

2023 ANNUAL REPORT

寶龍商業管理控股有限公司 POWERLONG COMMERCIAL MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED

POWERLONG COMMERCIAL MANAGEMENT HOLDINGS LIMITE

Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with Limited Liability (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock code 股份代號: 9909.HK

POWERLONG





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Group Introduction



Powerlong Commercial Management Holdings Limited (HK.9909) (the "Company" or "Powerlong CM") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") is a leading commercial operational service provider in the People's Republic of China ("China" or the "PRC"). The Company was successfully listed (the "Listing") on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 30 December 2019 (the "Listing Date"), being the first commercial management operational service provider under an asset-light business model listed on the Stock Exchange. The Group focuses on the Yangtze River Delta region, especially city clusters with vast potentials for economic development. Based on local demand, it is committed to creating good city living.

The Group mainly provides commercial operational services under four brands, namely "Powerlong One Mall" (寶龍一城), "Powerlong City" (寶龍 城), "Powerlong Plaza" (寶龍廣場) and "Powerlong Land" (寶龍天地). As of 31 December 2023, the Group had 95 retail commercial properties in operation, with an aggregate gross floor area ("**GFA**")^{Note} in operation of approximately 10.8 million square meters ("**sq.m.**"). As of the same date, the Group was contracted to provide commercial operational services for a total of 138 retail commercial properties with an aggregate contracted GFA of approximately 15.1 million sq.m..

The Group also provides property management services for residential properties, office buildings and serviced apartments. As of 31 December 2023, the Group had 109 residential properties delivered of its property management service with an aggregate GFA delivered of approximately 21.1 million sq.m., and was contracted to manage 147 properties with an aggregate contracted GFA of approximately 31.2 million sq.m.

With the corporate mission of "creating space full of love", the Group adheres to its corporate philosophy of "simple, truthful, prosper together, forward forever", with a view to becoming a well-respected, century-lasting and world-leading operator of city space, thereby creating more room for value enhancement for customers and investors on an ongoing basis.

Note: Unless otherwise stated, all "GFA" of commercial properties referred to in this annual report include car parks.

Corporate Information

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Hoi Wa Fong (Chairman of the Board) Mr. Chen Deli (Chief executive officer)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Yunfeng (re-designated from an Executive Director to a Non-executive Director on 29 March 2023 and resigned as the chief financial officer of the Company on 29 March 2023)
Ms. Hoi Wa Fan
Ms. Hoi Wa Lam

Independent non-executive Directors

Dr. Lu Xiongwen Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella (Chairlady) Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald Dr. Lu Xiongwen

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Lu Xiongwen (Chairman) Mr. Hoi Wa Fong Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Hoi Wa Fong (Chairman) Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald Dr. Lu Xiongwen

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. Jin Hong (resigned on 29 March 2023) Ms. Zhang Yiting (appointed on 29 March 2023) Ms. Leung Wai Yan

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Zhang Yunfeng Ms. Leung Wai Yan

REGISTERED OFFICE

Maples Corporate Services Limited P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

19/F, Lee Garden One 33 Hysan Avenue Causeway Bay Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

Powerlong Tower 1399 Xinzhen Road Minhang District Shanghai PRC Postal Code: 201101

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited Bank of Communications Limited Agricultural Bank of China Limited Bank of China Limited

AUDITOR

Elite Partners CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants Level 23, YF Life Tower 33 Lockhart Road Wan Chai, Hong Kong

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISOR

Sidley Austin

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.powerlongcm.com

Milestones and Awards

March

 Official announcement of the fullyear marketing strategies under the theme of "Four Seasons of POWERLONG" and elaborated along the four dimensions of "color, sound, taste and temperature";

Vlay

Contracted for Taicang Powerlong Plaza (太倉寶龍廣場), an asset-light project;

June

- Successful opening of Zhoushan Putuo Powerlong Land (舟山普陀寶龍天 地);
- Successful opening of Haiyan Beidajie (海鹽北大街), a Powerlong Xinghui project;

July

- Successful opening of Xiamen Yuanboyuan Powerlong Land (廈門 園博苑寶龍天地), an asset-light project;
- Successful opening of Tiantai Cultural Center Powerlong Land (天台文化中心寶龍天地), a Powerlong Xinghui project;

August

 Contracted for Shangrao Shuinanjie (上饒水南街), a Powerlong Xinghui project;

September

- Successful opening of Jinhua Jinyi Powerlong Plaza (金華金義寶龍廣場);
- Successful opening of Xuzhou Hexin Powerlong Plaza (徐州和信寶龍廣 場);

November

- Contracted for Shengzhou Powerlong Plaza (嵊州寶龍廣場), an asset-light project;
- Contracted for Shaoxing Guchengbei (紹興 古城北), a Powerlong Xinghui project in operation;
- Successfully held the 2023 Powerlong
 Commercial Annual Conference in Shanghai under the theme of "Hardcore-Inner Strength";

October

- Successful opening of Jingdezhen Powerlong Plaza (景德鎮寶龍廣場);
- Established a differentiated commercial scenario, under the theme of "journey of encounter" at the third POWERLONG-ING campaign;

December

- Successful opening of Pizhou Powerlong Plaza (邳州寶龍廣場);
- Successful opening of Xiamen Wenzao Powerlong Land (廈門文灶寶龍天 地), an asset-light project.

CORPORATE AWARDS





2023 China Top 10 out of Top 100 Commercial Real Estate Enterprises (2023 中國商業地產百強企業 Top 10) – China Index Academy (中國指數研究院)

Excellent Commercial Property Enterprise 2022-2023 (2022-

2023年度商業地產卓越企業)-Winshang.com(贏商網)

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Best HR Teams 2023 (2023 最佳人力資源團隊) - Hroot

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2022 Annual Outstanding City Commercial Operator (2022 年 度城市商業傑出營運商) – Linkshop.com (聯商網)

Milestones and Awards



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- List of Excellence in Commercial Management Companies of the Year 2023 (2023 年度商業管理公司卓越榜)-mallchina.org (中購聯)
- 2023 Brand Influential Enterprises (2023 年品牌影響力企業)
- Leju Financial Research Institute (樂居財經研究院)

2023 Retail Commercial Real Estate Enterprise Top 8 (2023 年 度零售商業地產企業綜合實力 Top 8) – Winshang.com (贏商網) 8

Outstanding Enterprise Award in Commercial Property of the Year 2023 (2023 年度商業地產卓越企業) – Winshang.com (贏商網)

Chairman's Statement



Greetings!

2023 was the fourth year since the listing of Powerlong CM. On behalf of the board (the "**Board**") of directors of the Company (the "**Directors**"), I would like to express my sincerest gratitude to the shareholders for accompanying the Company in going through this difficult and extraordinary year.

Though the year of 2023 was difficult, it was also extraordinary. It was difficult to avoid the reality of the market environment as the real estate industry was still in a downturn as a whole. The number of newly opened commercial projects in China has reached the historical bottom point and the growth rate of stocks has continued to decline. At the same time, the consumption environment has also been undergoing subtle changes. The increasingly rational and pragmatic consumption concept of consumers and the reduction of impulse consumption undoubtedly put forward higher requirements for the refined operation and management of offline shopping malls. Yet it was extraordinary that we still embraced the challenge and carried forward the striving and struggling spirit of Powerlong!

BUSINESS REVIEW FOR 2023

The Company's financial indicators remained stable and we achieved growth in both revenue and net profit. Revenue amounted to approximately RMB2,636 million or a 3.4% growth, in which revenue from commercial operation and management services amounted to approximately RMB1,861 million or a 7.2% growth, and net profit attributable to the Company amounted to approximately RMB453 million or a 2.2% growth. Profitability continued to improve steadily.

With an industry-leading scale, our layout in the Yangtze River Delta has begun to show its scale advantage. In 2023, the Company had 10 new commercial projects in operation and new GFA in operation of approximately 840,000 sq.m.. With 4 newly contracted outsourced third-party projects, newly contracted GFA amounted to approximately 450,000 sq.m.. So far, the commercial GFA in operation has exceeded 10.0 million sq.m.. The contracted commercial GFA has exceeded 15.0 million sq.m.. There were 94 projects in the Yangtze River Delta, representing 68% of the total contracted projects.

While commercial operations were intensively cultivated, benchmarking projects were also improving. In 2023, service-oriented consumption has driven the marginal recovery of the economy, and both sales and passenger flow in the same store achieved double-digit growth year-on-year. Occupancy rate reached 91.2%, maintaining above 90% albeit a slight decrease from that in the corresponding period in 2022 and still having a room for improvement. Pursuing lean management for benchmarking projects, the Company had 11 shopping malls with total annual revenue exceeding RMB100 million and 10 shopping malls with annual sales exceeding RMB1 billion.

Intelligent commerce returned to the essence of operation. In 2023, the Company continued to achieve record high in both the number of members and amount of online sales. The total number of members reached approximately 13.85 million, representing a year-on-year growth of approximately 40%. With the continuous influence of the three signature brand activities, the amount of online sales reached approximately RMB680 million, representing a year-on-year growth of approximately 35%. At the same time, the industry's first officially deployed automated operation system was officially launched, which performed accurate prediction towards the analysis of arrears management and operational risks and quickly enhanced operational efficiency.

Let bygones be bygones, treasure the present and grasp the future!

BUSINESS OUTLOOK IN 2024

In 2024, the Company expects to newly open 12 commercial projects, 10 Powerlong Plazas and 2 street-zone projects, which takes high-quality completion of opening as the primary goal in 2024. In terms of business development, the Company focuses on four operating strategies. Firstly, with a focus on project operation, we will optimize the business structure, adjust product brands, create commercial atmosphere, and enhance income standard. Secondly, we will improve the system management capability, focus on the core business of "tenant sourcing and operation enterprise" at the front end, and improve the automatic assessment and active management and control of the system. Thirdly, with further development in assets and value enhancement, we will put focus on four major revenue enhancement initiatives, namely, increasing occupancy rate, adjusting stores with expiration of tenancy contracts, improving the income of low-rent projects, and restructuring and revamping of the anchor stores. Fourthly, we will implement classification management for projects, adjust the project business management mode during the operation period, and carry out reasonable division of labor from the headquarters and the business department for high-quality project improvements and projects to be improved. In the future, the Company shall always insist on giving priority to operating services and creating space value!

With the yearn for future, there is no fear for obstacles. In 2024, we will embrace the lucky dragon year of Powerlong Commercial!

Overview of Business

CONTRACT OF RETAIL COMMERCIAL PROPERTY PROJECTS

Number of projects under contract: 138

A Leading Commercial Operational Service Provider in China

95 Retail Commercial Properties in operation

Commercial Aggregate GFA contracted of approximately **15.06** million sq.m.

Commercial Aggregate GFA in operation of approximately **10.77** million sq.m.

Retail Commercial Property Projects at Yangtze River Delta accounting for approximately **68%**

Number of Projects Yangtze River Delta: 94

Guangdong + Fujian: **18**

Others: 26

OVERVIEW

The Group mainly conducts its business activities in two business segments namely (i) commercial operational services; and (ii) residential property management services. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's revenue was mainly derived from its commercial operational services.

COMMERCIAL OPERATIONAL SERVICES

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 95 retail commercial properties in operation, with an aggregate GFA in operation of approximately 10.8 million sq.m.. The Group had 138 retail commercial properties with an aggregate contracted GFA of approximately 15.1 million sq.m. for which the Group had been contracted to provide commercial operational services. The Company enjoys considerable brand recognition in the markets where it operates. The Company was awarded various honors in 2023, such as 2023 China Top 10 out of Top 100 Commercial Real Estate Enterprises (2023中國商業地產 百強企業Top 10) awarded by China Index Academy (中國指數研究院), 2023 Brand Influential Enterprises (2023年品牌影響力企業) awarded by Leju Financial Research Institute (樂居財經研究院), and 2023 Retail Commercial Real Estate Enterprise Top 8 (2023 年度零售商業地產企業綜 合實力Top 8) awarded by Winshang.com (贏商網).

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES

As at 31 December 2023, the Group provided residential property management services for 109 delivered projects with an aggregate GFA delivered of approximately 21.1 million sq.m., and was contracted to manage a further 147 projects with an aggregate contracted GFA of approximately 31.2 million sq.m..

With the corporate mission of "creating space full of love", the Group adheres to its corporate philosophy of "simple, truthful, prosper together, forward forever", with a view to becoming a well-respected, century-lasting and world-leading operator of city space, thereby creating more room for value enhancement for customers and investors on an ongoing basis.



Management Discussion and Analysis



BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group mainly conducted its business activities in the following business segments namely (i) commercial operational services; and (ii) residential property management services. The Group's revenue was derived mainly from its commercial operational services business.

Commercial operational services: The Company provided full-chain services covering positioning, tenant sourcing, opening, operation and management to shopping malls and shopping streets.

It primarily included:

- (i) Market research and positioning, tenant sourcing and opening preparation services to property developers or property owners during the preparation stage before the opening of a retail commercial property;
- (ii) Commercial operation and management services to property owners or tenants during the operation stage of a retail commercial property; and
- (iii) Property leasing services with respect to units located within the shopping streets and shopping malls.

The management models of the retail commercial properties undertaken by the Group include the following four models:

1. Entrusted operation and management

The owner entrusts the operation and management of the retail commercial properties to the Group, and the operating costs of the projects are borne by the Group. The owners receive rents for shops and some income from diversified operations and parking lot operations.

The Group charges the owner:	(i) income for advisory consultation before the projects are in operation; (ii) rent management fee during the operation stage of the projects i.e. a certain percentage of the rent; and (iii) brand usage fee (only for projects not developed by Powerlong Real Estate Holdings Limited (" Powerlong Real Estate ") or (" Powerlong Holdings ")).
The Group charges the tenants and consumers:	(i) operation and management service fees during project operation; (ii) income from

2. Advisory consultation

The owner engages the Group as a management advisory consultant for retail commercial properties, and all income and costs of project operation are borne by the owner.

diversified operations; and (iii) parking fees.

The Group charges the owner: (i) income for advisory consultations before the projects are in operation; and (ii) a certain percentage of consulting service fees during the project operation period.

3. Sub-lease services

The owner leases the retail commercial properties as a whole to the Group at a certain price, and all income and costs of project operation are borne by the Group.

The Group charges tenants and consumers: (i) rental income of projects; (ii) operation and management service fees during project operation; (iii) income from diversified operations; and (iv) parking fees.

