

REDSUN SERVICES GROUP LIMITED 弘陽服務集團有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 1971





ABOUT US 關於我們

Established in Nanjing in 2003, the Group is a well-recognized comprehensive community service provider in Jiangsu province, China, with region-leading and balanced property management abilities in the management of residential and commercial properties. Through our continued development over the years, we have established our regional leading position in the property management market of Jiangsu province and are well-recognized nationwide as we kept expanding our business in the rest of the country. With a vision of "making lives warmer", the Group has been pursuing the service philosophy of "provide customers with high-quality services with sincerity", and has developed the "Property Service + Life Service" model to serve property owners and customers.

集團於2003年在南京成立,是中國江蘇省廣受認可的綜合社區服務商,在住宅及商業物業的管理方面擁有區域領先且均衡的物業管理能力。經過多年的不斷發展,我們已在江蘇省物業管理市場建立區域領先地位,並在全國範圍內不斷拓展,已得到廣泛認可。集團以實現「讓生活更有溫度」為願景,奉行「以誠待客,卓越服務」的服務理念,發展「物業服務+生活服務」模式,服務業主和客戶。





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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Non-executive Director

Mr. Zeng Junkai (Chairman)

Executive Director

Ms. Zeng Zixi

Independent Non-executive Directors

Ms. Wang Fen

Mr. Li Xiaohang

Mr. Zhao Xianbo

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhao Xianbo (Chairman)

Mr. Zeng Junkai

Ms. Wang Fen

Mr. Li Xiaohang

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zeng Junkai (Chairman)

Ms. Wang Fen

Mr. Li Xiaohang

Mr. Zhao Xianbo

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Wang Fen (Chairman)

Ms. Zeng Zixi

Mr. Li Xiaohang

Mr. Zhao Xianbo

董事會

非執行董事

曾俊凱先生(主席)

執行董事

曾子熙女士

獨立非執行董事

王奮女士

李曉航先生

趙現波先生

審核委員會

趙現波先生(主席)

曾俊凱先生

王奮女士

李曉航先生

提名委員會

曾俊凱先生(主席)

王奮女士

李曉航先生

趙現波先生

薪酬委員會

王奮女士(主席)

曾子熙女士

李曉航先生

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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

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核數師

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師

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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

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AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Zeng Junkai Ms. Yung Mei Yee

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WEBSITE

www.rsunservice.hk

STOCK CODE

HKEX: 1971

聯席公司秘書

李永剛先生 翁美儀女士

授權代表

曾俊凱先生翁美儀女士

主要往來銀行

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網站

www.rsunservice.hk

股份代號

港交所:1971





Dear shareholders.

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Redsun Services Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), I am pleased to present to you the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "Reporting Period").

In 2023, the property management industry returned to rational development and achieved growth in overall scale. Enterprises actively participated in businesses such as comprehensive urban and rural environmental services and new energy infrastructure maintenance. While meeting market demand, they will continue to expand their business scope, enrich their business chains, and further enhance their services and competitiveness. The service content, service standardization and service quality have been increasingly emphasized.

In 2023, the property management industry ushered in a series of favorable policies. Property management have been integrated into grass-roots governance, community pension, old community renovation and smart property construction. From the central government to local governments, a series of new policies and measures have been launched, which has promoted the healthy and rapid development of the property management industry. However, the upstream real estate industry continued to be under pressure, the competition in the stock market has become increasingly fierce, and the growth rate of the overall management scale has declined.

In the face of the above situation, the Group still firmly defined 2023 as the "Customer Value Year" with being customer-oriented, adhering to its development foundation based on quality services, penetrating into the core cities, expanding the second service track and deeply integrating smart technology to achieve quality and steady growth in management scale and profitability.

During the Reporting Period, the Group returned to the essence of property basic services. We have established our presence in 56 cities in China, having 298 projects under management with a contracted gross floor area ("**GFA**") of 53.901 million sq.m. and a total GFA under management of 47.460 million sq.m. (with a commercial GFA under management of 3.296 million sq.m.), representing a decrease of 1.7% and 12.4%, respectively, as compared with the corresponding period of 2022. In particular, the GFA of market-oriented extension reached 20.952 million sq.m., which accounted for 44.2% of GFA under management and represented a decrease of 2.1% as compared with the corresponding period of 2022.

尊敬的各位股東:

本人謹代表弘陽服務集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然提呈本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度(「報告期」)之年度業績。

2023年,物業管理行業回歸理性發展,整體規模實現增長,企業積極參與城鄉環境綜合服務和新能源基礎設施維護等業務。在滿足市場需求的同時,不斷拓展業務範圍,豐富業務鏈條,進一步提升服務力與競爭力,在服務內容、服務標準化以及服務質量方面也越來越受到重視。

2023年,物業管理行業迎來了一系列政策利好,物業管理融入基層治理、社區養老、老舊小區改造和智慧物業建設等方面,從國家到地方,推出了一系列新的政策和舉措,推動了物業管理行業健康快速發展。但受上游地產行業繼續承壓影響,存量市場競爭愈發激烈,整體管理規模增速有所下降。

面對以上情況,本集團仍然堅定將2023年定義為[客戶價值年」,以客戶為中心,堅守以質量服務為基礎的發展根基,聚力深耕核心城市,拓寬第二服務賽道,深度融合智慧科技,實現管理規模和盈利能力有質量、可持續的穩健增長。

報告期內,本集團回歸物業基礎服務本質,已佈局全國56座城市,在管項目298個,合約面積規模5,390.1萬平方米,較2022年下降1.7%,在管總建築面積4,746.0萬平方米,其中商業在管建築面積329.6萬平方米,較2022年下降12.4%,其中市場外拓面積達2,095.2萬平方米,佔在管建築面積44.2%,較2022年降低2.1%。

During the Reporting Period, the three major business lines of the Group, namely property management services, value-added services to non-property owners and community value-added services, were affected by unfavourable factors such as the downward trend in the scale of management in the market. We achieved revenue of RMB1,063.6 million, representing a decrease of 3.6% as compared with the corresponding period of 2022, and gross profit of RMB252.4 million, representing a decrease of 1.5% as compared with the corresponding period of 2022. Our net profit reached RMB14.2 million, representing a decrease of 84.8% as compared with the corresponding period of 2022.

報告期內,本集團物業管理服務、非業主增值服務和 社區增值服務三大業務線受市場管理規模增速下行 等不利影響,實現收入人民幣1,063.6百萬元,較2022 年下降3.6%,實現毛利人民幣252.4百萬元,較2022年 下降1.5%,淨利潤人民幣14.2百萬元,較2022年下降 84.8%。

During the Reporting Period, leveraging the "residential + commercial" dual-driven model, we mapped our non-residential business portfolio and explored our second development track, continuing to establish presence in non-residential projects. In 2023, we have newly developed the non-residential projects with the representatives of hotel project -Xiaogan Hanchuan Hubei Huanglonghu Zen Hotel Conference Center (孝感漢川湖北黃龍湖禪意酒店會議中心), hospital project-Wuhan Union Hospital Jinyinhu District Proton Center (武漢協和醫院金銀 湖院區質子中心), super high-rise project -Wuhan Yulong Financial Plaza (武漢鈺龍金融廣場), public construction project-Airport Public Security Bureau of Public Security Department in Hubei Province (湖北 省公安廳機場公安局), industrial park project-Nanjing China Railway Major Bridge Logistics Base (南京中鐵大橋物流基地), commercial office project-Xuzhou Haodebao BMW 4S Store (徐州好德寶寶馬4S 店), etc., to achieve leapfrog development in the expansion of nonresidential property service-type projects, filling up the gap in property management sub-fields such as hospital projects, hotel projects and super-high-rise office building projects, and for the first time to invest in airport auxiliary projects, which continuously expand the urban service track.

報告期內,我們依託「住宅+商業」的雙輪驅動模式,佈局非住宅業態,開拓第二賽道,持續進駐非住項目。2023年,我們新拓了酒店項目代表-孝感漢川湖北黃龍湖禪意酒店會議中心,醫院項目代表-武漢協和醫院金銀湖院區質子中心項目,超高層項目代表-武漢鈺龍金融廣場,公建項目代表-湖北省公安廳類場公安局項目,產業園項目代表-南京中鐵大橋物流基地,商業辦公項目代表-徐州好德寶寶馬45店等,實現了在非住宅物業服務類型項目拓展的跨越東項目等物業管理細分領域的空白,並首次涉足機場輔助項目,不斷拓寬城市服務賽道。

During the Reporting Period, with the help of the Group's service capability, operation capacity and brand power, we actively promoted market-oriented expansion, won the trust of third-party tenderers and obtained third-party property management projects. Focused on consolidating basic property services, we accelerated the development of the "property services + life services" model, enriched the value-added services provided to customers, promoted the development of businesses such as property decoration, Hongteng Decoration (弘騰裝飾), housing rental and sales, and Hongyang Selection (弘陽優選), and upgraded to high-quality and diversified services.

報告期內,我們借助於本集團的服務力、經營力和品牌力,積極推進市場化外拓,贏得第三方招標方的信任,獲得第三方物業管理項目。從夯實基礎物業服務出發,加快發展「物業服務+生活服務」模式,豐富為客戶提供的增值服務,推動美居、弘騰裝飾、房屋租售和弘陽優選等業務開展,向高品質和多樣化服務升級。

In 2023, we remained our adherence to the "customer-centered" service philosophy and were quality-driven to provide customers with more refined and targeted services, winning the trust of customers. We built high-quality full life cycle service standards, constantly improved the residential service brand image. According to a survey conducted by a third-party institution, the customer satisfaction of the Group in 2023 still maintained at a high level despite of the downward trend in the industry. The overall satisfaction rate for non-residential business portfolio property services was above the industry level and reflected that the service quality of the Group has been well-recognized by customers.

2023年,我們依然堅持「以客戶為中心」的服務理念, 以質量為先,為客戶提供更加精細化和精準化服務, 贏得客戶信賴,打造全生命週期服務標準,不斷提升 物業服務品牌形象。根據第三方機構的調查顯示, 2023年本集團客戶滿意度在行業整體下行趨勢之下, 仍保持在行業高位,非住業態物業服務總體滿意度優 於行業水平,凸顯本集團的服務質量備受客戶認可。

During the Reporting Period, we adhered to the original vision of "creating values for customers (為客戶創造價值)" to provide customers with "satisfying +pleasantly surprising" services. We maintained a streamlined and efficient organizational model, in order to strengthen efficiency, and match business development needs. By maximizing the motivation of our employees at the institutional level, we optimized the incentive mechanism from time to time, led the steady and healthy development of business and thus formed a virtuous cycle. The "Hong Elite", "Redsun Housekeeper" (弘管家) and "Hong Master" (弘師傅) services under this model have now been launched in full swing in the Group. Lecturer system and course program under this model have been optimized continuously to do well in knowledge accumulation for furthering team cultivation and enhancing the team resilience and adaptability under pressures. Our efforts to enhance quality and efficacy have achieved satisfactory outcome.

報告期內,我們秉承「為客戶創造價值」的初心,為客戶提供「滿意+驚喜」的服務,保持精簡高效的組織模式,強化效率,匹配業務發展需求。在制度層面最大化激發員工積極性,持續優化激勵機制,牽引業務穩健發展,形成正向循環。目前此模式下的「弘精英」、「弘管家」、「弘師傅」服務已經在本集團全面落地,不斷優化的講師體系和課程體系,做好知識沉澱,促進梯隊培養,夯實團隊腰部力量,提質增效效果顯著。

The Group takes "building a community with warmth (打造有溫度的社區)" as the original intention to create a wonderful community life for owners, and focuses on customer experience with "five good services (五好服務)" (good operating standards, good customer service housekeepers, good order and environment, good operation of facilities and equipment, and good information assistance efficiency), and carries out community cultural activities in combination with changes in the four seasons, and continues to provide heartwarming services.

本集團以「打造有溫度的社區」為出發點,為業主打造精彩社區生活,以「五好服務」(系運營標準好、客戶服務管家好、秩序井然環境好、設施設備運行好、信息協助效率好)體圍繞客戶感受,結合四季變化開展社區文化活動,持續做好暖心服務。

In terms of smart services, the Group vigorously promoted smart construction, continued to promote digital transformation, integrated advanced technologies and upgraded information platforms. Intelligent equipment was used to improve user experience, iteratively update digital service platforms, improve employee efficiency, and generate synergy and refined management of operations. Through technology empowerment, we offered better service to customers, promoted the Company's steady development, and ensured the implementation of the Company's strategies.

在智慧服務方面,本集團大力推動智慧化建設,持續推動數字化轉型,整合先進技術,對信息平台進行升級。利用智能化設備,提高用戶體驗,迭代更新數字化服務平台,提升員工工作效率,促進運營高效協同和精細化管理。通過科技賦能,更好服務客戶,促進公司穩健發展,保障公司戰略執行和落地。

Looking forward to 2024, all staff of the Group will work together to improve quality and efficiency, improve customer satisfaction, gain more recognition from owners and customers, achieve steady scale growth and maintain long-term development.

展望2024年,本集團全體員工將同心協力,提質增效,提升客戶滿意度,獲得更多業主和客戶的認可, 實現規模穩定增長,贏得長期發展。

Finally, on behalf of the Board again, I would like to extend my sincere compliment to property owners and all customers for their continuous support, and my wholehearted gratitude to all shareholders and partners for their unfailing support and to all employees for being dedicated to overcoming challenging times together with the Company!

最後,本人再次代表董事會向一直支持本集團的業主 和全體客戶,致以最真誠的敬意,向全體股東、合作 夥伴以及與公司休戚與共,共克時艱的全體員工,致 以衷心的感謝!

Redsun Services Group Limited Zeng Junkai

Chairman

Hong Kong, 21 March 2024

弘陽服務集團有限公司 曾俊凱

主席

香港,2024年3月21日







MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

REVIEW FOR 2023

In 2023, the management scale of the property management industry continued to expand and achieved steady growth, but due to the continuous pressure on the upstream real estate market, the competition in the inventory market became more and more fierce, and the overall growth rate of the property management industry has slowed down in recent years.

In 2023, the property mergers and acquisition ("**M&A**") market became more cautious, and "scale type" M&A and "business type" M&A coexisted. In particular, "scale type" M&A focused more on characteristic subdivision tracks, and the property capital market was more rational.

管理層討論與分析

2023年回顧

2023年,物業管理行業管理規模持續擴大,實現穩步增長,但受上游房地產市場繼續承壓影響,存量市場競爭愈發激烈,物業管理行業整體規模增速近年來有所放緩。

2023年,物業合併與收購(「**併購**」)市場更加謹慎,「規模型」併購與「業務型」併購共存,其中「規模型」併購更加聚焦特色細分賽道,物業資本市場更加理性。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



In 2023, the Group adhered to the core strategy of "deeper development in Jiangsu", built a core regional advantage through multi-party resources, expanded the development of the surrounding area from the core region, and established the presence in the Yangtze River Delta in which the central city area was incubated with the extension of major customers and town street services as the main direction.

本集團2023年秉承「做透大江蘇」的核心戰略,拉通多 方資源打造核心區域優勢,以核心區域輻射週邊,深 耕長三角,以大客戶及街鎮服務延伸為主導方向孵化 中心城區域。

In 2023, the Group won multiple industry awards, including "Top 100 Property Management Companies in 2023 (2023中國物業服務百強企業)", "2023 Leading Property Service Enterprises in terms of Service Quality in Jiangsu Province (2023江蘇省物業服務質量領先企業)", and "2023 Leading Property Management Enterprises in Jiangsu Province (2023江蘇省物業服務市場地位領先企業)", by virtue of its stable and improving comprehensive strength, professional service capability, operational capacity and brand power. Its overall strength in the industry ranked 18.

本集團2023年憑藉企穩向好的綜合實力,專業的服務力、經營力和品牌力,榮獲「2023中國物業服務百強企業」、「2023江蘇省物業服務質量領先企業」和「2023江蘇省物業服務市場地位領先企業」等行業大獎,行業綜合實力排名第18位。

The business of the Group covers a variety of property types, including residential properties and non-residential properties such as commercial buildings, schools and public construction, and also covers other specialised high-quality consulting services, resulting in collaborated balanced development of residential and commercial projects. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had provided property management services and value-added services to 56 cities in China, with 298 projects under management and contracted GFA of approximately 53.9 million sq.m., which has decreased by approximately 1.7% as compared with that as at 31 December 2022, of which the total GFA under management was approximately 47.5 million sq.m., representing an increase of approximately 5.8% as compared with that as at 31 December 2022.

本集團業務涵蓋多種物業類型,包括住宅物業及非住宅物業(商業、學校及公建等)及其他專項優質的諮詢類服務,住商聯動,均衡發展。截至2023年12月31日,本集團為中國56座城市提供物業管理服務及增值服務,在管項目數量為298個,簽約建築面積約為53.9百萬平方米,較2022年12月31日下降約1.7%,其中在管總建築面積約為47.5百萬平方米,較2022年12月31日增長約5.8%。

During the Reporting Period, affected by unfavorable factors including the overall downturn of the upstream real estate industry, the Group achieved revenue of RMB1,063.6 million, representing a decrease of 3.6% as compared with the corresponding period of 2022, and gross profit of RMB252.4 million, representing a decrease of 1.5% as compared with the corresponding period of 2022. Net profit reached RMB14.2 million, representing a decrease of 84.8% as compared with the corresponding period of 2022, mainly due to the increase in impairment allowance for receivables from related parties this year as affected by the market environment of the real estate industry, as well as the decrease in demand for property development project services and the decrease in revenue from value-added services to non-property owners.

報告期內,受上游地產行業整體下行等不利因素影響,本集團實現收入人民幣1,063.6百萬元,較2022年下降3.6%,毛利人民幣252.4百萬元,較2022年下降1.5%,淨利潤人民幣14.2百萬元,較2022年下降84.8%,主要由於受地產行業市場環境的影響,本年對關聯方應收款項增加計提減值准備,以及地產開發項目服務需求減少,非業主增值服務收入下降導致。

BUSINESS REVIEW

Our Business Model

Upholding the layout strategy of "penetrating the Greater Jiangsu Region, strengthening foothold in the Yangtze River Delta Region and expanding into core cities (做透大江蘇、深耕長三角、做強中心城)" and surrounding the "customer-centered" service philosophy, we continue to enhance the Redsun Mode and are committed to providing customers with warm quality services across the whole country. We provide a wide range of property management services to property owners, residents and tenants, value-added services to non-property owners, primarily property developers, and other property management companies, and community value-added services to residential property owners and residents.

- 1. Property management services: We provide property owners, residents and tenants with a wide range of property management services, including, among others, public order, cleaning, greening, facility management, customer services and repairs and maintenance services. Our portfolio of managed properties comprises of residential, commercial and other properties. In addition to residential properties, we are expanding our service scopes for non-residential markets. Not only do we provide property management services to a variety of commercial properties, such as shopping malls, home improvement and furnishings malls, hotels and theme parks, but we also provide property management services to properties such as office buildings, industrial parks and schools.
- Value-added services to non-property owners: We also provide value-added services to non-property owners, including (1) consulting services to other property management companies;
 (2) preliminary planning and design consultancy services to property developers for property development projects; (3) sales assistance services to property developers to assist with their sales and marketing activities at property sales venues and display units, including visitor reception, cleaning, security inspection and maintenance; and (4) other value-added services to property developers, such as inspection services.

業務回顧

我們的業務模式

秉持「做透大江蘇,深耕長三角,做強中心城」的戰略 佈局,圍繞「以客戶為中心」的服務理念,持續深化弘 陽模式,致力於為客戶提供有溫度的優質服務,並在 全國範圍內開展業務。我們向業主、住戶及租戶提供 廣泛的物業管理服務,亦向非業主(主要為房地產開發 商)及其他物業管理公司提供增值服務,並為住宅物業 業主及住戶提供社區增值服務。

- 物業管理服務:我們向業主、住戶及租戶提供 廣泛的物業管理服務,其中包括秩序、清潔、 綠化、設施管理、客戶服務以及維修及保養服 務。我們的在管物業組合包括住宅、商業及其 他物業。除住宅物業外,我們對非住業態的服 務範疇也在不斷拓大,不僅為各類商業物業提 供物業管理服務,例如購物中心、家居裝飾及 家具商城、酒店及主題公園,也為寫字樓、產 業園及學校等物業提供物業管理服務。
- 2、 非業主增值服務:我們亦向非業主提供增值服務,包括(1)向其他物業管理公司提供的顧問服務;(2)向房地產開發商提供的房地產開發項目的前期規劃及設計諮詢服務;(3)向房地產開發商提供的協銷服務,以協助其物業銷售場地及展廳的銷售及營銷活動,包括訪客接待、清潔、安保檢查及維護;及(4)向房地產開發商提供的驗收服務等其他增值服務。

- 3. Community value-added services: We provide community value-added services to residential property owners and residents to improve their living experiences with an aim to preserve and increase the value of their properties. Our community value-added services for residential properties primarily include, among others, (1) property brokerage services, (2) property decoration services, (3) community convenience services, (4) common area value-added services, (5) intelligent services, (6) retail services, (7) assets management services and (8) home decoration services.
- 3、 社區增值服務:我們向住宅物業業主及住戶提供社區增值服務,以改善其居住體驗,旨在實現其物業保值升值。住宅物業的社區增值服務主要包括(1)房產中介服務、(2)美居服務、(3)社區便民服務、(4)公區增值服務、(5)智能化服務、(6)零售服務、(7)資產管理服務及(8)家裝服務等。

The table below sets forth a breakdown of the Group's total revenue by business lines during the Reporting Period and the corresponding period of 2022:

下表載列本集團於報告期內及2022年同期按照業務線 劃分的總收入明細:

		As at 31 Dece 截至2023年		As at 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日		
		Revenue 收入 (RMB'000)	收入 佔比		Percentage 佔比 (%)	
		(人民幣千元)	(%)	(人民幣千元)	(%)	
Property management services Value-added services to non-	物業管理服務 非業主增值服務	840,174	79.0	834,730	75.7	
property owners		66,857	6.3	124,612	11.3	
Community value-added services	社區增值服務	156,603	14.7	143,780	13.0	
Total	總計	1,063,634	100.0	1,103,122	100.0	

By types of developers:

The table below sets forth the Group's total revenue from property management services, GFA under management and number of projects during the Reporting Period and the corresponding period of 2022:

按照開發商類型劃分:

下表載列本集團於報告期內及2022年同期物業管理服務收入總額、在管理建築面積及項目數量:

		As at 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日					
			Number of	GFA under			
		Revenue	Projects	management			
		收入	項目數量	在管建築面積		項目數量	在管建築面積
		(RMB'000)		('000 sq.m.)			
		(人民幣千元)		(千平方米)			
Redsun Properties Group ⁽¹⁾	弘陽地產集團(1)	420,470	111	18,403.7	373,720	100	16,435.1
Third-party property developers	第三方房地產開發商	350,867	185	28,025.0	392,360	183	27,396.9
Third party developers(2)	第三方開發商②	269,379	134	20,951.5	319,141	141	21,406.7
Joint ventures and associates of	弘陽地產集團的合資企業						
Redsun Properties Group(3)	及聯營公司(3)	81,488	51	7,073.5	73,219	42	5,990.2
Other associates of our Controlling	控股股東的其他聯繫人個						
Shareholders ⁽⁴⁾		68,837	2	1,031.6	68,650	2	1,031.6
Total	總計	840,174	298	47,460.3	834,730	285	44,863.6

Notes:

- (1) Includes projects solely developed by Redsun Properties Group Limited (the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1996)) and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Redsun Properties Group") and properties that Redsun Properties Group jointly developed with other property developers for which properties Redsun Properties Group holds a controlling interest.
- (2) Includes properties developed by third-party property developers independent from Redsun Properties Group.
- (3) Includes properties developed by property developers which are joint ventures and associates of Redsun Properties Group in which Redsun Properties Group does not hold a controlling interest.
- (4) Includes properties owned by Jiangsu Redsun Industrial Raw Materials City Co., Ltd. ("Redsun Materials City") together with its subsidiaries and Nanjing Redsun Business World Co., Ltd. ("Redsun Business World"), which are associates of our Controlling Shareholders. Redsun Materials City is owned as to 100% by Mr. Zeng Huansha, the founder and Controlling Shareholder of the Group ("Mr. Zeng"). Redsun Business World is held as to 100% by Hong Yang Group Company Limited, which is owned as to 100% by Ms. Zeng Suqing (曾泰清), the sister of Mr. Zeng.

附註:

- (1) 包括弘陽地產集團有限公司(其股份於聯交所上市,股份代號:1996)及其附屬公司(合稱「**弘陽地產集團**」) 單獨開發的項目及弘陽地產集團與其他房地產開發商 共同開發的物業(弘陽地產集團持有該等物業的控制 權益)。
- (2) 包括獨立於弘陽地產集團的第三方房地產開發商開發 的物業。
- (3) 包括為弘陽地產集團於其中並無控制權益的合資企業 及聯營公司的房地產開發商開發的物業。
- (4) 包括控股股東的聯繫人江蘇紅太陽工業原料城有限公司(「紅太陽工業原料城」)及其附屬公司及南京紅太陽商業大世界有限公司(「紅太陽商業大世界」)擁有的物業。紅太陽工業原料城由曾煥沙先生(本集團的創始人及控股股東「曾先生」)擁有100%。紅太陽商業大世界由弘陽集團有限公司持股100%,該公司由曾素清女士(曾先生的胞姐)擁有100%。

By types of properties we manage:

The table below sets forth the Group's total revenue from property management services, GFA under management and number of projects during the Reporting Period and the corresponding period of 2022:

We manage residential and non-residential properties. Our non-residential properties under management include office buildings, malls and schools, etc. Although the revenue from residential properties still accounts for a substantial proportion of our revenue, we endeavor to diversify our service offerings, so as to cover other types of properties.

按照管理物業類型劃分:

下表載列本集團於報告期內及2022年同期物業管理服務收入總額、在管建築面積及項目數量:

我們管理住宅及非住宅物業。我們的在管非住宅物業 包括辦公大樓、商場及學校等。雖然住宅物業收入仍 然繼續佔據我們收入較大部分,但我們正努力使我們 的服務供應多樣化,以涵蓋其他類型的物業。

		As at 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日			As at 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日		
		Number of GFA under					
		Revenue	Projects	management			
				在管			
		收入	項目數量	建築面積		項目數量	建築面積
		(RMB'000)		('000 sq.m.)			
		(人民幣千元)		(千平方米)	(人民幣千元)		(千平方米)
Residential	住宅	597,291	232	40,309.6	526,493	208	35,864.0
Commercial	商業	148,981	24	3,295.7	212,137	26	3,763.4
Public construction and others	公共建設及其他	93,902	42	3,855.0	96,100	51	5,236.2
Total	總計	840,174	298	47,460.3	834,730	285	44,863.6

By types of geographic presence:

The table below sets forth the Group's total revenue from property management services, GFA under management and number of projects during the Reporting Period and the corresponding period of 2022:

Since the inception of the Group, we have expanded our geographic presence from Nanjing to 56 cities in China as at 31 December 2023.

按照地理分佈類型劃分:

下表載列本集團於報告期內及2022年同期物業管理服務收入總額、在管建築面積及項目數量:

自本集團成立以來,截至2023年12月31日,我們的地理分佈已從南京拓展至中國56座城市。

		As at					
		截至2023年12月31日					
			Number of	GFA under			
		Revenue	Projects	management			
				在管			
		收入	項目數量	建築面積		項目數量	建築面積
		(RMB'000)		('000 sq.m.)			
		(人民幣千元)		(千平方米)	(人民幣千元)		(千平方米)
Nanjing	南京	297,825	96	14,428.2	349,277	100	14,502.1
liangsu (excluding Nanjing)	江蘇(除南京外)	189,064	71	12,379.4	169,410	58	9,934.3
Shanghai	上海	12,199	2	808.1	7,473	2	808.
Anhui	安徽	93,844	41	8,244.6	81,369	40	7,654.
Shandong	山東	8,738	2	164.0	8,522	2	164.0
Hunan	湖南	18,096	8	1,147.5	15,991	8	1,226.2
Hebei	河北	4,484	1	51.9	4,935	1	51.
Henan	河南	6,933	2	312.5	7,530	2	312.
Zhejiang	浙江	34,634	15	1,745.5	16,603	11	1,179.
Hubei	湖北	112,494	34	4,409.5	116,049	36	5,173.
Chongqing	重慶	21,806	8	1,101.5	17,115	7	1,006.
liangxi	江西	12,797	4	601.1	14,192	5	769.
Guangdong	廣東	10,150	5	454.5	8,446	6	685.
Sichuan	四川	14,993	8	1,525.6	10,434	6	1,309.
lilin	吉林	-	-	-,	5,950	_	.,505
Shaanxi	陜西	2,116	1	86.3	1,434	1	86

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

During the Reporting Period, the Group's revenue amounted to RMB1,063.6 million, representing a decrease of 3.6% from RMB1,103.1 million for the corresponding period in 2022. The decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in the Group's revenue from providing value-added services to non-property owners.

Property management services

During the Reporting Period, the Group's revenue from providing property management services amounted to RMB840.2 million, representing an increase of 0.7% from RMB834.7 million for the corresponding period in 2022. This was mainly attributable to the rapid increase in total GFA under management in line with the Group's business expansion.

Value-added services to non-property owners

During the Reporting Period, the Group's revenue from value-added services to non-property owners amounted to RMB66.9 million, representing a decrease of 46.3% from RMB124.6 million for the corresponding period in 2022. The decrease in revenue from value-added services to non-property owners was mainly attributable to the decrease of sales venue projects caused by the real estate projects being delivered one after another.

Community value-added services

During the Reporting Period, the Group's revenue from community value-added services achieved substantial growth, amounting to RMB156.6 million, representing an increase of 8.9% from RMB143.8 million for the corresponding period in 2022. During the Reporting Period, the increase in revenue from community value-added services was mainly attributable to the increase in revenue from project common area resource.

Cost of sales and services

During the Reporting Period, the Group's cost of sales and services amounted to RMB811.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately 4.2% from RMB846.8 million for the corresponding period in 2022. This was mainly attributable to the decrease in staff cost and sub-contracting cost.

財務回顧

收入

於報告期內,本集團的收入為人民幣1,063.6百萬元,較2022年同期收入人民幣1,103.1百萬元下降3.6%。下降主要由於本集團自對非業主的增值服務的收入降低所致。

物業管理服務

於報告期內,本集團提供物業管理服務取得的人民幣 840.2百萬元,較2022年同期收入人民幣834.7百萬元增 加0.7%,主要原因為本集團業務擴張,在管總建築面 積快速增加所致。

非業主增值服務

於報告期內,本集團的非業主增值服務收入人民幣 66.9百萬元,較2022年同期收入人民幣124.6百萬元下 降46.3%,非業主增值服務收入的減少主要係地產項目 陸續交付,案場項目減少所致。

社區增值服務

本集團的社區增值服務在報告期內取得大幅增長,人民幣156.6百萬元,較2022年同期收入人民幣143.8百萬元增加8.9%。於報告期內,社區增值服務收入增加的主要原因係項目公區資源收入增加所致。

銷售及服務成本

報告期內,本集團的銷售及服務成本為人民幣811.2百萬元,較2022年同期人民幣846.8百萬元下降約4.2%,主要由於員工成本及分包成本下降所致。

Gross profit

As a result of the aforementioned key factors, the Group's gross profit decreased by approximately 1.5% from RMB256.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 to RMB252.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2023. The decrease was mainly attributable to a decrease in revenue from providing value-added services to non-property owners.

The Group's gross profit margin by business lines is set forth below:

毛利

基於上述主要因素,本集團的毛利由截至2022年12月 31日止年度的人民幣256.4百萬元下降約1.5%,至截至 2023年12月31日止年度的人民幣252.4百萬元,該減少 主要由於來自對非業主的增值服務收入有所減少。

本集團按各業務線劃分的毛利率如下:

		For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度	
		2023 20	
		2023年	
Property management services Value-added services to non-property owners Community value-added services	物業管理服務 非業主增值服務 社區增值服務	22.3% 15.8% 35.1%	22.2% 16.6% 35.0%
Total	總計	23.7%	23.2%

During the Reporting Period, the Group's gross profit margin was 23.7%, representing an increase of 0.5 percentage point from 23.2% for the corresponding period in 2022. This was mainly attributable to the increase in the gross profit margin of property management services and community value-added services.

報告期內,本集團毛利率為23.7%,較2022年同期的 23.2%上升0.5個百分點,主要由於物業管理服務及社區 增值服務毛利率上升所致。

The gross profit margin of property management services was 22.3%, representing an increase of 0.1 percentage point from 22.2% for the corresponding period in 2022. This was mainly attributable to the gross profit margin of the period increased due to the decrease in costs of project outsourcing and energy consumption during the Reporting Period.

物業管理服務毛利率為22.3%,較2022年同期的22.2% 上升0.1個百分點,主要由於報告期內項目外包成本及 能耗成本減少所致,本期毛利率上升。

The gross profit margin of value-added services to non-property owners was 15.8%, representing a decrease of 0.8 percentage point from 16.6% for the corresponding period in 2022. This was mainly attributable to the decrease in the gross profit margin of sales assistance services provided to property developers by the Group due to the impact of the real estate industry.

非業主增值服務毛利率為15.8%,較2022年同期的 16.6%下降0.8個百分點,主要由於本集團受房地產行業 影響,向房地產開發商提供的協銷服務毛利率下降所 致。

The gross profit margin of community value-added services was 35.1%, representing an increase of 0.1 percentage point from 35.0% for the corresponding period in 2022. This was mainly attributable to the increase in the gross profit margin due to the decrease of costs in parking spaces sales business of the Group during the Reporting Period.

社區增值服務毛利率為35.1%,較2022年同期的35.0% 上升0.1個百分點,主要由於報告期內本集團車位銷售 業務成本縮減、毛利率提升所致。

Other income and other net income

During the Reporting Period, the Group's other income and other net income amounted to RMB9.7 million, compared to RMB16.8 million for the corresponding period in 2022, mainly attributable to the decrease in government grants received in the Reporting Period.

Administrative expenses

During the Reporting Period, the Group's administrative expenses amounted to RMB99.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately 24.7% from RMB132.7 million for the corresponding period in 2022. This was mainly attributable to the upgrade of management system and reinforcement of cost control by the Group.

Net impairment losses on financial assets

The Group's net impairment losses on financial assets primarily included the impairment allowance for trade receivables and other receivables in accordance with the accounting policy. During the Reporting Period, the Group's net impairment losses on financial assets amounted to RMB119.0 million, as compared to RMB7.9 million for the corresponding period in 2022, which was mainly due to the increase in impairment allowance for receivables from related parties during the period.

Profit before income tax expense

During the Reporting Period, the Group's profit before income tax expense amounted to RMB38.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately 69.6% from RMB127.9 million for the corresponding period in 2022.

Income tax expenses

During the Reporting Period, the Group's income tax expense amounted to RMB24.7 million, representing a decrease of approximately 27.7% from RMB34.1 million for the corresponding period in 2022, which was mainly due to the decrease in profit before tax.

其他收入及其他淨收入

報告期內,本集團的其他收入及其他淨收入為人民幣 9.7百萬元,而2022年同期為人民幣16.8百萬元,主要 由於報告期內收到的政府補助減少。

行政開支

報告期內,本集團的行政開支為人民幣99.9百萬元,較2022年同期人民幣132.7百萬元下降約24.7%,主要由於本集團升級管理體系,加強成本管控所致。

金融資產減值虧損淨額

本集團的金融資產減值虧損淨額主要包括根據會計政策計提的貿易應收款項及其他應收款項減值準備。報告期內,本集團的金融資產減值虧損淨額為人民幣119.0百萬元,2022年同期為人民幣7.9百萬元,主要由本期增加計提關聯方應收賬款減值準備所致。

除所得税開支前溢利

報告期內,本集團除所得税開支前溢利為人民幣 38.9百萬元,較2022年同期人民幣127.9百萬元下降約 69.6%。

所得税開支

報告期內,本集團所得税開支為人民幣24.7百萬元,較2022年同期人民幣34.1百萬元下降約27.7%,主要由於稅前溢利減少。

Liquidity, reserves and capital structure

The Group maintained a solid financial position during the Reporting Period. As at 31 December 2023, the current assets amounted to RMB1,406.5 million, representing an increase as compared to RMB1,295.3 million as at 31 December 2022. The Group's cash and cash equivalents were mainly denominated in RMB and amounted to RMB638.1 million as at 31 December 2023, representing an increase of 16.9% from RMB545.7 million as at 31 December 2022. The current ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities) of the Group as at 31 December 2023 was 1.88, representing a slight decrease from 2.07 as at 31 December 2022. The gearing ratio (total liabilities divided by total assets) as at 31 December 2023 was 47.0%, representing an increase of 3.3 percentage points from 43.7% as at 31 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's total equity amounted to RMB898.6 million, representing an increase of 0.9% from RMB890.2 million as at 31 December 2022, which was mainly due to the growth in operating profit.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings amounted to RMB44.9 million, representing a decrease of 23.4% as compared to RMB58.56 million as at 31 December 2022.

The Group's total borrowings were repayable as follows:

流動資金、儲備及資本結構

本集團於報告期內維持穩健的財務狀況。於2023年12月31日流動資產為人民幣1,406.5百萬元,較2022年12月31日人民幣1,295.3百萬元有所增加。本集團的現金及現金等價物大部份為人民幣,於2023年12月31日達人民幣638.1百萬元,較2022年12月31日人民幣545.7百萬元增加16.9%。本集團於2023年12月31日的流動比率(流動資產除以流動負債)為1.88,較2022年12月31日的2.07略降低。於2023年12月31日的資產負債比率(總負債除以總資產)為47.0%,較2022年12月31日的43.7%增加3.3個百分點。

本集團於2023年12月31日的權益總額為人民幣898.6 百萬元,較2022年12月31日人民幣890.2百萬元增加 0.9%,主要由於經營溢利帶來的增長。

本集團於2023年12月31日的計息銀行貸款為人民幣44.9 百萬元,較2022年12月31日人民幣58.56百萬元減少23.4%。

本集團總借貸償還情況如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	(T.M. 1 T. HABB #5 Vm / L. AD / - 45° T.		
Bank loans repayable:	須於以下期間償還的銀行貸款:		
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求	13,791	13,822
In the second year	於第二年	13,822	13,820
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	於第三年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	17,241	30,915
Total	總計	44,854	58,557

The Group's bank loans are secured by mortgages over 80% equity of Wuhan Huidehang Jingying Property Management Co., Ltd (an indirectly non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) and guaranteed by Nanjing Hong Yang Property Management Co., Ltd (an indirectly whollyowned subsidiary of the Company).

As at 31 December 2023, all of the Group's bank borrowings bear interest at fixed interest rates.

The Group actively reviews and manages its capital structure on a regular basis to maintain a balance between the relatively high returns to the owners of the Group and possible high level of borrowings and maintains the advantages and security of a sound capital position. The Group also makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

Trade receivables

The Group's trade receivables primarily include receivables from customers for property management services and community value-added services. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade receivables amounted to RMB254.6 million, representing an increase of approximately 33.3% from RMB191.0 million as at 31 December 2022, which was mainly due to increase in the number of projects under management by the Group and the lower overall collection rate of newly taken-over projects.

Prepayments, other receivables and other assets

The Group's prepayments, other receivables and other assets primarily consist of prepayments on behalf of customers to utility suppliers, other deposits, amounts due from third parties and other tax recoverable. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's prepayments, deposits and other receivables amounted to RMB123.4 million, representing an increase of 12.0% from RMB110.1 million as at 31 December 2022, primarily due to the increase in prepayments on behalf of customers to utility suppliers resulting from the increase in the number of projects under management.

本集團的銀行貸款乃由武漢匯得行精英物業管理有限公司(本公司的間接非全資附屬公司)逾80%股權作抵押及由南京弘陽物業管理有限公司(本公司的間接非全資附屬公司)擔保。

於2023年12月31日,本集團所有銀行借貸均按固定利率計息。

本集團定期積極審閱及管理資本結構,於維持本集團 擁有人較高回報及可能出現之高借貸水平之間取得平 衡,並保持穩健資本狀況所享有之優勢和安全,亦因 應經濟狀況變動而調整資本結構。

貿易應收款項

本集團的貿易應收款項主要包括就物業管理服務及社區增值服務來自客戶的應收款項。本集團於2023年12月31日的貿易應收款項為人民幣254.6百萬元,較2022年12月31日的人民幣191.0百萬元增加約33.3%,主要由於本集團在管項目數量的增加,新接管項目的整體收繳率較低所致。

預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產

本集團的預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產主要包括代表客戶向公用事業供應商支付的預付款項、其他按金、應收第三方款項及其他可收回税項。本集團於2023年12月31日的預付款項、按金及其他應收款項為人民幣123.4百萬元,較2022年12月31日的人民幣110.1百萬元增加12.0%,主要由於在管項目增加導致的代表客戶向公用事業供應商支付的預付款項增加。

Trade payables

The Group's trade payables mainly comprise amounts due to subcontractors of property management services. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade payables amounted to RMB195.9 million, representing an increase of approximately 29.6% from RMB151.1 million as at 31 December 2022, which was mainly due to the increase in the number of projects under management by the Group, resulting in an expansion of the corresponding outsourcing scale.

Contract liabilities

The Group's contract liabilities mainly represent the advance payments made by customers while our underlying services are yet to be provided. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's contract liabilities amounted to RMB252.6 million, representing an increase of approximately 11.0% from RMB227.5 million as at 31 December 2022, which was mainly due to the continuous growth in the number of property projects under management as a result of the Group's business expansion.

Other payables and accruals

The Group's other payables and accruals primarily comprise payroll and welfare payable to our employees, receipts on behalf of community residents for utilities, business tax and surcharges, and other payables. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's other payables and accruals amounted to RMB204.7 million, representing an increase of approximately 14.1% from RMB179.3 million as at 31 December 2022, which was mainly due to the increase in receipts in advance on behalf of utility suppliers from customers resulting from the increase in the number of projects under management.

Contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not have material contingent liabilities or guarantees.

