎勵計劃,以嘉獎和鼓勵員工之貢獻,吸引合適人才推動本集團戰略拓展。於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,沒有股份或購股權依照股份獎勵計劃和購股權計劃分別授予或同意授予任何計劃參與者或符合條件的員工(2022:無)。

#### (ii) 供應商

本集團已與多家供應商建立長期的 合作關係,並盡力確保其遵守本集團 品質及道德的承諾。本集團審審 挑選供應商,並要求其滿足若,財 、整響、包括追踪記錄、經驗、財 實力、聲響、產品質量及質量控制 , 、本集團亦要求供應商遵守本集團 的反賄賂政策,與本集團訂立廉政 諾書。

#### (iii) 客戶

本集團致力於維護和擴大由涵蓋社 保、交通、衛生及公共機構、世界領 先的金融機構以及跨國企業所組成客 多元化的客戶群。本集團秉承為客戶 創造最大價值的理念,通過專業化、 精準化的運營模式以及差異化的新 產品和服務,加強本集團與客戶間的 互動和粘性,提升用戶體驗。

#### 遵守法律及法規

本集團於香港聯交所上市,多個附屬公司 位於中國內地和香港,因此,本集團之營 運須遵守中國內地及香港的有關法律及法 規。於2023年,本集團已遵守中國內地、 香港和其他附屬公司所在地的所有有關法 律及法規。

#### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year 2023 are set out on pages 194 and 195 of this Annual Report and in Note 39 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on page 280 of this Annual Report respectively.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

In February 2017, the Group acquired the 50-year land use right of a land parcel with new industry related use with RMB26,669,442 in Zhuhai. The total area is approximately 20,999.56 square meters situated in the No. 88, Zhiyun Road, Xiangzhou District, Zhuhai, Guangdong Province, China, where the operation of the Group is located, for the future development of the Group.

In October 2018, with the support of Zhuhai municipal government, the Group started the construction of "Zhuhai Fintech Center" on this land parcel, with a total construction area of approximately 56,000 square meters, which has been constructed in 2022 and put into use in the 4th quarter of 2022 as the Group's R&D center office and as R&D offices for attracting Fintech enterprises, and no more than 15% of the area of the center will be used as commercial rental. The Group's total investment for the center amounted to approximately RMB320.0 million. The Group will leveraging its own industry resources accumulated over the years in the field of Fintech to bring together global professionals in the IoT, intelligent security payment, data encryption, integrated circuits and other industries, and will jointly make forward-looking technological exploration and technological innovation in areas such as block chain, A.I., big data, biometrics and other areas.

In 2016, the Group acquired the property located in 13th Floor, Bank of East Asia Harbour View Centre No. 56 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong for HKD178 million (equivalent to approximately RMB159.0 million) with a total area of 7857 feet. More than half of this property is used as the headquarters office of the Group, and the remainder is currently leased for office use by an independent third-party enterprise for 3 years from 1 March 2022.

#### 儲備

本集團及本公司於2023年的儲備變動詳情 分別載於本年度報告第194頁和195頁以及 第280頁的綜合財務表附註39。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

2017年2月,本集團在珠海以人民幣 26,669,442元,取得位於中國廣東省珠 海市香洲區志雲路88號的一塊總面積為 20,999.56平方米的新型產業用地的土地使 用權,年期為50年,用於本集團未來發展。

本集團於2016年,以1.78億港幣(折合約人民幣1.59億元)購得位於香港灣仔告士打道56號東亞銀行港灣中心13層的物業,總面積為7857英呎,超過一半作為本集團總部辦公室使用,剩餘部分目前出租給一獨立第三方企業作辦公用途,租約期從2022年3月1日開始,為期3年。

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year 2023 are set out in Note 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 246 and 247 of this

本集團物業、廠房及設備於2023年的變動 詳情載於第246頁以及247頁綜合財務報表 附註15。

#### **BANK LOANS**

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As at 31 December 2023, the Group had no bank loans (2022: approximately RMB44.8 million).

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year 2023 are set out in Note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on page 269 of this Annual Report.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE **COMPANY**

The Company's reserves available for the distribution to the shareholders as at 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB8.0 million (31 December 2022: approximately RMB74.1 million).

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE**

The business review of the Group for the year 2023 is set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis of this Annual Report, which forms part of this Directors' Report. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year 2023 using financial key performance indicators is provided in the section headed "Financial Highlights" on page 5 of this Annual Report.

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY OF THE PAST FIVE **YEARS**

The results, assets and liabilities of the past five years of the Group are set out in the Financial Summary on page 312 of this Annual Report.

#### 銀行貸款

於2023年12月31日,本集團無銀行借款 (2022:約人民幣44.8百萬元)。

#### 股本

有關本公司於2023年的股本詳情載於本年 度報告中第269頁綜合財務報表附註31。

#### 可供分派的儲備

本公司於2023年12月31日的可分派給股東 的儲備約人民幣8.0百萬元(於2022年12月 31日:約人民幣74.1百萬元)。

#### 業績回顧及關鍵表現指標

本集團2023年度業績回顧請詳見本年報的 管理層討論及分析部分,也是董事會報告 的一部分內容。在本年報中第5頁的「財務 摘要 | 部分列載了利用關鍵表現指標對本 集團2023年度業績的分析。

#### 五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績、資產 及負債概要載於本年報中第312頁之財務 概要。

#### **INCENTIVE SCHEMES**

#### (a) Share Option Scheme

The share option scheme was conditionally adopted pursuant to a written resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company on 15 November 2013 (the "Share Option Scheme") for the primary purpose of recognising and acknowledging the contributions of any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers, any Directors, any advisors, consultants, suppliers, customers and agents of the Group, or such other persons who, in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Group, and the principle terms are as follows:

- the maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted shall not exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue at the date of listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange;
- (ii) the maximum entitlement of each eligible participant in any 12-month period up to the date of offer to grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue as at the date of offer to grant;
- (iii) options granted should be taken up on payment of HKD1.0 by the grantee on or before the relevant acceptance date. The exercise price is determined by the Directors of the Company at their discretion and will not be lower than the highest of: (a) the closing price of the ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange at the offer date, which must be a trading day; (b) the average closing price of the ordinary shares on the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (c) the nominal value of the Company's share. The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, except that no option may be exercised more than ten years after it has been granted; and
- (iv) there is no definite vesting period under the Share Option Scheme and the vesting period may be decided by the Board from time to time. There is no minimum period for which an option granted must be held before it can be exercised except otherwise imposed by the Board.

#### 激勵計劃

#### (a) 購股權計劃

購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)於2013 年11月15日通過的股東決議中所批准,旨在認可及獎勵本集團的任何至職或兼職僱員、行政人員或高級人會員,任何顧問、諮詢會大任何應商、客戶及代理、以及董事會就大生權認為將會或一直對本集團曾經作出或可能已作出的貢獻,主要條款為如下所列:

- (i) 購股權授出最大股份數不得超 過本公司在聯交所主板上市之 日的總股數的10%;
- (ii) 在任何一個要約授出之日之前 的12個月期間內,授予任一合 格參與者的最高股份數額不得 超過要約授出之日已發行股份 的1%:
- (iv) 購股權計劃下無明確的歸屬期 以及歸屬期可由董事會不時決 定。除非董事會另有規定,授 出的購股權在行使前,無最短 持有期限的限制。

For the year ended 31 December 2023, no options were granted or agreed to be granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, and no options were exercised, cancelled and lapsed. As at 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023, there was no outstanding option not exercised under the Share Option Scheme.

Assuming all options under the Share Option Scheme have been granted, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme shall be 80,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company, representing approximately 9.76% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this Annual Report. As at 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023, the total number of shares of the Company available for grant under the Share Option Scheme were both 80,000,000 shares.

Subject to early termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, the Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective to 4 December 2023 from the adoption date. As at 31 December 2023, the Share Option Scheme expired.

#### (b) Share Award Scheme

The Company adopted a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") on 30 November 2015 (the "Adoption Date") with a duration of 15 years commencing from 11 December 2015. As at 31 December 2023, the remaining life of the Share Award Scheme is approximately 7 years. The objectives of the Share Award Scheme are to (i) align the interests of any employee, adviser, consultant, agent, contractor, client or supplier of any member of the Group whom the Directors in their sole discretion consider may contribute or have contributed to the Group (the "Participants"); (ii) recognise and motivate the contribution of the Participants and to provide incentives in retaining the Participants for future operation and development of the Group; and (iii) attract suitable personnel for the long-term growth and further strategic expansion of the Group, and the principal terms are as follows:

截至2023年12月31日止之年度,概無根據購股權計劃已授出或同意授出的購股權,且並無購股權被行使、撤銷或失效。於2023年1月1日及2023年12月31日,購股權計劃下無未行使的期權。

倘若購股權計劃下所有購股權均被授出,購股權計劃下股份總數目可為80,000,000股普通股,約佔本公司於本年報之日已發行總股數的9.76%。於2023年1月1日及2023年12月31日,在購股權計劃下,本公司可供授予的股份總數均為80,000,000股。

除非在本公司的股東大會或董事會上被提前終止,否則購股權計劃的有效期自採納日起,為期十年(即2023年12月4日)。於2023年12月31日,購股權計劃已失效。

#### (b) 股份獎勵計劃

本公司於2015年11月30日(「採納日」) 採納股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」), 股份獎勵計劃自2015年12月11日起 計有效期為15年。於2023年12月31日,股份獎勵計劃的剩餘有效期為 7年。計劃之目的為(i)使董事認與 2015年12月11日起 計有效期為15年。於2023年12月31日,股份獎勵計劃的剩餘有效期為 2015年20月31日, 2015年20月31日, 2015年20月31日, 2015年20月31日, 2015年20月31日, 2015年20月31日, 2015年20月31日, 2015年3月31日, 2015年3月31日,

- the Company has engaged BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited (the "Trustee") to administer and hold the Company's shares before they are vested and transferred to the Participants. The Trustee purchases the Company's shares being awarded from the open market at the prevailing market price with funds provided by the Company by way of contribution;
- (ii) the maximum number of restricted shares in respect of which awards may be granted shall not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company at the Adoption Date (restricted shares awarded but cancelled, lapsed and/or not yet vested are all excluded);
- (iii) unless specifically approved by the shareholders of the Company, the aggregate number of new shares to be granted as restricted shares in each financial year shall not exceed 3% of the total number of issued shares of the Company as at the Adoption Date;
- (iv) the maximum number of restricted shares which may be awarded to each Participant under the scheme shall not exceed 1% of the total number of issued shares of the Company as at the Adoption Date; and
- (v) there is no restrictions on vesting period, the purchase price or the amount payable on application or acceptance of the restricted shares awarded except otherwise imposed by the Board.

In May 2017, the Group granted 10,374,000 shares under the Share Award Scheme to the Participants. The shares awarded shall be vested in three years on each anniversary of the first vesting date, which is 26 November 2017, in equal portions. The estimated fair value of the shares award granted at the grant date were approximately HKD27,564,000 (equivalent to RMB24,239,000) based on the market price of the relevant shares at the grant date.

- (i) 本公司已委任中銀國際英國保 誠信託有限公司(「**受託人**」)管 理及持有本公司之股份,直至 將歸屬股份轉讓予計劃參與者。 受託人在公開市場按現行市場 價格買入公司現有股份,費用 由本公司支付:
- (ii) 股份獎勵計劃下的股份授出之 所有限制性股份數目合共不得 超過股份獎勵計劃採納當日本 公司已發行股份總數之10%(已 授予但已取消、失效和/或尚未 歸屬的限制性股票均被排除在 外);
- (iii) 除非得到本公司股東的特別批准,否則在每個財政年度中,作為限制性股份授予的新股的總數不得超過股份獎勵計劃採納當日本公司已發行股份總數之3%;
- (iv) 授予任何一位選定參與者的最高限制性股份數額不得超過股份獎勵計劃採納當日本公司已發行股份總數之1%;及
- (v) 除非董事會另有規定,授出的 限制性股份無歸屬期、購買價 或申請或接納獎勵須付金額的 限制。

於2017年5月,本集團將10,374,000 股股份獎勵計劃持有股份授予計劃參 與者。獎勵股份應從首個歸屬日(即 2017年11月26日)起分3年歸屬,每 年歸屬的數量相同。按授予日的市場 價格估算,獎勵股份於授予日的公允 價值約港幣27,564,000元(折合約人 民幣24,239,000元)。

As at 31 December 2020, all these shares were either vested or lapsed.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Trustee did not acquire any ordinary shares of the Company (2022: Nil), no shares have been granted or agreed to be granted to any selected participants during 2023 (2022: Nil), and the Group did not recognise any expense for the year ended 31 December 2023 in relation to the share awards (for year ended 31 December 2022: Nil).

As at 31 December 2023, 8,146,000 shares of the Company under the Share Award Scheme were held by the Trustee (As at 31 December 2022: 8,146,000 shares).

Under the Share Award Scheme, the maximum number of new shares available for issue shall be 24,990,900 shares of the Company in each financial year, representing approximately 3.0% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this Annual Report.

As at 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023, the total number of shares of the Company available for grant under the Share Award Scheme were both 72,929,000 shares.

In any event, any grant of the share awards under the Share Award Scheme shall comply with Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules taking effect from 1 January 2023.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors of the Company during the year 2023 and up to the date of this Annual Report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. LU Run Ting (Chairman)

Mr. HOU Ping Mr. LU Runyi Mr. WU Siqiang Mr. LU Wai Lim Ms. LI Yijin 於2020年12月31日,所有以上授予的 獎勵股份已歸屬或已失效。

截至2023年12月31日止之年度,受託人並無收購任何本公司普通股(2022:無),於2023年內無股份依照股份獎勵計劃授予或同意授予任何計劃參與者(2022:無),故本集團確認無授出獎勵股份之開支(截至2022年12月31日止之年度:無)。

於2023年12月31日,受託人持有股份獎勵計劃之8,146,000股(於2022年12月31日:8,146,000股)。

股份獎勵計劃下,本公司每個財政年度可予發行的新股股份總數不得超過24,990,900股,佔本公司於本年報之日已發行股份總數的約3.0%。

於2023年1月1日及2023年12月31日,本公司可供授予股份獎勵計劃的股份總數均為72,929,000股。

在任何情況下,股份獎勵計劃下任何股份獎勵的授予都應符合自2023年1月1日起生效的上市規則第17章的規定。

#### 董事

於2023年度內及至本年度報告日止,公司董事為:

#### 執行董事

盧閏霆先生(主席) 侯 平先生 盧潤怡先生 吳思強先生 盧威廉先生 李易進女士

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin

Ms. YE Lu

Mr. LAI Tung Kwok

#### **DIRECTORS' PROFILES**

Details of the Directors' profiles are set out in the "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 28 to 39 of this Annual Report.

#### **DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES**

The directors who have served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company during the year 2023 and up to the date of this Annual Report are as follows:

#### **Goldpac Limited**

Mr. LU Run Ting Mr. HOU Ping Mr. LU Runyi

#### Goldpac Technology Service Limited (Hengqin)

Mr. HOU Ping Mr. LU Runyi Mr. LU Wai Lim Mr. WU Siqiang Ms. HUANG Minjie

#### **Goldpac Datacard Solutions Company Limited**

Mr. LU Run Ting Mr. HOU Ping Mr. LU Runyi

#### **Goldpac Investment Limited**

Mr. LU Run Ting

#### **Goldpac Innovation Limited**

Mr. LU Run Ting

#### SecureTech Holdings Limited

Mr. HOU Ping

Mr. HUI Oliver Siu-Pang

Mr. LU Wai Lim

#### 獨立非執行董事

麥永森先生 葉 淥女士 黎棟國先生

#### 董事介紹

董事介紹詳情載於本年度報告第28頁至39 頁之「董事及高級管理層」章節。

#### 附屬公司董事

於2023年度內及至本年度報告日止,本公司之附屬公司之董事如下:

#### 金邦達有限公司

盧閏霆先生 侯 平先生 盧潤怡先生

#### 金邦達科技服務(橫琴)有限公司

侯 平先生 盧潤恰先生 盧威廉先生 黃敏桀女士

#### 金邦達數據有限公司

盧閏霆先生 侯 平先生 盧潤怡先生

#### 金邦達投資有限公司

盧閏霆先生

#### **Goldpac Innovation Limited**

盧閏霆先生

#### SecureTech Holdings Limited

侯 平先生 許少鵬先生 盧威廉先生

#### Financial Statements 时務報生

#### REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

#### **Goldpac Fintech Private Limited**

Mr. HOU Ping

Mr. HUI Oliver Siu-Pang Mr. YAP Mung Hong Ms. HUANG Minjie Mr. LU Wai Lim

#### **Goldpac Fintech Hong Kong Limited**

Mr. HOU Ping

Mr. HUI Oliver Siu-Pang

Mr. LU Wai Lim

#### Goldpac Fintech Philippines Limited Inc.

Mr. NG Chun Hung (resigned on 21 June 2023)

Mr. Marcos Joao Fernandes

Mr. XU Muping (resigned on 21 June 2023)

Mr. Marvin Pico

Ms. Jennifer Del Villar (resigned on 21 June 2023)

#### Goldpac Fintech (Zhuhai) Limited Company

Mr. LU Run Ting Mr. HOU Ping Mr. LU Runyi

#### **UMV International Holding Limited**

Mr. LU Run Ting

#### **UMV Technology Limited (Zhuhai)**

Mr. HOU Ping Mr. LU Wai Lim Mr. WU Yixiang

#### Zhirong Financial Services Technology (Zhuhai) Co.

Mr. HOU Ping Mr. LU Wai Lim Mr. WU Yixiang

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years, which shall be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either the executive Director or the Company. Each of independent non-executive Directors has signed an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years. The appointment of each Director is subject to the provisions of appointment and retirement of directors under the Articles of Association of the Company.

#### **Goldpac Fintech Private Limited**

侯 平先生 許少鵬先生 YAP Mung Hong先生 黃敏桀女士 盧威廉先生

#### 金邦達金融科技香港有限公司

侯 平先生 許少鵬先生 盧威廉先生

#### Goldpac Fintech Philippines Limited Inc.

吳振鴻先生(自2023年6月21日辭任) Marcos Joao Fernandes先生 徐木平先生(自2023年6月21日辭任) Marvin Pico先生 Jennifer Del Villar女士 (自2023年6月21日辭任)

#### 珠海市金邦達金融科技發展有限公司

盧閏霆先生 侯 平先生 盧潤怡先生

#### 金科智融國際控股有限公司

盧閏霆先生

#### 金科智融科技(珠海)有限公司

侯 平先生 盧威廉先生 吳益翔先生

#### 智融金服科技(珠海)有限公司

侯 平先生 盧威廉先生 吳益翔先生

#### 董事服務合同

每一位執行董事都與本公司訂有為期三年 的服務合同,並約定各方可以通過提前三 個月發出書面通知以終止服務合同。每一 位獨立非執行董事均與本公司訂有為期三 年的任命書。所有董事的任命和退任均遵 守本公司的章程細則。

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. HOU Ping, Mr. LU Wai Lim and Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alum shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. HOU Ping and Mr. LU Wai Lim, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-elections at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin has informed the Company that he will not offer himself for re-election at the annual general meeting due to his intention to devote more time to his family and personal affairs, and accordingly will retire as independent non-executive Director upon the conclusion of the annual general meeting.

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

## CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE FROM THE INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin, Ms. YE Lu and Mr. LAI Tung Kwok, the confirmation of their respective independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has duly reviewed the confirmation of independence of each of these Directors. The Company considers that the independent non-executive Directors had been independent from the date of their appointment to 31 December 2023.

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (all within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong ("SFO")), which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules ("Model Code"), were as follows:

根據本公司章程細則,侯平先生、盧威廉先生以及麥永森先生將在即將召開的股東週年大會上退任董事職務於即將生開及康先生符合資格且願意於即將先生的及康週年大會上膺選連任。麥永森先生門內及處理個人事務,將於股東週年大會選人及處理個人事務行董事職務,不再膺選連任。

概無擬在即將召開的股東週年大會上重選 的董事訂有不可於一年內被公司或其附屬 公司終止而無須作出補償(法定補償除外) 的未到期服務合約。

#### 獨立非執行董事的獨立性確 認

本公司已收到每一位獨立非執行董事,即麥永森先生、葉淥女士和黎棟國先生,根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性發出的年度確認書。本公司已經充分檢討了每一位董事發出的獨立性確認書。本公司認為本公司的獨立非執行董事從任命之日至2023年12月31日均具有獨立性。

### 董事和最高行政人員於本公司及其關聯法團股份、相關 股份及債券之權益及淡倉

#### Interests in Shares

#### 股份權益

			percentage of interest in the Company (%) <sup>(8)</sup>
Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of Interests	Number of securities held <sup>(1)</sup>	所佔本公司權益
董事姓名	權益性質	所持證券數目 <sup>(1)</sup>	概約百分比(%) <sup>(8)</sup>
Mr. LU Run Ting (Chairman)	Founder of a discretionary trust who can influence how the trustee exercise his discretion <sup>(2)(i)</sup>	299,759,422 shares (L)	36.57%
盧閏霆先生 <i>(主席)</i>	可影響受托人如何行使其酌情權的 酌情信托成立人 <sup>(2)(i)</sup>	299,759,422股(L)	
	Beneficial owner <sup>(2)(ii)</sup> 受益人 <sup>(2)(ii)</sup>	1,740,000 shares (L) 1,740,000股(L)	0.21%
Mr. HOU Ping	Beneficial owner <sup>(3)</sup>	12,000,000 shares (L)	1.46%
侯 平先生	受益人 <sup>(3)</sup>	12,000,000股(L)	
Mr. LU Runyi	Beneficial owner <sup>(4)</sup>	48,321,000 shares (L)	5.90%
盧潤怡先生	受益人 <sup>(4)</sup>	48,321,000股(L)	
Mr. WU Siqiang	Beneficial owner <sup>(5)</sup>	725,004 shares (L)	0.09%
吳思强先生	受益人 <sup>(5)</sup>	725,004股(L)	
Mr. LU Wai Lim	Beneficial owner <sup>(6)</sup>	16,000 shares (L)	0.002%
盧威廉先生	受益人 <sup>(6)</sup>	16,000股(L)	
Ms. LI Yijin	Beneficial owner <sup>(7)</sup>	2,044,000 shares (L)	0.25%
李易進女士	受益人 <sup>(7)</sup>	2,044,000股(L)	

**Approximate** 

#### Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the Directors' long position in the shares of the Company.
- (2) Mr. LU Run Ting's interests were consisted of: (i) 299,759,422 shares held by GIHL. On 8 November 2022, through allotment of shares and conversion of shares, the 100% control in GIHL was changed from Chairman LU to Golden Wellness Investment Limited, a company 100% controlled by GLIL·which was in turn 100% held by Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited as the trustee of a family trust set up by Chairman LU. This family trust is a discretionary trust. As the founder of this discretionary trust, Chairman LU can influence how the trustee exercises his discretion. Accordingly, Chairman LU was still deemed to be interested in GIHL's interest in the Company by virtue of the SFO; and (ii) 1,740,000 shares held directly by Mr. LU Run Ting as beneficial owner.
- (3) Mr. HOU Ping's interests were consisted of: (i) 300,000 shares issued by options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (this scheme had expired on 3 December 2019) and exercised on 25 August 2015; and (ii) 1,200,000 shares awarded on 26 May 2017 under the Share Award Scheme; (iii) 10,500,000 shares transferred from GIHL on 10 June 2020.
- (4) Mr. LU Runyi's interests were consisted of: (i) 2,120,000 shares and 45,000,000 shares respectively transferred from GIHL on 20 March 2015 and 10 June 2020; (ii) 400,000 shares issued by options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (this scheme had expired on 3 December 2019) and exercised on 25 August 2015; and (iii) 801,000 shares awarded on 26 May 2017 under the Share Award Scheme.
- (5) Mr. WU Siqiang's interests were consisted of: (i) 130,000 shares as beneficial owner; and (ii) 801,000 shares awarded on 26 May 2017 under the Share Award Scheme, and because of the expenses caused by this scheme, 205,996 shares were deducted on 26 November 2019 which was the final vesting date.
- (6) Mr. LU Wai Lim holds 16,000 shares as beneficial owner. From 18 March 2024, Mr. LU no longer has any discloseable interest in the family trust established by Chairman LU.
- (7) Mr. LI Yijin held 2,044,000 shares as beneficial owner.
- (8) As at 31 December 2023, the number of issued shares of the Company was 819,577,000 shares.

#### 附註:

- (1) [L]代表董事於本公司股份中所持有的好倉。
- (2) 盧閏霆先生之權益包括:(i)金邦達國際所持 299,759,422股。於2022年11月8日,金邦達 國際通過增發新股及股份轉換,其100%控制 權從盧主席變更為Golden Wellness Investment Limited,該公司由金湖投資100%控制。而金湖 投資則為盧主席設立的家族信托的受托Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited 100%持有。該 家族信托為酌情信托。盧主席作為酌情信托成 立人,可影響受托人如何行使其酌情權。因此, 根據證券及期貨條例,盧主席仍被視作於金 邦達國際所持之本公司權益中擁有權益:以及 (ii)1,740,000股由盧主席作為受益人直接持有。
- (3) 侯平先生之權益包括:(i)於2015年8月25日通過 行使首次公開發售前購股權計劃(該計劃已於 2019年12月3日到期)發行股份300,000股:以 及(ii)於2017年5月26日股份獎勵計劃下授予股 份1,200,000股:(iii)於2020年06月10日受讓於 金邦達國際10,500,000股。
- (4) 盧潤怡先生之權益包括:(i)分別於2015年3月 20日和2020年06月10日分別受讓於金邦達國際 2,120,000股和45,000,000股:(ii)於2015年8月 25日通過行使首次公開發售前購股權計劃(該計 劃已於2019年12月3日到期)發行股份400,000 股:以及(iii)於2017年5月26日股份獎勵計劃下 授予股份801,000股。
- (5) 吳思強先生之權益包括:(i)作為受益人持有 130,000股:以及(ii)於2017年5月26日股份獎勵 計劃下授予股份801,000股,並因該計劃產生的 相關費用,於2019年11月26日,即最後一個授 予日,扣除股份205,996股。
- 6) 盧威廉先生作為受益人持有16,000股。於2024 年3月18日,盧先生不再於盧主席設立的家族信 托內持有需要披露的權益。
- (7) 李易進女士作為受益人持有2,044,000股。
- (8) 於2023年12月31日,本公司已發行股份數為 819,577,000股。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023 none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required: (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he/she was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or (c) pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

**DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS** 

No transaction, arrangement or contract of significance, to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with any Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during the year ended 31 December 2023 or as at 31 December 2023.

## DIRECTOR'S RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this report, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2023 or as at 31 December 2023 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements which enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

## CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

No contract of significance had been entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling shareholders of the Company or any of their subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2023. There was no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by the controlling shareholders of the Company or any of their subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

Pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules, for the year ended 31 December 2023, no Director had interests in any business apart from the Company's business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Company.

除上文披露外,於2023年12月31日本公司董事或最高行政人員均無於本公司及其關聯法團股份、相關股份及債券之權益及, 育(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部分), 求:(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及 第8分部須告知本公司及證券交易所(包視 據證券及期貨條例該等條文取得或視 據證券及期貨條例該等條文取得或規 擁有的權益及淡倉);(b)根據證券及期貨 條例第352條,須按其中所述記入登記冊; 或(c)根據標準守則須告知本公司及證券交 易所。

#### 董事享有權益之合約

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度或於2023年12月31日,本公司或其任何附屬公司、任何附屬公司的附屬公司均未直接或者間接地訂立有與本公司董事或任何本公司董事相關連實體享有重大權益之交易、安排或重要合約。

#### 董事獲得股份或債券的權利

除本報告上文所披露外,於截至2023年12 月31日止之年度或於2023年12月31日任何 時候本公司及其附屬公司概無參與任何使 董事通過收購本公司或任何其他法人團體 的股份或債券以獲利的協議。

#### 與控股股東的合約

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,本公司 或其任何附屬公司並無與本公司或其任何 附屬公司之控股股東訂立任何重大合約。 於截至2023年12月31日之年度,概無本公 司控股股東或其任何附屬公司向本公司或 其任何附屬公司提供服務的重大合同。

#### 董事就與本集團構成競爭業 務之利益申報

根據上市規則第8.10條之規定,於截至 2023年12月31日止之年度,概無董事與本 集團業務直接或者間接構成競爭或者可能 構成競爭的除本公司業務以外的任何業務 中存在利益。

Financial Statemen: 財務報告

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for the Directors and Senior Management in respect of certain liabilities arising out of corporate activities. As required by Section 470(1) and (2) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Companies Ordinance"), it is confirmed that the permitted indemnity provision mentioned above is/was in force for the benefit of the Directors/then Directors of Company, and the directors/then directors of any of its subsidiaries when the Directors' Report prepared by the Directors is approved in accordance with section 391(1)(a) of the Companies Ordinance; and has been in force throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2023, respectively. Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, subject to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, every Director or other officer or auditor may be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability, loss or expenditure incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, which relate to anything done or omitted to be done or alleged to have been done or omitted to be done by him as an officer or auditor of the Company and in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted, or incurred in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability in respect of any such act or omission.

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT**

Details of the share option scheme of the Company are set out in the section headed "Incentive Schemes" above.

Save as disclosed above, no equity-linked agreement that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares, was entered into by the Company during the year 2023 or subsisted at the end of the year 2023.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year 2023.

#### **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

The emoluments of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 236 to 241 of this Annual Report.

#### 准許彌償條文

本公司已就其董事及高級管理層可能面對 因企業活動產生之若干負債,作適當之投 保安排。根據香港公司條例(香港法例第 622章)(「公司條例」)第470(1)及(2)條的規 定,本公司確認於董事編製之董事會報告 書根據公司條例第391(1)(a) 條獲通過時及 於截至2023年12月31日止之整個財政年度 內,上述獲准許彌償條文正於惠及/曾經 惠及本公司董事/前董事,及其附屬公司 董事/前董事的情況下有效。根據本公司的 章程細則,在公司條例的條文所規限下, 但在不損害董事可享有的任何彌償的情況 下,本公司各董事或其他高級人員或核數 師因於任何民事或刑事法律程序作抗辯產 生的任何負債、損失或支出,凡涉及其作 為本公司高級人員或核數師而作出或沒有 作出或其指稱已作出或沒有作出的任何事 宜,而有關法律程序判其勝訴或獲無罪開 釋,或凡屬因法院寬免其就作出或沒有作 出任何行為負上法律責任的任何用途而產 生,均獲本公司以其資產作出彌償。

#### 與權益掛鈎協議

有關本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於上文「激勵計劃」一節。

除上述所披露者外,本公司概無於2023年 內訂立或於2023年末存在任何與權益掛鈎 協議將會或可能導致本公司發行股份,或 規定本公司訂立任何協議將會或可能導致 本公司發行股份。

#### 管理合約

於2023年,概無訂立或存在有關本公司整體或任何重大部分業務管理及行政的任何 合約。

#### 董事薪酬

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,本公司董事之薪酬以具名方式詳列於本年報中第 236頁至241頁綜合財務報表附註11。

#### 不競爭承諾

各控股股東已向本公司確認,其已遵守根據不競爭契約(定義見招股章程)向本公司提供的不競爭承諾。獨立非執行董事已審視其遵例情況,並確認控股股東已遵守根據不競爭契約的所有承諾。

#### Each of the controlling shareholders has confirmed to the

NON-COMPETE UNDERTAKINGS

Company of his/its compliance with the non-compete undertakings provided to the Company under the Deed of Non-Competition (as defined in the Prospectus). The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed that all the undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition have been complied with by the controlling shareholders.

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The Group's emolument policies are based on the merit, qualifications and competence of individual employees and are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee periodically.

The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the Remuneration Committee to the Board and are decided by the Board, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted one share option scheme and one share award scheme to motivate and reward its Directors and eligible employees. Details of these schemes are set out in the paragraph headed "Incentive Schemes" above and Note 32 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on the pages 270 to 271 of this Annual Report.

#### **PENSION SCHEMES**

The qualifying employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the Chinese mainland are members of the basic old-age insurance pension schemes operated by the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the PRC (MOHRSS) and relevant authorities. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the pension schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the pension schemes is to make the required contributions under the schemes. The Group participates in Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") schemes for its qualifying employees in Hong Kong. Under the rules of MPF schemes, the employer and its employees are required to contribute 5% of the employee's salaries, up to a maximum of HKD1,500 per employee per month. For qualifying employees in other countries, the local subsidiaries also pays a certain percentage of their payroll to the legally required pension contributions in accordance with local laws. The pension contributions paid above are defined contribution plans, the Group does not have the right to confiscate the contributions and therefore has no use of the contributions.