4. Net earning sharing

The owner entrusts the retail commercial properties to the Group for operation and management, and all income and costs of project operation are borne by the Group. The Group gives a certain percentage of net income of the projects to the owner as variable rental cost.

The Group charges tenants and consumers: (i) rental income of projects; (ii) operation and management service fees during project operation; (iii) income from diversified operations; and (iv) parking fees.

Residential property management services: The Group provided property management services for residential properties, office buildings and service apartments.

It primarily included:

- (i) Pre-sale management services to property developers during their pre-sale activities, such as cleaning, security and maintenance of pre-sale display units and sales offices;
- (ii) Property management services to property owners or property owners' associations at the post-delivery stages, such as security, cleaning, gardening and repair and maintenance services; and
- (iii) Other value-added services to property owners, tenants or residents of properties under management, such as pre-delivery preparation and trash handling services, common area, advertising space and car park management services.

	For the year ended 31 December								
	202	3	2022						
	Gross profit	Gross profit margin	Gross profit	Gross profit margin					
		<u>%</u>	RMB'000	%					
Commercial operational services	760,631	35.6	710,711	34.5					
Residential property management services	126,390	25.4	123,711	25.2					
Total	887,021	33.7	834,422	32.7					

The table below sets forth the Company's gross profit and gross profit margin by business segment for the years indicated:

COMMERCIAL OPERATIONAL SERVICES

The Group primarily provided professional commercial operational management services to property owners, tenants and consumers under four brands, namely, "Powerlong One Mall" (寶龍一城), "Powerlong City" (寶龍城), "Powerlong Plaza" (寶龍廣場) and "Powerlong Land" (寶龍天地).

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the aggregate revenue of the Group's business segment of commercial operational services amounted to approximately RMB2,137.4 million, representing an increase of 3.8% from approximately RMB2,058.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2022; and the Group had GFA in operation of approximately 10.8 million sq.m., representing an increase of 0.2 million sq.m. from 10.6 million sq.m. for the corresponding period of 2022; 95 projects in operation, representing a net increase of 2 projects from 93 projects for the corresponding period of 2022; contracted GFA of approximately 15.1 million sq.m., representing a decrease of 0.1 million sq.m. from 15.2 million sq.m. for the corresponding period of 2022.

The table below sets forth a breakdown of the aggregate GFA in operation as at the dates indicated and the revenue from commercial operational service segment for the years indicated by geographic region:

		As of/For the year ended 31 December										
		2023		2022								
	Contracted GFA	GFA in operation	Revenue	Contracted GFA	GFA in operation	Revenue						
		sq.m.	RMB	sq.m.	sq.m.	RMB						
			(in thou	sands)								
Yangtze River Delta ⁽¹⁾	9,846	6,878	1,541,990	9,916	6,596	1,476,368						
Pearl River Delta ⁽²⁾	365	116	31,187	416	166	42,514						
Others ⁽³⁾	4,847	3,778	564,213	4,863	3,791	539,398						
Total	15,058	10,772	2,137,390	15,195	10,553	2,058,280						

Notes:

(1) Comprises Shanghai Municipality, Zhejiang Province, Jiangsu Province and Anhui Province.

(2) Comprises Guangdong Province.

(3) Comprises cities except those mentioned in (1) and (2) above.

New Projects in Operation

New retail commercial property projects added to the Group's portfolio upon opening for the year ended 31 December 2023 are shown in the following table:

									Shopping	Commercial	
No.	Name of Project	Opening Date	City	Geographic Region	Source of Project	Manager	Management Model	Total GFA	Mall	Street	Car Park
		month-year						(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)
Powe	rlong Plaza										
1	Jinhua Jinyi Powerlong Plaza (金華金義寶龍廣場)	September 2023	Jinhua	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Powerlong CM	Entrusted management	122,926	90,355	-	32,571
2	Xuzhou Hexin Powerlong Plaza (徐州和信寶龍廣場)	September 2023	Xuzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong CM	Net earning sharing	197,251	80,931	-	116,320
3	Jingdezhen Powerlong Plaza (景德鎮寶龍廣場)	October 2023	Jingdezhen	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Powerlong CM	Entrusted management	129,209	80,000	19,209	30,000
4	Pizhou Powerlong Plaza (邳州寶龍廣場)	December 2023	Xuzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Powerlong CM	Entrusted management	129,514	90,000	-	39,514
	Sub-total							578,900	341,286	19,209	218,405
Powe	rlong Land										
1	Zhoushan Putuo Powerlong Land (舟山普陀寶龍天地)	June 2023	Zhoushan	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Powerlong CM	Entrusted management	92,100	-	40,800	51,300
2	Xiamen Yuanboyuan Powerlong Land (廈門園博苑寶龍天地)	July 2023	Xiamen	Others	Third Party	Powerlong CM	Sublease	14,705	-	14,705	-
3	Xiamen Wenzao Powerlong Land (廈門文灶寶龍天地)	December 2023	Xiamen	Others	Third Party	Powerlong CM	Sublease	17,110	-	17,110	-
	Sub-total							123,915	-	72,615	51,300
Powe	rlong Xinghui										
1	Haiyan Beidajie (海鹽北大街)	June 2023	Jiaxing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong Xinghui	Entrusted management	55,570	-	35,630	19,940
2	Tiantai Cultural Center Powerlong Land (天台文化中心寶龍天地)	July 2023	Taizhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong Xinghui	Entrusted management	18,227	-	18,227	-
3	Shaoxing Guchengbei (紹興古城北)	In operation ⁽¹⁾	Shaoxing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong Xinghui	Advisory consultation	61,549	-	61,549	-
	Sub-total							135,346	-	115,406	19,940
	Total							838,161	341,286	207,230	289,645

(1) For the third party project in operation obtained in November 2023, the Group will conduct refurbishment and upgrade upon completion of signing of contract.

Projects for which Contracts were Terminated

The Group's retail commercial property projects for which contracts were terminated during the year ended 31 December 2023 are shown in the following table:

No.	Name of Project	Date of Termination of Contract	City	Geographic Region	Source of Project	Manager	Management Model	Total GFA	Shopping Mall	Commercial Street	Car Park
		month-year						(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)
Powe	rlong Plaza										
1	Shaoxing Paojiang Powerlong Plaza										
	(紹興袍江寶龍廣場)	July 2023	Shaoxing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Powerlong CM	Entrusted management	41,083	30,000	-	11,083
2	Huizhou Rongcan Powerlong Plaza	,	0	0	0	0	0				
	(惠州榮燦寶龍廣場)	October 2023	Huizhou	Pearl River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong CM	Entrusted management	50,600	33,000	-	17,600
3	Qingdao Licang Powerlong Plaza										
	(青島李滄寶龍廣場)	November 2023	Qingdao	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Powerlong CM	Entrusted management	174,167	110,949	-	63,218
	Sub-total							265,850	173,949	-	91,901
Powe	rlong Xinghui										
1	Jinsha Pier Aolai Park (金沙碼頭奧萊公園)	July 2023	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong Xinghui	Advisory consultation	133.970	87.258	13.288	33.424
2	Ningbo Zhongticheng (寧波中體城)	July 2023	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong Xinghui	Advisory consultation	88,305	54,137	-	34,168
3	Ningbo Cicheng (寧波慈城)	September 2023	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong Xinghui	Advisory consultation	12,532	-	12.532	-
4	Anji Tsinghua Yuan (安吉清華園)	October 2023	Huzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong Xinghui	Advisory consultation	14.000	-	11,000	3,000
5	Shangyu Jiayuan Plaza (上虞佳源廣場)	October 2023	Shaoxing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Powerlong Xinghui	Advisory consultation	105,216	79,114	-	26,102
	Sub-total							354,023	220,509	36,820	96,694
	Total							619,873	394,458	36,820	188,595

Projects in Operation

The Group's retail commercial property projects in operation for the year ended 31 December 2023 are shown in the following table:

No.	Name of Project	Opening Date	City	Geographic Region	Source of Project	Management Model	Total GFA	Shopping Mall	Commercial Street	Car Park
		month-year					(sq.m.)			(sq.m.)
Powe	rlong One Mall Xiamen Powerlong One Mall (廈門寶龍一城)	September 2018	Xiamen	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	170,585	121,670	5,365	43,550
	Sub-total						170,585	121,670	5,365	43,550
Powe	rlong City									
1	Shanghai Qibao Powerlong City	October 2016	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	150,567	70,719	12,759	67,089
2	(上海七寶寶龍城) Hangzhou Binjiang Powerlong City (杭州濱江寶龍城)	December 2016	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	295,562	140,877	37,512	117,173
3	Taizhou Jiaojiang Powerlong City (台州椒江寶龍城)	June 2022	Taizhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	127,936	93,620	-	34,316
	Sub-total						574,065	305,216	50,271	218,578

No.	Name of Project	Opening Date	City	Geographic Region	Source of Project	Management Model	Total GFA	Shopping Mall	Commercial Street	Car Park
		month-year								
Douro	dana Diaza									
1	rlong Plaza Fuzhou Powerlong Plaza (福州寶龍廣場)	April 2007	Fuzhou	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	186,178	161,008		25,170
2	Cingdao Chengyang Powerlong Plaza	October 2009	Qingdao	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	443,262	335,506	_	107,756
	(青島城陽寶龍廣場)		0		Ū	-			-	
3	Zhengzhou Powerlong Plaza (鄭州寶龍廣場)	December 2009	Zhengzhou	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	235,606	198,108	6,565	30,933
4	Bengbu Powerlong Plaza (蚌埠寶龍廣場)	December 2009	Bengbu	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	346,880	222,966	48,503	75,411
5	Wuxi Powerlong Plaza (無錫寶龍廣場)	October 2010	Wuxi	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	192,865	142,753	-	50,112
6	Anxi Powerlong Plaza (安溪寶龍廣場)	December 2010	Quanzhou	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	85,374	55,489	28,034	1,851
7	Suqian Powerlong Plaza (宿遷寶龍廣場)	September 2011	Suqian	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	150,660	120,645	-	30,015
8	Yancheng Powerlong Plaza (鹽城寶龍廣場)	September 2011	Yancheng	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	199,409	135,112	29,720	34,577
9	Qingdao Jimo Powerlong Plaza (青島即墨寶龍廣場)	December 2011	Qingdao	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	175,513	130,462	-	45,051
10	Luoyang Powerlong Plaza (洛陽寶龍廣場)	December 2011	Luoyang	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	138,350	69,735	37,225	31,390
11	Tai'an Powerlong Plaza (泰安寶龍廣場)	September 2012	Tai'an	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	118,255	102,677	-	15,578
12	Xinxiang Powerlong Plaza (新鄉寶龍廣場)	September 2012	Xinxiang	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	262,690	90,321	84,394	87,975
13	Shanghai Caolu Powerlong Plaza (上海曹路寶龍廣場)	December 2013	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	81,720	57,200	-	24,520
14	Jinjiang Powerlong Plaza (晉江寶龍廣場)	December 2013	Jinjiang	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	283,378	128,570	11,126	143,682
15	Hangzhou Xiasha Powerlong Plaza (杭州下沙寶龍廣場)	November 2014	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	98,660	15,575	10,323	72,762
16	(fund for galaxy) Chongqing Hechuan Powerlong Plaza (重慶合川寶龍廣場)	December 2014	Chongqing	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	147,403	103,793	-	43,610
17	(主変百万)(東部院場)) Tianjin Yujiapu Powerlong Plaza (天津于家堡寶龍廣場) ¹¹	December 2014	Tianjin	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	162,836	87,613	-	75,223
18	Jiaozhou Powerlong Plaza (膠州寶龍廣場)	February 2015	Qingdao	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	164,772	75,224	27,002	62,546
19	Zhenjiang Powerlong Plaza (鎮江寶龍廣場)	September 2015	Zhenjiang	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	153,818	70,170	32,797	50,851
20	Shanghai Fengxian Powerlong Plaza (上海奉賢寶龍廣場)	November 2015	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	117,715	49,816	14,847	53,053
21	(上)ター東京語(東海) Shanghai Lingang Powerlong Plaza (上海臨港寶龍廣場)	December 2015	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	70,720	40,069	9,931	20,719
22	Hangzhou Xiaoshan Powerlong Plaza (杭州蕭山寶龍廣場)	December 2015	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	143,836	68,687	12,217	62,932
23	Shanghai Luodian Powerlong Plaza (上海羅店寶龍廣場)	December 2015	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	35,854	28,481	-	7,373
24	Hangzhou Fuyang Powerlong Plaza (杭州富陽寶龍廣場)	December 2015	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	77,186	21,728	10,741	44,718
25	Changzhou Powerlong Plaza (常州寶龍廣場)	June 2016	Changzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	170,134	105,598	15,814	48,722
26	Shanghai Jiading Powerlong Plaza (上海嘉定寶龍廣場)	October 2016	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	144,072	64,054	24,902	55,115
27	Penglai Powerlong Plaza (蓬萊寶龍廣場)	November 2016	Yantai	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	148,213	43,431	59,871	44,911
28	Yantai Powerlong Plaza (煙臺寶龍廣場)	December 2016	Yantai	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	100,027	37,869	20,629	41,530
29	Yangzhou Powerlong Plaza (揚州寶龍廣場)	January 2017	Yangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	143,559	58,407	30,252	54,900
30	Shanghai Wujing Powerlong Plaza (上海吳涇寶龍廣場)	July 2017	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	49,918	26,794	11,337	11,787
31	Yiwu Fotang Powerlong Plaza (義烏佛堂寶龍廣場)	November 2017	Yiwu	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Entrusted management	90,992	50,000	15,992	25,000
32	Fuyang Powerlong Plaza (阜陽寶龍廣場)	December 2017	Fuyang	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	140,441	103,890	-	36,551
33	Chongqing Fuling Powerlong Plaza (重慶涪陵寶龍廣場)	December 2017	Chongqing	Others	Third Party	Entrusted management	113,854	96,204	-	17,650
34	(主変/11次頁前周句) Shanghai Qingpu Powerlong Plaza (上海青浦寶龍廣場)	September 2018	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	171,673	54,281	38,461	78,930
35	Jiangyou Powerlong Plaza (江油寶龍廣場)	November 2018	Jiangyou	Others	Third Party	Entrusted management	91,342	72,590	-	18,752
36	Hangzhou Lin'an Powerlong Plaza (杭州臨安寶龍廣場)	November 2019	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	103,700	55,700	-	48,000
37	(1)(川mg文頁能廣場) Tianjin Binhai Powerlong Plaza (天津濱海寶龍廣場)	December 2019	Tianjin	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	61,883	36,400	6,100	19,383

(1) Tianjin Yujiapu Powerlong Plaza reopened in December 2020.