貿易應付款項

本集團的貿易應付款項主要為應付物業管理服務分包商的款項。本集團於2023年12月31日的貿易應付款項為人民幣195.9百萬元,較2022年12月31日的人民幣151.1百萬元增加約29.6%,主要由於本集團在管項目增加,外包規模相應擴大所致。

合同負債

本集團的合同負債主要為客戶在尚未提供相關服務時所作出的預付款項。本集團於2023年12月31日的合同負債為人民幣252.6百萬元,較2022年12月31日的人民幣227.5百萬元增加約11.0%,主要由於本集團業務擴張,管理的物業項目數量持續增加。

其他應付款項及應計費用

本集團的其他應付款項及應計費用主要包括應付僱員的工資及福利、就公用事業向社區住戶收取的收款、營業稅及附加費、其他應付款項。本集團於2023年12月31日的其他應付款項及應計費用為人民幣204.7百萬元,較2022年12月31日的人民幣179.3百萬元增加約14.1%,主要由於在管項目增加導致的代公用事業供應商向客戶收取的預收款項增加。

或有負債

本集團於2023年12月31日無重大或有負債或者擔保。

OUTLOOK

In 2024, the Group will adhere to the original intention of "making life warmer," formulate development strategic plans in combination with the transformation of the market environment with the need of customers as the core, deeply analyze the achievement of key strategic performance in previous years and provide accurate and targeted services with warmth and thoughtfulness, high quality and stability.

In 2024, the Group will continue to broaden the new track, as well as deeply develop its advantageous fields, balance the complementary relationship between business growth and stock, ensure healthy business development in terms of systems, and achieve sustainable and quality growth in business scale and profits.

Deep Development and Broad Expansion and Innovation. The Group has always been committed to the development strategy of "deeply developing in Jiangsu, and expanding presence in the Yangtze River Delta region", focusing on the targeted development of other central cities with advantages, seeking opportunities in development, winning market opportunities and gaining customer trust.

In terms of market expansion, the Company will integrate resources with taking Jiangsu Province as the core development area, provide high-quality basic services, and help scale high-quality and steady expansion. We will incubate new products from the basic portfolio, innovate new types of businesses on an incremental basis, actively develop diversified value-added services, increase the number of service projects in the region to generate economies of scale, and reduce costs and increase efficiency.

Improve Business, Quality and Efficiency. The Group will continue to strengthen industry exchanges, draw on the innovative ideas and successful cases of leading enterprises, form a standardized service system with Redsun's characteristics through pilot operations, and promote standardized replication to improve management efficiency.

未來展望

2024年,本集團會堅持秉承「讓生活更有溫度」的初心,以客戶為中心,結合市場環境的轉變制定發展戰略規劃,深層次剖析以前年度戰略關鍵業績達成情況,精準定向並提供有溫度、高質量和穩定的服務。

2024年,本集團會不斷拓寬新賽道,精耕優勢領域, 平衡好業務增量和存量的互補關係,從體系和制度上 確保業務健康發展,實現業務規模和利潤可持續、有 質量增長。

深耕廣拓,發展創新。本集團始終堅持「做透大江蘇, 深耕長三角」的發展策略,對其它有優勢領域的中心城 進行有針對性的聚焦發展,在發展中尋求機遇,不斷 贏取市場,獲得客戶信任。

在市場拓展方面,公司將以江蘇省為核心發展區域,整合資源,提供高品質的基礎服務,助力規模高質和穩步擴張。從基本盤中孵化新產品,從增量上創新新業態,積極開展多元增值服務,提升區域內服務項目數量,產生規模效應,實現降本增效。

業務精進,提質增效。本集團會持續加強行業交流, 借鑒頭部企業創新思路和成功案例,通過試點運行, 形成弘陽特色的標準化服務體系,推進標準化複製, 提高管理效率。

We will continue to strengthen the business training of the "Hong Elite", "Redsun Housekeeper" and "Hong Master", to enhance overall service and improve the profitability of individual projects. We will sort out and improve the efficiency plan on a case by case basis, focusing on the management and improvement of the efficiency of such segments as parking space system management, energy consumption reduction, cost recruitment and procurement management, personnel organization efficiency and digital information system upgrade, so as to realize intelligent replacement of manual management, mechanize and improve operation efficiency, and intelligently improve management efficiency. Efficiency and overall profitability will be improved through refined business, smooth processes, clear rights and responsibilities, and online technology.

不斷加強「弘精英」、「弘管家」和「弘師傅」的業務培訓,增強整體服務力,提高單項目盈利能力。逐個梳理提效方案,從停車場系統管理、能源消耗降低、成本招採管理、人員組織效能和數信系統升級等模塊管控提效,實現智能化替代人工管理,機械化提升作業效率,智能化提高管理效率。通過業務精細化、流程暢通化、權責清晰化和科技線上化等提高效能,提高整體盈利能力。

Value-added Services and Rational Connections. Through market research on the daily life needs of customers, in-depth research on product quality and service chain supply and customer group analysis, the Group will give full play to its own resource advantages, re-design value-added business products from the perspective of customers, open up a number of new business tracks (such as Hongteng Decoration (弘 騰裝飾), Hongyang Selection (弘陽優選)), with which deeply integrate property decoration and online home decoration business, and specialize in professional and refined services. At the same time, we will carry out community retail business, seize market opportunities to promote intelligent business, etc., meet the diverse service needs of customers, gain customers for product quality and service quality, improve customer satisfaction, and enhance customer stickiness.

增值服務,理性鏈接。本集團會通過市場調研客戶日常生活所需,深層研究產品質量和服務鏈供給和客群分析等,充分發揮自身資源優勢,從客戶視角全新設計增值業務產品,開闢多條新業務賽道(如弘騰裝飾,弘陽優選),深度融合美居和互聯網家裝業務,將服務做專做精。同時開展社區零售業務,抓住市場機遇推進智能化業務等,滿足客戶多樣化服務需求,讓產品質量和服務溫度贏得客戶,提升滿意度,增強客戶黏性。

Community Elderly Care with Promising Potential. The Group will actively integrate its resources with community hospitals, recreation and leisure centres and sanatoriums to provide a complete set of link-up services from offline consultation to online medical advice. Community hospital sites are also set up in the residential area to reduce the pressure of on-site medical treatment for hospitals. We also explore diversified and personalized community home elderly care services, plan and design recreational clubs. Based on the special home elderly care service list, the Group will advance "property + elderly care services," and create integrated community services to meet customer needs so as to seek new profit growth streams for the Group.

社區養老,潛力可期。本集團會積極與社區醫院、康樂中心和療養院等機構進行資源整合,從客戶的線下問診到線上的就醫提供一整套鏈接便利服務。在園區設立社區醫院點位,為醫院減輕現場就醫壓力,探索多元化、個性化的社區居家養老服務。規劃康樂設計俱樂部,建立專屬的居家養老服務清單,推進「物業+養老服務」,打造社區服務綜合體來滿足客戶需求,為企業謀求新的盈利增長點。

Customer Satisfaction and Quality Improvement. In order to continuously improve customer satisfaction and customer loyalty, the Group continued to adhere to the service concept of "customercentric," combined with changes in the market environment and business structure, and continuously optimize the service system, quality standards and system construction, so that the Company's quality control system can match the market demand and internal development needs and strive to provide high-quality services.

客戶滿意,品質提升。為持續提升客戶滿意度和客戶忠誠度,本集團繼續秉承[以客戶為中心]的服務理念,結合市場環境和業務結構變化,從服務體系、質量標準和制度建設等方面不斷優化,使公司質量管控體系匹配市場需求和內部發展需要,追求提供高品質服務。

Taking leading enterprises and enterprises of the same scale as in-depth benchmarking, the Group, in combination with the Group's corporate culture and business structure, defines the development direction of residential and non-residential businesses, adheres to quality-oriented, and establishes a quality control system and cost standard system for the whole business landscape and full life cycle. We will actively carry out diversified value-added services, increase the level of project revenue within the unit scale, and with the help of an intelligent platform, we will optimize customer service experience while improving management efficiency, and achieve continuous improvement in our reputation among customers and service quality.

本集團同頭部企業及同規模企業深度對標,結合本集 團企業文化和業務結構,明確住宅和非住業務發展方 向,堅持品質為本,建立全業態、全生命週期的質量 管控體系和成本標準體系。積極開展多元增值服務, 提高單位規模內的項目營收水平,並借助智能化平 台,在管理提效的同時優化客戶服務體驗,實現客戶 口碑和服務品質的持續提升。

Digital Information Guarantee, and Improvement in Efficiency Systemically. According to the business development of the industry and the Company, the Group continues to upgrade and optimize the digital information system in light of the information development, and realizes data sharing, modules integrations and business synergy. In 2024, placing focuses on governance of system data to ensure data accuracy and timeliness, we will strive to realize data sharing, and improve the utilization rate of data assets among systems through aligning investment, financial and operating systems, and provide accurate data analysis support for business decision-making through business analysis platforms and multi-scenario outputs so as to assist in operations and risk control.

數信保障,系統提效。本集團根據行業及公司業務發展,匹配信息化建設持續進行升級優化,實現數據共享,模塊集成和業務協同。2024年,重點對系統數據進行治理,保障數據準確性和及時性,協同投資、財務和運營系統實現系統間數據共享,提升數據資產的利用率,通過經營分析平台和多場景輸出,為經營決策提供精準數據分析支撑,助力經營和風險預控。

Organized Development and Cultural Protection. We adhered to a flat organizational structure with maintaining a streamlined and efficient organizational model. We will strengthen the talent deployment concept of "advancement of headquarters, enhancement of branches, and optimization of projects". By enhancing the complexity of division of labor and nurturing three major key talents, namely, "Hong Elite", "Redsun Housekeeper" and "Hong Master", we use innovation to bring vitality and safeguard our competitiveness.

組織發展,文化守護。持續堅持偏平化的組織架構,保持精簡高效的組織模式,強化「精總部、強區域、優項目」的人才配置理念,通過提升分工的複合性,持續鍛造「弘精英」、「弘管家」和「弘師傅」三類關鍵人才,讓創新精神成為激發組織活力和戰鬥力的重要保障。

Adhering to the core values of "professionalism and building credibility for the long term", we will reinforce our principle of being talent-oriented, fighter-oriented and contributor-oriented and uphold our ideals of health, hard work, practicality, vitality, affinity, coordination and facing problems. Based on such values and principle, corporate cultural development was facilitated and a consensus among employees was reached.

堅守「在商言人,誠者致遠」的核心價值觀,強化「以 人才為本,以拼搏者、貢獻者為本」的原則,堅持「健 康、拼搏、大愛、務實簡單、活力陽光、人文關懷、 交圈協同、直面問題」的理念,推動企業文化發展,形 成員工共識。

In 2024, as the property management industry advances to a higher quality direction, the Group will rely on its continuously enhancing service power, operational capacity and innovative power, work hard to make new achievements and try its best endeavors to become a venerable good life operator.

2024年,隨著物業管理行業向高質量方向精進,本集 團將依靠持續增強的服務力、經營力和品牌力,不斷 拼搏向上,致力成為一家受人尊敬的美好生活運營服 務商。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE/OTHER INFORMATION

1. Material Investments, Acquisitions and Disposals

There was no other material investment, acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures by the Group during the Reporting Period.

2. Employment and Remuneration Policies

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 3,203 employees in total, of which 2,515 employees were engaged in property management and related services for residential properties, 307 employees were engaged in property management and related services for commercial properties and 381 employees were engaged in property management and related services for public construction properties.

The emolument of the employees of the Group is mainly determined based on their duties, performance and the prevailing market level in the respective regions. The Group has formulated a systematic and market-competitive employee incentive plan and a comprehensive talent cultivation scheme based on its business to attract and retain talents through offering competitive salary packages, comprehensive talent training strategies, internal promotion system and a caring corporate culture. In addition, focusing on the entire process of talent cultivation and development, the Group has also formulated the systematic talent cultivation scheme, for enhancing the quality of talents and broadening its pool of talents. The Group has designed the "Hong Elite Scheme (弘精英計劃)", "Management Trainee programme", and "Hong Yao Scheme (弘耀計劃)" for the key talents, as well as cultivated city companies "Hong Elite", "Redsun Housekeeper" and "Hong Master" for enhancing capabilities of the Company's customer services, in which systematic arrangements are implemented to provide the employees of the Group with clear development path and secure the demand for talents in different business segments and levels.

The Group believes that talent cultivation scheme of the Group will enhance team building, improve team capability, and provide talent pipelines for the business development of the Group.

企業管治/其他資料

1. 重大投資、收購及出售

於報告期間,本集團並無其他重大投資、收購 及出售附屬公司、聯營公司或合營企業。

2. 僱員及薪酬政策

截至2023年12月31日,本集團共有3,203名員工,其中2,515名員工從事住宅物業的物業管理及相關服務,307名員工從事商業物業的物業管理及相關服務,381名員工從事公建物業的物業管理及相關服務。

本集團相信,本集團的人才培養計劃將加強團 隊建設,提高團隊能力,並為本集團業務發展 提供人才通道。

3. Use of Net Proceeds Raised from Initial Public Offering and Over-allotment Option

The net proceeds from initial public offering amounted to approximately HK\$398 million. On 27 July 2020, the Company also received net proceeds of HK\$62.1 million from the full exercise of over-allotment option.

The table below sets out the details of actual usage of the net proceeds as at 31 December 2023:

3. 首次公開發售及超額配股權籌集所得款項 淨額的用途

首次公開發售籌集所得款項淨額約398百萬港元。本公司亦於2020年7月27日獲得自全面行使超額配股權的所得款項淨額62.1百萬港元。

下表載列所得款項淨額於2023年12月31日的實際用途詳情:

		Net Proceeds (HK\$ million) 所得款項淨額(百萬港元)				
Item	項目	Percentage	Available	Used	Used	
		百分比	可動用	已動用	已動用	
			款項淨額	12月31日	十二個月	
Selective strategic investment and acquisition and further expansion of	選擇性策略投資及收購以及 進一步擴大物業管理業務					
property management business	規模	40%	184	184	30	
R&D and upgrade of intelligent system	智能系統的研發及升級	30%	138	138	48	
Improvement of service quality	服務質量提升	10%	46	46	4	
Recruitment of talents and improvement of employee training and employee	招募人才及改善員工培訓和 員工福利制度					
benefit system		10%	46	46	8	
Working capital and general corporate	營運資金及一般公司用途					
purposes		10%	46	46		
T	A ÷1	4000/	4.50	4-2		
Total	合計	100%	460	460	90	

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

4. Events after the Reporting Period

On 23 January 2024, the Company was informed by Hong Yang Group Company Limited, its controlling shareholder, that Serica Agency Limited (the "Petitioner") filed a winding up petition dated 19 January 2024 (the "Petition") against Hong Yang Group Company Limited in the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for an order that Hong Yang Group Company Limited be wound up by the High Court under the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32, Laws of Hong Kong) on the ground that Hong Yang Group Company Limited was unable to repay the Petitioner in the sum of USD288,578,125, being the amount of payment under the USD275,000,000 9.875% guaranteed senior notes due 2022 issued by Hong Seng Limited, inclusive of interest up to August 2022 (the "Senior Notes"). Hong Seng Limited is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Hong Yang Group Company Limited. Hong Yang Group Company Limited is the guarantor of the Senior Notes.

For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 23 January 2024. The Company will make further announcement(s) to keep its shareholders and potential investors informed of any significant developments in relation to the Petition as and when appropriate.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no material events after the Reporting Period.

5. Final Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: nil).

6. Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Group nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Period.

4. 本報告期後事項

於2024年1月23日,本公司獲控股股東弘陽集團有限公司告知,Serica Agency Limited(「**呈請人**」) 向香港特別行政區高等法院提呈針對弘陽集團有限公司日期為2024年1月19日的清盤呈請(「**呈請**」),要求高等法院根據香港法例第32章公司(清盤及雜項條文)條例頒令將弘陽集團有限公司清盤,理據為弘陽集團有限公司無法向呈請人償還288,578,125美元,即弘昇有限公司所發行於2022年到期的275,000,000美元9.875%有擔保優先票據(「**優先票據**」)項下的付款金額(包括直至2022年8月止的利息)。弘昇有限公司為弘陽集團有限公司為優先票據的擔保人。

詳情請參閱本公司日期為2024年1月23日的公告。本公司將適時作進一步公告,以讓股東及潛在投資者知悉有關呈請的任何重大發展。

除上述披露外,本集團報告期後無重大事項。

5. 末期股息

董事會不建議就截至2023年12月31日止年度派 付末期股息(2022年:無)。

6. 購買、出售及贖回本公司上市證券

報告期間,本集團及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

7. Exposure to Foreign Exchange Risk

The Group primarily operates in the PRC and the majority of transactions were denominated and settled in RMB. As at the date of this report, the Group has not entered into any hedging transactions to mitigate the exposure to foreign exchange risk. The Group will continue to monitor foreign exchange activities and safeguard the cash value of the Group with its best efforts.

8. Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code

The Group is committed to implementing high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the shareholders of the Company and enhance the corporate value as well as the responsibility commitments. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") as its corporate governance standards and, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions set out in Part 2 of the CG Code during the Reporting Period.

The Directors will use their best endeavors to procure the Company to continue to comply with the CG Code.

9. Annual General Meeting

An annual general meeting (the "**AGM**") has been scheduled to be convened at 10:00 a.m. on Friday, 21 June 2024.

10. Closure of Register of Members

For the purpose of determining the rights to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 18 June 2024 to Friday, 21 June 2024, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. All transfer documents of the Company accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the branch share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 17 June 2024.

7. 面對的外匯風險

本集團主要在中國經營,大部分交易以人民幣 計價和結算。於本報告日期,本集團並無進行 任何對沖交易以減輕外匯風險。本集團將繼續 監察外匯活動,並盡最大努力保障本集團的現 金價值。

8. 遵守企業管治守則

本集團致力於實現高標準企業管治,以保障本公司股東權益及提高企業價值與責任承擔。本公司已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C1所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)作為其本身的企業管治準則,且根據董事所知,於報告期間,本公司已遵守企業管治守則第二部分所有適用守則條文。

董事並將盡全力促使本公司繼續遵守企業管治 守則。

9. 股東週年大會

擬定於2024年6月21日(星期五)上午十時正召開 股東週年大會(「**股東週年大會**」)。

10. 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

為確定出席股東週年大會及於會上投票的權利,本公司將於2024年6月18日(星期二)至2024年6月21日(星期五)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理本公司的股份過戶登記手續,期間所有股份將暫停過戶。所有本公司過戶文件連同相關股票須於不遲於2024年6月17日(星期一)下午四時三十分送交本公司位於香港證券登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖,以作登記。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

Compliance with the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its code for dealing in securities in the Company by the Directors.

The Directors have confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Reporting Period.

12. Review of Annual Results by the Audit Committee

The Board has established its audit committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 3.21 and 3.22 of the Listing Rules and code provision D.3 of the CG Code.

The primary duties of the audit committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management system of the Group, oversee the audit process, provide advice and comments to the Board, perform other duties and responsibilities as may be assigned by the Board.

The audit committee consists of four members, including three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Zhao Xianbo, Ms. Wang Fen and Mr. Li Xiaohang; and one non-executive Director, Mr. Zeng Junkai. The audit committee is chaired by Mr. Zhao Xianbo, an independent non-executive Director who possesses appropriate professional accounting and related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

Our audit committee has reviewed the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 and confirmed that it has complied with all applicable accounting principles, standards and requirements, and made sufficient disclosures. Our audit committee has also discussed the matters of audit and financial reporting.

11. 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易內的標準守則(「標準守則」) 作為董事買賣本公司證券的守則。

董事確認,彼等於報告期間一直遵守標準守則 所載規定準則。

12. 審核委員會審閱年度業績

董事會已遵照上市規則第3.21條及3.22條及企業 管治守則的守則條文第D.3條成立審核委員會, 並設定書面職權範圍。

審核委員會的主要職責是審閱和監察本集團的 財務報告流程、內部控制和風險管理體系,監 督審計流程,向董事會提供建議和意見,並履 行董事會可能指派的其他職責和責任。

審核委員會由四名成員組成,分別是三名獨立 非執行董事趙現波先生、王奮女士和李曉航先 生,以及一名非執行董事曾俊凱先生。審核委 員會由趙現波先生擔任主席,他是一名擁有上 市規則第3.10(2)條規定的適當的專業會計和相關 財務管理專業知識的獨立非執行董事。

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至2023年12月31日 止年度的綜合財務報表,並確認已遵從所有適 用的會計原則、準則及規定及已作出足夠披 露。審核委員會亦已討論審計及財務報告事 宜。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. ZENG Junkai (曾後凱), aged 30, has served as the chairman of the Board, a non-executive Director, an Authorized representative, the chairman of the Nomination committee and a member of the Audit committee of the Group since 23 December 2021. He has been an executive director and a vice president of Redsun Properties Group Limited ("Redsun Properties", together with its subsidiaries, the "Redsun Properties Group"), a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (stock code: 1996), since February 2021, and the general manager of the Nanjing regional companies (南京區域公司總經理) of the Redsun Properties Group from January 2021 to November 2022. He served as the general manager of the Chengdu regional companies (成都區域公司總經理) of the Redsun Properties Group from October 2018 to January 2021 and the assistant president of Hong Yang Group Company Limited, the controlling shareholder of the Company, from May 2016 to October 2018.

Mr. Zeng Junkai graduated from Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania in the United States of America and obtained a bachelor degree in Economics (majoring in Finance) in May 2016. Mr. Zeng Junkai is a committee member of Jiangsu Province's 13th Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (江蘇省政協第十三屆委員會), an executive vice president of Jiangsu Overseas Chinese Chamber of Commerce (江蘇省僑商總會) and the executive vice president of Jiangsu Young Entrepreneurs Federation. Mr. Zeng Junkai is the son of Mr. Zeng Huansha, a controlling shareholder of the Company, and the brother of Ms. Zeng Zixi, an executive Director and the daughter of Mr. Zeng Huansha.

非執行董事

曾後凱先生,30歲,自2021年12月23日起擔任本集團董事會主席、非執行董事、授權代表、提名委員會主席及審核委員會成員,2021年2月起一直擔任弘陽地產集團有限公司(「弘陽地產」,一家於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市的公司(股份代號:1996),連同其附屬公司,統稱「弘陽地產集團」)的執行董事及副總裁,彼於2021年1月至2022年11月擔任弘陽地產集團南京區域公司總經理,於2018年10月至2021年1月擔任弘陽地產集團成都區域公司總經理,並於2016年5月至2018年10月擔任本公司控股股東弘陽集團有限公司的助理總裁。

曾俊凱先生於2016年5月畢業於美國賓夕法尼亞大學 沃頓商學院,取得經濟學學士學位(主修金融)。曾俊 凱先生為江蘇省政協第十三屆委員會委員、江蘇省僑 商總會常務副會長及江蘇省青年企業家聯合會常務副 會長。曾俊凱先生為本公司控股股東曾煥沙先生的兒 子:及執行董事及曾煥沙先生的女兒曾子熙女士的胞 弟。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. ZENG Zixi (曾子熙), whose former name was Zeng Cheng (曾 程), aged 31, was appointed as our executive Director on March 16, 2020 and our vice president since October 31, 2018. She had been our assistant president from March 2017 to October 2018 and the vice general manager of our operational management department when she joined our Group in September 2016, and remained in position until March 2017. Ms. Zeng Zixi is primarily responsible for the operational management of our Group. From July 2016 to September 2016, Ms. Zeng Zixi was the general manager of Nanjing Hong Yang Plaza (南京弘陽 廣場) business operation department of Nanjing Hong Yang Business Management Co., Ltd. (南京弘陽商業管理有限公司), a company that is controlled by Mr. Zeng Huansha, the ultimate controlling shareholder, and was mainly responsible for the operational management of the project Nanjing Hong Yang Plaza. She has approximately four years of experience in property management services. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Zeng Zixi worked as an analyst in ABC International Holdings Limited from July 2015 to June 2016, where she was mainly responsible for assisting in securities trading clearing and accounts maintenance.

Ms. Zeng Zixi graduated from Renmin University of China (中國人民大學) in the PRC in July 2015, where she obtained a bachelor degree in journalism. Ms. Zeng Zixi is the daughter of Mr. Zeng Huansha, who is our ultimate controlling shareholder and the sister of Mr. Zeng Junkai, a non-executive Director of the Company.

執行董事

曾子熙女士(原名曾程),31歲,於2020年3月16日獲委任為執行董事及自2018年10月31日起獲委任為副總裁。彼於2017年3月至2018年10月一直擔任助理總裁,於2016年9月加入本集團時擔任運營管理部副總經理,並一直任職至2017年3月。曾子熙女士主要負責本集團的運營管理。於2016年7月至2016年9月,曾子熙女士擔任南京弘陽商業管理有限公司(該公司由最終控股股東曾煥沙先生控制)南京弘陽廣場商業運營部總經理,主要負責南京弘陽廣場項目的運營管理。彼擁有約四年物業管理服務經驗。於加入本集團前,曾子熙女士於2015年7月至2016年6月在農銀國際控股有限公司擔任分析師,主要負責證券交易結算及賬戶維護。

曾子熙女士於2015年7月畢業於中國人民大學,獲得廣 播電視新聞學學士學位。曾子熙女士為我們的最終控 股股東曾煥沙先生的女兒及為本公司非執行董事曾俊 凱先生的胞姊。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. WANG Fen (王奮), aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on June 12, 2020. She is primarily responsible for providing independent advice on the operations and management of our Group. Ms. Wang Fen was the independent Director of Guirenniao Co., Ltd. (貴人鳥股份有限公司) (Shanghai Stock Exchange stock code: 603555) from May 2017 to December 2020. She was an assistant professor of the School of Management and Economics of Beijing Institute of Technology (北京理工大學) since July 2001. She was also the human resources director and principal of Haidilao University of Sichuan Haidilao Catering Corporation Ltd. (四川海底撈餐飲股份有限 公司) from November 2007 to December 2012, where she was mainly responsible for the planning of human resources development and the operational management of Haidilao University. Ms. Wang Fen has been the management consultant of various companies since 2013, including Beijing Jiangnan Green Tea Catering Co., Ltd. (北京江南綠茶餐飲有 限公司), Jingruan Beauty Management Co., Ltd. (靜瓀美容管理有限 公司) and Beijing Hongying Times Educational Technology Co., Ltd (比 京紅纓時代教育科技有限公司). She has many years of experience in experience in business management.

Ms. Wang Fen obtained a bachelor degree in management engineering from Beijing Institute of Technology in the PRC in July 1988. She later obtained a master degree in management engineering from Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大學) in the PRC in March 1995, and a doctor degree in management science and engineering from Beijing Institute of Technology in the PRC in July 2005.

獨立非執行董事

王奮女士,57歲,於2020年6月12日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼主要負責對本集團的運營及管理提供獨立意見。王奮女士自2017年5月至2020年12月擔任貴人鳥股份有限公司(上海證券交易所股份代號:603555)的獨立董事。彼自2001年7月起擔任北京理工大學管理與經濟學院的副教授。彼亦於2007年11月至2012年12月擔任四川海底撈餐飲股份有限公司的人力資源總監及海底撈大學營運管理。自2013年起,王奮女士曾擔任多家企業的管理顧問,包括北京江南綠茶餐飲有限公司、靜瑪美容管理有限公司及北京紅纓時代教育科技有限公司。彼擁有多年的商業管理經驗。

王奮女士於1988年7月獲得中國北京理工大學管理工程學士學位。彼隨後於1995年3月獲得中國上海交通大學管理工程碩士學位,並於2005年7月獲得中國北京理工大學管理科學及工程博士學位。

Mr. LI Xiaohang (李曉航), aged 52, has served as an independent nonexecutive Director and a member of the nomination committee, the audit committee and the remuneration committee of the Board of the Group respectively since 2 August 2021. He has over 22 years of working experience in engineering, town planning and city management. Mr. Li is a registered urban planner and a senior engineer for urban planning. He holds a master degree in engineering from University of Electronic Science and Technology of China. Mr. Li has served as the chairman of the board of directors of Liaoning Shenhua Holdings Co., Ltd. (formerly known as Shanghai Shenhua Holdings Co., Ltd., "Shenhua Holdings"), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (the "SSE") (stock code: 600653) from November 2019 to June 2021 and as the secretary of the party committee of Shenhua Holdings from October 2019 to June 2021. He has served as the secretary of the party committee and the chairman of the board of directors of Zhongxing Shenyang Commercial Building Group Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000715) from August 2014 to January 2018. In addition, Mr. Li has served in various government units, including the Shenyang Planning and Land Resources Bureau, the committee of Liaozhong district, Shenyang (瀋陽市遼中區委) and the district committee of Shenyang Dongling District (Hunnan New District), and has extensive experience in management in government bodies.

李曉航先生,52歲,自2021年8月2日起擔任本集團為 獨立非執行董事及分別為董事會提名委員會、審核委 員會及薪酬委員會成員。彼在工程、城鎮規劃及城市 管理方面擁有逾22年工作經驗。李先生為註冊城市規 劃師及城市規劃高級工程師。彼持有電子科技大學的 工程碩士學位。李先生於2019年11月至2021年6月擔任 遼寧申華控股股份有限公司(前稱上海申華控股股份 有限公司,「申華控股」)(上海證券交易所(「上交所」) 上市公司,股份代號:600653)的董事長以及於2019年 10月至2021年6月擔任申華控股的黨委書記。彼於2014 年8月至2018年1月擔任中興 - 瀋陽商業大廈(集團)股 份有限公司(深圳證券交易所上市公司,股份代號: 000715)的黨委書記及董事長。另外,李先生亦曾在不 同的政府單位任職,包括瀋陽市規劃和國土資源局、 瀋陽市遼中區委和瀋陽市東陵區(渾南新區)區委等, 有豐富的政府管治經驗。

Mr. ZHAO Xianbo (趙現波), aged 43, has served as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Group respectively since 23 December 2021. Mr. Zhao is a member of each of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (CICPA), the Institute of Public Accountants (IPA), Australia, and the Institute of Financial Accountants (IFA), the United Kingdom. He holds a bachelor's degree in Economics from Qingdao University in Shandong, China. Mr. Zhao has been a partner of ShingWing LLP since November 2019.

趙現波先生,43歲,自2021年12月23日起擔任本集團獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席以及提名委員會及薪酬委員會成員。趙先生為中國註冊會計師協會會員(CICPA)、澳大利亞公共會計師協會會員(IPA)、英國財務會計師公會會員(IFA)。彼持有位於中國山東的青島大學的經濟學學士學位。趙先生自2019年11月起擔任信永中和會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)的合夥人。

Mr. Zhao has also worked at other accounting firms including Ruihua Certified Public Accountants LLP, Grant Thornton LLP and PanChina Certified Public Accountants LLP. He has been an independent director of Shanghai Tongling Automotive Technologies, Inc. (Tongling Technologies) since August 2022, and an independent director of GOLOHO Polymer Materials (Jiangsu) Ltd. since September 2023. Mr. Zhao has approximately 20 years of working experience in the industry of finance and auditing and possesses extensive experience in finance and auditing.

趙先生亦曾在瑞華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)、致同會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)及天健會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)等其他會計師事務所任職,彼於2022年8月起擔任上海通領汽車科技股份有限公司(通領科技)獨立董事,於2023年9月起擔任天永誠高分子材料(江蘇)股份有限公司獨立董事。在財務審計行業擁有近20年工作經驗,擁有豐富的財務審計經驗。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Chen Yichun (陳義純), aged 46, has served as the Vice President of the Group (presiding over the work) since September 2022. He is currently the Executive President of the Company, Joining Hong Yang Group Company Limited, the controlling shareholder of the Group, in May 2019, Mr. Chen successively served as the general manager of the customer relations department of Redsun Properties Group Limited and the general manager of the customer relations department of Hong Yang Group Company Limited, and has been the chief operating officer of the Group since June 2022. Prior to joining Hong Yang Group Company Limited, Mr. Chen successively worked at China Vanke Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000002), CIFI Holdings (Group) Co. Ltd., a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (stock code: 00884) and Jiangsu Zhongnan Construction Group Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000961), and engaged in property management, customer relations management, project management, large-scale operation management and regional management.

Mr. Chen graduated from Northwestern Polytechnical University majoring in civil engineering, and is a national-registered first-class constructor.

Ms. ZENG Zixi (曾子熙), whose former name was Zeng Cheng (曾程), aged 31, was appointed as our executive Director on March 16, 2020 and vice president in October 2018. Please refer to the subsection headed "Board of Directors" above for details of her biography.

高級管理層

陳義純先生,46歲,自2022年9月擔任本集團副總裁(主持工作),現任公司執行總裁。陳先生於2019年5月加入本集團控股股東弘陽集團有限公司,先後擔任弘陽地產集團有限公司客戶關係部總經理、弘陽集團有限公司客戶關係部總經理,2022年6月起擔任本集團首席運營官。在加入弘陽集團有限公司之前,陳先生先後在萬科企業股份有限公司(一間於深圳證券交易所上市的公司,股份代號:000002)、旭輝控股(集團)有限公司(一間於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市的公司,股份代號:000961)任職並從事物業管理、客戶關係管理、項目管理、大運營管理及區域管理等工作。

陳先生畢業於西北工業大學土木工程專業,彼為國家 計冊一級建造師。

曾子熙女士(原名曾程)・31歳・於2020年3月16日獲委 任為執行董事並於2018年10月獲委任為副總裁。有關 其履歷詳情・請參閱上文「董事會」分節。

Mr. CHENG Jian (成健), aged 45, has been our vice president since July 2019. He is primarily responsible for the business expansion of our Group. He is currently an executive director of a number of our subsidiaries including Nanjing Hong Yang Property Management and Nanjing Hong Life Property Management. He was the assistant president and general manager of Nanjing Hong Yang Property Management, from August 2016 to July 2019, during which he was mainly responsible for the implementation of strategies and the overall budget management of our Group. From September 2014 to August 2016, Mr. Cheng Jian served as our vice general manager and was mainly responsible for the annual operational and budget planning. He was the vice general manager of the management office of Wuxi Suyuan Tanxiwan Property Co., Ltd. (無 錫蘇源檀溪灣置業有限公司), a subsidiary of Nanjing Redsun, from July 2011 to September 2014, during which he was mainly responsible for the overall operational management and the annual operational and budget planning.

成健先生,45歲,自2019年7月起一直擔任本公司的副總裁。彼主要負責本集團的業務拓展。彼目前為南京弘陽物業管理及南京弘生活物業服務管理等若干附屬公司的執行董事。彼於2016年8月至2019年7月擔任南京弘陽物業管理的助理總裁及總經理,期間彼主要負責本集團戰略的實施及整體預算管理。於2014年9月至2016年8月,成健先生擔任我們的副總經理,主要負責年度運營及預算規劃。於2011年7月至2014年9月,彼擔任南京紅太陽的附屬公司無錫蘇源檀溪灣置業有限公司總經理室副總經理,期間主要負責整體運營管理以及年度運營及預算規劃。

Prior to joining Nanjing Redsun, he also served as a vice general manager and project manager of Nanjing City Yincheng Property Services Co., Ltd. (南京銀城物業服務有限公司) from April 2003 to October 2010, an assistant to the manager at Pengji Property Jinshan Mansion (鵬基物業金山大廈) of Shenzhen Pengji Property Management Co., Ltd. (深圳鵬基物業管理有限公司) from January 2002 to March 2003, and an administrative assistant at Nanjing Yadong Xianhe Villa (南京亞東仙鶴山莊) of Nanjing Ya Dong Property Management from 2000 to 2001. He has over 19 years of experience in the property management industry.

於加入南京紅太陽前,彼亦於2003年4月至2010年10月 擔任南京銀城物業服務有限公司的副總經理及項目經 理,於2002年1月至2003年3月擔任深圳鵬基物業管理 有限公司鵬基物業金山大廈的經理助理,及於2000年 至2001年擔任南京亞東物業管理南京亞東仙鶴山莊的 事務助理。彼擁有逾19年的物業管理行業經驗。

Mr. Cheng Jian received a certificate for the completion of the Yincheng Property Senior Manager EMBA course (銀城地產高級經理工商管理碩士(EMBA)課程) at Nanjing University (南京大學) in April 2009. He was qualified as a National Property Management Enterprise Manager (全國物業管理企業經理) by the Human Resources and Education Department of the Ministry of Urban-Rural Development (建設部人事教育司) and the Housing and Real Estate Department of the Ministry of Urban-Rural Development (建設部住宅與房地產業司) of the PRC in June 2002.

成健先生於2009年4月獲得南京大學銀城地產高級經理 工商管理碩士(EMBA)課程結業證書。彼於2002年6月獲 得中國建設部人事教育司及建設部住宅與房地產業司 的全國物業管理企業經理資格。

Mr. Hu Chunhuang (胡春煌), aged 41, joined the Group in August 2022 as the Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Hu joined Hong Yang Group Company Limited, the controlling shareholder of the Group, in April 2019, and successively served as the head of financial operation function at the finance and capital center, the general manager of financial operation and management at the strategic operation center, as well as the general manager of the finance management department at the commercial group. Prior to joining Hong Yang Group Company Limited, Mr. Hu successively held office and engaged in financial and fund management in Yango Group (a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 000671), Wanda Commercial Properties Company Limited and Jingrui Holdings Limited (a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, stock code: 01862).

胡春煌先生,41歲,自2022年8月加入本集團為首席財務官。胡先生於2019年4月加入本集團控股股東弘陽集團有限公司,先後擔任財務資金中心財務經營職能負責人、戰略經營中心財務經營管理總經理、商業集團財務管理部總經理。在加入弘陽集團有限公司之前,胡先生先後在陽光城集團(一間於深圳證券交易所上市的公司,證券代碼:000671)、萬達商業地產股份有限公司及景瑞控股有限公司(一間於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市的公司,股份代號:01862)任職及從事財務、資金管理工作。

Mr. Hu holds a bachelor's degree in management from Fuzhou University, a master's degree in accounting (MPAcc) from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics and Shanghai National Accounting Institute, he is also an associate member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants in the United Kingdom (ACMA) and a Chartered Global Management Accountant (CGMA).

胡先生為福州大學管理學學士,上海財經大學、上海國家會計學院會計專業碩士(MPAcc),英國特許管理會計師公會會員(ACMA)及全球特許管理會計師(CGMA)。

Mr. LIU Kesheng (劉克勝), aged 47, has been our general manager of the business development department since July 15, 2019. He is primarily responsible for the business development of our Group. He was the vice general manager of our Sunan branch from January 2019 to July 2019 and the person in charge of the general management office of our Changzhou branch from August 2018 to January 2019, during which he was mainly responsible for our operational management. He was also the project manager of our Jiangbei branch from May 2015 to August 2018, during which he was responsible for the management of several projects including Solaris Institution (旭日學府), Great Time at Joy Peak East District (悦峰時光里東區), Great Time at Joy Peak West District (悦峰時光里西區) and Swallow River Residence (時光里花園). He has years of experience in the property management industry.

劉克勝先生,47歲,自2019年7月15日起一直擔任外拓業務事業部總經理。彼主要負責本集團的業務發展。彼於2019年1月至2019年7月擔任蘇南分公司的副總經理,並於2018年8月至2019年1月擔任常州分公司綜合管理處負責人,期間主要負責營運管理。於2015年5月至2018年8月,彼亦擔任江北分公司的項目負責人,期間負責管理旭日學府、悦峰時光里東區、悦峰時光里西區及時光里花園等多個項目。彼擁有多年的物業管理行業經驗。

Mr. Liu Kesheng graduated from the Southwest University (西南大學) in the PRC in July 2019, majoring in administrative management. He also obtained the Nanjing Property Management Practitioner Certificate (南京市物業管理從業人員證) from the Nanjing Real Estate Education Training Centre (南京房地產教育培訓中心) in May 2018.

劉克勝先生於2019年7月畢業於中國西南大學行政管理 專業。彼亦於2018年5月自南京房地產教育培訓中心獲 得南京市物業管理從業人員證。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Li Yonggang (李永剛), was appointed as a joint company secretary of the Company on 25 March 2021.

Mr. Li, aged 47, has been the head of listing office of Hong Yang Group Company Limited, the controlling shareholder of the Company, since September 2016. He is primarily responsible for the securities affairs and compliance matters of the Group.

Mr. Li has over 15 years of experience in the corporate governance and company secretarial field. Before joining the Company, from 2000 to 2008, he served as a financial staff of Anhui BBCA Biochemical Co., Ltd., LTD (now renamed as COFCO Biochemical (Anhui) Co., Ltd., SZ000930) and Anhui Fengyuan Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (SZ000153), and served as a chief financial officer of BBCA France SAS and BBCA Belgium NV, the deputy head of financial department and investment development department of Anhui Fengyuan Group Co., Limited. From 2008 to 2011, he served as secretary to the Board and chief financial officer of Anhui Tiger Biotechnology Co., Ltd. From 2011 to 2016, he served as the deputy general manager and secretary to the Board of Taifu Industrial Co., Ltd. (now renamed as Yunding Technology Co., Ltd., SZ000409). Since April 2019, he has been appointed as a joint company secretary of Redsun Properties Group Limited (stock code: 1996.HK).

Mr. Li obtained a bachelor degree of economics from Henan University of Technology in June 2000, a master degree of management from Anhui University of Finance and Economics in June 2013 and an undergraduate diploma in law from Nanjing University in July 2020. Mr. Li was awarded the qualification of Middle Grade Accountant by the Personnel Department in Anhui Province in May 2009, and he was awarded the qualification of Middle Grade Economist by the Human Resources and Social Security Department in Shandong Province in November 2014.

With extensive working experience, Mr. Li is familiar with the PRC laws, company secretarial and compliance matters of the Company.

公司秘書

李永剛先生,於2021年3月25日委任為本公司的聯席公司秘書。

李先生,47歲,自2016年9月起為本公司控股股東弘陽 集團有限公司上市辦公室主任。彼主要負責本集團的 證券事務及合規事宜。

李先生於企業管治及公司秘書方面擁有超過15年經驗。加入本公司前,於2000年至2008年,彼擔任安徽豐原生物化學股份有限公司(現稱為中糧生物化學(安徽)股份有限公司,股票代號:SZ000930)及安徽豐原藥業股份有限公司(股票代號:SZ000153)的財務人員,以及擔任豐原法國公司及豐原比利時公司的財務部及投發展部副部長。於2008年至2011年,彼擔任安徽泰格生物技術股份有限公司的董事會秘書及財務總監。於2011年至2016年,彼擔任泰復實業股份有限公司(現稱為雲鼎科技股份有限公司,股票代號:SZ000409)的副總經理及董事會秘書。自2019年4月起,彼已獲委任為弘陽地產集團有限公司(股份代號:1996.HK)的聯席公司秘書。

李先生於2000年6月取得河南工業大學經濟學學士學位,於2013年6月取得安徽財經大學管理學碩士學位,並於2020年7月取得南京大學法學專業本科畢業證書。李先生於2009年5月獲安徽省人事廳授予中級會計師職稱,並於2014年11月獲山東省人力資源和社會保障廳授予中級經濟師職稱。

李先生擁有豐富的工作經驗,熟悉中國法律以及本公司公司秘書及合規事宜。

Ms. Yung Mei Yee, Ms. Yung is a vice president of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited. Ms. Yung has over 20 years of experience in handling company secretarial, corporate governance and compliance affairs of listed companies. Ms. Yung has held various senior company secretarial positions in and acted as the company secretary or joint company secretary of a number of companies listed on the Stock Exchange. She is currently the joint company secretary of a few listed companies on the Stock Exchange. She is a fellow of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom. She obtained a bachelor's degree of arts in accountancy and a master's degree of arts in language and law from the City University of Hong Kong, and a bachelor's degree of laws from the University of London.