Save for the above contributions, the Group does not have any other major payment obligation in respect of pension benefits.

#### 薪酬政策

本集團的薪酬政策乃基於個別員工的貢獻、資歷及能力,並定期由薪酬委員會審閱。

董事的薪酬乃由薪酬委員會參考本集團的 經營業績、個人表現及可比較的市場統計 數據向董事會做出建議、並由董事會決定。

本公司已採納一項購股權計劃及一項股份獎勵計劃,以激勵及獎勵其董事及合資格員工。有關該等計劃的詳情載於上文「激勵計劃」一段及本年報中第270頁至271頁綜合財務報表附許32。

於2023年內,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任 何酬金。

#### 退休金計劃

本集團於中國內地附屬公司的合資格員工 參加由中國人力資源社會保障部及相關部 門運作的基本養老保險金計劃。該等附屬 公司須按其工資總額的一定比例向退休金 計劃供款。本集團就退休金計劃的唯一責 任是根據該計劃的規定提供供款。本集團 於香港的合資格員工參加香港強制性公積 金(「強積金」)計劃。香港強積金計劃要 求,僱主需要繳納員工相關收入的5%,以 每月港幣1,500元為上限。本集團於其他國 家的退休金合資格員工,也均按當地法律, 由當地附屬公司按其工資總額的一定比例 繳付法定需要繳付的退休金。以上繳付的 退休金供款屬於界定供款計劃,本集團並 無沒收相關供款的權利,因此亦無使用供 款的情形。

除上述供款外,本集團並無其他的重大退 休金福利付款責任。

#### REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES OR UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2023, so far as was known to the Directors, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) and entities had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

#### 主要股東於公司股份和相關 股份之權益及淡倉

於2023年12月31日,就董事會所知,以下 人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)及 實體,根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第2 及第3分部須予以披露或根據《證券及期貨 條例》第336條須記錄於本公司備存的登記 冊內,於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有的 權益或淡倉:

**Annroximate** 

Name 姓名	Capacity/Nature of Interests 權益性質	Number of securities held <sup>(1)</sup> 所持證券數目 <sup>(1)</sup>	shareholding percentage <sup>(5)</sup> 概約持股百分比 <sup>(5)</sup>
Cititrust Private Trust	Interest of Controlled Corporation <sup>(2)</sup>	299,759,422 shares (L)	36.57%
(Cayman) Limited	受控制法團權益 <sup>(2)</sup>	299,759,422股(L)	
Ms. ZHANG Jian	Spouse <sup>(3)</sup>	301,499,422 shares (L)	36.79%
張健女士	配偶 <sup>(3)</sup>	301,499,422股(L)	
Agende des participations de l'Etat (" <b>APE</b> ")	Interest of Controlled Corporation <sup>(4)</sup> 受控制法團權益 <sup>(4)</sup>	152,931,181 shares (L) 152,931,181股(L)	18.66%

#### Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes a person's long position in the shares of the Company.
- 299,759,422 shares were held by GIHL. On 8 November 2022, through allotment of shares and conversion of shares, the 100% control in GIHL was changed from Chairman LU to Golden Wellness Investment Limited, a company 100% controlled by GLIL, which was in turn 100% held by Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited as the trustee of a family trust set up by Chairman LU. This family trust is a discretionary trust. As the founder of this discretionary trust, Chairman LU can influence how the trustee exercises his discretion. Accordingly, Chairman LU was still deemed to be interested in GIHL's interest in the Company by virtue of the SFO.
- Ms. ZHANG Jian, the spouse of Chairman LU, was deemed to be interested in Chairman LU's interests in the Company by virtue of the SFO.
- The disclosed interest represents the interest in the Company held by Gemplus International S.A. ("GISA"), which is wholly-owned by Gemalto N.V. ("Gemalto"). Based on the disclosure of interests forms filed by Thales, Gemalto is owned by Thales as to 85.51% and Thales is owned by APE as to 35.68%. Therefore, APE was deemed to be interested in GISA's interest in the Company by virtue of the SFO.
- As at 31 December 2023, the number of issued shares of the Company was 819,577,000 shares.

- 附註:
- (1) [L]代表有關人士於本公司股份所持的好倉。
- 金邦達國際所持有299,759,422股。於2022年11 月8日, 金邦達國際通過增發新股及股份轉換, 其100%控制權從盧主席變更為Golden Wellness Investment Limited,該公司由金湖投資100% 控制。而金湖投資則為盧主席設立的家族信托 的受托Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited 100%持有。該家族信托為酌情信托。盧主席作 為酌情信托成立人,可影響受托人如何行使其 酌情權。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,盧主席 仍被視作於金邦達國際所持之本公司權益中擁 有權益。
- 張健女士為盧主席的配偶,根據證券及期貨條 例,被視作於盧主席所持的本公司權益中擁有 權益。
- 所披露權益為Gemplus International S.A. (「GISA」)所持本公司權益,而GISA 由Gemalto N.V. (「Gemalto」) 全資擁有。根據由Thales 填報的披露權益表格, Thales 持有Gemalto 85.51%的股份,同時,APE 持有Thales 35.68% 的股份。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,APE被視 作於GISA所持之本公司權益中擁有權益。
- 於2023年12月31日,本公司已發行股份數為 819,577,000股。

Corporate Information

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, so far as the Directors were aware, no other persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) or entities had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company, which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文披露,截至2023年12月31日,據董事會所知,無其他人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)及實體,根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第2及第3分部須予以披露或根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條須記錄於本公司備存的登記冊內,於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉。

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company purchased 1,642,000 ordinary shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange at an aggregate price of approximately HKD2,367,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,158,000) in order to simplify the company's capital structure. The shares were acquired at an average price of HKD1.44 per share, with prices ranging from HKD1.40 to HKD1.46. All the shares purchased have not been cancelled.

The details of the purchase of shares are as follows:

#### 購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,為了簡化資本結構,本公司在香港聯合交易所,以合計約港幣2,367,000(折合人民幣約2,158,000元)購買本公司1,642,000股普通股。每股交易價格在港幣1.40元至港幣1.46元之間,平均每股交易價格為港幣1.44元。所有購回股份均未注銷。

股份回購詳情如下:

Month 月份		Number of shares purchased 回購股份數量	Highest price per share (HKD) 每股最高價格 (港幣)	Lowest price per share (HKD) 每股最低價格 (港幣)	Aggregate consideration paid (HKD) 合計 已支付對價 (港幣)
November 2023	2023年11月	357,000	1.44	1.42	512,053.45
December 2023	2023年12月	1,285,000	1.46	1.40	1,855,037.67
Total 合計		1,642,000			2,367,091.12

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Directors were of the view that the purchases and subsequent cancellation of the shares can result in an enhancement of the net asset value per share and earnings per share and were therefore beneficial to the company and the shareholders as a whole.

除上述披露外,本公司及其附屬公司於截至2023年12月31日止之年度內均無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司股份。

董事會認為購買及其後註銷股份可提高每 股資產淨值及每股盈利,因此對公司及股 東整體有利。

#### REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

Aggregate sales to the Group's largest and five largest customers accounted for approximately 11.4% (2022: 9.0%) and approximately 34.4% (2022: approximately 30.3%), respectively, of the Group's total revenue from continuing operations.

Aggregate purchases from the Group's largest and five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 20.4% (2022: approximately 20.9%) and approximately 57.5% (2022: approximately 53.8%), respectively, of the Group's total purchases from suppliers.

None of the Directors, their close associates or shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the shares of the Company in issue) had interests in any of such suppliers and customers of the Group.

#### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團最大客戶及前五大客戶的銷售總額 分別約佔本集團來自持續經營業務的收入 總額約11.4%(2022:約9.0%)及約34.4% (2022:約30.3%)。

本集團最大供應商及前五大供應商的採購 總額分別約佔本集團向供應商的總採購 額約20.4%(2022:約20.9%)及約57.5% (2022:約53.8%)。

本公司董事或其緊密聯繫人或本公司的股 東(據本公司董事所知,持有本公司5%以 上已發行股份),概無於任何本集團之此 類供應商及客戶中持有任何權益。

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## CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

#### The Contractual Arrangement

According to the section headed "Information on the Contractual Arrangement" disclosed above, certain transactions contemplated under the VIE Agreements constitute connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2023.

For the transactions contemplated under the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement, as the Group has discretion to exercise the right to purchase all or part of the PRC Equity Owner's equity interest in the OPCO under the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement, the acquisition of the right is classified based on the amount of premium payable by the Group in accordance to Rule 14A.79(2) of the Listing Rules. As no premium is payable by the Group under the Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement, all of the applicable percentage ratios (other than profits ratio) with reference to the Exclusive Purchase Option Agreement are less than 0.1%, the connected transaction contemplated thereunder is fully exempt under Rule 14A.76(1)(a) of the Listing Rules.

For the transactions contemplated under the Loan Agreement, as all the applicable percentage ratios (other than profits ratio) exceed 0.1% but all are less than 5%, the connected transaction contemplated thereunder is subject to the reporting requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Moreover, the transactions contemplated under the Exclusive Technological Consultation and Service Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company.

#### 關連交易及持續關連交易

#### 合約協議

根據上文披露的「關於合約協議的資料」章節、VIE協議項下截至2023年12月31日 止之年度進行的若干交易構成上市規則第 14A章規定的本公司的關連交易及持續關 連交易。

就獨家購買權協議項下進行的交易,由於本集團依據獨家購買權協議可酌情行使購買中國股權擁有人於OPCO的全部或語分股權的權利,上市規則第14A.79(2)條規定該權利的獲得列為本集團應付的溢價金額定由於獨家購買權協議項下本集團無應付為過間,所有涉及獨家購買權協議的適用百分。 以率(除了利潤比率外)均低於0.1%,據 此進行的關連交易完全豁免於上市規則第14A.76(1)(a)條規定。

就借款協議項下進行的交易,由於所有適用百分比率(除了利潤比率外)均超過0.1%但均低於5%,該關連交易符合上市規則第14A章的報告要求。

此外,獨家技術諮詢和服務協議項下進行的交易構成了本公司的持續關連交易。

## REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

The Company has applied for, and the Stock Exchange has granted, a waiver pursuant to Rule 14A.102 of the Listing Rules from (i) setting a fixed term for each of the VIE Agreements for a period of not exceeding three years pursuant to Rule 14A.52 of the Listing Rules; and (ii) setting a maximum aggregate annual cap pursuant to Rule 14A.53 of the Listing Rules for the services fees payable by the OPCO to the WFOE under the Exclusive Technological Consultation and Services Agreement.

The independent non-executive Directors noted that the transaction amount of the continuing connected transactions was nil for the year ended 31 December 2023, and accordingly:

- (i) no services have been provided by the Group to the OPCO under the Exclusive Technological Consultation and Service Agreement during the year ended 31 December 2023 and no profit was generated by the OPCO for the year;
- (ii) no dividends or other distributions were made by the OPCO to its equity owner, which were not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group; and
- (iii) no new contract was entered into, renewed nor reproduced between the Group and the OPCO during the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Company's auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2023 in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagement Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 (Revised) "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued a letter to the Directors confirming that they have reviewed the Contractual Arrangement and confirmed that no transaction amount had been incurred under the Exclusive Technological Consultation and Service Agreement during the year ended 31 December 2023 and nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that there have been any transactions which (i) have not received the approval of the Directors; (ii) have not been entered into in accordance with the relevant VIE Agreements; or (iii) any dividends or distributions which have been made by the OPCO to the PRC Equity Owner which have not been otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group.

本公司根據上市規則第14A.102條已申請 且證券交易所已批准豁免遵守(i)上市規則 第14A.52條規定為每項VIE協議設定不超過 三年的固定期限:及(ii)上市規則第14A.53 條規定為OPCO向WFOE依據獨家技術諮詢 及服務協議支付的服務費設定最高年度總 上限。

獨立非執行董事已知悉截至2023年度12月 31日止之年度該持續關連交易未發生交易 金額,故:

- (i) 截至2023年度12月31日止之年度, 獨家技術諮詢和服務協議項下本集團 未向OPCO提供服務,且本年度OPCO 未產生任何溢利;
- (ii) OPCO未向中國股權擁有人分配其未 被受讓或轉讓本集團的股息或作出其 他分配;及
- (iii) 截至2023年度12月31日止之年度本 集團未與OPCO訂立、續期或重訂任 何新條約。

根據香港鑒證業務準則第3000號(經修訂) 「除審計或審閱歷史財務資料以外的鑒證 業務」及香港會計師公會發出的參考實務 説明第740號(經修訂)「香港上市規則規定 的有關持續關連交易的核數師函件」,本 公司核數師羅兵咸永道會計事務所負責報 告本集團截至2023年12月31日止之年度的 持續關聯交易。核數師已向董事會發出函 件以確認彼等已審閱合約協議,並確認截 至2023年12月31日止之年度內獨家技術諮 詢及服務協議未發生交易金額,且並未注 意到任何事項使他們相信有任何交易(i)未 經董事會批准;(ii)未按照相關VIE協議訂立; 或(iii) OPCO向中國股權擁有人支付股息或 作出其他分派且其後未另行轉撥或轉讓予 本集團。

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Please also refer to the details set out in the section headed "Information on the Contractual Arrangement" above and the announcement of the Company dated 8 February 2021.

請同時參閱上文「關於合議協議的資料」章 節中的詳述和本公司於2021年2月8日發布 的公告。

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

# Save as disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions and Continuing Connected Transactions" in this report, none of the related party transactions as disclosed in Note 36 to the consolidated financial statements fall under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and are subject to annual review, reporting, announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirement sunder Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company has fully complied with the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF THE PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that was publicly available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors, the Company had maintained the prescribed minimum percentage of public float permitted under the Listing Rules since the listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange until the date of this Annual Report.

## CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" in this Annual Report.

#### **SUBSECUENT EVENTS**

No material events occurred subsequent to 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this Annual Report.

#### 關聯方交易

除本報告「關連交易及持續關連交易」所披露外,綜合財務報表附註36所披露關聯方交易並非上市規則第14A章「關連交易」或「持續關連交易」所定義者及無須遵守上市規則第14A章有關年度審核、報告、公告及獨立股東批准的規定。本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章的披露規定。

#### 充足的公眾持股量

自本公司股份於聯合交易所主板上市交易 之日至本年報之日,基於本公司可公開獲 取到的信息以及董事所知,本公司維持保 有聯交所所批准,且符合上市規則所允許 的最低公眾持股百分比。

#### 企業管治常規守則

有關本公司企業管治之詳情載於本年報「企業管治報告」內。

#### 期後事項

自2023年12月31日至本年報發佈之日概無 重大事件發生。

#### REPORT OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

#### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ("**Deloitte**") resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 19 June 2020. The Board appointed PricewaterhouseCoopers as the new auditor of the Company with effect from 19 June 2020 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of Deloitte.

PricewaterhouseCoopers will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting on 21 May 2024.

Save as disclosed above, there has been no other change in auditor of the Company in the preceding three years.

On behalf of the Board

**LU Run Ting** *Chairman & Executive Director* 

Hong Kong, 20 March 2024

#### 核數師

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行(「德勤」)於2020 年6月19日辭任本公司核數師。董事會委 任羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司新任 核數師,自2020年6月19日生效,以填補 德勤辭任後的臨時空缺。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所將在即將召開的股東週年大會上退任,但表示願意留任。在本公司於2024年5月21日召開的股東大會上,將提呈續聘羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司核數師之議案。

除上述披露外,過去三年本公司核數師無 其他變動。

承董事會命

#### 盧閏霆

主席兼執行董事

香港,2024年3月20日

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Board of the Company is committed to achieving good corporate governance standards.

The Board believes that good corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Group to safeguard the interests of shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability.

The Company has adopted the code provisions ("Code Provisions") as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules.

In the opinion of the Directors, throughout the year under review, the Company has complied with all the Code Provisions as set out in the CG Code.

#### **MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions.

Specific enquiry was made with all the Directors and the Directors confirmed that they had complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Company has also established written guidelines as stringent as the Model Code for securities transactions of employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price-sensitive information of the Company (the "**Employees Written Guidelines**"). No incident of non-compliance of the Employees Written Guidelines by the employees was noted by the Company.

#### 企業管治常規

本公司董事會致力於達成良好的企業管治 水平。

董事會深信良好的企業管治標準是必不可 少的,它能為本集團提供一個架構以維護 股東利益、提升企業價值和管理責任。

本公司已採用上市規則附錄C1所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)中的守則條文(「守則條文」)。

縱觀全年之審查,董事們認為本公司已經 遵守了企業管治守則所載之全部守則條文。

#### 證券交易標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則作為規範董事進行本公司證券交易之操守守則。

在向所有董事做出特定查詢後,所有董事已確認於截至2023年12月31日止之年度內均遵守標準守則。

針對可能會持未公開的價格敏感信息的有關僱員,本公司已就有關僱員買賣證券事宜設立了書面指引(「**僱員書面指引**」),該僱員書面指引之內容與標準守則同樣嚴格。公司暫未發現有僱員不遵守公司書面指引的情況。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board currently comprises nine members, consisting of six executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. Below is the list of Directors:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. LU Run Ting (Chairman and Chairman of the Nomination Committee and Member of the Remuneration Committee)

Mr. HOU Ping (Chief Executive Officer and Member of the Nomination Committee)

Mr. LU Runyi (Senior Vice President)

Mr. WU Sigiang (Chief Operating Officer)

Mr. LU Wai Lim (Senior Vice President)

Ms. LI Yijin (Chief Audit Executive and Company Secretary)

#### Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin (Chairman of the Audit Committee and Member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee)

Ms. YE Lu (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and Member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee)

Mr. LAI Tung Kwok (Member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee)

The biographical information of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 28 to 39 of this Annual Report.

The relationships between the members of the Board are disclosed under "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 28 to 39 of this Annual Report.

#### Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are held by Mr. LU Run Ting and Mr. HOU Ping respectively. The Chairman provides leadership and is responsible for the effective functioning and leadership of the Board. The Chief Executive Officer focuses on the Company's business development and daily management and operations generally.

#### 董事會

董事會現由九位成員組成,其中六名執行 董事,三名獨立非執行董事。以下是董事 成員列表:

#### 執行董事:

盧閏霆先生(主席兼提名委員會主席與 薪酬委員會成員)

侯 平先生(首席執行官兼提名委員會成員)

盧潤怡先生(高級副總裁)

吳思強先生(首席運營官)

盧威廉先生(高級副總裁)

李易進女士(審計長兼公司秘書)

#### 獨立非執行董事:

麥永森先生(審核委員會主席兼 提名委員會與薪酬委員會成員)

董事個人簡歷登載於本年報內第28頁至39 頁,標題為「董事及高級管理層」。

董事會成員之間的關係也在本年報中第28 頁至39頁披露,標題為「董事及高級管理 層 |。

#### 主席與首席執行官

主席和首席執行官分別由盧閏霆先生和侯平先生擔任。主席領導並確保董事會的有效機能正常運作。首席執行官負責管理公司的業務發展和日常管理運作。

## Corporate

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#### Independent Non-executive Directors

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board at all times had complied with the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors representing one-third of the Board with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of his/her independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

#### Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Code Provision B.2.2 of the CG Code stipulates that every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Each of the Directors is appointed for a term of three years and is subject to retirement in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

Under the Articles of Association of the Company, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three of a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

The Company's Articles of Association also provides that all Directors appointed by the Directors, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional director, shall retire at the next following annual general meeting and shall be eligible for re-election.

## Responsibilities, Accountabilities and Contributions of the Board and Management

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board takes decisions objectively in the interests of the Company.

#### 獨立非執行董事

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度內,董事會一直遵照上市規則有關必須委任至少三名獨立非執行董事及獨立非執行董事須佔董事會人數三分之一的規定,同時該三名獨立非執行董事中至少有一名具備適當的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市 規則第3.13條之規定有關彼等之獨立性的 年度確認書。

本公司認為,全體獨立非執行董事均為獨 立人士。

#### 董事的委任及重選

企業管治守則第B.2.2條規定每名董事(包括有指定任期的董事)應輪流退任,至少每三年一次。每位董事任期三年,並根據公司章程退任。

根據公司章程,在各股東周年大會上,三分之一董事,或如其人數不是三或三的倍數,則最接近但至少三分之一的人數,須輸值退任,惟每名董事須至少每三年一次輪值退任。退任的董事可膺選連任。

公司章程還規定,由董事委任的所有董事, 無論是填補有關董事空缺或增任為董事, 均須於下屆股東周年大會上退任,並合資 格膺選連任。

#### 董事會及管理層的職責、責 任和貢獻

董事會負責領導和控制本公司並監管本集 團業務、戰略決策及表現,負責通過指導 及監管本公司業務推動其成功發展。董事 會以本公司利益做出客觀決策。

All Directors have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them and the Board regularly reviews the contribution required from each Director to perform his/her responsibilities to the Company.

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters relating to corporate culture, policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, environmental and social responsibilities, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and co-ordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

#### Continuous Professional Development of Directors

Directors keep themselves abreast of responsibilities as Directors of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

Every newly-appointed Director will receive formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on his or her first appointment to the Board to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, each of Mr. LU Run Ting (Chairman), Mr. HOU Ping, Mr. LU Runyi, Mr. WU Siqiang, Mr. LU Wai Lim, Ms. LI Yijin, Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin, Ms. YE Lu and Mr. LAI Tung Kwok has read books/journals and attended relevant training to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities.

In addition, relevant reading materials including legal and regulatory update have been provided to the Directors for their reference and studying. Continuing briefing and professional development for Directors will be arranged where necessary.

全體董事均為董事會帶來多種領域的寶貴 業務經驗、知識及專長,使其高效及有效 地運作。

董事須向本公司披露彼等擔任的其他職務 的詳情,而董事會定期審閱各董事向本公 司履行其職責時所作出的貢獻。

董事會負責決定所有重大事宜,其中涉及企業文化、政策事宜、戰略及預算任、內第宣控及風險管理、環境與企業責任,,重大交易(尤其或會涉及利益衝突)、財務宜之等及不公司其他重大營運事內。 關執行董事會決策、指導及協調本日常營運及管理的職責則委託予管理層。

#### 董事的持續專業發展

全體董事均知悉其作為董事的責任,以及 負責引導公司業務活動和發展的職責。

每名新任命的董事於首次獲委任時將接收 到正式、全面及針對性入職介紹,以確保 新董事可恰當了解本公司業務及營運,並 完全知悉上市規則及相關法規下的董事職 責及責任。

所有董事應參與持續專業發展,發展並更 新其知識及技能,以確保其繼續對董事會 作出全面及切合所需的貢獻。

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,盧閏霆先生(主席)、侯平先生、盧潤怡先生、吳思強先生、盧威廉先生、李易進女士、麥永森先生、葉淥女士及黎棟國先生均有閱讀專業書籍/期刊和參加相關培訓以幫助履行董事職責。

此外,相關閱讀資料包括法律和規則更新 均已發送給各位董事作為學習與參考。於 必要時,亦將為董事提供持續通報與職業 發展培訓。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the board committees are posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website and are available to shareholders upon request.

The majority of the members of each board committee of the Company are independent non-executive Directors and the list of the Chairman and members of each board committee is set out under "Corporate Information" on pages 2 to 4 of this Annual Report.

#### **Audit Committee**

The main duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in reviewing the financial information and reporting process, internal control procedures and risk management system, audit plan and relationship with external auditors, and arrangements to enable employees of the Company to raise, in confidence, concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Company.

The Board has also delegated the corporate governance duties to the Audit Committee for performing the functions set out in the Code Provision A.2.1 of the CG Code.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's annual results and Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2023.

During the year, the Audit Committee held two meetings to review the annual financial results and the annual report in respect of the year ended 31 December 2022, the interim results and the interim report in respect of the six months ended 30 June 2023 and significant issues on the financial reporting and compliance procedures, internal control and risk management systems, scope of work and appointment of external auditors, connected transactions, arrangements for employees to raise concerns about possible improprieties, the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code and Employees Written Guidelines, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report. The Audit Committee comprises three members, namely, Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin (Chairman of Audit Committee), Ms. YE Lu and Mr. LAI Tung Kwok (all being independent non-executive Directors).

#### 董事委員會

董事會下設三個委員會,即審核委員會所 薪酬委員會和提名委員會,以監督委員會司提名委司所有的董事宜。本公司所有成立,有關各 乃根據已釐定之職權單民載於本公司網站 事委員會之權職單已載於東要求予以提 聯交所的網站,並可根據股東要求予以提供。

本公司各董事委員會的多數成員均為獨立 非執行董事,各董事委員會的主席和成員 名單已載於本年報第2頁至4頁企業資料。

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會的主要職責是協助董事會檢討審查財務信息、報告流程、內部監控程序以及風險管理體系、審核計劃及與外聘核數師之關係,以及確保本公司的僱員可秘密地就涉及財務報告、內部監控以及本公司其他事宜中潛在的不正當行為提出異議。

董事會也已將企業管治之職責委派給審核 委員會,由其履行企業管治守則第A.2.1條 中規定的職責。

審核委員會已經審閱本集團截至2023年12 月31日止之年度業績以及本年度報告。

The Audit Committee also met with the external Auditor twice without the presence of the executive Directors.

審核委員會亦在執行董事不在場的情況下,已與外聘核數師進行了兩次會面。

#### Remuneration of the Senior Management

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the remuneration of the senior management (other than the Directors) is listed as below by band:

#### 高級管理層的薪酬

於截至2023年12月31日止之年度,高級管理層(除董事外)的薪酬按組列表如下:

Number of person

Band of remuneration

薪酬組別

人數

RMB500,001 to RMB1,000,000

人民幣500,001元至人民幣1,000,000元

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Further details of the remuneration of Directors, Chief Executive and Employees are set out in Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements on the pages 236 to 241 of this Annual Report.

有關董事、首席執行官與僱員的薪酬詳情 載於本年報中第236頁至241頁綜合財務報 表附註11。

#### **Remuneration Committee**

According to the amendments to Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules relating to Share Scheme, the Company has updated the Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee, and published it on 16 December 2022. The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration adjustment principle of all employees as a whole, the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management; and establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his associates will participate in deciding his own remuneration; approve the new grant of share awards or options, and any changes to terms of the granted share awards or options.

In determining the remuneration of the Directors and the senior management, the Remuneration Committee would consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and the senior management, performance and contributions of the Directors and the senior management and the change in market conditions.

#### 薪酬委員會

於確定董事和高級管理人員的薪酬時,薪酬委員會將考慮同行業企業支付的薪酬、董事和高級管理人員的時間投入和職責、業績和貢獻以及市場狀況的變化等因素。

During the year, the Remuneration Committee met once to review and make recommendation to the Board on the remuneration adjustment principle of all employees as a whole, the remuneration policy and structure of the Company, and the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and other related matters. At the same time, the Remuneration Committee has reviewed the share award scheme and share option scheme which are still in effect during the year. For the year ended 31 December 2023, no options were granted or agreed to be granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme and no shares were granted or agreed to be granted to any selected participants pursuant to the Share Award Scheme (2022: Nil). As at the date of this Annual Report. there was no outstanding option not exercised under the Share Option Scheme. Currently the Remuneration Committee comprises three members, namely, Ms. YE Lu (Chairman of Remuneration Committee), Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin (each being an independent non-executive Director) and Mr. LU Run Ting (being an executive Director).

#### Nomination Committee

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the board composition, developing and formulating relevant procedures for the nomination and appointment of Directors, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors, and assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

In assessing the board composition, the Nomination Committee would take the Board Diversity Policy and Director Nomination Policy into consideration, to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives necessary. In the case of a candidate for independent non-executive Director, satisfaction of independent requirements of the Listing Rules and Policy on Independence of Directors of the Company is needed. All of these can enhance the effectiveness of the Board and to maintain high standards of corporate governance.

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會的主要職責包括檢討董事會架 構、發展以及明確董事提名和任命的相關 程序,就董事委任及繼任計劃向董事會提 出建議及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

在評估董事會構成時,提名委員會須考慮到董事提名政策以及董事會成員多元化政策,以確保董事會成員在技能、經驗以及視角的多元化方面達到適當的平衡。就獨立非執行董事的候選人而言,需符合上海規則及本公司董事獨立性政策的獨立性要求。以上均確保了董事會有效運作的持續性並保持較高標準的企業管治水平。

In evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship, the Nomination Committee should consider the Board Diversity Policy, including but not limited to character and integrity, qualifications (including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience and diversity aspects under the Board Diversity Policy that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy), any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board, independent aspects under the Policy on Independence of Directors for independent non-executive Director and whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules, any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity, and willingness and ability to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/ or Board committees of the Company.

The Nomination Committee evaluates such candidate (include any person that is nominated by a shareholder for election as a director at the general meeting of the Company) based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship. If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the Nomination Committee should rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate (where applicable), and recommend to the Board (as applicable).

For the re-election of Director at General Meeting, the Nomination Committee should review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring director and the level of participation and performance on the Board, review and determine whether the retiring director continues to meet the criteria as set out above, and make recommendation to shareholders. The Nomination Committee will conduct regular review on the structure, size and composition of the Board and this Policy and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy and business needs.

At the same time, in assessing the board composition, the Nomination Committee would take into account various aspects set out in the Board Diversity Policy, including but not limited to gender, age, race, language, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and industry and regional experience. The Nomination Committee would review the Board Diversity Policy at least annually and discuss and agree on measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board, where necessary, and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

在考慮及挑選候選人擔任董事時,提名委 員會須考慮到董事會成員多元化政策,包 括但不限於品格與誠實,資格(包括專業 資格、技巧、知識及與本公司業務及策略 相關的經驗,以及董事會成員多元化政策 所提述的多元化因素),為達致董事會成 員多元化而採納的任何可計量目標,董事 獨立性政策所提述的獨立非執行董事的獨 立性因素,以及參考上市規則內列明候選 人是否被視為獨立的指引,候選人的專業 資格、技巧、經驗、獨立性及性別多元化 方面可為董事會帶來的任何潛在貢獻,是 否願意及是否能夠投放足夠時間履行身為 董事會成員及擔任董事會轄下委員會的委 員的職責,以及其他適用於本公司業務及 其繼任計劃的其他各項因素。

提名委員會依據上述準則評估該候選人(含經由股東提名於本公司股東大會上選舉黃事的人士),以決定該候選人是否合資格擔任董事。如過程涉及一個或多個合意的候選人,提名委員會及應根據本公司的需要及每位候選人的證明審查(如適用)排列他們的優先次序,並向董事會提出建議(如適用)。

對於於股東大會上重選的董事,提名委員會應檢討退任董事對本公司的整體貢獻,以及其在董事會的參與程度及表現應檢討及確定退任董事是否仍然符員及會達則,並向股東提出建議。提及自會之類為董事會的架構、規模及組董事會的架構、規模及自動等。以完善企業策略及切合業務的。

During the year, the Nomination Committee met once to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, and to consider the qualifications of the retiring Directors standing for re-election and to consider and recommend to the Board on the appointment of an independent non-executive Director at the annual general meeting. The Nomination Committee considered an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board is maintained. The Nomination Committee comprises five members currently, namely, Mr. LU Run Ting (Chairman of Nomination Committee), Mr. HOU Ping (each being an executive Director), Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin, Ms. YE Lu and Mr. LAI Tung Kwok (each being an independent non-executive Director).

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Company has adopted a Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board. It aims to maintain an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives that are relevant to the Company's business growth.

The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board and sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in maintaining the Company's competitive advantage.

Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, the Nomination Committee will review annually the structure, size and composition of the Board and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy and to ensure that the Board maintains a balanced diverse profile. In relation to reviewing and assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee is committed to diversity at all levels and will consider a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, race, language, cultural background, educational background, skills, knowledge, industry experience and professional experience.