No.	Name of Project	Opening Date	City	Geographic Region	Source of Project	Management Model	Total GFA	Shopping Mall	Commercial Street	Car Park
		month-year					(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)
38	Shanghai Baoyang Powerlong Plaza (上海寶楊寶龍廣場)	December 2019	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	148,407	77,873	15,155	55,379
39	Nanjing Gaochun Powerlong Plaza (南京高淳寶龍廣場)	December 2019	Nanjing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	87,542	56,200	17,000	14,342
40	Ningbo Yinzhou Powerlong Plaza (寧波鄞州寶龍廣場)	December 2019	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	93,924	63,596	-	30,328
41	Hangzhou Qingshan Lake Powerlong Plaza (Phase 1) (杭州青山湖寶龍廣場 (一期))	October 2020	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	189,524	98,000	-	91,524
42	Yongkang Powerlong Plaza (永康寶龍廣場)	November 2020	Jinhua	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	89,900	62,900	-	27,000
43	Hangzhou Dajiangdong Powerlong Plaza (杭州大江東寶龍廣場)	November 2020	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	95,373	62,373	-	33,000
44	Shaoxing Keqiao Powerlong Plaza (紹興柯橋寶龍廣場)	November 2020	Shaoxing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Sublease	99,787	54,787	-	45,000
45	Suzhou Xingyun Powerlong Plaza (蘇州星韻寶龍廣場)	December 2020	Suzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Sublease	40,774	40,774	-	-
46	Yancheng Chengdong Powerlong Plaza (鹽城城東寶龍廣場)	December 2020	Yancheng	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	135,932	76,927	-	59,004
47	Quanzhou Taishang Powerlong Plaza (泉州台商寶龍廣場)	December 2020	Quanzhou	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	148,950	106,060	-	42,890
48	Zhangzhou Longwen Powerlong Plaza (漳州龍文寶龍廣場)	December 2020	Zhangzhou	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	66,186	46,604	2,347	17,234
49	Hangzhou Qingshan Lake Powerlong Plaza (Phase 2) (杭州青山湖寶龍廣場 (二期))	December 2020	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Sublease	110,000	53,000	-	57,000
50	Wenling Powerlong Plaza (溫嶺寶龍廣場)	June 2021	Taizhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	108,065	82,338	-	25,727
51	Zhuji Powerlong Plaza (諸暨寶龍廣場)	June 2021	Shaoxing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	103,300	61,700	_	41,600
52	Zhoushan Powerlong Plaza (舟山寶龍廣場)	June 2021	Zhoushan	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	107,720	69,880	26,840	11,000
53	Ningbo Gaoxin Powerlong Plaza (寧波高新寶龍廣場)	October 2021	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	143,588	45,200	-	98,388
54	Ningbo Fenghua Powerlong Plaza (寧波奉化寶龍廣場)	October 2021	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	71,300	34,700	-	36,600
55	Yiwu Qingkou Powerlong Plaza (義烏青口寶龍廣場)	November 2021	Jinhua	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	74,087	52,062	-	22,025
56	Zhuhai Gaoxin Powerlong Plaza (珠海高新寶龍廣場)	November 2021	Zhuhai	Pearl River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	115,513	85,000	4,923	25,590
57	Yixing Powerlong Plaza (宜興寶龍廣場)	November 2021	Wuxi	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	57,000	40,000	-	17,000
58	Yancheng Jianhu Powerlong Plaza (鹽城建湖寶龍廣場)	December 2021	Yancheng	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Entrusted management	96,182	62,045	-	34,137
59	Lanxi Powerlong Plaza (蘭溪寶龍廣場)	December 2021	Jinhua	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	139,361	90,000	15,461	33,900
60	Hangzhou Jinnan Powerlong Plaza (杭州錦南寶龍廣場)	December 2021	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	45,772	38,900	4,660	2,212
61	Hangzhou Tech City Powerlong Plaza (杭州科技城寶龍廣場)	September 2022	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	95,800	82,000	-	13,800
62	Xiamen Tong'an Powerlong Plaza (廈門同安寶龍廣場)	December 2022	Xiamen	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	113,089	88,000	-	25,089
63	Jinhua Jinyi Powerlong Plaza (金華金義寶龍廣場)	September 2023	Jinhua	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	122,926	90,355	-	32,571
64	(金牛並或愛居加爾) Xuzhou Hexin Powerlong Plaza (徐州和信寶龍廣場)	September 2023	Xuzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Net earning sharing	197,251	80,931	-	116,320
65	Jingdezhen Powerlong Plaza (景德鎮寶龍廣場)	October 2023	Jingdezhen	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	129,209	80,000	19,209	30,000
66	(环境)(实真能成场) Pizhou Powerlong Plaza (邳州寶龍廣場)	December 2023	Xuzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	129,514	90,000	-	39,514
	Sub-total						8,758,724	5,289,132	692,378	2,777,214

No.	Name of Project	Opening Date	City	Geographic Region	Source of Project	Management Model	Total GFA	Shopping Mall	Commercial Street	Car Park
		month-year								(sq.m.)
Douro	rlong Land									
ruwei 1	Taicang Powerlong Land (太倉寶龍天地)	March 2007	Suzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	25,476	_	25,476	_
2	Hangzhou Xiasha Powerlong Land	November 2014	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Sublease	39,039	_	28,839	10,200
2	(杭州下沙寶龍天地)		Hungzhou		militariy	Jubicasc	00,000		20,000	10,200
3	Shanghai Huaxin Powerlong Land (上海華新寶龍天地)	December 2015	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	51,113	-	24,447	26,666
4	Dongying Powerlong Land (東營寶龍天地)	September 2016	Dongying	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	79,514	-	51,649	27,865
5	Haiyang Powerlong Land (海陽寶龍天地)	June 2017	Yantai	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	39,108	-	37,470	1,638
6	Huai'an Powerlong Land (淮安寶龍天地)	July 2017	Huai'an	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	93,384	-	82,827	10,558
7	Jinhua Pan'an Powerlong Land (金華磐安寶龍天地)	September 2021	Jinhua	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Advisory consultation	33,649	-	31,479	2,170
8	Zhoushan Dinghai Powerlong Land (舟山定海寶龍天地)	November 2021	Zhoushan	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	28,100	-	16,100	12,000
9	Xiamen Jiangjunci (廈門將軍祠)	December 2021	Xiamen	Others	Third Party	Sublease	6,470	-	6,470	-
10	Xiamen Tangbian Powerlong Land (廈門塘邊寶龍天地)	December 2022	Xiamen	Others	Third Party	Sublease	28,475	-	28,475	-
11	Zhoushan Putuo Powerlong Land (舟山普陀寶龍天地)	June 2023	Zhoushan	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	92,100	-	40,800	51,300
12	Xiamen Yuanboyuan Powerlong Land (廈門園博苑寶龍天地)	July 2023	Xiamen	Others	Third Party	Sublease	14,705	-	14,705	-
13	Xiamen Wenzao Powerlong Land (廈門文灶寶龍天地)	December 2023	Xiamen	Others	Third Party	Sublease	17,110	-	17,110	-
	Sub-total						548,243	-	405,847	142,396
Powe	rlong Xinghui									
1	Jiashan Xingyuecheng (嘉善星悦城)	October 2014	Jiaxing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Sublease	35,000	35,000	_	-
2	Xingyue • Xicheng Plaza (星悦•西城廣場)	October 2017	Taizhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Sublease	38,100	33,000	-	5,100
3	Anji • Henglong Dadao (安吉•恒隆大道)	September 2018	Huzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Advisory consultation	54,873	-	39,873	15,000
4	Xingyue • Xiuhuli (星悦•繡湖里)	May 2019	Yiwu	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Advisory consultation	63,000	48,000	-	15,000
5	Ningbo Laowaitan (寧波老外灘)	June 2021	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Advisory consultation	114,000	-	114,000	-
6	Xianghu Slow Living Cultural Tourism Street Zone (湘湖慢生活文旅街區)	June 2022	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Advisory consultation	27,836	-	27,836	-
7	Hangzhou Fuyang Dongfangmao Commercial (杭州富陽東方茂商業)	June 2022	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Entrusted management	119,890	78,853	-	41,037
8	Jindi Xinglong City (金帝星隆城)	September 2022	Shaoxing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Entrusted management	86,000	86,000	-	-
9	Dexing Yufan Powerlong Plaza (德興雨帆寶龍廣場)	December 2022	Shangrao	Others	Third Party	Entrusted management	45,899	37,113	-	8,786
10	Haiyan Beidajie (海鹽北大街)	June 2023	Jiaxing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Entrusted management	55,570	-	35,630	19,940
11	Tiantai Cultural Center Powerlong Land (天台文化中心寶龍天地)	July 2023	Taizhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Entrusted management	18,227	-	18,227	=
12	Shaoxing Guchengbei (紹興古城北)	November 2023	Shaoxing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Advisory consultation	61,549	-	61,549	-
	Sub-total						719,944	317,966	297,115	104,863

The table below sets forth average occupancy rate and GFA in operation of retail commercial properties as at 31 December 2023 by brands.

	Average occupancy As of 31 Decembr		
Product category	2023	2022	GFA in operation
	%	%	(000' sq. m.)
Powerlong One Mall (寶龍一城)	98.9	98.5	171
Powerlong City (寶龍城)	97.7	98.4	574
Powerlong Plaza (寶龍廣場)	90.6	92.2	8,759
Powerlong Land (寶龍天地)	90.7	92.5	548
Powerlong Xinghui (寶龍星匯)	91.8	92.3	720
Total	91.2	92.6	10,772

(1) Occupancy rate is calculated as actual leased area divided by available lease area of a retail commercial property as of the end of each relevant period based on internal record. The occupancy rate only applies to retail commercial properties for which the Group has provided tenant sourcing services and may be higher or lower in different periods within one year.

Newly Contracted Projects

The Group's retail property projects newly contracted for during the year ended 31 December 2023 are shown in the following table:

No	Name of Project	City	Geographic Region	Manager	Management Model	Expected GFA
						(sq.m.,
Fro	m independent third parties:					
	Taicang Powerlong Plaza					
1	(太倉寶龍廣場)	Taicang	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong CM	Net earning sharing	70,000
	Shengzhou Powerlong Plaza					
2	(嵊州寶龍廣場)	Shengzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong CM	Net earning sharing	159,338
3	Shangrao Shuinanjie (上饒水南街)	Shangrao	Others	Powerlong Xinghui	Advisory consultation	158,000
4	Shaoxing Guchengbei (紹興古城北)	Shaoxing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Xinghui	Advisory consultation	61,549

Pipeline Projects

Retail commercial property projects planning for opening in 2024 are as follows:

No.	Name of Project	Opening Date ⁽¹⁾	City	Geographic Region	Source of Project	Management Model	Expected GFA
	· ·	month-year					(sq.m.)
Pow	erlong Plaza						
1	- Taizhou Duqiao Powerlong Plaza (台州杜橋寶龍廣場)	January 2024	Taizhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Sublease	67,990
2	Hangzhou Gongshu Powerlong Plaza (杭州拱墅寶龍廣場)	June 2024	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	98,264
3	Yuyao Powerlong Plaza (余姚寶龍廣場)	September 2024	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	65,915
4	Ningbo Jiangbei Powerlong Plaza (寧波江北寶龍廣場)	December 2024	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	109,716
5	Zhuhai Jinwan Powerlong Plaza (珠海金灣寶龍廣場)	December 2024	Zhuhai	Pearl River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	70,000
6	Nanjing Jiangning Powerlong Plaza (南京江寧寶龍廣場)	December 2024	Nanjing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	146,788
7	Shanghai Fengfa Powerlong Plaza (上海奉發寶龍廣場)	December 2024	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	83,550
8	Jiyuan Powerlong Plaza (濟源寶龍廣場)	December 2024	Jiyuan	Others	Third Party	Net earning sharing	90,000
9	Shengzhou Powerlong Plaza (嵊州寶龍廣場)	December 2024	Shengzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Net earning sharing	159,338
	Sub-total						891,561
Pow	erlong Xinghui						
1	Yueqing Powerlong Plaza (樂清寶龍廣場)	January 2024	Yueqing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Entrusted management	56,000
2	Wenzhou Yueqing Street Zone Commercial Project (溫州樂清街區商業項目)	May 2024	Yueqing	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Entrusted management	62,000
3	Shangrao Shuinanjie (上饒水南街)	July 2024	Shangrao	Others	Third Party	Advisory consultation	158,000
	Sub-total						276,000
	Total						1,167,561

⁽¹⁾ Opening dates of all the projects are estimated dates. Actual opening dates are subject to project progress.