霸美儀女士,翁女士為方圓企業服務集團(香港)有限公司的總監。翁女士於處理上市公司之公司秘書、企業管治及合規事務方面擁有逾二十年經驗,曾於多家聯交所上市之公司出任多項高級公司秘書職務,亦曾擔任若干香港上市公司的公司秘書或聯席公司秘書。彼目前於數間聯交所上市公司擔任聯席公司秘書。彼為香港公司治理公會及英國特許公司治理公會的資深會士,彼於香港城市大學取得會計學文學士學位以及語言及法律文學碩士學位,亦於倫敦大學取得法律學士學位。

The Board presents the directors' report for the financial year ended 31 December 2023.

董事會提呈截至2023年12月31日止財政年度的董事會報告。

CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Cayman Companies Law, as an exempted company with limited liability on 12 December 2019. The shares of the Company (the "Shares") were listed on the Stock Exchange on 7 July 2020 (the "Listing Date").

PRINCIPAL OPERATIONS

The Group is a well-recognized comprehensive community service provider in Jiangsu province, China, with region-leading and balanced property management abilities in the management of residential and commercial properties. Through the Group's continued development over the years, it has established its regional leading position in the property management market of Jiangsu province and are well-recognized nationwide as it kept expanding its business in the rest of the country. The Group provides a wide range of property management services to property owners, residents and tenants. It also provides value-added services to non-property owners, primarily property developers and other property management companies and community value-added services to residential property owners and residents.

Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries of the Group are set out in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group in this annual report. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year ended 31 December 2023. As at the date of this annual report, the Board has no intention to significantly change the principal business of the Group.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Group in this annual report.

公司資料

本公司於2019年12月12日根據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司股份(「股份」)於2020年7月7日(「上市日期」)在聯交所上市。

主要業務

本集團是中國江蘇省廣受認可的綜合社區服務供應商,在住宅及商業物業的管理方面擁有區域領先且均衡的物業管理能力。經過多年的不斷發展,本集團已在江蘇省物業管理市場建立區域領先地位,並在全國範圍內不斷拓展,已得到廣泛認可。本集團向業主、住戶及租戶提供廣泛的物業管理服務。其亦向非業主(主要為房地產開發商)及其他物業管理公司提供增值服務,並為住宅物業業主及住戶提供社區增值服務。

本集團主要附屬公司的主要業務詳情載於本年報內的本集團綜合財務報表附註1。截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的主要業務性質並無發生重大變動。於本年報日期,董事會不擬大幅變更本集團的主要業務。

業績

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的業績載於本年報 內的本集團綜合全面收入表。

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future business development are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis"—Outlook". An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis". Save as disclosed in the subsection headed "4. Events after the Reporting Period" in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this annual report, the Group has no significant events after the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis-Material Acquisitions and Disposals" in this annual report, during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report, the Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group in this annual report.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity in this annual report. As at 31 December 2023, the distributable reserve of the Company amounted to approximately RMB338.3 million.

業務回顧

對本集團年內的業務回顧及對本集團未來業務發展的 討論載於「管理層討論與分析 - 未來展望」一節。使用 主要財務業績指標對本集團年內的表現所作的分析載 於「管理層討論與分析」一節。除本年報「管理層討論與 分析」中「4. 本報告期後事項」分節所披露者外,本集團 於截至2023年12月31日止財政年度完結至本年報日期 為止並無重大事件發生。

重大收購及出售事項

除於本年報「管理層討論與分析 - 重大收購及出售事項」一節所披露者外,於截至2023年12月31日止年度至本年報日期,本集團沒有任何有關附屬公司及聯營公司的重大收購或出售。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於本年報內的本集團綜合財務報表附註 13。

儲備

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的儲備變動詳情載 於本年報內的綜合權益變動表。於2023年12月31日, 本公司的可供分派儲備約為人民幣338.3百萬元。

DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Major Customers

The table below sets forth the types of our major customers for each of our three business lines.

Property management Property owners, residents and tenants, property owners' associations and property developers Value-added services Property developers and other property to non-property owners management companies Community value-added services Property owners and residents added services

For the year ended 31 December 2023, revenue derived from sales to our five largest customers accounted for approximately 19.5% of the total revenue of the Group and revenue derived from sales of the Group to the single largest customer accounted for approximately 13.2% of the total revenue of the Group during the same period.

All of our five largest customers of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 were connected persons of the Group. Among others, Redsun Materials City Group is an associate of the Controlling Shareholders. Redsun Materials City is owned as to 100% by Mr. Zeng Huansha, a controlling shareholder. As of the Latest Practicable Date, unless otherwise disclosed in this annual report, none of our Directors, their close associates or any Shareholders which, to the knowledge of our Directors, owns more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company, had any interest in any of the five largest customers of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

股息

董事會不建議就截至2023年12月31日止年度派付末期 股息。

主要客戶及供應商

主要客戶

下表載列我們三條業務線各自的主要客戶類型。

業務線	主要客戶	
物業管理服務	業主、住戶及租戶、業主委員 會及房地產開發商	
非業主增值服務	房地產開發商及其他物業管理公司	
社區增值服務	業主及住戶	

截至2023年12月31日止年度,來自五大客戶的銷售收入佔本集團的總收入約19.5%,於同期,來自本集團單一最大客戶的銷售收入佔本集團的總收入約13.2%。

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的所有五大客戶均 為本集團的關連人士。其中,紅太陽工業原料城集團 為控股股東的聯繫人。紅太陽工業原料城由控股股東 曾煥沙先生擁有100%。截至最後可行日期,除本年報 另有披露者外,截至2023年12月31日止年度,概無任 何董事、彼等的緊密聯繫人或就董事所知擁有本公司 已發行股本5%以上的任何股東於本集團任何五大客戶 中擁有任何權益。

Major Suppliers

The table below sets forth the types of our major suppliers for each of our three business lines.

主要供應商

下表載列我們三條業務線各自的主要供應商類型。

Business line	Major suppliers	業務線	主要供應商
Property management services	Sub-contractors providing security, cleaning, greening and gardening, and repair and maintenance services	物業管理服務	提供安保、清潔、綠化及園 藝、以及維修及保養服務的分 包商
Value-added services to non-property owners	Sub-contractors providing cleaning, greening and gardening, and repair and maintenance services	非業主增值服務	提供清潔、綠化及園藝、以及 維修及保養服務的分包商
Community value- added services	Vendors providing resident services	社區增值服務	提供生活服務的商家

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the five largest suppliers of the Group, which are all independent third parties, accounted for approximately 15.1% of the total purchases of the Group; and purchases from our single largest supplier accounted for approximately 3.4% of the total purchases of the Group during the same period.

As of the Latest Practicable Date, none of the Directors, their close associates or any Shareholders who, to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company, had any interest in any of the five largest suppliers.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團五大供應商(均 為獨立第三方)佔本集團的總採購額約15.1%;而於同 期,來自本集團單一最大供應商的採購額佔本集團的 總採購額約3.4%。

截至最後可行日期,概無董事、其緊密聯繫人或就董事所知擁有本公司5%以上已發行股本的任何股東於任何五大供應商中擁有任何權益。

RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Group recognises that the employees, customers and suppliers are keys to corporate sustainability and are keen on developing long-term relationships with stakeholders. The Company places significant emphasis on human capital and strives to foster an environment in which the employee can develop their full potential and to assist their personal and professional growth. The Company provides a fair and safe workplace, promoting diversity to its staff, providing competitive remuneration and benefits and career development opportunities based on their merits and performance. The Group also puts on-going efforts to provide adequate trainings and development resources to the employees so that they can keep abreast of the latest development of the market and the industry and, at the same time, improve their performance and self-fulfillment in their positions. The Company understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with customers. The Group has established procedures in place for handling customers' complaints and customer satisfaction surveys in order to ensure customers' complaints are dealt with in a prompt and timely manner. The Group is also dedicated to develop good relationship with suppliers as long-term business partners to ensure stable supplies of materials. The Group reinforces business partnerships with suppliers and contractors by recurring communication in proactive and effective manner so as to ensure quality and delivery.

SHARE CAPITAL

As at the date of this annual report, the Company has 415,000,000 Shares in issue.

與持份者的關係

本集團認可僱員、客戶及供應商對本公司的持續發展 至關重要並熱衷發展與持份者的長期關係。本公司 前注重人力資本並致力營建令僱員可全面開發其潛能 並協助彼等實現個人及專業發展的環境。本公司提供 以及專業發展的環境。本展,是 其成績及表現提供具競爭力的不不 其成績及表現提供具競爭力為僱員提供完備的 展機會。本集團亦持續努力為僱員提供完備的 展機資源,令彼等能夠緊跟市場及行業最新發展 時改善其表現及其在職務上的自我實現。本集團已制定 保持與客戶的良好關係非常重要。本集團已制定程戶 處理客戶投訴及進行客戶滿意度調查,以確保材料的穩定 所得以快速及時處理。本集團亦致力於發展與供應商 (為長期業務夥伴)的良好關係,以確保材料的穩定 應。本集團透過不斷與供應商及承包商進行積極有 效的溝通加強與彼等的業務合作關係以確保質量及交 付。

股本

於本年報日期,本公司已發行股份為415,000,000股。

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report are:

Non-executive Director

Mr. Zeng Junkai (Chairman)

Executive Director

Ms. Zeng Zixi

Independent Non-executive Directors

Ms. Wang Fen Mr. Li Xiaohang Mr. Zhao Xianbo

Directors' Service Contracts

Ms. Zeng Zixi, as an executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years and shall be subject retirement from office and re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association.

Mr. Zeng Junkai, as the non-executive Director, has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years and shall be subject to retirement from office and re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association.

Each of Ms. Wang Fen, Mr. Li Xiaohang and Mr. Zhao Xianbo as the independent non-executive Directors, has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years, respectively, and shall be subject to retirement from office and re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association.

None of the Directors has entered into any service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

董事及董事服務合約

於截至2023年12月31日止年度及直至本年報日期止之 董事為:

非執行董事

曾俊凱先生(主席)

執行董事

曾子熙女士

獨立非執行董事

王奮女士 李曉航先生 趙現波先生

董事服務合約

執行董事曾子熙女士已與本公司訂立為期三年的服務 合約,惟須根據組織章程細則於必要時退任及膺選連 任。

非執行董事曾俊凱先生已與本公司訂立為期三年的委任函,惟須根據組織章程細則於必要時退任及膺選連任。

獨立非執行董事王奮女士、李曉航先生及趙現波先生 已各自與本公司訂立為期三年的委任函,惟須根據組 織章程細則於必要時退任及膺選連任。

概無董事與本公司訂立本公司於一年內倘不支付賠償 (法定賠償除外)則不能終止的任何服務合約。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received a confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board has assessed their independence and concluded that all the independent non-executive Directors are considered to be independent pursuant to the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2023, none of the controlling shareholders of the Group or the Directors was engaged or had interest in any business, apart from the business of the Group, which competes or is likely to compete, directly or indirectly, with the Group's business, which would require disclosure under Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

COMPLIANCE WITH NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS

Deed of Non-Competition

The Group's controlling shareholders, namely, Mr. Zeng Huansha, Hong Yang Group (Holdings), Hong Yang International Limited ("Hong Yang International"), Hong Yang Group Company Limited ("Hong Yang **Group Company**") and Redsun Services Group (Holdings) Limited ("Redsun Services Group (Holdings)") (together, the "Covenantors") entered into a deed of non-competition (the "Deed of Non-**Competition**") in favor of the Company for ourselves and as trustee for the benefit of each of our subsidiaries on 16 June 2020, pursuant to which each of the Covenantors has, among other things, irrevocably and unconditionally undertaken, jointly and severally, with the Company that, each of the Covenantors shall not, and shall procure that his/its close associates (other than members of our Group) will not, directly or indirectly, carry on, engage in, invest in, participate in, attempt to participate in, render any services to, provide any financial support to or otherwise be involved in or interested in, whether alone or jointly with another person and whether directly or indirectly or on behalf of or to assist or act in concert with any other person, any business or investment activities in the PRC and Hong Kong which are the same as, similar to or in competition with the business carried on or contemplated to be carried on by any member of the Group from time to time (the "Restricted Business").

獨立非執行董事的獨立性確認函

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13 條就其獨立性而作出的確認函。董事會已根據上市規 則評估全體獨立非執行董事的獨立性並確認彼等均為 獨立人士。

董事於競爭性業務的權益

截至2023年12月31日,本集團控股股東或董事概無從 事直接或間接與本集團業務構成或可能構成競爭的任 何業務(本集團的業務除外)或於其中擁有須根據上市 規則第8.10條作出披露的權益。

遵守不競爭承諾

不競爭契據

本集團控股股東(即曾煥沙先生、弘陽集團(控股)、 弘陽國際有限公司(「弘陽國際」)、弘陽集團有限公司 (「弘陽集團」)及弘陽服務集團(控股)有限公司(「弘陽服 **務集團(控股)**|)),共同稱為[**契諾人**|)已於2020年6月 16日以本公司(為我們本身及作為我們各附屬公司利益 的受託人)為受益人訂立不競爭契據(「不競爭契據」), 據此,各契諾人(其中包括)共同及個別不可撤回及無 條件地向本公司承諾,各契諾人不得並須促使其緊密 聯繫人(本集團成員公司除外)不得直接或間接在中國 及香港進行、從事、投資、參與或試圖參與、提供任 何服務、提供任何財務資助或以其他方式涉足與本集 團任何成員公司不時進行或擬進行的業務相同、類似 或存在競爭的任何業務或投資活動(不論單獨或聯同另 一人士,亦不論直接或間接或代表或協助任何其他人 士或與任何其他人士一致行動)(「受限制業務」),亦不 得於其中擁有權益。

The Deed of Non-Competition shall expire on the earlier of (i) the date when the Covenantors and, as the case may be, any of their close associates, cease to hold, or otherwise be interested in, beneficially in aggregate whether directly or indirectly, 30% or more (or such other percentage of shareholding as stipulated in the Listing Rules to constitute a controlling shareholder) of the issued share capital of the Company; or (ii) the date on which the Shares cease to be listed on the Stock Exchange (except for temporary suspension of the trading of the shares).

不競爭契據於以下較早日期屆滿:(i)契諾人及(視乎情況而定)其任何緊密聯繫人不再直接或間接合共實益持有本公司已發行股本30%或以上(或上市規則訂明構成控股股東的其他持股百分比)或以其他方式於其中擁有實益權益當日;或(ii)股份不再於聯交所上市(股份暫停買賣除外)當日。

Annual Review

The Covenantors have confirmed that they did not refer, or to procure the referral of, any investment or commercial opportunities relating to the Restricted Business to the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Company has received a written confirmation from each of the Covenantors in respect of the compliance by them and their close associates with the terms of the Deed of Non-Competition. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the Deed of Non-Competition and assessed whether the Covenantors and their close associates have complied with the terms of the Deed of Non-Competition, and were satisfied that each of the Covenantors has complied with its/his undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition during the year ended 31 December 2023.

年度審閲

契諾人已確認,截至2023年12月31日止年度,其並無 向本集團轉介或促使向本集團轉介有關受限制業務的 任何投資或商機。

本公司已接獲各契諾人就其及其緊密聯繫人遵守不競爭契據的條款而作出的書面確認函。獨立非執行董事已審閱不競爭契據,並評估契諾人及其緊密聯繫人是否遵守不競爭契據的條款,並信納各契諾人於截至2023年12月31日止年度已遵守其於不競爭契據下的承諾。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, details of the Company's continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

Provision of Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services to Redsun Properties and its Associates

On 11 March 2020, Nanjing Hong Yang Property Management (together with its subsidiaries, the "Nanjing Hong Yang Property Management Group"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a parking space sales and leasing agency services framework agreement with Redsun Properties Group Limited ("Redsun Properties") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Redsun Properties Group"), pursuant to which we agreed to provide sales and leasing agency services to Redsun Properties and its associates in respect of the unsold parking spaces of Redsun Properties and its associates (the "Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement"). The Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement took effect on 11 March 2020 and would be valid until 31 December, 2022, renewable by mutual agreement of the parties.

Subsequently, on 8 December 2022, the Company entered into a parking space sales and leasing agency services framework agreement with Redsun Properties on substantially the same terms and conditions as the Existing Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement, pursuant to which we agreed to provide sales and leasing agency services to Redsun Properties and its associates in respect of the unsold parking spaces of Redsun Properties and its associates (the "New Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement"). The New Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement took effect on 1 January 2023 and will be valid until 31 December 2025, renewable by mutual agreement of the parties.

持續關連交易

根據上市規則第14A章,本公司截至2023年12月31日止 年度的持續關連交易詳情如下:

1. 向弘陽地產及其聯繫人提供車位銷售及租 賃代理服務

於2020年3月11日,本公司間接全資附屬公司南京弘陽物業管理(連同其附屬公司,「南京弘陽物業管理集團」)與弘陽地產集團有限公司(「弘陽地產」)及其附屬公司(統稱「弘陽地產集團」)訂立車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議,據此,我們同意就弘陽地產及其聯繫人尚未出售的車位向弘陽地產及其聯繫人提供銷售及租賃代理服務(「車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議))。車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議於2020年3月11日生效,有效期至2022年12月31日,可由雙方相互協商重續。

隨後,於2022年12月8日,本公司與弘陽地產訂立車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議,其條款及條件與現有車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議大致相同,據此,我們同意就弘陽地產及其聯繫人尚未出售的車位向弘陽地產及其聯繫人尚未出售的車位向弘陽地產及其聯繫人提供銷售及租賃代理服務(「新車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議於2023年1月1日生效,有效期至2025年12月31日,可由雙方相互協商重續。

On 7 June 2023, the Company and Redsun Properties entered into two supplemental parking space sales and leasing agency services framework agreements (collectively, the "Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreements"), pursuant to which members of the Group shall pay to members of Redsun Properties Group the refundable deposits in connection with the sales agency services contemplated under the Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement and the New Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement, respectively. The term of the Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 1 was from 20 March 2020 to 31 December 2023 with retrospective effect. The term of the Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 2 would be from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2025 with retrospective effect, renewable by mutual agreement of the parties.

On 16 August 2023, the Company and Redsun Properties entered into the supplemental agreement to the Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 2 (the "Second Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 2") to amend and modify certain terms of the Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 2. Pursuant to the Second Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 2, for the parking spaces failed to be sold by the Group, the refundable deposits shall be refunded in full within 30 working days after the expiration of (i) the Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 1 on 31 December 2022; and (ii) the Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 2 on 31 December 2025, respectively, or on the date(s) as agreed by parties under the relevant definitive sales agency services agreement(s) (whichever is earlier).

於2023年6月7日,本公司與弘陽地產簽訂了兩份補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議(統稱「補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議」),根據該等協議,本集團成員公司應分別向弘陽地產集團成員公司支付車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議及新車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議下的銷售代理服務可退還保證金。補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議1的期限為自2020年3月20日至2022年12月31日並具追溯效力。補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議2的期限為自2023年1月1日至2025年12月31日並具追溯效力,倘雙方同意可續簽。

於2023年8月16日,本公司與弘陽地產簽訂了補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議2的補充協議(「第二份補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議2」),以修訂及修改補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議2的若干條款。根據第二份補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議2,對於本集團未售出的車位,可退還保證金將分別在(i)補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議1於2022年12月31日期滿;及(ii)補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議2於2025年12月31日期滿後30個工作日內或各具體銷售代理服務協議訂約方協定的其他日期(以較早者為準)全額退還。

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios of the proposed annual caps in respect of the refundable deposits contemplated under the Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 1 exceed 5% but are less than 25%, such payment of the refundable deposits constitutes a discloseable transaction and continuing connected transactions of the Company and is subject to the reporting, annual review, announcement, circular and Independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14 and Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Meanwhile, as one or more of the applicable percentage ratios of the proposed annual caps in respect of the refundable deposits contemplated under the Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 2 exceed 25% but are less than 100%, such payment of the refundable deposits constitutes a major transaction and continuing connected transactions of the Company and is subject to the reporting, annual review, announcement, circular and Independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14 and Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

由於補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議1規定的可退還保證金的建議年度上限的一個或多個適用百分比率超過5%但低於25%,故支付可退還保證金構成本公司的須予披露交易及持續關連交易並須遵守上市規則第14章及第14A章項下的申報、年度審閱、公告、通函及獨立股東批准規定。同時,由於補充車位銷售及租債程服務框架協議2規定的可退還保證金的建議年度上限的一個或多個適用百分比率超過25%但低於100%,故支付可退還保證金構成本公司的第14A章項下的申報、年度審閱、公告、通函及獨立股東批准規定。

Pricing policy

The agency fees for the provision of sales and leasing agency services in respect of unsold parking spaces shall be calculated based on the following:

Sales/leasing agency fee = contract prices of the sales/leasing of the subject parking spaces x agreed rate of agency fee

The contract prices of the sales/leasing of the subject parking spaces shall be determined with reference to the prevailing market price charged by other independent third party services providers to Redsun Properties and its associates in respect of comparable locations. The rate of the sales/leasing agency fee in respect of the parking spaces of each specific project is subject to the relevant definitive agreements to be entered into between the relevant members of the Group and Redsun Properties and its associates, and shall be determined after arm's length negotiations between the relevant parties with reference to prevailing market price taking into account of prices charged by independent third parties services providers in respect of comparable services and locations.

With respect to the unsold parking spaces, the amount of the refundable deposits shall be equal to total sales reserve price of such unsold parking spaces, which is a unified standard of Redsun Properties applicable to the refundable deposits payable by an independent third party to them in respect of the same services and is in line with the industry practices. The total sales reserve price is calculated according to the formula below:

Total selling/sales reserve price = sales reserve price of each unsold parking space * number of unsold parking spaces under the relevant definitive sales agency services agreement(s)

The sales reserve price for the unsold parking spaces is determined with reference to (i) the popularity of the unsold parking spaces; (ii) the real estate market condition and the scope of services provided; and (iii) the location of the unsold parking spaces.

定價政策

就尚未出售的車位提供銷售及租賃代理服務的 代理費應計算如下:

銷售/租賃代理費=銷售/租賃標的車位的合同價x協定代理費率

銷售/租賃標的車位的合同價應參考其他獨立第三方服務供應商就相若區域向弘陽地產及其聯繫人收取的現行市價釐定。有關各具體項目車位的銷售/租賃代理費率須視乎將由本集團有關成員公司與弘陽地產及其聯繫人訂立的有關最終協議而定,並將由有關訂約方經參考現行市價公平磋商後釐定,當中經考慮獨立第三方服務供應商就相若服務及區域收取的價格。

就未售出停車位而言,可退還保證金等於未售 出停車位銷售底價總價,為弘陽地產的統一標 準,適用於獨立第三方就同一服務向彼等支付 的可退還保證金,且符合行業慣例。銷售底價 總價按以下公式計算:

銷售/底價總價=各未售出停車位銷售底價*相 關最終銷售代理服務協議項下未售出停車位數 目

未售出停車位銷售底價具體參照(i)未售出停車 位的受歡迎程度;(ii)房地產市場狀況和提供的 服務範圍;及(iii)未售出停車位的位置。

The table below sets forth the annual caps for (i) the expected maximum aggregate agency fees to be charged by the Group to Redsun Properties and its associates; and (ii) the refundable deposits to be paid by the Group to the Redsun Properties Group for the three years ending 31 December 2025 pursuant to the New Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement (as supplemented by the Supplemental Parking Space Sales and Leasing Agency Services Framework Agreement 2):

下表列出了根據新車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議(由補充車位銷售及租賃代理服務框架協議2進行補充),(i)本集團向弘陽地產及其聯繫人收取的預期最高代理費總額;及(ii)截至2025年12月31日止三個年度本集團向弘陽地產集團支付的可退還保證金的年度上限:

		For the year	For the year	For the year
		ended 31	ended 31	ended 31
		December 2023	December 2024	December 2025
		截至2023年	截至2024年	截至2025年
		12月31日止年度	12月31日止年度	12月31日止年度
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(人民幣千元)	(人民幣千元)	(人民幣千元)
Expected maximum aggregate agency	本集團向弘陽地產及其			
fees to be charged by the Group to	聯繫人收取的			
Redsun Properties and its associates	預期最高代理費總額	36,007	36,007	36,007
Maximum daily balance of the	可退還保證金的			
refundable deposits	每日最高餘額	305,949	307,919	307,309

Redsun Properties is owned as to 71.88% by Mr. Zeng Huansha, a controlling shareholder of the Company. Thus, Redsun Properties is an associate of Mr. Zeng Huansha and therefore a connected person of the Company.

弘陽地產由本公司控股股東曾煥沙先生擁有71.88%。因此,弘陽地產為曾煥沙先生的聯繫人,因而為本公司的關連人士。

2. Provision of management services by the Group

(i) Provision of Property Management Services to Redsun Properties and its Associates

The Group has entered into the existing property management services master framework agreement with Redsun Properties on 11 March 2020 with an effective period from 11 March 2020 to 31 December 2022, renewable by mutual agreement of the parties and has subsequently entered into following framework agreement on substantially the same terms and conditions as the Existing Property Management Services Master Framework Agreement to regulate the transactions between the Group and Redsun Properties and its Associates in relation to the provision of a variety of property management services (the "Property Management Services Master Framework Agreement"):

2. 本集團提供管理服務

(i) 向弘陽地產及其聯繫人提供物業管理 服務

本集團已於2020年3月11日與弘陽地產訂立現有物業管理服務總框架協議,有效期由2020年3月11日至2022年12月31日及可由雙方相互協商重續,並於其後訂立以下框架協議,其條款及條件與現有物業管理服務總框架協議大致相同,以規管本集團與弘陽地產及其聯繫人之間就提供多項物業管理服務而進行的交易(「物業管理服務總框架協議」):

Date of agreement: 8 December 2022 協議日期: 2022年12月8日

Effective period: From 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2025, 有效期: 2023年1月1日至2025年12月31日,

renewable by mutual agreement of the parties 可由雙方相互協商重續

Parties: The Company (as service provider); and 訂約方: 本公司(作為服務供應商);及

Redsun Properties (as service recipient) 弘陽地產(作為服務接受方)

Scope of services:

(a) Pre-delivery property management and related services

Members of the Group shall provide pre-delivery property management and related services to Redsun Properties and its associates, including but not limited to planning and design, equipment selection, inspection for each unit, cleaning, gardening, maintenance of public order and security in the phases of property preparation, general layout as well as construction drawings, execution, completion and delivery period in respect of the property projects of Redsun Properties and its associates.

(b) Display units and property sales venues management services

Members of the Group shall provide management and related services to the display units and property sales venues of the property projects during the sales period of the property projects of Redsun Properties and its associates, including but not limited to cleaning, gardening, maintenance of public order and security services to the aforesaid venue.

(c) Pre-delivery property management services for unsold properties

Members of the Group shall provide predelivery property management services to Redsun Properties and its associates for unsold properties (including car parking spaces), including but not limited to security, cleaning, gardening, repair and maintenance.

服務範圍:

(a) 交付前物業管理及相關服務

本集團成員公司應就弘陽地產 及其聯繫人的物業準備階段、整體佈局 時段、整體佈局 時段及交付局 時段及交付 時期 一戶一驗、清潔 一戶一驗、清潔 秩序維護及安保等服務。

(b) 展廳及物業銷售處管理服務

本集團成員公司應於弘陽地產 及其聯繫人的物業項目銷售期 內,向物業項目的展廳及物業 銷售處提供管理及相關服務, 包括但不限於為上述場所提供 清潔、園藝、公共秩序維護及 安保服務。

(c) 就尚未出售物業的交付前物業 管理服務

本集團成員公司應就尚未出售的物業(包括車位)向弘陽地產及 其聯繫人提供交付前物業管理 服務,包括但不限於安保、清 潔、園藝、維修及保養服務。

(d) Commercial properties management services

Members of the Group shall provide management and related services to the commercial properties including office areas, hotels and shopping malls owned or operated by Redsun Properties and its associates and relevant common areas, including but not limited to cleaning, gardening, maintenance of public order and security services to the aforesaid venues.

(e) Housing repair management services

Members of the Group shall provide routine maintenance and repair management services to the Properties under warranty sold by Redsun Properties and its associates, including but not limited to housing safety management, housing repair plan management, housing repair quality management, housing repair budget management, housing repair tender management, housing repair cost management, housing repair cost management, housing repair cost management, housing repair factor management, housing repair construction management and housing repair construction supervision services.

(d) 商業物業管理服務

本集團成員公司應就弘陽地產 及其聯繫人自有或運營的辦辦 區、酒店及購物商場等商營 業以及有關公共區域提供管 及相關服務,包括但不限於 上述場所提供清潔、園 共秩序維護及安保服務。

(e) 房屋維修管理服務

Definitive service agreements will be entered into between the relevant members of the Group and Redsun Properties and its associates for the provision of the Property Management Services. Each definitive agreement will set out the relevant services to be provided by the relevant members of the Group to Redsun Properties and its associates and the service fees. The definitive service agreements may only contain provisions which are in all material respects consistent with the binding principles, guidelines, terms and conditions set out in the Property Management Services Master Framework Agreement.

Pricing policy:

The relevant members of the Group shall, where they are selected following the relevant tender processes and other quotation procedures for selection of services providers, provide management and related services to Redsun Properties and its associates according to the tender and quotation documents and definitive management services agreements to be entered into between relevant members of the Group and Redsun Properties and its associates from time to time.

定價政策:

The management fees payable by Redsun Properties and its associates shall be determined based on arm's length negotiation between Redsun Properties and its associates and members of the Group, with reference to a wide range of factors including but not limited to (i) nature, age, infrastructure features, geographical location and neighborhood profile of the relevant properties; (ii) prevailing market price charged by other independent third party services providers to Redsun Properties and its associates in respect of comparable services; and (iii) any applicable rates recommended by the relevant government authorities

The transactions contemplated under the Property Management Services Master Framework Agreement shall be on normal commercial terms, on terms no more favorable than those offered to independent third party services providers in respect of comparable services and on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of our Company and our Shareholders as a whole.

物業管理服務總框架協議項下 擬進行交易應基於一般商業條 款,且條款不得優於向獨立第 三方服務供應商就相若服務提 供者,須屬公平合理,並符合 本公司及股東整體利益。

The annual caps for the annual service fees paid by Redsun Properties and its associates to the Group in relation to the Property Management Services pursuant to Property Management Services Master Framework Agreement for the three years ending 31 December 2025 is RMB232,919,000, RMB214,734,000 and RMB183,323,000, respectively.

截至2025年12月31日止三個年度,弘陽地產及其聯繫人根據物業管理服務總框架協議就物業管理服務向本集團支付的年度服務費的年度上限分別為人民幣232,919,000元、人民幣214,734,000元及人民幣183,323,000元。

Redsun Properties is owned as to 71.88% by Mr. Zeng Huansha, a controlling shareholder of the Company. Thus, Redsun Properties is an associate of Mr. Zeng Huansha and therefore a connected person of the Company.

弘陽地產由本公司控股股東曾煥沙先生擁有71.88%。 因此,弘陽地產為曾煥沙先生的聯繫人,因而為本公司的關連人士。

(ii) Provision of management services to the Redsun Materials City Group

The Company (as service provider) entered into a new framework management services agreement with Jiangsu Redsun Industrial Raw Materials City Co., Ltd. ("Redsun Materials City") (as service recipient) (the "Existing Redsun Materials City Management Services Agreement") on 16 June 2020, pursuant to which the Company agreed to provide Redsun Materials City and its subsidiaries (the "Redsun Materials City **Group**") with management and related services to its specialized home furnishing and construction materials centers and shopping malls, including but not limited to cleaning, gardening, maintenance of public order and security services to the aforesaid venues and has been effective upon the Listing will be valid until 31 December 2022 and the term may be renewed as the parties may mutually agree in accordance with the Listing Rules. Subsequently, the Company entered into a new framework management services agreement with Redsun Materials City (the "New Redsun Materials City Management Services Agreement") on substantially the same terms and conditions as the Existing Redsun Materials City Management Services Agreement. The New Redsun Materials City Management Services Agreement took effect on 1 January 2023 and will be valid until 31 December 2025 and the term may be renewed as the parties may mutually agree, subject to compliance with the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and all other applicable laws and regulations.

(ii) 向紅太陽工業原料城提供管理服務

於2020年6月16日,本公司(作為服務供 應商)與江蘇紅太陽工業原料城有限公司 (「紅太陽工業原料城」)(作為服務接受方) 訂立管理服務框架協議(「現有紅太陽工 **業原料城管理服務協議**1),據此,本公司 同意向紅太陽工業原料城及其附屬公司 (「紅太陽工業原料城集團」)的專業家居裝 飾及建築材料中心以及購物商場提供管 理及相關服務,包括但不限於為上述場 所提供清潔、園藝、公共秩序維護及安 保服務。該協議已自卜市後生效,有效 期至2022年12月31日,可由雙方根據上市 規則共同協商予以續期。隨後,本公司 與紅太陽工業原料城訂立新管理服務框 架協議(「新紅太陽工業原料城管理服務協 議」),其條款及條件與現有紅太陽工業原 料城管理服務協議大致相同。新紅太陽 工業原料城管理服務協議已於2023年1月1 日生效,有效期至2025年12月31日,可由 雙方共同協商予以續期,惟須遵守上市 規則第14A章及所有其他適用法律及法規 的規定。

Definitive service agreements will be entered into between the relevant members of the Group and the relevant members of the Redsun Materials City Group for the provision of services under the New Redsun Materials City Management Services Agreement. Each definitive agreement will set out the relevant services to be provided by the relevant members of the Group to the relevant members of the Redsun Materials City Group and the service fees. The definitive service agreements may only contain provisions which are in all material respects consistent with the binding principles, guidelines, terms and conditions set out in the New Redsun Materials City Management Services Agreement.

The service fees to be charged under the New Redsun Materials City Management Services Agreement shall be determined after arm's length negotiations with reference to (i) the anticipated operational costs (including labor costs); and (ii) the prevailing market price for similar services taking into account the size and location of the commercial properties to be managed by our Group, and shall be no more favorable than those offered to independent third parties.

The annual caps for the amounts of service fees payable to us by the Redsun Materials City Group in relation to its commercial properties pursuant to the New Redsun Materials City Management Services Agreement for each of the three years ending 31 December 2025 is RMB53,548,000, RMB56,188,000 and RMB57,783,000, respectively.

Redsun Material City Group is owned as to 100% by Mr. Zeng Huansha, a controlling shareholder of the Company. Thus, Redsun Material City Group is an associate of Mr. Zeng Huansha and therefore a connected person of the Company.

本集團有關成員公司將與紅太陽工業原 料城集團有關成員公司說新紅太陽工業 原料城管理服務協議提供服務可立最 服務協議。各份最終協議將載列本集 展務協議公司將向紅太陽工業原料 其有關成員公司提供的有關服務及服務協議或僅載有在所用服務 費。最終服務協議或僅載有在所理服務 方面與新紅太陽工業原料城管理服務 議所載具有約束力的原則、指引、條款 及條件一致的條文。

根據新紅太陽工業原料城管理服務協議 將收取的服務費應經公平磋商釐定,並 參考(i)預計運營成本(包括勞工成本);及 (ii)類似服務的現行市價,經計及本集團 將予管理的商業物業的規模及位置,且 不得優於向獨立第三方提供者。

截至2025年12月31日止三個年度各年,紅太陽工業原料城集團就其商業物業而根據新紅太陽工業原料城管理服務協議應付我們的服務費金額的年度上限分別為人民幣53,548,000元、人民幣56,188,000元及人民幣57,783,000元。

紅太陽工業原料城集團由本公司控股股東曾煥沙先生擁有100%。因此,紅太陽工業原料城集團為曾煥沙先生的聯繫人,因而為本公司的關連人士。

(iii) Provision of management services to Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial

The Company (as service provider) entered into a management services agreement with Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial (Group) Co., Ltd. ("Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial") (as service recipient) (the "New Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Management Services Agreement") on 8 December 2022, pursuant to which we agreed to provide management and related services to the specialized home furnishing and construction materials centers and shopping malls of Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial and its subsidiaries ("Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Group"), including but not limited to cleaning, gardening, maintenance of public order and security services to the aforesaid venue. The New Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Management Services Agreement took effect on 1 January 2023 and will be valid until 31 December 2025, and the term may be renewed as the parties may mutually agree, subject to compliance with the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and all other applicable laws and regulations.

Definitive service agreements will be entered into between the relevant members of the Group and the relevant members of the Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Group for the provision of services under the New Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Management Services Agreement. Each definitive agreement will set out the relevant services to be provided by the relevant members of the Group to the relevant members of the Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Group and the service fees. The definitive service agreements may only contain provisions which are in all material respects consistent with the binding principles, guidelines, terms and conditions set out in the New Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Management Services Agreement.

(iii) 向江蘇弘陽商業提供管理服務

於2022年12月8日,本公司(作為服務供應商)與江蘇弘陽商業(集團)有限公司(「江蘇弘陽商業」)(作為服務接受方)訂立管理服務協議(「新江蘇弘陽商業管理服務協議」),據此,我們同意向江蘇弘陽商業集團」)的廣公司(「江蘇弘陽商業集團」)的商業。 其附屬公司(「江蘇弘陽商業集團」)的商為其供管理及相關服務,包括但不限於專場提供管理及相關服務,包括但不限於序組護和安保服務。新江蘇弘陽商業管理服務協議於2023年1月1日生效,有效期至2025年12月31日,可由雙方共同協商予以續期,惟須遵守上市規則第14A章及所有其他適用法律及法規的規定。

本集團有關成員公司將與江蘇弘陽商業 集團有關成員公司就新江蘇弘陽商業管 理服務協議提供服務訂立最終服務協 議。各份最終協議將載列本集團有關成 員公司將向江蘇弘陽商業集團有關成員 公司提供的有關服務及服務費。最終服 務協議或僅載有在所有重大方面與新紅 蘇弘陽商業管理服務協議所載具有約條 文。 The service fees to be charged under the New Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Management Services Agreement shall be determined after arm's length negotiations with reference to (i) the anticipated operational costs (including labor costs); and (ii) the prevailing market price for similar services taking into account the size and location of the commercial properties to be managed by the Group, and shall be no more favorable than those offered to independent third parties.

The annual caps for the amounts of service fees payable to us by Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Group pursuant to the New Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial Management Services Agreement for each of the three years ending 31 December 2025 is RMB29,478,000, RMB30,515,000 and RMB31,474,000, respectively.

Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial is indirectly wholly-owned as to 100% by Mr. Zeng Huansha. Thus, Jiangsu Hong Yang Commercial is an associate of Mr. Zeng Huansha and therefore a connected person of the Company.

(iv) Provision of management services to Shanghai Hong Yang Business

The Company (as service provider) entered into a management services agreement with Shanghai Hongyanghui Business Management Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Hong Yang Business") (as service recipient) (the "New Shanghai Hong Yang Business Management Services Agreement") on 8 December 2022, pursuant to which we agreed to provide management and related services to the specialized home furnishing and construction materials centers and shopping malls of Shanghai Hong Yang Business and its subsidiaries ("Shanghai Hong Yang Business Group"), including but not limited to cleaning, gardening, maintenance of public order and security services to the aforesaid venue. The New Shanghai Hong Yang Business Management Services Agreement took effect on 1 January 2023 and will be valid until 31 December 2025, and the term may be renewed as the parties may mutually agree, subject to compliance with the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and all other applicable laws and regulations.

根據新江蘇弘陽商業管理服務協議將收取的服務費應經公平磋商釐定,並參考(i)預計運營成本(包括勞工成本);及(ii)類似服務的現行市價,經計及本集團將予管理的商業物業的規模及位置,且不得優於向獨立第三方提供者。

截至2025年12月31日止三個年度各年,江蘇弘陽商業集團根據新江蘇弘陽商業管理服務協議應付予我們的服務費金額的年度上限分別為人民幣29,478,000元、人民幣30,515,000元及人民幣31,474,000元。

江蘇弘陽商業由曾煥沙先生間接全資持有100%權益,因此江蘇弘陽商業為曾煥沙先生的聯繫人,因而為本公司的關連人士。

(iv) 向上海弘陽匯商業提供管理服務

Definitive service agreements will be entered into between the relevant members of the Group and the relevant members of the Shanghai Hong Yang Business Group for the provision of services under the New Shanghai Hong Yang Business Management Services Agreement. Each definitive agreement will set out the relevant services to be provided by the relevant members of the Group to the relevant members of the Shanghai Hong Yang Business Group and the service fees. The definitive service agreements may only contain provisions which are in all material respects consistent with the binding principles, guidelines, terms and conditions set out in the New Shanghai Hong Yang Business Management Services Agreement.

The service fees to be charged under the New Shanghai Hong Yang Business Management Services Agreement shall be determined after arm's length negotiations with reference to (i) the anticipated operational costs (including labor costs); and (ii) the prevailing market price for similar services taking into account the size and location of the commercial properties to be managed by the Group, and shall be no more favorable than those offered to

The annual caps for the amounts of service fees payable to us by Shanghai Hong Yang Business Group pursuant to the New Shanghai Hong Yang Business Management Services Agreement for each of the three years ending 31 December 2025 is RMB18,436,000, RMB19,249,000 and RMB19,932,000, respectively.

independent third parties.

Shanghai Hong Yang Business is indirectly wholly-owned as to 100% by Mr. Zeng Huansha. Thus, Shanghai Hong Yang Business is an associate of Mr. Zeng Huansha and therefore a connected person of the Company.