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

本公司採納了董事會成員多元化政策,載 列了實現董事會多元化的途徑。其目標是 保持與本公司業務增長相關的多元化範疇 達到適當的平衡。

本公司認同亦深信達致董事會成員多元化 的益處,亦將董事會多元化視為維持本公 司競爭優勢的一個基本要素。

根據董事會成員多元化政策,提名委委員會將至少每年檢討董事會的結構、司戰任何為配合本公司議,可戰任何為配合本公司議就。司戰任因的變動提出建議,以在會問人,可以在董事會保持一種均衡的多元化狀態。百世紀在董事會組成方面,提名干方位多元化,亦將審議若干方位多元化,亦將審議不養的語言,以經驗和專業經驗。

At present, the Board comprises nine members with extensive experience in the fields of management, banking, law, finance, sales, operation and public services, which provide favourable support and protection to ensure the good functioning of the Board. Among them, there are three independent non-executive Directors, representing one third of the Board. At the same time, two members of the Board are women, representing a 7:2 ratio of men to women. As a result of review, the Nomination Committee considers that the Board Diversity Policy is effective and will continue to ensure that there is at least one woman on the Board.

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness. At the same time, the Company will examine such objectives from time to time to review their appropriateness and effectiveness, and ensure the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

#### STAFF DIVERSITY

The Company is preparing a staff diversity policy which sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the staff.

The Company has always been committed to promote diversity in the teams, and is able to achieve through a number of measures. The Company strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations, and the code of conduct to prevent discrimination or harassment has been set out in staff manual. The Company also offers diversity training to new and old staff and applies the principle of equal opportunity to all policies related to human resources, remuneration and benefits, to ensure employment opportunities for people of all kinds. Any discrimination or harassment against employees owing to their marital status, pregnancy, disability, family status, race or gender are prohibited. During the year, our female employees accounted for approximately 43.3% of the total workforce; the senior management consists of one female member and one male member.

Going forward, the Company will further diversify the staff team in various aspects, to enhance the Company's culture in inclusion. Recently, the Company is establishing the related policies on eliminating discrimination to help the Company exercise more comprehensive consideration and judgment in appointment and promotion. At the same time, the Company is also formulating measurable goals and will strive to keep the proportion level of female employees at 40% or above, and the proportion level of female members in senior management no less than 20%.

提名委員會將適當地檢討董事會成員多元 化政策,以確保持其持之有效。同時,本 公司也將不時審查已制定的可計量目標, 以檢討這些目標的適當性和有效性,亦確 保在實現這些目標方面取得進展。

#### 員工多元化

本公司正在擬定員工多元化政策,將載列 實現員工多元化的途徑。

接下來,本公司將從各方面進一步加深員 工團隊的多元化程度,提升本公司共改 此理念。目前本公司正在制定有關於治 战視的相關政策,以助力本公司在任 拔過程中,作出更為周全的選擇。同續 本公司也在擬定可計量目標,力爭繼及 持女性員工佔比40%以上的水平,以 級管理層中女性成員佔比不低於20%的水 平。

The Company will review the staff diversity policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness. At the same time, the Company will examine such objectives from time to time to review their appropriateness and effectiveness, and ensure the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

本公司將適當地檢討員工多元化政策,以確保持其持之有效。同時,本公司也將不時審查已制定的可計量目標,以檢討這些目標的適當性和有效性,亦確保在實現這些目標方面取得進展。

#### **DIRECTOR NOMINATION POLICY**

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of Directors to the Nomination Committee of the Company.

The Company has adopted the Director Nomination Policy which sets out the selection criteria and process and the Board succession planning considerations in relation to nomination and appointment of Directors of the Company and aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company and the continuity of the Board and appropriate leadership at Board level.

The Director Nomination Policy sets out the factors for assessing the suitability and the potential contribution to the Board of a proposed candidate, including but not limited to the following:

- Character and integrity.
- Qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience and diversity aspects under the Board Diversity Policy that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy.
- Any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board.
- Requirement for the Board to have independent directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.
- Any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity.
- Willingness and ability to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s) of the Company.

#### 董事提名政策

董事會已將其甄選和任命本公司董事的責任和權力授予本公司提名委員會。

本公司採納了董事提名政策,載列本公司 有關提名及委任董事的甄選準則、程序、 以及董事會繼任計劃的相關考慮,目的是 確保董事會成員具備切合本公司業務所需 的技巧、經驗和多元化觀點,亦確保本公 司董事會的持續性及維持其領導角色。

董事提名政策列出了評估擬委任候選人適 宜性和對董事會潛在貢獻的因素,包括但 不限於以下方面:

- 品格與誠實。
- 資格,包括專業資格、技巧、知識 及與本公司業務及策略相關的經驗, 以及董事會成員多元化政策所提述 的多元化因素。
- 為達致董事會成員多元化而採納的 任何可計量目標。
- 根據上市規則,董事會需包括獨立 非執行董事的規定,以及參考上市 規則內列明候選人是否被視為獨立 的指引。
- 候選人的專業資格、技巧、經驗、 獨立性及性別多元化方面可為董事 會帶來的任何潛在貢獻。
- 是否願意及是否能夠投放足夠時間 履行身為董事會成員及擔任董事會 轄下委員會的委員的職責。

 Such other perspectives that are appropriate to the Company's business and succession plan and where applicable, may be adopted and/or amended by the Board and/or the Nomination Committee from time to time for nomination of directors and succession planning.

The Director Nomination Policy also sets out the procedures for the selection and appointment of new Directors and re-election of Directors at general meetings, details are as follows:

- (a) Appointment of new director
  - (i) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the candidate, evaluate such candidate based on the factors as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.
  - (ii) If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate (where applicable).
  - (iii) The Nomination Committee should then recommend to the Board to appoint the appropriate candidate for directorship, as applicable.
  - (iv) For any person that is nominated by a shareholder for election as a director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should evaluate such candidate based on the factors as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.

其他適用於本公司業務及其繼任計劃的其他各項因素,提名委員會及/ 或董事會可在有需要時修訂有關因素。

董事提名政策亦載列新董事甄選及委任程 序,以及在股東大會上重選董事的程序, 詳情如下:

- (a) 委任新董事
  - (i) 提名委員會及/或董事會應 在收到委任新董事的建議及 候選人的個人資料(或相關 詳情)後,依據上述因素評估 該候選人,以決定該候選人 是否合資格擔任董事。
  - (ii) 如過程涉及一個或多個合意 的候選人,提名委員會及/ 或董事會應根據本公司的需 要及每位候選人的證明審查 (如適用)排列他們的優先次 序。
  - (iii) 提名委員會隨後應就委任合 適人選擔任董事一事向董事 會提出建議(如適用)。

- (b) Re-election of director at general meeting
  - (i) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring director and the level of participation and performance on the Board.
  - (ii) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should also review and determine whether the retiring director continues to meet the factors as set out above.
  - (iii) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should then make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of director at the general meeting.

The Nomination Committee will review the Director Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness.

#### POLICY ON INDEPENDENCE OF DIRECTORS

To ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, and the sustainable and healthy development, the Company has adopted Policy on Independence of Directors which assesses the independence of the Board, particularly independent non-executive Directors, and deals clearly with the further appointment of the independent non-executive Directors served more than nine years on the Board.

#### (b) 於股東大會上重選董事

- (i) 提名委員會及/或董事會應 檢討退任董事對本公司的整 體貢獻及服務,以及在董事 會的參與程度及表現。
- (ii) 提名委員會及/或董事會亦 應檢討及確定退任董事是否 仍然符合上述因素。
- (iii) 提名委員會及/或董事會應 就於股東大會上重選董事的 提案向股東提出建議。

提名委員會將適當地檢討董事會提名政策,以確保其有效性。

#### 董事獨立性政策

為確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點及意見,以及確保可持續健康發展,本公司採納了董事獨立性政策以評估董事會(特別是獨立非執行董事)的獨立性,及就在任超過九年的獨立非執行董事的續任事宜作出規範。

The General Principles of the Policy on Independence of Directors for evaluating the independence of independent non-executive Directors are that independent non-executive Directors should not have any substantive or material interest with the Group, the management of the Group or the controlling shareholder of the Company. In assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, the Policy on Independence of Directors sets out factors that the Board should take into account, including but not limited to the following:

董事獨立性政策評估有關獨立非執行董事獨立性的一般原則是,獨立非執行董事不應與本集團、本集團的管理層或本公司的控股股東存在任何重大或實質性的利益關係。在評估獨立非執行董事獨立性標準時,董事獨立性政策列出了董事會應考慮的因素,包括但不限於以下幾個方面:

- stock ownership relationship;
- employment and compensation relationship;
- business relationship;
- professional service relationship;
- cross-directorships and other links;
- financial dependence relationship; and
- other: notwithstanding the absence of the abovementioned circumstances, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee will assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors in accordance with the guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

During the year, the Board reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Policy on Independence of Directors and the results were satisfactory.

The Board will review Policy on Independence of Directors, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness.

- 股權關係;
- 僱傭及薪酬關係;
- 業務關係;
- 專業服務關係;
- 相互擔任對方公司的董事職務或其 他聯繫關係;
- 財政上的倚賴關係;及
- 其他:即使獨立非執行董事並不存在上述任何一種情況,提名委員會及薪酬委員會仍可參考《上市規則》的有關指引作出判斷。

在本年度內,董事會檢討了關於董事獨立 性政策的執行情況和有效性,結果令人滿 意。

董事會將適時地檢討董事獨立性政策,以 確保其有效性。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS**

The Board has adopted terms of reference for corporate governance functions set out in the CG Code and is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out therein. The Board has reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code for the year ended 31 December 2023 and other legal and regulatory requirements.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a Dividend Policy on payment of dividends, it aims to provide the Shareholders with stable and sustainable returns. According to the Dividend Policy, the Company intends to distribute no less than 20% of its annual net profits as dividends to its shareholders. In proposing any dividend payout, the Board will depend on the financial results, cash flow situation, business conditions and strategies, future operations and earnings, capital requirements and expenditure plans, interests of shareholders, any restrictions on payment of dividends and any other factors that the Board may consider relevant, to propose and/ or declare dividends during a financial year and any final dividend for a financial year will be subject to the Shareholders' approval.

## DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION POLICY

The Company has adopted a policy on disclosure of information and communication with outsiders which provides a general guide to the Company's directors, senior management and relevant employees in handling confidential information and monitoring information disclosure. The Company has formulated an inside information and insider policy and has implemented control procedures to ensure that the inside information of the Company is to be disseminated to the public in an equal and timely manner in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The company secretary of the Company is Ms. LI Yijin. Details of the biography of the company secretary of the Company are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this Annual Report. Ms. LI confirmed that she took no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in the year ended 31 December 2023 as required by the Listing Rules.

#### 企業管治職能

董事會已採納了企業管治守則中所載的企業管治職能的職權範圍,並負責履行其中所載的企業管治職責。董事會已審閱本公司截至2023年12月31日止之年度對企業管治守則及其他法律及監管要求的遵守情況。

#### 股息政策

#### 信息披露和溝通政策

本公司已採納信息披露及與外界溝通的政策,為本公司董事、高級管理人員和相關員工處理機密信息和監督信息披露提供了總體指導。本公司已制定內幕信息及知情人管理制度,並實施監控程序,確保公司的內幕信息能夠按照適用的法律法規平等、及時地向公眾發佈。

#### 公司秘書

本公司公司秘書為李易進女士。本公司公司秘書的履歷載於本年報的「董事及高級管理層」一節。於截至2023年12月31日止之年度內,李女士確認其已根據上市規則的規定參與不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

Corporate nformation 企業資料

Financial Highlights 时落蕕夢

2023 Major Events 2023年大事記

> atement E席報告

lanagement Discussic and Analysis 簡單圖計論及会格

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

Environmental, Social and Sovernance Report 章、社會及簡治報生

> Report or Directors 董事會報告

#### ATTENDANCE RECORD OF DIRECTORS AND **COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

## 董事及委員會成員的出席記

The attendance record of each Director at the Board and board committee meetings and the general meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out in the table below:

每位董事參與本公司於截至2023年12月31 日止之年度內舉行的董事會、委員會會議 及股東大會的出席記錄如下表所示:

#### Attendance/Number of Meetings 出席次數/會議次數

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Board 董事會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會
Executive Directors					
執行董事					
Mr. LU Run Ting	4/4	1/1	1/1	N/A	1/1
盧閏霆先生					
Mr. HOU Ping	4/4	1/1	N/A	N/A	1/1
侯 平先生					
Mr. LU Runyi	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
<u>盧潤怡先生</u>					
Mr. WU Siqiang	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
吳思強先生 	4/4	N1/A	N1/A	N1/A	1./1
Mr. LU Wai Lim	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
盧威廉先生 Ms. LI Yijin	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
李易進女士	4/4	IV/A	IV/A	IN/A	1/ 1
子勿连爻工					
Independent Non-executive Directors					
獨立非執行董事					
Mr. MAK Wing Sum Alvin	4/4	1/1	1/1	2/2	1/1
麥永森先生					
Ms. YE Lu	4/4	1/1	1/1	2/2	1/1
葉 淥女士					
Mr. LAI Tung Kwok	4/4	1/1	N/A	2/2	1/1
黎棟國先生					

Apart from regular board meetings, the Chairman also held meetings with independent non-executive Directors without the presence of executive Directors during the year 2023.

除了常規的董事會會議,於2023年主席亦和獨立非執行董事召開了沒有執行董事出席的會議。

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 董事就財務報表的職責

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023. 董事確認其知悉編製本公司截至2023年12 月31日止之年度財務報表的職責。

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

董事並不知悉任何有關可能會令本公司持 續經營能力受到重大質疑的事件或情況的 重大不明確因素。

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 178 to 189 of this Annual Report.

關於公司獨立核數師對財務報表匯報職責的陳述載於本年報之獨立核數師報告第 178頁至189頁。

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

#### 核數師的酬金

The remuneration paid to the Company's external auditor of the Company in respect of audit services and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to RMB1,841,000 and RMB468,000 respectively.

支付予本公司外聘核數師有關截至2023年 12月31日止之年度的核數服務及非核數服 務之酬金分別為人民幣1,841,000元和人民 幣468,000元。

An analysis of the remuneration paid to the external auditor of the Company, PricewaterhouseCoopers, in respect of audit services and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

支付予本公司外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所有關截至2023年12月31日止之年度核數服務及非核數服務之酬金的分析如下:

Foor Daid/Dayable

Service Category	服務種類	Fees Paid/Payable 已付/應付費用 RMB 人民幣
		人 人 人 大 市
Audit Services	核數服務	1,841,000
Non-audit Services	非核數服務	
— Interim review	— 中期審閱	468,000
		2,309,000

## RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for continually overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control system and reviewing their effectiveness at least annually through Audit Committee. The Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight and corporate governance role in the Group's financial, operational, compliance, risk management and internal controls and the resourcing of the finance and internal audit functions.

#### Risk Management Structure

The Group has established an organizational structure with defined level of responsibility and reporting procedures. The Board oversees the overall management of Group's risks, with assistance from the Audit Committee on reviewing and monitoring key risks. Management is responsible for designing and implementing the risk management and internal control system. Management is also committed to fostering a risk aware and control conscious environment. Operating units are responsible for the identification and management of risks in their operations and a comprehensive approach is adopted for enterprise-wide risk. Responsibility for risk management resides at all levels within the Group, from the Board through the organisation to each manager and employee.

The Group's risk management framework is guided by the Three Lines of Defense model as shown below:

#### 風險管理與內部監控

董事會確認其有責任持續地監控本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統,並透過審核委員會至少年度地檢討其成效。審核委員會協助董事會履行其監控及企業管治職責,涵蓋本集團的財務、運營、合規、風險管理及內部監控,以及財務資源及內部審計職能。

#### 風險管理架構

本集團的風險管理架構以下圖列示的「三 道防線」模式作為指引:

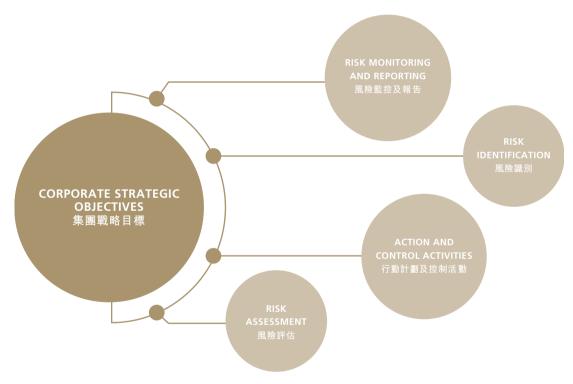


#### Risk Management Framework

The Group has in place a risk management framework to effectively identify, assess, mitigate and monitor key business, financial, operational, compliance and environment, social and governance risks. The framework enables the Group to adopt a proactive and systematic approach to identifying and managing risks across the organisation to evaluate risk severity and likelihood of occurrence. The framework also sets out the procedures of risk management and clarifies the roles and responsibilities of various departments in relation to risk management.

#### 風險管理辦法

集團建立了風險管理辦法以有效識別、評、估、減輕和監控主要業務、運營。該財務為合規及環境、社會及管治風險。該辦法別及集團提供一個清晰估風險的嚴重性的人及訴辦法和人人。 管理風險。同時,該辦法確定了人人。 管理流程,明確了各部門在風險管理工作的職責分工。



The Group has embedded its risk management systems into the core operating practices of the business. On an ongoing basis, the respective operating units of the Company review and access the status of potential risks which may impact on their ability to achieve their business objectives and/or those of the Group, determine and implement treatment plans where risk mitigations are actionable. This review process includes assessment as to whether the existing internal controls continue to remain relevant, adequately address potential risks, and/or should be supplemented.

本集團已將風險管理系統貫穿至核心業務中。各部門持續地檢討及評估可能對達成該部門或本集團業務目標的能力造成影響的潛在風險的狀況,制定及實施可行的風險舒緩措施。相關檢討流程包括評估現有內部監控系統是否繼續切合業務需要予以補充。 否足夠應對潛在風險及是否需要予以補充。 Corporate nformation 合業容割

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> tatement 主席報告

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

Appropriate policies and controls have been designed and established to ensure that assets are safeguarded against improper use or disposal, relevant rules and regulations are adhered to and complied with, reliable financial and accounting records are maintained in accordance to relevant accounting standards and regulatory reporting requirements, and key risks that may impact the Group's performance are appropriately identified and managed. The system and internal controls can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss, as they are designed to be managed, rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

適當的政策及監控已經制定,以確保資產不會在未經許可下使用或處置,依依從專內時期關係例及規定,根據相關會計記與監管申報規定保存可靠的財務及會計記與及適當地識別及管理可能影響本集強與的主要風險。有關系統及內主要風險。有關系統與內共等與關於與內方,因為其目的旨在管理,而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險。

A description of the Group's main risk factors is shown on pages 101 to 129 of this Annual Report. The Group continuously works to improve its risk management framework in order to keep pace with the changing business environment.

本集團的主要風險因素載於本年報第101 頁至129頁內。本集團將不斷致力於完善 風險管理機制,緊貼不斷變化的業務環境。

#### Internal Control

## Internal Control Department conducts independent reviews on the Group's risk management and internal control system. Internal Control Department reports directly to the Audit Committee to ensure identified internal control weaknesses are communicated and rectified effectively.

## Internal Control Department adopts a risk-oriented audit approach. The annual audit plan covers major activities and processes of the Group's compliance, financial, procurement, operations and environment, social and governance. On a regular basis, Internal Control Department reports to the Audit Committee the results of their activities during the preceding period pertaining to the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls, and follows up the progress of rectification for control weaknesses.

The Group has established and oversees a whistleblower policy and a set of comprehensive procedures whereby employees, customers, suppliers and other concerned parties can report any actual or suspected occurrence of improper conduct involving the Company, and for such matters to be investigated and dealt with efficiently in an appropriate and transparent manner.

The Company formulated the insider information policy and regularly reminds the Directors and employees about due compliance with all policies regarding the insider information. The Company shall prepare or update appropriate guidelines or policies to ensure the compliance with regulatory requirements.

#### 內部監控

內控部對本集團風險管理及內部監控系統 的成效展開獨立評估,內控部直接向審核 委員會匯報以確保內部控制缺陷得到有效 的溝通及糾正。

內控部採取以風險為導向的審核方法。內部審計的全年工作計劃,涵蓋合規、財務、採購、運營及環境、社會及管治等集團的各項主要工作及程序。內控部於定期會議上向審核委員會匯報其於上一個期間有關內部監控是否足夠及其成效等的工作結果,並跟進其發現問題的進展。

本集團亦已制定並監督一項舉報政策。據此,僱員、客戶、供應商及其他相關方能對涉及本集團的任何實際或疑似不當行為 作出舉報,從而使有關事宜可按照適當及 具透明度的方式立即展開調查及得到有效 處理。

本公司已制定內幕信息及知情人管理制度 並定期提醒董事及僱員妥善遵守所有有關 內幕消息的政策。本公司將編製或更新合 適指引或政策以確保遵守監管規定。 The Board reviews annually the Group's risk management and internal control system. During the year, the Board conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Group, including the adequacy of resources of environmental, social and governance performance and report, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function. The key areas of the Group's risk management and internal control systems are effectively implemented, thus the Board and the Audit Committee considered the Group's risk management and internal control systems are effective and sufficient.

In addition to the review of risk management and internal controls undertaken within the Group, the external auditor also assessed the adequacy and effectiveness of certain key risk management and internal controls as part of their statutory audits. The external auditor's recommendations also provide enhancements to the risk management and internal controls.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

#### Right to call a General Meeting

General meetings may be convened by the Board on requisition of shareholder(s) of the Company representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings or by such shareholder(s) who made the requisition (as the case may be) pursuant to Sections 566 and 568 respectively of the Companies Ordinance. The general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting must be stated in the request. Shareholders should follow the requirements and procedures as set out in the Companies Ordinance for convening a general meeting.

除本集團對風險管理及內部監控進行檢討 外,外聘核數師的法定審核工作內容亦包 括對若干重要的風險管理及內部監控的有 效性進行評估,其建議亦有助於改善風險 管理及內部監控。

#### 股東權益

為保障股東的權益和權利,股東大會上將 對重要獨立事項分別提議獨立決議案,包 括個別董事的選舉。所有在股東大會上提 出的決議案將依照上市規則進行投票決議, 決議結果將於每個股東大會結束後在公司 網站和聯交所網站公佈。

#### 召開股東大會的權利

根據公司條例第566條及第568條,股東可要求董事會或由該呈請人自行召開股東東會(按情況而定)。如董事會收到佔全體權在股東大會上表決的股東東的總表則東大會上表決的股東大會。該要求召開股東大會。該會議上處理的事務的一般性質。開股東東大會。

## Right to Circulate Resolution at Annual General Meeting

Pursuant to Section 615 of the Companies Ordinance, shareholder(s) representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all shareholders; or at least 50 shareholders (as the case may be) who have a right to vote at the relevant Annual General Meeting, may request to circulate a resolution to be moved at an Annual General Meeting. Shareholders should follow the requirements and procedures as set out in the Companies Ordinance for circulating a resolution for annual general meeting.

#### Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

#### Contact Details

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Address: Room 1301, 13th Floor

Bank of East Asia, Harbour View Centre No. 56 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong (For the attention of the Company Secretary)

Fax: +852 2834 6759 Email: goldpac@goldpac.com

For the avoidance of doubt, shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the above address and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

#### 於股東週年大會上傳閱決議的 權利

根據公司條例第615條,佔全體有權在週年股東大會上表決的股東的總表決權至少2.5%的公司股東或最少50名有權在股東大會上表決的股東(按情況而定),可要求傳閱擬在該股東大會動議的決議。股東應遵從公司條例所載有關傳閱週年股東大會決議之規定和程序。

#### 向董事會提出詢問

若須對董事會提出任何詢問,股東可向本公司發送書面詢問。本公司一般不會處理 口頭或匿名查詢。

#### 聯繫方式

股東可將其上述詢問或要求發送到以下地 址:

地址: 香港灣仔告士打道56號

東亞銀行港灣中心 13層1301室

13周1301至

(請註明收件人為公司秘書)

傳真: +852 2834 6759 電郵: goldpac@goldpac.com

為避免疑問,股東須將簽署的請求、通知 或聲明(視情況而定)的書面正本,遞交和 寄送至上述地址,並提供其全名、聯繫方 式和身份信息才能生效。按法律規定,股 東信息有可能被披露。

## COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

## The Company has adopted shareholders' communications policy ("Shareholders' Communication Policy"), and commits to maintain on-going and effective communication with its shareholders. The Board attaches a high degree of importance to continuous communication with shareholders, and firmly believes that effective learning of shareholders' views and needs will help the Company to develop and improve its future development strategy.

In additional to the direct dialogue with shareholders at the Company's annual general meeting, the Company also communicates actively with the investment community in the forms of meetings, conferences, roadshows, and one-to-one communication. In the event of public health emergency and subject to the local restrictive measures, the Company will adjust the mode of convening the annual general meeting flexibly, ensuring effective communication with shareholders while complying with the Companies Ordinance and other applicable disease prevention regulations as well as the requirements of the Company's Articles of Association.

In order that shareholders can have a better understanding of the agenda items to be discussed at the annual general meeting and to encourage their active participation so that exchange of views and communication can be further enhanced, the Company has always provided detailed information on the annual general meeting in a circular to shareholders which will include introduction to the proposed resolutions to be approved at the annual general meeting, information on the retiring Directors who are eligible for re-election, as well as information on voting, live webcast (if applicable) and other issues relating to the annual general meeting voting.

All the Board members were present at the Company's 2022 annual general meeting held on 15 May 2023 at Room 1301, 13th Floor, Bank of East Asia Harbour View Centre, No. 56 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. Representatives of PricewaterhouseCoopers, being the auditor of the Company, and Mayer Brown, being the legal advisor of the Company, were also present at the Company's 2022 annual general meeting to respond to enquiries raised by shareholders.

#### 與股東的溝通及投資者關係

本公司採納股東通訊政策,並承諾與股東 進行持續而有效的溝通。董事會高度重視 與股東的有效互動,堅信有效獲悉股東的 看法及其所需,將有利於本公司制定和完 善未來發展策略。

除藉著於股東週年大會與股東直接溝通之外,本公司也通過會議、發佈會、路演及一對一交流的形式與投資界積極溝通。在公共衛生事件突發受當地管控政策實施時,本公司將靈活調整股東周年大會召開方式,確保在符合公司條例及其他適用的防疫規定,以及本公司組織章程細則要求的同時,可以通過有效渠道與股東進行溝通。

全體董事會成員均出席了本公司於2023年5月15日於香港灣仔告士打道56號東亞銀行港灣中心13層1301室舉行的2022年股東週年大會。作為本公司核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所及律師顧問孖士打律師行的代表亦出席了本公司2022年股東周年大會,以回應股東於會上提出的查詢。

Apart from the Shareholders' Communication Policy, the Company's investor relations also follows investor relations management system, and communicates with existing and potential investors of the Company's securities, analysts and securities market professionals in meetings, conferences and road-shows to enhance their knowledge and understanding of the Company's development and strategies, aiming to provide clear and timely information that is reasonably required for them to make a fair investment decision. These discussions generally involve public information, including disclosed financial information and historical data, markets and product strategies, business strengths and weaknesses, growth opportunities and threats. Any topic will be discussed so long as it is not considered to be material non-public information.

另外,本公司投資者關係除遵循股東通訊 政策,亦有採納投資者關係管理制度。其 主要通過會議、研討會及路演的渠道提升 本公司證券現時及潛在的投資者、分析員 及證券業專業從業員對本公司發展與策略 的認識和了解,以便他們進行合理的投資 決策時可以具備關鍵訊息。相關討論一般 涉及公開的信息,包括已公佈的財務訊息 及歷史數據、本公司的市場及產品策略、 業務優勢及弱點、增長機遇及挑戰等。任 何不屬於重要非公開信息亦可予以討論。

The Shareholders' Communication Policy will be reviewed by the Board annually to ensure effectiveness. During the year, the Board reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy by receiving an annual work report from the Company's investor relations, and reviewed it with the internal control department, confirming that the Shareholders' Communication Policy continues to be effective. For the year under review, the Board was of the view that such policy remained sufficient and effective in that:

董事會每年進行檢討股東通訊政策,以確 保其成效。在本年度內,董事會通過聽取 本公司投資者關係對於年度工作情況的匯 報,以及與內控部的複核,檢討了有關於 股東溝通政策的執行情況及其有效性。董 事會認為由於以下理由,該政策屬於充分 及有效的:

- (i) during the year, the Company conducted briefings via teleconferences and network broadcast with analysts and the press to apprise them of the Company's strategy implementation, operating results, business development and outlook as well as to answer their questions;
- 本年度公司通過電話會議及網絡直 (i) 播的方式召開業績發佈會及路演交 流會,就本公司的戰略執行、經營 業績、業務發展及前景展望等進行 線上推介及互動交流;
- (ii) the Company conducted one-to-one communication with major institutional shareholders and potential shareholders via email, teleconferences, and communication software and platforms; and
- (ii) 本公司通過電郵、電話會議、通訊 軟件平台等方式與主要機構股東及 潛在股東進行一對一交流;及
- (iii) the Company published latest information of the Group on its official website and financial investment platforms, including financial results and reports, announcements and circulars.
- 本公司於公司官方網站及財經投資 (iii) 平台刊登有關本集團的最新資料, 包括財務業績及報告、公告及通函。

In addition, the Company can collect investors' opinions, understand the market expectations and assist in the Company's strategic formulation. The consistent innovative practices and market recognition from the capital market promote the improvement of investor relations practices. In future, the Company would improve the multiple communication mechanism, connect with global investors and keep a good transparency in information disclosure.

此外,本公司收集投資者的想法和意見,了解市場預期,並協助本公司的戰略思考。 持續的創新實踐和市場的眾多肯定,也促 進了投資者關係工作的不斷提升。未來, 本公司將持續完善多元化市場溝通機制, 與全球投資者開展更廣泛交流,保持良好 的公司透明度。

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the year 2023, the Company has not made any changes to its Articles of Association. An up to date version of the Company's Articles of Association is also available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

#### 章程文件

於2023年度內,本公司並無對本公司章程 進行任何改動。本公司最新的公司章程可 在聯交所網站和本公司網站上查閱。

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



#### 羅兵咸永道

To the Shareholders of Goldpac Group Limited (incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

#### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Goldpac Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 190 to 311, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023:
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

#### 致金邦達寶嘉控股有限公司股東 (於香港註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

#### 我們已審計的內容

金邦達寶嘉控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公 司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列 載於第190至311頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於2023年12月31日的綜合財務狀況 表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全 面收入表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政 策信息及其他解釋信息。

#### **OPINION** (Continued)

#### Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("**the Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Write-down of inventories to net realisable value
- Impairment assessment of trade receivables

#### 意見(續)

#### 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2023年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》妥為擬備。

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足 及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師 道德守則》(以下簡稱「**守則**」),我們獨立 於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業 道德責任。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如下:

- 減記存貨至可變現淨值
- 應收貨款減值評估

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

### Write-down of inventories to net realisable values 減記存貨至可變現淨值

Refer to notes 4(a), 19 and 40.11 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參見綜合財務報表附註4(a)、附註19和附註40.11。

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of the Group's inventories amounted to RMB301,577,000 (2022: RMB362,621,000), after net of a write-down of inventories to net realisable value of RMB63,915,000 (2022: RMB68,266,000).