Retail commercial property projects planning for opening in and after 2025 are as follows:

No.	Name of Project	City	Geographic Region	Source of Project	Management Model	Expected GFA
						(sq.m.)
1	Ningbo Powerlong One Mall (寧波寶龍一城)	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	190,100
2	Nanchang Powerlong One Mall (南昌寶龍一城)	Nanchang	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	142,145
3	Yangzhou Guangling Powerlong City (揚州廣陵寶龍城)	Yangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	89,700
4	Nanjing Xuanwu Powerlong City (南京玄武寶龍城)	Nanjing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	127,591
5	Nanjing Jiangbei Powerlong City (南京江北寶龍城)	Nanjing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	121,500
6	Wuhan Xinzhou Powerlong Plaza (武漢新洲寶龍廣場)	Wuhan	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	142,655
7	Wuyishan Powerlong Plaza (武夷山寶龍廣場)	Nanping	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	67,633
8	Nanjing Liuhe Powerlong Plaza (南京六合寶龍廣場)	Nanjing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	141,939
9	Changshu Powerlong Plaza (常熟寶龍廣場)	Suzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	100,300
10	Zhuhai Beizhan Powerlong Plaza (珠海北站寶龍廣場)	Zhuhai	Pearl River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	80,000
11	Bozhou Powerlong Plaza (亳州寶龍廣場)	Bozhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	211,730
12	Cangnan Powerlong Plaza (蒼南寶龍廣場)	Wenzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	100,000
13	Nanjing Jingkai Powerlong Plaza (南京經開寶龍廣場)	Nanjing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	104,000
14	Nanjing Qixia Powerlong Plaza (南京栖霞寶龍廣場)	Nanjing	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	150,000
15	Yongtai Powerlong Plaza (永泰寶龍廣場)	Fuzhou	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	62,000
16	Chuzhou Powerlong Plaza (滁州寶龍廣場)	Chuzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	70,000
17	Xuancheng Powerlong Plaza (宣城寶龍廣場)	Xuancheng	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	124,289
18	Dongying Powerlong Plaza (東營寶龍廣場)	Dongying	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	133,720
19	Zhongshan Powerlong Plaza (中山寶龍廣場)	Zhongshan	Pearl River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	100,000
20	Wuxi Xinwu Powerlong Plaza (無錫新吳寶龍廣場)	Wuxi	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	174,180
21	Wuhan Qiaokou Powerlong Plaza (武漢礄口寶龍廣場)	Wuhan	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	135,300
22	Chongqing Wanzhou Powerlong Plaza (重慶萬州寶龍廣場)	Chongqing	Others	Third Party	Entrusted management	80,000
23	Huzhou Xinyuan Powerlong Plaza (湖州鑫遠寶龍廣場)	Huzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Net earning sharing	80,000
24	Xiangtang Powerlong Plaza (香塘寶龍廣場)	Taicang	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Net earning sharing	70,000
25	Xiangshan Powerlong Land (象山寶龍天地)	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	11,118
26	Shanghai Jiading Powerlong Land (上海嘉定寶龍天地)	Shanghai	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	21,600
27	Ningbo Wenchuanggang Powerlong Land (寧波文創港寶龍天地)	Ningbo	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	44,900
28	Taizhou Luqiao Powerlong Land (台州路橋寶龍天地)	Taizhou	Yangtze River Delta	Powerlong Real Estate	Advisory consultation	56,321
29	Fuding Powerlong Land (福鼎寶龍天地)	Fuding	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Agency for tenant sourcing	9,411
30	Jiaozhou Powerlong Land (膠州寶龍天地)	Qingdao	Others	Powerlong Real Estate	Entrusted management	23,415
31	Lin'an IN Alley (臨安IN巷)	Hangzhou	Yangtze River Delta	Third Party	Advisory consultation	27,700

2,993,248

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the total revenue of the Group's residential property management services business segment amounted to approximately RMB498.4 million, representing an increase of 1.5% from RMB491.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2022; and the Group had GFA delivered of approximately 21.1 million sq.m., representing an increase of 1.7 million sq.m. from 19.4 million sq.m. for the corresponding period of 2022; 109 delivered projects, representing an increase of 17 projects from 92 projects for the corresponding period of 2022; and contracted GFA of approximately 31.2 million sq.m., representing an increase of 0.5 million sq.m. from 30.7 million sq.m. for the corresponding period of 2022.

The table below sets forth a breakdown of the aggregate GFA delivered as at the dates indicated and our revenue generated from the residential property management service segment for the years indicated by geographic region:

		As of/For the year ended 31 December						
		2023			2022			
	Contracted GFA	GFA delivered	C. Revenue	Contracted GFA	GFA delivered	Revenue		
		sq.m.		sq.m.	sq.m.	RMB		
			(in thou	sands)				
Yangtze River Delta ⁽¹⁾	20,664	11,616	324,627	19,253	9,620	307,871		
Pearl River Delta ⁽²⁾	559	389	14,684	559	79	6,161		
Others ⁽³⁾	9,984	9,104	159,045	10,877	9,728	176,946		
Total	31,207	21,109	498,356	30,689	19,427	490,978		

Notes:

(1) Comprises Shanghai Municipality, Zhejiang Province, Jiangsu Province and Anhui Province.

(2) Comprises Guangdong Province.

(3) Comprises cities except those mentioned in (1) and (2) above.

WORK PLAN FOR YEAR 2024

In retrospect, during the year 2023, as the haze of the pandemic dissipated, social operations were back on track. China's overall economy showed a sustained recovery and positive trend. The annual gross domestic product (GDP) increased by 5.2% year-on-year. Since 2023, various policies and measures to expand domestic demand have been implemented and domestic demand potential has been unleashed, with the pulling effect of consumption on economic growth significantly strengthened. Service-oriented consumption has driven the marginal recovery of the economy. The total annual social retail consumption for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to nearly RMB47 trillion, representing a year-on-year increase of 7.2%. The total volume reached a record high.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The Group has always been committed to the fine operation of shopping centres and the creation of diversified offline consumption scenarios. In 2023, the Group completed the opening of 4 Powerlong Plazas and 6 street-zone projects. Jinhua Jinyi Powerlong Plaza is the seventh project under the Group's layout in Jinhua. Xuzhou Hexin Powerlong Plaza is the Group's debut project in Xuzhou and as a third-party asset-light inventory project, took only one year from contract signing to opening. Jingdezhen Powerlong Plaza, as the Group's first project in Jiangxi, is the only city-level shopping centre with an area of over 210,000 sq.m. in Jiangxi. The opening of Pizhou Powerlong Plaza, as the last project of the year, fills the gap of high-quality business in the city. Looking ahead to 2024, the Group will adhere to the strategic layout of "Focusing on the Yangtze River Delta and undertaking simultaneous development in South China", and further deepen its presence. The Group will take "Reduction of Speed and Improvement of Quality" as its next development strategy, focusing on operations and improving the quality of its projects and continuously strengthening the Group's brand strength. In 2024, the Group will focus on the following tasks:

(I) Undertaking fine operation

As of 31 December 2023, the aggregate GFA in operation amounted to 10.8 million sq.m. and the aggregate contracted GFA amounted to 15.1 million sq.m., further solidifying the Group's leading position in the industry. In 2024, with a focus on project operation, the Group will optimize the business structure, adjust product brands, and create commercial space that can provide emotional value through four major revenue enhancement initiatives, namely, increasing occupancy rate, adjusting stores with expiration of tenancy, improving the income of low-rent projects, and restructuring and revamping of the anchor stores, and while comprehensively enhancing operational indicators such as rental level, customer flow, sales scale and collection rate, will at the same time focus on satisfaction, reputation and brand power of the projects.

(II) Enhancing branding

With the full-year marketing strategy under the theme of "Four Seasons of POWERLONG" released in March 2023, the Group launched a series of branding campaigns based on the elements of the four seasons. "Powerlong Four Seasons" campaign started in Spring, "POWERLONG-ING" campaign completed in Autumn and "Annual Business Conference" was grandly organized in Winter. In 2024, "Powerlong Four Seasons" will continue to be the main theme throughout the year, creating iconic branding campaigns dedicated to the Group. With the successful experience of the previous campaigns, the influence of the Group's branding campaigns steadily increased. By virtue of strong alliances with external resources, ranging from Tencent to Douyin (a video app that allows users to create videos to express themselves and record a good life), and from membership operations to social community alliances, the public domain traffic resources were further expanded, and the Group's value ecosystem was steadily built up at the same time.

(III) Setting benchmarks

Throughout the year 2023, the Group had 4 newly contracted projects and newly contracted GFA of approximately 450,000 sq.m., all from thirdparty asset-light projects. In 2024, we envisage that the Group will have 12 new openings of projects of approximately 1,170,000 sq.m. in total, and we will get well-prepared to deliver openings. We will implement classification management under the approach of "further developing assets and enhancing value" for the projects in operation, and ensure the freshness of the projects through undertaking targeted upgrading of tenant attraction for individual projects that have been opened for a relatively long period of time, so as to create more industry benchmarks. In addition, asset-light development will remain one of the Group's key sources of incremental projects in the future. We will prioritize the quality of thirdparty projects and strive to acquire no less than 500,000 sq.m. of new area under management.

(IV) Emphasizing appraisal

We will focus on the target of "cost reduction and efficiency enhancement", and continue to enhance per capita efficiency and strengthen the appraisal of our business teams, while focusing on the revitalization and endogenous strength of our talent echelon. We will complete the transition of the team to revitalization by activating the "YOUNG Program" to embrace business development in the new era through the selection of young leaders. We will continue to recruit and cultivate talents, and regularly conduct special training for project general managers and incentivize internal talents growing. At the same time, we will combine the comprehensive coverage of the digitalized system to devise a databacked and intelligent system for appraising the individuals. We will enhance the efficiency of online approval process, optimize organizational efficiency and strive to be a first-class business operation team in the industry.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

For the year ended 31 December 2023, due to the Group's ongoing business expansion, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately RMB2,635.7 million, representing an increase of approximately 3.4% as compared with approximately RMB2,549.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Group's revenue indicated by business segment and type of service are as follows:

	For the year ended 31 December					
	2023		2022			
-	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%		
Commercial Operational Services						
Market research and positioning, business tenant						
sourcing and opening preparation services	100,019	3.8	177,743	7.0		
Commercial operation and management services	1,860,861	70.6	1,735,794	68.1		
Commercial property lease income	176,510	6.7	144,743	5.7		
	2,137,390	81.1	2,058,280	80.8		
Residential Property Management Services						
Pre-sale management services	9,160	0.3	25,455	1.0		
Property management services	376,162	14.3	368,159	14.4		
Other value-added services	113,034	4.3	97,364	3.8		
	498,356	18.9	490,978	19.2		
Total	2,635,746	100	2,549,258	100		

Management Discussion and Analysis

Market research and positioning, business tenant sourcing and opening preparation services

The Group's market research and positioning, business tenant sourcing and opening preparation services primarily include (i) market research and positioning services; and (ii) business tenant sourcing and opening preparation services, provided to property developers or property owners before the opening of a retail commercial property.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's revenue from market research and positioning, business tenants sourcing and opening preparation services amounted to approximately RMB100.0 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 43.7% and accounting for approximately 3.8% of the Group's total revenue.

The decrease in the revenue from market research and positioning, business tenants sourcing and opening preparation services was primarily due to the fact that the Group provided market research and positioning, business tenant sourcing and opening preparation services with respect to less retail commercial properties compared to the corresponding period in 2022.

Commercial operation and management services

The Group's commercial operation and management services primarily include (i) retail commercial property management services; (ii) tenant management and rent collection services; and (iii) other value-added services, provided to property owners or tenants.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's revenue from commercial operation and management services amounted to approximately RMB1,860.9 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 7.2% and accounting for approximately 70.6% of the Group's total revenue.

The increase in the revenue from commercial operation and management services was primarily driven by the increase in the aggregate GFA in operation and the improvement in operational capability.

Commercial property lease income

The Group provides property leasing services with respect to units located within shopping streets and shopping malls. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's revenue derived from property leasing services amounted to approximately RMB176.5 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 21.9% and accounting for approximately 6.7% of total revenue.

The increase in the revenue from commercial property lease income was primarily attributable to the increase in the lease income of sublease projects.

Residential Property Management Services

The Group's residential property management services primarily include (i) pre-sale management services to property developers during their pre-sale activities, such as cleaning, security and maintenance services for pre-sale display units and sales offices; (ii) property management services such as security, cleaning, gardening and repair and maintenance services to property owners or property owners' associations at the post-delivery stages; and (iii) other value-added services such as pre-delivery preparation and trash handling services, common area, advertising space and car park management services to property owners, tenants or residents of the Group's managed properties.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's revenue from residential property management services amounted to approximately RMB498.4 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 1.5% and accounting for approximately 18.9% of total revenue.

The increase in the revenue from provision of residential property management services was primarily attributable to the improvement of service quality and the increase in the number of projects under management services.

Revenue indicated by type of customers is as follows:

	For the year ended 31 December					
	2023		2022			
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%		
Commercial Operational Services						
Fellow subsidiaries	315,139	12.0	362,177	14.2		
Other related parties	20,650	0.8	22,827	0.9		
External customers	1,801,601	68.3	1,673,276	65.7		
	2,137,390	81.1	2,058,280	80.8		
Residential Property Management Services						
Fellow subsidiaries	53,174	2.0	77,428	3.0		
Other related parties	4,055	0.2	15,902	0.6		
External customers	441,127	16.7	397,648	15.6		
	498,356	18.9	490,978	19.2		
Total	2,635,746	100	2,549,258	100		

Revenue derived from external customers represents the largest source of the Group's revenue. For the year ended 31 December 2023, revenue derived from external customers was approximately RMB2,242.7 million, representing approximately 85.0% of the Group's total revenue.

Revenue indicated by geographic regions is as follows:

	For the year ended 31 December				
	2023		2022		
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	
Commercial Operational Services					
Yangtze River Delta	1,541,990	58.5	1,476,368	57.9	
Pearl River Delta	31,187	1.2	42,514	1.7	
Others	564,213	21.4	539,398	21.2	
	2,137,390	81.1	2,058,280	80.8	
Residential Property Management Services					
Yangtze River Delta	324,627	12.3	307,871	12.1	
Pearl River Delta	14,684	0.6	6,161	0.2	
Others	159,045	6.0	176,946	6.9	
	498,356	18.9	490,978	19.2	
Total	2,635,746	100	2,549,258	100	

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's commercial operational properties and residential management properties were primarily located in the Yangtze River Delta region.

Selling and marketing expenses

The Group's selling and marketing expenses mainly include promoting and advertising expenses.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the selling and marketing expenses of the Group amounted to approximately RMB78.6 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 44.0%. This was mainly due to the increase in sales promotion activities.

Administrative expenses

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's total administrative expenses amounted to approximately RMB222.9 million, representing a year-onyear increase of 4.1%. This was mainly due to the increase in business scale.

Cost of services

The cost of services primarily include: (i) employees and other labour costs; (ii) depreciation expenses; (iii) utility expenses; (iv) variable lease payments; (v) short-term lease expenditure; (vi) taxes and other levies; and (vii) other miscellaneous costs.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's cost of services was approximately RMB1,748.7 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 2.0%. Such increase in cost of services was in line with the Group's business expansion.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The gross profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB887.0 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 6.3%. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the gross profit margin of the Group was 33.7%, representing an increase of 1.0 percentage point as compared to 32.7% for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The gross profit of commercial operational services for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB760.6 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 7.0%. The gross profit margin of the Group's commercial operational services for the year ended 31 December 2023 was 35.6%, representing an increase of 1.1 percentage points as compared to 34.5% for the year ended 31 December 2022, primarily due to the business growth and excellent cost control of the Group.

The gross profit of residential property management services for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB126.4 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 2.2%. The gross profit margin of the Group's residential property management services for the year ended 31 December 2023 was 25.4%, representing an increase of 0.2 percentage point as compared to 25.2% for the year ended 31 December 2022, primarily due to the continued expansion of the residential property area for which the Group has delivered residential property management services, the increase in the number of contracts with residents and the optimization of the Group's revenue structure.