本集團有關成員公司將與上海弘陽匯商 業集團有關成員公司就新上海弘陽匯商 業管理服務協議提供服務訂立最終協議。各份最終協議將載列本集團有關 成員公司將向上海弘陽匯商業集團有關 成員公司提供的有關服務及服務 級服務協議或僅載有在所有重大方 終服務協議或僅載有在所有重大方 新上海弘陽匯商業管理服務協議所 有約束力的原則、指引、條款及條件 致的條文。

根據新上海弘陽匯商業管理服務協議將 收取的服務費應經公平磋商釐定,並參 考(i)預計運營成本(包括勞工成本);及(ii) 類似服務的現行市價,經計及本集團將 予管理的商業物業的規模及位置,且不 得優於向獨立第三方提供者。

截至2025年12月31日止三個年度各年, 上海弘陽匯商業集團根據新上海弘陽 匯商業管理服務協議應付予我們的服 務費金額的年度上限分別為人民幣 18,436,000元、人民幣19,249,000元及人民 幣19,932,000元。

上海弘陽匯商業由曾煥沙先生間接全資持有100%權益,因此上海弘陽匯商業為曾煥沙先生的聯繫人,因而為本公司的關連人士。

(v) Provision of management services to the commercial complex of Redsun Business World

The Company (as service provider) entered into a management services agreement with Nanjing Redsun Business World Co., Ltd. ("Redsun Business World") (as service recipient) (the "Existing Redsun Business World Management Services Agreement") on 16 June 2020, pursuant to which we agreed to provide Redsun Business World with management and related services to Nanjing Redsun Business World Mall (南京紅太陽商業大世界), a commercial complex for specialized home furnishing and construction materials, including but not limited to cleaning, gardening, maintenance of public order and security services to the aforesaid venues shall be effective upon the Listing and will be valid until 31 December 2022 and the term may be renewed as the parties may mutually agree in accordance with the Listing Rules. Subsequently, the Company entered into a new management services agreement with Redsun Business World (the "New Redsun Business World Management Services Agreement") on substantially the same terms and conditions as the Existing Redsun Business World Management Services Agreement. The New Redsun Business World Management Services Agreement took effect on 1 January 2023 and will be valid until 31 December 2023 and the term may be renewed as the parties may mutually agree, subject to compliance with the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and all other applicable laws and regulations.

(v) 向紅太陽商業大世界商業綜合體提供 管理服務

於2020年6月16日,本公司(作為服務供 應商)與南京紅太陽商業大世界有限公司 (「紅太陽商業大世界」)(作為服務接受方) 訂立管理服務協議(「現有紅太陽商業大世 界管理服務協議」),據此,我們同意向 紅太陽商業大世界提供南京紅太陽商業 大世界(一個專業家居裝飾及建築材料的 商業綜合體)管理及相關服務,包括但不 限於為上述場所提供清潔、園藝、公共 秩序維護和安保服務,該協議於上市後 牛效,有效期至2022年12月31日,可由雙 方根據上市規則共同協商予以續期。隨 後,本公司與紅太陽商業大世界訂立新 管理服務協議(「新紅太陽商業大世界管理 服務協議」),其條款及條件與現有紅太陽 商業大世界管理服務協議大致相同。新 紅太陽商業大世界管理服務協議於2023年 1月1日生效,有效期至2023年12月31日, 可由雙方共同協商予以續期,惟須遵守 上市規則第14A章及所有其他適用法律及 法規的規定。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

Definitive service agreements will be entered into between the relevant members of the Group and the relevant members of the Redsun Business World for the provision of services under the New Redsun Business World Management Services Agreement. Each definitive agreement will set out the relevant services to be provided by the relevant members of the Group to the relevant members of the Redsun Business World and the service fees. The definitive service agreements may only contain provisions which are in all material respects consistent with the binding principles, guidelines, terms and conditions set out in the New Redsun Business World Management Services Agreement.

The service fees to be charged under the New Redsun Business World Management Services Agreement shall be determined after arm's length negotiations with reference to (i) the anticipated operational costs (including labor costs); and (ii) the prevailing market price for similar services of similar properties, and shall be no more favorable than those offered to independent third parties.

The annual caps for the amounts of service fees payable to us by amounts of service fees payable to us by Redsun Business World pursuant to the New Redsun Business World Management Services Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2023 is RMB948.000.

Redsun Business World is owned as to 100% by Ms. Zeng Suqing (曾素清), the sister of Mr. Zeng Huansha. Thus, Redsun Business World is an associate of Mr. Zeng Huansha and therefore a connected person of the Company.

Confirmation from the independent non-executive Directors

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the continuing connected transactions mentioned above and confirmed that the transactions have been entered into in the ordinary and usual course of the business of the Group, on normal commercial terms or better, and in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders as a whole.

本集團有關成員公司將與紅太陽商業大世界有關成員公司就新紅太陽商業和大世界管理服務協議提供服務訂立最終協議將載列本集團有關。 会份最終協議將載列本集團有關成員公司提供的有關服務及服務費。 員公司提供的有關服務及服務費。 最務協議或僅載有在所有重大方面, 服務協議或僅載有在所有重大方面, 紅太陽商業大世界管理服務協議所 紅太陽商業大世界管理服務協議所 紅太陽商業大世界管理服務協議所 有約束力的原則、指引、條款及條件一 致的條文。

根據新紅太陽商業大世界管理服務協議 收取的服務費應經公平磋商釐定,並參 考(i)預計運營成本(包括勞工成本);及(ii) 就類似物業提供類似服務的現行市價, 且不得優於向獨立第三方所提供者。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,紅太陽商業 大世界根據新紅太陽商業大世界管理服 務協議應付予我們的服務費金額的年度 上限為人民幣948,000元。

紅太陽商業大世界由曾素清女士(曾煥沙 先生的胞姐)擁有100%權益。因此,紅太 陽商業大世界為曾煥沙先生的聯繫人, 因而為本公司的關連人士。

獨立非執行董事確認

獨立非執行董事已審閱上述持續關連交易,並確認該等交易乃於本集團一般日常業務中,按一般或更佳商業條款並根據規管該等交易之有關協議進行,且條款均屬公平合理,符合股東整體利益。

Confirmation from the auditor

The Company's auditor has been engaged to report on the continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 (Revised) "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Board of Directors has received an unqualified letter from the auditor of the Company in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, stating that the auditor has not noticed that any of the above continuing connected transactions:

- (a) have not been approved by the Company's board of directors;
- (b) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group for transactions involving the provision of goods or services by the Group;
- (c) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- (d) have exceeded the annual cap as set by the Company.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A summary of the related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 is contained in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group in this annual report.

Save as disclosed in item (a) and (c) of note 32 ("Note 32") headed "Related Party Transactions" to the consolidated financial statements contained in the Annual Report, none of the related party transactions as disclosed under Note 32, constitute connected transaction or continuing connected transaction that is subject to, among other things, reporting, announcement, annual review and/or independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements for connected transactions or continuing connected transactions in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the year under review.

核數師確認

本公司已委聘核數師,根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港保證委聘準則第3000號(修訂)「歷史財務資料之審核或審閱以外的保證委聘」,並參考應用指引第740號(修訂)「根據香港上市規則就持續關連交易發出核數師函件」,就持續關連交易作出匯報。董事會已收到本公司核數師根據上市規則第14A.56條發出的無保留函件,指出核數師並未獲悉上述任何持續關連交易。

- (a) 並未獲本公司董事會批准;
- (b) 就有關本集團提供貨品或服務之交易而言,在 各重大方面違反本集團之定價政策;
- (c) 在各重大方面並未根據規管該等交易之相關協 議訂立;及
- (d) 已超過本公司所定之年度上限。

關聯方交易

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度進行的關聯方交易 概要載於本年報內的本集團綜合財務報表附註32。

除年報所載綜合財務報表中的「關聯方交易」附註32 (「附註32」)(a)及(c)項所披露的內容外,附註32所披露的關聯方交易均不構成需要遵守(其中包括)上市規則第14A章的報告、公告、年度審核及/或獨立股東批准規定的關連交易或持續關連交易。本公司於回顧年內已遵守上市規則第14A章的關連交易或持續關連交易披露規定。

DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTION, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACTS

Other than those transactions disclosed in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group in this annual report and in the paragraphs headed "Directors' Interests in Competing Business" and "Continuing Connected Transactions" in this section, no Director or controlling shareholder of the Company has any material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the Group's business to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its parent companies were a party subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2023.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group include, among others:

- (i) We may not be able to grow our property management portfolio as planned, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. The Group will continue to expand its property management portfolio by proactive market-oriented expansion and strategic acquisition to add to the scale of its properties under management.
- (ii) The Group's historical results may not be indicative of its future prospects and results of operation and its future growth may not materialize as planned, and failure to manage any future growth effectively may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. The Group will continue to uplift its operation and management capability and market competitiveness and seize market opportunities for achieving continual growth in operating results.

董事及控股股東於交易、安排或合約的權益

除本年報內的本集團綜合財務報表附註32及本節「董事於競爭性業務的權益」以及「持續關連交易」兩段所披露者外,概無本公司董事或控股股東於對本集團業務屬重大而本公司、其任何附屬公司、同系附屬公司或其母公司為訂約方且於年末或截至2023年12月31日止年度任何時間仍然存續的交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有任何重大權益。

主要風險及不確定性因素

本集團面臨的主要風險及不確定性因素包括(其中包括):

- (i) 我們未必能按計劃擴充物業管理組合,可能對 我們的業務、財務狀況及經營業績造成重大不 利影響。本集團將積極通過市場化拓展和戰略 收購的方式,增加在管物業規模,繼續擴展物 業管理組合。
- (ii) 本集團的歷史業績未必能反映未來前景及經營 業績,且其未必能按計劃實現未來增長,而無 法有效管理未來增長,或會對我們的業務、財 務狀況及經營業績造成重大不利影響。本集團 將持續提升自身運營管理能力和市場競爭力, 把握市場機會,實現經營業績持續增長。

- (iii) Termination or non-renewal of the Group's preliminary property management service contracts or property management service contracts could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations. The Group will continue to enhance quality and uplift service capability, gain customers' recognition, and increase contract renewal rate.
- (iv) A majority of our revenue is generated from property management services the Group provides to projects developed by Redsun Properties Group and properties owned by associates of the controlling shareholders, which the Group does not have control over. The Group will continue to expand its coverage to properties developed by third-party developers and reduce reliance on properties developed by related parties.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Compliance procedures are in place to ensure adherence to applicable laws, rules and regulations which have a significant impact to the Group. As at the date of this annual report, except as disclosed in the annual report, the Group complied with, in all material respects, all the relevant and applicable PRC laws and regulations governing the business of property management and the Group has obtained all licenses, permits and certificates for the purpose of operating its business.

As at the date of this annual report, the Company's joint ventures and associated company were not involved in and the Board is not aware of any non-compliance incidents that might adversely affect the value of the Company's interests in them.

- (iii) 本集團的前期物業管理服務合同或物業管理服務合同遭終止或不獲重續可能對其業務、財務 狀況及經營業績造成重大不利影響。本集團將 持續改進品質並提升服務能力,獲得客戶認 可,提高合同續約率。
- (iv) 我們的大部分收益來自於本集團為弘陽地產集團開發的項目及控股股東的聯繫人擁有的物業提供的物業管理服務,該等項目本集團無法控制。本集團將持續拓展其覆蓋範圍至第三方開發商開發的物業,減少對關聯方開發物業的依賴。

遵守法律法規

本集團已制定合規程序,以確保遵守對本集團有重大 影響的適用法律、規則及法規。於本年報日期,除年 報所披露者外,本集團於所有重大方面已遵守所有規 管物業管理業務的相關及適用中國法律及法規。本集 團已就經營其業務取得所有執照、許可證及證書。

於本年報日期,本公司的合營企業及聯營公司並無涉及且董事會並不知悉任何不合規事件可能會對本公司 於其中的價值產生不利影響。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As of 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong) which were required to be entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or which were otherwise required, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, are set out below:

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團 的股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

截至2023年12月31日,董事及本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條例》(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有須於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置的登記冊中登記或根據標準守則須通知本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

Interests in underlying shares of associated corporations

於相聯法團相關股份的權益

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Nature of interest	Number of underlying Shares subject to the pre-IPO share options 首次公開發售前購股	Approximate percentage of shareholding
董事姓名	相聯法團名稱	權益性質	權所涉相關股份數目	股權概約百分比
Zeng Junkai ^(Note 1) 曾俊凱 ^(附註1)	Redsun Properties 弘陽地產	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	18,900,500	0.57%

Note:

(1) As at 31 December 2023, Mr. Zeng Junkai was interested in 18,900,500 underlying shares in respect of share options granted by Redsun Properties pursuant to the pre-IPO share option scheme of Redsun Properties.

Saved as disclosed above, as of 31 December 2023, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations, recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

於2023年12月31日,曾後凱先生於弘陽地產根據弘陽 地產首次公開發售前購股權計劃所授出的購股權所涉 及的18,900,500股相關股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,截至2023年12月31日,概無董事及本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有須於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置的登記冊中登記或根據標準守則須通知本公司及聯交所的任何權益及淡倉。

Substantial Shareholders' Interests and Short Positions in the Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company

Long positions in the Shares of the Company

So far as is known to the Company, as at 31 December 2023, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, the following persons, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, had an interest of 5% or more in the Shares or underlying Shares:

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

於本公司股份的好倉

就本公司所知,截至2023年12月31日,誠如本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置的登記冊所記錄,除董事或本公司最高行政人員外,下列人士於股份或相關股份中擁有5%或以上權益:

Name of Substantial Shareholder 主要股東名稱	Nature of Interest 權益性質	Number of shares 股份數目	Approximate percentage 概約百分比
Redsun Services Group (Holdings) ⁽¹⁾ 弘陽服務集團(控股) ⁽¹⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	301,994,000	72.77%
Hong Yang Group Company ⁽¹⁾ 弘陽集團 ⁽¹⁾	Interest in controlled corporation 受控法團權益	301,994,000	72.77%
Hong Yang International ⁽¹⁾ 弘陽國際 ⁽¹⁾	Interest in controlled corporation 受控法團權益	301,994,000	72.77%
Hong Yang Group (Holdings) ⁽¹⁾ 弘陽集團(控股) ⁽¹⁾	Interest in controlled corporation 受控法團權益	301,994,000	72.77%
Mr. Zeng Huansha ⁽¹⁾ 曾煥沙先生 ⁽¹⁾	Interest in controlled corporation 受控法團權益	301,994,000	72.77%
Ms. Chen Sihong [©] 陳思紅女士 [©]	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	301,994,000	72.77%

Notes:

- (1) Redsun Services Group (Holdings) is wholly owned by Hong Yang Group Company, which in turn is wholly owned by Hong Yang International, which in turn is owned as to 50% and 50% by Hong Yang Group (Holdings) (a company wholly owned by Mr. Zeng Huansha) and Mr. Zeng Huansha, respectively. Accordingly, each of Hong Yang Group Company, Hong Yang International, Hong Yang Group (Holdings) and Mr. Zeng Huansha is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Redsun Services Group (Holdings) by virtue of the SFO.
- (2) Ms. Chen Sihong is the spouse of Mr. Zeng Huansha and is therefore deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Zeng Huansha is interested by virtue of the SFO.

附註:

- (1) 弘陽服務集團(控股)由弘陽集團全資擁有,而弘陽集團由弘陽國際全資擁有,而弘陽國際由弘陽集團(控股)(由曾煥沙先生全資擁有的公司)及曾煥沙先生分別擁有50%及50%權益。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,弘陽集團、弘陽國際、弘陽集團(控股)及曾煥沙先生各自被視為於弘陽服務集團(控股)持有的股份中擁有權益。
- (2) 陳思紅女士為曾煥沙先生的配偶,因此,根據證券及 期貨條例,被視為於曾煥沙先生擁有權益的股份中擁 有權益。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, the Company had not been notified of any persons (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares that were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文披露者外,截至2023年12月31日,本公司並無 獲通知任何人士(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)於 股份或相關股份中擁有已於根據證券及期貨條例第336 條須存置的登記冊中登記的權益或淡倉。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisted during the year ended 31 December 2023.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

During the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no any rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, nor were there any such rights exercised by them. Also, there was no arrangement to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries is a party that would enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTING SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2023.

管理合約

截至2023年12月31日止年度,概無就本公司整體或任何重大部分業務的管理及行政方面訂立任何合約,亦不存續有關合約。

購買股份或債權證的安排

截至2023年12月31日止年度,任何董事或彼等各自的配偶或未滿18歲的子女概無獲授任何權利可透過購入本公司股份或債權證而獲取利益,彼等亦無行使任何該等權利。此外,本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司亦無訂立任何安排,致使董事可取得任何其他法人團體的該等權利。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company, or the law of Cayman Islands being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated under which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" in this annual report.

EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As of 31 December 2023, the Group had 3,203 employees in total, of which 2,515 employees were engaged in property management and related services for residential properties, 307 employees were engaged in property management and related services for commercial properties and 381 employees were engaged in property management and related services for public construction properties.

The emolument of the employees of the Group is mainly determined based on their duties, performance and the prevailing market level in the respective regions. The Group has formulated a systematic and market-competitive employee incentive plan and a comprehensive talent cultivation scheme based on its business to attract and retain talents through offering competitive salary packages, comprehensive talent training strategies, internal promotion system and a caring corporate culture.

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島(即本公司註冊成立所在司法權區)法律並無有關優先購買權的任何規定,規限本公司須向現有股東按持股比例發售新股。

企業管治

本公司採納的主要企業管治常規載於本年報「企業管治報告」一節。

僱員及薪酬政策

截至2023年12月31日,本集團共有3,203名員工,其中2,515名員工從事住宅物業的物業管理及相關服務,307名員工從事商業物業的物業管理及相關服務,381名員工從事公建物業的物業管理及相關服務。

本集團員工的薪酬主要根據其職責、工作表現及該地區目前市場水平釐定。本集團基於業務制定了系統的、有市場競爭力的員工激勵計劃和完備的人才培養計劃,通過提供具有競爭力的薪資待遇、完善的人才培養策略、內部晉升制度和關愛的企業文化來吸引和留住人才。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

In addition, focusing on the entire process of talent cultivation and development, the Group has also formulated the systematic "talent cultivation scheme", for enhancing the quality of talents and broadening its pool of talents. The Group has designed the "Hong Elite Scheme (弘精英計劃)", "Management Trainee programme", and "Hong Yao Scheme (弘耀計劃)" for the key talents, as well as cultivated city companies "Hong Elite", "Redsun Housekeeper" and "Hong Master" for enhancing capabilities of the Company's customer services, in which systematic arrangements are implemented to provide the employees of the Group with clear development path and secure the demand for talents in different business segments and levels. The Group believes that talent cultivation scheme of the Group will enhance team building, improve team capability, and provide talent pipelines for the business development of the Group.

此外,本集團還圍繞人才培養和發展的全流程形成了系統的「培養計劃」,提高人才質量、增加人才庫;針對關鍵人才設計了「弘精英計劃」、「管培生計劃」、「弘耀計劃」,同時為提升公司對客服務能力,培養城市公司「弘精英」、「弘管家」、「弘師傅」,實施體系化的載端,為本集團員工提供了清晰的發展道路,保障了不同業務模塊、不同層級的人才需求。本集團相信,本集團的人才培養計劃將加強團隊建設,提高團隊能力,並為本集團業務發展提供人才通道。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

Environmental Protection

The Group is subject to PRC laws in relation to environment protection matters. The Group considers the protection of the environment to be important and have implemented measures in the operation of our businesses to ensure its compliance with all applicable requirements. Given the nature of its operations, the Group believes it is not subject to material environmental liability risk or compliance costs.

During the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report, no fines or penalties for non-compliance of PRC environmental laws had been imposed on the Group, and the Group had not been subject to any material administrative penalties due to violation of environmental laws in the PRC.

Social Responsibility

The Group has entered into employment contracts with its employees in accordance with the applicable PRC laws and regulations.

The Group maintains social welfare insurance for its full-time employees in the PRC, including pension insurance, medical insurance, personal injury insurance, unemployment insurance and maternity insurance, in accordance with the relevant PRC laws and regulations.

環境、社會及管治

環境保護

本集團須遵守中國有關環境保護事宜的法律。本集團 認為保護環境十分重要,並已於業務營運中採取措施 以確保其遵守所有適用規定。鑑於其業務的性質,本 集團相信其毋須承擔重大環境責任風險或合規成本。

截至2023年12月31日止年度及截至本年報日期,本集 團並無因違反中國環境法律而被處以罰款或處罰,且 本集團亦無因違反中國環境法律而受到任何重大行政 處罰。

社會責任

本集團已根據適用中國法律及法規與僱員訂立僱傭合 同。

本集團根據相關中國法律及法規為中國的全職僱員購買社會福利保險,包括養老保險、醫療保險、個人工 傷保險、失業保險及生育保險。

Health and Work Safety

The employees' administrative measures adopted by the Group contain policies and procedures regarding work safety and occupational health issues. The Group provides its employees with annual medical checks and safety training, and the construction sites of the Group are equipped with safety equipment including gloves, boots and hats.

The operational management department of the Group is responsible for recording and handling work accidents as well as maintaining health and work safety compliance records.

During the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report, the Group did not encounter any material safety accident, there were no material claims for personal or property damages and no material compensation was paid to employees in respect of claims for personal or property damages related to safety accident.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE PROVISIONS

The articles of association of the Company provides that the Directors, managing directors, alternate Directors, auditors, secretary and other officers for the time being of the Company and the trustees (if any) for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company, and their respective executors or administrators, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts. The Company has arranged appropriate directors and officers liability insurance in respect of legal action against Directors.

健康及工作安全

本集團採用的員工管理辦法載有關於工作安全及職業 健康事宜的政策及程序。本集團向僱員提供年度體檢 及安全培訓,且本集團的建築工地配有安全設備,包 括手套、安全靴及安全帽。

本集團的運營管理部負責記錄及處理工程事故以及保 存健康及工作安全合規記錄。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度及直至本年報日期止,本集團並無遭遇任何重大安全事故,亦無有關人身傷害或財產損失的重大申索及並無就有關人身傷害或財產損失的安全意外的申索向僱員支付重大賠償。

彌償及保險規定

本公司組織章程細則規定本公司其時的董事、董事總經理、替任董事、核數師、秘書及其他高級人員及其時就本公司任何事務行事的受託人(如有),以及他們各自的遺囑執行人或遺產管理人,就他們或他們當使何人、他們或他們的任何遺囑執行人或遺產管理人因執行其各自職務或信託事宜中的職責或假定職責受的一切訴訟、成本、收費、損失、損害及開支,應獲得以本公司資產作出的彌償及保障他們免受傷害。本公司已就董事可能面對的法律行動安排適當的董事及主要職員責任保險。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

EOUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or subsisted during the year ended 31 December 2023.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Rule 8.08 of the Listing Rules requires there to be an open market in the securities for which listing is sought and a sufficient public float of an issuer's listed securities to be maintained. This normally means that at least 25% of the issuer's total issued share capital must at all times be held by the public.

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group made charitable and other donations in a total amount of RMB0.5 million.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been audited by Ernst & Young. A resolution for the reappointment of Ernst & Young as the Company's auditor is to be proposed at the AGM.

股票掛鈎協議

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團並無訂立股票掛 鈎協議或有關協議仍然生效。

足夠公眾持股量

上市規則第8.08條規定尋求上市的證券必須有公開市場且發行人的上市證券須維持足夠公眾持股量。該規定通常表示在任何時間發行人的已發行股本總數最少25%必須由公眾持有。

基於本公司所獲公開資料及就董事所知,於刊發本年報前的最後可行日期,本公司已維持上市規則規定的 足夠公眾持股量。

慈善捐款

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團作出慈善及其他 捐款共計人民幣0.5百萬元。

核數師

安永會計師事務所已審核截至2023年12月31日止年度 的綜合財務報表。有關續聘安永會計師事務所為本公 司核數師的決議案將於股東週年大會上獲提呈。

PROFESSIONAL TAX ADVICE RECOMMENDED

If the shareholders are unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in, or the exercise of any rights in relation to the Shares, they are advised to consult an expert.

建議諮詢專業税務意見

股東如對購買、持有、出售、買賣或行使有關股份的 任何權利的稅務影響存有任何疑問,建議彼等諮詢其 專業顧問。

For and on behalf of the Board

Redsun Services Group Limited

Zeng Junkai

Chairman

Hong Kong, 21 March 2024

代表董事會 **弘陽服務集團有限公司 曾俊凱** 主席

香港,2024年3月21日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Group is committed to implementing high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and enhance the corporate value as well as the responsibility commitments. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") as its own code of corporate governance.

Saved as disclosed above, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions set out in Part 2 of the CG Code during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report (the "Relevant Period"). The directors of the Company (the "Directors") will use their best endeavors to procure the Company to continue to comply with the CG Code.

INDUCTION AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Each Director is provided with the necessary induction and information to ensure that he has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his responsibilities under relevant statutes, by-laws, laws, rules and regulations. The Company will continue to arrange regular seminars to provide the Directors with updates on the latest developments and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The Directors are also provided with regular updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge his duty.

企業管治

本集團致力於實現高標準企業管治,以保障股東權益及提高企業價值與責任承擔。本公司已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C1所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)作為其本身的企業管治守則。

除上文所披露者外,據董事所深知,於截至2023年12 月31日止年度及直至本年報日期(「相關期間」),本公司已遵守企業管治守則第二部分所載的所有適用守則 條文。本公司董事(「董事」)將盡最大努力促使本公司 繼續遵守企業管治守則。

入職培訓及持續專業發展

各董事將獲提供所需入職培訓及資料,確保彼對本公司營運及業務以及彼根據相關法規、細則、法律、規則及法例承擔的責任有充分了解。本公司將繼續定期安排講座,以不時向董事提供上市規則及其他相關法律及法規的最新發展及不時變動。董事亦定期獲提供本公司表現、地位及前景的最新情況,以讓董事會整體及各董事履行彼等的職責。

During the Reporting Period, the Company provided training materials to the Directors and the management of the Company regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements.

於報告期內,本公司向董事及本公司管理層提供有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定的培訓資料。

Types of Continuous

		Professional Development Training 持續專業發展培訓類型
Name of Director	董事姓名	Reading materials 閱讀材料
Traine of Birector	<u> </u>	P49 P54 17 1
Non-executive Director	非執行董事	
Mr. Zeng Junkai	曾俊凱先生	<i>v</i>
Executive Director	執行董事	
Ms. Zeng Zixi	曾子熙女士	<i>v</i>
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Ms. Wang Fen	王奮女士	✓
Mr. Li Xiaohang	李曉航先生	✓
Mr. Zhao Xianbo	趙現波先生	✓

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

THE BOARD

1. Responsibilities

The Board assumes the responsibility of leadership and control of the Company, and supervises and approves significant decisions regarding financial performance, strategic development objectives and operations of the Company. The Board delegates to the management authority and responsibility for the Company's daily operations and businesses management according to the Board's instructions. The Board has established three committees, namely, the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Board (collectively, the "Board Committees"), and has delegated to the Board Committees various duties. All the Board Committees perform their distinct roles in accordance with their respective terms of reference.

All Directors shall at all times ensure that they carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders.

2. Board Composition

Non-executive Director

Mr. Zeng Junkai

Executive Director

Ms. Zeng Zixi

Independent Non-executive Directors

Ms. Wang Fen

Mr. Li Xiaohang

Mr. 7hao Xianbo

董事會

1. 職責

董事會負責領導及控制本公司,並監管及審批有關本公司財務表現、策略發展目標及業務的重大決定。董事會向管理層授出根據董事會的指示負責本公司的日常經營及業務管理的權力及責任。董事會已成立三個委員會,即董事會轄下審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會(統稱為「董事委員會」),並向董事委員會委派多項職責。所有董事委員會均根據其各自的職權範圍履行不同的責任。

全體董事須始終確保其本著真誠、遵守適用法 律及法規並符合本公司及股東利益的原則履行 職責。

2. 董事會組成

非執行董事

曾俊凱先生

執行董事

曾子熙女士

獨立非執行董事

王奮女士

李曉航先生

There is no material financial, business, family or other relationship between any members of the Board. The biographies of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report. All the Directors, including the independent non-executive Directors, bring a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company.

The Company has received a confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board has assessed their independence and concluded that all the independent non-executive Directors are considered to be independent pursuant to the Listing Rules.

Each of the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years.

3. Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company have been separated as required by Code Provision C.2.1 of the CG Code. For the year ended 31 December 2023, Mr. Zeng Junkai served as the Chairman of the Company and Mr. Chen Yichun (appointed on 23 September 2022) served as the Vice President of the Company (presiding over the work) (the "Vice President"). He is currently the Executive President of the Company.

董事會任何成員之間概無重大財務、業務、家庭或其他關係。董事履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節。全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)為董事會帶來廣泛而寶貴的業務經驗、知識及專業技巧,以使董事會發揮高效及有效職能。獨立非執行董事受邀於本公司審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會任職。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 第3.13條的規定就其獨立性發出的確認書。董事 會已根據上市規則評估彼等的獨立性並確認所 有獨立非執行董事被視作獨立。

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂 立為期三年的委任函。

3. 主席與行政總裁

本公司主席與行政總裁的角色已根據企業管治守則的守則條文第C.2.1條規定予以區分。截至2023年12月31日止年度,曾俊凱先生為本公司的主席,而陳義純先生(於2022年9月23日獲委任)為本公司的副總裁(主持工作)(「副總裁」),現任公司執行總裁。

4. Board Meetings

Code Provision C.5.1 of the CG Code prescribes that at least four regular Board meetings should be held in each year at approximately quarterly intervals with active participation of majority of directors, either in person or through electronic means of communication.

The Company has adopted the practice of holding Board meetings regularly. Notice of not less than 14 days is given of all regular Board meetings to provide all Directors with the opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda. For other committee meetings, 7 days' notice is given. The agenda and accompanying board papers are despatched to the Directors or committee members at least 3 days before meetings to ensure that they have sufficient time to review these documents and be adequately prepared. When the Directors or committee members are unable to attend a meeting, they are advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the chairman prior to the meeting.

Minutes of the Board meetings and committee meetings are recorded in detail and include the matters considered by the Board and the committees and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the Directors. Draft minutes of each Board meeting and committee meeting are sent to the Directors within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held so that they have an opportunity to request amendments.

The Board has established mechanisms to ensure that independent views and input are available to the Board (i) the Chairman will at least hold one meeting annually with independent non-executive Directors and without the presence of other Directors; and (ii) the independent non-executive Directors participate in board committees (including Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee) meetings to bring independent views, advice and judgment on important issues relating to the Company's strategy, policy and financial performance. During the Reporting Period, the Board reviewed the implementation of the abovementioned mechanism and considered the mechanism to be appropriate and effective.

4. 董事會會議

企業管治守則的守則條文第C.5.1條規定,每年至少召開四次定期董事會會議,大約每季一次,且大多數董事須積極參與會議(無論親身或 頒過電子通訊方式)。

本公司已採納定期召開董事會會議的慣例。本公司就所有定期舉行的董事會會議發出不少於14天的通知,以給予全體董事出席定期會議發出不對機會。就其他委員會會議而言,將會發出7天通知。議程及隨附的董事會文件會於舉行會議前最少3天寄發予董事或委員會成員,以確保彼等有充足時間審閱該制數等,以確保彼等有充足時間審閱表能與件並作充分準備。當董事或委員會成員未能,席會議,彼等將獲知會有關將予討論的事宜,並有機會在舉行會議前向主席發表意見。

董事會會議及委員會會議的會議記錄會詳盡記 錄及包括董事會及委員會所考慮的事宜及所達 致的決定,包括董事提出的任何問題。各董事 會會議及委員會會議的會議記錄草擬本會於會 議舉行日期後的合理時間內發送至董事,使彼 等有機會要求作出修訂。

董事會已建立機制以確保董事會能夠獲得獨立 意見及建議:(i)主席將至少每年與獨立非執行 董事舉行一次會議,無需其他董事出席會議; 及(ii)獨立非執行董事參與董事委員會(包括審核 委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會)會議,就與 委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會)會議,就與 本公司戰略、政策、財務業績有關的重大事, 提出獨立意見、建議及判斷。於報告期內, 董 是出獨立意見、建議及判斷。於報告期內, 董 會已檢討上述機制的實施,並認為該機制屬 合適及有效。

The Company has convened one annual general meeting on 20 June 2023 and two extraordinary general meetings on 1 March 2023 and 12 September 2023, and the Board convened 8 Board meetings during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report. The table below sets forth the details of the attendance at these Board meetings:

於截至2023年12月31日止年度及直至本年報日期止,本公司已於2023年6月20日召開一次股東週年大會及於2023年3月1日及2023年9月12日召開了兩次股東特別大會,而董事會已舉行8次董事會會議。下表載列該等董事會會議的出席詳情:

Number of meetings attended/ held during the Director's term of office 董事於任期內出席/舉行會議次數

Name of Director	董事姓名	Board meetings 董事會會議	Annual general meeting 股東週年大會	Extraordinary general meeting 股東特別大會
Non-executive Director	非執行董事			
Mr. Zeng Junkai	曾俊凱先生	8/8	2/2	1/1
Executive Director	執行董事			
Ms. Zeng Zixi	曾子熙女士	8/8	2/2	1/1
Independent				
Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事			
Ms. Wang Fen	王奮女士	8/8	2/2	1/1
Mr. Li Xiaohang	李曉航先生	8/8	2/2	1/1
Mr. Zhao Xianbo	趙現波先生	8/8	2/2	1/1

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Company has established an audit committee, a remuneration committee and a nomination committee. Each of these committees has specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties. The chairmen of these committees will report their findings and recommendations to the Board after each meeting.

1. Audit Committee

Our Board has established an audit committee in compliance with Rules 3.21 and 3.22 of the Listing Rules and Code D.3 of the CG Code, and has adopted written terms of reference. The primary duties of our audit committee are to review and monitor the Group's financial reporting process, risk management and internal control system, to oversee the audit process, to provide advice and comments to our Board, and to perform other duties and responsibilities as may be assigned by the Board. Our audit committee currently consists of one non-executive Director, being Mr. Zeng Junkai, and three independent non-executive Directors, being Ms. Wang Fen, Mr. Li Xiaohang and Mr. Zhao Xianbo. Our audit committee is currently chaired by Mr. Zhao Xianbo, who possesses suitable professional qualifications.

Our audit committee convened 2 meetings during the Relevant Period. The table below sets forth the details of the attendance at these meetings:

董事委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。各委員會設有特定書面職權範圍,清晰列明其職權及職責。該等委員會的主席於會議後將向董事會報告其發現及推薦建議。

1. 審核委員會

董事會已根據上市規則第3.21條及第3.22條及企業管治守則守則第D.3條設立審核委員會,並已採納書面職權範圍。審核委員會的主要職責為檢討及檢察本集團的財務匯報程序、風險管理及內部監控系統、監督審核過程、向董事會回能委派的董事會可能委派的董事(即曾俊凱先生),及三名獨立非執行董事(即曾俊凱先生),及三名獨立非執行董事(即至後凱先生),及三名獨立非執行董事(即至後凱先生),及三名獨立非執行董事(即至後凱先生)組成。審核委員會現時由趙現波先生出任主席,其擁有適當專業資格。

於相關期間,審核委員會召開2次會議。下表載 列該等會議的出席詳情:

> Number of meetings attended/held during the Director's term of office 董事於任期內出席/ 舉行會議次數

Name of Director 董事姓名

Mr. Zhao Xianbo <i>(Chairman)</i>	趙現波先生(主席)	2/2
Ms. Wang Fen	王奮女士	2/2
Mr. Li Xiaohang	李曉航先生	2/2
Mr. Zeng Junkai	曾俊凱先生	2/2

Our audit committee has reviewed the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 and confirmed that it has complied all applicable accounting principles, standards and requirements, and made sufficient disclosures. The audit committee has also discussed the matters of audit and financial reporting. Our audit committee has also reviewed the significant issues on the financial reporting and compliance procedures, internal control and risk management systems and connected transactions, and have discussed with the auditor of the Company about the tasks they performed.

Our audit committee has reviewed the remuneration of the auditor for the year ended 31 December 2023 and has recommended the Board to re-appoint Ernst & Young as the auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023, subject to approval by the Shareholders at the AGM.

The work performed by our audit committee during the Relevant Period included, among others, the following:

- reviewed the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2023;
- reviewed the cash flow projections and monitored the Company's overall financial condition;
- reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2023;
- made recommendations to the Board on the reappointment of auditor for the year 2024;
- reviewed the appropriateness and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company and made recommendations to the Board on the improvement of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company;

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至2023年12月31日 止年度的經審核綜合財務報表,並確認其已遵 守所有適用會計原則、準則及規定,並已作出 充分披露。審核委員會亦已就審核及財務匯報 事宜進行討論。審核委員會亦已審閱有關財務 匯報、合規程序、內部監控、風險管理系統及 關連交易的重大議題,並與本公司核數師討論 其進行的工作。

審核委員會已審閱截至2023年12月31日止年度 核數師的薪酬,並建議董事會重新委任安永會 計師事務所為本公司截至2023年12月31日止年 度的核數師,惟須待股東於股東週年大會上批 准後,方可作實。

審核委員會於相關期間進行的工作包括(其中包括)以下各項:

- 審閱本公司截至2023年6月30日止六個月的未經審核綜合財務報表;
- 審閱現金流量預測及監控本公司的整體 財務狀況;
- 審閱本公司截至2023年12月31日止財政年度的經審核綜合財務報表;
- 就於2024年重新委任核數師向董事會提供 推薦建議;
- 審閱本公司風險管理及內部監控系統的 適當性及有效性,並就改進本公司風險 管理及內部監控系統向董事會提供推薦 建議;

- reviewed the appropriateness and effectiveness of the internal audit function of the Company and made recommendations to the Board on the improvement of the internal audit function of the Company; and
- reviewed the arrangements which employees can raise concerns on possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters, and the investigation of these matters for appropriate follow-up actions.

2. Remuneration Committee

Our Board has established a remuneration committee in compliance with Rules 3.25 and 3.26 of the Listing Rules and Code E.1 of the CG Code, and has adopted written terms of reference. The primary duties of our remuneration committee are to establish, review and make recommendations to the Directors on our policy and structure concerning remuneration of the Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies concerning such remuneration, determine the terms of the specific remuneration package of each executive Director and senior management and review and approve performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives. Our remuneration committee currently consists of one executive Director, being Ms. Zeng Zixi, and three independent non-executive Directors, being Ms. Wang Fen, Mr. Li Xiaohang and Mr. Zhao Xianbo. Our remuneration committee is currently chaired by Ms. Wang Fen.

- 審閱本公司內部審核職能的適當性及有效性,並就改善本公司的內部審核職能向董事會提供推薦建議;及
- 檢討僱員就財務匯報、內部監控或其他 事宜的潛在不當行為提出疑問的安排, 並調查該等事宜及作出適當的跟進行 動。

2. 薪酬委員會

董事會已根據上市規則第3.25條及第3.26條以及企業管治守則守則第E.1條設立薪酬委員會會主題已採納書面職權範圍。薪酬委員會的主要關責為訂立、審閱有關董事及高級管理層的的主義則及透明程序,並就此向董事會提供推薦建議,以及在參照公司目標及宗旨後審閱及一種與表現掛鈎的薪酬。薪酬委員會現時由五奮女士出任主席。

Our remuneration committee convened 1 meeting during the Relevant Period. The table below sets forth the details of the attendance at the meeting:

於相關期間,薪酬委員會召開1次會議。下表載 列該等會議的出席詳情:

Number of meetings

attended/held during
the Director's
Name of committee member 委員會成員姓名 term of office
董事於任期內出席/

Ms. Wang Fen (Chairman)	王奮女士(主席)	1/1
Ms. Zeng Zixi	曾子熙女士	1/1
Mr. Zhao Xianbo	趙現波先生	1/1
Mr. Li Xiaohang	李曉航先生	1/1

The major work performed by our remuneration committee during the Relevant Period included, among others, the following:

- 中包括)以下各項:
- reviewed and made recommendations to the Board of the remuneration packages and overall benefits for the Directors and the senior management of the Company;
- 遇及整體福利並就此向董事會提供推薦 建議:

檢討董事及本公司高級管理層的薪酬待

薪酬委員會於相關期間進行的主要工作包括(其

- made recommendations to the Board in relation to all consultancy agreements and service contracts or any variations, renewals or modifications thereof, entered into between the Company and the Directors and senior management of the Company or any associate company of any of them;
- 就本公司與董事及本公司高級管理層或 其任何聯屬公司訂立的所有顧問協議及 服務合約或其任何更改、重續或修訂向 董事會提供推薦建議;

- considered what details of the remuneration/benefits
 of the Directors should be reported in the Company's
 corporate governance report in the annual report and how
 those details should be presented, including determining
 the policy for the remuneration of Directors, assessing
 performance of executive Directors and approving the
 terms of executive Directors' service contracts:
- made recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for formulating remuneration policy; and
- reviewed and/or approved the matters set out in Chapter
 17 of the Listing Rules in relation to share schemes.

Compensation of the Directors and senior management

The Directors and members of our senior management receive compensation from our Company in the form of salaries, bonuses and other benefits in kind such as contributions to pension plans.

The Company incurred expenses in relation to remuneration (including fees, salaries, contributions to pension schemes and social welfare, discretionary bonuses, housing and other allowances and other benefits in kind) for the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately RMB2,115,000.

The Company incurred expenses in relation to remuneration (including fees, salaries, contributions to pension schemes and social welfare, discretionary bonuses, housing and other allowances and other benefits in kind) for our Company's five highest paid individuals (including the Directors) for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately RMB4,333,000.

None of the Directors had waived or agreed to waive any remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2023.

- 考慮需於本公司年報的企業管治報告中 呈報的薪酬/待遇詳情,及該等詳情的 呈報方式,包括釐定董事薪酬的政策、 評估執行董事的表現及批准執行董事服 務合約的條款;
- 就有關本公司對全體董事及高級管理層實行的薪酬政策及架構及有關設立用以制定薪酬政策的正式及透明程序向董事會提供推薦建議:及
- 審閱及/或批准上市規則第十七章所述 有關股份計劃的事宜。

董事及高級管理層的薪酬

董事及高級管理層成員向本公司收取酬金,形式為薪金、花紅及其他實物利益(例如養老計劃供款)。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司就董事薪酬(包括袍金、薪金、養老計劃及社會福利供款、酌情花紅、住房及其他津貼以及其他實物利益)產生的開支為約人民幣211.5萬元。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司就五名最高薪人士(包括董事)的薪酬(包括袍金、薪金、養老計劃及社會福利供款、酌情花紅、住房及其他津貼以及其他實物利益)產生的開支為約人民幣433.3萬元。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,概無董事放棄或 同意放棄任何薪酬。

Our Board will review and determine the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors and senior management and will receive recommendation from our remuneration committee which will take into account salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and performance of our Company.