截至2023年12月31日,考慮將存貨減記至可變現淨值計 提撥備人民幣63,915,000元(2022年:人民幣68,266,000 元)後,本集團存貨的賬面金額為人民幣301,577,000元 (2022年:人民幣362,621,000元)。 Our procedures in relation to the write-down of inventories to net realisable values included: 我們對減記存貨至可變現淨值之程序包括:

- We obtained an understanding of management's internal controls and process of the write-down of inventories to net realisable values and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.
- 一 我們了解了管理層對減記存貨至可變現淨值的 內部控制和過程,並通過考慮估計的不確定性 和其他固有風險因素(如複雜性、主觀性、變 化和易受管理層主觀偏見或欺詐)的程度,對 重大錯誤陳述的固有風險進行評估。
- We understood, evaluated and tested key controls over the write-down of inventories to net realisable values.
- 我們了解、評估和測試了有關減記存貨至可變現淨值相關的關鍵控制。
- We evaluated the outcome of prior period assessment of write-down of inventories to net realisable values to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process.
- 一 我們評估了前期存貨減記至可變現淨值的評估 結果,以評估管理層估計過程的有效性。
- We understood the basis of the write-down of inventories to net realisable values and evaluated the appropriateness of the basis adopted.
- 我們了解了減記存貨至可變現淨值的基礎,並 評估了所採用基礎的合理性。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何應對關鍵審計事項

### Write-down of inventories to net realisable values (Continued)

減記存貨至可變現淨值(續)

Management estimated net realisable values based on ageing of inventories, current market price and estimated future market demand. Such estimation required the use of significant judgments and key assumptions which take into consideration of historical sales records, utilisation records, ageing and expectations for future sales orders. Such judgments were subject to uncertainties as a result of future changes in market trends and customer demands

管理層根據存貨賬齡、當前市場價格和預計未來市場需求估計可變現淨值。這些估計需要使用重要的判斷和關鍵假設,這些判斷和假設考慮了歷史銷售記錄、使用記錄、賬齡和未來銷售訂單的預期。由於市場趨勢和客戶需求的未來變化,這些判斷存在不確定性。

Our procedures in relation to the write-down of inventories to net realisable values included:(Continued) 我們對減記存貨至可變現淨值之程序包括:(續)

- We tested the accuracy of the inventories ageing report on a sample basis by tracing to the purchase invoices and delivery documents.
- 我們對採購發票和交貨憑證進行抽樣檢查,以 測試存貨賬齡報告的準確性。
- We tested key assumptions used in the assessment process, including expectations for future sales orders by tracing to the related source documents, such as the historical sales records and usage records.
- 我們對評估過程中使用的關鍵假設(包括對未來銷售訂單的預期)通過抽查歷史銷售及使用記錄的源文件進行測試。
- On a sample basis, we examined the subsequent selling invoices to check if any significant differences between the estimated selling prices and subsequent actual selling prices.
- 我們抽查了期後銷售發票,以查看估計的銷售 價格與後續的實際銷售價格之間是否存在重大 差異。

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### 閣鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何應對關鍵審計事項

### Write-down of inventories to net realisable values (Continued)

減記存貨至可變現淨值(續)

We focused on this area because of the significance of the inventories balance in the Group's consolidated financial statements and significant judgments were involved in estimating the net realisable values of inventories.

由於 貴集團綜合財務報表中存貨餘額金額重大,並且估計存貨的可變現淨值涉及重大判斷,我們予以重點關注。

Our procedures in relation to the write-down of inventories to net realisable values included:(Continued) 我們對減記存貨至可變現淨值之程序包括:(續)

- We assessed the reasonableness and the accuracy of the estimated costs to completion, other costs necessary to make the sale and the related taxes by comparing with the historical costs to completion, other costs necessary to make the sale and the related taxes for the similar inventories.
- 我們通過與完成歷史成本,進行銷售所需的其他成本以及類似存貨的相關税費進行比較,評估了估計完成成本,進行銷售所需的其他費用及相關税費的合理性和準備性。
- We tested the mathematical accuracy of the calculation of the write-down of inventories to net realisable values.
- 我們測試了減記存貨至可變現淨值計算的數學 準確性。

Based on our work performed, we considered the judgments and estimates made by management in relation to their write-down of inventories to net realisable values to be supportable.

根據所做的工作,我們認為現有證據可以支持管理 層在減記存貨至可變現淨值時做出的判斷和估計。

#### nancial tements 務報告

#### KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何應對關鍵審計事項

### Impairment loss of trade receivables 應收貨款減值損失

Refer to notes 3.1(a), 3.1(b), 4(b), 20 and 40.12 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參見綜合財務報表附註3.1(a)、附註3.1(b)、附註4(b)、 附註20和附註40.12。

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had gross trade receivables of RMB336,018,000 (2022: RMB345,271,000) against which expected credit loss ("**ECL**") provision of RMB5,023,000 (2022: RMB4,949,000) were made. ECL provision for impairment losses on trade receivables was made using lifetime ECL approach.

於2023年12月31日,本集團的應收貨款總額為人民幣336,018,000元(2022年:人民幣345,271,000元),應收貨款的預期信貸虧損為人民幣5,023,000元(2022年:人民幣4,949,000元)。應收貨款始終按照整個存續期內計提減值準備。

Our procedures in relation to the impairment assessment of trade receivables included:

我們對應收貨款減值評估之程序包括:

- We obtained an understanding of management's internal control and assessment process of the provision for impairment of trade receivables and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors, such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.
- 我們了解了管理層對應收貨款的減值評估的內部控制和評估過程,並通過考慮估計的不確定性和其他固有風險因素(如複雜性、主觀性,變化和易受管理層主觀偏見或欺詐)的程度,對重大錯誤陳述的固有風險進行評估。
- We understood, evaluated and tested the key controls that the Group has implemented over trade receivables portfolio grouping and ECL determination.
- 我們了解、評估和測試了集團對應收貨款組合 分組和預期信貸虧損確定實施的關鍵控制。
- We evaluated the outcome of prior period assessment of impairment loss on trade receivables to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process.
- 我們評估了應收貨款減值損失的前期評估結果, 以評估管理層估計過程的有效性。

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何應對關鍵審計事項

### Impairment loss of trade receivables (Continued) 應收貨款減值損失(續)

The approach was assessed based on the provision matrix through grouping of various debtors that have similar credit risk characteristics, with consideration of their corresponding estimated default rates and loss rates, together with the forward-looking information.

計提方法是基於撥備矩陣,通過將具有相似信貸風險特 徵的各種債務人分組,並考慮其相應的估計違約率和損 失率,以及前瞻性信息來評估的。

Management used estimations and judgments to estimate default rates and loss rates by making reference to the credit rating given by external ranking agency and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors. 管理層通過參考外部評級機構給出的信用評級和有關宏觀經濟因素的前瞻性信息,使用估計和判斷來估計違約率和損失率。

Our procedures in relation to the impairment assessment of trade receivables included:(Continued) 我們對應收貨款減值評估之程序包括:(續)

- We evaluated the reasonableness of the judgments that management made in grouping various debtors by assessing credit risk characteristics.
- 我們通過評估信貸風險特徵,評估了管理層對 各種債務人分組時進行判斷的合理性。
- We evaluated the reliability of the key data input to calculate estimated default rate, including related credit rating and current status of each portfolio, trade receivables lifetime recovery information and other relevant data
- 我們評估了關鍵數據輸入的可靠性,以計算估計的違約率,包括相關的信用評級和每個應收款組合的當前狀態,應收貨款的存續期回收信息以及其他相關數據。
- We understood and evaluated the reasonableness of the factors used in making forward-looking estimation, including changes of future economics, GDP growth rate forecast and market environment.
- 我們了解並評估了用於進行前瞻性估計的因素的合理性,這些因素包括未來經濟形勢,GDP增長率預測和市場環境的變化。
- On a sample basis, we tested the accuracy of the ageing analysis of trade receivables by tracing to the relevant supporting documents, including the sales invoice.
- 我們通過追蹤包括銷售發票在內的證明文件, 抽測了應收貨款賬齡分析的準確性。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何應對關鍵審計事項

### Impairment loss of trade receivables (Continued) 應收貨款減值損失(續)

We focused on this area due to the magnitude of the trade receivables and the assessment of the ECL provision involved significant accounting estimations and judgments.

由於應收貨款金額重大且確定預期信貸虧損撥備的計提涉及重大判斷和估計,因此我們予以重點關注。

Our procedures in relation to the impairment assessment of trade receivables included:(Continued) 我們對應收貨款減值評估之程序包括:(續)

- We obtained ECL determination documents of each portfolio of trade receivables and examined their mathematical accuracy.
- 我們取得應收貨款各組合的預期信貸虧損計算 文件,審查有關計算的準確性。
- On a sample basis, we also tested the subsequent settlement of trade receivables after 31 December 2023 by tracing to the related supporting documents including the bank receipts.
- 一 我們抽樣檢查了銀行收款回單以抽樣檢查財政 年度末後有關2023年12月31日的應收貨款期後 現金收款情況。

Based on the procedures performed, we considered that the judgments and estimates adopted by management in determining the expected credit losses of the trade receivables were supported by the obtained evidence.

根據所執行的程序,我們認為管理層確定應收貨款 的預期信貸虧損時所採用的判斷和估計可以被現有 證據支持。

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND** THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息 包括年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財 務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的 責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮 其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審 計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者 似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其 他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告 該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

#### 董事及審核委員會就綜合財 務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒 布的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條 例》擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並 對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所 需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情 況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使 用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他 實際可行的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報 告過程。

### Corporate nformation 令業浴数

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) 獨立核數師報告(續)

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任(續)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財 務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證, 以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們 負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了 計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發 現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制 的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們 已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響 我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及 在適用的情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生 威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lee Chun Wah, Ryan.

#### **PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 20 March 2024

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 是李振華。

#### 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港,2024年3月20日

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

		Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	5	1,416,573	1,530,251
Cost of sales	銷售成本	8	(996,521)	(1,127,115)
Gross profit	毛利		420,052	403,136
·				
Other income	其他收入	6	50,665	49,169
Other gains — net	其他收益-淨額	7	309	47,889
Research and development expenses	研發費用	8	(102,451)	(112,955)
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷費用	8	(143,596)	(172,822)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	8	(48,302)	(41,623)
(Provision for)/reversal of impairment	應收貨款(減值準備)/			
loss on trade receivables	減值虧損撥回	3.1(b)	(199)	169
Impairment loss on amount due	應收聯營公司款項之			
from an associate	減值虧損	23	(36)	(394)
Impairment loss	投資物業之减值虧損			
of investment properties		17	(4,974)	_
Finance income/(costs) — net	財務收入/(成本)-淨額	9	2,265	(8,499)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利		173,733	164,070
Income tax expense	所得税費用	12	(22,568)	(3,091)
·				
Profit for the year	年度利潤		151,165	160,979
	1 2 13/13		,	
Other comprehensive income	年度其他全面收入			
for the year				
Item that may be subsequently	可於期後重新分類至損益			
reclassified to profit or loss:	之項目:			
<ul> <li>exchange differences arising on</li> </ul>	一換算海外業務產生的			
translation of foreign operation			1,805	5,709
Total comprehensive income	年度全面收入總額			
for the year			152,970	166,688
				, , , , ,

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

綜合損益及其他全面收入表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

		Notes 附註	2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit for the year attributable to:	應佔年度利潤:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		132,051 19,114	147,427 13,552
			151,165	160,979
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	應佔全面收入總額:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		133,856 19,114	153,136 13,552
			152,970	166,688
Earnings per share	每股盈利	13		
Basic (RMB cents)      Diluted (RMB cents)	一基本(人民幣分) 一攤薄(人民幣分)		16.3 16.3	18.1 18.1

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合損益及其他全面收入表應與後附附註一併閱讀。

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日

			2023	2022
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	<sub>貝圧</sub> 非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	295,069	312,722
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	36,165	32,896
Investment properties	投資物業	17	190,832	192,436
Deferred tax assets		29	28,708	25,946
Other receivables	其他應收款	22	67,933	84,500
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	24	07,933	219,841
Fixed bank deposits	銀行定期存款	24	122,349	126,500
Tixed ballk deposits	₩11 足别行朳	24	122,349	120,300
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		741,056	994,841
				33 1,0 11
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	19	301,577	362,621
Trade receivables	應收貨款	20	330,995	340,322
Contract assets	合約資產	21	12,038	10,637
Other receivables and prepayments	其他應收款及預付款	22	77,564	102,587
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	24	156,656	7,112
Fixed bank deposits	銀行定期存款	24	669,471	368,143
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	24	404,550	627,594
Total current assets	流動資產總額		1,952,851	1,819,016
	>= /+ >=			
Total assets	資產總額		2,693,907	2,813,857
FOLUTY	Halt 77			
EQUITY	權益	21	4 402 262	1 102 262
Share capital	股本	31	1,192,362	1,192,362
Reserves	儲備		880,969	864,563
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
of the Company			2,073,331	2,056,925
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		21,740	13,638
Tion coming interests	/ ] 工/// ]		2.,,40	.5,050
Total equity	權益總額		2,095,071	2,070,563
- 17	,		,,	, - : - , - 00

#### Financial Statements 財務報告

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) 綜合財務狀況表(續)

At 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日

Total equity and liabilities	權益與負債總額		2,693,907	2,813,857
Total liabilities	負債總額		598,836	743,294
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		554,055	706,906
Income tax payables	應付所得税		41,799	27,655
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16	4,584	5,883
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	26	_	44,818
Other payables	其他應付款	28	82,552	114,559
Contract liabilities	合約負債	27	25,332	177,298
Trade and bills payables	應付貨款及應付票據	25	399,788	336,693
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		44,781	36,388
Deferred tax liabilities		29	37,399	33,397
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16	7,382	2,991
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities	負債 非流動負債			
		Notes 附註	2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元

The consolidated financial statements on pages 190 to 311 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 20 March 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

董事會已於2024年3月20日審核並通過第 190頁至311頁綜合財務報表的發佈,並由 以下董事會代表簽署:

#### LU RUN TING 盧閏霆

Chairman and Executive Director 董事會主席兼執行董事

#### HOU PING

侯平

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer 執行董事兼首席執行官

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔權益

		平公可擁有人應怕權益								
		Share capital	Shares held under shares award scheme 股份 獎勵計劃	Exchange translation reserves	Other reserves	Statutory reserves	Retained earnings	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total
		<b>股本</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	持有股份 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>匯兑儲備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note i) (附註 i)	<b>法定儲備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note ii) (附註 ii)	<b>留存收益</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>合計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>非控股權益</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>合計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	1,192,362	(13,516)	(3,306)	108,440	172,655	550,776	2,007,411	1,194	2,008,605
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	年度利潤年度其他全面收入	_	-	<b>–</b> 5,709	_	_	147,427	147,427 5,709	13,552	160,979 5,709
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額	_	_	5,709	_	_	147,427	153,136	13,552	166,688
Repurchase of shares Dividends recognised as distribution	股份回購 分派股息 <i>(附註14)</i>	-	-	-	-	-	(6,867)	(6,867)	-	(6,867)
(Note 14) Transaction with non-controlling interest (Note 38)	與非控股權益進行交易 <i>(附註38)</i>	- -	- -	- -	253	- -	(97,008)	(97,008) 253	(1,108)	(97,008)
		_	_	_	253	_	(103,875)	(103,622)	(1,108)	(104,730)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	1,192,362	(13,516)	2,403	108,693	172,655	594,328	2,056,925	13,638	2,070,563

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED) 綜合權益變動表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔權益

		本公司擁有人應佔權益								
		Share capital	Shares held under shares award scheme 股份	Exchange translation reserves	Other reserves	Statutory reserves	Retained earnings	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total
		<b>股本</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>獎勵計劃</b> 持有股份 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>匯兑儲備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>其他儲備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note i) (附註 i)	<b>法定儲備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note ii) (附註 ii)	<b>留存收益</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>合計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>非控股權益</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>合計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	1,192,362	(13,516)	2,403	108,693	172,655	594,328	2,056,925	13,638	2,070,563
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	年度利潤 年度其他全面收入	-	- -	_ 1,805	-	- -	132,051 —	132,051 1,805	19,114 —	151,165 1,805
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額	-	-	1,805	-	-	132,051	133,856	19,114	152,970
Repurchase of shares ( <i>Note 31</i> ) Dividends recognised as distribution	股份回購 <i>(附註31)</i> 分派股息 <i>(附註14)</i>	-	-	-	-	-	(2,158)	(2,158)	-	(2,158)
(Note 14) Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	支付給非控股權益的 股息	_	-	_	- -	_	(115,292) —	(115,292) —	(11,012)	(115,292) (11,012)
		-	_	_	_	_	(117,450)	(117,450)	(11,012)	(128,462)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	1,192,362	(13,516)	4,208	108,693	172,655	608,929	2,073,331	21,740	2,095,071

#### Notes:

(i) Other reserves represent the aggregate of capitalisation of statutory reserves and retained earnings into capital of subsidiaries, contribution from a shareholder and share of other reserves of associates and amounts arising from transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control.

There was capitalisation of statutory reserves into capital of a subsidiary of the Company, Goldpac Limited, in 2011.

There was a transaction with non-controlling interest of a subsidiary of the Company, SecureTech Holdings Limited, in 2022.

(ii) Under the relevant regulations in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), certain subsidiaries of the Company which established in the PRC are required to make appropriation to the statutory reserves at 10% of their profit after tax based on their statutory financial statements until their statutory reserves reach 50% of their share capital individually. The statutory reserves may only be used, upon approval by the relevant authorities, to offset accumulated losses or to increase the capital of those subsidiaries. Except for those subsidiaries with losses during the year, an eligible subsidiary of the Company had made enough appropriation to the statutory reserves during previous years and no further appropriation required.

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

註:

(i) 其他儲備指法定儲備資本化和留存收益轉入附屬公司資本、股東出資、聯營公司應佔其他儲備以及與非控股權益進行交易但不會導致失去控制權的金額的總和。

於2011年,法定儲備已被資本化為本公司附屬 公司金邦達有限公司的資本。

於2022年,與附屬公司SecureTech Holdings Limited的非控股股東進行交易。

(ii) 根據中華人民共和國(「中國」)的有關法規,若 干於中國成立之本公司之附屬公司需按其法定 財務報表中除稅後淨利潤的10%計提法定儲備 直到其法定儲備達到其股本的50%。該法定儲備 備僅能在得到有關部門批准後,方可用於彌補 該等附屬公園公司外,加其資屬公司 計虧損的附屬公司外,定儲備,無需進一步計 提。

上述綜合權益變動表應與後附附註一併閱 讀。

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

		Notes 附註	2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生之 現金流量			
Cash generated from operations Income tax paid	經營活動所得現金 已付所得税	30	252,429 (7,184)	44,172 (9,054)
Net cash inflow from operating	經營活動產生之現金淨額			
activities			245,245	35,118
Cash flows from investing activities Redemption of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	<b>投資活動產生之</b> <b>現金流量</b> 贖回按公允價值計入損益 之金融資產			181,467
Withdrawals of fixed bank deposits Increase in amount due from an	提取銀行定期存款 應收聯營公司款項增加		361,839	1,028,419
associate Placement of fixed bank deposits Purchase of property, plant and	存放銀行定期存款 購買物業、廠房及設備		(651,493)	(394) (829,845)
equipment Interest received	已收利息		(29,304) 25,979	(66,961) 24,326
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities	投資活動(所用)/產生之 現金淨額		(292,979)	337,012

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

			2023	2022
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash flows from	动次迁乱玄井马			
financing activities	融資活動產生之 現金流量			
Draw down of bank borrowings	提取銀行借款		_	140,664
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款		(44,479)	(96,000)
Interest paid for bank borrowings	支付銀行借款利息		(339)	(2,166)
Principal elements of lease payments	償還租賃負債之本金部分		(6,165)	(6,028)
Payments for shares bought back	股份回購支付的款項		(2,158)	(6,867)
Repayment of interest portion of	償還租賃負債之利息部分		(2,130)	(0,807)
leases liabilities	良趣但具具良之何心即为		(332)	(593)
Dividends paid to the Company's	向本公司股東支付股息		(332)	(333)
shareholders	同个公司放木文门放心		(115,292)	(97,008)
Transactions with non-controlling	與非控股股東的交易		(113/232)	(37,000)
interests	<b>兴州江风风水町久</b> 勿		_	(855)
Dividends paid to non-controlling	向附屬公司非控股權益			(033)
interests in subsidiaries	支付股息		(11,012)	_
	<u> </u>		(11,012)	
Net cash outflow from financing	融資活動所用現金淨額			
activities			(179,777)	(68,853)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash	現金及現金等價物			
and cash equivalents	(減少)/增加淨額		(227,511)	303,277
Cash and cash equivalents at the	年初現金及現金等價物			·
beginning of the financial year			627,594	316,744
Effects of exchange rate changes on	匯率變動對現金及現金			
cash and cash equivalents	等價物的影響		4,467	7,573
Cash and cash equivalents at the	年終現金及現金等價物			
end of the year		24	404,550	627,594
Analysis of the balances of cash	現金及現金等價物結餘			
and cash equivalents	分析			
Bank balances and cash	銀行存款及現金		404,550	438,003
Fixed bank deposits which matured	3個月內到期的銀行定期			
within three months	存款		-	189,591
			404,550	627,594

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合現金流量表應與後附附註一併閱讀。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal activities of its subsidiaries (together, the "**Group**") are engaged in embedded software and secure payment products for smart secure payment and provision of data processing services, digital equipment, system platform, Artificial Intelligence ("**AI**") self-service kiosks and other total solutions for customers in a wide business range including financial, retails, public services including social security, healthcare, transportation, etc. by leveraging innovative financial technology ("**Fintech**").

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of the registered office is Room 1301, 13th Floor, Bank of East Asia, Harbour View Centre, No. 56 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The controlling shareholder of the Company is Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited, the trustee of a family trust established by Mr. Lu Run Ting (the Chairman and an executive director of the Company). The ultimate controlling party of the Company is Mr. Lu Run Ting.

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated.

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and requirements of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies.

#### 1 一般資料

本公司是一家在香港註冊的公眾有限公司,本公司股票在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)主板上市交易。註冊辦事處地址為香港灣仔告士打道56號,東亞銀行港灣中心13層1301室。

本公司的控股股東為Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited,其為盧閏霆先生(本公司主席及執行董事)的家族信託信託人。本公司的最終控制人為盧閏霆先生。

本集團之綜合財務報表以人民幣(「**人 民幣**」)呈列,除非另作説明。

#### 2 編製基礎及會計政策變更

#### 2.1 編製基礎

本集團之綜合財務報表乃按照符合香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》第622章要求的會計政策編製。

除某些於報告期期末以公允價值計量之金融工具,如會計政策中所描述,本綜合財務報表 乃按照歷史成本法編製。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgments or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

### 2.2 New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following new and amended standards for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2023:

- HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts
- Definition of Accounting Estimates Amendments to HKAS 8
- International Tax Reform Pillar Two Model Rules
   Amendments to HKAS 12
- Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction – Amendments to HKAS 12
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

### 2 編製基礎及會計政策變更

#### 2.1 編製基礎(續)

#### 2.2 本集團採納的新訂和經 修訂準則

本集團於2023年1月1日開始之 年度報告期間首次採納了以下 新訂和經修訂準則:

- 保險合同一香港財務報告 準則第17號
- 會計估計定義-香港會計 準則第8號之修訂
- 國際稅收改革一支柱二立 法模版一香港會計準則第 12號之修訂
- 與單一交易產生之資產及 負債相關的遞延稅項一香 港會計準則第12號之修訂
- 會計政策披露一香港會計 準則第1號及香港財務報 告準則實務聲明2之修訂

上述修正案對前期確認的金額 沒有任何影響,預計不會對當 前或未來期間產生重大影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.3 New standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and have not been early adopted by the Group

The following new and amended standards and interpretations have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group:

### 2 編製基礎及會計政策變更

2.3 已頒佈但尚未於2024年 1月1日或之後生效的新 準則及解釋,本集團亦 無提早採納

以下為本集團未提早採納的已發佈但 尚未生效的新訂和經修訂準則及解釋:

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或 之後開始之會計期間生效

Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號之修訂

Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號之修訂 Amendment to HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂 Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告 準則第7號之修訂

Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) 香港解釋公告第5號(2020年)

Amendment to HKFRS 21 香港財務報告準則第21號之修訂 Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號之修訂

Classification of Liabilities as Current or	1 January 2024
Non-current	2024年1月1日
流動或非流動負債的分類	
Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
附帶契約的非流動負債	2024年1月1日
Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
售後回租中的租賃負債	2024年1月1日
Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
供應商融資安排	2024年1月1日

Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

財務報表之呈報-借款人對載有按要求 償還條款的定期貸款的分類 Lack of Exchangeability

缺乏互換性
Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間

投資有與其聯宮公司或台宮企業 的資產出售或注資 1 January 2024 2024年1月1日 1 January 2025 2025年1月1日 To be determined 尚未確定

The Group has commenced, but not yet completed, an assessment of the impact of the new standards and amendments to standards on its results of operations and financial position. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations would have any significant impact on its results of operations and financial positions.

本集團已開始但尚未完成對新標準和 標準修訂對其經營成果和財務狀況的 影響的評估。本集團尚未能説明這些 新標準、標準修訂和解釋是否會對其 經營成果和財務狀況產生任何重大影 響。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risk: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of the financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the directors of the Company. The Directors provide principles for an overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas.

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC with most of the transactions originally denominated and settled in RMB. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the US dollars ("USD") and Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"). Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities, which are denominated in these currencies.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group has not entered into any derivative instruments to hedge its foreign exchange exposures (2022: nil).

#### 3 財務風險管理

本集團的活動面臨多種財務風險:市場風險(包括外匯風險及現金流和公允價值利率風險)、信貸風險及流動性風險。本集團的整體風險管理計劃專注於財務市場的難預測性,並尋求盡量減低對本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

風險管理按照本公司董事批准的政策 執行。董事提供全面風險管理的原則 以及涵蓋特定領域的政策。

#### 3.1 財務風險因素

#### (a) 市場風險

#### (i) 外匯風險

於截至2023年12月 31日止年度,本集團 並無訂立任何衍生工 具以對沖其外匯風險 (2022年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

#### (a) 市場風險(續)

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

#### (i) 外匯風險(續)

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, expressed in RMB, was as follows:

本集團於報告期末面 臨的外匯風險(以人 民幣表示)如下:

		20	23	20	22
		USD	HKD	USD	HKD
		美元	港幣	美元	港幣
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	<u> </u>				
Trade receivables	應收貨款	4,981	_	2,940	_
Other receivables	其他應收款	316	1,863	3,470	3,954
Fixed bank deposits	銀行定期存款				
and Cash and cash	和現金及現				
equivalents	金等價物	92,169	122,278	367,114	224,478
Trade payables	應付貨款	(61,272)	-	(15,440)	_
Other payables	其他應付款	_	(2,338)	_	(2,704)
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	_	-	_	(44,818)
Net monetary assets	淨貨幣資產	36,194	121,803	358,084	180,910

If RMB had strengthened/weakened by 5% against the relevant foreign currencies, with all other variable held constant, the post-tax profit would have been (lower)/higher as follows:

倘人民幣兑相關外幣 升值/貶值5%,而 其他所有變量維持不 變,除稅後利潤應會 (減少)/增加如下:

	20	23	2022		
	USD	HKD	USD	HKD	
	美元	港幣	美元	港幣	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
(Lower)/higher on 除税後利潤 post-tax profit (減少)/ 增加					
– Strengthened by 5%– 升值5%	(1,357)	(4,568)	(13,428)	(6,784)	
– Weakened by 5% – 貶值5%	1,357	4,568	13,428	6,784	

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's main interest rate risk arises from fixed rate pledged bank deposits, fixed bank deposits and bank borrowings (see Note 24 and Note 26 for details), which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing financial assets and liabilities, mainly interest bearing bank balances and bank borrowings. The Group cash flow interest rate related to financial assets is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of interest rates quoted by the People's Bank of China arising from the Group's RMB denominated bank balances. The Group cash flow interest rate related to financial liabilities is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of interest rates quoted by the Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate arising from the Group's HKD denominated bank borrowings. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy.

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for interest bearing bank balances at the end of the reporting period and assumed that the amount of assets outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. 50 basis points were used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (a) 市場風險(續)

#### (ii) 現金流量及公允價 值利率風險

本集團的主要利率風 險來自固定利率已抵 押銀行存款、銀行定 期存款和銀行借款, 使本集團面臨現金流 利率風險(詳見附註 24和26)。

本集團的現金流利率 風險主要為利率變動 對計息金融資產和金 融負債的影響,主要 是對計息銀行存款和 銀行借款的影響。本 集團與金融資產相關 的現金流利率主要集 中於中國人民銀行對 利率報價之變動對本 集團人民幣計息銀行 結餘產生的影響。本 集團與金融負債相關 的現金流利率主要集 中於香港銀行同業拆 放利率所報利率的波 動對本集團以港幣計 價的銀行借款所產生 的影響。本集團目前 沒有利率對沖政策。

以下敏感度分析是基 於在本報告期末,所 承受的計息銀行存款 的利率風險並假設於 本報告期末未償還資 產金額為全年度未償 還金額。在向內部主 要的管理人員匯報利 率風險時和管理評估 利率合理的變動時採 用50個基點。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (Continued)

If interest rates on interest bearing bank balances had been 50 basis points higher (lower) and all other variables were held constant, the potential effect on profit for the year is as follows:

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (a) 市場風險(續)

#### (ii) 現金流量及公允價 值利率風險(續)

倘計息銀行存款利率 上升(下降)50個基 點,並且所有其他變 量不變,對年度利潤 潛在的影響如下:

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Increase/(decrease) in profit for the year – 50 basis points higher – 50 basis points lower	年度利潤增加/ (減少) -上升50個基點 -下降50個基點	3,557 (3,557)	2,706 (2,706)

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent interest risk as at the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

管理層認為,由於年終的利率風險暴 露不能反映年內之固有利息風險,因 此敏感度分析不具有代表性。

#### Financial statements 財務報告

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to perform an obligation by the counterparties at the end of the reporting period in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

#### Trade receivables and contract assets

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit approvals. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model upon application of HKFRS 9 on trade receivables and contract assets based on credit rating. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in the Chinese mainland and Hong Kong.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 49% (2022: 52%) of the total trade receivables as at 31 December 2023 which was due from customers engaged in the banking industry.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險

#### 應收貨款及合約資產

本集團按區域劃分的集中 信貸風險主要集中於中國 內地和香港。

本集團存在集中信貸風險,因為截至2023年12月31日應收貨款總額中49%(2022年:52%)為應收銀行業客戶的款項。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### Other receivables, pledged bank deposits, fixed bank deposits and bank balances

The Group also has concentration of credit risk on pledged bank deposits and fixed bank deposits which are deposited with banks with high credit rating. Other than the above, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk. The credit risks on pledged bank deposits, fixed bank deposits and bank balances are limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group has considered that credit risk on other receivables, pledged bank deposits, fixed bank deposits and bank balances has not increased significantly since initial recognition and has assessed the expected credit loss rate under 12-month expected credit loss ("ECL") method based on the Group's assessment in the risk of default of the respective counterparties.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has assessed that the expected loss rates for other receivables, pledged bank deposits, fixed bank deposits and bank balances were insignificant. Thus, no loss allowance for other receivables, pledged bank deposits, fixed bank deposits and bank balances was recognised.

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

其他應收款,已抵押銀 行存款,銀行定期存款 及銀行存款

本集團存放在具有高信用 等級銀行的已抵押銀行存 款及銀行定期存款亦存在 集中信貸風險。除上述內 容,本集團並無其他重大 集中信貸風險。由於已抵 押銀行存款、銀行定期存 款及銀行存款存放於被國 際信用評級機構評定為較 高信用等級的銀行,故信 貸風險有限。

本集團認為其他應收款、 已抵押銀行存款、銀行定 期存款和銀行存款的信貸 風險自初始確認起無顯著 增加, 並且基於本集團對 對方違約風險的評估,按 照12個月預期信貸虧損法 評估了預期信貸虧損率。

於2023年12月31日,本集 團評估其他應收款、已抵 押銀行存款、銀行定期存 款和銀行存款的預期虧損 率不重大。因此未確認其 他應收款、已抵押銀行存 款、銀行定期存款和銀行 存款的虧損撥備。

#### **3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### Amount due from an associate

The directors of the Company make periodic individual assessment on the expected credit loss of amount due from an associate based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The directors of the Company considered that there is a significant increase in credit risk of this amount since initial recognition and the Group assessed its impairment loss based on lifetime ECL approach (also called as "simplified approach"). For the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, loss allowance of RMB36,000 (2022: RMB394,000) was recognised.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

#### 應收聯營公司款項

本公司董事根據歷史結算

記錄、以往經驗,以及定

期信貸虧損金額,確認了 人民幣36,000元(2022年: 人民幣394,000元)的虧損

撥備。

Corporate Information 令華姿数

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

2023 Major Events 2023年大事記

> Statement 主席報告

Nanagement Discussic and Analysis 帝華圖評論及会桥

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3

3 財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

本集團內部信貸風險評級 包括以下類別:

Category 類別	Description 描述	Trade receivables and contract assets 應收貨款及合約資產	Other financial assets 其他金融資產
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12 month ECL
正常	對方違約風險較低且無逾期金額	終身預期信貸虧損 一未信用減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settles after due date	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12 month ECL
關注	債務人多次逾期還款且通常逾期 結算	終身預期信貸虧損 一未信用減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12 month ECL
可疑	內部產生的或外部獲取的信息顯示 信貸風險自初始確認後出現顯著 增加	終身預期信貸虧損 一未信用減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
虧損	有證據表明資產已信用減值	終身預期信貸虧損 一已信用減值	終身預期信貸虧損 一已信用減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
核銷	有證據表明債務人出現嚴重財務 困難且本集團未來無望收回	金額被核銷	金額被核銷

#### **3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on estimate default rates and loss rates by making reference to the credit rating given by external ranking agency over the expected lives of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information, including but not limited to changes of future economics, GDP growth rate forecast and market environment, that available without undue cost or effort.