The Group's gross profit and gross profit margin by segment are as follows:

	For the year ended 31 December					
	2023	2022				
	Gross profit	Gross profit margin	Gross profit	Gross profit margin		
		%		%		
Commercial operational services	760,631	35.6	710,711	34.5		
Residential property management services	126,390	25.4	123,711	25.2		
Total	887,021	33.7	834,422	32.7		

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group further fostered the project-regionalized integrated management. Meanwhile through technological upgrade and empowerment, the Group laid a sound foundation for increasing the gross profit of its business in the upcoming years.

Other income and other gains - net

The Group's net other income and other gains mainly comprised the various subsidies income from local governments and the forfeited deposits from tenants due to their premature termination of contracts. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's net other income and other gains amounted to approximately RMB55.7 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 29.5%. This was mainly due to the decrease in penalty income received during the year.

Impairment losses on financial assets - net

The Group's net impairment losses on financial assets mainly include the loss allowance made in respect of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's net impairment losses on financial assets amounted to approximately RMB48.3 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 72.9%. This was mainly due to the fact that based on the principle of prudence, the Group performed impairment tests on the carrying amount of trade receivables and other receivables, and made reasonable impairment provision.

Finance income/(costs) - net

The Group's net finance income/(costs) mainly include interest expense for lease liabilities and net interest income from bank deposits.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's net finance income amounted to approximately RMB19.1 million as compared to the net finance costs of approximately RMB4.3 million for the corresponding period in 2022. This was primarily attributable to the increase in interest income from bank deposits.

Income tax expenses

The Group's income tax expenses mainly comprise PRC corporate income tax. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the effective income tax rate was 26.0%, representing a decrease of 2.4 percentage points as compared to 28.4% for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Profit for the year

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's profit attributable to Shareholders was approximately RMB453.0 million, representing an increase of 2.2% from approximately RMB443.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Operating lease and trade receivables

The Group's operating lease and trade receivables primarily arise from property leasing services for units located within shopping malls and shopping streets as well as the provision of various services by the Group's commercial operational services segment and residential property management services segment. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's operating lease and trade receivables were approximately RMB412.4 million, representing an increase of 77.4% as compared to that of approximately RMB232.5 million as at 31 December 2022, primarily attributable to the Group's business growth.

Prepayments and other receivables

The Group's prepayments and other receivables primarily represent utility fees prepaid to the power supply bureaus, payments on behalf of tenants and residents and deposit prepayment for business purposes. As at 31 December 2023, prepayments and other receivables amounted to approximately RMB328.9 million, representing a decrease of 45.0% as compared with approximately RMB597.8 million as at 31 December 2022. Such decrease was primarily attributable to the receipt of deposit for the exclusive sales right.

Trade and other payables

The Group's trade and other payables primarily represent amounts due to suppliers/subcontractors for the purchase of services and goods and amounts due to related parties, cash received on behalf of tenants or residents, deposits received from tenants or residents and others. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade and other payables amounted to approximately RMB1,097.4 million, representing an increase of 0.3% as compared with approximately RMB1,094.1 million as at 31 December 2022. This was primarily attributable to the expansion of the Group's business scale.

Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities mainly represent advance payments made by the customers of the Group's commercial operational services and residential property management services. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's contract liabilities were approximately RMB301.0 million, representing an increase of 31.3% as compared with that as at 31 December 2022. This was primarily attributable to the expansion of the Group's business scale.

Pledge of assets

As at 31 December 2023, none of the Group's assets were pledged (31 December 2022: Nil).

Contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (31 December 2022: Nil).

Liquidity and capital resources

The Company has maintained stable financial condition and sufficient liquidity. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's cash and bank balances amounted to approximately RMB3,881.9 million, representing an increase of 12.4% as compared with approximately RMB3,452.7 million as at 31 December 2022. This was primarily attributable to the Group's stepped up efforts in collection.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not have any interest-bearing borrowings (31 December 2022: Nil).

Cashflow from operating activities

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's net cash generated from operating activities amounted to approximately RMB486.8 million, representing an increase of 69.6% compared to approximately RMB287.1 million for the corresponding period of 2022. This was primarily attributable to the Group's stepped up efforts in collection.

Gearing ratio

Gearing ratio is calculated based on total liabilities as at the corresponding date divided by total assets as at the same date. As at 31 December 2023, gearing ratio was 0.46 (31 December 2022: 0.48).

Foreign exchange risk

The Group's businesses are principally conducted in RMB and the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is minimal. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had not entered into any forward exchange contract to hedge its exposure to foreign exchange risk.

As at 31 December 2023, major non-RMB assets and liabilities of the Group were cash and bank balances denominated in US dollar ("**US\$**") and Hong Kong dollar ("**HK\$**"). Fluctuation of the exchange rate of RMB against US\$ and HK\$ could affect the Group's results of operations. The Group closely monitors the fluctuations in exchange rate and will consider hedging its exposure to foreign exchange risk as and when appropriate.

USE OF NET PROCEEDS

(i) Use of Net Proceeds from the Initial Public Offering and Over Allotment

The Company raised net proceeds of (i) approximately HK\$1,380.5 million from the initial public offering, and (ii) approximately HK\$208.0 million from exercising the over-allotment option on 22 January 2020 (collectively, the "**Net IPO Proceeds**"). As set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 16 December 2019 (the "**Prospectus**"), the Company intended to use the Net IPO Proceeds for the purposes as follows: (i) approximately 50% of the Net IPO Proceeds will be used to pursue strategic acquisitions of other small to medium-sized commercial operational service providers in order to scale up its commercial operational service business and expand its commercial operational service portfolio; (ii) approximately 25% of the Net IPO Proceeds will be used to upgrade the information technology systems for digitization and smart operational efficiency; (iii) approximately 10% of the Net IPO Proceeds will be used to make equity investment in certain tenants with an aim of establishing close strategic cooperation with them; (iv) approximately 5% of the Net IPO Proceeds will be used for the renovation of retail commercial properties developed or owned by independent third parties under the asset-light business model; and (v) approximately 10% of the Net IPO Proceeds will be used for the Group.

On 30 June 2023, the Company revised the use of unutilised Net IPO Proceeds. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 30 June 2023.

(ii) Use of Net Proceeds from Subscription

Reference is made to the proceeds of approximately HK\$273.4 million (the "**Subscription Proceeds**") from the subscription of 11,250,000 new shares of the Company by Mr. Chen Deli, an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company, details of which are set out in the Company's announcement dated 10 September 2020 and the Company's circular dated 6 November 2020.

On 30 June 2023, the Company revised the use of unutilised Subscription Proceeds. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 30 June 2023.

The use of net proceeds as stated in (i) and (ii) above are set out in the section headed "Report of the Directors – Use of Net Proceeds" on pages 66 to 68 of this annual report.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Group believes that the expertise, experience and professional development of the employees contribute to the growth of the Group. The human resources department of the Company manages, trains and hires employees. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 5,798 (2022: 5,726) employees. The total staff costs of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB882.2 million (2022: approximately RMB857.6 million). The Group believes in the importance of attraction, recruitment and retention of quality employees in achieving the Group's success. Our success depends on our ability to attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel. As part of our retention strategy, the Group offers employees performance-based cash bonuses and other incentives in addition to base salaries. The Group also participates in various employee social security plans for its employees, including housing provident fund, pension, medical insurance, social insurance and unemployment insurance. In relation to staff training, the Group provides different types of programs for its staff to improve their skills and develop their respective expertise. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not experience any significant labour disputes or any difficulty in recruiting employees.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Use of Net Proceeds" of this report, the Company has not authorised any plan for other material investments or acquisition of capital assets as at the date of this report.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Save as disclosed in this report, the Group did not hold any significant investments and did not conduct any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Directors and Senior Management

The board of directors of the Company currently consists of two executive Directors, three non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors.

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Hoi Wa Fong (許華芳), aged 46, joined the Group in February 2013. Mr. Hoi was appointed as a Director on 25 March 2019, and was redesignated as an executive Director and appointed as the chairman of the Board on 8 August 2019. He is responsible for overseeing business development, formulation and implementation of business strategies, including acquisition plans and corporate finance of the Group. Mr. Hoi currently holds directorships in various subsidiaries of the Group.

Mr. Hoi has over 20 years of experience in the real estate industry. From October 1999 to October 2001, Mr. Hoi worked as the deputy general manager of Xiamen Powerlong Decoration Design Works Co., Ltd. (廈門寶龍裝飾設計工程有限公司), an interior decoration and design company owned by Powerlong Holdings, where he was primarily responsible for human resources, financial management and cost control. From October 2001 to December 2003, Mr. Hoi worked as the deputy general manager of Xiamen Powerlong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (廈門寶龍房地產發展有限公司), a real estate development company controlled by Mr. Hoi Kin Hong, one of the controlling shareholders (as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules")) of the Company (the "Controlling Shareholders"), where he was primarily responsible for financial and daily operation. From December 2003 to August 2009, Mr. Hoi worked as the vice president and was subsequently promoted as the chief vice president of Powerlong Group Development, a real estate development company controlled by Mr. Hoi Kin Hong, one of the Controlling Shareholders, where he was primarily responsible for the overall management of business operation. Since July 2007 and August 2009, he has been the executive director and chief executive officer of Powerlong Holdings, respectively, where he is primarily responsible for the overall management of the business operation. He was awarded various honors and awards, including Annual Leader in the Real Estate Industry in the PRC, Most Influential People in the Real Estate Industry in the PRC, Outstanding Individual Among Returned Overseas Chinese and Family Members, Top 10 Gold-Medal CEO of China Real Estate Listed Companies (中國房地產上市公司十大金牌CEO), TOP 30 CEO in the Real Estate Industry in China (中國地產年度CEO 30強), China Commercial Real Estate Industry Outstanding Contribution Award (中國商業地產行業傑出貢獻獎), China Real Estate Achiever (中國房 地產功勛人物), China Commercial Property Industry Leader (中國商業地產行業領軍人物), Achiever in Fostering the Building of Socialism with Chinese Characteristics (促進中國特色社會主義建設功勛人物), and so forth.

Mr. Hoi is a member of the tenth All-China Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese, a director of China Overseas Friendship Association, the vice chairman of Real Estate Chamber of Commerce of National Federation of Industry and Commerce, a standing committee member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference for the city of Shanghai, the vice-chairman of the Fujian Youth Federation, and a council member of Fudan University. He graduated from the school of management of Xiamen University (廈門大學) in the PRC, where he obtained a bachelor's degree in business management in July 2003. He also obtained an executive master of business administration (EMBA) degree from Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business (長江商學院) in the PRC in October 2007. He obtained his doctor of business administration (DBA) from Singapore Management University (新加坡管理大學) in June 2021.

Mr. Hoi is the son of Mr. Hoi Kin Hong and Ms. Wong Lai Chan, and he is the spouse of Ms. Shih Sze Ni Cecilia, all being the Controlling Shareholders. Mr. Hoi is also the brother of Ms. Hoi Wa Fan and the cousin of Ms. Hoi Wa Lam, both our non-executive Directors.

Mr. Chen Deli (陳德力), aged 50, has joined the Group as a chief executive officer since 1 June 2020 and was appointed as an executive Director on 15 June 2020. He was a director and co-president of Seazen Holdings Co., Ltd. (新城控股集團股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601155.SH) during the period from August 2016 to March 2020. From August 2010 to July 2016, Mr. Chen assumed various positions, among which including as an executive deputy general manager of the commercial management operational center of Dalian Wanda Commercial Real Estate Co., Ltd. (大連萬達商業地產股份有限公司), vice president as well as general manager and executive vice president of the merchants center as well as general manager of operational center of Dalian Wanda Business Management Group Co., Ltd. (大連萬達商業管理集團股份有限公司) and vice president as well as executive vice president of the business management forup Co., Ltd. (大連萬達商業管理集團股份有限公司) and vice president as well as executive vice president of the business management headquarters and general manager of the integrated management center of Dalian Wanda Commercial Real Estate Co., Ltd. (大連萬達商業也產股份有限公司) in the PRC. From June 2006 to August 2010, he served as a general manager of Singapore CapitaLand Capital Commercial China (新加坡嘉德置地凱德商用中國區域). For the period from September 2001 to May 2006, he was a general manager of Sichuan Huali Group Shunyuan Commercial Real Estate Company (四川華立集團舜苑商業地產公司). From September 1997 to September 2001, he served as a general manager of Singapore Yilai Group Wuhan Company (新加坡誼來集團武漢公司).

Mr. Chen obtained an executive master's degree in business administration (EMBA) from The Southwestern University of Finance and Economics (西南 財經大學) in Chengdu, Sichuan, the PRC in December 2013. He obtained a doctoral degree of business administration (DBA) from Audencia Business School in April 2022.

On 1 June 2020, Mr. Chen was also appointed as an associate president of Powerlong Holdings, a controlling shareholder of the Company, and the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1238.HK).

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Yunfeng (張雲峰), aged 47, joined the Group as the deputy general manager in March 2015 and has held senior positions in various business sectors of the Group, including the financial sector and operation management sector. Mr. Zhang was appointed as an executive Director and chief executive officer of the Company on 8 August 2019. Due to work allocation, Mr. Zhang was re-designated from the position of chief executive officer to chief financial officer on 1 June 2020, and remained as an executive Director. Due to other business commitments, Mr. Zhang was further redesignated as a non-executive Director and resigned as the chief financial officer of the Company on 29 March 2023.

Mr. Zhang has over 16 years of experience in the real estate industry. Prior to joining the Group, from July 2006 to October 2011, Mr. Zhang worked in Nanjing Qinghe Investment Group Co., Ltd. (南京青和投資集團有限公司), an investment company focusing on real estate investment, with his last position as the general manager of the financial management center, where he was primarily responsible for the management of finance, cost, investment and financing activities of the group. From January 2012 to October 2013, Mr. Zhang worked as the deputy general manager of Chengdu Jinniu Wanda Plaza Investment Co., Ltd. (成都金牛萬達廣場投資有限公司), a real estate development company, where he was primarily responsible for the management of finance and financing activities. From October 2013 to November 2014, Mr. Zhang worked as the general manager of the finance department of Wanda Commercial Management Group Co., Ltd. (萬達商業管理集團有限公司), a commercial operational service company, where he was primarily responsible for financial management. From November 2014 to March 2015, Mr. Zhang also worked as the group deputy manager and general manager of the finance department of Wanda Property Management Co., Ltd. (萬達物業管理有限公司), a property group management company, where he was primarily responsible for financial management and participating in material operational decision-making process.