董事會將審閱及釐定董事及高級管理層的薪金 及薪酬待遇,並聽取薪酬委員會的推薦建議。 薪酬委員會將考慮可比較公司支付的薪金、董 事投入的時間及職責以及本公司的表現。

For additional information on the Directors' remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2023 as well as information on the highest paid individuals, please refer to Notes 8 and 9 of the Notes to Financial Statements. 有關截至2023年12月31日止年度董事薪酬的進一步詳情,以及最高薪人士的資料,請參閱財務報表附註的附註8及附註9。

In addition, pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the annual remuneration of members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

此外,根據企業管治守則守則條文第E.1.5條, 高級管理層成員於截至2023年12月31日止年度 的年度薪酬範圍如下:

		Number of
Remuneration band	薪酬範圍	persons
		人數
HK\$1 million above	100萬港元以上	2
HK\$500,000 to HK\$1 million	50萬港元至100萬港元	3

3. Nomination Committee

Our Board has established a nomination committee in compliance with Rule 3.27A of the Listing Rules and Code B.3 of the CG Code, and has adopted written terms of reference. The primary duties of our nomination committee are to review the structure, size and composition of our Board on a regular basis and make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes to the composition of our Board, identify, select or make recommendations to our Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship, and ensuring the diversity of our Board members, assess the independence of our independent non-executive Directors and make recommendations to our Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment, reappointment and removal of the Directors and succession planning for the Directors. Our nomination committee currently consists of one non-executive director, being Mr. Zeng Junkai, and three independent non-executive Directors, being Ms. Wang Fen, Mr. Li Xiaohang and Mr. Zhao Xianbo. Our nomination committee is currently chaired by Mr. Zeng Junkai.

Our nomination committee convened 1 meeting during the Relevant Period. The table below sets forth the details of the attendance at the meeting:

Name of committee member

Mr. Zhao Xianbo

3. 提名委員會

董事會已根據上市規則第3.27A條及企業管治守則第B.3條成立提名委員會,並採納書面職權範圍。提名委員會的主要職責為定期檢討討立,規模及組成,並就董事會的架構、規模及組成,並就董事會提供推薦建議,物色建議變動向董事會提供推薦建議,物色建立就是名董事會提供推薦建議,被任董事會成員的多元性、重新委任任董事及董事繼任計劃的相關事宜向建,與在董事及董事繼任計劃的相關事宜向主,執行董事以及三名獨立非執行董事(即曾俊凱先生)以及三名獨立非執行董事(即在董文士、李曉航先生及趙現波先生)組成。提名委員會目前由曾俊凱先生出任主席。

於相關期間,提名委員會召開1次會議。下表載 列該會議的出席詳情:

> Number of meetings attended/held during the Director's term of office 董事於任期內出席/

> > 1/1

 Mr. Zeng Junkai (Chairman)
 曾後凱先生(主席)
 1/1

 Ms. Wang Fen
 王奮女士
 1/1

 Mr. Li Xiaohang
 李曉航先生
 1/1

趙現波先生

委員會成員姓名

The work performed by our nomination committee included, among others, the following:

- reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board;
- assessed the independence of the independent nonexecutive Directors;
- made recommendations to the Board on the re-election of retiring Directors; and
- reviewed and made recommendations to the Board on the nomination policy.

Nomination Policy

(i) Objective

The nomination committee shall nominate suitable candidates to the Board for it to consider and make recommendations to the Shareholders for election as the Directors at general meetings or appoint as Directors to fill casual vacancies.

The nomination committee may, as it considers appropriate, nominate a number of candidates more than the number of Directors to be appointed or re-appointed at a general meeting, or the number of casual vacancies to be filled.

提名委員會於相關期間進行的工作包括(其中包括)以下各項:

- 審閱董事會的架構、規模、組成及多元性;
- 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 就重新委任董事向董事會提供推薦建 議;及
- 檢討提名政策並就此向董事會提供推薦建議。

提名政策

(i) 目的

提名委員會須向董事會提名合適人選,以供其 考慮及於股東大會上向股東推薦選舉為董事或 委任為董事以填補臨時空缺。

提名委員會可酌情提名多名候選人,可多於將 於股東大會上獲委任或重新委任的董事人數或 待填補的臨時空缺董事人數。

(ii) Selection Criteria

In assessing a proposed candidate for the recommendation of appointment or re-appointment of the members of the Board, the factors would be used as reference by the nomination committee include but not limited to the following:

- (a) integrity;
- (b) accomplishment and experience in the industry of which the Company is a part;
- (c) commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest:
- (d) diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, age (18 years or above), cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
- (e) fulfilment of independence guidelines for the appointment of independent non-executive Directors as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules; and
- (f) any factors as the nomination committee or the Board may from time to time consider appropriate.

The nomination committee will ask proposed candidates to submit the necessary personal information in a prescribed form.

The nomination committee may request candidates to provide additional information and documents, if considered necessary.

The appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board or reappointment of any existing members of the Board shall be made in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and other applicable rules and regulations.

(ii) 甄選標準

提名委員會在評估候選人時考慮的因素包括(但 不限於)以下各項,並就委任董事會候選人或重 新委任董事會現有成員作出推薦建議:

- (a) 誠信;
- (b) 在本公司業務行業的成就及經驗;
- (c) 將投入的時間及相關利益承諾;
- (d) 在各方面的多元性,包括但不限於性 別、年齡(18歲或以上)、文化及教育背 景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服 務年限;
- (e) 符合載列於上市規則第3.13條對委任獨立 非執行董事所規定的獨立性準則;及
- (f) 提名委員會或董事會不時認為合適的任 何因素。

提名委員會將要求候選人按指定的形式提交必 要的個人資料。

倘提名委員會認為屬必要,其可要求候選人提 供補充資料及文件。

無論是委任任何董事會候選人或重新委任董事 會任何現有成員,均須根據本公司的組織章程 細則及其他適用規則和規例進行。

(iii) Nomination Procedures

The secretary of the nomination committee shall call a meeting of the nomination committee, and invite nominations of candidates from the members of the Board, if any, for consideration by the nomination committee prior to its meeting. The nomination committee may also put forward candidates for consideration.

In the context of appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board, the nomination committee shall undertake adequate due diligence in respect of such individual candidate and make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval.

In the context of re-appointment of any existing members of the Board, the Committee shall make recommendations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation, for the proposed candidates to stand for re-election at a general meeting.

Please refer to the "Procedures for Appointment, Election and Removal of Directors", which is available on the Company's website, for procedures for Shareholders' nomination of any proposed candidate for election as a Director.

The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to its recommendation of candidates to stand for election at a general meeting.

(iii) 提名程序

提名委員會秘書應召集提名委員會會議,並邀請董事會成員於會議前提名候選人(如有)供提名委員會考慮。提名委員會亦可提名候選人供 其考慮。

就委任任何董事會候選人而言,提名委員會須 就個別候選人進行充分的盡職審查並提供推薦 建議,以供董事會考慮及審批。

就重新委任董事會任何現有成員而言,委員會 須提交建議供董事會考慮及作出推薦,讓候選 人可於股東大會上膺選連任。

有關股東提名任何候選人參選董事的程序,請 參閱登載於本公司網站的「委任、選舉及罷免董 事的程序」。

對推薦候選人於股東大會上參選的所有事宜, 董事會擁有最終決定權。

Board Diversity Policy

In order to enhance the effectiveness of our Board and to maintain the high standard of corporate governance, the Company has adopted the board diversity policy which sets out the objective and approach to achieve and maintain diversity of our Board. Pursuant to the board diversity policy, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors when selecting the candidates to our Board, including but not limited to gender, skills, age, professional experience, knowledge, cultural, education background, ethnicity and length of service. The ultimate decision of the appointment will be based on merit and the contribution which the selected candidates will bring to our Board.

The Directors have a balanced mix of knowledge and skills, including overall management and strategic development, human resources, information technology, accounting and financial management, risk management and corporate governance. They obtained degrees in various majors including economics, business administration, and accounting studies. The Board has three independent non-executive Directors with different industry backgrounds, representing more than one third of the members of our Board. Furthermore, our Board has two female members, and has a wide range of age, ranging from 30 years old to 57 years old. Taking into account our existing business model and specific needs as well as the different background of the Directors, the composition of our Board satisfies our board diversity policy.

Our nomination committee is responsible for ensuring the diversity of our Board members. Our nomination committee will review the board diversity policy annually to ensure its continued effectiveness and the Company will disclose in its corporate governance report about the implementation of the board diversity policy on an annual basis.

In addition, as at 31 December 2023, the Group had 3,203 employees, of which the number of male and female employees are 1,961 and 1,242, respectively (accounted for 61.22% and 38.78% respectively), the overall headcount remained stable.

董事會多元化政策

為提高董事會的效率及維持高度企業管治水平,本公司已採納董事會多元化政策,其載列達致及維持董事會多元化的目的及方法。根據董事會多元化政策,本公司透過於甄選董事會人選時考慮多項因素而力求達致董事會多元化,其中包括但不限於性別、技能、年齡、專業經驗、知識、文化、教育背景、種族及服務年期。最終的委任決定將根據有能者居之的原則以及獲選人員將為董事會帶來的貢獻而決定。

董事具備均衡的知識及技能,包括整體管理及策略發展、人力資源、資訊科技、會計及財務管理、風險管理及企業管治。董事取得不同專業的學位,包括經濟學、工商管理及會計學。董事會的三名獨立非執行董事均具有不同的行業背景,人數佔董事會成員的三分之一以上。此外,董事會已有兩名女性董事成員,董事會的年齡跨度廣,介乎30至57歲。經考慮現時的業務模式、具體需要及董事的不同背景,董事會組成符合董事會多元化政策。

提名委員會負責確保董事會成員的多元化。提名委員 會將每年檢討董事會多元化政策,以確保其持續有效 性,且本公司每年於企業管治報告披露有關董事會多 元化政策的落實情況。

此外,截至2023年12月31日,本集團共有3,203名員工,其中男性和女性員工人數分別為1,961和1,242(分別佔61.22%和38.78%),整體人數保持穩定。

4. Corporate Governance Functions

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the Code Provision A.2.1 of the CG Code.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board met 1 time to review the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of the Directors and the senior management of the Company, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this section headed "Corporate Governance and Other Information".

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its code for dealing in securities in the Company by the Directors. After specific enquiries made to all Directors, the Directors have confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code since the listing of the Company on the Listing Date up to the date of this annual report.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy"), pursuant to which the Board has absolute discretion in determining whether to pay dividend, subject to the approval of the Shareholders (if applicable). The Dividend Policy aims to enable the Shareholders to participate in the profits of the Company and for the Company to retain adequate liquidity for grasping future growth opportunities. In determining whether to recommend a declaration of dividend and the amount of dividend to be paid, the Board will evaluate the Company's earnings, cash flow, financial condition, capital requirements, prevailing economic conditions, future prospects and any other factors that the Directors deem relevant. The Board may pay dividend as appeared to the Board to be justified by the profits of the Company. The Board may also from time to time pay interim dividend or special dividend. The Board will review the Dividend Policy from time to time and may make appropriate changes if considered necessary.

4. 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治守則守則條文第A.2.1 條所載的職能。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,董事會舉行1次會議以檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規、董事及本公司高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展、本公司於遵守法律及法規方面的政策及常規、標準守則的合規情況、本公司遵守企業管治守則及其於本節「企業管治及其他資料」的披露資料。

遵守上市發行人進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載的上市發行人進行 證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事買賣本公 司證券的守則。於向全體董事作出具體查詢後,董事 已確認自本公司於上市日期上市起至本年報日期止遵 守標準守則所載規定準則。

股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策(「**股息政策**」),據此,董事會可全權決定是否派付股息,惟須經股東批准(如適用)。股息政策旨在使股東分享本公司溢利,同時保留本公司的流動資金以把握未來增長機遇。在決定是否建議宣派股息及將予派付的股息數額時,董事會將評估本公司的盈利、現金流量、財務狀況、資本需求、當前經濟狀況、未來前景及董事認為相關的任何其他因素。董事會可派付彼等認為就本公司的溢利而言屬合理的股息。董事會亦可不時派付中期股息或特別股息。董事會將不時檢討股息政策並可能於必要時作出適當變動。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF ANY OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

The Company and its subsidiaries did not purchase, sell or redeem any of the listed securities of the Company during the Relevant Period.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information available to our Company and the knowledge of the Directors, our Company maintained sufficient public float during the Relevant Period.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the fee paid/payable to the external auditor of the Company in respect of audit services and non-audit services is set out as follows:

購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券

於相關期間,本公司及其附屬公司並無購買、出售或 贖回本公司任何上市證券。

公眾持股量的充足性

根據本公司所得資料及據董事所知悉,本公司於相關 期間維持足夠的公眾持股量。

核數師酬金

截至2023年12月31日止年度,就審核服務及非審核服務向本公司外聘核數師支付/應付的費用載列如下:

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年 12月31日止年度 RMB million 人民幣百萬元

Audit and related service Non-audit service 審核及相關服務 非審核服務 1.56 0.14

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS ON FINANCIAL REPORTS

The following statement, which sets out the responsibilities of the Directors regarding financial statements, should be read in conjunction with, but understood separately from, the auditor's statement of their responsibilities as set out in the Independent Auditor's Report contained in this annual report.

The Directors acknowledge that they are responsible for preparing financial statements of the Company that truly represent the operating results of the Company for each financial year. To the best knowledge of the directors, there was no material event or condition during the Reporting Period that might have a material adverse effect on the continuing operation of the Company.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing all information and representations contained in the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the results and cash flow for the relevant period. The Directors consider that the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been prepared in conformity with all applicable accounting standards and requirements and reflect amounts that are based on the best estimates and reasonable, informed and prudent judgment of the Board and the management. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the financial statements of the Company on a going concern basis. The statements of the auditor of the Company about its reporting responsibility on the consolidated financial statements of the Company is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" in this annual report.

董事關於財務報告的責任聲明

以下所載的董事對財務報表的責任聲明,應與本年報中獨立核數師報告內的審計師責任聲明一併閱讀。兩者的責任聲明應分別獨立理解。

董事確認其有責任為每一財政年度編製能真實反映本公司經營成果的財務報表。就董事所知,於報告期內,並無任何可能對本公司的持續經營產生重大不利 影響的重大事件或情況。

董事知悉彼等有責任編製本公司截至2023年12月31日 止年度的綜合財務報表所載的所有資料及陳述,當中 就本公司於相關期間的狀況、業績及現金流量作出真 實公允的意見。董事認為本公司截至2023年12月31日 止年度的綜合財務報表已根據所有適用會計準則及規 定編製,且金額反映董事會及管理層的最佳估計及启 理、知情及謹慎判斷。董事並不知悉有關可能對本公司持續經營能力構成重大疑問的事件或情況的任何重 大不確定性。因此,董事已按照持續經營基準編製本 公司的財務報表。本公司的核數師對本公司綜合財務 報表的匯報責任的聲明載於本年報「獨立核數師報告」 一節。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Risk Management

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems of the Company and for reviewing their effectiveness.

The Company recognizes that risk management is critical to the success of any property management companies in the PRC. Key operational risks that the Company face include changes in general market conditions and the regulatory environment of the PRC property management market, local economic environment, expansion risks relating to entering into new cities or geographic regions, ability to timely complete our projects with sound quality, available financing to support our growth, competition from other property management companies and our ability to promote and serve the property owners in a timely fashion.

In order to meet these challenges, the Company has adopted, a series of internal control policies, procedures and plans that are designed to reasonably assure effective and efficient operations, reliable financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

In order to ensure the effective implementation of such internal control policies, the Company has adopted various on-going measures, including the following:

- The Board is responsible and has general powers over the management and conduct of the business of the Group. Any significant business decision involving material risks are reviewed, analyzed and approved at the Board level to ensure a thorough examination of the associated risks at our highest corporate governance body.
- The Executive President is responsible for the Board regarding the effectiveness of comprehensive risk management, which in turn is accountable to the general meetings of the Company. The Executive President is able to authorize relevant department leaders who take charge of the establishment and daily operation of the risk management systems.

風險管理及內部監控

風險管理

董事會負責本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統,並檢 討其有效性。

本公司深明風險管理對中國的任何物業管理公司的成功至關重要。本公司面臨的主要經營風險包括整體市場情況的變化、中國物業管理市場的監管環境變動、當地經濟環境、進入新城市或地區的擴張風險、及時優質完成我們項目的能力、支持我們發展的可用融資、來自其他物業管理公司的競爭,以及我們推廣和及時服務業主的能力。

為迎接這些挑戰,本公司已經採納一系列內部監控政策、程序及計劃,旨在合理保證有效和高效的經營、 可靠的財務報告,並遵守適用的法律法規。

為確保有效落實該等內部監控政策,本公司已持續採納多項措施,其中包括下列各項:

- 董事會對本集團業務的管理和經營負責並擁有 一般權力。任何涉及重大風險的重大業務決 策,都會在董事會層面進行審議、分析及批 准,以確保在本公司最高治理機構對相關風險 進行徹底審查。
- 執行總裁就全面風險管理的有效性對董事會負責,而董事會對本公司股東大會負責。執行總裁能夠授權相關部門領導負責風險管理系統的建立和日常運作。

- The risk management department of the Company is responsible for proposing risk management strategies, formulating rules and regulations on risk management, preparing annual risk management assessments and reports, guiding all departments and subsidiaries on relevant tasks, and conducting risk management trainings. It is also in charge of designing a comprehensive risk management evaluation system, and supervising the implementation of risk management measures.
- Each of functional departments and subsidiaries of the Company is in charge of the daily business operations and risk monitoring, and is responsible for the supervision of the respective fields of operations on a daily basis as well as the supervision and approval of any material business decisions of the city and project companies of the Group.

Internal Control

The internal control system of the Company is designed to provide reasonable and adequate assurance for effective and efficient operations, reliable financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Our internal control system covers all major aspects of our operations. To effectively implement such processes, the Company has a set of comprehensive policies and guidelines which set out details regarding the internal control standards, segregation of responsibilities, approval procedures and personnel accountability in each aspect. The Company also carries out regular internal assessments and training to ensure our employees are equipped with sufficient knowledge on such policies and guidelines.

The risk management and internal control system of the Company are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems and conducts annual review on its effectiveness. After review, the Board considers that the risk management and internal control systems of the Company are effective and adequate.

- 本公司的風控部負責起草風險管理戰略,制定 有關風險管理的規則和條例,編製年度風險管 理評估和報告,指導各部門和附屬公司完成相 關任務,並進行風險管理培訓。其亦負責設計 全面的風險管理評估體系,監督風險管理措施 的實施。
- 本公司各個職能部門和附屬公司負責日常業務 操作和風險監控,並負責對各自業務領域的日 常監督以及對本市和本集團項目公司的任何重 大業務決策的監督和批准。

內部監控

本公司的內部監控系統旨在於實現有效及高效經營、 可靠財務匯報及遵守適用法律法規方面提供合理適當 保證。

內部監控系統涵蓋經營的各個重大方面,為有效落實該等程序,本公司已建立一套全面政策及指引,其中載列有關內部監控準則、職責劃分、審批程序及人員問責的各方面詳情。本公司亦定期進行內部評估及提供培訓,確保僱員充分了解相關政策及指引。

本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除 未能達成業務目標的風險,而且只能就不會有重大的 失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。董事會對 本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統負責,並對其有效 性進行了年度審核。經檢討,董事會認為本公司的風 險管理和內部監控系統充分有效。

Anti-Corruption and Whistle-blowing Policy Business Ethics

The Company is committed corruptions and creating a corruption-free and transparent working atmosphere. The Group strictly complies with laws and regulations including the Anti-Money Laundering Law of the People's Republic of China, the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China and the Interim Regulations Concerning the Prohibition of Commercial Briberies. The Company has devised and implemented anti-corruption policies and systems including the Redsun Group's System of Declaration of Conflict of Interests (弘陽物業集團 利益衝突申報制度) and the List of Prohibited Acts and Behaviors of Corruption (員工禁止舞弊行為列示一覽表), which set out specific procedures for handling declarations of conflicts of interests. The Group has also organized various activities including seminars on anti-corruption laws and case studies to promote and raise staff awareness regarding anti-corruption.

The Group sets up report channels to encourage employees and parties dealing with the Company to raise concerns about suspected misconduct, malpractice or irregularities in confidence. The Group has in place relevant policies and filing channels including Hong Yang's Rules for Administering Complaints and Whistle-blowing (弘陽投訴舉報管理辦法) and its official WeChat account for filing complaints and whistle-blowing, customer service hotline and mailboxes.

The Group will keep the identity of the whistle-blower confidential, and has policies in place to protect whistle-blowers from retaliation.

In terms of procedures for complaining and whistle blowing, whistleblower should first reflect to the management department with the corresponding function or to the risk control centre if the aforementioned reporting channel is not available. Reported cases will be thoroughly investigated and any acts of corruption or mismanagement verified will be duly handled according to the seriousness and the specific situation of the respective cases.

反貪污及舉報政策

商業道德

本公司致力於打擊貪污並打造廉潔、透明的工作氛圍。本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國反洗錢法》、《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》及《關於禁止商業賄賂行為的暫行規定》等法律法規。本公司已制定並實施反貪污政策及系統,包括《弘陽物業集團利益衝突申報制度》和《員工禁止舞弊行為列示一覽表》,明確利益衝突申報處理方法。本集團亦已舉行多個活動就反貪污進行宣傳並提高員工意識,包括有關反貪污法律的研討會及個案研究。

本集團設立舉報渠道,以鼓勵僱員及與本公司進行交易的各方在保密的情況下就疑似不當行為、瀆職或違規行為提出關注。本集團已制定相關政策及舉報渠道,包括《弘陽投訴舉報管理辦法》和官方投訴舉報微信號、客服熱線及郵箱。

本集團將對舉報人的身份進行保密,並已制定政策以 保障舉報人免受打擊報復。

對於投訴舉報流程,舉報人應先向有對應職能的管理 部門進行反映或於上述舉報渠道不可用時向風控中心 舉報。所報個案將經徹底調查,而對於查實存在舞弊 或管理缺失的行為將根據相應個案的情節輕重及具體 情況進行嚴肅處理。

Information Disclosure

The Company discloses information in compliance with the Listing Rules and other applicable laws, and publishes periodic reports and announcements to the public in accordance with relevant laws and regulations. In particular, the Company has put in place a robust framework for the disclosure of inside information in compliance with the SFO. The framework sets out the procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner so as to allow all the stakeholders to apprehend the latest position of the Company. The framework and its effectiveness are subject to review by the Board on a regular basis.

Internal Audit

The Company has an internal audit function. The primary role of the internal audit function is to help the Board and the senior management of the Company to protect the assets, reputation and sustainability of the Company. The internal audit function provides independent and objective assurance as to whether the design and operational effectiveness of the Company's framework of risk management, control and governance processes, as designed and represented by the Company's management, is adequate. The internal audit function of the Company is independent of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company.

Results of audit work together with an assessment of the overall risk management and control framework are reported to the Audit Committee as appropriate. The internal audit function also reviews the Company's management's action plans in relation to audit findings and verifies the adequacy and effectiveness of the mitigating controls before formally closing the issue.

資料披露

本公司按照上市規則及其他適用法律向公眾披露資料 及根據相關法律法規定期刊發報告及公告。尤其是, 本公司已根據證券及期貨條例就披露內幕消息建立健 全框架。該框架載列及時處理及發佈內幕消息的程序 及內部監控,以令持份者了解本公司的最新情況。董 事會定期檢討該框架及其效用。

內部審核

本公司設有內部審核職能。內部審核職能的主要職責 為協助董事會及本公司高級管理層保障本公司財產、 聲譽及可持續發展。內部審核職能就本公司管理層所 制訂及陳述的本公司風險管理、監控及管治程序框架 的設計及運行成效是否足夠提供獨立客觀的核證。本 公司的內部審核職能獨立於本公司的風險管理及內部 監控制度。

審核工作結果及對整體風險管理及監控框架的評估結果在適當情況下向審核委員會呈報。在正式確認審核所發現問題整改完畢之前,內部審核職能亦負責檢討本公司管理層就審核所發現問題提出的整改計劃並核實緩減措施的充足性及有效性。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

Company Secretary

The Company has engaged SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited, external service provider, and Ms. Yung Mei Yee has been appointed as the Company's joint company secretary. Her primary contact person at the Company is Mr. Li Yonggang, a joint company secretary of the Company.

The joint company secretaries of the Company attended sufficient professional training as required under the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2023 to update their skills and knowledge.

Shareholders

Communication with Shareholders and Investors

The Company is committed to pursue active dialogue with Shareholders as well as to provide timely disclosure of information concerning the Company's material developments to its Shareholders, investors and other stakeholders.

The Company has adopted a shareholders' communication policy (the "Shareholders' Communication Policy") which aims to ensure transparent, accurate and open communication with Shareholders to ensure that Shareholders' views and concerns are properly addressed and will be reviewed annually to ensure its effectiveness. The Board has reviewed the Shareholders' Communication Policy for the year ended 31 December 2023 and is of the view that the Policy is effective and adequately implemented.

公司秘書

本公司已委聘方圓企業服務集團(香港)有限公司為外部服務供應商,而翁美儀女士已獲委任為本公司的聯席公司秘書。其於本公司的主要聯絡人為本公司聯席公司秘書李永剛先生。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司聯席公司秘書已接受上市規則所規定的充足專業培訓,以增進彼等技能及知識。

股東

與股東及投資者的溝通

本公司致力與股東保持良好溝通,並及時向股東、投資者及其他持份者披露本公司的重大發展情況。

本公司已採納股東通訊政策(「**股東通訊政策**」),旨在確保與股東保持透明、準確及公開溝通以確保妥善處理股東的意見及關注事項,並將每年定期檢討以確保其有效性。董事會已檢討截至2023年12月31日止年度的股東通訊政策,並認為該政策有效並已充分實施。

Annual general meeting of the Company serves as an effective forum for communication between the Shareholders and the Board. Notice of annual general meeting together with the meeting materials will be despatched to all Shareholders not less than 21 days and not less than 20 clear business days before the annual general meeting. As one of the measures to safeguard the Shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions will be proposed at general meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual Directors, for Shareholders' consideration and voting. In addition, the Company regards annual general meeting as an important event, and all Directors, the chairmen of all Board Committees, senior management and external auditor will attend the annual general meeting of the Company to address Shareholders' inquiries. If the chairmen of the Board or each Board Committee fail to attend the meeting, then other members of each Board Committee will be invited to attend the annual general meeting and answer Shareholders' inquiries thereat. All resolutions proposed at general meetings will be voted by poll. The voting results will be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.rsunservice.hk) on the same day of the relevant general meetings.

本公司的股東週年大會為股東與董事會的有效溝通平台。股東週年大會通告連同會議材料均於召開股東東週年大會前不少於21天及不少於20個完整營業日前向全體股東寄發。作為保障股東利益及權利措施之一,包司將於股東大會上就各重大事宜提呈決議案,本包選舉個別董事,以讓股東考慮及投票。此外,有知是是決議等。此外東週年大會為重大事件,故全體董事、所有出電量,以解答股東的疑問。所出董事本公司的股東週年大會,以解答股東的疑問。於股東大會提呈的所有決議會事會委員會的其他成員將受邀參加股東週年大會事會委員會的其他成員將受邀參加股東週年大會事會委員會的其他成員將受邀參加股東週年大會事會委員會的其他成員將受邀參加股東週年大會主席或各董事會委員會的其他成員將受邀參加股東週年大會等於東的疑問。於股東大會提呈的所有決議會當日刊登於聯交所網站(www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司網站(www.rsunservice.hk)。

To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website (www.rsunservice.hk), where the latest information and updates on its business operation and development, corporate governance practice, contact information of investor relations and other information are published for the public's access.

Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting

In accordance with article 64 of the articles of association of the Company, any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at the general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the rights, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to process to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

為促進有效溝通,本公司設有網站 (www.rsunservice.hk),刊發有關業務營運及發展、企業管治常規的最新消息及更新情況、投資者關係聯絡 資料及其他資料,以供公眾查閱。

股東召開股東特別大會的程序

根據本公司組織章程細則第64條,任何一名或多名於提請要求當日持有不少於本公司繳足股本(賦予權利在本公司股東大會上投票)十分之一的股東,可隨時向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處理有關要求所指明的任何事項,且有關大會須於提請該要求後兩個月內舉行。倘提請後21天內董事會未有召開大會,則提請人可自行以相同方式召開大會,而本公司須向提請人補償提請人因董事會未能召開大會而產生的所有合理開支。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There are no provisions allowing Shareholders to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the articles of association of the Company and the Cayman Islands Companies Law. However, Shareholders who wish to propose resolutions may follow article 64 of the articles of association of the Company for requisitioning an extraordinary general meeting and including a resolution at such meeting. The requirements and procedures of article 64 are set out above.

Shareholders may at any time lodge the aforesaid requisition to the Board in writing at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Room 2612, 26th Floor, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

Procedures for Directing Shareholders' Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the investor relations, whose contact details are as follows:

Address: Room 2612, 26th Floor, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

Email: rsuntouzizhe@rsun.com

Memorandum and Articles of Association

During the Relevant Period, the Company has adopted the second amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 20 June 2023.

On behalf of the Board **Redsun Services Group Limited**

Zeng Junkai Chairman

Hong Kong, 21 March 2024

於股東大會提呈決議案的程序

本公司組織章程細則及開曼群島公司法並無條文批准股東於股東大會上提呈新決議案。然而,有意提呈決議案的股東可按本公司組織章程細則第64條要求召開股東特別大會並於該會議上提呈決議案。細則第64條的要求及程序載於上文。

股東可隨時以書面形式將上述要求發送至本公司香港 主要營業地點(地址為香港上環信德中心招商局大廈26 樓2612室),以提交董事會。

股東向董事會作出查詢的程序

股東可隨時透過投資者關係以書面形式向董事會寄發 其查詢及關注事宜,其聯絡詳情載列如下:

地址:香港上環信德中心招商局大廈26樓2612室

電子郵件: rsuntouzizhe@rsun.com

組織章程大綱及細則

於相關期間,本公司已於2023年6月20日舉行的股東週年大會上採納本公司第二次經修訂及重列組織章程大綱及章程細則。

代表董事會 弘陽服務集團有限公司 曾俊凱

主席

香港,2024年3月21日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



Ernst & Young 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong 安永會計師事務所 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓 Tel 電話: +852 2846 9888 Fax 傳真: +852 2868 4432

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To the shareholders of Redsun Services Group Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Redsun Services Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 119 to 239, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致弘陽服務集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審核列載於第119頁至第239頁的弘陽服務集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於2023年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收入表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重要會計政策資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」))真實而中肯地反映了貴集團於2023年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港審核準則(「香港審核準則」)進行審核。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的專業會計師道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期間 綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。這些事項是在 對綜合財務報表整體進行審核並形成意見的背景下進 行處理的,我們不對這些事項提供單獨的意見。我們 對下述每一事項在審核中是如何應對的描述也以此為 背景。

我們已經履行了本報告核數師就審核綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任部分闡述的責任,包括與這些關鍵審核事 項相關的責任。相應地,我們的審核工作包括執行為 應對評估的綜合財務報表重大錯誤陳述風險而設計的 審核程序。我們執行審核程序的結果,包括應對下述 關鍵審核事項所執行的程序,為綜合財務報表整體發 表審核意見提供了基礎。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

關鍵審核事項

我們審核時如何處理關鍵審核事項

Goodwill impairment assessment 商譽減值評估

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had goodwill of RMB175,050,000 Our audit procedures included, among others, involving our in relation to the Group's acquisition of businesses.

於2023年12月31日,貴集團與其業務收購有關的商譽為人民幣 175,050,000元。

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually. The goodwill impairment review performed by the Group's management includes a number of significant judgements and estimates including those regarding the identification of cash-generating units ("CGUs"), operating profit forecasts, the annual revenue growth rates and the discount rates. 商譽每年進行減值測試。貴集團管理層所進行的商譽減值審 financial performance of each CGU during the year of 2023 we examined the business development plans and hister annual growth of each CGU to evaluate the growth rate of 600. We assessed the sensitivity analysis performed by the Group's management includes a number where the forecasts were consistent with financial performance of each CGU during the year of 2023 we examined the business development plans and hister annual growth of each CGU to evaluate the growth rate of 600. We assessed the sensitivity analysis performed by the Group's management includes a number where the forecasts were consistent with financial performance of each CGU during the year of 2023 we examined the business development plans and hister annual growth of each CGU to evaluate the growth rate of 600. We assessed the sensitivity analysis performed by the Group's management includes a number of significant judgements and estimates including those regarding whether the underlying data used, such as management includes a number of significant judgements and estimates including those regarding whether the forecasts were consistent with financial performance of each CGU during the year of 2023 we examined the business development plans and history and the discount rates.

We identified this area as a key audit matter because of the materiality of the goodwill balance and the uncertainty of estimation made by management on the key assumptions.

我們識別此領域為關鍵審核事項,乃由於商譽結餘的重要性 以及管理層就主要假設作出的估計的不確定性。

The significant accounting estimates and disclosures about the goodwill impairment assessment are included in notes 3 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

有關商譽減值評估的重大會計估計及披露分別載於綜合財務 報表附註3及15。

Our audit procedures included, among others, involving our internal valuation specialists to assist us in evaluating the methodologies and discount rates used by the Company for determining the recoverable amounts.

我們的審核程序包括(其中包括)邀請內部估值專家協助我們 評估貴公司就釐定可收回金額所採用的方法及貼現率。

We examined the underlying data used, such as managements projection on the future revenues and operating results by investigating whether the forecasts were consistent with the financial performance of each CGU during the year of 2023; and we examined the business development plans and historical annual growth of each CGU to evaluate the growth rate of each CGU. We assessed the sensitivity analysis performed by the Group's management on the impact of changes in the key assumptions. 我們查核所用的相關數據,例如管理層對未來收入及經營業績的預測,方法為調查有關預測是否與2023年各現金產生單位的財務表現一致;且我們查核各現金產生單位的業務發展規劃及過往年度增長,以評價各現金產生單位的增長率。我們評估貴集團管理層就主要假設變動的影響所進行

We also assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures of goodwill impairment in the financial statements.

的敏感度分析。

我們亦已評估財務報表中貴集團對商譽減值所作披露的充分性。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

Key audit matter

關鍵審核事項

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables and due from related companies

貿易應收款項及應收關聯公司款項的預期信貸虧損撥備

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had trade receivables of Our audit procedures to assess the provision for expected credit RMB254,638,000, after making loss allowance of RMB17,196,000 and due from related companies of RMB385,000,000, after making loss allowance of RMB110.865.000.

於2023年12月31日,於作出虧損撥備人民幣17,196,000元後, 貴集團的貿易應收款項為人民幣254,638,000元;於作出虧損 撥備人民幣110,865,000元後,應收關聯公司款項為人民幣 385,000,000元。

Management assessed the expected credit losses on trade receivables and due from related companies based on assumptions about risk of default and expected credit loss rates. The Group used judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, (ii) ageing profile of the receivables, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

管理層根據有關違約及預期信貸虧損率的假設評估貿易應收 款項及應收關聯公司款項的預期信貸虧損。根據貴集團過往 歷史、應收款項的賬齡情況、現有市況及各報告期末的前瞻 性估計,貴集團採用判斷於作出該等假設及選擇減值計算的 輸入數據。

We identified this area as a key audit matter because of the magnitude of the balance of trade receivables and due from related companies and that the assessment of the expected credit losses on trade receivables and due from related companies involved significant judgements and estimates made by management.

我們識別此領域為關鍵審核事項,乃由於貿易應收款項及應 收關聯公司款項結餘及評估貿易應收款項及應收關聯公司款 項的預期信貸虧損的幅度涉及管理層的重大判斷及估計。

The significant accounting estimates and disclosures about the provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables and due (v) from related companies are included in notes 3, 18 and 32 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

有關貿易應收款項及應收關聯公司款項的預期信貸虧損撥備 的重大會計估計及披露分別載於綜合財務報表附註3、18及 32 °

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

我們審核時如何處理關鍵審核事項

losses on trade receivables and due from related companies included the following:

我們評估貿易應收款項及應收關聯公司款項的預期信貸虧 損撥備的審核程序包括以下各項:

- Obtaining an understanding, evaluating and testing management's key controls in relation to the assessment of the expected credit losses on trade receivables and due from related companies;
 - 了解、評估及測試管理層有關評估貿易應收款項及應 收關聯公司款項預期信貸虧損的關鍵控制;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the credit loss provisioning methodology adopted by management; 評估貴集團所採納的信貸虧損撥備方法的合適性;
- (iii) Assessing the reasonableness of the forward-looking factors and the estimated credit loss rates by considering historical cash collection performance and movements of the ageing of trade receivables and due from related companies, and taking into account the market conditions;
 - 通過考慮歷史現金收回表現及貿易應收款項及應收關 聯公司款項賬齡的變動,並計及市況,評估前瞻性因 素及預期信貸虧損率的合理性;
- (iv) Testing, on a sampling basis, the accuracy of ageing analysis of trade receivables and due from related companies prepared by management; and
 - 以樣本基準測試管理層編製貿易應收款項及應收關聯 公司款項賬齡分析的準確性; 及
- Checking the mathematical accuracy of the calculation of the provision for loss allowance.

核查計算虧損撥備的數學精度。

We also assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures of trade receivables and due from related companies in the financial

我們亦已評估財務報表中貴集團對貿易應收款項及應收關 聯公司款項所作披露的充分性。

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

載於年報的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料包括載 於年報的資料,不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師 報告。

我們對綜合財務報表作出的意見並無涵蓋其他資料, 而我們不會對其他資料發表任何形式的核證結論。

就我們審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為閱讀其 他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我 們在審核過程中獲悉的資料存在重大不符,或似乎存 在重大錯誤陳述。倘若我們基於已進行的工作認為其 他資料出現重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告有關事實。就 此,我們毋須作出報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的國際財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定,編製真實而公平地反映情況的綜合財務報表,並進行董事釐定對編製綜合財務報表屬必要的有關內部監控,以使該等綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,貴公司董事須負責評估貴集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關的事項(如適用)。除非貴公司董事擬將貴集團清盤或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法,否則須採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

審核委員會協助貴公司董事履行彼等監督貴集團財務報告程序的責任。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們的目標為合理確定此等綜合財務報表整體而言不會存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述,並發出載有我們意見的核數師報告。本報告的編製,僅向全體股東報告,除此以外不可作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。

合理確定屬高層次的核證,惟根據香港審核準則進行 的審核工作不能保證總能察覺所存在的重大錯誤陳 述。錯誤陳述可因欺詐或錯誤產生,倘個別或整體在 合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出 的經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

在根據香港審核準則進行審核的過程中,我們運用專 業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- · 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險、設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審核憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕內部監控的情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 瞭解與審核相關的內部監控,以設計適當的審 核程序,惟並非旨在對貴集團內部監控的有效 性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- · 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結 論,並根據所獲取的審核憑證,確定是否存在 與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能 導致對貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。 倘我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核 數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的 相關披露。倘有關披露不足,則修訂我們的意 見。我們的結論乃基於截至核數師報告日期止 所取得的審核憑證而作出。然而,未來事項或 情況可能導致貴集團無法持續經營。
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是否中 肯反映相關交易和事項。
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充 足及適當的審核憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發 表意見。我們負責集團審核的方向、監督及執 行。我們就審核意見承擔全部責任。

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

我們與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審核發現進行溝通,該等發現包括我們在審核過程中識別的內部監控的任何重大缺失。

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明,指出我們已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜,以及為消除威脅所採取的行動或防範措施(如適用)。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定對本期間綜合財務報表的審核至關重要的事項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,倘合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超出產生的公眾利益,則我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lawrence K.W. Lau.