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group has applied the lifetime ECL approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. Trade receivables and contract assets are assessed based on the provision matrix through grouping of various debtors that have similar credit risk characteristics, with consideration of their corresponding estimated default rates and loss rates, together with the forward-looking information.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

Internal

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3 財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The table below details the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets and contract assets, which are subject to ECL assessment:

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

下表詳列本集團金融資產 和合約資產基於預期信貸 虧損評估的信貸風險:

	Notes	credit rating 內部信用	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount	
	附註 評級		或終身預期信貸虧損	賬面價值總額	
				2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產					
Trade receivables  – contracts with customers	20	Performing	Lifetime ECL by provision matrix  – not credit-impaired	241,345	261,952
應收貨款-與客戶合約		正常	通過撥備矩陣獲得的終身預期信 貸虧損一未信用減值		
		Watch list	Lifetime ECL by provision matrix – not credit-impaired	91,880	80,057
		關注	通過撥備矩陣獲得的終身預期信 貸虧損一未信用減值		
		Doubtful	Lifetime ECL by provision matrix – not credit-impaired	1,197	1,692
		可疑	通過撥備矩陣獲得的終身預期信 貸虧損一未信用減值		
		Loss 虧損	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired 終身預期信貸虧損—已信用減值	1,596	1,570
Other receivables 其他應收款	22	Performing 正常	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	110,947	131,456

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3

財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

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Financial assets at amortised co
(Continued)
按攤銷成本計量之金融資產(續)

已

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Amount due from an associate	23	Loss	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired	14,331
應收聯營公司款項		虧損	終身預期信貸虧損-已信用減值	
Pledged bank deposits, fixed bank	24	Performing	12-month ECL	1,353,026
deposits and bank balances				

抵押銀行存款、銀行	定期存款和	正常	12個月預期信貸虧損
銀行存款			

Other items 其他項目			
Contract assets	21	Performing	Lifetime ECL by provision matrix
			<ul> <li>not credit-impaired</li> </ul>

<b>合約資產</b>	正常	通過撥備矩陣獲得的終身預期信
		貸虧損-未信用減值

14,295

10,637

1,349,190

12,038

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit rating for its customers in relations to its operation. The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk for trade receivables and contract assets which are assessed based on provision matrix within lifetime ECL (Not credit-impaired). A debtor with credit-impaired with gross carrying amount of RMB1,596,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB1,570,000) was assessed individually.

#### Gross carrying amount

#### Average Trade **Average** Contract At 31 December 2023 loss rate receivables loss rate assets 於2023年12月31日 平均虧損率 平均虧損率 合約資產 應收貨款 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Internal credit rating 內部信用評級 Performing 0.90% 0.00% 正常 241,345 12,038 Watch list 關注 1.27% 91,880 Doubtful 可疑 7.72% 1,197 334,422 12,038

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

作為本集團信貸風險管理的一 部分,本集團對其運營相關的 客戶進行內部信用評級。下表 為應收貨款和合約資產的信貸 風險在終身預期信貸虧損(未信 用減值)模式下基於撥備矩陣評 估的信貸風險。於2023年12月 31日,對賬面價值總額為人民 幣1,596,000元(2022年:人民 幣1.570.000元)的已信用減值 的債務人進行了單獨評估。

#### 賬面價值總額

10.637

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

財務風險管理(續)

343.701

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

#### Gross carrying amount (Continued)

#### 賬面價值總額(續)

		Average	Trade	Average	Contract
At 31 December 2022		loss rate	receivables	loss rate	assets
於2022年12月31日		平均虧損率	應收貨款	平均虧損率	合約資產
			RMB'000		RMB'000
			人民幣千元		人民幣千元
Internal credit rating	內部信用評級				
Performing	正常	0.85%	261,952	0.85%	10,637
Watch list	關注	1.30%	80,057	_	_
Doubtful	可疑	6.29%	1,692	_	_

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the trade receivables within performing, watch list and doubtful at the end of the reporting period which have been past due over 90 days are not considered as in default with the consideration that most of the customers are banking institutes and the historical repayment from trade debtors.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the amount due from an associate was within the category of loss. There is evidence indicating that the debtor is credit-impaired. The impairment loss on amount due from an associate provided in 2023 is RMB36,000 (2022: RMB394,000).

考慮到大多數客戶是銀行 機構和負債人的歷史還款 情況,本公司董事認為於 報告期末逾期超過90日, 屬於正常、關注和可疑類 別下的應收貨款並未違約。

本公司董事認為應收聯營 公司款項屬於虧損類別。 有證據顯示債務人已信用 減值。因此對應收聯營公 司款項計提減值虧損人民 幣36,000元(2022年:人 民幣394,000元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the contract assets was within the category of performing. Since the assessed probability of default of contract assets is minimal, no impairment loss (2022: nil) is provided.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group performed impairment assessment and did not provide allowance for credit losses for financial assets other than trade receivables, contract assets and amount due from an associate as the calculated provision is insignificant after considering the probability of default, loss rate and adjustment with forward-looking information.

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

本公司董事認為,合約資 產屬於正常類別。由於估 計的合約資產違約概率很 小,因此不計提減值虧損 (2022年:無)。

截至2023年12月31日止年 度,本集團對應收貨款、 合約資產和應收聯營公司 款項以外的金融資產進行 了減值評估且未計提信貸 虧損撥備,因為考慮到違 約的可能性、損失率和具 有前瞻性信息的調整,而 計算得出的撥備並不重大。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The following table shows the movement in lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade receivables under the lifetime ECL approach.

### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

Lifetime ECL Lifetime ECL

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

下表顯示按終身預期信貸 虧損計提應收貨款已確認 的終身預期信貸虧損的變 動。

		(Non-credit impaired) 終身預期 信貸虧損 (未信用減值) RMB'000 人民幣千元	(credit- impaired) 終身預期 信貸虧損 (已信用減值) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	3,598	1,437	5,035
Changes due to financial instruments recognised as at 1 January:	由1月1日確認之金融工具 引起的變化:			
– Impairment losses reversed	- 減值虧損撥回	(3,479)	-	(3,479)
New financial assets originated	新增金融資產	3,310	-	3,310
Currency translation difference	匯兑差額	(50)	133	83
As at 31 December 2022 Changes due to financial instruments	於2022年12月31日 由1月1日確認之金融工具	3,379	1,570	4,949
recognised as at 1 January:  – Impairment losses reversed	引起的變化: - 減值虧損撥回	(3,117)	_	(3,117)
New financial assets originated	新增金融資產	3,316	_	3,316
Currency translation difference	匯兑差額	(151)	26	(125)
As at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	3,427	1,596	5,023

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents. Our Group's liquidity risk is further mitigated through the availability of financing through its own cash resources to meet its financial commitments. In the opinion of our directors, our Group does not have any significant liquidity risk.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 流動性風險

謹慎的流動性風險管理意 味著維持足夠的現金及現 金等價物。本集團可誦過 其自身現金資源進行融資 以履行其財務承諾,從而 進一步降低其流動性風 險。本集團董事認為本集 團不具有重大流動性風險。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金 融負債的剩餘合約期限。 該表乃基於本集團須作出 支付的最早日期的金融負 **债的未贴現現金流編製。** 其他非衍生金融負債到期 日按協定的付還日期。該 表包括利息和本金現金流。

		Repayable on demand or less than 3 months 可隨時	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 2 years	2 years to 5 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount
		或少於三個月 內償還 RMB'000 人民幣千元	三個月 至一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	一年 至兩年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	兩年 至五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	未貼現 現金流總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	賬面價值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2023 Trade and bill payables Other payables Lease liabilities	於2023年12月31日 應付貨款及應付票據 其他應付款 租賃負債	399,788 31,825 2,297	- - 4,584	- - 1,727	- - 5,655	399,788 31,825 14,263	399,788 31,825 11,966
		433,910	4,584	1,727	5,655	445,876	443,579

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3

財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(c) 流動性風險(續)

		Repayable					
		on demand				Total	
		or less than	3 months	1 year	2 years	undiscounted	Carrying
		3 months	to 1 year	to 2 years	to 5 years	cash flows	amount
		可隨時	— /B D	Æ	エケ	+ 01-19	
		或少於三個月	三個月	一年	兩年	未貼現	
		內償還	至一年	至兩年	至五年	現金流總額	賬面價值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日						
Trade and bill payables	應付貨款及應付票據	336,693	-	-	-	336,693	336,693
Other payables	其他應付款	62,984	-	-	-	62,984	62,984
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	741	45,158	-	-	45,899	44,818
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,466	4,738	2,976	93	9,273	8,874
		401,884	49,896	2,976	93	454,849	453,369

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.2 Fair value estimation

### (a) Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used), as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities:
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.2 公允價值估計

#### (a) 按公允價值經常性計 量的本集團金融資產 的公允價值

本集團部分金融資產於每 個報告期末按公允價值計 量。關於該等金融資產公 允價值是如何定義的(特 別是估價方法及使用的輸 入數據),以及基於計量 公允價值的輸入數據可觀 察程度而分類的公允價值 層級(第1層級至第3層級) 信息由下表提供。

- 第1層級公允價值計 量指使用相同資產或 負債於活躍市場的報 價(未經調整)計量;
- 第2層級公允價值計 量指使用除第1層級 涵蓋的報價外,資產 或負債直接(例如價 格)或間接(例如按 價格計算所得)可觀 察的輸入數據計量; 及
- 第3層級公允價值計 量指估值方法中使用 無法基於可觀察的市 場數據(不可觀察輸 入數據)的資產或負 **債輸入數據計量。**

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.2 Fair value estimation (Continued)

(a) Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.2 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 按公允價值經常性計 量的本集團金融資產 的公允價值(續)

		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	180,205
Net gain on financial assets	金融資產凈收益	1,262
Redemption of financial assets	贖回金融資產	(181,467)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	_
Net gain on financial assets	金融資產凈收益	_
Redemption of financial assets	贖回金融資產	_
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	-

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

There is no realised or unrealised gain relating to financial assets that are measured at fair value in 2023 (2022: a realised gain of RMB1,262,000). Such fair value gains are included in "other gains – net".

#### Fair value measurements and valuation processes

In estimating the fair value of unlisted equity (Sichuan Zhongruan Technology Ltd. ("SCZR")), the Group uses the investee's financial statements as the basis for calculating the fair value of unlisted equity ("SCZR") under the asset-based valuation method.

2023年和2022年期間均無 轉入或轉出第3層級。

2023年無與按公允價值 計量的金融資產已實現 收益和未實現收益(2022 年:已實現收益人民幣 1,262,000元)。該公允價 值變動產生的收益計入「其 他收益一淨額」。

## 公允價值計量及估值過

在估計非上市股權(四川 中軟科技有限公司「四川 中軟」)的公允價值時,本 集團以被投資單位的財務 報表為基礎,採用資產評 估法計算非上市股權(「四 川中軟」)的公允價值。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3 財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

#### 3.2 Fair value estimation (Continued)

(a) Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value

on a recurring basis (Continued)

#### Reconciliation of Level 3 measurement

The following table presents the reconciliation of Level 3 measurement of the financial assets:

#### 3.2 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 按公允價值經常性計 量的本集團金融資產 的公允價值(續)

#### 第3層級計量對賬

下表呈列金融資產的第3 層級計量對賬:

Financial asset	Fair value	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s) 估值方法及	Significant unobservable input(s) 重大不可觀察	Relationship unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與
金融資產	公允價值	公允價值層級	主要輸入數據	輸入數據	公允價值之關係
Unlisted equity ("SCZR")	As at 31 December 2023: RMB nil (as at 31 December 2022: RMB nil)	Level 3	Asset-based valuation method – fair value is estimated by multiplying the carrying amount of the recoverable net assets of investee which is in the state of bankruptcy and liquidation, with a certain discount ratio.	Discount ratio	The higher the discount ratio, the lower the fair value and vice versa.
非上市股權(「 <b>四川中軟</b> 」)	於2023年12月31日: 人民幣零元(2022年12月31日: 人民幣零元)	第3層級	資產估值法一公允價值 以被投資單位處於破 產清算狀態的可收回 淨資產的賬面價值乘 以一定折現率估算。	折現率	折現率越高,公允價值越 低,反之亦然。

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets are disclosed above. Please refer to Note 18 for more details.

決定各項資產公允價值所 用的估值方法及使用的輸 入數據等相關信息已於上 述披露。有關更多詳細資 訊,請參閱附註18。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(Continued)

#### 3.2 Fair value estimation (Continued)

#### (b) Fair value of financial instruments at amortised cost

The management of the Group considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values at the end of each reporting period.

#### CRITICAL ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

#### (a) Write-down of inventories to net realisable values

Management estimated net realisable values based on ageing of inventories, current market price and estimated future market demand. Such estimation required the use of significant judgments and key assumptions which take into consideration of historical sales record, utilisation records, ageing and expectations for future sales orders. Such judgments were subject to uncertainties as a result of future changes in market trends and customer demands.

#### (b) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provision for financial assets are assessed based on the provision matrix through grouping of various debtors that have similar credit risk characteristics, with consideration of their corresponding estimated default rates and loss rates, together with the forward-looking information. The Group uses estimations and judgments to estimate default rates and loss rates by making reference to the credit rating given by external ranking agency and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in the tables in Note 3.1(b).

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.2 公允價值估計(續)

### (b) 按攤銷成本計量的金 融工具的公允價值

本集團管理層認為,於每 個報告期末按攤銷成本列 於綜合財務報表的金融資 產及金融負債的賬面價值 與其公允價值相若。

#### 閣鍵會計估計及判斷

### (a) 減記存貨至可變現淨值

管理層根據存貨賬齡、當前市 場價格和預計未來市場需求估 計可變現淨值。這些估計需要 使用重要的判斷和關鍵假設, 這些判斷和假設考慮了歷史銷 售記錄、使用記錄、賬齡和未 來銷售訂單的預期。由於市場 趨勢和客戶需求的未來變化, 這些判斷存在不確定性。

#### (b) 金融資產之減值

金融資產減值撥備是基於撥備 矩陣,通過將具有相似信貸風 險特徵的各種債務人分組,並 考慮其相應的估計違約率和損 失率,以及前瞻性信息來評估 的。本集團通過參考外部評級 機構給出的信用評級和有關宏 觀經濟因素的前瞻性信息,使 用估計和判斷來估計違約率和 損失率。本集團所使用的關鍵 假設和輸入數據詳情披露於附 註3.1(b)的表格中。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 5 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION**

#### 5.1 Description of segments and principal activities

Segment information has been identified on the basis of internal management reports which are reviewed by the Chairman of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, in order to allocate resources to the operating and reportable segments and to assess their performance.

The Group's operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

Embedded software and secure payment products –

嵌入式軟件和安全支付產品

Platform and service

平台及服務

Each operating and reportable segment derives its revenue from the sales of products and provision of data processing services. They are managed separately because each product requires different production and marketing strategies.

Segment results represent the gross profits earned by each segment.

#### 5 收入及分部資料

#### 5.1 分部描述與主要活動

分部資料以公司內部管理報告 為基礎而確立,此內部管理報 告經由本公司經營決策者一本 公司主席審閱,以利於向經營 及可報告分部分配所需資源並 評估其表現。

根據香港財務報告準則第8號, 本集團經營及可報告分部如下:

Design, development, manufacture and sale of embedded software and secure payment products for smart secure payment.

設計、開發、製造和銷售智能安全支付領域 的嵌入式軟件和安全支付產品。

Provision of data processing, digital equipment, system platforms and other total solutions for customers in a wide business range including financial, retails, public services including social security, healthcare, transportation, etc. by leveraging innovative Fintech.

融合創新金融科技,為金融、零售、涵蓋社 會保障、衛生、交通等公共服務廣泛領域客 戶提供數據處理、數字化設備、系統平台及 其他整體解決方案。

> 各經營及可報告分部通過銷售產品和 提供數據處理服務取得其收入。因為 不同產品需要不同的生產及市場營銷 策略,各分部實行單獨管理。

分部業績指各分部所取得的毛利。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 5 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

### 收入及分部資料(續)

#### 5.1 Description of segments and principal activities (Continued)

### 5.1 分部描述與主要活動(續)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segment:

以下為本集團按可報告分部的 收入及業績之分析:

		Revenue 收入			sults	
		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Sales to external parties of  – embedded software and secure payment products  – platform and service	向外部客戶之銷售 - 嵌入式軟件和安全 支付產品 - 平台及服務	949,781 466,792	1,009,115 521,136	264,059 155,993	221,250 181,886	
		1,416,573	1,530,251	420,052	403,136	
Other income Other gains – net Research and development expenses Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses (Provision for)/reversal of impairment loss on trade	其他收入 其他收益一淨額 研發費用 銷售及分銷費用 行政開支 應收貨款(減值虧損) /減值虧損撥回			50,665 309 (102,451) (143,596) (48,302)	49,169 47,889 (112,955) (172,822) (41,623)	
receivables Impairment loss on trade	,			(199)	169	
due from an associate Impairment loss of investment properties	應收聯營公司款項之 減值虧損 投資物業之減值虧損			(36) (4,974)	(394)	
Finance income/(costs) - net	財務收入/(成本) 一淨額			2,265	(8,499)	
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利			173,733	164,070	

The management of the Group makes decisions according to the gross profit of each segment. No information of segment assets and liabilities is available for the assessment of performance of different business activities. Therefore, no information about segment assets and liabilities is presented.

本集團管理層根據各分部毛利 作出決策。概無分部資產或負 債資料可用以評估不同業務活 動的表現。因此,並無呈報分 部資產及負債資料。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 5 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT** INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 5.2 Revenue

The segment information for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 by business segment were as follows:

#### 5 收入及分部資料(續)

#### 5.2 收入

截至2023年12月31日及2022年12月 31日止年度各業務分部之分部資料 如下:

	For the year ended 31 December 2023   截至2023年12月31日止之年度 Embedded software and secure Platform payment and products service To 嵌入式軟件 和安全支付		
	產品	平台及服務	合計
	RMB'000	RMB′000	RMB′000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Types of goods or services 貨物或服務種類 Embedded software and secure payment products Data processing 数據處理 Digital equipment 数字化設備	949,781	–	949,781
	-	183,005	183,005
	-	283,787	283,787
Total 合計	949,781	466,792	1,416,573

Revenue from sale of embedded software and secure payment products and sale of digital equipment are recognised at a point in time, and revenue from data processing services are recognised over time.

嵌入式軟件和安全支付產品的銷售收 入及數字化設備的銷售收入在某個時 間點確認,而數據處理服務的收入則 於一段時間內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 5 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

5.2 Revenue (Continued)

### 收入及分部資料(續)

### 5.2 收入(續)

		ear ended 31 Dece 2023年12月31日止 Platform and	
	products 嵌入式軟件 和安全支付 產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	service 平台及服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Geographical markets地區市場The Chinese mainland中國內地Non-Chinese mainland非中國內地	653,112 296,669	443,611 23,181	1,096,723 319,850
Total 合計	949,781	466,792	1,416,573
		ear ended 31 Decer 2022年12月31日止 Platform and service 平台及服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Types of goods or services 貨物或服務種類 Embedded software and secure payment products Data processing Digital equipment	支付 1,009,115 - -	_ 203,385 317,751	1,009,115 203,385 317,751
Total 合計	1,009,115	521,136	1,530,251

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 5 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 5.2 Revenue (Continued)

Revenue from sale of embedded software and secure payment products and sale of digital equipment are recognised at a point in time, and revenue from data processing services are recognised over time.

### 收入及分部資料(續)

#### 5.2 收入(續)

嵌入式軟件和安全支付產品的 銷售收入及數字化設備的銷售 收入在某個時間點確認,而數 據處理服務的收入則於一段時 間內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	截至2022年12月31日止之年度				
		Embedded			
		software			
		and secure	Platform		
		payment	and		
		products	service	Total	
		嵌入式軟件			
		和安全支付			
		產品	平台及服務	合計	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
eographical markets	地區市場				
The Chinese mainland	中國內地	775,798	503,553	1,279,351	
Non-Chinese mainland	非中國內地	233,317	17,583	250,900	
Total	合計	1,009,115	521,136	1,530,251	

#### Information about major customer

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there was one customer with revenue of RMB161,148,000 in aggregate from the segments of both embedded software and secure payment products and platform and service which accounted for more than 10% of the Group's total revenue (2022: none).

#### 有關主要客戶的資料

截至2023年12月31日止年度,嵌入 式軟件和安全支付產品和平台及服務 分部有一名客戶的收入總計為人民幣 161,148,000元,佔本集團總收入的 10%以上(2022年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 5.3 Segment assets

Information about the Group's non-current assets except for financial instruments and deferred tax assets by location of assets is presented as below:

### 收入及分部資料(續)

#### 5.3 分部資產

本集團除金融工具及遞延税項資產以 外之所有非流動資產按資產所在地劃 分呈現如下:

		<b>2023</b> RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Hong Kong The Chinese mainland	香港 中國內地	136,903 390,125	141,105 396,949
		527,028	538,054

### 5.4 Accounting policies of revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods and services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

### 5.4 收入確認之會計政策

本集團在符合履約責任時確認 收入,即符合特定履約責任的 貨物或服務的「控制權」轉移至 客戶時。

履約責任適用於一件或一項可 區分的貨物(或服務或一組貨物 或服務),或者多個本質相同但 可區分的貨物或服務。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 5 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

### 5.4 Accounting policies of revenue recognition (Continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good and service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods and services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

#### 5 收入及分部資料(續)

#### 5.4 收入確認之會計政策(續)

控制權於一段時間內被轉移, 倘符合下述標準之一,則收入 亦應根據以完全滿足履約責任 為目標的相關履約責任完成進 度,於該段時間內被確認:

- 客戶在收到時即使用由本 集團履約行為所提供的利 益;
- 本集團的履約行為產生由 客戶控制的資產並為該資 產增值;或
- 本集團的履約行為未產生 一項可供集團備用的資產 且本集團對已完成的履約 行為的支付款項具有可執 行權。

否則,當客戶取得可區分貨物 或服務的控制權時,收入就應 於該時點被確認。

合約資產指本集團對已轉移至 客戶的貨物或服務作為交換而 獲取對價但還未構成無條件的 權利。根據香港財務報告準則 第9號應對其進行減值評估。而 應收款項則指本集團取得對價 的無條件權利,即在報酬的應 支付日前僅需要經過一定時間。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# 5.4 Accounting policies of revenue recognition (Continued)

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods and services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

## (a) Performance obligation for contracts with customers

## (i) Sales of embedded software and secure payment products

The Group sells embedded software and secure payment products to financial institutions, retail businesses, public sectors including social security, healthcare, transportation and others. Revenue on sales of embedded software and secure payment products is recognised at the point of time when control of the goods has transferred to the customers, being when the goods have been shipped to the designed location.

### 5 收入及分部資料(續)

### 5.4 收入確認之會計政策(續)

合約負債指本集團有義務將已 收到(或應收到)對價的貨物或 服務轉移至客戶。

與同一合約相關的合約資產和 合約負債以淨額入賬和呈列。

### (a) 與客戶合約之履約責 任

#### (i) 嵌入式軟件和安全 支付產品之銷售

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 5 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

### 5.4 Accounting policies of revenue recognition (Continued)

#### (a) Performance obligation for contracts with customers (Continued)

#### (ii) Sales of data processing services

The data processing services, including encode cardholder information and/ or develop and load custom software applications to embedded software and secure payment products, which are considered to be a distinct service as it is regularly supplied by the Group to customers on a stand-alone basis. The transaction price of data processing service each activity makes reference to the quotation that the Group offered to the customers and revenue is recognised over time as the performance obligation is satisfied through creating or enhancing an asset that the customer controls.

#### (iii) Sales of digital equipment

The Group also provides self-service kiosks and on-site, instant card issuance system solutions to its customers. The revenue is recognised at the point of time when control of the goods has transferred to the customers, being when the goods have been shipped to the designed location and installation of the digital equipment is completed with customers' acceptance.

### 5 收入及分部資料(續)

### 5.4 收入確認之會計政策(續)

#### (a) 與客戶合約之履約責 任(續)

#### (ii) 數據處理服務之銷 焦

因為本集團慣常以獨 立的方式向客戶提供 該服務,數據處理服 務被視為一項可區分 的服務,包括對持卡 人信息進行編碼和/ 或開發及加載定制軟 件應用程序於嵌入式 軟件和安全支付產 品。每項活動的數據 處理服務的交易價格 均參考本集團向客戶 提供的報價,隨著通 過創建或增強客戶控 制的資產來履行履約 責任,收入隨時間而 確認。

#### (iii) 數字化設備之銷售

本集團亦向客戶提供 自助設備、現場和即 時發卡系統解決方 案。該銷售收入於貨 物控制權轉移至客戶 時確認,即貨物已運 至指定地點,設備安 裝完成且客戶驗收合 格。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 5 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

### 5.4 Accounting policies of revenue recognition (Continued)

### (b) Contracts with multiple performance obligations (including allocation of transaction price)

For contracts that contain more than one performance obligation (i.e. embedded software and secure payment products for smart secure payment and data processing solution) the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price basis.

The stand-alone selling price of the distinct good or service underlying each performance obligation is determined at contract inception. It represents the price at which the Group would sell a promised good or service separately to a customer.

If a stand-alone selling price is not directly observable, the Group estimates it using appropriate techniques such that the transaction price ultimately allocated to any performance obligation reflects the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services to the customer.

#### 收入及分部資料(續)

### 5.4 收入確認之會計政策(續)

#### (b) 有多種履約義務之合 約(包括交易價格的 分配)

對於包含一項以上履約義 務的合約(如智能安全支 付領域的嵌入式軟件和安 全支付產品,及數據處理 解決方案),本集團按相 對獨立的銷售價格為每項 履約義務分配交易價格。

每項履約義務所依據的可 區分商品或服務的獨立銷 售價格於合約訂立時確 定。該價格表示本集團將 承諾的產品或服務單獨出 售給客戶的價格。

如果獨立銷售價格不可直 接觀測,本集團使用適當 的方法進行估計,以求分 配至任何履約義務的最終 交易價格反映本集團預計 將承諾的商品或服務轉移 至客戶後可換取的對價。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 5 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

### 5.4 Accounting policies of revenue recognition (Continued)

#### (b) Contracts with multiple performance obligations (including allocation of transaction price) (Continued)

The normal credit period is 30-150 days upon delivery. Retentions held by customers are normally payable between 6 months to 1 year by the customers from the date of issuance of invoice. Such retentions include retentions for embedded software and secure payment products required by customers to insure performance of Integrated Circuit ("IC") chips during the warranty period. The card issuance system solutions also have retentions ranging from 5% to 10%, which are payable after the expiration of the warranty period. These warranties associated with the goods cannot be purchased separately and they serve as an assurance that the goods sold comply with agreed– upon specifications. Accordingly, the Group accounts for warranties in accordance with HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The contracts for embedded software and secure payment products, digital equipment and data processing services are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

### 5 收入及分部資料(續)

### 5.4 收入確認之會計政策(續)

### (b) 有多種履約義務之合 約(包括交易價格的 分配)(續)

正常的信用期是交貨後 30至150天。客戶持有的 保留款通常由客戶於發票 開具日起6個月至1年內支 付。該等保留款包括客戶 為確保集成電路(「ICI)芯 片於質保期的性能而要 求的對嵌入式軟件和安 全支付產品的保留款。發 卡系統解決方案也有5% 至10%的保留款,於質保 期到期後支付。該等與貨 物有關的質保不能單獨購 買,其作為所售貨物符合 雙方商定規格的保證。因 此,本集團根據香港會計 準則第37號撥備、或然負 債及或然資產對質保金進 行會計處理。

嵌入式軟件和安全支付產 品、數字化設備及數據處 理服務的合約期限為一年 或更短。如香港財務報告 準則第15號所准許,並無 披露分配至該等未獲履行 合約的交易價格。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### **OTHER INCOME**

### 6 其他收入

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Government grants Interest income from bank deposits Value-added tax refund Rental income from investment property Others	政府補助 銀行存款利息收入 增值税退税 投資物業的租金收入 其他	951 32,649 12,776 3,675 614	4,186 27,681 14,195 2,034 1,073
	7710	50,665	49,169

#### **OTHER GAIN - NET** 7

### 其他收益-淨額

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net exchange gains Investment income from financial assets at FVTPL (Note 3.2)	匯兑收益淨值 以公允價值計量且其變動 計入當期損益的金融	333	46,301
assets at I v II E (Note 3.2)	資產投資收入(附註3.2)	-	1,262
Gain on lease modification	修改租約收益	-	741
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	處置物業、廠房及設備虧損	(24)	(447)
Others	其他	-	32
		309	47,889

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#### **EXPENSES BY NATURE** 8

### 8 按性質分類的費用

		Note 附註	<b>2023</b> <b>RMB′000</b> 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本	19	848,085	933,325
(Reversal of write-down)/	存貨减值(撥備撥回)			
write-down of inventories	<b>/</b> 減值撥備	19	(4,351)	22,006
Employee benefits expenses	員工待遇費用	10	224,680	250,861
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備			
equipment	折舊	15	36,186	33,232
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	16	5,987	6,244
Depreciation of investment	投資物業折舊			
properties		17	9,266	3,879
Legal and professional fees	法律和專業費用		3,163	3,571
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金			
<ul><li>audit services</li></ul>	- 核數服務		1,841	1,377
<ul><li>non-audit services</li></ul>	- 非核數服務		468	402
Business entertainment expenses	業務招待費用		4,416	6,803
Freight and duties	運費及關税		30,571	13,552
Professional service fees	專業服務費		26,987	69,656
Testing fees	檢測費		8,609	9,561
Travelling and transportation	差旅費			
expenses			14,726	13,032
Other expenses	其他費用		80,236	87,014
Total cost of sales, research and	銷售成本、研發費用			
development expenses, selling	、銷售及分銷費用			
and distribution expenses and	以及行政開支合計			
administrative expenses			1,290,870	1,454,515

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### FINANCE INCOME/(COSTS) – NET 9 財務收入/(成本)-淨額 9

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unwinding interest income from deposits paid to suppliers	供應商保證金折現產生之 利息收入	2,936	2,498
Finance income	財務收入	2,936	2,498
Interest expense discounted from deposits paid to suppliers Borrowing costs Interest expense on lease liabilities	供應商保證金折現產生之 利息費用 借貸成本 租賃負債利息費用	– (339) (332)	(8,084) (2,320) (593)
Finance costs	財務成本	(671)	(10,997)
Net finance income/(costs)	財務收入/(成本)淨額	2,265	(8,499)

### 10 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES

### 10 員工待遇費用

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Directors' emoluments (Note 11) Retirement benefits scheme	董事酬金(附註11) 退休福利計劃供款	17,123	16,218
contributions		14,462	14,417
Staff costs	員工成本	193,095	220,226
Total employee benefits expenses	員工待遇費用合計	224,680	250,861

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#### 10 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES

#### (Continued)

Note: The Group participates in MPF for its qualifying employees in Hong Kong. Under the rules of MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are required to contribute 5% of the employee's salaries, up to a maximum of HKD1,500 per employee per month. The assets of MPF are held separately from those of the Group companies in an independently administered fund.

The qualifying employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the Chinese mainland are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

Save for the above, the Group has no other obligation. No forfeited contributions (by employers on behalf of employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in such contributions) may be used by the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions.

### 11 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES**

#### RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Directors' fees 袍金 594 565 Other emoluments to executive 其他予執行董事的酬金 directors - basic salaries and allowances - 基本薪金與津貼 10,795 10,224 - bonus - 獎金 5,665 5,348 - retirement benefits scheme - 退休福利計劃供款 contributions 69 81 17,123 16.218

Unless indicated otherwise, bonus of the directors was discretionary and determined with reference to the Group's performance, individual performances and comparable market statistics.

#### 10 員工待遇費用(續)

註: 本集團於香港的合格員工參加香港強積 金。香港強積金要求,僱主需要繳納員 工相關收入的5%,以每月港幣1.500元 為上限。強積金的資產與本集團分開, 由受託人獨立管理。

> 本集團於中國內地附屬公司的合格員工 參加由中國政府運作的國家管理退休福 利計劃。該等附屬公司須按其工資總額 的一定比例向退休福利計劃供款。本集 團就退休福利計劃的唯一責任是根據該 計劃的規定提供供款。

> 除上述者,本集團並無其他責任。概無 已被沒收之供款(由僱主代該等在供款悉 數歸屬前退出計劃之員工作出)可供僱主 用以削減現有水準之供款。

> > 2022

## 11 董事、首席執行官與五位 最高薪酬員工酬金

2023

除非另作説明,董事會獎金依照本集 團業績、個人表現以及可比的市場統 計資料酌情釐定。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 11 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES** (Continued)

Mr. Hou Ping is also the chief executive (the "Chief **Executive**") of the Company and his emoluments disclosed below include those for services rendered by him as the Chief Executive.