Mr. Zhang obtained a bachelor's degree in management and a master's degree in accounting from Nanjing University (南京大學) in the PRC in July 2000 and February 2007, respectively. He obtained the qualification of intermediate accountant granted by the Ministry of Finance (the "**MOF**") in the PRC in May 2005. He was also employed as a part-time tutor for postgraduate students of master's degree in business administration by Nanjing University from December 2019 to December 2022.

Ms. Hoi Wa Fan (許華芬), aged 48, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 8 August 2019 and is responsible for providing guidance and formulation of strategies for the overall development of the Group. Since 2000, she has been the managing director of Nicole Boutique, a fashion brand concept store in Macau. Since December 2011, she has held the position of managing director of Ultra City Co., Ltd., a fashion retail company, where she has been primarily responsible for the overall management of business operation. Since April 2007, she has been the managing director of Pou Long Construction and Land Investment Company Limited (寶龍集團發展有限公司), a real estate development company controlled by Mr. Hoi Kin Hong, one of the Controlling Shareholders, where she is primarily responsible for the overall management of Powerlong Foundation (寶龍公益基金會). Since September 2009, Ms. Hoi Wa Fan has been the non-executive director of Powerlong Holdings, where she is primarily responsible for providing guidance and formulation of development strategies for the overall development of Powerlong Holdings.

Ms. Hoi Wa Fan is the daughter of Mr. Hoi Kin Hong and Ms. Wong Lai Chan, and she is the sister-in-law of Ms. Shih Sze Ni Cecilia, all being the Controlling Shareholders. Ms. Hoi is also the sister of Mr. Hoi Wa Fong, an executive Director of the Group and chairman of the Board, and the cousin of Ms. Hoi Wa Lam, a non-executive Director.

Ms. Hoi Wa Lam (許華琳), aged 39, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 8 August 2019 and is responsible for providing guidance and formulation of development strategies for the overall development of the Group. From June 2007 to April 2009, Ms. Hoi Wa Lam was the deputy general manager of Nicole Boutique, a fashion brand concept store in Macau, where she was primarily responsible for general administration and human resources. From November 2010 to June 2017, Ms. Hoi Wa Lam worked as the general manager of Shanghai Powerlong Huayun Art Development Co., Ltd. (上海寶龍華韻藝術發展有限公司), a cultural and art event planning and marketing company controlled by Mr. Hoi Kin Hong, one of the Controlling Shareholders, where she was primarily responsible for general management and business development. Since June 2017, she has been the head of cultural sector of Powerlong Holdings, where she is primarily responsible for the overall management and business development of the cultural sector of Powerlong Holdings. She was awarded various honors and awards, including Gold Star of Annual Focus People in National Art (《國家美術》 金星獎 ● 年度焦點人物) and TOP 100 most influential artist in the Art Power List in China for 2018 (2018年度中國藝術權力榜TOP100最具影 響力藝術人物).

Ms. Hoi Wa Lam graduated from the University of Macau (澳門大學), where she obtained a bachelor's degree in business administration in July 2008. She also obtained a master's degree in business administration from the University of Leicester in the United Kingdom in January 2011 and an executive master of business administration (EMBA) degree from Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大學) in the PRC in June 2018.

Ms. Hoi Wa Lam is the cousin of Mr. Hoi Wa Fong, an executive Director of the Group and chairman of the Board, and Ms. Hoi Wa Fan, our nonexecutive Director.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Lu Xiongwen (陸雄文), aged 58, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 10 December 2019 and is responsible for providing independent advice on the operations and management of the Group. Since July 1991, he has been engaged in teaching and research in Fudan University (復旦大學) in the PRC. He became an associate professor and a professor in Fudan University in July 1997 and May 1999, respectively. During the period from 1996 to 2006, he also held various positions including assistant dean, head of marketing, associate dean and executive associate dean of the school of management in Fudan University. Since August 2006, he has been the dean of the school of management in Fudan University.

Dr. Lu is currently an independent non-executive director of China Eastern Airlines Corporation Limited (中國東方航空股份有限公司) (stock code: 0670.HK), an airline service company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Dr. Lu is currently an independent non-executive director of Baoshan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. (寶山鋼鐵股份有限公司) (stock code: 600019.SH), an iron and steel smelting company whose shares are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. He is currently also an independent non-executive director of Morgan Stanley Huaxin Securities Co., Ltd. (摩根 士丹利華鑫證券有限責任公司), a joint venture company established by Morgan Stanley and Huaxin Securities and principally engaged in stocks underwriting and sponsoring, bonds issuance and proprietary trading, SPD Silicon Valley Bank Co., Ltd. (浦發硅谷銀行有限公司), a joint venture bank established by Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd. and Silicon Valley Bank, and Aegon-Industrial Fund Management Co., Ltd. (興證全球 基金管理有限公司), and an independent director of China Eastern Airlines Corporation Limited (stock code for A-shares: 600115.SH), a PRC company engaged in the provision of aviation transportation services whose shares are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. Dr. Lu was an independent non-executive director of Shanghai Jinqiao Export Processing Zone Development Co., Ltd. (上海金橋出口加工區開發股份有限公司) (stock code for A-shares: 900911.SH), a property development and management company for the Shanghai Jinqiao Export Processing Zone whose shares are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange from March 2016 to September 2022.

Dr. Lu obtained a bachelor's degree, a master's degree and a doctor's degree in economics from Fudan University (復旦大學) in the PRC in July 1988, July 1991 and January 1997, respectively.

Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella (伍綺琴), aged 67, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 10 December 2019 and is responsible for providing independent advice on the operations and management of the Group. From September 2005 to November 2007, she was an executive director of Hang Lung Properties Limited (stock code: 0101.HK), a real estate development company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Prior to her joining in Hang Lung Properties Limited, she worked as a senior vice president of the Stock Exchange. From January 2008 to April 2014, Ms. Ng was the chief financial officer of Country Garden Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 2007.HK), a real estate development company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Ms. Ng joined Tse Sui Luen Jewellery (International) Limited ("TSL") (stock code: 0417.HK), a jewelery company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. In July 2015 and is currently an executive director, the deputy chairman, the chief strategy officer, the chief financial officer and the company secretary of TSL. She is primarily responsible for group finance and other administrative functions as well as defining corporate strategies of TSL.

Ms. Ng is currently an independent non-executive director of Tianjin Development Holdings Limited (stock code: 0882.HK), a utilities, hotel, electrical and mechanical, strategic and other investments and pharmaceutical company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, Comba Telecom Systems Holdings Limited (stock code: 2342.HK), a solution and service provider of wireless and communication systems whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, CMGE Technology Group Limited (stock code: 0302.HK), a leading IP-based game operator whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, and KWG Living Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 3913.HK), a property management service provider whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, and KWG Living Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 0994.HK), a construction of CT Vision (International) Holdings Limited (formerly known as Win Win Way Construction Holdings Limited) (stock code: 0994.HK), a construction company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from July 2019 to June 2022. She served as an independent director of DS Healthcare Group, Inc. from May 2016 to May 2017, a healthcare company whose shares were listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market in the United States but were delisted in December 2016. She served as an independent non-executive director of China Mobile Games and Entertainment Group Limited (stock code: 2882.HK), a jewelery company whose shares are listed on the Main Board 2015. Ms. Ng served as an independent non-executive director of Hong Kong Resources Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 2882.HK), a jewelery company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from September 2013, Ms. Ng was an independent non-executive director of China Power Clean Energy Development Company Limited (stock code: 0735.HK), a clean energy development company which was delisted from the Stock Exchange in August 2019.

Directors and Senior Management

Ms. Ng is a qualified accountant and holds a master's degree in business administration from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in Hong Kong. She is an associate of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She is an elected member of Quality Tourism Services Association Governing Council (Retailer Category) with effect from 2 December 2019. She has also contributed her time to various public service appointments, including being a co-opted member of the audit committee of the Hospital Authority from December 2002 to November 2013.

Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald (陳惠仁), aged 44, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 10 December 2019 and is responsible for providing independent advice on the operations and management of the Group. Mr. Chan founded Chartwell Capital Limited, an investment management company, in October 2007 and is currently the chief investment officer. He has been its responsible officer for Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**") since November 2008 and February 2008, respectively. In March 2023, Mr. Chan was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Hong Kong Ferry (Holdings) Company Limited (香港小輪 (集團) 有限公司) (stock code: 0050.HK), a property investment company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. In August 2023, Mr. Chan was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Lee & Man Paper Manufacturing Limited (理文造紙有限公司) (stock code: 2314.HK), a manufacturer of containerboard and pulp whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. In January 2024, Mr. Chan was also appointed as a board member of the Hong Kong Financial Services Development Council. Mr. Chan was appointed by the Stock Exchange to serve as a member of the Listing Committee of the Main Board and GEM from July 2016 to July 2022. From December 2017 to December 2021, Mr. Chan was an independent non-executive director of Wine's Link International Holdings Limited (stock code: 8509.HK), a wine products company whose shares are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Chan obtained a bachelor of science's degree in finance and accounting from the Leonard and Stern School of Business at New York University in the United States in May 2002.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Tang Jianfeng (唐劍鋒), aged 46, joined the Group in May 2020 as a vice president of the Group in charge of the operation management center and investment management center. He is primarily responsible for the formulation and implementation of the business strategies, operational targets and investment operation of the Group, as well as participating in material operational decision-making process. Mr. Tang has more than 26 years of experience in the commercial property market. Prior to joining the Group, he served as the vice president of Future Land Commercial Management Holdings Co., Ltd. (新城商業管理集團有限公司) and the vice president and commercial group president of Linca Industry Group Co., Ltd. (利嘉實 業集團有限公司).

Mr. He Xuguang (賀旭光), aged 48, joined Powerlong Holdings as the deputy general manager of the financial management center of the company in February 2010, and also took up the role of general manager of the supervisory department of Powerlong Holdings. In November 2022, Mr. He was appointed as vice president of the Group and general manager of the financial management center. On 29 March 2023, Mr. He was appointed as the chief financial officer of the Company, mainly responsible for devising and implementing the Group's system of rights and responsibilities, business strategies and operational goals, as well as financial management, cost control and investment management.

Mr. He has over 16 years of experience in the real estate market. Prior to joining the Group, from October 2003 to March 2005, Mr. He was a researcher with the asset management department of Southwest Securities Co., Ltd., an asset management and operation company whose shares are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600369.SH), primarily participating in research and development. From April 2005 to January 2006, Mr. He was a researcher with Shanghai Shangdong Investment Management Co., Ltd., an investment management company, responsible for the research of fundamentals of listed companies and their respective industries. From February 2006 to February 2010, Mr. He was assistant to the general manager of the group finance department of Jiangsu Dihua Group Co., Ltd., a conglomerate engaged in real estate development, sale, renovation, gardening and greening, and was responsible for financial management.

Mr. He obtained his bachelor's degree in applied physics, master's degree in financial management and doctoral degree in finance from Shanghai Jiaotong University in July 1997, February 2000 and March 2003, respectively. He was granted the qualification of certified public accountant (nonpractising) by Shanghai Institute of Certified Public Accountants in April 2002, the qualification of international chartered financial analyst in November 2007, and the qualification of certified tax agent by Shanghai Association of Certified Tax Agent in August 2009.

Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Wei Biao (魏飈), aged 61, joined the Group in January 2019. He has successively served as the deputy general manager of the Group as well as general manager and assistant president of the South China business division as well as general manager and assistant president of the operational centre and general manager of the business division No. 1. Prior to joining the Group, from January 2000 to March 2005, he served as the general manager of Shanghai Guoluren Garment Co., Ltd. (上海過路人製衣有限公司). From April 2005 to December 2011, he served as the general manager of Wenzhou Times Group (溫州時代集團). From January 2012 to October 2018, he served as the vice president of Intime Retail Group (銀泰 商業集團).

Ms. Pang Hua (龐華), aged 47, joined the Group in June 2020 as an assistant president of the Group as well as general manager and assistant president of the investment management center and general manager of the business division No. 2, in charge of the brand management of the Group and preparation for opening of retail and commercial properties. Prior to joining the Group, from June 1999 to February 2019, Ms. Pang successively held various positions at Nanjing Golden Eagle Retail Group (南京金鷹商貿集團), including management trainee, department manager, director, general manager of an outlet and general manager of the Group's commodity center. From June 2019 to May 2020, Ms. Pang successively served as the general manager of the major client department of Future Land Commercial Management Holdings Co., Ltd. (新城商業管理集團有限公司) and that of the merchants center.

Ms. Pang obtained a bachelor's degree in international trade from Nanjing Agricultural University (南京農業大學) in June 1999.

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. Zhang Yiting (張依婷), aged 35, was appointed as one of the joint company secretaries of the Company on 29 March 2023. Ms. Zhang re-joined the Group in February 2023 as a capital director. She is responsible for the company secretarial, compliance and investor relations functions of the Group. Before re-joining the Group, she worked as a senior capital manager of the Group from February 2020 to September 2022. From September 2022 to December 2022, Ms. Zhang worked as an information disclosure manager of WEILONG Delicious Global Holdings Ltd, whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 9985.HK). From February 2021 to February 2020, Ms. Zhang worked as the accounting supervisor and the investment manager of Powerlong Holdings.

Ms. Zhang obtained a bachelor's degree in management from Jiang Xi Agricultural University in 2010, and she also obtained the qualification of intermediate accountant granted by the MOF in the PRC in 2015.

Ms. Leung Wai Yan (梁慧欣) was appointed as one of the joint company secretaries of the Company on 30 August 2022. Ms. Leung is a manager of corporate services of Vistra Corporate Services (HK) Limited. She has over 16 years of experience in providing company secretarial services to numerous listed and private companies.

On 30 August 2022, Ms. Leung was also appointed as joint company secretary of Powerlong Holdings, which is the controlling shareholder of the Company and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1238.HK).

Ms. Leung obtained a Bachelor of Business (Administrative Management) from University of South Australia. She has been an associate member of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and an associate member of The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom since 2009.

CHANGES TO DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Save as disclosed herein, the Directors confirm that no information is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

Corporate Governance Report

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the corporate governance report for the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company recognises the importance of incorporating elements of good corporate governance in the management structures and internal control procedures of the Group so as to achieve effective accountability.