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人為劉國華 (Lawrence K.W. Lau)。

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 21 March 2024 安永會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港 2024年3月21日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收入表

			2023	2022
			2023年	2022年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
REVENUE	收益	5	1,063,634	1,103,122
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(811,191)	(846,751)
Gross profit	毛利		252,443	256,371
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	5	0.720	16.020
Other income and gains	銷售及分銷開支	3	9,720	16,830
Selling and distribution expenses	行政開支		(1,102)	(1,003)
Administrative expenses			(99,914)	(132,743)
Impairment losses on financial assets, net	金融資產減值虧損淨額		(119,027)	(7,863)
Other expenses	其他開支	_	(903)	(878)
Finance costs	融資成本	7	(2,332)	(2,779)
	RA			
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	38,885	127,935
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	(24,651)	(34,079)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		14,234	93,856
Attributable to:	以下各方應佔:			
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人		10,865	91,990
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		3,369	1,866
Non controlling interests	クトリエルス・FE IIII		3,307	1,000
			14,234	93,856
			17,237	75,030
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE	母公司普通股權益持有人			
TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF	應佔每股盈利			
THE PARENT		12		
Basic	基本	1 4		
– For profit for the year	- 年內溢利		RMB0.03	RMB0.22
Tor profit for the year	1 L 3/mm (1.)		人民幣0.03元	人民幣0.22元
			7 (2011) 010 370	7 (2011) 0.22/0
Diluted	攤薄			
– For profit for the year	- 年內溢利		RMB0.03	RMB0.22
	, , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
			人民幣0.03元	人民幣0.22元

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收入表

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	年內其他全面收入, 扣除税項		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面收入總額		14,234	93,856
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	以下各方應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益		10,865 3,369	91,990 1,866
Tron controlling interests	77.14.10人作业		14,234	93,856

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

		Notes 附註	31 December 2023 2023年12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2022 2022年12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	19,306	19,111
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	14	1,258	_
Goodwill	商譽	15	175,050	175,050
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	16	73,546	87,734
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	25	18,178	2,996
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		287,338	284,891
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	17	5,359	6,840
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	18	254,638	191,010
Prepayments, other receivables and other	預付款項、其他應收		·	,
assets	款項及其他資產	19	123,404	110,148
Due from related companies	應收關聯公司款項	32	385,000	440,523
Financial assets at fair value through profit or	按公平值計入損益的			
loss	金融資產		_	1,009
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	20	638,147	545,729
Total current assets	流動資產總值		1,406,548	1,295,259
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	21	195,871	151,139
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	22	204,662	179,305
Contract liabilities	合同負債	23	252,595	227,468
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	24	13,791	13,822
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	2,359	1,399
Tax payable	應付税項		78,143	51,184
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		747,421	624,317
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		659,127	670,942
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		946,465	955,833

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

			24.5	21 D
			31 December	31 December
			2023	2022
			2023年12月31日	2022年12月31日
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	計息銀行及其他借款	24	31,063	44,735
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	25	16,830	20,910
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		47,893	65,645
Net assets	資產淨值		898,572	890,188
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	26	3,764	3,764
Reserves	儲備	27	879,908	869,043
			883,672	872,807
			,	2: _,007
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		14,900	17,381
Total equity	權益總額		898,572	890,188

Zeng Junkai 曾俊凱 Director 董事 Zeng Zixi 曾子熙 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

				Attributable to ov 母公司擁	wners of the pare 種有人應佔	nt		_	
		Share							
		capital							
		股本						非控股權益	
		RMB'000							
		人民幣千元							
		Note 26							
		附註26							
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	3,764	387,262	87,849	43,483	258,459	780,817	31,442	812,259
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	-	-	-	-	91,990	91,990	1,866	93,856
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,910)	(9,910)
Dividends declared to non-controlling	已宣派予非控股股東股息								
shareholders		-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,017)	(6,017)
Transfer from retained profits	轉撥自保留溢利	-	-	-	13,799	(13,799)	-	-	-
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	3,764	387,262*	87,849*	57,282*	336,650*	872,807	17,381	890,188
A.4.L. 2022	₩2022/54 84 8	2764	207.262*	07.040*	F7 202*	224 450*	072.007	47.204	000 400
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	3,764	387,262*	87,849*	57,282*	336,650*	872,807	17,381	890,188
Total comprehensive income for the year	年内全面收入總額	_	_	_	_	10,865	10,865	3,369	14,234
Dividend paid to non-controlling	已派付予非控股股東股息							(5.050)	(= 0=0)
shareholders	植 核五尺	_	_	_	0.460	(0.460)	_	(5,850)	(5,850)
Transfer from retained profits	轉撥自保留溢利	_	_	_	9,168	(9,168)	_	_	
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	3,764	387,262*	87,849*	66,450*	338,347*	883,672	14,900	898,572

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of RMB879,908,000 (2022: RMB869,043,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬目包括於綜合財務狀況表中的綜合儲備人 民幣879,908,000元(2022年:人民幣869,043,000元)。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

		_		
			2023	2022
			2023年	2022年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營活動所得現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	<u>压自归到/// [0 90 亚//0 至</u>			
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		38,885	127,935
Adjustments for:	調整項目:		55,555	, , , , ,
Depreciation of items of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備項目			
and equipment	折舊	6, 13	6,645	5,175
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	6, 14	1,258	441
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	6, 16	16,150	21,354
(Gains)/Losses on disposal of items of	出售物業、廠房及設備	3, . 3	.0,.00	2.,55
property, plant and equipment	項目的(收益)/虧損	6	(4)	1,671
Gains on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司的收益	6	-	(3,479)
Impairment losses recognised in financial	已確認金融資產減值	· ·		(3,173)
assets	虧損	6	119,027	7,863
Net foreign exchange gain	外匯收益淨額	6	(947)	(645)
Finance costs	融資成本	7	2,332	2,779
Interest income	利息收入	5	(1,293)	(954)
interest income	TINGTEXT	3	(1,233)	(224)
			102.053	162140
			182,053	162,140
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		1,481	2,537
Increase in trade receivables	貿易應收款項增加		(71,550)	(100,619)
Increase in prepayments, other receivables	預付款項、其他應收款項		(* 1,000,	(***,****)
and other assets	及其他資產增加		(13,496)	(65,372)
Increase in trade payables	貿易應付款項增加		44,732	83,492
Increase in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用		. ,,	,
	增加		25,357	45,031
Increase in contract liabilities	合同負債增加		25,127	56,635
Increase in amounts due from related	應收關聯公司款項增加			30,000
companies	AND MALE STATE OF THE STATE OF		(55,342)	(350,282)
Decrease in amounts due to related	應付關聯公司款項減少		(55/5 12)	(330,202)
companies			_	(5,556)
Decrease/(Increase) in restricted cash	受限制現金減少/(增加)		15	(380)
Decrease, (i.e. case) in restricted cash	7(1X1P) 70 m/N/2 / (1/3P)			(333)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	經營所得/(所用)現金		138,377	(172,374)
			•	. , ,
Interest income received	已收利息收入		1,293	945
Tax paid	已繳税項		(16,954)	(14,856)
e e e	= · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(,,	(: 1,000)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating	經營活動所得/(所用)			
activities	現金流量淨額		122,716	(186,285)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量			
Investment income received	已收投資收入		12	_
Purchase of items of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備			
equipment	項目	13	(7,409)	(8,921)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備			
plant and equipment	項目所得款項		573	_
Purchase of other intangible assets	購買其他無形資產	16	(1,962)	(5,306)
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	29	_	(5,808)
Purchase of financial assets at fair value	購買按公平值計入損益的			
through profit or loss	金融資產		_	(1,000)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value	出售按公平值計入損益的			
through profit or loss	金融資產		997	_
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金流量淨額		(7,789)	(21,035)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金流量			
Proceeds from interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借款			
other borrowings	所得款項		_	68,940
Repayments of interest-bearing bank and	償還計息銀行及其他借款			
other borrowings			(13,822)	(10,341)
Principal portion of lease payments	租賃付款的本金部分		(1,631)	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling	已派付予非控股股東股息			
shareholders			(5,850)	(1,385)
Interest paid	已付利息		(2,138)	(2,802)
Net cash flows (used in)/from financing	融資活動(所用)/所得			
activities	現金流量淨額		(23,441)	54,412

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	現金及現金等價物增加/ (減少)淨額 年初現金及現金等價物		91,486 545,342	(152,908) 697,605
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF	外匯匯率變動的影響淨額 年末現金及現金等價物		947	645
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物結餘分析		637,775	545,342
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	20	638,147	545,729
Cash and bank balances as stated in the statement of financial position Less: Restricted cash	財務狀況表所列的現金及 銀行結餘 減:受限制現金	20	638,147 372	545,729 387
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the statement of cash flows	現金流量表所列的現金及 現金等價物		637,775	545,342

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Redsun Services Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated and registered as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands under the Cayman Islands Companies Law on 12 December 2019. Pursuant to the Reorganisation, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 17 February 2020. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 7 July 2020. The registered office of the Company is located at Walkers Corporate Limited, 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1–9008, Cayman Islands.

During the year, the Group was mainly involved in the provision of property management services, value-added services to non-property owners and community value-added services.

In the opinion of the directors, the holding company of the Company is Redsun Services Group (Holdings) Limited, which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

1. 公司及集團資料

弘陽服務集團有限公司(「本公司」)於2019年12月12日根據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立及登記為獲豁免有限公司。根據重組,本公司於2020年2月17日成為本集團現時旗下公司的控股公司。本公司股份自2020年7月7日起於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。本公司註冊辦事處位於Walkers Corporate Limited, 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-9008, Cayman Islands。

年內,本集團主要涉足提供物業管理服務、非 業主增值服務及社區增值服務。

董事認為,本公司的控股公司為於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的弘陽服務集團(控股)有限公司。

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

有關附屬公司的資料

本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 註冊以及營業地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔 股權百分比		ordinary/ Percentage of registered equity attributable to share capital the Company Principal act 已發行普通/ 本公司應佔		Principal activities 主營業務
			直接	間接			
Redsun Services Investment Limited 弘陽服務投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	USD50,000 50,000美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股		
Redsun Services (Hong Kong) Limited 弘陽服務(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	-	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股		
Hong Yang Property Service Group Co., Ltd.* 弘陽物業服務集團有限公司*	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB480,000,000 人民幣480,000,000元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股		
Nanjing Hong Yang Property management Co., Ltd. 南京弘陽物業管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB200,000,000 人民幣200,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理		
Jiangsu Redsun Town Operation and Development Co., Ltd. 江蘇弘陽小鎮運營發展有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	-	100	Project management 項目管理		
Nanjing Hongcheng Property management Co., Ltd. 南京弘誠物業管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理		
Hong Life Property management Co., Ltd. 弘生活物業服務管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB100,000,000 人民幣100,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理		
Nanjing Hong Life Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 南京弘生活置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務		
Nanjing Hong Life Virescence Management Co., Ltd. 南京弘生活裝化管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理		

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

	Place of incorporation/ registration	lssued ordinary/ registered	Percentage of equity attributable to		
Name	and business 註冊成立/	share capital 已發行普通/	the Cor 本公司	. ,	Principal activities
名稱	註冊以及營業地點	已致11百超/ 註冊股本	股權 百		主營業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Nanjing Hong Life Decoration Co., Ltd. 南京弘生活裝飾工程有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Decoration services 裝飾服務
Nanjing Hong Life Information Technology Co., Ltd. 南京弘生活信息科技有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Software maintenance 軟件維護
Nanjing Hong Life Pension Service Co., Ltd. 南京弘生活養老服務有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Pension services 養老服務
Nanjing Hong Life Investment Management Co., Ltd. 南京弘生活投資管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Shanghai Andi Property management Co., Ltd. 上海安邸物業管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB3,500,000 人民幣3,500,000元	-	51	Property management 物業管理
Chuzhou Yurun Property management Co., Ltd. 滁州宇潤物業管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理
Nanjing Yuye Property management Co., Ltd. 南京宇業物業管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理
Wuhu Yurun Property management Co., Ltd. 蕪湖宇潤物業管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理
Nanjing Hongsheng Intelligent Information Technology Co., Ltd	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB5,000,000	-	100	Information system integration
南京弘昇智能化信息科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣5,000,000元			信息系統集成

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

		Issued			
	Place of incorporation/	ordinary/	Percen	-	
	registration	registered	equity attri		
Name	and business	share capital	the Co		Principal activities
	註冊成立/	已發行普通/	本公司		
名稱	註冊以及營業地點	註冊股本	股權已	5分比	主營業務
			Direct	Indirect	
			直接	間接	
Huangshan Yurun Property management Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Property management
黃山宇潤物業管理有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			物業管理
Yueyang Yurun Property management Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB500,000	-	100	Property management
岳陽宇潤物業管理有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣500,000元			物業管理
Chizhou Yurun Property management Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB500,000	-	100	Property management
池州宇潤物業服務有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣500,000元			物業管理
Chengdu Honglan Real Estate Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
成都弘欄置業有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務
Wuxi Hongyuan Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
無錫弘遠置業顧問有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務
Taixing Hongcheng Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
泰興弘誠置業顧問有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務
Kaifeng Hongyi Real Estate Agency Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
開封弘毅房地產經紀有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務
Huzhou Hongyang Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
湖州弘陽置業顧問有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務
Nanjing Hongyuan Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
南京弘遠置業顧問有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔		Principal activities
名稱	註冊以及營業地點	ご 級 打 自 通 / 註 冊 股 本	股權百		主營業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Suzhou Hongyuan Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 蘇州弘遠置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Nanjing Jiangnan Hongzhi Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 南京江南弘致置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Wuhan Hong Life Real Estate Agency Co., Ltd. 武漢弘生活房地產經紀有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Nanjing Jiangnan Hongzhi Life Decoration Co., Ltd. 南京江南弘致生活裝飾工程有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB17,500,000 人民幣17,500,000元	-	100	Decoration services 裝飾服務
Xiangyang Hong Life Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 襄陽弘生活置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Nanjing Leiyuan Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd. 南京罍源企業管理咨詢有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Nanjing Hongming Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 南京弘明置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Hefei Hong Life Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 合肥弘生活置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Nanchang Hongnan Real Estate Agency Co., Ltd. 南昌弘南房地產經紀有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務

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1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 註冊以及營業地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔 股權百分比 Direct Indirect 直接 間接		Principal activities 主營業務
Chongqing Honglan Real Estate Co., Ltd. 重慶弘欄置業有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Jiangyin Hongshun Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 江陰弘順置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Hefei Hongsheng Decoration Co., Ltd. 合肥弘生活裝飾工程有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Decoration services 裝飾服務
Nanjing Hongzhi Life Service Co., Ltd. 南京弘致生活服務有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB3,000,000 人民幣3,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理
Nanjing Jiangnan Hongzhi Property management Co., Ltd. 南京市江南弘致物業管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理
Chongqing Hongchuangxinyuan Property management	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	67	Property management
Co., Ltd. 重慶弘創馨園物業管理有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			物業管理
Taizhou Yuhong Real Estate Brokerage Co., Ltd. 泰州宇弘房地產經紀有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Huaian Hongwen Real Estate Brokerage Co., Ltd. 淮安弘文房地產經紀有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Changzhou Hongcheng Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 常州弘誠置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔		Principal activities
名稱	註冊以及營業地點	註冊股本	股權百 Direct 直接	分比 Indirect 間接	主營業務
Nanjing Hongyang Property management Co., Ltd. 南京弘決物業管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Property management 物業管理
Taizhou Yucheng Real Estate Brokerage Co., Ltd. 泰州宇誠房地產經紀有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Nanjing Hongteng E-commerce Co., Ltd. 南京弘騰電子商務有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	100	Wholesale Businesses 批發業務
Jiangyin Hongcheng Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 江陰弘誠置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Xuzhou Hongyangmingrui Property management Co., Ltd. 徐州弘陽名瑞物業管理有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,030,000 人民幣1,030,000元	-	51	Property management 物業管理
Hangzhou Hongtong Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 杭州弘通置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Jiaxing Hongyu Real Estate Brokerage Co., Ltd. 嘉興弘譽房地產經紀有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Wuhan Hongnan Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 武漢弘南置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Nanjing Hongyi Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd. 南京弘毅置業顧問有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100	Consulting services 諮詢服務

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

		Issued			
	Place of incorporation/	ordinary/	Percen	-	
	registration	registered	equity attr		B
Name	and business 註冊成立/	share capital 已發行普通/	the Co 本公司	. ,	Principal activities
名稱	註冊以及營業地點	立 致 11 百 超 / 註 冊 股 本	かる。 股權i		主營業務
12 1 175	11回 クグ 日本 心刻	正间放个	Direct	Indirect	工呂未切
			直接	間接	
Chuzhou Yuhong Real Estate Brokerage Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	_	100	Consulting services
滁州宇弘房地產經紀有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務
Chuzhou Yuhong Decoration Engineering Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB5,000,000	-	100	Decoration services
滁州宇弘裝飾工程有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣5,000,000元			裝飾服務
Wuhu Yuhong Real Estate Brokerage Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB5,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
蕪湖宇弘房地產經紀有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣5,000,000元			諮詢服務
Chizhou Yujiang Real Estate Brokerage Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB2,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
池州宇江房地產經營有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			諮詢服務
Nanjing Yuyeda Real Estate Consulting Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
南京宇業達置業顧問有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務
Kunshan Runhong Real Estate Brokerage Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
昆山潤弘房地產經紀有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務
Chuzhou Yuyang Real Estate Brokerage Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Consulting services
滁州宇陽房地產經紀有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			諮詢服務
Wuhan Huidehang Jingying Property management Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB12,000,000	_	80	Property management
武漢匯得行精英物業服務有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣12,000,000元			物業管理
Handhara Haidahan Dara atau sa	DDC/Chinasa Mainla	DMD1 000 000		00	Decree and the second
Hanchuan Huidehang Property management Co., Ltd. 漢川匯得行物業服務有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	_	80	Property management 物業管理
庆川些付1]初未服份付收公司	中國/ 中國內地	人氏符1,000,000元			彻未官理

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

有關附屬公司的資料(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 註冊以及營業地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔 股權百分比		Principal activities 主營業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Wuhan Huidehang Hanqiao Property management Co., Ltd. 武漢匯得行漢橋物業服務有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	64	Property management 物業管理
Wuhan Huidehang Jingying Real Estate Co., Ltd. 武漢匯得行精英置業有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 中國/中國內地	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	80	Consulting services 諮詢服務
Wuhan Huidehang Hanqiao Jingying Property management Co., Ltd.	PRC/Chinese Mainland	RMB1,000,000	-	64	Property management
武漢匯得行漢橋精英物業服務有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			物業管理

These entities are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under PRC law.

* 該等實體根據中國法律註冊為外商獨資企業。

Note:

The English translations of the names are for reference only. The official names of these enterprises are in Chinese.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

附註:

該等名稱的英文翻譯僅供參考。該等企業的官方名稱 以中文為準。

上表列出董事認為主要影響本年度業績或構成本集團 資產淨值主要部分的本公司附屬公司。董事認為,提 供其他附屬公司的詳情會導致篇幅冗長。

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") (which include all International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2023. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

2 會計政策

2.1 編製基準

該等財務報表乃根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」,包括所有國際財務報告準則、國際會計準則」)及詮釋)以及香港公司條例的披露規定編製。該等財務報表可根據歷史成本慣例編製,惟已按公平值計量的按公平值計入損益的金融資產除外。該等財務報表以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列,除另有説明外,所有金額約整至最接近千位數。

綜合入賬基準

該等綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2023年12月31日止年度的財務報表。附屬公司為本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集團對參與投資對象業務的浮動回報承擔風險或享有權利以及能通過對投資對象的權力(即本集團獲賦予現有能力以主導投資對象相關活動的既存權利)影響該等回報時,即取得控制權。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee:
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

2 會計政策(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合入賬基準(續)

一般情況下,有一個推定,即多數投票權形成控制權。倘本公司擁有少於投資對象大多數投票或類似權利,則本集團於評估其是否擁有對投資對象的權力時會考慮一切相關事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象的其他投票權持有人的 合約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生的權利;及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司的財務報表使用與本公司一致 的會計政策按同一報告期間編製。附屬 公司的業績乃自本集團獲取控制權之日 開始作綜合入賬,並繼續綜合入賬直至 有關控制權終止之日為止。

即使導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘,損益及其他全面收入各組成部分仍歸屬於本集團母公司擁有人及非控股權益。所有有關本集團各成員公司間交易的集團內公司間資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量會於綜合賬目時全數抵銷。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognises the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised IFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Amendments to IAS 1 and Disclosure of Accounting

IFRS Practice Statement 2 Policies

Amendments to IAS 8 Definition of Accounting

Estimates

Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax related to

Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single

Transaction

Amendments to IAS 12 International Tax Reform -

Pillar Two Model Rules

2 會計政策(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合入賬基準(續)

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素 之一項或多項出現變化,本集團會重新 評估其是否控制投資對象。於一間附屬 公司的所有權權益變動,惟並無失去控 制權,則以權益交易入賬。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權,則 會終止確認相關資產(包括商譽)、負債、 任何非控股權益及匯兑波動儲備;並確 認任何保留投資的公平值及所產生任何 計入損益的盈餘或虧絀。先前已於其他 全面收入確認的本集團應佔組成部分乃 重新分類至損益或保留溢利(如適用),基 準與本集團直接出售相關資產或負債所 需依據的基準相同。

2.2 會計政策變動及披露

本集團已於本年度財務報表首次採納以 下新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則。

國際財務報告準則 保險合同

第17號

國際會計準則第1號 披露會計政策

及國際財務報告 準則實務報告 第2號的修訂

國際會計準則 會計估計的定義

第8號的修訂

國際會計準則 與單一交易產生的 第12號的修訂 資產及負債有關

的遞延税項

國際會計準則 國際稅務改革 -

第12號的修訂 支柱二規則範本

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

The nature and impact of the new and revised IFRSs that are applicable to the Group are described below:

- Amendments to IAS 1 require entities to disclose a) their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements provide non-mandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The Group has disclosed the material accounting policy information in note 2 to the financial statements. The amendments did not have any impact on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Group's financial statements.
- b) Amendments to IAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. Since the Group's approach and policy align with the amendments, the amendments had no impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 會計政策(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露(續)

適用於本集團的新訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則的性質及影響闡述如下:

- 國際會計準則第1號的修訂要求企 a) 業披露重要會計政策資料,而非重 大會計政策。倘會計政策資料與實 體財務報表所載其他資料一併考慮 時,可合理預期影響一般用涂財務 報表的主要使用者基於該等財務報 表作出的決定,則該等資料屬重 要。國際財務報告準則實務報告第 2號的修訂作出重要性判斷就如何 將重要性概念應用於會計政策披露 提供非強制指引。本集團已於財務 報表附註2中披露重要會計政策資 料。該等修訂並無對本集團財務報 表任何項目的計量、確認或呈列造 成任何影響。
- b) 國際會計準則第8號的修訂澄清會 計估計變動與會計政策變動之間的 分別。會計估計被界定為財務報表 中存在計量不確定性的貨幣性金 額。該等修訂亦澄清實體使用計量 技巧及輸入數據以計算會計估計的 方式。由於本集團方針及政策與該 等修訂一致,該等修訂並無對本集 團的財務報表造成影響。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception in IAS 12 so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions.

The Group applied the amendments on temporary differences related to leases as at 1 January 2022. Upon initial application of these amendments, the Group recognised (i) a deferred tax asset for all deductible temporary differences associated with lease liabilities (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available), and (ii) a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences associated with right-of-use assets at 1 January 2022, with cumulative effect recognised as an adjustment to the balances of retained profits and non-controlling interests at that date. The amendments did not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 會計政策(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露(續)

c) 國際會計準則第12號的修訂與單一交易產生的資產及負債有關的遞延稅項縮小國際會計準則第12號內首次確認例外情況的範圍,使其不再適用於產生相同的應課税及可扣減暫時差額的交易,例如租賃及退役責任。因此,實體需要就該等交易產生的暫時差額確認遞延税項資產(惟須有足夠應課税溢利)及遞延税項負債。

本集團應用該等修訂於截至2022年 1月1日有關租賃的暫時差額。於首 次應用該等修訂時,本集團確認(i) 與租賃負債相關的所有可扣減暫時 差額的遞延税項資產(惟須有足夠 應課税溢利);及(ii)與於2022年1月 1日的使用權資產相關的所有應課 税暫時差額的遞延税項負債,連同 確認為就於該日保留溢利及非控股 權益結餘的調整的累計影響。該成 修訂並未對本集團的財務報表造成 任何重大影響。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

Amendments to IAS 12 International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules introduce a mandatory temporary exception from the recognition and disclosure of deferred taxes arising from the implementation of the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development. The amendments also introduce disclosure requirements for the affected entities to help users of the financial statements better understand the entities' exposure to Pillar Two income taxes, including the disclosure of current tax related to Pillar Two income taxes separately in the periods when Pillar Two legislation is effective and the disclosure of known or reasonably estimable information of their exposure to Pillar Two income taxes in periods in which the legislation is enacted or substantively enacted but not yet in effect. The Group has applied the amendments retrospectively. Since the Group did not fall within the scope of the Pillar Two model rules, the amendments did not have any impact to the Group.

2 會計政策(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露(續)

國際會計準則第12號的修訂國際稅 d) 務改革 - 支柱二規則範本引入一項 強制性的臨時例外情況,免除因執 行經濟合作與發展組織頒佈的支柱 二規則範本而產生的遞延税項確認 及披露。該等修訂亦引入對受影響 實體的披露要求,以幫助財務報表 使用者更好地了解實體面臨的支柱 二所得税風險,包括在支柱二立法 生效期間單獨披露與支柱二所得稅 有關的即期税項,以及在立法頒佈 或實質頒佈但尚未生效期間披露其 面臨的支柱二所得税風險的已知或 可合理估計的資料。本集團已追溯 應用該等修訂。由於本集團不屬於 支柱二規則範本的範圍,該等修訂 並無對本集團造成任何影響。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following revised IFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. The Group intends to apply these revised IFRSs, if applicable, when they become effective.

Amendments to IFRS 10

Sale or Contribution of

and IAS 28

Assets between an

Investor and its

Associate or Joint

Venture³

Amendments to IFRS 16

Lease Liability in a Sale and

Leaseback¹

Amendments to IAS 1

Classification of Liabilities

as Current or Non-

current (the "2020

Amendments") 1

Amendments to IAS 1

Non-current Liabilities

with Covenants (the

"2022 Amendments") 1

Amendments to IAS 7 and

IFRS 7

Supplier Finance

Arrangements ¹

Amendments to IAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability ²

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

2 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但未生效的國際財務報告準則

本集團尚未於該等財務報表內應用下列 已頒佈但尚未生效的經修訂國際財務報 告準則。本集團擬於該等經修訂國際財 務報告準則生效時予以採用(如適用)。

國際財務報告準則 投資者與其

第10號及國際會計 聯營公司或

準則第28號的修訂 合營企業之間的

資產出售或注資3

國際財務報告準則 售後回租的

第16號的修訂 租賃負債

國際會計準則 將負債分類為

第1號的修訂 流動或非流動

([2020年修訂])1

國際會計準則 附帶契諾的

第1號的修訂 *非流動負債*

([2022年修訂])1

國際會計準則第7號 供應商融資安排

及國際財務報告

準則第7號的修訂

國際會計準則 缺乏可兑換性2

第21號的修訂

- 於2024年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間 生效
- ² 於2025年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間 生效
- 尚未釐定強制生效日期但可供採納

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Further information about those IFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 address an inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and in IAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 was removed by the IASB. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

Amendments to IFRS 16 specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and shall be applied retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16 (i.e., 1 January 2019). Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但未生效的國際財務報告準則 (續)

下述為有關預期適用於本集團的該等國際財務報告準則的進一步資料。

國際財務報告準則第10號及國際會計準 則第28號的修訂解決了國際財務報告準 則第10號與國際會計準則第28號在處理投 資者與其聯營公司或合資企業之間資產 出售或投入的要求之間的不一致之處。 當資產出售或投入構成一項業務時,該 等修訂要求全面確認下游資產交易產生 的損益。對於涉及不構成業務資產的交 易,交易產生的損益僅以無關聯投資者 對該聯營公司或合資企業的權益為限在 投資者的損益中確認。該等修訂已使用 未來適用法予以應用。國際會計準則理 事會取消國際財務報告準則第10號及國 際會計準則第28號的修訂的過往強制生 效日期。然而,該等修訂現時可供採 納。

國際財務報告準則第16號的修訂訂明賣方一承租人於計量售後回租交易中產生的租賃負債時所採用的規定,以使用權同方一承租人不確認與其保留的使用權相關的任何損益。該等修訂自2024年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效,並應其分數應用於國際財務報告準則第16號首次應用日期(即2019年1月1日)之後簽訂的售後回租交易,且允許提早應用。預期被使回租交易,且允許提早應用。預期或任何重大影響。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify that a liability can be settled in its own equity instruments, and that only if a conversion option in a convertible liability is itself accounted for as an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. Additional disclosures are required for non-current liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period. The amendments shall be applied retrospectively with early application permitted. An entity that applies the 2020 Amendments early is required to apply simultaneously the 2022 Amendments, and vice versa. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments and whether existing loan agreements may require revision. Based on a preliminary assessment, the amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但未生效的國際財務報告準則 (續)

2020年修訂澄清將負債分類為流動或非流 動的規定,包括釐定延遲清償負債的權 利及延遲權利須於報告期末存續。負債 分類不受實體行使其延遲清償負債權利 的可能性的影響。該等修訂亦澄清,負 债可以其自身的權益工具結算,負債條 款僅在可轉換負債中的轉換選擇權本身 作為權益工具入賬的情況下,不會影響 其分類。2022年修訂進一步澄清,在貸款 安排產生的負債契諾中,只有實體在報 告日期或之前須遵守的契諾方會影響該 負債分類為流動或非流動。對於實體在 報告期後12個月內須遵守未來契諾的非 流動負債,則須進行額外披露。該等修 訂應追溯應用,並允許提前應用。提前 應用2020年修訂的實體須同時應用2022年 修訂,反之亦然。本集團現時正評估該 等修訂的影響以及現有貸款協議是否需 要修訂。根據初步評估,預期該等修訂 不會對本集團的財務報表造成任何重大 影響。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. Earlier application of the amendments is permitted. The amendments provide certain transition reliefs regarding comparative information, quantitative information as at the beginning of the annual reporting period and interim disclosures. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 21 specify how an entity shall assess whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and how it shall estimate a spot exchange rate at a measurement date when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments require disclosures of information that enable users of financial statements to understand the impact of a currency not being exchangeable. Earlier application is permitted. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or to the cumulative amount of translation differences accumulated in a separate component of equity, where appropriate, at the date of initial application. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但未生效的國際財務報告準則 (續)

國際會計準則第7號及國際財務報告準則第7號的修訂澄清供應商融資安排的特徵,並要求就該等安排作出額外披露。該等修訂的披露規定旨在協助財務報報定旨在協助財務報報定旨在協助財務報報宣行,現金流量及流動資金風險的影實體。允許提早應用該等修訂。該等修訂就等條訂不會對本集團的財務報表造成任何重大影響。

國際會計準則第21號的修訂列明實體如何評估一種貨幣是否可兑換為另一種貨幣,以及在缺乏可兑換性的情況下類性的情況下數期匯率。該等修訂要解貨制,以讓財務報表使用者了解實體無法重列比較響等。允許提前應用。應用的影響。允許提可以數學等。稅許是可以數學等。稅許是可以數學等。數學等。數學等。數學,數學等。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策

業務合併及商譽

當收購的一系列活動和資產包括一項對共同創造輸出能力有顯著貢獻的輸入及實質程序,則本集團釐定其已收購一項業務。

當本集團收購一項業務時,其會根據合同條款及於收購日期的經濟環境及相關條件,評估將承接的金融資產及負債,以作出適合的分類及指定。此包括將被收購方主合同中的嵌入式衍生工具進行分離。

倘業務合併分階段進行,先前持有的股權按收購日期的公平值重新計量,所產 生的任何收益或虧損於損益內確認。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續) 業務合併及商譽(續)

收購方將予轉讓的任何或然代價將於收購日期按公平值確認。分類為一項資產或負債的或然代價按公平值計量,公平值的任何變動於損益確認。倘將或然代價分類為權益,則毋須重新計量,其後結算於權益中入賬。

商譽起初按成本計量,即已轉讓總代價、已確認非控股權益及本集團先前持有的被收購方股權的公平值總額,超逾與所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債的差額。倘總代價及其他項目低於所收購資產淨值的公平值,於評估後其差額將於損益內確認為議價購買收益。

於初始確認後,商譽按成本減任何累計減值虧損計量。商譽接成本減任何累計減值虧損計量。商譽須每年作減值關訊,倘有事件發生或情況改變顯示賬檢討。本集團於12月31日進行商譽年度減值測試。為進行減值測試,因業務至至的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的協同效益中獲益的場合。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

減值乃通過評估有關商譽的現金產生單位(或一組現金產生單位)的可收回金額而釐定。當現金產生單位(或一組現金產生單位)的可收回金額低於賬面值,則會確認減值虧損。就商譽確定的減值虧損不會於其後期間撥回。

當商譽分配至某現金產生單位(或一組現金產生單位)時,而該單位中的部分業務被出售,當釐定出售該業務的盈虧時,與該項被出售業務相關的商譽會納入該業務的賬面值。在此情況下被出售的商譽按該項被出售業務及被保留現金產生單位的有關部分的相關價值計量。

公平值計量

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fair value measurement (Continued)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

公平值計量(續)

非金融資產公平值的計量則參考市場參 與者可從使用該資產得到的最高及最佳 效用,或把該資產售予另一可從使用該 資產得到最高及最佳效用的市場參與者 所產生的經濟效益。

本集團使用適用於不同情況的估值技術,而其有足夠數據計量公平值,以盡量利用相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量減少使用不可觀察輸入數據。

於財務報表中計量或披露公平值的所有 資產及負債,均根據對公平值計量整體 而言屬重大的最低級別輸入數據在下述 公平值層級內進行分類:

第1層級 - 基於相同資產或負債於活躍 市場的所報價格(未經調整)

第2層級 - 基於對公平值計量而言屬重 大的可觀察(直接或間接)最 低級別輸入數據的估值技術

第3層級 - 基於對公平值計量而言屬重 大的不可觀察最低級別輸入 數據的估值技術

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認的資產 及負債而言,本集團透過於每個報告期 末重新評估分類(根據對整體公平值計量 而言屬重大的最低層輸入數據)確定是否 發生不同等級轉移。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets, financial assets, investment properties and non-current assets/ a disposal group classified as held for sale), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

非金融資產減值

倘存在任何減值跡象,或當須每年就資產進行減值檢測(存貨、合同資產、遞延稅項資產、金融資產、投資物業及非熟資產/分類為持作出售的出售組別資產的可收回數額乃按資產或現金產生報制,所供了企業的使用價值或公平值減出售成本兩計資產並不產生明顯獨立於其他的東資產組別的現金流入,於非資產並不產生明顯獨立於此情況中國數額按資產所屬現金產生單位的可收回數額計算。

就減值對現金產生單位進行測試時,公司資產賬面值的一部分(例如總部大樓)於可按合理一致基準分配時分配至個別現金產生單位,否則會分配至現金產生單位最小組別。

僅在資產賬面值高於其可收回數額的情況下,方會確認減值虧損。評估使用價值時,估計日後現金流量按可反映幣值時間值及資產特定風險的現時市場評估的除税前貼現率貼現至現值。減值虧損按與該減值資產功能相符的開支類別於產生期間自損益中扣除。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

本集團會於各報告期末評估是否有任何 跡象顯示以前所確認的減值虧損已不在 或可能減少。倘出現此等跡象,則會估 計可收回金額。僅當用以確定資產(商譽 除外)可收回金額的估計有變時,方會撥 回先前確認的減值虧損,但撥回後的數 額不得超逾假設於過往年度並無就該項 資產確認減值虧損而應釐定的賬面值(扣 除任何折舊/攤銷)。減值虧損撥回會計 入產生期間的損益。

關聯方

以下人士被視為本集團的關聯方,倘

- (a) 有關方為一名人士或該人士的關係 密切家族成員,而該人士:
 - (i) 擁有本集團的控制權或共同 控制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團產生重大的影響 力;或
 - (iii) 該人士為本集團或本集團母 公司的主要管理人員的其中 一名成員:

或

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Related parties (Continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group; and the sponsoring employers of the postemployment benefit plan;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

關聯方(續)

- (b) 該人士為實體且符合下列任何一項 條件:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 的成員公司;
 - (ii) 一實體為另一實體(或另一實體的母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司)的聯營公司或合資企業;
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三 方的合資企業;
 - (iv) 一實體為一第三方的合資企 業,而另一實體為同一第三 方的聯營公司;
 - (v) 該方提供一個僱用後福利計 劃予本集團僱員或與本集團 相關的實體作為福利;及離 職後福利計劃的資助僱主;
 - (vi) 該實體為(a)所述人士控制或 共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體有 重大影響或屬該實體(或該 實體母公司)主要管理人員 的其中一名成員;及
 - (viii) 向本集團或本集團的母公司 提供主要管理人員的服務的 實體或為其一部分的任何集 團成員。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Office equipment and electronic
and other devices

Leasehold improvements

Over the shorter of
the lease terms and useful lives

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)乃按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備類項目的成本包括其購買價及任何令資產投入運作及將資產運往擬定用途地點的直接應計費用。

折舊乃以直線法按其估計可使用年期撇 銷各項物業、廠房及設備的成本至其剩 餘價值。作該用途的主要年利率如下:

辦公設備、電子及

其他裝置

19%

租賃物業裝修

按租期及使用 年期的較短者

當一項物業、廠房及設備的各部分有不同使用年期時,該項目的成本乃按合理 基準在各部分之間分配,而各部分乃個 別地折舊。剩餘價值、使用年期及折舊 方法至少於各財政年度末檢討,並作出 調整(如適用)。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. It is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Other intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Other intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Software

Purchased software is stated at cost less any impairment loss and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續) 物業、廠房及設備與折舊(續)

物業、廠房及設備的項目(包括最初經確認的任何重大部分)於出售或預期其使用或出售不會帶來任何未來經濟利益時終止確認。因出售或報廢而於該資產終止確認年度的損益內確認的任何盈虧乃有關資產出售淨收入與賬面值的差額。

在建工程指興建中的樓宇,乃按成本減 任何減值虧損列賬,且不予折舊。成本 包括建築期間的直接建築成本及相關借 入資金的資本化借貸成本。在建工程將 於落成並可供使用後重新歸入適當的物 業、機器及設備類別。

其他無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨取得的其他無形資產於初始確認時按成本計量。通過業務合併取得的無形資產的成本為收購日期的公平值。無形資產的使用年期分為有限期或無限期。有限期年期的無形資產隨後按使用經濟年期攤銷,並於有跡象顯示無形資產的攤銷期及攤銷方法至則的無形資產的攤銷期及攤銷方法至少於每個財政年度未檢討一次。

軟件

採購的軟件按成本減任何減值虧損列 賬,並於5年的估計使用年期內按直線法 攤銷。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Other intangible assets (other than goodwill) (Continued)

Customer relationship

Customer relationship is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 5-10 years.

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Office buildings 3 years

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續) 其他無形資產(商譽除外)(續)

客戶關係

客戶關係按成本減任何減值虧損列賬, 並於5至10年的估計使用年期內按直線法 攤銷。

租賃

本集團在合同開始時評估合同是否為租 賃或包含租賃。倘合同賦予權利於一段 時間內控制已識別資產的用途以換取代 價,則該合同為租賃或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃(短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外)採取單一確認及計量方法。 本集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃款項, 而使用權資產指使用相關資產的權利。

(a) 使用權資產

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供使用之日)確認。使用權資產按成本計量,減去任何累負債的任何重新計量作出調整。使用權資產的成本包括已確認租赁付數。 已發生初始直接成本及黃門或之前支付的租赁付款減已收取的任何租赁優惠。使用權較知的任何租賃順惠。使用權較知於租賃期及估計使用年期(以首為準)內以直線法折舊,詳情如下:

辦公大樓 3年

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Group as a lessee (Continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產(續)

倘租賃資產的所有權在租賃期結束 時轉移至本集團或成本反映了購買 期權的行使,則使用資產的估計使 用年期計算折舊。使用權資產可能 會發生減值。

(b) 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期按租賃期內將作出的租賃付款現值確認租賃負債。租賃付款包括固定付款(包括實質、定付款)減任何應收租賃優惠、實付款人。其一指數或比率的可變租賃付款亦包括各工,則須就在剩餘價值,並倘租賃期反映實工,則須就不使購買選擇權終止租賃支付罰款。並非取決於觸對。並非取決於觸對。並非取決於觸對,數或比率的可變租賃付款於觸對,數或此率的可變租賃付款於觸對,數或此率的可變租賃付款於觸對,對於

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Group as a lessee (Continued)

(b) Lease liabilities (Continued)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of office equipment and laptop computers that are considered to be of low value.

Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債(續)

於計算租賃付款現值時,倘租賃中所隱含的利率不易釐定,。所隱含的利率不易釐定,理量量則於租賃開始日期使用增量負債,租賃負債,租賃付款減少。此外,付的租賃付款減少。此外,付款變動、租賃付款變動、租賃付款變動的資數,租賃付款變動,租賃負債的無來租賃付款變動,租賃負債的販面值將重新計量。

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團對其機器及設備的短期租賃 (即自開始之日起租賃期為12個月 或更短且不包含購買選擇權的租 賃)採用短期租賃確認豁免法。其 亦對低價值資產的租賃(即被視為 低價值的辦公設備及筆記本電腦的 租賃)採用確認豁免法。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的租賃 付款在租賃期內按直線法確認為開 支。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

初始確認及計量

投資及其他金融資產

金融資產於初始確認時分類為其後按攤 銷成本計量,並按公平值計入其他全面 收入及按公平值計入損益。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或公平值計入 其他全面收入進行分類及計量,需就未 償還本金產生「純粹支付本金及利息」的現 金流量。現金流量不是純粹支付本金及 利息的金融資產被分類並按公平值計入 損益,而與業務模型無關。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續) 投資及其他金融資產(續) 初始確認及計量(續)

需於一般由法規或慣例確立的期間內在 市場上交付資產的金融資產買賣於交易 日期(即本集團承諾買賣資產當日)確認。

後續計量

金融資產的後續計量取決於其分類,如 下所示:

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on the equity investments are also recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- * the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- * the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產(債務工具)

以攤銷成本後續計量使用實際利率法的 金融資產受減值影響。當資產終止確 認、修改或減值時,收益及虧損在損益 中確認。

按公平值計入損益的金融資產

按公平值計入損益的金融資產乃於財務 狀況表按公平值列賬,而公平值變動淨 額則於損益確認。

該類別包括本集團不可撤回地選擇按公 平值計入其他全面收入進行分類的衍生 工具及權益投資。權益投資的股息亦在 支付權確立時於損益確認為其他收入。

終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或如適用,金融資產的一部分 或一組類似金融資產的一部分)主要於以 下情況終止確認(即從本集團的財務狀況 表刪除):

- 自資產收取現金流量的權利已經屆 滿;或
- ・ 本集團已轉讓其自資產收取現金流量的權利或已承擔責任根據「轉讓」安排在並無重大延誤下將其全數支付予第三方;及(a)本集團已轉讓該資產的絕大部分風險及回報,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留該資產的絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓該產的控制權。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

終止確認金融資產(續)

當本集團已轉讓其自資產收取現金流量的權利或已訂立轉讓安排,其會評估有否保留所有權的風險及回報,以及產產度。當本集團並無轉讓或保留該該資產的控制權,本集團以本集團持續滲入程度為限繼續確認所轉讓資產。在此轉讓資產的控制權,本集團亦確認相關負債。經轉留的權利及責任為基準計量。

持續滲入乃以被轉讓資產作出的一項保 證的形式出現,並以該項資產的原賬面 值及本集團或須償還的代價數額上限(以 較低者為準)計算。

金融資產減值

本集團確認對並非按公平值計入損益的 所有債務工具預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧 損」)的撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於根據合 同到期的合同現金流量與本集團預期收 取的所有現金流量之間的差額而釐定, 並以原實際利率的近似值貼現。預期現 金流量將包括出售所持抵押的現金流量 或組成合同條款的其他信貸提升措施。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續) 金融資產減值(續)

一般方法

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段進行確認。就自初步確認起未有顯著增加的信貸風險而言,預期信貸虧損提供予由未來十二個月內可能發生違約事件而導致的信貸虧損(十二個月預期信貸損失)。就自初步確認起經已顯著增加的信貸風險而言,不論何時發生違約,於餘下風險年期內的預期信貸虧損均須計提虧損撥備(存續期預期信貸虧損)。

本集團在各報告日期評估相關金融工具的信用風險自初始確認後是否已顯著增加。於作出評估時,本集團將報告日期金融工具出現違約事件之風險與初步確認日期金融工具出現違約事件之風險進行比較,並會考慮合理且可證實的資料(毋須過高成本或太多工序便可供查閱),包括過往經驗及前瞻性資料。

當合同付款已逾期90天,本集團會將金融資產視為違約。然而,在若干情況,在計及本集團所持的任何信貸增強時前,當內部或外部資料指出本集團不大可能悉數收回尚未償還合同金額,則本集團亦可能將金融資產視為違約。

倘無法合理預期收回合同現金流量,則 撇銷金融資產。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

General approach (Continued)

Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and contract assets which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Simplified approach

For trade receivables and contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續) 金融資產減值(續)

一般方法(續)

按公平值計入其他全面收入的債務投資 和以攤銷成本計量的金融資產在一般方 法下會發生減值,並且在以下階段進行 預期信貸損失的計量時分類,而應收貿 易賬款和合同資產採用簡化方法的情況 則除外,詳情如下。

- 第一階段 金融工具的信用風險自初始 確認後並未顯著增加,且虧 損撥備以等同於12個月預期 信貸虧損的金額計量
- 第二階段 金融工具的信用風險自初始 確認後顯著增加,惟其並非 信貸減值的金融資產,其虧 損撥備以等同於存續期預期 信貸虧損的金額計量
- 第三階段 於報告日期信貸減值的金融 資產(惟其並非購買或原信 貸減值),其虧損撥備以等 同於存續期預期信貸虧損的 金額計量

簡化方法

並無重大融資成分或本集團應用可行權 宜方法不調整重大融資成分影響的貿易 應收款項及合同資產,本集團應用簡化 方法計算預期信貸虧損。根據簡化方 法,本集團並無追蹤信貸風險的變動, 而是根據各報告日期的存續期預期信貸 虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團已建立撥備 矩陣,乃根據其過往信貸虧損經驗評估 預期虧損率,並按債務人特定的前瞻性 因素及經濟環境作出調整。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, an amount due to the ultimate holding company, derivative financial instruments and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables, and interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

金融負債

初始確認及計量

金融負債在初始確認時分類為:按公平 值計入損益的金融負債、貸款及借款、 應付款項,或在有效對沖中指定為對沖 工具的衍生工具。

初步確認所有金融負債時,乃以公平值及(倘屬貸款、借款及應付款項)扣除直接應佔交易成本計量。

本集團的金融負債包括貿易和其他應付 款項,應付最終控股公司的款項,衍生 金融工具以及計息銀行和其他借款。

後續計量

金融負債的後續計量取決於其分類,如 下所示:

按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債(貿易及其他應付款項和借款)

初始確認後,貿易及其他應付款項及有 息借款隨後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本 進行計量,除非折現的影響不重大,在 這種情況下以成本列示。終止確認負債 時以及通過實際利率攤銷過程在損益中 確認損益。

攤銷成本的計算方法是考慮任何收購折 價或溢價以及作為實際利率一部分的費 用或成本。有效利率攤銷計入損益中的 融資成本。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續) 終止確認金融負債

當負債項目下的責任被解除或取消或屆滿,金融負債須予終止確認。

如現有金融負債由同一放債人以幾乎完全不同條款的負債所取代,或現有負債的條款實質上幾乎已完全修訂,此類取代或修訂將被視為終止確認原負債及確認新負債處理,而有關賬面值的差額須於損益確認。

抵銷金融工具

倘目前有合法可強制執行權利抵銷已確認的金額,且有意按淨額基準支付或同時將資產變現及結算負債,則抵銷金融資產及金融負債,而其淨額須列於財務狀況表內。

存貨

存貨成本值及可變現淨值之較低者入 賬。成本以先進先出的原則確定。可變 現淨值是基於估計的售價減去完成和處 置所需的任何估計成本。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

現金及現金等價物

財務狀況表內的現金及現金等價物包括 手頭及銀行現金以及可隨時轉換為已知 數額現金、價值變動風險極低及一般於 三個月內到期的短期高流動性存款,乃 為滿足短期現金承擔而持有。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 價物由手頭及銀行現金以及上文界定的 短期存款組成,減須按要求償還及組成 本集團現金管理重要部分的銀行透支。

撥備

倘因過往事件須承擔現時責任(法定或推定),而履行該責任可能導致未來資源外流,且該責任所涉金額能夠可靠估計,則確認撥備。

當本集團預期部分或所有撥備將獲償付時,償付金額將確認為獨立資產,惟僅 在償付金額基本確定的情況下方會確認。與撥備有關的開支經扣除任何補償 後於損益表呈列。

倘貼現影響重大,則確認撥備的金額為 預期履行責任所需未來開支於報告期末 的現值。貼現現值隨時間流逝而增加的 金額,並計入損益中的融資成本。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

所得税

所得税包括即期和遞延税項。與損益外確認的科目相關的所得税不在損益確認,而在其他全面收入或直接在權益中確認。

即期税項資產和負債以報告期末已頒佈 或實質已頒佈的税率(及税法),並考慮本 集團運營所在國家的詮釋及慣例,按照 預期自税務機關收回或向税務機關支付 的金額進行計量。

遞延税項使用負債法就報告期末資產及 負債税基與其作財務呈報的賬面值之間 的一切暫時差額作出撥備。

所有應課税暫時差額均確認為遞延税項 負債,除非:

- 遞延税項負債是由商譽或不構成業務合併交易中的資產或負債的初始確認所產生,而在交易時既不影響會計利潤也不影響應課稅利潤或虧損,且不會產生相同的應課稅及可扣減暫時差額;及
- 就有關附屬公司、合營企業及聯營公司投資所產生的應課税暫時差額而言,撥回暫時差額的時間可受控制,而暫時差額於可預見的將來可能不會撥回。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

所有可扣減暫時差額及未動用税項抵免 及任何未動用税項虧損結轉,均被確認 為遞延税項資產。倘可能具有應課税利 潤抵銷可扣減暫時差額,以及可動用結 轉的未動用税項抵免及税項虧損,則會 確認遞延税項資產,惟下述情況除外:

- 因有關可扣減暫時差額的遞延稅項 資產源自初始確認一項交易(並非 業務合併)中的資產或負債,而有 關交易進行時既不影響會計利潤也 不影響應課稅利潤或虧損,且不會 產生相同的應課稅及可扣減暫時差 額;及
- · 就有關附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業投資所產生的可扣減暫時差 額而言,遞延稅項資產僅於暫時差 額於可預見的將來可能撥回,而且 具有應課稅利潤用以抵銷暫時差額 時,方會予以確認。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末進 行審閱,並扣減至不再可能有足夠應課 税利潤以扣減所有或部分將予動用的遞 延税項資產為止。未確認遞延税項資產 於各報告期末重新評核,並於可能有足 夠應課税利潤以扣減所有或部分將予收 回的遞延税項資產時予以確認。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

遞延稅項資產及負債以預期適用於資產 變現或負債清還期間的稅率計量,並以 報告期末已頒佈或實質已頒佈的稅率(及 稅法)為基準。

當及僅當本集團有在法律上可強制執行的權利將即期税項資產與即期税項項產及遞延稅項項資產及遞延稅項項負債與同一稅務機關對同一應課稅實體徵收的所得稅相關,而應課稅實體徵收的所得稅相關,而預數不可額遞延稅項負債或資產與對與資產與對與資產與對與負債可予抵對。

政府補助

政府補助在合理確信可收取及一切附帶條件均可達成的情況下按其公平值予以確認。倘補助涉及一項支出,則在與其擬補償而支銷相關成本的期間內,有系統地確認為收入。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in IFRS 15.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

收益確認

客戶合同收益

客戶合同收益在貨品或服務轉移至客戶時按反映本集團就交換該等貨品或服務 而預期有權收取的代價金額確認。

當合同代價包含可變金額,代價估計為本集團轉讓貨品或服務予客戶時將有權換取的金額。可變代價於合同訂立時作估計並受限制,直至已確認的累計收益金額不大可能出現重大收益撥回,當時可變代價的相關不確定性隨即獲解決。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(a) Property management services

The Group charged property management fees in respect of the property management services on a lump sum basis.

On a lump sum basis, the Group is entitled to retain the full amount of the received property management fees. From the property management fees, the Group shall bear expenses associated with, among others, staff, cleaning, garbage disposal, gardening and landscaping, security and general overheads covering the common areas. During the term of the contract, if the amount of the property management fees the Group collected is not sufficient to cover all the expenses incurred, the Group is not entitled to request the property owners to pay the shortfall.

Accordingly, on a lump sum basis, the Group recognises the full amount of the property management fees the Group charged to the property owners and property developers as revenue

These services are performed by an indeterminate number of acts over a specified period of time. Accordingly, revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the specified period unless there is evidence that some other methods better represent the stage of completion, and the costs of services are recognised as incurred in connection with performing such services.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

客戶合同收益(續)

(a) 物業管理服務

本集團按包幹制收取物業管理服務 的物業管理費。

包幹制下,本集團有權保留所收取的全額物業管理費。就物業管理費。就物業管理費而言,本集團須承擔有關(其中包括)員工、清潔、垃圾處置、用國人國林綠化、安保及涵蓋公用區與開銷成本的開支。於合理數內,倘本集團所收取的物業管理支,本集團無權要求業主支付不足金額。

因此,於包幹制下,本集團將收益 確認為本集團向業主及房地產開發 商收取的物業管理費全額。

該等服務是由在具體時期不確定次數的行動所履行。因此,收益按直線法於具體時期確認,除非有證據證明其他方法可更佳表示完成階段,而服務成本於履行相關服務發生時確認。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Value-added services to non-property owners
Value-added services to non-property owners
mainly include sales assistance services, pre-delivery
and consulting services. The term of the contracts
for sales assistance is generally set to expire when
the counterparties notify the Group that the
services are no longer required. Pre-delivery and
consulting services are rendered in a short period
of time and there were no unsatisfied performance
obligations at the end of the respective periods.

(c) Community value-added services

The services are rendered in a short period of time and there were no unsatisfied performance obligations at the end of the respective periods.

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Contract assets

If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the contract terms, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional. Contract assets are subject to impairment assessment, details of which are included in the accounting policies for impairment of financial assets. They are reclassified to trade receivables when the right to the consideration becomes unconditional.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

客戶合同收益(續)

(b) 非業主增值服務

為非業主提供的增值服務主要包括 銷售協助服務、預先交付及諮詢 服務。當交易對方通知本集團不再 需要服務時,銷售協助合同的期限 通常定為到期。交付前及諮詢服務 是在很短的時間內提供,並且在相 應期間結束時沒有未履行的履約義 務。

(c) 社區增值服務

服務是在很短的時間內提供,並且 在相應期間結束時沒有未履行的履 約義務。

其他收入

利息收入按應計基準使用實際利息法確認,當中採用將金融工具預期年期或更短期間(如適用)內的估計未來現金收入準確貼現至金融資產賬面淨值的利率。

合同資產

倘本集團於根據合同條款有權無條件收取代價前向客戶轉讓貨物或服務,則就所賺取的有條件代價確認合同資產。合同資產需要進行減值評估,其詳情包括在金融資產減值的會計政策中。當收取代價的權利成為無條件時,其重新分類為貿易應收款項。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Contract costs

Other than the costs which are capitalised as inventories, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, costs incurred to fulfil a contract with a customer are capitalised as an asset if all of the following criteria are met:

- (a) The costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the entity can specifically identify.
- (b) The costs generate or enhance resources of the entity that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future.
- (c) The costs are expected to be recovered.

The capitalised contract costs are amortised and charged to the statement of profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. Other contract costs are expensed as incurred.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

合同負債

當本集團轉移相關的商品或服務之前, 收到客戶的款項或應付款(以較早者為準) 時,確認合同負債。當本集團根據合同 履行合同時(即將相關商品或服務的控制 權轉讓給客戶),合同負債確認為收益。

合同成本

除作為存貨、物業、廠房及設備以及無 形資產資本化的成本外,履行與客戶合 同所產生的成本,倘符合以下所有條 件,則資本化為資產:

- (a) 成本直接與合同或實體可以明確確 定的預期合同相關。
- (b) 成本產生或增強將用於達至(或繼續達至)未來履約責任的實體資源。
- (c) 預計成本將會收回。

資本化合同成本按系統化基準攤銷及計 入損益表,與向客戶轉讓資產相關的商 品或服務一致。其他合同成本於產生時 列為開支。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) Other employee benefits

Pension scheme

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees in Hong Kong who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiary which operates in Chinese Mainland are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. This subsidiary is required to contribute a certain portion of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續) 其他僱員福利

退休金計劃

本集團根據《強制性公積金計劃條例》為 有資格參加強積金計劃的香港僱員實施 定額供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強 積金計劃」)。供款乃根據僱員基本薪金 的一定百分比作出,並於根據強積金計 劃的規定應付時自損益扣除。強積金計 劃的資產與本集團的資產分開持有,並 由獨立管理基金持有。本集團的僱主供 款在向強積金計劃供款時完全歸屬於僱 員。

本集團於中國內地經營業務之附屬公司 之僱員須參與由地方市政府設立之中央 退休金計劃。附屬公司必須將其工資成 本的若干比例支付予中央退休金計劃。 供款根據中央退休金計劃的規定於應付 時自損益表扣除。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

借貸成本

直接用於購買、興建或生產合資格資產 (即需待相當時間方可達致其擬定用途或 出售的資產)的借貸成本一律撥充作為該 等資產的部分成本。一旦資產大致可供 擬定用途或出售,則有關借貸成本不再 撥充資本。所有其他借貸成本均於產生 期間支銷。借貸成本包括實體就借用資 金產生的利息及其他成本。

股息

末期股息於股東大會上獲股東批準時確認為負債。擬派末期股息於財務報表附註披露。中期股息於建議同時宣派,乃因本公司之組織章程大綱及細則授權董事宣派中期股息。因此,中期股息於建議及宣派後隨即確認為負債。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

外幣

該等財務報表以人民幣列示,為本公司的功能貨幣。本集團內各實體決稅報之事的功能貨幣,列入各實體財務報表的項目使用該呈列貨幣計量。本集團內實體錄得的外幣交易初步使用交易日期的通行功能貨幣匯率入賬。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債按報告期末的通行外幣匯率換算。結算或換算貨幣項目時產生的差額於損益確認。

以外幣為單位而按歷史成本入賬的非貨幣項目按首次交易日的匯率換算。以外幣為單位而按公平值計量的非貨幣項目按計量公平值當日的匯率換算。換算按公平值計量的非貨幣項目產生的收益或虧損按與確認項目公平值變動的收益或虧損一致的方式處理(即公平值收益或虧損於其他全面收入或損益中確認)。

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2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are currencies other than the RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve, except to the extent that the differences are attributable to non-controlling interests. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2 會計政策(續)

2.4 重要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

釐定有關資產於初步確認時、終止確認 與預付代價有關的非貨幣性資產或非貨 幣性負債產生的開支或收入的匯率時, 初步交易日期為本集團初步確認因預付 代價而產生非貨幣性資產或非貨幣性負 債的日期。倘存在多次付款或預收款 項,本集團釐定預付代價各付款或收款 交易日期。

若干海外附屬公司、合營企業和聯營公司的功能貨幣是人民幣以外的貨幣。於報告期末,這些實體的資產和負債按照報告期末的匯率折算成人民幣,其損益表按年內加權平均匯率折算成人民幣。

因此而產生的匯兑差額於其他全面收入 確認並於匯兑波動儲備累計,惟有關差 額歸屬於非控股權益則除外。出售外國 業務時,與該特定外國業務有關的儲備 累計金額在損益內確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司 的現金流量按照現金流量發生之日的匯 率折算為人民幣。海外附屬公司全年經 常發生的經常性現金流量,按年內加權 平均匯率折算為人民幣。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of goodwill was RMB175,050,000 (2022: RMB175,050,000). Further details are given in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團的財務報表時,管理層須作出會影響所呈報收益、開支、資產與負債的報告金額及其披露以及或有負債披露的判斷、估計及假設。有關該等假設及估計的不明朗因素可能導致可能須對日後受到影響的資產與負債的賬面值作出重大調整。

估計不明朗因素

下文披露可能引致資產及負債的賬面值於下個 財政年度或須予以重大調整,且有關未來的主 要假設,以及於報告期末存在的估計不明朗因 素的其他主要來源。

商譽減值

本集團每年最少進行一次評估以釐定有否商譽減值。此須就獲分配商譽的現金產生單位的使用價值而作出評估。本集團須估計現金產生單位的預期未來現金流量,以估計使用價值,並選擇合適的折現率計算該等現金流量的現值。於2023年12月31日,商譽賬面值為人民幣175,050,000元(2022年:人民幣175,050,000元)。進一步詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註15。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables and due from related companies

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables and due from related companies. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography, service type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit and other forms of credit insurance).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the property management sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables and due from related companies is disclosed in note 18 and 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素(續)

貿易應收款項及應收關聯公司款項的預期信 貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算貿易應收款項及應收關聯公司款項的預期信貸虧損。撥備率根據具有類似虧損模式(即按地理位置、服務類型、客戶類型及評級,以及信用證及其他形式的信貸保險的覆蓋範圍劃分)的各個客戶群的分組的逾期天數計算。

撥備矩陣初始根據本集團過往觀察的違約率計算。本集團將通過調整矩陣以調整過往信貸虧損經驗及前瞻性資料。例如,若預測經濟狀況(即國內生產總值)於未來一年內惡化,從而導致物業管理行業的違約數量增加,過往違約率將予調整。於各報告日期,過往觀察的違約率將予以更新,並分析前瞻性估計的變化。

對過往觀察的違約率、預測經濟狀況及預期信貸虧損之間的相關性評估乃一項重要的估計。預期信貸虧損的金額對環境及預測經濟狀況敏感。本集團的過往信貸虧損經驗及對經濟狀況的預測亦可能無法代表客戶於日後的實際違約情況。有關本集團貿易應收款項及應收關聯公司款項的預期信貸虧損資料於綜合財務報表附註18及32披露。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management monitors the operating results of the Group's business which includes property management services income and value-added services income by project locations for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. As all the locations have similar economic characteristics and are similar in the nature of property management services, the nature of the aforementioned business processes, the type or class of the customer for the aforementioned business and the methods used to distribute the property management services and value-added services, all locations were aggregated as one reportable operating segment.

Geographical information

No geographical information is presented as the Group's revenue from the external customers is derived solely from its operation in Chinese Mainland and no non-current assets of the Group are located outside Chinese Mainland.

Information about major customers

In 2023, revenue from continuing operations of approximately RMB201,526,000 (2022: RMB227,223,000) was derived from providing property management services and value-added services to a single customer, including providing property management services and value-added services to a group of entities which are known to be under common control with that customer.

4. 經營分部資料

管理層按項目位置監察本集團業務的經營業績(包括物業管理服務收入及增值服務收入),以對資源分配及表現評估作出決策。因所有位置具備類似經濟特徵,且物業管理服務的性質、上述業務流程的性質、上述業務的客戶類型或級別以及分配物業管理服務及增值服務所用方法均類似,故將所有位置歸總為一個可報告經營分部。

地區資料

由於本集團來自外部客戶的收益僅自其於中國 內地的經營所得且本集團並無非流動資產位於 中國內地以外地區,故並無呈列地區資料。

有關主要客戶的資料

於2023年,持續經營業務的收益約人民幣201,526,000元(2022年:人民幣227,223,000元)來自向單個客戶提供物業管理服務及增值服務,包括向一組已知與該客戶共同控制的實體提供物業管理服務及增值服務。

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5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

5. 收益、其他收入及收益

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

對收益的分析如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers Property management services Value-added services to non-property owners Community value-added services	客戶合同收益 物業管理服務 非業主增值服務 社區增值服務	840,174 66,857 156,603	834,730 124,612 143,780
Total	總計	1,063,634	1,103,122

Revenue from contracts with customers

(a) Disaggregated revenue information

客戶合同收益

(a) 收益資料明細

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue from customers and recognised	按時間確認的客戶收益		
over time			
Property management services	物業管理服務	840,174	834,730
Value-added services to non-property	非業主増值服務		
owners		57,069	102,632
Total	總計	897,243	937,362
Revenue from customers and recognised	在某一時間點確認的		
at a point in time	客戶收益		
Value-added services to non-property	非業主增值服務		
owners		9,788	21,980
Community value-added services	社區增值服務	156,603	143,780
Total	總計	166,391	165,760

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5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(a) Disaggregated revenue information (Continued)

The following table shows the amount of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:

5. 收益、其他收入及收益(續)

客戶合同收益(續)

(a) 收益資料明細(續)

下表顯示於本報告期確認並已計入報告期初合同負債的收益金額:

	2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue recognised that was included in 確認已計入報告其 contract liabilities at the beginning of the 身債的收益: reporting period:	初合同	
Property management services 物業管理服務	226,152	159,300

(b) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

Property management services

The Group recognises revenue in the amount that equals to the right to invoice which corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Group's performance to date. The Group has elected the practical expedient to not to disclose the remaining performance obligations for these types of contracts. The majority of the property management services contracts do not have a fixed term.

(b) 履約責任

有關本集團履約責任的資料概述如下:

物業管理服務

在有權開具發票的金額與本集團至今表 現對於客戶的價值直接聯繫時,本集團 將收益確認為相等於有權開具發票的金 額。作為實際權宜方法,本集團已選擇 不披露該等類型合約之剩餘履約責任。 大部分物業管理服務合約並無固定期 限。

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5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(b) Performance obligations (Continued)

Value-added services to non-property owners

Value-added services to non-property owners mainly include sales assistance services, pre-delivery and consulting services. The term of the contracts for sales assistance is generally set to expire when the counterparties notify the Group that the services are no longer required. Pre-delivery and consulting services are rendered in a short period of time and there were no unsatisfied performance obligations at the end of the respective periods.

Community value-added services

The services are rendered in a short period of time and there were no unsatisfied performance obligations at the end of the respective periods.

5. 收益、其他收入及收益(續)

客戶合同收益(續)

(b) 履約責任(續)

非業主增值服務

為非業主提供的增值服務主要包括銷售協助服務、交付前及諮詢服務。當交易對方通知本集團不再需要服務時,銷售協助合同的期限通常定為到期。交付前及諮詢服務是在很短的時間內提供,並且在相應期間結束時沒有未履行的履約義務。

社區增值服務

服務是在很短的時間內提供,並且在相應期間結束時沒有未履行的履約義務。

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益		
Government grants	政府補助	6,487	9,837
Gains on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司的收益	_	3,479
Interest income	利息收入	1,293	945
Foreign exchange difference, net	匯兑差額,淨額	947	645
Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Gain on disposal of items of property, plant	按公平值計入損益的金融 資產公平值收益 出售物業、廠房及設備	21	9
and equipment	項目的收益	4	-
Others	其他	968	1,915
Total other income and gains	其他收入及收益總額	9,720	16,830

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6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging:

6. 除税前溢利

本集團除稅前溢利已扣除以下各項:

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of services provided	提供服務的成本		811,191	846,751
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		011,191	040,731
equipment	177末 舰历及政闸河首	13	6,645	5,175
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	14	1,258	441
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	16	16,150	21,354
(Gains)/Losses on disposal of items of	出售物業、廠房及設備	10	10,130	21,554
property, plant and equipment	項目的(收益)/虧損		(4)	1,671
Gains on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司的收益		-	(3,479)
Foreign exchange difference, net	匯 兑差額,淨額		(947)	(645)
Impairment of due from related	應收關聯公司款項減值		(2.27)	(0.5)
companies		32	110,865	_
Impairment of trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值	18	7,922	6,115
Impairment of financial assets included	計入預付款項、按金及		,	., .
in prepayments, deposits and other	其他應收款項的金融			
receivables	資產減值	19	240	1,748
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		1,560	2,520
Employee benefit expense (excluding	僱員福利開支(不包括			
directors' and chief executive's	董事及最高行政人員			
remuneration):	薪酬):			
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金		298,916	340,935
Pension scheme contributions and	養老金計劃供款及			
social welfare*	社會福利*		64,677	87,460

^{*} There are no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group as the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions.

^{*} 本集團作為僱主概無已沒收供款可用於抵減現 有供款水平。

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7. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

7. 融資成本

融資成本分析如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest on bank loans, overdrafts and other loans 銀	艮行貸款、透支及其他		
	貸款的利息	2,257	2,760
Interest on lease liabilities 租	且賃負債利息	75	19
Total	氢 膏十	2,332	2,779

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬

根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條以及公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部披露的本年度董事及最高行政人員薪酬如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fees	袍金	600	600
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	工資、津貼及實物福利	1,908	1,996
Performance related bonuses*	表現掛鈎花紅*	420	531
Pension scheme contributions and social	養老金計劃供款及社會利		
welfare		198	178
Total	總計	3,126	3,305

^{*} Certain executive directors of the Company are entitled to bonus payments which are associated with the profit after tax of the Group.

^{*} 本公司若干執行董事有權獲得與本集團税後利 潤相關的花紅付款。

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8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬(續)

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內向獨立非執行董事支付的袍金如 下:

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Mr. Zhao Xianbo Mr. Li Xiao Hang Ms. Wang Fen	趙現波先生 李曉航先生 王奮女士	200 200 200	200 200 200
Total	總計	600	600

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2022: Nil).

年內並無應付獨立非執行董事的其他薪酬(2022年:無)。

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8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

(b) An executive director, a non-executive director and the chief executive

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬(續)

(b) 一名執行董事、非執行董事及最高行政人員

		Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 工資、津貼及 實物福利 RMB'000	Performance related bonuses 表現掛鈎花紅 RMB'000	Pension Scheme contributions and social welfare 養老金計劃供款 及社會福利 RMB'000	Total remuneration 薪酬總計 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2023 Executive director: - Ms. Zeng Zixi	2023年 <i>執行董事:</i> - 曾子熙女士	1,211	210	94	1,515
Non-executive director: – Mr. Zeng Junkai	<i>非執行董事:</i> - 曾俊凱先生	-	_	-	_
Chief executive: - Mr. Chen Yichun**	<i>最高行政人員:</i> - 陳義純先生**	697	210	104	1,011
Total	總計	1,908	420	198	2,526
2022 <i>Executive director:</i> - Ms. Zeng Zixi	2022年 <i>執行董事:</i> - 曾子熙女士	1,424	263	85	1,772
Non-executive director: – Mr. Zeng Junkai	<i>非執行董事:</i> - 曾俊凱先生	-	-	-	-
Chief executive: - Mr. Yang Guang* - Mr. Chen Yichun**	<i>最高行政人員:</i> - 楊光先生* - 陳義純先生**	452 120	193 75	69 24	714 219
Total	總計	1,996	531	178	2,705

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8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

(b) An executive director, a non-executive director and the chief executive (Continued)

- * Mr. Yang Guang has tendered his resignation as an executive director, a chief executive and a member of the nomination committee of the board with effect from 23 September 2022.
- ** Mr. Chen Yichun has been appointed as the vice president, responsible for the overall management of the Company, with effect from 23 September 2022.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included one director and the chief executive (2022: one director and the chief executive), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2022: three) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬(續)

(b) 一名執行董事、非執行董事及最高行政人員(續)

- * 楊光先生已辭任執行董事、最高行政人 員及董事會提名委員會成員,自2022年 9月23日起生效。
- ** 陳義純先生已獲委任為副總裁,負責本 公司的整體管理,自2022年9月23日起 生效。

年內,概無董事或最高行政人員放棄或 同意放棄任何薪酬的安排。

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員

年內,五名最高薪酬僱員包括一名董事以及最高行政人員(2022年:一名董事以及最高行政人員),其薪酬詳情載於上文附註8。並非本公司董事或最高行政人員的餘下三名(2022年:三名)最高薪酬僱員年內的薪酬詳情如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	工資、津貼及實物福利	1,572	1,664
Performance related bonuses	表現掛鈎花紅	64	273
Pension and social welfare	養老金及社會福利	171	198
Total	總計	1,807	2,135

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9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員(續)

薪酬位於以下範圍的非董事及非最高行政人員 最高薪酬僱員人數如下:

Number of employees

僱員人數

		W 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Nil to HK\$500,000	零至500,000港元	_	-
HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000	500,001港元至1,000,000港元	3	2
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至		
	1,500,000港元	-	1
Total	總計	3	3

10. INCOME TAX

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity basis on profits arising in or derived from the tax jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate. Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands, the Group's subsidiaries incorporated in the Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands are not subject to any income tax. The Group's subsidiaries incorporated in Hong Kong are not liable for income tax as they did not have any assessable profit arising in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2023.

10. 所得税

本集團須就本集團成員公司註冊及經營所在稅 務司法管轄區產生或源自其的溢利按實體基準 繳納所得稅。根據開曼群島及英屬維爾京群島 的規則及法規,本集團於開曼群島及英屬維爾 京群島註冊成立的附屬公司毋須繳納任何所得 稅。本集團於香港註冊成立的附屬公司毋須繳 納所得稅,因為該等公司於截至2023年12月31 日止年度並無於香港產生的任何應課稅溢利。

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10. INCOME TAX (Continued)

Subsidiaries of the Group operating in Chinese Mainland are generally subject to the PRC corporate income tax at a rate of 25% for the year ended 31 December 2023, excluding certain subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC which are either located in western cities (subject to a preferential income tax rate of 15%) or qualified as Small and Micro Enterprises (subject to a preferential income tax rate of 2.5% or 5%) for the year ended 31 December 2023.

10. 所得税(續)

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團於中國內地經營的附屬公司一般須按25%的税率繳納中國企業所得稅,除了截至2023年12月31日止年度本集團位於西部城市的附屬公司(享受15%的所得稅優惠稅率)或小微企業資格(適用2.5%或5%的優惠所得稅稅率)。

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current tax: Corporate income tax Deferred tax (note 25)	即期税項: 企業所得税 遞延税項(附註25)	43,913 (19,262)	34,502 (423)
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項支出總額	24,651	34,079

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10. INCOME TAX (Continued)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the jurisdictions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the income tax expense at the effective income tax rate is follows:

10. 所得税(續)

本公司及其附屬公司註冊所在司法管轄區按法 定税率計算的除税前溢利適用的所得税開支與 按實際所得税率計算的所得税開支對賬如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	38,885	127,935
Tax at the statutory income tax rate Tax effect of subsidiaries with preferential tax rate	按法定所得税率納税 享有優惠税率的附屬公司的	9,721	31,984
	税務影響	(2,587)	(6,396)
Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax	毋須課税收入 不可扣税開支	379	(4,211) 521
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	動用前期税項虧損	-	(32)
Deductible temporary differences not recognised	未確認可扣減暫時差額	14,815	5,286
Tax losses not recognised	未確認的税項虧損	1,973	6,521
Losses not subject to tax	毋須課税虧損	350	406
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實際税率計算的 税項支出	24,651	34,079

11. DIVIDENDS

11. 股息

No dividends have been paid or declared by the Company.

本公司未支付或宣告任何股息。

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12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 415,000,000 (2022: 415,000,000) in issue during the year.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amounts presented for the years of 2023 and 2022 in respect of a dilution as the Group had no potential dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years.

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

12. 母公司普通股權益持有人應佔每股盈 利

每股基本盈利金額乃根據母公司普通股權益持有人應佔年內溢利及年內已發行普通股的加權平均數415,000,000股(2022年:415,000,000股)計算。

概無就2023年及2022年度所呈列每股基本盈利 金額作出攤薄相關調整,原因為本集團於年內 並無潛在攤薄普通股。

每股基本及攤薄盈利的計算基準為:

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Earnings Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, used in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculation: From continuing operations	盈利 計算每股基本及攤薄盈利 所用母公司普通股權益 持有人應佔溢利: 來自持續經營業務	10,865	91,990

Number of shares

		股份數目	
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Shares	股份		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	計算每股基本及攤薄盈利		
in issue during the year used in the basic and	所用年內已發行普通股		
diluted earnings per share calculation	加權平均數	415,000,000	415,000,000

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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Office equipment and electronic and other devices 辦公設備、 電子及 其他裝置 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Leasehold improvements 租賃裝修 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Construction in progress 在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
31 December 2023	2023年12月31日				
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日				
Cost	成本	24,760	10,077	2,182	37,019
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(15,101)	(2,807)	_	(17,908)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	9,659	7,270	2,182	19,111
At 1 January 2023, net of	於2023年1月1日,				
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	9,659	7,270	2,182	19,111
Additions	添置	3,022	2,354	2,033	7,409
Disposals	出售	(256)	(313)	_	(569)
Transfer	轉發	1,154	2,862	(4,016)	
Depreciation provided during the	年內折舊撥備(附註6)				
year (note 6)		(4,023)	(2,622)	_	(6,645)
At 31 December 2023, net of	於2023年12月31日,				
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	9,556	9,551	199	19,306
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日				
Cost	成本	27,659	14,641	199	42,499
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(18,103)	(5,090)	-	(23,193)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	9,556	9,551	199	19,306

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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued) 13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Office			
		equipment and			
		electronic and	Leasehold	Construction	
		other devices	improvements	in progress	Total
		辦公設備、			
		電子及			
		其他裝置	租賃裝修	在建工程	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
31 December 2022	2022年12月31日				
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日				
Cost	成本	21,674	6,647	2,191	30,512
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(11,309)	(1,887)	-	(13,196)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	10,365	4,760	2,191	17,316
At 1 January 2022, net of	於2022年1月1日,				
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	10,365	4,760	2,191	17,316
Additions	添置	3,324	680	4,917	8,921
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司(附註29)				
(note 29)		(280)	_	-	(280)
Disposals	出售	(1,145)	(526)	-	(1,671)
Transfer	轉發	1,628	3,298	(4,926)	_
Depreciation provided during	年內折舊撥備(附註6)				
the year (note 6)		(4,233)	(942)	-	(5,175)
At 31 December 2022, net of	於2022年12月31日,				
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	9,659	7,270	2,182	19,111
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日				
Cost	成本	24,760	10,077	2,182	37,019
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(15,101)	(2,807)	_	(17,908)
·					
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	9,659	7,270	2,182	19,111
, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u> </u>	•	*	

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14. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group entered a lease contract with a fellow subsidiary to lease certain building as offices. The lease has a lease term of three years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

(a) Right of use assets

The carrying amount of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

14. 租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團與一間同系附屬公司訂立租賃合同,以 租賃若干樓宇作為辦公室。租賃的租期為三 年。一般而言,本集團不得在本集團以外轉讓 和轉租租賃資產。

(a) 使用權資產

本集團的使用權資產的賬面值以及於年 內的變動如下:

> Office buildings 寫字樓 RMB'000 人民幣千元

As at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	441
Depreciation charge	折舊支出	(441)
As at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於2022年12月31日及2023年1月1日	
Additions	添置	2,516
Depreciation charge	折舊支出	(1,258)
As at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	1,258

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14. LEASES (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amounts of the lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

14. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債的賬面值以及於年內的變動如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 January New leases Payments Accretion of interest recognised during	於1月1日的賬面值 新租約 付款 年內確認利息增長	1,399 2,516 (1,631)	1,380 - -
the year		75	19
Carrying amount at 31 December	於12月31日的賬面值	2,359	1,399
Analysed into: Current portion Non-current portion	分析為: 即期部分 非即期部分	2,359 –	1,399 -

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

(c) 就租賃於損益確認的金額如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on lease liabilities Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	租賃負債利息 使用權資產折舊支出	75	19
(note 6)	(附註6)	1,258	441
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認的總金額	1,333	460

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15. GOODWILL 15. 商譽

Office buildings 寫字樓 RMB'000 人民幣千元

		人氏幣十九
As at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	
Cost	成本	205,460
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	_
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	205,460
Cost at 1 January 2022, net of accumulated impairment	於2022年1月1日的成本,扣除累計減值	205,460
, ·		
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 29)	出售附屬公司(附註29)	(30,410)
Impairment during the year	年內減值	_
Cost and net carrying amount at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日的成本及賬面淨值	175,050
		.,
As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	
Cost	成本	175,050
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	175,050
//ccumulated impairment	示Ⅱ /% ഥ	
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	175,050
Net Carrying amount	双	173,030
	**************************************	475.050
Cost at 1 January 2023, net of accumulated impairment	於2023年1月1日的成本,扣除累計減值	175,050
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 29)	出售附屬公司(附註29)	_
Impairment during the year	年內減值	
Cost and net carrying amount at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日的成本及賬面淨值	175,050
As at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	
Cost	成本	175,050
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	_
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	175,050
, ,	***	-7

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15. GOODWILL (Continued)

In January 2021, the Group acquired an 80% interest in Huidehang Jingying Property Management Co., Ltd. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Huidehang") from an independent third party.

In April 2021, the Group acquired an 80% interest in Jiangsu Gaoli Meijia Property Management Co., Ltd., Nanjing Gaoli Property Management Co., Ltd. and their wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Gaoli") from an independent third party and disposed of its total 80% equity interest to an independent third party on 25 July 2022.

In November 2021, the Group acquired an additional 49% interest in Chuzhou Yurun Property Management Co., Ltd. and its whollyowned subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Chuzhou Yurun") from a non-controlling shareholder.

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations is allocated to the following cash-generating units for impairment testing:

- Chuzhou Yurun cash-generating unit;
- Huidehang cash-generating unit; and

15. 商譽(續)

於2021年1月,本集團向獨立第三方收購匯得行 精英物業管理有限公司及其全資附屬公司(統稱 「匯得行」)80%的權益。

於2021年4月,本集團向獨立第三方收購江蘇高力美家物業有限公司、南京高力物業管理有限公司及其全資附屬公司(統稱「高力」)80%的權益,並於2022年7月25日向獨立第三方出售其合共80%的股權。

於2021年11月,本集團向非控股股東收購滁州 宇潤物業管理有限公司及其全資附屬公司(統稱 「滁州宇潤」)額外49%的權益。

商譽減值測試

透過業務合併獲得的商譽獲分配至以下現金產 生單位:

- 滁州宇潤現金產生單位;
- 匯得行現金產生單位;及

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15. GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (Continued) Chuzhou Yurun cash-generating unit

The recoverable amount of the Chuzhou Yurun cash-generating unit has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by management. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 17.79% (2022: 18.04%) per annum. The growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows beyond the five-year period is 2.3% (2022: 2.2%).

Huidehang cash-generating unit

The recoverable amount of the Huidehang cash-generating unit has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by management. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 18.03% (2022: 18.14%) per annum. The growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows beyond the five-year period is 2.3% (2022: 2.2%).

The management of the Group believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions of the value-in-use calculation would not cause the carrying amounts to exceed the recoverable amounts of the Chuzhou Yurun cash-generating unit and the Huidehang cash-generating unit.

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to each of the cashgenerating units is as follows:

15. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

滁州宇潤現金產生單位

滁州宇潤現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使用價值計算方法釐定,該計算方法基於由管理層批准且涵蓋五年期間的財務預算所制定的現金流量預測。現金流量預測採用的税前貼現率為每年17.79%(2022年:18.04%)。用於推斷五年期後現金流量的增長率為2.3%(2022年:2.2%)。

匯得行現金產生單位

匯得行現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使用價值計算方法釐定,該計算方法基於由管理層批准且涵蓋五年期間的財務預算所制定的現金流量預測。現金流量預測採用的税前貼現率為每年18.03%(2022年:18.14%)。用於推斷五年期後現金流量的增長率為2.3%(2022年:2.2%)。

本集團管理層認為使用價值計算法的主要假設 的任何合理可能變動不會導致滁州宇潤現金產 生單位及匯得行現金產生單位的賬面值超過可 收回金額。

分配至各現金產生單位的商譽的賬面值如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Chuzhou Yurun	滁州宇潤	19,002	19,002
Huidehang	匯得行	156,048	156,048
Total	總計	175,050	175,050

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15. GOODWILL (Continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (Continued)

Assumptions were used in the value-in-use calculation of the Chuzhou Yurun cash-generating unit, the Huidehang cash-generating unit for 31 December 2023. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill:

Budgeted revenue – The budgeted sales amounts are based on the historical data and management's expectation on the future market.

Budgeted gross margins – The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvements, and expected market development.

Long term growth rate – The basis used to determine the value assigned to the annual revenue growth rates is the annual revenue achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvements, and expected market development.

Pre-tax discount rate – The pre-tax discount rates used are before tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant units.

The values assigned to the key assumptions on the annual revenue growth rates of Chuzhou Yurun, Huidehang and pre-tax discount rates are consistent with external information sources.

15. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

計算滁州宇潤現金產生單位及匯得行現金產生單位於2023年12月31日的使用價值時使用了假設。下文闡述管理層為進行商譽減值測試而作出的現金流量預測所依據的各項主要假設:

預算收入 - 預算銷售額乃基於歷史數據及管理 層對未來市場的預期而釐定。

預算毛利率 - 用於釐定有關預算毛利率的價值 所用的基準為緊接預算年度前所取得的平均毛 利率,並對預期效率改善及預期市場發展作出 上調。

長期增長率 - 用於釐定有關年度收入增長率的 價值所用的基準為緊接預算年度前所取得的年 度收入,並對預期效率改善及預期市場發展作 出上調。

税前貼現率 - 所用的税前貼現率為除税前及反映有關單位的特定風險。

有關滁州宇潤及匯得行的年度收入增長率的主 要假設數值及税前貼現率與外部資料來源一 致。

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16. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

16. 其他無形資產

31 December 2023	2023年12月31日	Customer relationship 客戶關係 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Software 軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Cost at 1 January 2023, net of accumulated amortisation	於2023年1月1日的 成本,扣除累計 攤銷	74,416	13,318	87,734
Additions	添置	-	1,962	1,962
Amortisation provided during the	year 年內攤銷撥備			
(note 6)	(附註6)	(15,462)	(688)	(16,150)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	58,954	14,592	73,546
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日			
Cost	成本	115,151	18,890	134,041
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(56,197)	(4,298)	(60,495)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	58,954	14,592	73,546

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16. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

16. 其他無形資產(續)

		Customer		
		relationship	Software	Total
		客戶關係	軟件	總計
31 December 2022	2022年12月31日	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost at 1 January 2022, net of	於2022年1月1日的			
accumulated amortisation	成本,扣除累計			
	攤銷	125,934	10,086	136,020
Additions	添置	_	5,306	5,306
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司			
(note 29)	(附註29)	(31,819)	(419)	(32,238)
Amortisation provided during the year	年內攤銷撥備			
(note 6)	(附註6)	(19,699)	(1,655)	(21,354)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	74,416	13,318	87,734
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日			
Cost	成本	116,494	16,927	133,421
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(42,078)	(3,609)	(45,687)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	74,416	13,318	87,734

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17. INVENTORIES

17. 存貨

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Parking spaces	車位	5,200	6,833
Consumables	耗材	159	7
Total	總計	5,359	6,840

18. TRADE RECEIVABLES

18. 貿易應收款項

		2023 2023年 RMB'000	2022 2022年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	271,834	200,284
Impairment	減值	(17,196)	(9,274)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	254,638	191,010

Trade receivables mainly arise from property management services income. The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management and credit limits attributed to customers are reviewed once a month. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

貿易應收款項主要來自物業管理服務收入。本 集團與客戶的交易條款主要以信貸為基礎, 新客戶除外,新客戶通常需預先付款。本集團 對其尚未償還應收賬款維持嚴格控制,並設有 信貸監控部門以盡量減低信貸風險。逾期結餘 由高級管理層定期審閱,而客戶信貸限額每月 檢討一次。考慮到上述各項及本集團的貿易應 收款項來自大量多元化客戶,故並無高度集中 的信貸風險。貿易應收款項不計息。

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18. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the date of revenue recognition, net of provision for the loss allowance for impairment, is as follows:

18. 貿易應收款項(續)

於報告期末,基於收益確認日期且扣除減值虧 損撥備的貿易應收款項賬齡分析如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 year	一年以內	184,037	138,292
1 to 2 years	一至兩年	50,104	39,731
2 to 3 years	兩至三年	15,704	11,146
Over 3 years	三年以上	4,793	1,841
Total	總計	254,638	191,010

The movements in provision for the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項減值虧損撥備變動如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	9,274	4,729
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	_	(1,570)
Impairment losses recognised (note 6)	已確認減值虧損(附註6)	7,922	6,115
At the end of the year	於年末	17,196	9,274

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18. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

An impairment analysis was performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates were based on the ageing of trade receivables for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflected the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that was available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables were written off if their ageing was more than three years and were not subject to enforcement activity.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

As at 31 December 2023

18. 貿易應收款項(續)

於各報告日期使用撥備矩陣進行減值分析,以 計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率基於具有類似虧損 模式的多個客戶分部組合貿易應收款項的賬齡 釐定。有關計量反映可能性加權結果、金錢時 間值及報告日期有關過往事件、現時狀況及未 來經濟狀況預測的可得合理及可支持資料。一 般而言,貿易應收款項如賬齡超過三年且並無 強制執行活動則予以撇銷。

以下載列本集團使用撥備矩陣計量的貿易應收 款項信貸風險資料:

於2023年12月31日

Past due 逾期

		Current 即期	1 to 2 years 1至2年	2 to 3 years 2至3年	Over 3 years 3年以上	Total 總計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	3.42%	8.97%	15.77%	36.87%	6.33%
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	總賬面值 (人民幣千元)	190,554	55,044	18,644	7,592	271,834
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損 (人民幣千元)	6,517	4,940	2,940	2,799	17,196

As at 31 December 2022

於2022年12月31日

Past due 逾期

		Current 即期				Total 總計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	2.79%	7.00%	10.86%	34.25%	4.63%
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	總賬面值 (人民幣千元) 預期信貸虧損	142,258	42,722	12,504	2,800	200,284
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	3,966	2,991	1,358	959	9,274

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19. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

19. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Prepayments on behalf of customers to utility suppliers Consideration receivables from disposal of	代表客戶向公用事業供應 商支付的預付款項 出售附屬公司的應收代價	50,282	41,528
subsidiaries		30,182	30,182
Other deposits	其他按金	28,736	22,558
Due from non-controlling shareholders	應收非控股股東款項	-	4,361
Other tax recoverable	其他可收回税項	1,149	1,281
Others	其他	16,004	12,947
		126,353	112,857
Impairment allowance	減值撥備	(2,949)	(2,709)
Total	總計	123,404	110,148

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

其他應收款項的減值虧損撥備變動如下:

		I
	2023	2022
	2023年	2022年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At the beginning of the year 於年初	(2,709)	(1,042)
Disposal of subsidiaries 出售附屬公司	_	81
Impairment losses, net (note 6) 減值虧損淨額(附註6)	(240)	(1,748)
At the end of the year 於年末	(2,949)	(2,709)

Prepayments, other receivables and other assets are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment. Other deposits and amounts due from third parties mainly represent deposits with suppliers.

預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產均為無抵 押、免息且無固定還款期。其他按金及應收第 三方款項主要為與供應商的按金。

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19. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS (Continued)

Where applicable, an impairment analysis is performed annually by considering the probability of default of comparable companies with published credit ratings. In the situation where no comparable companies with credit ratings can be identified, expected credit losses are estimated by applying a loss rate approach with reference to the historical loss record of the Group. The loss rate is adjusted to reflect the current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate. The applied loss rate where there are no comparable companies as at 31 December 2023 was 5.05% (2022: 5.00%).

19. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產 (續)

倘適用,每年通過考慮公開信用評級的可資比較公司的違約概率進行減值分析。倘無法識別具有信用評級的可資比較公司,則應參考本集團的過往虧損記錄採用虧損率法估計預期信貸虧損。虧損率將於適當時候作出調整以反映當前狀況及對未來經濟狀況的預測。於2023年12月31日,在無可資比較公司情況下,應用的虧損率為5.05%(2022年:5.00%)。

20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

20. 現金及現金等價物

		ı
	2023	2022
	2023年	2022年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances 現金及銀行結餘	638,147	545,729
Less: Restricted cash 減:受限制現金	372	387
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	637,775	545,342

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD") amounted to RMB1,306,000 (2022: RMB6,945,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Chinese Mainland's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The cash and bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default. The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents approximate to their fair values.

於報告期末,本集團以港元(「港元」)計值的現金及銀行結餘為人民幣1,306,000元(2022年:人民幣6,945,000元)。人民幣不得自由兑換為其他貨幣,但根據中國內地的《外匯管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》,本集團可通過獲授權進行外匯業務的銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮動利率賺取利息。現金及銀行結餘乃存置於近期並無違約記錄的信譽良好銀行。現金及現金等價物的 賬面值與其公平值相若。

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20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

As at 31 December 2023, the internal credit ratings of restricted cash, time deposits and cash and cash equivalents were regarded as the grade of performing. The Group has assessed that the credit risk of the restricted cash, time deposits and cash and cash equivalents has not increased significantly since initial recognition and measured the impairment based on 12-month expected credit losses, and has assessed that the expected credit losses are immaterial.

21. TRADE PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

20. 現金及現金等價物(續)

於2023年12月31日,受限制現金、定期存款以及現金及現金等價物的內部信貸評級被視為表現良好級別。本集團評定,受限制現金、定期存款以及現金及現金等價物自初始確認以來信貸風險並無顯著增加,並按12個月預期信貸虧損計量減值,亦評定預期信貸虧損並不重大。

21. 貿易應付款項

於報告期末,基於發票日期的貿易應付款項賬 齡分析如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 year	一年以內	194,263	149,931
Over 1 year	超過一年	1,608	1,208
Total	總計	195,871	151,139

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing.

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amounts of trade payables approximated to their fair values and are normally settled within 1 year.

貿易應付款項為免息。

於2023年12月31日,貿易應付款項的賬面值與 其公平值相若,一般於一年內結清。

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

22. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

22. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Receipts on behalf of community residents for utilities Deposits received Other tax payable Advances related to parking space agency service Payroll and welfare payable Dividends payable to non-controlling shareholders Others	就公用事業代表社區住戶 收取的收款 已收按金 其他應付税項 有關車位代理服務的墊款 應付工資及福利 應付非控股股東股息	56,018 65,274 21,917 - 34,343	40,860 46,570 16,957 1,569 39,885
Total	總計	27,110	28,832 179,305

Other payables are unsecured and repayable on demand. The fair values of other payables at each reporting date approximated to their corresponding carrying amounts.

其他應付款項為無抵押並應按要求償還。其他 應付款項於各報告日期的公平值與其相應的賬 面值相若。

23. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

23. 合同負債

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
		人民帝干儿	人民帝十九
Short-term advances received from customers	收取客戶的短期墊款		
Property management services	物業管理服務	249,853	222,851
Community value-added services	社區增值服務	2,742	4,617
Total	總計	252,595	227,468

The Group receives payments from customers based on billing schedules as established in the property management contracts. A portion of payments is usually received in advance of the performance under the contracts which are mainly from property management services.

本集團根據物業管理合同所載賬單時間表向客 戶收取付款。本集團通常於根據合同(主要來自 物業管理服務)履約前提前收取部分付款。

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24. INTEREST-BEARING BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

24. 計息銀行及其他借款

		Effective interest rate (%) 實際利率(%)	2023 2023年 Maturity 到期	RMB′000 人民幣千元	Effective interest rate (%) 實際利率(%)	2022 2022年 Maturity 到期	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current Current portion of long-term bank loans – secured	即期 長期銀行貸款的 即期部分 -有抵押	4.35	2024	13,791	4.35	2023	13,822
Non-current Bank loans – secured	非即期 銀行貸款 - 有抵押	4.35	2026	31,063	4.35	2026	44,735
Total	總計			44,854			58,557
					2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable:			: 以下期間償還 亍貸款:	覆的			
Within one year or on demand In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive		— ⁴ 於 於 於	F內或按要求 第二年 第三年至第3 包括首尾兩	i 年	13,791 13,822 17,241		13,822 13,820 30,915
Total		總計			44,854		58,557

The Group's bank loans are secured by mortgages over 80% equity of Wuhan Huidehang Jingying Property Management Co., Ltd and guaranteed by Nanjing Hong Yang Property Management Co., Ltd.

本集團的銀行貸款乃由武漢匯得行精英物業管理有限公司逾80%股權作抵押及由南京弘陽物業管理有限公司擔保。

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25. DEFERRED TAX

25. 遞延税項

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

於年內的遞延税項資產及負債的變動如下:

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

		Impairment Iosses 減值虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Tax losses 税項虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	2,239	5,792	-	8,031
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to profit or loss during the year	年內計入/(扣除自) 損益的遞延税項				
(note 10)	(附註10)	1,959	(5,792)	_	(3,833)
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 29)	出售附屬公司(附註29)	(1,202)	-	_	(1,202)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日	2,996	-	-	2,996
Deferred tax credited to profit or	年內計入損益的				
loss during the year (note 10)	遞延税項(附註10)	14,942	-	240	15,182
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	17,938	-	240	18,178

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25. **DEFERRED TAX** (Continued)

25. 遞延税項(續)

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延税項負債

		Fair value adjustments arising from acquisition	Depreciation allowance in excess of related	Right-of-use	
		of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 導致公平值	depreciation 折舊撥備 超出相關	assets	Total
		調整	折舊	使用權資產	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	31,484	1,637	-	33,121
Disposal of subsidiaries (note 29) Deferred tax charged/(credited) to profit or loss during the year	出售附屬公司(附註29) 年內扣除自/(計入) 損益的遞延税項	(7,955)	-	-	(7,955)
(note 10)	(附註10)	(4,925)	669	-	(4,256)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日	18,604	2,306	-	20,910
Deferred tax charged/(credited) to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內扣除自/(計入) 損益的遞延税項 (附註10)	(3,866)	(524)	310	(4,080)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	14,738	1,782	310	16,830

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25. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

25. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債(續)

就呈列而言,若干遞延税項資產及負債已於綜合財務狀況表內抵銷。以下為就財務申報目的 而言的本集團遞延税項結餘分析:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the	於綜合財務狀況表內確認的		
consolidated statement of financial position	遞延税項資產淨值	18,178	2,996
Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the	於綜合財務狀況表內確認的		
consolidated statement of financial position	遞延税項負債淨值	(16,830)	(20,910)
Total	總計	1,348	(17,914)

The Group also has tax losses arising in Chinese Mainland of RMB59,624,000 (2022: RMB42,837,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following item:

本集團亦有於中國內地產生的税項虧損人民幣59,624,000元(2022年:人民幣42,837,000元),將於一至五年屆滿,用以抵銷未來應課稅利潤。由於該等虧損乃源自蒙受虧損多時的附屬公司且不被視為可能將有可動用稅項虧損抵銷的應課稅利潤,故並無就該等虧損確認遞延稅項資產。

並無就以下項目確認遞延税項資產:

	2023	2022
	2023年	2022年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Tax losses	19,416	17,443

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25. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

The above tax losses are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the above item as it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the above item can be utilised.

The Group is liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Chinese Mainland in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008. The applicable rate is 5% or 10% for the Group.

As at 31 December 2023, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Chinese Mainland. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group's fund will be retained in Chinese Mainland for the expansion of the Group's operation, so it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future.

26. SHARE CAPITAL

Shares

25. 遞延税項(續)

上述税項虧損可供無限期抵銷產生虧損的公司 的未來應課税溢利。由於認為不大可能有應課 税溢利可用作抵銷上述項目,故並無就上述項 目確認遞延税項資產。

本集團須就該等在中國內地成立附屬公司就自 2008年1月1日起產生的盈利所分派的股息繳納 預扣税。本集團的適用税率為5%或10%。

於2023年12月31日,概無就本集團於中國內地 成立的附屬公司須繳納預扣税的未匯出盈利應 付的預扣税確認遞延税項。本公司董事認為, 本集團的資金將留存於中國內地,以擴充本集 團的業務,因此該等附屬公司將不大可能於可 預見未來分派該等盈利。

26. 股本

股份

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Issued and fully paid: 415,000,000 (2022: 415,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each (2022: HK\$0.01 each)	已發行及繳足: 415,000,000(2022年: 415,000,000)股每股 面值0.01港元(2022年: 每股面值0.01港元)的 普通股	3,764	3,764

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27. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 8 to 9 of the financial statements.

(a) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares issued and the consideration received.

(b) Statutory surplus reserve

In accordance with the PRC Company Law and the articles of association of the subsidiaries established in the PRC, the Group is required to appropriate 10% of its net profits after tax, as determined under the Chinese Accounting Standards, to the statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of its registered capital. Subject to certain restrictions set out in the relevant PRC regulations and in the articles of association of the Group, the statutory surplus reserve may be used either to offset losses, or to be converted to increase share capital, provided that the balance after such conversion is not less than 25% of the registered capital of the Group. The reserve cannot be used for purposes other than those for which they are created and are not distributable as cash dividends.

(c) Merger reserve

The merger reserve of the Group represents the issued capital of the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group and the capital contributions from the equity holders of certain subsidiaries now comprising the Group before the completion of the reorganisation.

27. 儲備

截至本年度及之前年度,本集團的儲備金額及 其變動呈列於財務報表第8至9頁的綜合權益變 動表。

(a) 股份溢價

股份溢價指已發行股份賬面值與已收取 代價的差額。

(b) 法定盈餘公積

根據中國《公司法》及於中國成立的附屬公司的組織章程細則,本集團須按稅後利潤淨額的10%計提法定盈餘公積,此乃根據中國會計準則釐定,直至儲備餘額達到其註冊資本50%為止。受相關中國法規及本集團組織章程細則所載若干限制的規限,法定盈餘公積可用於抵銷虧調、其定盈餘公積可用於抵銷虧額不得少於本集團註冊資本的25%。儲備不得用作其設立目的以外的用途,亦不得作為現金股息分派。

(c) 合併儲備

本集團的合併儲備指公司重組完成前本 集團現時旗下公司的控股公司的已發行 股本及本集團現時旗下的若干附屬公司 權益持有人的注資。

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28. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Details of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests are set out below:

28. 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司

本集團擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司詳情載 列如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
Percentage of equity interest held by non-	通過非控股權益持有的		
controlling interests:	股權百分比:		
Huidehang	進得行 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	20%	20%
rididentify	□ [4.1.]	2070	2070
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Profit for the year allocated to non-controlling	分配至非控股權益的年內		
interests:	利潤:		
	進得行 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.627	2.512
Huidehang)连 1 寸 1]	3,637	3,512
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest:	已派付予非控股權益股息:		
Huidehang	匯得行	5,850	1,385
		*	·
)		
Accumulated balances of non-controlling	於報告日期,非控股權益		
interests at the reporting date:	累計結餘:		
Huidehang	匯得行	11,705	13,918

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28. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of the above subsidiaries. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

28. 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司(續)

下表説明上述附屬公司的財務資料概要。所披露的金額未計及任何公司間抵銷:

2023	2023年	Huidehang 匯得行 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	116,847
Total expenses	開支總額	(92,790)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(5,870)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	18,187
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面溢利總額	18,187
Current assets	流動資產	97,510
Non-current assets	非流動資產	39,259
Current liabilities	流動負債	(55,939)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(9,707)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流現淨額	5,985
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金流現淨額	(62)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金流現淨額	(8,598)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物減少淨額	(2,675)

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28. PARTLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Continued)

28. 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司(續)

2022	2022年	Huidehang 匯得行 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	99,224
Total expenses	開支總額	(76,843)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(4,825)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	17,556
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面溢利總額	17,556
Current assets	流動資產	80,822
Non-current assets	非流動資產	51,679
Current liabilities	流動負債	(39,859)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(12,818)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流現淨額	15,111
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金流現淨額	123
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金流現淨額	(24,543)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物減少淨額	(9,309)

29. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

Pursuant to the share transfer agreement dated 25 July 2022, the Group disposed of its total 80% equity interest in Gaoli to an independent third party for a consideration of RMB73,536,000. The consideration was determined by reference to the corresponding value of the equity interest disposed of.

29. 出售附屬公司

根據日期為2022年7月25日的股份轉讓協議, 本集團向一名獨立第三方出售其於高力的合共 80%股權,代價為人民幣73,536,000元。代價乃 經參考所出售股權的相應價值後釐定。

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29. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

The effect of such disposal on the Group's assets and liabilities is set out below:

29. 出售附屬公司(續)

有關出售對本集團資產及負債的影響載列如下:

			2022 2022年
		Notes	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元
		NI DT	八八市「九
Net assets disposed of:	所出售資產淨值:		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	280
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	16	32,238
Inventory	存貨		166
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項		25,724
Prepayments, other receivables and other assets	預付款項、其他應收款項及		
	其他資產		39,544
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		5,808
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	25	1,202
Trade payables	貿易應付款項		(7,315)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用		(27,008)
Contract liabilities	合同負債		(10,063)
Tax payable	應付税項		(3,064)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	25	(7,955)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	按公平值計量的可識別資產		
	淨值總		49,557
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(9,910)
Goodwill	商譽	15	30,410
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司的收益		3,479
			73,536
Satisfied by:	由以下支付:		
Prepayments, other receivables and other assets	預付款項、其他應收款項及		
	其他資產		43,354
Consideration receivables	應收代價		30,182

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29. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of the subsidiaries is as follows:

29. 出售附屬公司(續)

有關出售附屬公司的現金及現金等價物流入淨額分析如下:

2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Cash consideration	現金代價	-
Cash and bank balances disposed of	所出售現金及銀行結餘	(5,808)
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the	有關出售附屬公司的現金及現金	
disposal of the subsidiaries	等價物流出淨額	(5,808)

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a). Major non-cash transactions

During the year, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of RMB2,516,000 (2022: Nil) and RMB2,516,000 (2022: Nil), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for office building.

30. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a). 重大非現金交易

於年內,本集團使用權資產及租賃負債的非現金添置分別為人民幣2,516,000元(2022年:無)及人民幣2,516,000元(2022年:無),乃與寫字樓租賃安排有關。

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30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 30. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(b). Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

(b). 融資活動產生的負債變動

		Interest-bearing	5		
		bank and other	Due to related	1 !!- -!!!#!	Tatal
		borrowings	companies	Lease liabilities	Total
		計息銀行及 其他借款	應付關聯 公司款項	租賃負債	4肉 ≥上
					總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	M				
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	_	5,537	1,380	6,917
Changes from financing cash	融資現金流量變動				
flows		55,797	_	_	55,797
Decrease in amounts due to	應付關聯公司款項				
related companies	減少	_	(5,537)	_	(5,537)
Non-cash changes:	非現金變動:				
Accrual of interest	應計利息	2,760	_	19	2,779
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	58,557	-	1,399	59,956
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	58,557	_	1,399	59,956
Changes from financing cash	融資現金流量變動				
flows		(15,960)	_	_	(15,960)
Principal portion of lease	租賃付款的本金部分				
payments		_	_	(1,631)	(1,631)
Non-cash changes:	非現金變動				
New lease	新租約	_	_	2,516	2,516
Accrual of interest	應計利息	2,257	-	75	2,332
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	44,854	_	2,359	47,213

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31. COMMITMENTS

31. 承擔

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

本集團於報告期間末擁有以下資本承擔:

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contracted, but not provided for: Other intangible assets	已訂約但尚未撥備: 其他無形資產	4,270	4,546
Total	總計	4,270	4,546

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

32. 關聯方交易

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year: a) 除此等財務報表其他部分詳述的交易 外,本集團期內與關聯方的交易如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fellow subsidiaries: Property management services income	同系附屬公司: 物業管理服務收入	156,471	165,839
Value-added services to non-property owners income	非業主增值服務收入	41,715	61,384
Parking space sales and leasing agency services	車位銷售及租賃代理 服務	3,340	-
Joint ventures and associates of fellow subsidiaries:	同系附屬公司的合資 企業及聯營公司:		
Property management services income Value-added services to non-property	物業管理服務收入 非業主增值服務收入	13,489	5,208
owners income The company controlled by the family	受控股股東家屬控制的	24,072	57,216
members of the controlling shareholder: Property management services income	公司: 物業管理服務收入	-	458

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32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year: (Continued)

Notes:

These transactions were carried out in accordance with the terms and conditions mutually agreed by the companies involved. The service fees take into account a wide range of factors, including but not limited to (i) the nature, age, infrastructure features, geographical location and neighbourhood profile of the relevant properties; (ii) the prevailing market price charged by other independent third party service providers to related parties in respect of comparable services; and (iii) any applicable rate recommended by the relevant government authorities.

These transactions were carried out in accordance with the terms and conditions mutually agreed by the parties involved.

These related party transactions also constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

- b) The Group entered into a three-year lease contract with a fellow subsidiary to lease certain building as offices. The rental fee agreed by parties involved was RMB1,306,000 annually.
- c) During the year, the Group paid RMB143,860,000 as agency deposit and settled agency deposit of RMB49,474,000. As at 31 December 2023, the balance of agency deposit is RMB282,459,000.

The related party transaction also constitute connected transaction or continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

32. 關聯方交易(續)

a) 除此等財務報表其他部分詳述的交易 外,本集團期內與關聯方的交易如下: (續)

附註:

該等交易乃根據相關公司共同協定的條款及條件進行。服務費經參考各項不同因素釐定,包括但不限於(i)相關物業的性質、樓齡、基礎設施特徵、地理位置及鄰裏情況:(ii)其他獨立第三方服務供應商就相若服務向關聯方收取的現行市價:及(iii)相關政府部門建議的任何適用指導價。

此等交易乃按照參與訂約方互相協定的條款及 條件進行。

該等關聯方交易亦構成上市規則第14A章 所界定的關連交易或持續關連交易。

- b) 本集團與一間同系附屬公司訂立為期三 年的租賃合約,以租賃若干建築物作為 辦公室。訂約各方同意的租金為每年人 民幣1,306,000元。
- c) 本集團於年內支付代理按金人民幣 143,860,000元,並償付代理按金人民幣 49,474,000元。於2023年12月31日,代理 按金結餘為人民幣282,459,000元。

關聯方交易亦構成上市規則第14A章所界 定的關連交易或持續關連交易。

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32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

32. 關聯方交易(續)

d) Outstanding balances with related parties:

d) 與關聯方的未付結餘:

		31 December 2023 2023年12月31日 RMB′000 人民幣千元	31 December 2022 2022年12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Due from related companies:	應收關聯公司款項:		
Trade related Fellow subsidiaries	貿易相關 同系附屬公司	364,176	400,311
Joint ventures and associates of fellow subsidiaries	同系附屬公司的合資 企業及聯營公司	20,824	39,736
The company controlled by the family members of the controlling shareholder	受控股股東家屬控制的 公司	-	476
Total	總計	385,000	440,523
Due from related companies:	應收關聯公司款項:		
Gross amount	總額	495,865	440,523
Impairment	減值	(110,865)	-
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	385,000	440,523

An ageing analysis of due from related companies as at the end of the reporting period, based on the date of revenue recognition, net of provision for the loss allowance for impairment, is as follows:

於報告期末,基於收益確認日期且扣除 減值虧損撥備的應收關聯公司款項賬齡 分析如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1 to 6 months	1至6個月	72,028	100,083
6 to 12 months	6至12個月	166,909	321,787
1 to 2 years	1至2年	146,063	18,663
Total	總計	385,000	440,523

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32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

d) Outstanding balances with related parties: (Continued)

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of due from related companies are as follows:

32. 關聯方交易(續)

d) 與關聯方的未付結餘:(續)

應收關聯公司款項減值虧損撥備變動如下:

		31 December	31 December
		2023	2022
		2023年12月31日	2022年12月31日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Due from related companies:	應收關聯公司款項:		
At beginning of year	於年初	_	-
Impairment losses, net (note 6)	減值虧損淨額(附註6)	110,865	-
At end of year	於年末	110,865	-

The credit periods granted to related parties are mainly 12 months. The Group has assessed the credit risk of these amounts due from related companies based on lifetime ECLs by considering the default rates and adjusting forward-looking macroeconomic data.

e) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

授予關聯方的信貸期主要為12個月。通 過考量違約率及調整前瞻性宏觀經濟數 據,本集團基於存續期預期信貸虧損評 估該等應收關聯公司款項的信貸風險。

e) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬:

	2023 2023年 RMB'000	2022 2022年 RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Short-term employee benefits 短期僱員福利 Pension scheme contributions and social 養老金計劃供款及社會福		4,584
welfare	451	362
Total compensation paid to key management 已付主要管理人員薪酬經personnel	息額 5,203	4,946

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

有關董事酬金的進一步詳情載於財務報 表附註8。

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial 於報告期結束時各類金融工具的賬面值如下:instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

2023年

Financial assets 金融資產

		Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬 的金融資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables (note 18)	貿易應收款項(附註18)	254,638
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables	計入預付款項、其他應收款項及	
and other assets (note 19)	其他資產的金融資產(附註19)	115,469
Cash and bank balances (note 20)	現金及銀行結餘(附註20)	638,147
Due from related companies (note 32)	應收關聯公司款項(附註32)	385,000
Total	總計	1,393,254

33. 按類別劃分的金融工具

Financial liabilities 金融負債

		Financial liabilities
		at amortised cost
		按攤銷成本列賬
		的金融負債
		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
Lease liabilities (note 14)	租賃負債(附註14)	2,359
Trade payables (note 21)	貿易應付款項(附註21)	195,871
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	計入其他應付款項及應計費用的	
(note 22)	金融負債(附註22)	148,402
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (note 24)	計息銀行及其他借款(附註24)	44,854
Total	總計	391,486

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33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

33. 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

(Continued)

2022

2022年

Financial assets

金融資產

Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬 的金融資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Trade receivables (note 18)	貿易應收款項(附註18)	191,010
Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables	計入預付款項、其他應收款項及	
and other assets (note 19)	其他資產的金融資產(附註19)	103,648
Cash and bank balances (note 20)	現金及銀行結餘(附註20)	545,729
Due from related companies (note 32)	應收關聯公司款項(附註32)	440,523
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益的金融資產	1,009
Total	總計	1,281,919

Financial liabilities 金融負債

Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬 的金融資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Lease liabilities (note 14)	租賃負債(附註14)	1,399
Trade payables (note 21)	貿易應付款項(附註21)	151,139
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	計入其他應付款項及應計費用的	
(note 22)	金融負債(附註22)	122,463
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (note 24)	計息銀行及其他借款(附註24)	58,557
Total	總計	333,558

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34. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

34. 金融工具的公平值及公平值層級

本集團金融工具(不包括該等賬面值與公平值合理相若的金融工具)的賬面值及公平值如下:

		Carrying amounts		Fair values	
		賬口	面值	公平值	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		2023年	2022年	2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value	金融資產 按公平值計入損益的				
through profit or loss	金融資產	-	1,009	_	1,009
Financial liabilities	金融負債				
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款				
borrowings		44,854	58,557	44,854	58,557

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and bank balances, amounts due from related companies, trade receivables, trade payables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and other assets, lease liabilities, and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

管理層已評定現金及銀行結餘、應收關聯公司 款項、貿易應收款項、貿易應付款項、計入預 付款項的金融資產、其他應收款項、按公平值 計入損益的金融資產及其他資產、租賃負債及 計入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債的公 平值與其賬面值相若,主要原因為該等工具的 到期期限較短。

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34. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The Group's finance department headed by the finance manager is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance manager reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. At each reporting date, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of the interest-bearing bank and other borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The changes in fair value as a result of the Group's own non-performance risk for interest-bearing bank and other borrowings as at 31 December 2023 were assessed to be insignificant.

34. 金融工具的公平值及公平值層級(續)

本集團的財務部門由財務經理帶領,負責釐定 金融工具公平值計量的政策及程序。財務經理 直接向財務總監及審核委員會匯報。於各報告 日期,財務部門分析金融工具價值的變動,並 決定估值適用的重大輸入數據。估值由財務總 監審閱及批准。估值過程及結果經審核委員會 就中期及年度財務申報作出一年兩次的討論。

金融資產及負債的公平值以該工具自願交易方 (強迫或清盤出售除外)當前交易下可交易金額 入賬。以下方法及假設均用來估算公平值:

計息銀行貸款及其他借款的公平值已就預期未來現金流量按條款、信貸風險及剩餘到期情況相類似的工具的目前可用比率貼現計算。截至2023年12月31日,本集團計息銀行貸款及其他借款的未履約風險引致的公平值變動被評定為不重大。

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34. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Assets measured at fair value:

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value:

As at 31 December 2022

34. 金融工具的公平值及公平值層級(續)

按公平值計量的資產 公平值層級

下表説明本集團金融工具的公平值層級:

以公平值計量的資產:

於2022年12月31日

Fair value measurement using 使用下列數據的公平值計量

Quoted prices	Significant	Significant	
in active	observable	unobservable	
markets	inputs	inputs	
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
	重大可觀察	重大不可觀察	
活躍市場報價	輸入數據	輸入數據	
(第1級)	(第2級)	(第3級)	總計
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

按公平值計入損益的 金融資產

1,009

_

1,009

The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: Nil).

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2022: Nil).

截至2023年12月31日,本集團並無按公平值計量任何金融負債(2022年12月31日:無)。

年內,第1級與第2級之間並無公平值計量的轉撥,亦無金融資產及金融負債轉入或轉出第3級(2022年:無)。

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35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and bank balances, trade receivables and other receivables, trade payables and other payables, which arise directly from its operations, amounts with related companies and other receivables. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from sales or purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currencies. None of the Group's sales (2022: Nil) were denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the operating units making the sale, whilst 100% (2022: 100%) of costs were denominated in the units' functional currencies.

In addition, the Group has currency exposures from its cash and bank balances

35. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括現金及銀行結餘、 貿易應收款項及其他應收款項、貿易應付款項 及其他應付款項,該等金融工具自其經營中、 與關聯公司間的款項及其他應收款項中直接產 生。該等金融工具的主要目的在於為本集團的 營運撥資。

本集團金融工具產生的主要風險包括外匯風 險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。董事會檢討及 協定控制各類風險的政策,有關政策概述如 下。

外匯風險

本集團面臨交易貨幣風險。有關風險源自與非功能貨幣單位的購貨及銷售交易。本集團的銷售均無(2022年:無)以進行出售的經營單位的功能貨幣以外的貨幣計算,而100%(2022年:100%)的成本則以該等單位的功能貨幣計算。

此外,本集團因現金及銀行結餘而面臨外匯風 險。

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the HKD exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair values of monetary assets and liabilities).

35. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外匯風險(續)

下表闡述於各報告期末,在所有其他變數維持不變的情況下,本集團的稅前利潤(由貨幣資產及負債的公平值變動所致)對港元匯率合理可能變動的敏感度:

		Increase/ (decrease) in HKD/RMB rate % 港元/人民幣 匯率上升/(下降)	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax RMB'000 税前利潤 上升/(下降) 人民幣千元
2023	2023年		
If the RMB weakens against the HKD If the RMB strengthens against the HKD	如人民幣兑港元貶值 如人民幣兑港元升值	-5% 5%	72 (72)
		Increase/ (decrease) in HKD/RMB rate % 港元/人民幣 匯率上升/(下降) %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax RMB'000 税前利潤 上升/(下降) 人民幣千元
2022	2022年		
If the RMB weakens against the HKD If the RMB strengthens against the HKD	如人民幣兑港元貶值 如人民幣兑港元升值	-5% 5%	311 (311)

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. For transactions that are not denominated in the functional currency of the relevant operating unit, the Group does not offer credit terms without the specific approval of the Head of Credit Control.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

As at 31 December 2023

35. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

本集團僅與獲認可及信譽良好的第三方交易。 本集團之政策為所有有意按信貸條款進行交易 的客戶均須接受信貸審核程序。此外,由於持 續對應收款項結餘進行監控,故本集團面臨的 壞賬風險並不重大。對於並非以有關營運單位 使用的功能貨幣計值的交易,本集團在未經信 貸監控主管特定批准的情況下不予提供信貸 期。

最高風險及年結階段

下表載列基於本集團的信貸政策的信貸質素及 最高信貸風險,主要基於逾期資料(除非其他資料可在無須付出不必要成本或努力的情況下獲得)及年結階段分析。所呈列的有關金額指金融 資產總賬面值。

於2023年12月31日

		12-month ECLs 12個月預期 信貸虧損	存紅	Lifetime ECLs 賣期預期信貸虧	損	
		Stage 1 第1階段 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Stage 2 第2階段 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Stage 3 第3階段 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Simplified approach 簡化方法 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other	貿易應收款項* 計入預付款項、其他 應收款項及其他資產 的金融資產 - 正常**	-	-	-	271,834	271,834
assets – Normal**		118,418	_	_	_	118,418
Due from related companies	應收關聯公司款項	-	-	-	495,865	495,865
Cash and cash balances – Not yet past due	現金及銀行結餘 - 尚未逾期	638,147	_	_	_	638,147
Total	總計	756,565	_	-	767,699	1,524,264

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022

35. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續) 最高風險及年結階段(續)

於2022年12月31日

		12-month ECLs 12個月預期 信貸虧損	<i>1</i> 7:	Lifetime ECLs 續期預期信貸雇	指	
			15;	真知 1只知 10 貝框		
		C. 1	6. 2	C: 2	Simplified	T . I
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
		第1階段	第2階段	第3階段	簡化方法	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables	貿易應收款項* 計入預付款項、其他 應收款項及其他資產	-	-	-	200,284	200,284
and other assets – Normal**	的金融資產 - 正常**	106,375	-	-	-	106,375
Due from related companies* Cash and cash balances – Not yet	應收關聯公司款項* 現金及銀行結餘	-	-	-	440,523	440,523
past due Financial assets at fair value	- 尚未逾期 按公平值計入損益的	545,729	-	-	-	545,729
through profit or loss	金融資產	1,009	-	_	_	1,009
Total	總計	653,113	-	_	640,807	1,293,920

- * For trade receivables and due from related companies to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 18. There is no significant concentration of credit risk.
- ** The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.
- Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements.

- * 就本集團應用簡化減值方法的貿易應收款項及 應收關聯公司款項,基於撥備矩陣所作出資料 於附註18披露。概無重大信貸集中風險。
- ** 計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資產中的 金融資產信貸質量在未逾期時被視為「正常」, 並且沒有資料表明該等金融資產自初始確認以 來信貸風險顯著增加。

有關本集團來自貿易應收款項的信貸風險的進 一步量化數據,於財務報表附註18披露。

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of trade payables, amounts due to related companies and other payables. Cash flows are being closely monitored on an ongoing basis.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

35. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團的目標是通過使用貿易應付款項、應付 關聯公司款項及其他應付款項維持資金持續性 及靈活性之間的平衡。現金流量的情況受持續 密切監控。

本集團於報告期末按合約未貼現付款計算的金 融負債的到期情況如下:

		On demand 按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Less than 3 months 3個月以內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	3 to 12 months 3至12個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Over 1 years 1年以上 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
31 December 2023	2023年12月31日					
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	1,726	981	_	2,707
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	195,871	-	-	-	195,871
Financial liabilities included in other	計入其他應付款項的					
payables	金融負債	148,402	_	_	_	148,402
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款			44.844		40.000
borrowings		_	3,931	11,566	32,542	48,039
Total	總計	344,273	5,657	12,547	32,542	395,019

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows: (Continued)

35. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

本集團於報告期末按合約未貼現付款計算的金 融負債的到期情況如下:(續)

			Less than	3 to 12	Over 1	
		On demand	3 months	months	years	Total
		按要求	3個月以內	3至12個月	1年以上	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
31 December 2022	2022年12月31日					
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	1399	-	-	1,399
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	151,139	-	-	-	151,139
Financial liabilities included in other	計入其他應付款項的					
payables	金融負債	122,463	-	-	-	122,463
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款					
borrowings		-	4,081	12,040	48,039	64,160
Total	總計	273,602	5,480	12,040	48,039	339,161

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the adjusted capital plus net debt. Net debt represents trade payables, other payables and accruals, less cash and cash equivalents. The Group did not have net debt as at 31 December 2023 and 2022. Capital represents total equity.

36. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 23 January 2024, the Company was informed by Hong Yang Group Company Limited, its controlling shareholder, that Serica Agency Limited (the "Petitioner") filed a winding up petition dated 19 January 2024 against Hong Yang Group Company Limited in the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for an order that Hong Yang Group Company Limited be wound up by the High Court under the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32, Laws of Hong Kong) on the ground that Hong Yang Group Company Limited was unable to repay the Petitioner in the sum of USD288,578,125, being the amount of payment under the USD275,000,000, 9.875% guaranteed senior notes due 2022 issued by Hong Seng Limited, inclusive of interest up to August 2022.

35. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標是為保障本集團持續經營並維持穩健的資本比率的能力,以支持 其業務並使股東價值最大化。

本集團會根據經濟狀況變化及相關資產的風險特色管理及調整其資本架構。為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可調整派付予股東的股息、向股東歸還資本或發行新股。本集團不受限於任何外部施加的資本要求。截至2023年12月31日止年度及截至2022年12月31日止年度,資本管理的目標、政策或流程未發生變化。

本集團採用資本負債比率(即債務淨額除以經調整資本與債務淨額的和)來監控資本。債務淨額指貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及應計費用減現金及現金等價物。於2023年及2022年12月31日,本集團概無債務淨額。資本指權益總額。

36. 報告期後事項

於2024年1月23日,本公司獲控股股東弘陽集團有限公司告知,Serica Agency Limited(「呈請人」) 向香港特別行政區高等法院提呈針對弘陽集團有限公司日期為2024年1月19日的清盤呈請,要求高等法院根據香港法例第32章公司(清盤及雜項條文)條例頒令將弘陽集團有限公司清盤,理據為弘陽集團有限公司無法向呈請人償還288,578,125美元,即弘昇有限公司所發行於2022年到期的275,000,000美元9.875%有擔保優先票據項下的付款金額(包括直至2022年8月止的利息)。

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

37. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

37. 本公司的財務狀況表

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

有關本公司於報告期末的財務狀況表的資料如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產		
Investment in a subsidiary	於一間附屬公司的投資	198,119	198,119
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	198,119	198,119
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	251,297	248,355
Due from related parties	應收關聯方款項	364	224
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	1,749	5,839
Total current assets	流動資產總值	253,410	254,418
Total carrent assets	//10分尺圧/10日	233,110	251,110
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	292	1,102
Due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	38	38
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	1,576	1,168
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值	1,906	2,308
Total carrent habilities	//IU.23 24 12 NO. 122	1,700	2,500
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	251,504	252,110
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債	449,623	450,229
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債		
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值	_	_
Total Hon-current liabilities	<u>乔加勒貝貝蕊阻</u>		
Net assets	資產淨值	449,623	450,229
FOLITY	權益		
EQUITY Share capital	惟血 股本	3,764	2 7 <i>6</i> 1
Share capital Reserves	成 ⁴ 儲備	445,859	3,764 446,465
Total equity	權益總額	449,623	450,229

Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

37. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

37. 本公司的財務狀況表(續)

Note:

附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

本公司的儲備概要如下:

		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other reserve 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2022 Total comprehensive income for the year	於2022年1月1日的結餘 年內全面收入總額	3,764	387,262 -	98,788	(52,947) 13,362	436,867 13,362
Balance at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Total comprehensive loss for the	於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日的結餘 年內全面虧損總額	3,764	387,262	98,788	(39,585)	450,229
year At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	3,764	387,262	98,788	(40,191)	(606)

38. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

38. 核准財務報表

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21 March 2024.

財務報表已於2024年3月21日經董事會批准並授 權刊發。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

		2019 2019年 RMB'000	2020 2020年 RMB'000	2021 2021年 RMB'000	2022 2022年 RMB'000	2023 2023年 RMB′000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		八八円「九	八八四十九	八八円1九	八八冊「九	人民币「九
	收入	E03.000	767.052	1 120 074	1 102 122	1 062 624
Revenue	収入 銷售成本	502,990	767,852	1,129,974	1,103,122	1,063,634
Cost of sales	毛利	(375,546)	(553,514)	(809,569)	(846,751)	(811,191)
Gross profit	七 ^四 其他收入及收益	127,444	214,338	320,405	256,371	252,443
Other income and gains		3,129	20,136	11,230	16,830	9,720
Selling and distribution	銷售及分銷開支	(264)	(706)	(1.100)	(1.003)	(4.402)
expenses	グニュエト 月日 十一	(364)	(786)	(1,190)	(1,003)	(1,102)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(50,944)	(104,249)	(134,877)	(132,743)	(99,914)
Other expenses	其他開支 金融資產減值虧損淨	(190)	(19,086)	(5,762)	(878)	(903)
Impairment losses on financial	立	(204)	(1.024)	(2.054)	(7.062)	(110.027)
assets, net	融資成本	(384)	(1,924)	(2,854)	(7,863)	(119,027)
Finance costs	融員成本 除税前溢利	(392)	(46)	(19)	(2,779)	(2,332)
Profit before tax	陈祝削渔利 所得税開支	78,299	108,383	186,933	127,935	38,885
Income tax expense		(21,232)	(35,068)	(48,581)	(34,079)	(24,651)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	57,067	73,315	138,352	93,856	14,234
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人	59,061	69,751	127,955	91,990	10,865
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,994)	3,564	10,397	1,866	3,369
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	36,893	90,938	367,268	284,891	287,338
Total current assets	流動資產總值	502,616	1,016,663	975,512	1,295,259	1,406,548
Total assets	總資產	539,509	1,107,601	1,342,780	1,580,150	1,693,886
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值	319,925	376,851	497,400	624,317	747,421
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值	2,250	10,335	33,121	65,645	47,893
Total liabilities	總負債	322,175	387,186	530,521	689,962	795,314
Equity	權益					
Equity attributable to owners	母公司擁有人應佔權					
of the parent		208,024	690,188	780,817	872,807	883,672
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	9,310	30,227	31,442	17,381	14,900
Total equity	權益總額	217,334	720,415	812,259	890,188	898,572