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments for the year, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and Companies Ordinance is as follows:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2023:

## 11 董事、首席執行官與五位 最高薪酬員工酬金(續)

侯平先生也是本公司首席執行官,他 的酬金在下表披露,包括由其擔任首 席執行官所提供服務的酬金。

根據適用之上市規則及《公司條例》 所披露之董事及首席執行官本年度之 酬金如下:

#### 截至2023年12月31日止年度:

					Retirement	
		Basic			benefits	
		salaries and	Directors'		scheme	
		allowances	fees	Bonus	contributions	Total
		基本薪金			退休福利	
		與津貼	袍金	獎金	計劃供款	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
(A) Executive directors	<b>(A)</b> 執行董事					
Mr. Lu Run Ting	<b>盧</b> 閏霆先生	3,761	_	2,409	_	6,170
Mr. Lu Runyi	盧潤怡先生	1,311	_	585	_	1,896
Mr. Hou Ping	侯平先生	2,679	_	1,927	16	4,622
Mr. Wu Siqiang	吳思強先生	635	_	300	21	956
Mr. Lu Wai Lim	盧威廉先生	888	_	333	16	1,237
Ms. Li Yijin	李易進女士	1,521	-	111	16	1,648
(B) Independent non-executiv	e (B)獨立非執行董事					
directors						
Ms. Ye Lu	葉淥女士	-	178	-	-	178
Mr. Mak Wing Sum Alvin	麥永森先生	-	238	-	-	238
Mr. Lai Tung Kwok (Note)	黎棟國先生(註)	-	178	-		178
		10,795	594	5,665	69	17,123

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 11 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S 11 董事、首席執行官與五位 EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID 最高薪酬員工酬金(續) EMPLOYEES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022:

截至2022年12月31日止年度:

					Retirement	
		Basic			benefits	
		salaries and	Directors'		scheme	
		allowances	fees	Bonus	contributions	Total
		基本薪金			退休福利	
		與津貼	袍金	獎金	計劃供款	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
(A) Executive directors	(A) 執行董事					
Mr. Lu Run Ting	<b>盧</b> 閏霆先生	3,576	_	2,290	_	5,866
Mr. Lu Runyi	盧潤怡先生	1,247	_	556	15	1,818
Mr. Hou Ping	侯平先生	2,548	_	1,832	15	4,395
Mr. Wu Sigiang	吳思強先生	642	_	300	21	963
Mr. Lu Wai Lim	盧威廉先生	765	_	264	15	1,044
Ms. Li Yijin	李易進女士	1,446	-	106	15	1,567
(B) Independent non-executiv	/e (B)獨立非執行董事					
directors	,,					
Ms. Ye Lu	葉淥女士	_	169	_	_	169
Mr. Mak Wing Sum Alvin	麥永森先生	_	226	_	_	226
Mr. Lai Tung Kwok (Note)	黎棟國先生(註)	_	106	_	_	106
Mr. Yang Geng (Note)	楊賡先生(註)	-	64	-	_	64
		10,224	565	5,348	81	16,218

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 11 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES** (Continued)

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

#### Note:

- Mr. Yang Geng retired as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 17 May 2022.
- Mr. Lai Tung Kwok was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 17 May 2022.

The five highest paid individuals for the year ended 31 December 2023 included four (2022: four) directors of the Company, details of whose emoluments are set out above. The remuneration of the remaining one (2022: one) highest paid individuals who is neither a director nor Chief Executive of the Company during the year was as follows:

### 11 董事、首席執行官與五位 最高薪酬員工酬金(續)

上述執行董事之酬金為其管理本公司 及本集團事務之服務費。

上述獨立非執行董事之袍金主要為其 作為本公司董事之服務費。

#### 註:

- 楊賡先生於2022年5月17日起退任獨立 非執行董事。
- 黎棟國先生於2022年5月17日獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。

截至2023年12月31日 止年度本公司 五位最高薪酬人士包括四位(2022年: 四位)董事,其酬金詳情載於上表。 除本公司董事及首席執行官外,本年 度餘下的一位(2022年:一位)最高 薪酬人士的酬金如下:

	<b>2023</b> <b>RMB'000</b> 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Employees	1,799 124 –	1,711 86 1
	1,923	1,798

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 11 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID** EMPLOYEES (Continued)

The number of the highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company whose fell within the following bands is as follows:

### 11 董事、首席執行官與五位 最高薪酬員工酬金(續)

除本公司董事以外最高薪酬人士的人 數在下表範圍內:

#### Number of employees 昌工人數

		2023	2022
RMB1,500,001 to RMB2,000,000	人民幣1,500,001元至人民幣		
	2,000,000元	1	1

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals (including directors and employees) as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which a director or the Chief Executive waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year.

### Directors' retirement and termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement and termination benefits during the year (2022: nil).

### Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

No consideration was provided to or receivable by any third parties for making available directors' services during the year (2022: nil).

### Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

No loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of the directors of the Company, or controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

於本年度內,本集團沒有向董事或五 名薪酬最高人士(包括董事及員工) 支付任何額外的酬金作為吸引其加入 本集團的報酬或失去職位的補償。概 無董事或首席執行官於年內放棄或同 意放棄仟何酬金。

#### 董事退休及終止僱傭福利

於年內,概無董事已收取或將收取任 何退休及終止僱傭福利(2022年:無)。

### 就獲得董事服務向第三方提 供的對價

於年內,概無就獲得董事服務而向 任何第三方提供或應付第三方對價 (2022年:無)。

### 有關以董事、受該等董事控 制的法人團體及該等董事的 關連實體為受益人的貸款、 准貸款及其他交易的資料

於每年年終時或年內任何時間, 概無 以本公司董事或受該等董事控制的法 人團體及該等董事的關連實體為受益 人的貸款、准貸款及其他交易安排。

### Financial tatements 財務報告

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 11 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

## Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of each of the year or at any time during the year.

#### 12 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

This note provides an analysis of the Group's income tax expense, and shows what amounts are recognised directly in equity and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates made in relation to the Group's tax position.

#### 2023 2022 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Current income tax 即期所得税項 The Chinese mainland corporate 中國內地企業所得税 3,972 income tax Hong Kong Profits Tax 香港利得税 21,329 11,427 21,239 15,399 Deferred income tax 遞延税項 1,239 (12,308)所得税費用 22,568 3.091 Income tax expense

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

兩個年度的香港利得税乃按估計應課 税利潤的16.5%計算。

# 董事於交易、安排或合約中

11 董事、首席執行官與五位 最高薪酬員工酬金(續)

> 於年終時或年內任何時間,本公司概 無訂立與本集團業務有關且本公司董 事於當中直接或間接擁有重大權益的 重大交易、安排及合約。

### 12 所得税費用

的重大利益

本條附註分析了本集團的所得稅費 用,並列示了直接於權益確認的金額 以及無需課稅和不可抵扣項目如何影 響稅項支出,還解釋了與本集團的稅 務狀況相關的重大估計。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 12 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HKD2,000,000 of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HKD2,000,000 will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. Accordingly, starting from the year ended 31 December 2019, the Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 8.25% on the first HKD2,000,000 of the estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits above HKD2,000,000 for Goldpac Datacard Solutions Company Limited.

The Chinese mainland corporate income tax is calculated at the applicable rates in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in the Chinese mainland.

The Company's subsidiaries in the Chinese mainland are subject to the Chinese mainland corporate income tax at 25%, except that Goldpac Limited which is approved for 3 years as an enterprise satisfied as a High-New Technology Enterprise and is entitled to the preferential tax rate of 15% in 2020, 2021 and 2022. Goldpac Limited has obtained the renewal in 2023 and continued to be entitled to the preferential tax rate of 15% in 2023, 2024 and 2025.

According to a joint circular of Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation, Cai Shui (2008) No. 1, only the profits earned prior to 1 January 2008, when distributed to foreign investors, can be grandfathered with the exemption from withholding tax. Whereas, pursuant to Articles 3 and 27 of the Corporate Income Tax Law and Article 91 of its Implementation Rules, dividend distributed out of the profit generated thereafter, shall be subject to corporate income tax at 10% or reduced tax rate if tax treaty or arrangement applies. Under the relevant tax arrangement, withholding tax rate on dividend distribution to the qualifying Hong Kong resident companies is 5%. Deferred tax liabilities on the undistributed profits earned by Goldpac Limited since 1 January 2008 have been accrued at the tax rate of 5%.

#### 12 所得税費用(續)

香港立法會於2018年3月21日 通過了 《2017年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例草 案》(「條例草案」)。該條例草案引入 利得税兩級制,已於2018年3月28日 簽署成為法律並於翌日刊憲。在利得 税兩級制下,對於符合資格的集團實 體首港幣2,000,000元溢利的利得税 率 為8.25%, 超 過 港 幣 2,000,000元 溢利的部分的利得税率為16.5%。無 資格應用利得税兩級制的集團實體 則繼續統一以16.5%為利得稅率。相 應地,由截至2019年12月31日止年 度開始, 金邦達數據有限公司之首港 幣2,000,000元估計應課税溢利的香 港利得税應用8.25%計算,超過港幣 2,000,000元部分的香港利得税則應 用16.5%計算。

中國內地企業所得税根據中國內地有關法律法規按適用的稅率計算。

本公司的中國內地附屬公司按25%的 税率繳納中國內地企業所得稅,惟金 邦達有限公司已被認定為高新技術企 業,並可於2020年、2021年及2022 年三年內享受15%的優惠稅率。金邦 達有限公司已於2023年再次獲得認 證,並可於2023年、2024年及2025 年三年內繼續享受15%的優惠稅率。

根據財政部及國家稅務總局財稅(2008)第1號聯合通知,於向境外內 資者作出分派時,只有於2008年1月 1日之前賺取的溢利可免繳預和稅 然而,根據企業所得稅法第3條及27 條及其實施細則第91條規定按10% 產生的利潤分派股息時,須較低稅收協定或安排。根據民文按 (倘稅收協定或安排。根據民民被稅 (倘稅收協之業所得格香港居民公稅 排,分配予合資格。金邦達有分配 的預扣稅率為5%。金邦達有分配 自2008年1月1日起賺取的稅率 利遞延稅項負債已按5%的稅率計提。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 12 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

### 12 所得税費用(續)

Income tax expense for the year is reconciled to profit before tax as follows:

年度所得税費用與除税前溢利的對賬 如下:

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	173,733	164,070
Tax at PRC tax rate of 25%	按25%中國税率計算的税項		
(2022: 25%)	(2022年:25%)	43,433	41,018
Tax effect of amounts not taxable	毋需扣税金額的税務影響		
for tax purpose		(585)	(13,934)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税務虧損的税務影響	2,924	2,955
Previously unrecognised tax losses	以前年度未確認税務虧損本期		
now recouped to reduce current	抵減當期所得税費用		
tax expenses		-	(580)
Tax effect of tax concession	税項優惠的税務影響	(18,697)	(23,330)
Tax effect of different tax rate of	在其他税務司法轄區經營的		
subsidiaries operating in other tax			
jurisdiction	影響	(10,312)	(5,838)
Withholding EIT on undistributed	未分配溢利的中國預扣企業	, , ,	,
profits in the PRC	所得税	2,907	2,743
Others	其他	2,898	57
Income tax expense for the year	年度所得税費用	22,568	3,091

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 13 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year

#### 13 每股盈利

歸屬於本公司擁有人的每股基本盈利 是根據以下方面進行計算:

- 本公司擁有人應佔利潤
- 除以本會計年度之已發行的加 權平均普通股股數

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company (RMB'000) Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	本公司擁有人應佔年度利潤 (人民幣千元) 計算每股基本盈利所採用的 加權平均普通股股數 (千股)(註)	132,051	147,427
(thousand) (Note)		811,326	814,817
Basic earnings per share (RMB cents)	基本每股盈利(人民幣分)	16.3	18.1

Note: The weighted average number of ordinary shares adopted in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for both years have been arrived at after deducting the shares held in trust for the Company by an independent trustee under the shares award scheme of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, diluted earnings per share were same as the basic earnings per share as there was no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the years.

註: 計算兩年每股基本及攤薄盈利加權平均 普通股股數時,均已扣除本公司股份獎 勵計劃項目下由獨立信託公司代本公司 持有的股份。

截至2023年12月31日及2022年12月 31日止年度,每股攤薄盈利與每股基 本盈利相同,因為年度並無具潛在攤 薄效應的已發行普通股。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 14 DIVIDENDS

#### 14 股息

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
2023 Interim – nil (2022 Interim – nil) per ordinary share 2022 Final – HK12.0 cents (2021 Final - HK10.0 cents) per ordinary share 2022 Special – HK4.0 cents (2021 Special – HK4.0 cents) per ordinary share	2023年年度中期-每股普通股港幣零元(2022年年度中期-每股普通股港幣零元) 2022年年度末期-每股普通股港幣12.0仙(2021年年度末期-每股普通股港幣10.0仙) 2022年年度特別股息-每股普通股港幣4.0仙(2021年年度特別股息-每股普通股港幣	- 86,469	- 69,292
per oraniary share	4.0仙)	28,823	27,716
		115,292	97,008

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a final dividend of HK10.0 cents (2022: HK12.0 cents) and a special dividend of HK4.0 cents (2022: HK4.0 cents) per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023 have been proposed by the Board and is subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The dividend declared after 31 December 2023 has not been recognised as a liability as at 31 December 2023.

報告期末後,董事會建議就截至2023 年12月31日止年度派發末期股息每 股普通股港幣10.0仙(2022年:港幣 12.0仙),以及特別股息每股普通股 港幣4.0仙(2022年:港幣4.0仙),且 須獲得在即將舉行的股東周年大會 上本公司股東之批准。於2023年12 月31日後宣派的股息未被確認為於 2023年12月31日之負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

## 15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢私、裝置	Motor vehicles	machinery	Construction in progress	Total
		<b>樓宇</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>及設備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>汽車</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>廠房及機器</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>在建工程</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost At 1 January 2022 Additions Disposals Transfers Transfer to investment properties (Note 17) Exchange realignment	成本 於2022年1月1日 添置 處置 轉移 轉移至投資物業 <i>(附註17)</i> 匯兑調整	156,148 - - 262,502 (140,692) 9,109	78,686 2,774 (1,411) - - 96	6,268 133 (94) - - 181	336,950 5,334 (21,855) 8,407	219,061 58,720 - (270,909)	797,113 66,961 (23,360) – (140,692) 9,386
At 31 December 2022 Additions Disposals Transfers Transfer to investment properties (Note 17) Transfer to inventory Exchange realignment	於2022年12月31日 添置 處置 轉移 轉移至投資物業 <i>(附註17)</i> 轉移至存貨 匯兑調整	287,067 177 - 22,140 (11,876) - 1,558	80,145 1,536 (129) 4,726 - - 15	6,488 - - - - - 32	328,836 3,765 (3,335) 501 - - (1)	6,872 23,826 - (27,367) - (97) 1	709,408 29,304 (3,464) - (11,876) (97) 1,605
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	299,066	86,293	6,520	329,766	3,235	724,880
Depreciation At 1 January 2022 Provided for the year Transfer to investment properties (Note 17) Eliminated on disposals Exchange realignment	<b>折舊</b> 於2022年1月1日 年內撥備 轉移至投資物業 <i>(附註17)</i> 處置時對銷 匯兑調整	52,499 9,190 (1,759) – 1,619	65,974 4,464 - (1,049) 899	4,350 498 - (84) 101	260,925 20,839 – (21,780)	- - - - -	383,748 34,991 (1,759) (22,913) 2,619
At 31 December 2022 Provided for the year Transfer to investment properties ( <i>Note 17</i> ) Eliminated on disposals Exchange realignment	於2022年12月31日 年內撥備 轉移至投資物業 <i>(附註17)</i> 處置時對銷 匯兑調整	61,549 12,734 (552) - 330	70,288 4,882 - (129) 14	4,865 481 - - 20	259,984 18,641 – (3,296)	- - - -	396,686 36,738 (552) (3,425) 364
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	74,061	75,055	5,366	275,329	-	429,811
Carrying values At 31 December 2023	<b>賬面價值</b> 於2023年12月31日	225,005	11,238	1,154	54,437	3,235	295,069
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	225,518	9,857	1,623	68,852	6,872	312,722

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

Depreciation methods and useful lives

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method

to allocate cost to their residual values over their estimated

See Note 40.6 for the other accounting policies relevant to

(Continued)

**Buildings** 

樓宇

汽車

useful lives, as follows:

**傢私、裝置及設備** 

Plant and machinery

Motor vehicles

廠房及機器

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

property, plant and equipment.

20 to 30 years

20至30年

3至5年

5至10年

10 years

10年

3 to 5 years

5 to 10 years

折舊方法和可使用年期

折舊採用以下的估計可使用年期將其

成本按直線法分攤至其剩餘價值計算:

有關物業、廠房及設備的其他會計政

策請參見附註40.6。

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For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 16 LEASES

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

### (i) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

### 16 租賃

本附註提供的租賃信息中本集團為承 租人。

### (i) 綜合財務狀況表中確認 的金額

綜合財務狀況表中與租賃相關 的金額如下:

Right-of-use assets 使用權資產		Leasehold lands 租賃土地 RMB'000	Leased properties 租賃物業 RMB'000	Total 合計 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 Additions Depreciation Lease modification	於2022年1月1日 添置 折舊 租賃變更	24,675 - (564) -	13,150 2,384 (5,680) (1,069)	37,825 2,384 (6,244) (1,069)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	24,111	8,785	32,896
At 1 January 2023 Additions Depreciation	於2023年1月1日 添置 折舊	24,111 - (564)	8,785 9,256 (5,423)	32,896 9,256 (5,987)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	23,547	12,618	36,165
			2023 MB'000 幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
<b>Lease liabilities</b> Current Non-current	<b>租賃負債</b> 流動 非流動		4,584 7,382	5,883 2,991
			11,966	8,874

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 16 LEASES (Continued)

## (ii) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or

The consolidated statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases:

### 16 租賃(續)

### (ii) 綜合損益表中確認的金 額

綜合損益表中與租賃相關的金 額如下:

		<b>2023</b> <b>RMB'000</b> 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊費用		
Leasehold lands	租賃土地	564	564
Leased properties	租賃物業	5,423	5,680
		F 007	6.244
		5,987	6,244
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in cost of sale and administrative expenses)	與短期租賃相關的開支 es (計入銷售成本和 行政開支)		
		132	195

The total cash outflow for leases during the year ended 31 December 2023 was RMB6,486,000 (2022: RMB6,621,000) excluding short-term leases.

截至2023年12月31日止年度, 租賃現金流出總額為人民幣 6,486,000元(2022年:人民幣 6,621,000元),其中不包括短 期租賃。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 16 LEASES (Continued)

## (iii) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various leasehold lands and properties for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 50 years for leasehold lands and 2 years to 5 years for properties.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the Group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

#### 16 租賃(續)

### (iii) 本集團的租賃活動以及 如何進行會計處理

本集團為其經營租賃各類租賃 土地及物業。租賃土地合約的 固定期限為50年,物業的期限 為2年至5年。

租賃條款是獨立協商的,包含各種不同的條款和條件。除出租人持有租賃資產的擔保權益外,租賃協議不附加任何契約。租賃資產不得作為借款擔保。

租賃付款額按租賃內含利率折現。本集團的租賃內含利率率所需法直接確定,在此情況不應採用承租人的增量借款利定率,應採用承租人在類似經濟環境近內。 得與使用權資產價值接近折押。 產,在類似期間以類似抵押。 件借入資金而必須支付的利率。

在可能的情況下,本集團以承租人最近收到的第三方融資為 起點,並進行調整以反映融資 條件自收到第三方融資後的變 化,以確認增量借款利率。

倘承租人(通過最近的融資或市場數據)獲悉可觀察的攤銷貸款利率,且其支付情況與該租賃類似,則本集團實體將該利率作為確定增量借款利率之起點。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 16 LEASES (Continued)

#### (iii) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for (Continued)

The Group is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less without a purchase option.

See Note 40.24 for the other accounting policies relevant to leases.

#### 16 租賃(續)

#### (iii) 本集團的租賃活動以及 如何進行會計處理(續)

本集團未來可能會面臨基於指 數或利率確定的可變租賃付款 額增加的風險,這部分可變租 賃付款額在實際發生時納入租 賃負債。當基於指數或利率對 租賃付款額進行調整時,租賃 負債應予以重估並根據使用權 資產調整。

租賃付款額在本金和財務成本 之間進行分攤。財務成本在租 賃期內計入損益,按照固定的 週期性利率對各期間負債結餘 計算利息。

使用權資產一般在資產的使用 年限與租賃期兩者孰短的期間 內按直線法計提折舊。倘本集 團合理確定會行使購買權,則 在標的資產的使用年限內對使 用權資產計提折舊。

與設備及車輛的短期租賃和所 有低價值資產租賃相關的付款 額按百線法在損益中確認為費 用。短期租賃是指租賃期為12 個月或者小於12個月且沒有購 買選擇權的租賃。

有關租賃的其他會計政策請參 見附註40.24。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 16 LEASES (Continued)

#### (iv) Variable lease payments

A lease of equipment is either with only fixed lease payments or contain variable lease that is based on the volume of printing and minimum annual lease payment that is fixed over the lease term. The amount of fixed and variable lease payment paid/payable to relevant lessor for the years ended:

#### 16 租賃(續)

#### (iv) 可變租賃付款

設備之租賃為僅有固定租賃款 項或包含基於印刷量的可變租 賃及在租賃期內固定的最低年 租賃款。截至本年度,已付或 應付至相關出租人的固定和可 變租賃款的金額為:

		<b>2023</b> RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fixed payments Variable payments	固定付款 可變付款	Ξ	720 344
Total payments	付款合計	-	1,064

#### 17 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

#### 17 投資物業

		Note 附註	2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets - at cost	非流動資產-按成本			
Opening balance as at 1 January Transfer from property, plant and	1月1日期初結餘 從物業、廠房及設備		207,107	60,789
equipment Exchange realignment	轉移  正	15	11,876 963	140,692 5,626
Exchange realignment	進 允 诇 筐		903	3,020
Closing balance as at 31 December	12月31日期末結餘		219,946	207,107
Depreciation	折舊		14 671	0.702
Opening balance as at 1 January Provided for the year	1月1日期初結餘 年內撥備		14,671 8 <i>.</i> 714	9,792 2,120
Transfer from property, plant and	從物業、廠房及設備		0,714	2,120
equipment	轉移	15	552	1,759
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整		203	1,000
Impairment	減值			
Provision for impairment (Note i)	減值撥備 <i>(註i)</i>		4,974	_
	12 0 21 0 +0 + /+ 44		20.444	4.4.674
Closing balance as at 31 December	12月31日期木結餘		29,114	14,671
Comming values	<b>非克德</b>			
Carrying values At 31 December	<b>賬面價值</b> 於12月31日		190,832	192,436

#### Financial Statements 財務報生

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 17 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

#### (i) Impairment for investment properties

The Group has identified certain indications of impairment on investment properties located in Hong Kong. The Group has carried out an impairment assessment on these investment properties as at 31 December 2023. Based on the result, the Group provided impairment loss amounting to RMB4,974,000 for these investment properties.

The impairment loss provided for above mentioned investment properties is calculated by the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

The investment properties were appraised by the Asset Appraisal Limited with the direct comparison method as its primary method with cross-reference to the observable market value of the comparable properties, where appropriate.

The directors have taken fair value less costs of disposal and value in use into consideration for estimation of recoverable amount. As at 31 December 2023, the recoverable amount was estimated by fair value less costs of disposal.

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available the directors consider information from a variety of sources including:

 current prices in an active market for properties of a different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences.

#### 17 投資物業(續)

#### (i) 投資物業減值

本集團已確認位於香港的投資物業有若干減值跡象。截至2023年12月31日,本集團已對這些投資物業進行了減值評估。據此,本集團為這些投資物業計提減值損失人民幣4,974,000元。

上述提及的投資物業計提的減值損失按可收回金額計算。可收回金額為資產的公允價值減去處置成本和使用價值中的較高者。

投資物業由資產評估有限公司 採用直接比較法作為主要方法 進行評估,並在適當情況下交 叉參照可比物業的可觀察市場 價值。

董事在估計可收回金額時考慮 了公允價值減去處置成本和使 用價值。截至2023年12月31 日,可收回金額按公允價值減 去處置成本估算。

公允價值的最佳證據是活躍市場中類似物業的當前價格。在無法獲得此類資訊的情況下,董事考慮來自各種來源的資訊,包括:

活躍市場中不同性質物業的當前價格或不太活躍市場中類似物業的近期價格,經過調整以反映這些差異。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 17 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued) 17 投資物業(續)

(i) Impairment for investment properties (i) 投資物業減值(續) (Continued)

Investment properties held by the Group 本集團持有的 投資物業	Fair value hierarchy 公允價值 層級	Valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs 估值技術和重要的 不可觀測輸入	Significant unobservable inputs 重要的 不可觀測輸入	Relationship of significant unobservable inputs to fair value 重大不可觀測輸入 與公允價值的關係
13th Floor, Bank of East Asia Harbour View Centre, No. 56 Gloucester Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔告士打道56號 東亞銀行海灣中心13樓	Level 3 第3層級	Direct comparison method with cross reference to the observable market value of the comparable properties 直接比較法,交叉參照可 比物業的可觀察 市場價值		
		The key inputs are: 關鍵輸入包括:		
		Price index adjustment	0.960-1.000	The larger the price index of evaluated property, the larger the price index adjustment and the fair value.
		價格指數調整		被評估投資物業的價格指數越大,價格指數調整和公允價值就越大。
		Age adjustment	0.988-1.016	The older the age of evaluated property, the lower the age adjustment and the fair value.
		樓齡調整		被評估投資物業的樓齡越大,樓齡調整和公允 價值就越低。
		Floor adjustment	0.978-1.020	The higher the floor of evaluated property, the higher the floor adjustment and the fair
		層數調整		value. 被評估投資物業的層數越高,層數調整和公允 價值就越高。
		Size adjustment	0.978-1.038	The larger the size of evaluated property, the lower the size adjustment and the fair value.
		規模調整		被評估投資物業的規模越大,規模調整和公允 價值就越低。
		Location adjustment	0.800-1.000	The lower the location adjustment, the lower the fair value.
		位置調整		位置調整越低,公允價值就越低。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 17 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

#### 17 投資物業(續)

### (ii) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

## for investment properties

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Rental income from operating leases	經營租賃收入	3,675	2,034
Direct operating expenses from property that generated rental income	產生租賃收入的物業的 直接經營費用	(2,496)	(2,206)
Direct operating expenses from property that did not generate rental income	不產生租賃收入的物業的 直接經營費用	(6,770)	(1,673)

#### (iii) Presenting cash flows

The Group classifies cash outflows to acquire or construct investment properties as investing cash flows and rental inflows as operating cash flows.

#### (iv) Leasing arrangement

The investment properties are leased to tenants under operating leases with rentals payable monthly. Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2023 were RMB47,058,000 for investment properties located in Hong Kong (2022: RMB54,231,000) and RMB189,530,000, for investment properties located in Zhuhai (2022: RMB189,404,000), respectively. The fair value has been arrived at based on a series of valuation carried out by Asset Appraisal Limited for investment properties located in Hong Kong and Zhuhai Chengxinda Real Estate Evaluation Co., Ltd. for investment properties located in Zhuhai, both independent valuers, and consideration of management by reference to market value comparison.

The valuation has been arrived by reference to direct comparison method as available in the market and where appropriate, on the basis of referencing to the sales transactions of similar commercial properties in Hong Kong and Zhuhai.

In estimating the fair value of the property, the highest and best use of the property is their current use.

#### (iii) 現金流量之列報

本集團將購建投資物業產生之 現金流出歸類為投資性現金流 量,將租金流入歸類為經營性 現金流量。

(ii) 投資物業已在損益內確

認的金額

#### (iv) 租賃安排

投資物業採用經營租賃的方式 租賃給租戶,租金按月支付。 本集團為出租人的經營租賃產 生的租賃收入在租賃期內按直 線法確認為收入。

於2023年12月31日,本集團位 於香港的投資物業的公允價值 為人民幣47,058,000元(2022 年:人民幣54,231,000元)。本 集團位於珠海的投資物業的公 允價值為人民幣189,530,000元 (2022年:人民幣189,404,000 元)。公允價值乃根據兩家獨立 評估機構(即中誠達資產評值顧 問有限公司和珠海市誠信達房 地產及資產評估有限公司)分別 對位於香港和珠海的投資物業 進行的一系列估值,及管理層 參考市值比較得出。

估值乃使用直接比較法比較市 場上現有的價值,並在適當情 況下參考香港和珠海同類商業 物業的銷售交易。

在評估物業的公允價值時,以 該物業的當前使用作為其最高 和最佳的使用。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 17 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

#### 17 投資物業(續)

#### (iv) Leasing arrangement (Continued)

Details of the Group's investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### (iv) 租賃安排(續)

截至本報告期末,本集團投資 物業的詳情及公允價值層級資

	2	2023		2022	
	Carrying	Fair value at level 3	Carrying	Fair value at level 3	
	amount	Hierarchy 第3層級	amount	Hierarchy 第3層級	
	賬面價值 RMB′000 人民幣千元	公允價值 RMB'000	賬面價值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	公允價值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Investment properties located in 位於	香港的投資物業				
Hong Kong Investment properties located in 位於	<b>47,058</b> 珠海的投資物業	47,058	53,503	54,231	
Zhuhai	143,774	189,530	138,933	189,404	

The above investment properties are depreciated for 20-30 years on a straight-line basis.

上述投資物業按直線法於20至 30年期限內折舊。

#### **18 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

#### 18 於聯營公司之權益

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted investments in associates, at cost Share of post-acquisition results	投資於非上市之聯營公司, 按成本 應佔收購之後業績及儲備	2,200	2,200
and reserves Impairment loss on interests in an associate	於聯營公司之權益之 減值虧損	1,300 (3,500)	1,300 (3,500)
		-	

Details of the Group's associates at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於本報告期末本集團聯營公司之詳細 信息如下:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Country of incorporation and operation 成立和運營國家	Proportion of issued ordinary share and capital indirectly held by the Group 由本集團非直接持有的已發行普通股及資本之佔比		Principal activity 主要業務
		2023	2022	
Kaixin Holdings Limited 凱鑫控股有限公司	The British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	45%	45%	Investment holding 控股公司
Goldpac ACS Technologies Inc. ("Goldpac ACS")	Philippines 菲律賓	45%	45%	Data processing 數據處理
SCZR 四川中軟	The Chinese mainland 中國內地	19.68% (Note i) <i>(註i)</i>	19.68% <i>(Note i)</i> <i>(註i)</i>	Smart city platform 智慧城市平台

### nancial Catements A 泰 報 集

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 18 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Note i: In February 2021, two external professional firms were appointed by the court to act as the liquidation administrators of SCZR pursuant to the court order ((2020))||0104酸4號決定書). The operation and management of SCZR during the period of bankruptcy and liquidation is undertaken by the bankruptcy administrator. In November 2021, the court declared the bankruptcy of SCZR. In June 2022, the bankruptcy administrator announced the distribution plan of SCZR's remaining assets but the liquidation process was still in progress as at 31 December 2023. Therefore, according to HKAS28R ("Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"), the Group has reclassified the equity investment of SCZR from interest in an associate to FVTPL in 2021 as the Group has lost significant influence over SCZR. The Group has reviewed and estimated the fair value of SCZR on a regular basis under the requirement of HKFRS9. Please refer to Note 3.2 for more details about the fair value of the equity investment as at 31 December 2023.

### Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material

The Group has discontinued recognition of its share of loss of associates because the Group's share of losses of the associates in previous years has exceeded its investment costs. The amounts of the unrecognised share of losses of the associates, both for the year and cumulatively, are as follows:

#### 個別非重大聯營公司的匯總 信息

本集團已停止確認應佔聯營公司之虧損,因為本集團之前數年應佔聯營公司虧損金額已超過其投資成本。未確認應佔聯營公司之虧損金額(本年數和累計數)如下:

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Unrecognised share of losses of the associates for the year	本年未確認應佔聯營公司之 虧損	-	(144)
Accumulated unrecognised share of losses of the associates	聯營公司累計未確認虧損份額	(5,260)	(5,260)

#### 18 於聯營公司之權益(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### **19 INVENTORIES**

#### 19 存貨

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	原材料 半成品 成品	222,766 3,679 139,047	260,157 2,449 168,281
Less: write-down of inventories to net realisable values	減:減記存貨至可變現淨值	365,492 (63,915)	430,887
The realisable values		301,577	362,621

Inventories recognised as an expense during the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to RMB848,085,000 (2022: RMB933,325,000). These were included in cost of sales. Reversal of write-down of inventories amounted to RMB4,351,000 during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: write-down of inventories amounted to RMB22,006,000). These were recognised in cost of sales in the consolidated statement of profit of loss and other comprehensive income (Note 8).

截至2023年12月31日止年度,存貨確認為費用為人民幣848,085,000元(2022年:人民幣933,325,000元)。截至2023年12月31日止年度,存貨減值撥備撥回為人民幣4,351,000元(2022年:減記存貨至可變現凈值確認為費用為人民幣22,006,000元)。這些已計入綜合損益及其他全面收入表的銷售成本(附註8)。

#### **20 TRADE RECEIVABLES**

#### 20 應收貨款

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables Less: Loss allowance <i>(Note)</i>	應收貨款 減:虧損撥備 <i>(註)</i>	336,018 (5,023)	345,271 (4,949)
		330,995	340,322

Note: Information about the impairment of trade receivables and the Group's exposure to credit risk can be found in Note 3.1(b).

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 lifetime ECL approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. The assessment resulted in an increase of the loss allowance on 31 December 2023 by RMB199,000 (2022: decrease of the loss allowance by RMB169,000) for trade receivables. Note 3.1(b) provides for details about the calculation of the allowance.

註: 有關應收貨款減值、本集團面臨的信貸 風險的資訊,請參見附註3.1(b)。

本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號按終身預期信貸虧損計量預期信貸虧損,即對所有應收貨款進行終身預期虧損撥備。2023年12月31日應收貨款虧損撥備因此增加人民幣199,000元(2022年:應收貨款虧損撥備減少人民幣169,000元)。虧損撥備計算詳情見附註3.1(b)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 20 TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values.

Payment terms with customers are mainly on credit. Invoices are normally payable in 30 to 150 days by the customers from date of issuance. The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables net of provision for impairment loss presented based on the invoice date:

#### 20 應收貨款(續)

應收貨款的賬面價值接近公允價值。

與客戶的付款條款主要為賒賬。發票 一般於開具日期起計30日至150日內 由客戶支付。按貨物發票日期呈列的 應收貨款(扣除減值虧損撥備)賬齡 分析如下:

		<b>2023</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Ageing 0 - 90 days 91 - 180 days 181 - 365 days Over 1 year	賬齡 0至90日 91至180日 181至365日 超過一年	215,954 38,219 39,403 37,419	237,750 47,892 28,408 26,272
		330,995	340,322

#### 21 CONTRACT ASSETS

#### 21 合約資產

		<b>2023</b> <b>RMB'000</b> 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Embedded software and secure payment products	嵌入式軟件和安全支付產品	264	1,352
Digital equipment	數字化設備	11,774	9,285
		12,038	10,637

The contract assets primarily relate to the Group's right to receive remaining payments from customers and not billed because rights are conditioned on the satisfaction of quality over the products delivered at the reporting date. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional. The condition is fulfilled upon the completion of retention period which is normally between 6 months to 1 year.

合約資產主要指在報告期發出產品有質保條件時,本集團對未開票收款部分擁有之權利。當該權利變為無條件時,合約資產則轉為應收貨款。通常質保期為6個月至1年。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 22 OTHER RECEIVABLES AND **PREPAYMENTS**

#### 22 其他應收和預付款

	<b>2023</b> <b>RMB'000</b> 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
流動 - 支付給供應商的預付款 - 支付給供應商的押金 - 投標保證金 - 員工福利 - 應收退税款 - 租金及水電押金 - 其他	34,550 28,419 7,764 1,866 1,765 1,724 1,476	55,631 32,086 8,590 1,777 2,541 1,720 242
非流動 - 支付給供應商的押金	67,933	84,500
	- 支付給供應商的預付款 - 支付給供應商的押金 - 投標保證金 - 員工褔利 - 應收退税款 - 租金及水電押金 - 其他	RMB'000 人民幣千元 流動 - 支付給供應商的預付款 - 支付給供應商的押金 - 投標保證金 - 員工福利 - 應收退税款 - 應收退税款 - 租金及水電押金 - 其他  1,765 1,724 - 其他  非流動

#### 23 AMOUNT DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATE

#### 23 應收聯營公司款項

		<b>2023</b> <b>RMB'000</b> 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amount due from an associate Less: Loss allowance ( <i>Note</i> )	應收聯營公司款項 減:虧損撥備 <i>(註)</i>	14,331 (14,331)	14,295 (14,295)
		-	_

Note: The balance is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the directors of the Company believe that there is significant increase in credit risk of the amount due from an associate since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on lifetime ECL. Accordingly, an expected credit loss of RMB36,000 (2022: RMB394,000) was recognised in profit or loss as an impairment loss on amount due from an associate.

Details of impairment assessment of amount due from an associate are set out in Note 3.1(b).

註: 結餘為無抵押、免息且應按要求償還。

於2023年12月31日及2022年12月31日, 本公司董事認為自初始確認以來應收聯 營公司款項的信貸風險顯著增加,故本 集團基於終身預期信貸虧損計提減值虧 損。因此,預期信貸虧損人民幣36,000 元(2022年:人民幣394,000元)於損益 中確認為應收聯營公司款項減值虧損。

應收聯營公司款項減值評估的詳情於附 註3.1(b)披露。

#### nancial Cor tements 務報告

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 24 PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS, FIXED BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

# 24 已抵押銀行存款、銀行定期存款和現金及現金等價物

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash at banks and in hand Short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months	銀行存款及現金 三個月或以內到期的短期存款	404,550	438,003
or less		-	189,591
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	404,550	627,594

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

The pledged bank deposits are pledged for bills payables and carry fixed interest rate ranging from 0% to 3.99% (2022: 0.30% to 3.99%) per annum. As at 31 December 2023, the amount of pledged bank deposits were RMB156,656,000 (2022: RMB226,953,000).

Bank balances held by the Group carry interest at the floating rate of 0% to 1.55% (2022: 0% to 0.30%) per annum.

Fixed bank deposits held by the Group are denominated in RMB and carry interest at the fixed rate of 1.90% to 5.50% (2022: 2.65% to 4.68%) per annum. Fixed bank deposits of RMB122,349,000 will be matured over one year as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB126,500,000).

Details of impairment assessment of pledged bank deposits, fixed bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents are set out in Note 3.1(b).

現金及現金等價物包括本集團所持有 的現金及三個月或在三個月以內到期 的短期存款。

已抵押銀行存款為應付票據抵押,按0%至3.99%(2022年:0.30%至3.99%)的固定年利率計息。於2023年12月31日,已抵押銀行存款金額人民幣156,656,000元(2022年:人民幣226,953,000元)。

本集團持有的銀行存款按浮動年利率 0%至1.55%(2022年:0%至0.30%) 計息。

本集團持有的銀行定期存款以人民幣計價,按1.90%至5.50%(2022年:2.65%至4.68%)的固定年利率計息。於2023年12月31日,人民幣122,349,000元(2022年:人民幣126,500,000元)的定期銀行存款會在一年以上到期。

已抵押銀行存款、銀行定期存款和現金及現金等價物的減值評估細節載於附註3.1(b)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 25 TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

#### 25 應付貨款及應付票據

		<b>2023</b> RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables Bills payables - secured	應付貨款 有抵押應付票據	255,784 144,004	259,465 77,228
		399,788	336,693

Trade payables are unsecured and are usually paid within 60 to 180 days of recognition. The bills payables are secured by pledged bank deposits.

The carrying amounts of trade and bills payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature. The following is an ageing analysis of trade and bills payables based on invoice date and bill issuance date respectively at the end of the year.

應付貨款無擔保,並通常在確認後60 日至180日內予以支付。應付票據以 已抵押銀行存款作為抵押。

由於期限較短,應付貨款及應付票據 的賬面價值被視為與其公允價值相 等。以下為各年度末應付貨款及應付 票據按發票日期或票據開具日期的賬 齡分析。

		<b>2023</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Ageing 0 - 90 days 91 - 180 days	賬齡 0至90日 91至180日	231,360 101,052	272,295
181 - 365 days  Over 1 year	181至365日 超過一年	60,934 6,442	52,520 8,799 3,079
		399,788	336,693

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### **26 BANK BORROWINGS**

#### 26 銀行借款

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Current liabilities Bank borrowings - unsecured	<b>流動負債</b> 無抵押銀行借款	-	44,818

- (a) All the bank borrowings in opening balance are at floating rates.
- (b) All the bank borrowings in opening balance are credit loan and the carrying amounts of the bank borrowings are denominated in HKD.
- (c) All the bank borrowings are repayable within one year.
- (a) 期初餘額中的所有銀行借款均 為浮動利率。
- (b) 期初餘額中的所有銀行借款均 為信用貸款,銀行借款的賬面 金額以港幣計。
- (c) 所有銀行借款均應在一年內償 環。

#### **27 CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

#### 27 合約負債

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Embedded software and secure payment products	嵌入式軟件和安全支付產品	25,332	177,298

The Group receives 10% to 100% of the contract value as deposit from customers when they sign the contracts with customers. Contract liabilities represent the receipts in advance from customers which is recognised as revenue at a point in time when the control of the goods is transferred to the customers. During the year ended 31 December 2023, revenue recognised in the current year relating to contract liabilities at the beginning of the year is RMB174,873,000 (2022: RMB25,552,000).

當與客戶簽訂合約時,本集團收取客戶合約金額的10%至100%作為客戶保證金。合約負債為客戶預收款,當貨物控制權於某一時點轉移至客戶時則確認收入。截至2023年12月31日止年度,確認與年初合約負債相關的收入人民幣174,873,000元(2022年:人民幣25,552,000元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### **28 OTHER PAYABLES**

#### 28 其他應付款

		<b>2023</b> RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Payroll and welfare payables Delivery and postage payables Other tax payables Accrued expenses Others	應付工資及福利 應付運費及郵資 其他應付税項 預提費用 其他	35,235 235 15,492 27,793 3,797	45,913 5,015 5,662 54,576 3,393
		82,552	114,559

#### 29 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income taxes are calculated in respect of temporary differences under the liability method using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting period date.

The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated statement of financial positions:

#### 29 遞延税項

遞延税項是根據負債法針對暫時性差 異使用報告期日前已頒佈或實質上已 頒佈的税率計算的。

以下金額經適當抵銷後於綜合財務狀 況表中列示如下:

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net deferred income tax assets recognised Net deferred income tax liabilities recognised	已確認的遞延税項資產淨額已確認的遞延税項負債淨額	28,708 (37,399)	25,946 (33,397)
		(8,691)	(7,451)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 29 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued) 29 遞延税項(續)

The movements in the deferred income tax assets are as 以下為遞延税項資產的變動: follows:

		Temporary differences arising from loss allowance and write-down of inventories to net realisable		Accrued expenses, salaries payable and	
		values 由虧損撥備及 減記存貨至	Tax losses	others 預提費用,	Total
		可變現淨值產生 的暫時性差異 RMB'000	税務虧損 RMB′000	應付薪酬及 其他 RMB'000	合計 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 Credited to profit or loss during	於2022年1月1日 年內於損益中增加	7,694	-	-	7,694
the year (Note 12)	(附註12)	3,276	-	14,976	18,252
At 31 December 2022 (Charged)/credited to profit or loss during	於2022年12月31日 年內於損益中(減少)/增加	10,970	-	14,976	25,946
the year (Note 12)	(附註12)	(641)	9,604	(6,201)	2,762
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	10,329	9,604	8,775	28,708

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 29 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

#### 29 遞延税項(續)

The movements in the deferred income tax liabilities are as follows:

以下為遞延税項負債的變動:

		The PRC's withholding		
		tax on undistributed	Unrealised interest	
		earnings 未分配利潤的	income 未實現的	Total
		<b>中國境內預扣税</b> RMB′000 人民幣千元	<b>利息收入</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>合計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 Charged to profit or loss	於2022年1月1日 年內於損益中扣除	(27,453)	-	(27,453)
during the year (Note 12)	(附註12)	(2,743)	(3,201)	(5,944)
At 31 December 2022 Charged to profit or loss	於2022年12月31日 年內於損益中扣除	(30,196)	(3,201)	(33,397)
during the year (Note 12)	(附註12)	(2,907)	(1,095)	(4,002)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	(33,103)	(4,296)	(37,399)

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has unused tax losses to be carried forward against future taxable income amounting to RMB28,009,000 (2022: RMB16,313,000). The unused tax losses were incurred by subsidiaries that is not likely to generate taxable income in the foreseeable future. Unused tax losses amounting to RMB27,337,000 could be used in 5 years since the year that losses were incurred and not yet expired as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB15,784,000). Except for this, the remaining unused tax loss of the Group could be carried forward indefinitely.

於2023年12月31日,本集團可用於 抵扣未來盈利之未使用的税務虧損人 民幣28,009,000元(2022年:人民幣 16,313,000元)。未使用的税務虧損 由在可預見的未來不太可能產生應稅 收入的子公司產生。未使用的税務虧 損人民幣27,337,000元,可在損失產 生之年起的5年內使用,截至2023年 12月31日仍可使用(2022年:人民幣 15,784,000萬元)。除此之外,本集 團剩餘未使用的税務虧損可無限期結 轉。

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#### **30 CASH FLOW INFORMATION**

#### 30 現金流量資料

### (a) Cash generated from operations

#### (a) 經營活動所得現金

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生之現金流量		
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	173,733	164,070
Adjustments for:	經下列各項調整:		
Investment income from	按公允價值計入損益之		
financial assets at FVTPL	金融資產投資收入	-	(1,262)
Interest income from bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入	(32,649)	(27,681)
Interest expense for bank borrowings	銀行借款利息費用	-	2,320
Unwinding interest income	供應商保證金折現產生之		
from deposits paid to suppliers	利息收入	(2,935)	(2,498)
Interest expense discounted	供應商保證金折現產生之		
from deposits paid to suppliers	利息費用	-	8,084
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
plant and equipment		36,186	33,232
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	5,423	6,244
Depreciation of investment properties	投資物業折舊	9,266	3,879
Loss on disposal of property,	處置物業、廠房及設備虧損		
plant and equipment		39	447
Impairment loss on amount due	應收聯營公司款項之減值虧損		20.4
from an associate		-	394
Modification of lease liabilities	租賃負債變更	-	(741)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息費用	332	593
Amortisation on land use right	土地使用權攤銷	565	-
Impairment loss of investment	投資物業之減值虧損	4.074	
properties		4,974	
		194,934	187,081
Operating profit before working	營運資金變動前的經營溢利:		
capital changes in:			
– Inventories	- 存貨	61,057	(75,561)
<ul> <li>Contract assets</li> </ul>	- 合約資產	(1,401)	3,417
<ul> <li>Trade receivables</li> </ul>	- 應收貨款	6,534	3,660
<ul> <li>Other receivables and</li> </ul>	- 其他應收款及預付款		
prepayments		44,823	(147,999)
<ul> <li>Contract liabilities</li> </ul>	- 合約負債	(151,966)	149,245
<ul> <li>Trade and bills payables</li> </ul>	- 應付貨款及應付票據	62,881	(86,898)
<ul><li>Other payables</li></ul>	- 其他應付款	(33,877)	11,227
<ul> <li>Other operating assests</li> </ul>	- 其他經營資產	69,444	-
	1- July No. 41 (2) (12 72 A		
Cash generated from operations	經營活動所得現金	252,429	44,172

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 30 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or the future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows from financing activities.

#### 30 現金流量資料(續)

#### (b) 融資活動產生之負債調 節表

下表詳細列明本集團因融資活 動產生的負債變動,包括現金 及非現金變動。因融資活動產 生的負債指在本集團綜合現金 流量表中被分類為或將要被分 類為融資活動的現金流或未來 現金流相關的負債。

		Dividend payable 應付股息 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Bank borrowings 銀行借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
A 1	₩2022 <i>/</i> ⊏1 □1 □		14 220		14 220
As at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	(07,000)	14,328	-	14,328
Financing cash flow	融資活動現金流	(97,008)	(6,621)	44,664	(58,965)
Dividend declared	宣派股息	97,008	-	-	97,008
New leases entered	新簽訂之租賃	-	2,384	-	2,384
Modification of lease	租賃變更	-	(1,810)	-	(1,810)
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	-	593	-	593
Interest on bank borrowings	銀行借款利息	-	_	2,320	2,320
Interest payments for bank	銀行借款利息支付				
borrowings		_		(2,166)	(2,166)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日		8,874	44,818	53,692
As at 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日		8,874	44,818	53,692
Financing cash flow	融資活動現金流	/11F 202\			
Dividend declared		(115,292)	(6,497)	(44,479)	(166,268)
	宣派股息	115,292	0.257	_	115,292
New leases entered	新簽訂之租賃	-	9,257	-	9,257
Modification of lease	租賃變更	-	-	-	-
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	-	332	-	332
Interest payments for bank	銀行借款利息支付				
borrowings			_	(339)	(339)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	-	11,966	_	11,966

1,192,362

#### Financial Statements 財務報告

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 31 SHARE CAPITAL

2022 and 2023

#### 31 股本

		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數量 ′000 千	Amount 金額 HKD′000 港幣千元
Issued and fully paid: At 31 December 2022 and 2023	已發行且繳足: 於2022年12月31日及2023年		
	12月31日	819,577	1,499,498
			RMB'000 人民幣千元
Shown in the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December	列示於綜合財務報表-於2022年 12月31日及2023年12月31日		

From November to December 2023 the Company purchased 1,642,000 ordinary shares on-market in order to simplify the Company's capital structure and did not cancel any ordinary shares in 2023. The buy-back and cancellation were approved by shareholders at last year's annual general meeting, and the payment was made out of the Company's distributable profits with no reduction of capital.

The shares were acquired at an average price of HKD1.44 per share, with prices ranging from HKD1.40 to HKD1.46. The total amount of HKD2,367,000 (RMB2,158,000) paid to acquire the shares has been deducted from retained earnings within shareholders' equity.

在2023年11月至12月期間,本公司在市場上購買了1,642,000股普通股,以簡化本公司的資本結構,2023年未註銷任何普通股。本次回購註銷事項已於去年股東大會上經股東審議通過,以本公司可分配利潤支付,不減資。

回購的股份以每股港幣1.44元的平均價格被收購,價格介乎港幣1.40元至港幣1.46元之間。為收購股份支付的總金額為港幣2,367,000元(人民幣2,158,000元),已從股東權益內的留存收益中扣除。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 32 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT **TRANSACTIONS**

#### Share award scheme

The Company adopted a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") on 30 November 2015 (the "Adoption Date") with a duration of 15 years commencing from 11 December 2015. The objectives of the Share Award Scheme are to (i) align the interests of any employee, adviser, consultant, agent, contractor, client or supplier of any member of the Group whom the directors in its sole discretion considers may contribute or have contributed to the Group (the "Participants"); (ii) recognise and motivate the contribution of the Participants and to provide incentives in retaining the Participants for future operation and development of the Group; and (iii) attract suitable personnel for the long-term growth and further strategic expansion of the Group.

The Company has engaged the Trustee to administer and hold the Company's shares before they are vested and transferred to the Participants. The Trustee purchases the Company's shares being awarded from the open market with funds provided by the Company by way of contributions.

In May 2017, the Group granted 10,374,000 shares under the Share Award Scheme to the Participants. The shares awarded shall be vested in three years on each anniversary of the first vesting date, which is 26 November 2017, in equal portions. The estimated fair value of the shares award granted at the grant date were approximately HKD27,564,000 (equivalent to RMB24,239,000) based on the market price of the relevant shares at the grant date.

As at 31 December 2023, all these shares were either vested or forfeited; for which a total of 8,146,000 shares of the Company were held by the Trustee at the year end date.

#### 32 以股份為基礎的支付交易

#### 股份獎勵計劃

本公司於2015年11月30日(「採納 日」)採納股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵 計劃」),股份獎勵計劃自2015年12 月11日起計有效期為15年。計劃之目 的為(i)使董事認為已經或將會對本集 團作出貢獻之員工、參事、顧問、代 理、承辦商、顧客或供應商(「計劃參 與者」)之利益與本集團利益一致;(ii) 嘉獎和鼓勵計劃參與者之貢獻,並給 予獎勵,以挽留計劃參與者,為本集 團的持續經營及發展效力;及(iii)吸 引合適人才推動本集團長期增長及進 一步戰略拓展。

本公司已委任受託人管理及持有本公 司之股份,直至將歸屬股份轉讓予計 劃參與者。受託人於合適的時候在公 開市場買入公司現有股份,費用由本 公司支付。

於2017年5月,本集團將10,374,000 股股份獎勵計劃持有股份授予計劃參 與者。獎勵股份應從首個歸屬日(即 2017年11月26日) 起分3年歸屬,每 年歸屬的數量相同。按授予日的市場 價格估算,獎勵股份於授予日的公允 價值約港幣27,564,000元(折合約人 民幣24,239,000元)。

於2023年12月31日,所有獎勵股份 已歸屬或已失效,受託人於年末持有 本公司8,146,000股普通股。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 32 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### Share award scheme (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Trustee did not acquire any ordinary shares of the Company (2022: nil), and no shares were granted to employees under the Share Award Scheme during the year. The Group did not recognise any expense for the year ended 31 December 2023 in relation to the share awards granted by the Company (2022: nil). At 31 December 2023, 8,146,000 ordinary shares of the Company (2022: 8,146,000 shares) are held by the Trustee.

#### 33 OPERATING LEASES

#### The Group as lessor

Operating leases, in which the Group is the lessor, relate to investment properties owned by the Group with lease terms from one year to ten years, without an extension option. The lessee does not have an option to purchase the property at the expiry of the lease period.

Minimum lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

#### 32 以股份為基礎的支付交易 (續)

#### 股份獎勵計劃(續)

截至2023年12月31日 止年度,受託 人未收購本公司任何普通股(2022年: 無),年內未根據股份獎勵計劃授予 員工任何股份。截至2023年12月31 日止年度,本集團並無就本公司授出 的股份獎勵確認任何開支(2022年: 無)。於2023年12月31日,受託人持 有本公司8,146,000股普通股(2022 年:8.146.000股)。

#### 33 經營租賃

#### 本集團作為出租人

本集團作為出租人的經營租賃涉及本 集團擁有的投資物業,租賃期1至10 年,無延期選擇權。承租人在租賃期 滿時無權購買該物業。

和賃最低應收租金款如下:

		<b>2023</b> <b>RMB'000</b> 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year In the second year In the third year In the fourth year In the fifth year Over five years	一年內 第二年 第三年 第四年 第五年 超過五年	2,936 2,408 2,706 2,702 1,922 3,028	4,678 6,006 4,988 2,269 816 3,546
		15,702	22,303

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### **34 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

#### 34 資本承擔

Significant capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

於年終已簽訂合約但未確認為負債的 重大資本開支如下:

	<b>2023</b> RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Capital expenditure contracted 有關收購物業、廠 已訂約但未列及 consolidated financial statements in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment	本綜合財務	23,971

#### 35 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY **CATEGORY**

35 金融工具分類

The Group holds the following financial instruments:

本集團持有以下金融工具:

		2023 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets Financial assets at amortised cost Trade receivables Other receivables Pledged bank deposits Fixed bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	金融資產 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 應收貨款 其他應收款 已抵押銀行存款 銀行定期存款 現金及現金等價物	330,995 110,947 156,656 791,820 404,550	340,322 131,456 226,953 494,643 627,594
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公允價值計入損益之 金融資產	1,794,968	1,820,968
		1,794,968	1,820,968
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at amortised cost Trade and bill payables Other payables Bank borrowings Lease liabilities	金融負債 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債 應付貨款及應付票據 其他應付款 銀行借款 租賃負債	399,788 31,825 – 11,966	336,693 62,984 44,818 8,874
		443,579	453,369

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#### 35 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY **CATEGORY** (Continued)

The Group's exposure to various risks associated with the financial instruments is discussed in Note 3. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of financial assets mentioned above.

#### **36 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Other than the transactions and balances with related parties disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group has no significant transactions with related parties.

The details of compensation of key management personnel and remuneration of the directors of the Company are set out in Note 11.

#### 35 金融工具分類(續)

有關本集團面臨的各種與金融工具相 關的風險討論請參見附註3。報告期 末,本集團面臨的最大信貸風險為上 述各類金融資產的賬面價值。

#### 36 關聯方交易

除本綜合財務報表其他部分披露的與 關聯方的交易及餘額外, 年內, 本集 團與關聯方無重大交易。

主要管理層人員的薪酬及公司董事的 酬金明細詳載於附註11。

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#### **37 SUBSIDIARIES**

The Company's principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2023 are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares that are held directly by the Company, and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the Company. None of the principal subsidiaries of the Company issued any debt securities as at the date of this Annual Report. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business.

#### 37 附屬公司

於2023年12月31日,本公司擁有的 主要附屬公司詳情載於下表。除非另 有説明, 附屬公司的股本僅由本公司 直接持有的普通股構成,而本公司擁 有的所有權權益與投票權相當。於本 年報日期,本公司概無主要附屬公司 發行任何債務證券。附屬公司成立或 註冊的國家同時也是其主要業務地點。

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點	Principal activities	Particulars of issued share capital and debt securities 已發行股本及	Ownership int by the Co	
附屬公司	及法定主體類別	主要業務	<b>債務性證券詳情</b>	本公司擁有的所	<b>听有權權益</b>
				2023	2022
Goldpac Investment Limited (Note i)	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Property holding	Ordinary share – HKD1	100%	100%
金邦達投資有限公司(註i)	香港,有限責任公司	物業持有	普通股份 - 港幣1元		
Goldpac Datacard Solutions Company Limited (Note i)	Hong Kong, limited liability company	(Note ii) (Note iii) and investment holding	Ordinary shares – HKD500,000	100%	100%
金邦達數據有限公司 <i>(註i)</i>	香港,有限責任公司	<i>(註ii)(註iii)</i> 及 控股公司	普通股份 - 港幣500,000元		
Goldpac Innovation Limited (Note i)	The British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	Investment holding	Ordinary shares – USD100	100%	100%
Goldpac Innovation Limited(註i)	英屬維爾京群島, 有限責任公司	控股公司	普通股份 - 美元100元		
SecureTech Holdings Limited	The British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	Investment holding	Ordinary shares – USD100	70%	70%
	英屬維爾京群島, 有限責任公司	控股公司	普通股份 - 美元100元		
Goldpac Fintech Private Limited	Singapore, limited liability company	(Note iii)	Ordinary shares – SGD100	70%	70%
	新加坡·有限責任公司	(註III)	普通股份 - 新加坡幣100元		
Goldpac Fintech Philippines Limited Inc.	The Philippines, limited liability company	(Note iii)	Ordinary shares – PHP11,000,000	70%	70%
	菲律賓,有限責任公司	(註iii)	普通股份 - 菲律賓比索11,000,000元		
Goldpac Fintech Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	(Note ii) (Note iii)	Ordinary share – HKD1	70%	70%
金邦達金融科技香港有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	(註ii)(註iii)	普通股份 - 港幣1元		

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 37 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### 37 附屬公司(續)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點	Principal activities	Particulars of issued share capital and debt securities 已發行股本及	Ownership in by the Co	
附屬公司	及法定主體類別	主要業務	6.務性證券詳情 信務性證券詳情	本公司擁有的 2023	所有權權益 2022
Goldpac Limited (Note i) 金邦達有限公司(註i)	The Chinese mainland, limited liability company* 中國內地・有限責任公司*	(Note ii) (Note iii) and investment holding (註ii) (註iii) 及 控股公司	Registered capital – USD43,000,000 註冊資本 – 美元43,000,000元	100%	100%
Goldpac Technology Service Limited (Hengqin) 金邦達科技服務(橫琴)有限公司	The Chinese mainland, limited liability company <sup>‡</sup> 中國內地・有限責任公司#	(Note iv) (註iv)	Registered capital – RMB20,000,000 註冊資本 – 人民幣20,000,000元	100%	100%
Goldpac Fintech (Zhuhai) Limited Company (Note i) 珠海市金邦達金融科技發展有限公司 <i>(註i)</i>	The Chinese mainland, limited liability company* 中國內地,有限責任公司*	Investment holding 控股公司	Registered capital – USD10,000,000 註冊資本 – 美元10,000,000元	100%	100%
UMV International Holding Limited (Note i) 金科智融國際控股有限公司(註i)	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港,有限責任公司	Investment holding 控股公司	Ordinary share - HKD1,000 普通股份 - 港幣1,000元	100%	100%
UMV Technology Limited (Zhuhai) (" <b>UMV Zhuhai</b> ") 金科智融科技(珠海)有限公司(「 <b>金科智融</b> 」)	The Chinese mainland, limited liability company* 中國內地·有限責任公司*	(Note v) (註v)	Registered capital - RMB10,000,000 註冊資本 - 人民幣10,000,000元	100%	100%
Zhirong Financial Services Technology (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd. (" <b>Zhirong</b> ") 智融金服科技(珠海)有限公司(「 <b>智融金服</b> 」)	The Chinese mainland, limited liability company <sup>#</sup> 中國內地,有限責任公司#	(Note vi) (註vi)	Registered capital - RMB10,000,000 註冊資本 - 人民幣10,000,000元	(Note vii) (註vii)	(Note vii) (註vii)

Registered as wholly foreign owned enterprises under PRC law

Registered under PRC law

根據中國法律註冊為外商獨資企業

根據中國法律註冊

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### 37 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

- (i) Directly held by the Company
- Embedded software and secure payment products for smart secure payment
- (iii) Provision of data processing, digital equipment, system platforms and other total solutions for customers in a wide business range including financial, retails, public services including social security, healthcare, transportation, etc. by leveraging innovative Fintech
- (iv) Provision of logistical auxiliary service
- Provision of consultancy services on information technology research and development
- Provision of computer software and hardware, research and development in network technology and the restricted business (the "Subject Business")
- On 8 February 2021, UMV Zhuhai, entered into a series of Variable Interest Entity agreements ("Contractual Arrangements") which include The Exclusive Technological Consultation, and Services Agreement, The Exclusive Business Co-operation Agreement, The Exclusive Purchase Right Agreement, The Equity Pledge Agreement, The Spousal Consent Letter and The Loan Agreement with Zhirong and Zhirong's PRC Equity Owner. Such Contractual Arrangements enable the Group to control Zhirong. The PRC Equity Owner is a nephew of both Mr. Lu Run Ting and Mr. Lu Runyi. Mr. Lu Runyi is an executive Director of the Company. Upon entering into the Contractual Arrangements, the financial results of Zhirong were consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of UMV Zhuhai and Zhirong became an indirect subsidiary of the Company.

Zhirong was wholly owned by the PRC Equity Owner and is principally engaged in the Subject Business. As advised by the PRC legal advisers and set out below, information service platform for online data processing and transactions processing services as well as information service businesses (the "Restricted Business") of the Subject Business fall within the scope of "Value-added Telecommunication ("VAT") Services" and Zhirong has obtained the VAT License under the applicable laws and regulations in the PRC to operate the above services.