The Company has adopted the principles and the code provisions contained in Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules (the "**CG Code**") as its own code on corporate governance. The Company is committed to the view that the Board should include a balanced composition of executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors so that there is a strong independent element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgment.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, so far as the Directors are aware, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for securities transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own securities dealing code to regulate all dealings by Directors and relevant employees of securities in the Company and other matters covered by the Model Code.

Specific enquiry has been made by the Company to all the Directors and the relevant employees and they have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2023. Relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Group are also subject to compliance with written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2023.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board comprises two executive Directors, three non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors.

The composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Hoi Wa Fong (許華芳) (Chairman of the Board) Mr. Chen Deli (陳德力) (Chief executive officer)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Yunfeng (張雲峰) (re-designated from an Executive Director to a Non-executive Director on 29 March 2023, and resigned as the chief financial officer on 29 March 2023) Ms. Hoi Wa Fan (許華芬) Ms. Hoi Wa Lam (許華琳)

Independent non-executive Directors

Dr. Lu Xiongwen (陸雄文) Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella (伍綺琴) Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald (陳惠仁)

The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 33 to 37 of this annual report.

Mr. Hoi Wa Fong is brother of Ms. Hoi Wa Fan and cousin of Ms. Hoi Wa Lam.

Ms. Hoi Wa Fan is sister of Mr. Hoi Wa Fong and cousin of Ms. Hoi Wa Lam.

Ms. Hoi Wa Lam is cousin of Mr. Hoi Wa Fong and Ms. Hoi Wa Fan.

Corporate Governance Report

Except as disclosed above, there is no other relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s)) between the Board members.

The Board should regularly review the contribution required from the Directors to perform their responsibilities to the Company, and whether the Directors are spending sufficient time to perform.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Under the current organisation structure of the Company, Mr. Hoi Wa Fong is the chairman of the Board and Mr. Chen Deli is the chief executive officer of the Company.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S LIABILITY INSURANCE AND INDEMNITY

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify the Directors and senior management of the Company for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

BOARD MEETINGS AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Code provision C.5.1 of the CG Code stipulates that board meetings should be held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals with active participation of the majority of the Directors, either in person or through electronic means of communications.

The Board held four meetings during the year ended 31 December 2023. The Directors expects to convene at least four regular Board meetings in each financial year at approximately quarterly intervals in accordance with code provision C.5.1 of the CG Code.

A summary of the attendance record of the Directors at Board meetings and committee meetings is set out below:

	Number of meeting(s) attended/number of meeting(s) held for the year ended 31 December 2023					
Name of Director	Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee		
Executive Directors:						
Mr. Hoi Wa Fong	4/4	N/A	1/1	1/1		
Mr. Chen Deli	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Non-executive Directors:						
Mr. Zhang Yunfeng	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Ms. Hoi Wa Fan	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Ms. Hoi Wa Lam	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Independent non-executive Directors:						
Dr. Lu Xiongwen	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/1		
Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella	4/4	3/3	N/A	N/A		
Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/1		

GENERAL MEETING

During the year ended 31 December 2023, two general meetings were held.

A summary of the attendance record of the Directors at general meetings is set out in the following table below:

Norse of Director	Number of general meeting(s) attended/ number of general meeting(s) held for
Name of Director	the year ended 31 December 2023
Executive Directors:	
Mr. Hoi Wa Fong	2/2
Mr. Chen Deli	2/2
Non-executive Directors:	
Mr. Zhang Yunfeng	2/2
Ms. Hoi Wa Fan	2/2
Ms. Hoi Wa Lam	2/2
Independent Non-executive Directors:	
Dr. Lu Xiongwen	2/2
Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella	2/2
Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald	2/2

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Board has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a written annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers each of them to be independent.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Chen Deli, an executive Director, has renewed his service contract with the Company for an initial term of 3 years commencing from 15 June 2023.

Mr. Zhang Yunfeng, a non-executive Director, has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of 3 years commencing from 29 March 2023.

Other directors have renewed their service contracts (for executive Directors) or letters of appointment (for non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) with the Company for a term of 3 years with effect from 30 December 2022.

All the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting of the Company. Pursuant to the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third) shall retire from office and be eligible for re-election at each annual general meeting of the Company, provided that every Director is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. In addition, any new Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting.

In accordance with article 16.19 of the Company's articles of association, Ms. Hoi Wa Fan, Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella and Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald will retire from the Board by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

RESPONSIBILITIES, ACCOUNTABILITIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board is the primary decision making body of the Company and is responsible for overseeing the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board makes decisions objectively to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. Before entering into any significant transactions or commitments on behalf of the Company, senior management should obtain prior approval and authorization from the Board.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Each of these committees is established with defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of each of these committees are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Audit Committee

The Company has established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, but not limited to (i) review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group, risk management and internal audit; (ii) provide advice and comments to the Board; and (iii) perform other duties and responsibilities as may be assigned by the Board.

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella, Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald and Dr. Lu Xiongwen. Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella is the chairlady of the Audit Committee.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Audit Committee held three meetings during the year to review the Group's policies on corporate governance and discussed the same with the Board, to review the Company's financial reporting system, compliance procedures, internal control and risk management systems (including operation, tenant sourcing, procurement and cost, financial control and risk management) and associated processes, and discussed the reappointment of the external auditor. The Audit Committee also reviewed the annual results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 and interim results of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2023 as well as the audit report prepared by the external auditor relating to accounting issues and major findings in the course of audit.

The attendance record of the Audit Committee members is set out below:

Directors	Attended in person/Eligible to attend
Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella (Chairlady)	3/3
Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald	3/3
Dr. Lu Xiongwen	3/3

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board had not deviated from any recommendation given by the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditor.

There are proper arrangements for employees, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control and other matters.

Remuneration Committee

The Company established the Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, but not limited to (i) establishing, reviewing and providing advices to the Board on the policy and structure concerning remuneration of the Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies concerning such remuneration; (ii) making recommendations to the Board on the terms of the specific remuneration package of each Director and senior management; and (iii) reviewing and approving performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Directors from time to time.

The Remuneration Committee comprises one executive Director, namely Mr. Hoi Wa Fong, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald and Dr. Lu Xiongwen. Dr. Lu Xiongwen is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting during the year to discuss and review the remuneration policy for the Directors and senior management of the Company, to assess performance of the executive Directors, and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management.

The attendance record of the Remuneration Committee members is set out below:

Directors	Attended in person/Eligible to attend
Dr. Lu Xiongwen (Chairman)	1/1
Mr. Hoi Wa Fong	1/1
Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald	1/1

Details of the remuneration payable to each Director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in Note 35 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The remuneration of the members of senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

Remuneration bands (HKD)	Number of persons
1,500,001 to 2,000,000	3
Total	3

Nomination Committee

The Company has established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, but not limited to (i) review the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis and make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes to the composition of the Board; (ii) identify, select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship, and ensure the diversity of the Board members; (iii) assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; and (iv) make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment, re-appointment and removal of our Directors and succession planning for the Directors.

The Nomination Committee comprises one executive Director, namely Mr. Hoi Wa Fong, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Lu Xiongwen and Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald. Mr. Hoi Wa Fong is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

Corporate Governance Report

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year to review and discuss the policy, procedures and criteria for nomination of the Directors, review and discuss the Board diversity policy and to discuss all measurable objectives set for implementing the policy and the progress made towards meeting the measurable objective in the policy, assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors, considered the re-appointment of the retiring Directors, reviewed the time commitment required from the Directors.

The attendance record of the Nomination Committee members is set out below:

Directors	Attended in person/Eligible to attend
Mr. Hoi Wa Fong (Chairman)	1/1
Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald	1/1
Dr. Lu Xiongwen	1/1

Nomination Policy

The Company has adopted a nomination policy (the "**Nomination Policy**") which sets out the selection criteria and procedures to nominate board candidates. The Nomination Policy aims to nominate suitable candidates to the Board.

Pursuant to the Nomination Policy, the Nomination Committee shall identify suitable board candidates and make recommendation to the Board, after assessing a number of factors of a candidate, including, but not limited to, reputation for integrity, accomplishment and experience, commitment in respect of available time and attention on relevant matters, independence of proposed independent non-executive Directors and diversity in all aspects. The Board shall have the final decision in relation to its nomination of any candidates to stand for election at a general meeting.

The Nomination Committee will review the Nomination Policy, as appropriate, and recommend revision to the Board for consideration and approval.

Director Nomination Procedure

Subject to the provisions in the Articles of Association of the Company and the Listing Rules, if the Board recognises the need for an additional Director or a member of the senior management, the following procedure will be followed:

- The Nomination Committee and/or Board will identify potential candidates based on the criteria as set out in the selection criteria, possibly with assistance from external agencies and/or advisors;
- (2) The Nomination Committee and/or the Company Secretary of the Company will then provide the Board with the biographical details and details of the relationship between the candidate and the Company and the Directors, directorships held, skills and experience, other positions which involve significant time commitment and any other particulars required by the Listing Rules, the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and other regulatory requirements for any candidate for appointment to the Board;
- (3) The Nomination Committee would then make recommendation to the Board on the proposed candidate(s) and the terms and conditions of the appointment;
- (4) In the case of the appointment of an Independent Non-executive Director, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should obtain all information in relation to the proposed Director to allow the Board to adequately assess the independence of the Director in accordance with the factors set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, subject to any amendments as may be made by the Stock Exchange from time to time;
- (5) The Board will then deliberate and decide on the appointment based upon the recommendation of the Nomination Committee; and
- (6) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board would then make recommendations to shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of directors at the annual general meeting.

Corporate Governance Report

Dividend Policy

The Company has adopted a dividend policy (the "**Dividend Policy**") which aims to increase or maintain the value of dividends per share of the Company, to provide reasonable return in investment of investors, and to allow Shareholders to assess its dividend payout trend and intention.

Pursuant to the Dividend Policy, any declaration and payment as well as the amount of dividends will be subject to the Company's constitutional documents and the relevant laws. The Board intends to recommend at the relevant Shareholders' meetings an annual dividend of no less than 30% of the profits available for distribution generated in each financial year beginning from the year ended 31 December 2019. The recommendation of the payment of dividend is subject to the absolute discretion of the Board, and any declaration of final dividend for the year will be subject to the approval of the Shareholders.

The Board will continue to review and amend the Dividend Policy from time to time as appropriate.

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the "**Diversity Policy**") which sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diversified Board.

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy with the aim of achieving an appropriate level of diversity among Board members according to the circumstances of our Group from time to time. In summary, the Diversity Policy sets out that when considering the nomination and appointment of a Director, with the assistance of our Nomination Committee, the Board would consider a range of diversity of perspectives, including but not limited to the skills, knowledge, professional experience and qualifications, cultural and educational background, age, gender and the potential contributions that the candidate is expected to bring to the Board, in order to better serve the needs and development of the Company. All Board appointments will be based on merits and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard to the benefits of diversity to the Board.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board had three female Directors and five male Directors. The Board aims to maintain at least the current level of female representation and achieve a balanced gender diversity based on stakeholders' expectations and best practices. The Board believes that the current composition of the Board satisfies the Company's specific needs for gender diversity. The Board will regularly review its policies and procedures for board diversity, taking into account relevant data and feedback from stakeholders, and will take appropriate action as needed to ensure that it is achieving its gender diversity goals.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, under the Diversity Policy, the Board has adopted and the Company has fully achieved the following Measurable Objectives: (a) To ensure at least two members of the Board shall have obtained accounting or other professional qualification; (b) To ensure at least 33% of the members of the Board have more than 10 years of experience in real estate development or property management; (c) To ensure the appropriate proportion of the independent non-executive Directors to the executive Directors in order to maintain the independence of the Board. In particular, at least 33% of the members of the Board shall be independent non-executive Directors; (d) To ensure at least 60% of the members of the Board shall be independent and (e) To ensure at least one member of the Board shall be female.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 3,704 male employees and 2,094 female employees, and the male-to-female ratio in the workforce, including the senior management, was approximately 1.0:0.6, which is regarded by the Board as satisfactory and in line with the industry which the Group operates its businesses in. The Company will continue to take gender diversity into consideration during recruitment and increase the female proportion at all levels over time with the ultimate goal of achieving gender parity, such that there is a pipeline of female senior management and potential successors to the Board in the future.

The Nomination Committee will review the Diversity Policy from time to time to ensure its continued effectiveness.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board has delegated the functions set out in code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code to the Audit Committee.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Audit Committee has reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in its Corporate Governance Report.

The Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The company secretary of the Company may from time to time and as the circumstances require provide updated written training materials relating to the roles, functions and duties of a director of a company listed on the Stock Exchange.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing all information and representations contained in the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

Directors shall keep abreast of the responsibilities as a director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

The Company acknowledges the importance of Directors participating in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant internally-facilitated briefings for the Directors have been arranged and reading material on relevant topics would be issued to the Directors where appropriate. They are encouraged to attend relevant training course at the Company's expenses.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, all of the Directors, namely, Mr. Hoi Wa Fong, Mr. Chen Deli, Mr. Zhang Yunfeng, Ms. Hoi Wa Fan, Ms. Hoi Wa Lam, Dr. Lu Xiongwen, Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella and Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald participated in a training session conducted by SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited, as to responsibilities of directors and senior management.

The Company will arrange regular seminars to provide Directors with updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The Directors are also provided with regular updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY AND REMUNERATION

Elite Partners CPA Limited ("**Elite Partners**") has been appointed as the external auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023. The declaration as to reporting the duties on the financial statements issued by Elite Partners is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" in this annual report.

Details of the fees paid/payable in respect of the audit services provided by Elite Partners for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the table below:

Services rendered	(RMB million)
Audit services: Annual audit (including the review of interim results pursuant to No. 2410 of the Hong Kong Standards on Review Engagements) Non-Audit service	2.3

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the Company's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness at least annually. The risk management and internal control measures are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board had conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Company in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023 covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance control, and considered the system effective and adequate. The Company has established an anti-corruption and whistleblowing policy to raise awareness of anti-corruption within the Group. The Board will regularly review the policy's implementation and achievements to combat corruption, promote integrity, and continuously reinforce organizational values consistent with the law, ethics, and responsibility.

The Group has an internal control department, and has designated relevant personnel who are responsible for identifying and monitoring the Group's risks and internal control issues and reports directly to the Board of any findings and follow-up actions. Each member of the Group is required to adhere strictly to the Group's internal control procedures and report to the internal control team of any risks or internal control measures.