#### 37 附屬公司(續)

- 由本公司直接持有 (i)
- 智能安全支付領域的嵌入式軟件和安全 支付產品
- (iii) 融合創新金融科技,為金融、零售、涵 蓋社會保障、衛生、交通等公共服務廣 泛領域客戶提供數據處理、數字化設備、 系統平台及其他整體解決方案
- 提供物流輔助服務
- 提供有關資訊科技研究及發展的顧問服 (v)
- 提供計算機軟硬件、網絡技術研發及受 (vi) 限業務(「標的業務」)
- (vii) 2021年2月8日,金科智融與智融金服和 智融金服的中國股權擁有人簽訂了一系 列可變利益實體協議(「**合約安排**」,包括 獨家技術諮詢和服務協議、獨家業務合 作協議、獨家購買權協議,股權質押協 議,配偶同意書和貸款協議。該等合約 安排使本集團能夠控制智融金服。中國 股權擁有人為盧閨霆先生及盧閨怡先生 的外甥。盧潤怡先生為本公司執行董事。 訂立合約安排後,智融金服的財務業績 併入金科智融的綜合財務報表,智融金 服成為本公司的間接附屬公司。

智融金服由中國股權擁有人全資擁有, 主要從事標的業務。經中國法律顧問告 知並載於下文,標的業務的在線數據處 理和交易處理服務的信息服務平台以及 信息服務業務(「限制業務」)屬於「增值 電信(『增值電信』)服務的範圍」和智融金 服已根據中國適用的法律法規獲得增值 電信許可證以經營上述服務。

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#### 37 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(vii) (Continued)

> Pursuant to Contractual Arrangements, Zhirong shall engage UMV Zhuhai on an exclusive basis to provide technological consultation and services. Unless prior written consent has been obtained from UMV Zhuhai or its designated nominee(s), Zhirong shall not carry on any transaction or conduct any act that may materially adversely affect the assets, business, personnel, obligations, rights or operation of Zhirong. UMV Zhuhai shall provide a non-interest bearing loan in the sum of RMB10,000,000 to the PRC Equity Owner of Zhirong, and the PRC Equity Owner shall accept such loan in accordance with the loan agreement.

> In November 2021, UMV Zhuhai provided a non-interest bearing loan of RMB10,000,000 to the PRC Equity Owner of Zhirong, and such loan was totally used by the PRC Equity Owner to inject into Zhirong as capital. During the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, UMV Zhuhai did not provide any technological consultation and services to Zhirong.

Due to the implementation of the share award schemes of the Group, the Group has also set up a structured entity (the "Group Employee Share Trust") in 2015, and its particulars are as follows:

#### 37 附屬公司(續)

附註:(續)

(續) (vii)

> 根據合約安排,智融金服將獨家委聘金 科智融提供技術諮詢及服務。除非事先 獲得金科智融或其指定代理人的書面同 意,否則智融金服不得進行任何可能對 智融金服的資產、業務、人員、義務、 權利或經營產生重大不利影響的交易或 行為。金科智融將向智融金服的中國股 權擁有人提供金額為人民幣10,000,000 元的無息貸款,而中國股權擁有人將根 據貸款協議接受該筆貸款。

2021年11月,金科智融向智融金服中國 股權擁有人提供人民幣10,000,000元無 息貸款,該筆貸款全部由中國股權擁有 人作為資本注入智融金服。截至2023年 12月31日及2022年12月31日止年度,金 科智融未向智融金服提供任何技術諮詢 和服務。

由於實施本集團股份獎勵計劃,本集 團亦於2015年成立了一間結構性實 體(「集團員工股份信託」),其詳情 如下:

#### Structured entity 結構性實體

集團員工股份信託

**Principal activities** 

主要業務

Group Employee Share Trust

Administering and holding the Company's shares before they are vested and transferred to the Participants

管理及持有本公司之股份,直至歸屬股份將轉讓予計劃參與者

As the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the Group Employee Share Trust and can derive benefits from the contributions of the eligible persons who are awarded with the shares by the schemes, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to consolidate the Group Employee Share Trust.

由於本集團有權監管集團員工股份信 託的財務及營運政策,並可自合資格 人士服務中受益,故本公司董事認為 合併集團員工股份信託的賬目乃屬恰 當。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

#### **38 TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS**

On 21 June 2022, the Group acquired an additional 10% of the issued shares of SecureTech Holdings Limited, one of subsidiaries, for RMB855,000. Immediately prior to the purchase, the carrying amount of the existing 40% non-controlling interest in SecureTech Holdings Limited was RMB4,432,000. The Group recognised a decrease in non-controlling interests of RMB1,108,000 and an increase in equity attributable to owners of the parent of RMB253,000. The effect on the equity attributable to the owners of SecureTech Holdings Limited during the year is summarised as follows:

#### 38 與非控股權益股東的交易

2022年6月21日,本集團以人民 幣855,000元收購了其附屬公司 SecureTech Holdings Limited 10%的 已發行股份。收購前,SecureTech Holdings Limited 40%非控股權益 的賬面價值為人民幣4,432,000元。 本集團確認非控股權益減少人民幣 1,108,000元,歸屬於母公司所有者 的權益增加人民幣253,000元。本年 度對SecureTech Holdings Limited所有 者權益的影響總結如下:

		2023 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests acquired Consideration paid to non-controlling interests	取得非控股權益的賬面金額向非控股權益支付的對價	-	1,108 (855)
Difference of consideration paid recognised in the transactions with non-controlling interests reserve within equity	與非控股權益股東的交易對 權益的影響	-	253

There were no transactions with non-controlling interests in 2023.

2023年度未發生與非控股權益股東 的交易。

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#### 39 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITOIN AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE **COMPANY**

#### 39 本公司資產負債表及儲備 變動表

Statement of financial position of the Company

本公司之資產負債表

		2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
ASSETS Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 於附屬公司之投資	_ 348,786	76 348,786
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	348,786	348,862
Current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Fixed bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	<b>流動資產</b> 應收附屬公司款項 銀行定期存款 現金及現金等價物	585,437 282,438 12,260	910,537 368,143 78,413
Total current assets	流動資產總額	880,135	1,357,093
Total assets	資產總額	1,228,921	1,705,955
<b>EQUITY</b> Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	1,192,362 32,214	1,192,362 98,281
Total equity	權益總額	1,224,576	1,290,643
<b>LIABILITIES Current liabilities</b> Other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries	負債 流動負債 其他應付款 應付附屬公司款項	3,840 505	4,206 411,106
Total liabilities	負債總額	4,345	415,312
Total equity and liabilities	權益與負債總額	1,228,921	1,705,955

The balance sheet of the Company was approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 20 March 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

董事會已於2024年3月20日審核並通 過本公司資產負債表的發佈,並由以 下董事會代表簽署:

#### **LU RUN TING** 盧閏霆

Chairman and Executive Director 董事會主席兼執行董事

#### **HOU PING** 侯平

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer 執行董事兼首席執行官

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#### 39 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITOIN AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE **COMPANY** (Continued)

#### 39 本公司資產負債表及儲備 變動表(續)

#### Reserve movement of the Company

#### 本公司之儲備變動表

		Shares held under share			
		award	Other	Retained	
		scheme 股份 獎勵計劃	reserve	earnings	Total
		所持有股份	其他儲備	留存收益	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	(13,516)	37,681	99,517	123,682
Profit and total comprehensive	年度溢利及全面收入總額				
income for the year		-	-	78,474	78,474
Purchase of shares (Note 31)	股份回購 <i>(附註31)</i>	_	-	(6,867)	(6,867)
Dividends recognised as	分派股息 <i>(附註14)</i>			( )	<b>/</b>
distribution (Note 14)		-		(97,008)	(97,008)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	(13,516)	37,681	74,116	98,281
Profit and total comprehensive	年度溢利及全面收入總額	(13,310)	37,001	74,110	90,201
income for the year	十尺個門区主面収入總額	_	_	51,383	51,383
Purchase of shares (Note 31)	股份回購 <i>(附註31)</i>	_	_	(2,158)	(2,158)
Dividends recognised as	分派股息 <i>(附註14)</i>			(2,130)	(2,130)
distribution (Note 14)		_	_	(115,292)	(115,292)
				, , ,	, , ,
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	(13,516)	37,681	8,049	32,214

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### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 40.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

#### (a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity where the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

## 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要

#### 40.1 合併及權益核算原則

#### (a) 附屬公司

本集團採用購買會計法對業務合併進行會計處理。

附屬公司業績及權益中的 非控股權益分別於綜合損 益及其他全面收入表、綜 合權益變動表及綜合財務 狀況表中單獨呈列。 Corporate Information 台業資料

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Management Discussi and Analysis 答華屬討論及分析

Directors and Senion Management 着事及高級管理區

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### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (Continued)

#### (b) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

Where the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

#### 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.1 合併及權益核算原則(續)

#### (b) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團對其行使重大影響力而無控制權之實體。或共同控制權之實體。至50%的投票權。對聯營公司之投資於初始確認為成本後,採用權益法進行核算。

倘本集團享有權益入賬投 資的虧損等於或超過其在 該實體的權益(包括任何, 其他無抵押長期應收款), 則本集團不確認進一步 損,除非本集團已產生。 務或已代其他實體付款。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (Continued)

#### (b) Associates (Continued)

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity-accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in Note 40.8.

#### (c) Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of Goldpac Group Limited.

## 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要(續)

#### 40.1 合併及權益核算原則(續)

#### (b) 聯營公司(續)

權益入賬投資的賬面價值 按照附註40.8中所述的政 策進行減值測試。

#### (c) 所有權權益變動

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### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (Continued)

### (c) Changes in ownership interests (Continued)

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs.

If the ownership interest in a joint venture or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

#### 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.1 合併及權益核算原則(續)

#### (c) 所有權權益變動(續)

當本集團由於失去控制、 共同控制或重大影響而終 止對投資進行合併或權益 入賬時,該實體的任何保 留權益均按其公允價值重 新計量,其賬面價值的變 動計入損益。公允價值為 就保留權益的後續入賬而 言的初始賬面價值,作為 聯營公司、合營企業或金 融資產。此外,之前就該 實體在其他全面收入中確 認的任何數額,均視同本 集團已直接處置相關資產 和負債而入賬。這可能意 味著之前在其他全面收入 中確認的數額重新分類至 損益或轉至由適用的香港 財務報告準則指定或允許 的其他權益類別。

倘合營企業或聯營公司的權益持有被削減但仍享有 棋同控制或保留重大影響 力,只有按比例將之前在 其他全面收入中確認的數 額重新分類至損益(如適 當)。

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### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.2 Business combination

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred;
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business;
- equity interests issued by the Group;
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement; and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

### 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.2 業務合併

本集團採用購買會計法將所有 業務合併入賬,不論是否已購 買權益工具或其他資產。購買 一家附屬公司轉讓的對價包括:

- 所轉讓資產的公允價值;
- 被收購業務之前擁有人所 產生負債;
- 本集團已發行股本權益;
- 或有對價安排所產生任何 資產或負債的公允價值; 及
- 附屬公司任何先前存在的 股本權益的公允價值。

購買相關成本在產生時支銷。

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#### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY **MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(Continued)

#### 40.2 Business combination (Continued)

The excess of the:

- consideration transferred;
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity; and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.2 業務合併(續)

針對以下:

- 所轉讓對價;
- 被收購實體的任何非控股 權益數額;及
- 在被收購實體之前任何權 益在收購日期的公允價值

超過購入可識別淨資產公允價 值的數額記錄為商譽。倘該等 款項低於所收購業務的可識別 資產淨值的公允價值,則差額 將直接於損益中確認為議價購 晋。

倘現金對價的任何部分的結算 延期,則未來應付數額於匯兑 日貼現為現值。所使用的貼現 率為實體的增量借款利率,即 在可比較條款及條件下從獨立 融資機構取得類似借款的利率。 或有對價分類為權益或金融負 債。分類為金融負債的金額其 後將重新按公允價值計量,而 公允價值變動於損益中確認。

倘業務合併分階段進行,收購 方之前在被收購方持有權益於 收購日期的賬面價值,按收購 日期的公允價值重新計量,重 新計量產生的任何盈虧在損益 中確認。

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# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.3 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

### 40.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Company's Chairman that makes strategic decisions.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要(續)

### 40.3 獨立財務報表

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減值 列賬。成本包括投資的直接歸 屬成本。附屬公司的業績由本 公司按已收及應收股息入賬。

倘股息超過宣派股息期內附屬公司的總綜合收益,或倘而在獨立財務報表的投資賬面價值超過綜合財務報表中被投資公司 淨資產(包括商譽)的賬面價值 則必須對附屬公司投資作減值 測試。

#### 40.4 分部報告

經營分部按照向首席經營決策 者提供的內部報告貫徹一致的 方式報告。

首席經營決策者被認定為作出 策略性決定的本公司之主席, 負責分配資源和評估經營分部 的表現。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.5 Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("**the functional currency**"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss.

All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a net basis within "other gains – net".

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

### 40.5 外幣折算

#### (a) 功能及列報貨幣

本集團每個實體的財務報表所列項目均以該實體的財實體的主要經濟環境的 貨幣計量(「功能貨幣」)。 綜合財務報表以公司的 報,人民幣為本 能及列報貨幣。

### (b) 交易及結餘

所有其他匯兑收益和虧損 在綜合損益表中的「其他 收益-淨額」中以淨額列 報。

按貨值公債價列產值算益幣值益的價值目的列差或如(益報的)有價項日值算益例債損列損產人的價項日值算益例債損列損產人的人工。及公算產為一幣公)價。公入折會的別差或如(益報的)價。公入其數分。及公部性允的值非允之他差認。

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# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.5 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

### (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要(續)

### 40.5 外幣折算(續)

### (c) 集團公司

其功能貨幣與列報貨幣不同的海外業務(無惡性通貨膨脹經濟體的貨幣)之 業績和財務狀況按如下方 法換算為列報貨幣:

- 每份所呈列財務狀況 表內之資產和負債按 該財務狀況表日期的 收市匯率換算;
- 所有由此產生的匯兑 差額在其他全面收入 中確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.5 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### (c) Group companies (Continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other financial instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

#### 40.6 Property, plant and equipment

The Group's accounting policy for property, plant and equipment is explained in Note 15. Historical costs include expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. All property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress, are stated at historical cost less depreciation.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

### 40.5 外幣折算(續)

#### (c) 集團公司(續)

合併時,對海外實體的任 何投資淨額以及指定為此 類投資套期的借款和其他 金融工具進行折算產生的 匯兑差額在其他全面收入 中確認。當出售海外業務 或償還投資淨額部分的任 何借款時,相關的匯兑差 額重分類至損益,作為銷 售收益或虧損的一部分。

收購海外業務而產生的商 譽及公允價值調整被視為 該海外業務的資產和負 債,並按期末匯率折算。

#### 40.6 物業、廠房及設備

附註15解釋了本集團有關物業、 廠房及設備的會計政策。歷史 成本包括購買該等項目直接應 佔的開支。所有物業、廠房及 設備,除在建工程,按歷史成 本減折舊列賬。

#### Financial Statements 財務報告

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

# 40.6 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 40.8).

Construction in progress is stated at cost less impairment losses. Cost comprises direct costs of construction as well as borrowing costs capitalised during the periods of construction and installation. Capitalisation of these costs ceases and the construction in progress is transferred to the appropriate class of property, plant and equipment when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the assets for their intended use are completed. No depreciation is provided for in respect of construction in progress until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

### 40.6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期 在每個報告期末進行檢討,並 在適當時調整。

若資產的賬面價值高於其估計 可收回金額,其賬面價值即時 撇減至可收回金額(附註40.8)。

處置產生的收益和虧損按所得 款項與賬面價值的差額釐定。 該等收益和虧損計入損益。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.7 Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising leasehold land and buildings, are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the Group. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequently, they are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, over their estimated useful lives.

### 40.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要(續)

#### 40.7 投資物業

### 40.8 非金融資產的減值

商譽和無特定使用年限的無形 資產無需攤銷,但每年須就減 值進行測試,或當有事件出現 或情況改變顯示可能出現減值 時,進行更頻密減值測試。其 他資產於有事件出現或情況變 動顯示賬面價值可能無法收回 時進行減值測試。減值虧損按 資產的賬面價值超出其可收回 金額的差額確認。可收回金額 以資產的公允價值扣除銷售成 本或使用價值兩者之間較高者 為準。於評估減值時,資產將 按可獨立識別的現金流量的最 低層次分組,該現金流入與其 他資產或資產組合(現金產生單 元)的現金流入很大程度上獨立 開來。除商譽外,已蒙受減值 的非金融資產於每個報告期末 均就減值是否可以轉回進行檢 計。

#### Corporate Information 令響 答题

Financial Highlights 財務攜要

2023 Major Events 2023年大事記

#### Financial Statements 財務報告

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.9 Investments and other financial assets

#### (a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss.

#### (b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要(續)

#### 40.9 投資及其他金融資產

### (a) 分類

本集團將其金融資產分類 為以下計量類別:

- 後續按公允價值計量 之金融資產;及
- 按攤銷成本計量的金 融資產。

該分類取決於實體管理金融資產的業務模式以及該資產的合約現金流量特徵。

對於按公允價值計量的金 融資產,其收益和虧損計 入損益。

#### (b) 確認及終止確認

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Investment income from financial assets at FVTPL is included in the "other gains - net". See Note 7 above

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are two measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

### 40.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (c) 計量

對於不被分類為按公允價 值計入損益的金融資產, 本集團以其公允價值加上 可直接歸屬於獲得該項金 融資產的交易費用進行初 始確認。按公允價值計入 損益的金融資產產生的交 易成本於損益內支銷。

按公允價值計入損益之金 融資產投資收入計入「其 他收益一淨額」。請參見 上文附註7。

#### 債務工具

債務工具的後續計量取決 於本集團管理該資產的業 務模式以及該資產的現金 流量特徵。本集團將債務 工具分為以下兩種計量類 別:

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY **MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(Continued)

### 40.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(c) Measurement (Continued)

#### Debt instruments (Continued)

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in "other gains - net" together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets with contractual cash flows do not represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within "other gains - net" in the period in which it arises.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

### 40.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (c) 計量(續)

#### 債務工具(續)

- 按攤銷成本計量:對 於持有以收取合約 現金流量的資產,如 果合約現金流量僅代 表對本金和利息的支 付,則該資產按攤銷 成本計量。該等金融 資產的利息收入以實 際利率法計算,計入 財務收入。終止確認 時產生的收益或虧損 直接計入損益,並與 匯兑收益和虧損一同 列示在「其他收益-淨額」中。減值虧損 作為單獨的科目在綜 合損益表中列報。
- 按公允價值計入損 益:合約現金流不僅 僅代表支付本金和利 息的資產,應按公允 價值計入損益計量。 對於後續按公允價值 計入損益的債務工 具,其收益或虧損計 入損益,並於產生期 間以淨額在「其他收 益一淨額」中列示。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (d) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the lifetime ECL approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables, see Note 3.1(b) for further details.

# 40.10 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position where the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Group has also entered into arrangements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of a contract.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (d) 減值

對於按攤銷成本計量的債 務工具,本集團就其預期 信貸虧損做出前瞻性評 估。減值方法取決於其信 貸風險是否顯著增加。

對於應收貨款,本集團採 用香港財務報告準則第9 號允許的按終身預期信貸 虧損計提方法,在初始確 認時計量應收款項整個存 續期的預期信貸虧損,詳 見附註3.1(b)。

#### 40.10 抵銷金融工具

當本集團有法定可執行權 力可抵銷已確認金額,並 有意圖按淨額基準結算或 同時變現資產和結算負債 時,金融資產與負債可互 相抵銷,並在綜合財務狀 況表報告其淨額。本集團 亦訂立了不符合抵銷標準 之安排,但仍容許在某些 情況下(例如破產或合約 終止)抵銷相關數額。

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# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.11 Inventories

# Raw materials, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 40.12 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection or trade receivables is expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets. Otherwise, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See Note 20 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade receivables and Note 3.1(b) for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

### 40.11 存貨

#### 原材料、半成品及成品

#### 40.12 應收貨款

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.13 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

# 40.14 Share capital and shares held for employee share scheme

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any group company purchases the Company's equity instruments, for example as the result of a share buy-back or a share-based payment plan, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the owners of the Company as treasury shares until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such ordinary shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the owners of the Company.

Shares held by the Group Employee Share Trust are disclosed as shares held under share award scheme and deducted from equity.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.13 現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表的編製而言, 現金及現金等價物包括庫存現 金、金融機構通知存款、原始 期限為三個月或以下的可轉換 為已知數額現金且其價值變動 風險很小的其他短期高流動性 投資以及銀行诱支。

### 40.14股本及為員工參股計劃 持有的股份

普通股被分類為權益。

直接歸屬於發行新股或期權的 新增成本在權益中列為所得款 的減少(扣除税項)。

倘任何集團公司購買本公司之 權益工具,例如通過股份回購 或以股份為基礎的支付計劃購 買,則將已付對價(包括任何首 接應佔增量成本(扣除所得税)) 作為庫存股份從歸屬於本公司 擁有人之權益中扣除,直至股 份撤銷或重新發行。倘該等普 通股期後重新發行,則已收之 任何對價(扣除任何直接應佔增 量交易成本及相關所得稅影響) 均計入歸屬於本公司擁有人之 權益。

本集團員工股份信託持有的股 份被披露為根據股份獎勵計劃 持有的股份,並從權益中扣除。

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# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.15 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 60 to 180 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 40.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the consolidated statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as finance costs.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

### 40.15 應付貨款及其他應付款

#### 40.16 借款

當合約列明的義務被解除、取務可期時,借款自綜合的期時,借款自將除為財務之人,以表一方的金融負債的更是的對價的差資。與因於數數,包括不可以對價的,也可以對價的,也可以對於數數。

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### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.16 Borrowings (Continued)

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and the entity issues equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or part of the liability (debt for equity swap), a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss, which is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the fair value of the equity instruments issued.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

#### 40.17 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.16 借款(續)

倘金融負債的條款重新商討, 而實體向債權人發行權益工具, 以消除全部或部分負債(債轉 股),該項金融負債賬面價值與 所發行權益工具公允價值的差 額在損益表中確認為利得或損 失。

除非本集團可無條件將負債的 結算遞延至報告期後最少12個 月,否則借款分類為流動負債。

#### 40.17 借貸成本

收購、建設或生產合資格資產 直接應佔的一般及特定借貸成 本,於完成並使其可供投入作 擬定用途或出售期間內完成資 本化。合資格資產乃指需要耗 費大量時間方可供投入作擬定 用途或出售的資產。

就特定借款,因有待合資格資 產的支出而臨時投資賺取的投 資收入,應自合資格資產資本 化的借貸成本中扣除。

其他借貸成本在產生期內支銷。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.18 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要(續)

### 40.18 即期及遞延所得税項

本期所得税費用或抵免為按各地區適用所得税率計算的本期應課税收入的應付税費(根據歸屬於暫時性差異及未利用稅項虧損的遞延所得稅資產及負債的變動進行相應調整)。

#### 即期所得税項

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

# 40.18 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

#### Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.18 即期及遞延所得税項(續)

#### 搋延税項

遞延税項採用負債法全額計提 資產和負債的税基與資產和負 **債在綜合財務報表的賬面價值** 的差額而產生的暫時性差異。 然而,倘遞延税項負債源自商 譽的初始確認,則其不會被確 認。倘遞延税項源自在交易中 (業務合併除外)對資產或負債 的初始確認,而在交易時並不 影響會計或應課税利潤或虧損 且不產生相等的應納税和可抵 扣暫時性差異,亦不作入賬處 理。遞延税項採用在報告期末 前已頒佈或實質上已頒佈,並 在相關的遞延所得税資產實現 或遞延所得税負債結算時預期 將會適用的税率(及法例)而釐 定。

遞延税項資產僅在可能有未來 應課税利潤可動用以抵銷暫時 性差異之情況下確認。

對於海外業務投資之賬面價值 與稅基的暫時性差異,若回 司能夠控制暫時性差異稱會 時機並且該等差異可能不會於 可預見的未來撥回,則不確認 遞延稅項負債及資產。

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# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

# 40.18 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

#### Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and where the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

# 40.19 Employee benefits

#### (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and accumulating sick leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要(續)

### 40.18 即期及遞延所得税項(續)

#### 遞延税項(續)

即期及遞延稅項於損益中確認,惟倘即期及遞延稅項涉及於其他全面收入表確認或於直接於權益中確認之項目,則即期及遞延稅項亦分別於其他全面收入表或直接於權益中確認。

#### 40.19 員工待遇

#### (i) 短期義務

工資及薪金負債,包括非貨幣福利及預期末後12個供相應服務期末後12個根 大結算之累計病假,根至報告期末的員工服務 建行確認,並按負債基 時預期支付的金額計量。

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# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### 40.19 Employee benefits (Continued)

# (ii) Pension obligations and other social welfare benefits

The Group contributes on a monthly basis to various defined contribution plans organised by the relevant governmental authorities. The Group's liability in respect of these plans is limited to the contributions payable in each period. The Group's contributions to these plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. Assets of the plans are held and managed by government authorities and are separated from those of the Group.

The Group has no legal or constructive to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee services in the current and prior years. The Group's contributions to the defined contribution plans are expensed as incurred and not reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the plans prior to vesting fully in the contributions.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

### 40.19 員工待遇(續)

### (ii) 退休金責任及其他社 會福利

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.20 Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme.

The fair value of equity-settled share-based payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all non-market vesting conditions is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share award reserve/share options reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share award reserve/share options reserve.

Under the share award scheme, BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited (the "Trustee") administers and holds the Company's shares before they are vested and transferred to the Participants. The Trustee purchases the Company's shares being awarded from the open market with funds provided by the Company. When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share capital. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

### 40.20 以股份為基礎的支付

授予員工及其他提供相似服務 人員的以權益結算的股份支付 按權益工具授出日的公允價值 計量。

通過首次公開發售前購股權計劃、購股權計劃和股份獎勵計劃向員工提供以股份為基礎的薪酬福利。

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### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.20 Share-based payments (Continued)

Tax laws or regulations may oblige an entity to withhold an amount for an employee's tax obligation associated with a share-based payment and transfer that amount, normally in cash, to the tax authority on the employee's behalf. To fulfil this obligation, the terms of the share-based payment arrangement may permit or require the Group to withhold the number of equity instruments equal to the monetary value of the employee's tax obligation from the total number of equity instruments that otherwise would have been issued to the employee upon exercise (or vesting) of the share-based payment (i.e. the share-based payment arrangement has a "net settlement feature").

The Group accounts for the withholding of shares to fund the payment to the tax authority in respect of the employee's tax obligation associated with the share-based payment as repurchase of vested equity instruments, therefore, the payment made shall be accounted for as a deduction from equity for the shares withheld, except to the extent that the payment exceeds the fair value at the net settlement date of the equity instruments withheld.

#### 40.21 Provisions

Provisions for legal claims, service warranties and make good obligations are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.20 以股份為基礎的支付(續)

税務法律法規可能要求實體保 留一部分與以股份為基礎的支 付相關的金額,作為員工的納 税義務,並將該部分一般以現 金形式代表員工轉交税務部門。 為履行該義務,以股份為基礎 的支付協議條款可能允許或要 求本集團從本應於行權或歸屬 時發放給員工的全部權益工具 中保留一部分等值於員工納税 義務貨幣價值的權益工具,即 以股份為基礎的支付協議具有 「淨額結算特徵」。

本集團通過回購已歸屬的權益 工具,以保留股份向税務機關 繳納與以股份為基礎的支付相 關的員工納税義務。因此,該 税項的支付應被作為保留股份 權益的扣減,除非該支付額超 過保留權益工具於淨額結算日 的公允價值。

### 40.21 撥備

當本集團因已發生的事件而產 生現有的法律或推定債務;很 可能需要有資源的流出以結算 債務;及金額已被可靠估計時, 應就法律索償、服務保證和良 好債務的撥備予以確認。未來 經營虧損不會確認撥備。

### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY **MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(Continued)

#### 40.21 Provisions (Continued)

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

### 40.22 Earnings per share

### (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.21 撥備(續)

倘有多項類似債務,則通過整 體考慮債務類別以確定結算時 需要資源流出的可能性。即使 同一債務類別所包含的任何一 個項目相關的資源流出的可能 性極低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備乃按照管理層對報告期末 結算當期債務所需支出之最佳 估計數之現值計量。用於確定 現值的折現率是税前利率,其 反映當前對貨幣時間價值的市 場評估及負債特定風險。隨著 時間過去而增加的撥備確認為 利息費用。

#### 40.22 每股盈利

#### (i) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利的計算方法 為:

- 歸屬於本公司擁有者 的利潤
- 除以本會計年度之已 發行的加權平均普通 股股數,並根據本年 度已發行普通股(不 包括庫存股份)之分 紅要素進行調整。

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### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.22 Earnings per share (Continued)

#### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares; and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 40.23 Dividend income

Dividends are received from financial assets measured at FVTPL. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established. This applies even if they are paid out of pre-acquisition profits, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of an investment.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.22 每股盈利(續)

#### (ii) 每股攤薄盈利

每股攤薄盈利調整用於確 定每股基本盈利的金額, 並考慮:

- 與稀釋潛在普通股相 關的利息的所得税後 影響和其他融資成 本;以及
- 假設轉換所有稀釋潛 在普通股後,未行使 的額外普通股加權平 均數。

### 40.23 股息收入

按公允價值計入損益的金融資 產產生股息。當本集團已確立 收取股息支付的權利時,股息 確認為其他收益而計入損益。 即使股息是從收購前利潤中支 付的,這一規定仍然適用,除 非股息明顯代表對部分投資成 本的收回。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.24 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要(續)

#### 40.24 租賃

本集團在租賃資產可供其使用 的當日將租賃確認為使用權資 產和相應的負債。

租賃產生的資產和負債按現值 進行初始計量。租賃負債包括 以下租賃付款額的淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質上固定的付款)減去任何應收租賃獎勵款項;
- 取決於指數或費率的可變 租賃付款,在開始日使用 該指數或費率進行初始計 量;
- 本集團預期將予支付的剩 餘價值擔保金額;
- 本集團合理確定將行使購 買選擇權的行使價;及
- 終止租賃的罰款金額,倘本集團在租賃期內行使該 選擇權。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止之年度

### 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.24 Leases (Continued)

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Entity-specific details about the Group's leasing policy are provided in note 16.

#### 40.25 Dividend distribution

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘 要(續)

#### 40.24 租賃(續)

當本集團合理確定將行使續和 選擇權時,租賃付款額也納入 負債的計量中。

租賃付款額在本金和財務成本 之間進行分攤。財務成本在租 賃期內計入損益,按照固定的 週期性利率對各期間負債結餘 計算利息。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 在租賃期開始日或之前支 付的租賃付款額扣除收到 的租賃激勵;
- 初始直接費用;以及
- 復原成本。

關於本集團租賃政策的具體實 體詳請載於附註16。

#### 40.25 股息分配

就於報告期末或之前已宣派但 尚未分配的任何股息金額,即 已獲適當授權且不再由實體酌 情釐定的金額,本公司計提相 應撥備。

# 40 SUMMARY OF OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### 40.26 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

#### 40.27 Interest income

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

# 40 其他潛在重大會計政策摘要(續)

#### 40.26 政府補貼

當能合理確定本集團將遵守附 帶條件及將會收到補貼時,將 政府提供的補貼按其公允價值 確認入賬。

與成本有關之政府補貼遞延入 賬,並按擬補償之成本在其所 需期間於損益中確認。

與購買物業、廠房及設備有關之政府補貼列入非流動負債作為遞延收益,並按有關資產之預計年期以直線法在損益中確認。

### 40.27 利息收入

# FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

		Year ended 31 December 於截至12月31日止之年度				
		2019	が観至1 <b>2月3</b> 1日止と 2020 2021			2023
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Results	業績					
Revenue	收入	1,415,665	1,281,903	1,376,524	1,530,251	1,416,573
Profits before taxation	除税前利潤	206,882	169,242	154,939	164,070	173,733
Income tax expense	所得税費用	(30,459)	(23,982)	(16,988)	(3,091)	(22,568)
Profit for the year	年度利潤	176,423	145,260	137,951	160,979	151,165
Aug the collection	mt /L					
Attributable to  – Owners of the Company	應佔 - 本公司擁有人	177,125	145,665	138,184	147,427	132,051
- Non-controlling interests	- 非控股權益	(702)	(405)	(233)	13,552	19,114
	71 12 11 12 11	(7 0 2 )	(100)	(233)	.5,552	,
		176,423	145,260	137,951	160,979	151,165
		_				
		At 31 December 於12月31日				
		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Assets and liabilities	資產和負債					
Total assets	總資產	2,635,228	2,577,263	2,609,965	2,813,857	2,693,907
Total liabilities	總負債	(630,824)	(579,727)	(601,360)	(743,294)	(598,836)
Net assets	淨資產	2,004,404	1,997,536	2,008,605	2,070,563	2,095,071
Addition to be a second	ribe / le					
Attributable to  – Owners of the Company	應佔 - 本公司擁有人	2,002,572	1,996,109	2,007,411	2,056,925	2,073,331
- Non-controlling interests	- 非控股權益	1,832	1,427	1,194	13,638	21,740
		,	,	,		
		2,004,404	1,997,536	2,008,605	2,070,563	2,095,071



金 邦 達 寶 嘉 控 股 有 限 公 司 GOLDPAC GROUP LIMITED