The Audit Committee and management together monitor the implementation of the risk management policies (the "**Risk Management Policies**") on an ongoing basis to ensure the policies and implementation are effective and sufficient. Arrangements are in place to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks including operation, tenant sourcing, procurement and cost, financial control and risk management. The Company's management, under the supervision of the Board or a committee of the Board takes reasonable steps to (i) monitor compliance with the Risk Management Policies, and (ii) when appropriate, impose and enforce appropriate disciplinary measures for violations of the Risk Management Policies.

The Group has established a supervision department to perform internal audit function on the Group's affairs. The supervision department is responsible for carrying out analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems. The supervision department reports to the Audit Committee on its findings and makes recommendations in respect of any issues identified by the external auditor of the Group.

DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group has in place a framework for the disclosure of inside information by reference to the Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information issued by the Securities and Futures Commission. The framework sets out the procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information in an appropriate and timely manner, such as steps to ascertain sufficient details, conduct internal assessment of the matter and its likely impact on the Company, seek professional advice where required and verification of the facts. Before the information is fully disclosed to the public, any persons who possess the knowledge of such information must ensure strict confidentiality and must not deal in any of the Company's securities.

COMPANY SECRETARY AND PRIMARY CONTACT OF THE COMPANY

On 29 March 2023, Ms. Jin Hong resigned as the joint company secretary of the Company, upon which Ms. Zhang Yiting was appointed as the joint company secretary of the Company on the same date, and Ms. Leung Wai Yan is another joint company secretary of the Company. Ms. Leung Wai Yan is currently a manager of corporate services of Vistra Corporate Services (HK) Limited (a company secretarial service provider). Ms. Zhang Yiting is a capital director of the Company, and the primary contact of Ms. Leung Wai Yan at the Company.

In compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Ms. Zhang Yiting and Ms. Leung Wai Yan have undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training to update their skills and knowledge during the year ended 31 December 2023.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening of Extraordinary General Meetings ("EGM") by Shareholders

Pursuant to article 12.3 of the Articles of Association, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. General meetings shall also be convened on the written requisition of any one or more members holding together, as at the date of deposit of the requisition, shares representing not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carry the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. The written requisition shall be deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office of the Company, specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist(s).

Corporate Governance Report

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

Putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

There are no provisions in the Articles of Association for the Shareholders to put forward proposals at general meetings. Shareholders who wish to put forward proposals may request the Company to convene an EGM in accordance with the procedures set out in the above paragraph headed "Convening of EGM by Shareholders".

Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board and Contact Details

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board of the Company, Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Address:Powerlong Tower, 1399 Xinzhen Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, PRC (Postal Code: 201101)Telephone:(+86) 021-51759999E-mail address:boardteam9909@powerlong.com

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS RELATIONS

The Company considers that effective communication with Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other general meetings. The Company has in place a shareholders' communication policy which encourages all forms of communication and welcomes feedback, questions, or concerns from Shareholders and aims to ensures that shareholders are provided with timely access to the Company's information. The policy sets out various channels to communicate with its Shareholders, such as:

- publishing all corporate communications on the Company's website at https://www.powerlongcm.com/;
- (ii) publishing announcements on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company; and
- (iii) annual and extraordinary general meetings, if any, provide a forum for the Shareholders to make comments and exchange views with the Directors and senior management.

General meetings are valuable forums for direct communications between the Board and Shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings of the Company. Sufficient notice of general meetings will be given to Shareholders in accordance with the Articles of Association. The Directors and members of various Board committees, and if appropriate, the external auditors of the Company, will attend the general meetings of the Company. Shareholders can raise questions directly to the Board in respect of the performance and future development of the Group.

At the forthcoming annual general meeting, Directors (or their delegates as appropriate) will be available to meet Shareholders and answer their enquiries.

Based on the above, the Board considers that the Company's shareholders' communication policy remained effective during the year ended 31 December 2023.

CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company's Articles of Association are available on the respective website of the Stock Exchange and the Company. On 26 March 2024, the Board proposed to amend the existing memorandum and articles of association of the Company (the "**Existing Memorandum and Articles**") to (i) bring the Existing Memorandum and Articles in line with the latest requirements under the Listing Rules, including the amendments to Rule 2.07A with respect to electronic dissemination of corporate communications which took effect from 31 December 2023; and (ii) incorporate certain corresponding and housekeeping amendments (the "**Proposed Amendments**"). Save as disclosed above, during the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company did not make any significant changes to its constitutional documents.

The Board proposed to effect the Proposed Amendments by way of adoption of the third amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (the "Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles") in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the Existing Memorandum and Articles.

The proposed adoption of the Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles to incorporate the Proposed Amendment is subject to the approval of the Shareholders by way of a special resolution to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be convened and held on 14 June 2024. Prior to the passing of such special resolution at the annual general meeting, the Existing Memorandum and Articles shall remain valid.

INDEPENDENCE MECHANISMS

The Company has in place mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board. The Board shall at all times comprise at least three independent non-executive Directors that represent at least one-third of the Board, such that there is always a strong element of independence on the Board which can effectively exercise independent judgement. Each independent non-executive Director is required to provide an annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company and the nomination committee of the Company is responsible to assess the independence and time commitment of each independent non-executive Director at least annually.

All the Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) are given equal opportunities and channels to communicate and express their views to the Board during Board meetings and they have separate and independent access to the management of the Group in order to make informed decisions. To facilitate proper discharge of their duties, all the Directors are entitled to seek advice from the company secretary of the Company or, upon reasonable request, seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense. The chairman of the Board will hold meetings with the independent non-executive Directors without the involvement of other Directors at least annually to discuss any issues and concerns.

Any Director or his/her associate who has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board will be dealt with by a physical Board meeting rather than by written resolutions. Such Director will be required to declare his/her interests before the meeting and abstain from voting and not counted towards the quorum on the relevant resolutions. Independent non-executive Directors who, and whose associates, have no interest in the matter should attend the Board meeting.

The Board has reviewed and considered that the existing mechanisms are effective in ensuring that independent views and input are provided to the Board during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Report of the Directors

The Board is pleased to present this report of Directors together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Hoi Wa Fong (許華芳) (Chairman of the Board) Mr. Chen Deli (陳德力) (Chief executive officer)

Non-Executive Directors:

Mr. Zhang Yunfeng (張雲峰) (re-designated from an Executive Director to a Non-executive Director on 29 March 2023, and resigned as the chief financial officer on 29 March 2023) Ms. Hoi Wa Fan (許華芬) Ms. Hoi Wa Lam (許華琳)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Dr. Lu Xiongwen (陸雄文) Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella (伍綺琴) Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald (陳惠仁)

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Company are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 33 to 37 of this annual report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is a leading commercial operational service provider in China with principal business lines including:

- Commercial operational services: the Group provides full-chain services including positioning, tenant sourcing, opening, operation to management
 with respect to shopping malls and shopping streets, which primarily include (i) market research and positioning, tenant sourcing and opening
 preparation services to property developers or property owners during the preparation stage before the opening of a retail commercial property; (ii)
 commercial operation and management services during the operation stage of a retail commercial property to property owners or tenants; and (iii)
 property leasing services with respect to units located within the shopping streets and shopping malls.
- Residential property management services: the Group provides property management services for residential properties, office buildings and
 serviced apartments which primarily include (i) pre-sale management services to property developers during their pre-sale activities such as
 cleaning, security and maintenance of pre-sale display units and sales offices; (ii) property management services to property owners or property
 owners' associations at the post-delivery stages such as security, cleaning, gardening and repair and maintenance services; and (iii) other valueadded services to property owners, tenants or residents of our managed properties, such as pre-delivery preparation and trash handling services,
 common area, advertising space and car park management services.

Analysis of the principal activities of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Group including an analysis of the Group's financial performance and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report. These discussions form part of the Report of the Directors. The Group's key relationship with its stakeholders (including employees, customers and suppliers) who have a significant impact on the Group and on which the Group's success depends, is set out in this annual report. Events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2023, if any, is set out in the section headed "Significant Events After The Balance Sheet Date" in this annual report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The following list is a summary of certain principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group:

- changes in the PRC's economic conditions in general and the real estate market in particular;
- changes in disposable personal income in the PRC;
- changes in government regulations;
- changes in the supply of and demand for retail commercial operational and residential property management services;
- the ability to generate sufficient liquidity internally and obtain external financing;
- the ability to recruit and train competent employees;
- the ability to select and work with suitable third-party subcontractors and suppliers;
- the ability to understand the needs of tenants in the commercial properties where we provide commercial operational services and residents or tenants in the properties where we provide residential property management services;
- the ability to adapt to new markets where we have no prior experience and in particular, whether we can adapt to the administrative, regulatory and tax environments in such markets;
- the ability to leverage our brand names and to compete successfully in new markets, particularly against the incumbent players in such markets who might have more resources and experience than we do; and
- the ability to improve our administrative, technical, operational and financial infrastructure.

However, the above is not an exhaustive list. Investors are advised to make their own judgment or consult their own investment advisors before making any investment in the shares of the Company.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to operate its business in compliance with applicable environmental protection laws and regulations and has implemented relevant environmental protection measures in compliance with the required standards under applicable PRC laws and regulations.

Further details of the Group's environmental policies and performance will be disclosed in the environmental, social and governance report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 to be published by 30 April 2024.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Board and management are aware, the Group has complied in all material aspects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2023, there was no material breach of, or non-compliance, with applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Group believes that the expertise, experience and professional development of the employees contribute to the growth of the Group. The human resources department of the Group manages, trains and hires employees. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 5,798 (2022: 5,726) employees, with a male to female ratio of 1.0:0.6. The Group believes in the importance of attraction, recruitment and retention of quality employees in achieving the Group's success. Our success depends on our ability to attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel. As part of our retention strategy, we offer employees performance-based cash bonuses and other incentives in addition to base salaries. The total remuneration expenses, for the year ended 31 December 2023 were RMB882.2 million, representing an increase of 2.9% as compared to the previous year. The Group also participates in various employee social security plans for its employees, including housing provident fund, pension, medical insurance, social insurance and unemployment insurance. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not experience any significant labour disputes or any difficulty in recruiting employees.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

The Group does not have any employee who is required to participate in the mandatory provident fund schemes in Hong Kong. The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. There are no provisions under the scheme whereby forfeited contributions may be used to reduce future contributions. The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to this retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

Details of the pension obligations of the Group are set out in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group entered into the following connected transaction or continuing connected transactions, details of which were disclosed in compliance with the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Continuing Connected Transactions

The following transactions constituted continuing connected transactions of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 which are subject to the reporting and annual review requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules:

1. Car Parking Lots Management Services

Background

On 1 January 2019, the Group and the Remaining Powerlong Group agreed to adopt a new car parking lots management arrangement, pursuant to which the Group would lease the car parking lots from the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates and manage the car parking lots. Under such arrangement, the Group would pay an annual rent to the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates, while the income generated from the car parking lots would be received by the Group from independent third party customers and this would not constitute continuing connected transactions for the Group.

On 10 December 2019, the Group entered into a car parking lots management services framework agreement with Powerlong Holdings (for itself and on behalf of the other members of the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates) (the "2019 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group shall manage certain car parking lots owned by the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates and subleased to customers in the properties managed by the Group (the "Car Parking Lots Management Services"), for a term commencing from the Listing Date to 31 December 2021.

On 11 May 2022, the Company entered into a car parking lots management services framework agreement with Powerlong Holdings (for itself and on behalf of the other members of the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates) (the "**2022 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement**") to renew the 2019 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement, for a term commencing from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2023, both dates inclusive. The annual caps of the transactions contemplated under the 2022 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ended 31 December 2023 are RMB59.5 million and RMB91.5 million, respectively. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the annual fee paid/payable by the Group under the 2022 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement was RMB73.9 million, within the annual cap of RMB91.5 million for the period.

On 15 September 2023, the Company entered into a car parking lots management services framework agreement with Powerlong Holdings (for itself and on behalf of the other members of the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates) (the "**2023 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement**") to renew the 2022 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement, for a term commencing from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026, both dates inclusive. The annual caps of the transactions contemplated under the 2023 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement for the year ending 31 December 2024, the year ending 31 December 2025 and the year ending 31 December 2026 are RMB149.9 million, RMB189.1 million and RMB222.4 million, respectively.

2. Car Parking Lots Sales Agency Services

Background

On 11 May 2022, the Company entered into a car parking lots sales agency services framework agreement with Powerlong Holdings (for itself and on behalf of the other members of the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates) (the "**Car Parking Lots Sales Agency Services Framework Agreement**"), pursuant to which the Powerlong Group shall engage the Group to provide sales agency services in respect of certain car parking lots owned by the Powerlong Group (the "**Exclusive Car Parking Lots**") on an exclusive basis. During the term of the Car Parking Lots Sales Agency Services Framework Agreement, the Group shall be the exclusive service provider of the sales agency services and the Powerlong Group shall not engage other third parties for such services in respect of the Exclusive Car Parking Lots, nor to sell, transfer or dispose of in any other manner any of the Exclusive Car Parking Lots to third parties, unless otherwise agreed between the parties (the "**Exclusive Sales Agency Rights**"), for a term commencing from 11 May 2022 to 31 December 2024, both dates inclusive. In consideration of the granting of the Exclusive Sales Agency Rights, the Group shall pay a deposit to the Powerlong Group, which shall be 30% of the Agreed Value (the "**Deposit**").

The annual cap for the agency fee receivable by the Group under the Car Parking Lots Sales Agency Services Framework Agreement for each of the year ended 31 December 2022, the year ended 31 December 2023 and the year ending 31 December 2024 is RMB40.0 million. The annual cap for the Deposit is RMB200.0 million.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, as audited by the auditor, the agency fee receivable by the Group under the Car Parking Lots Sales Agency Services Framework Agreement is RMB0.6 million, within the annual cap of RMB40.0 million for the period.

3. Residential Property Management Services

Background

On 10 December 2019, the Group entered into a residential property management services framework agreement with Powerlong Holdings (for itself and on behalf of the other members of the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates) (the "2019 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group agreed to provide to the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates residential property management services, including but not limited to (i) residential property management services for unsold units and sales offices owned by the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates; and (ii) early stage initiation services, including but not limited to providing staff training before the delivery of the properties and initiation residential property management service before the completion of property projects, and housing inspection services on properties developed by the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates upon completion of construction and before delivery of the same to homeowners (the "Residential Property Management Services"), for a term commencing from the Listing Date to 31 December 2021.

On 8 September 2021, the Company and Powerlong Holdings entered into a framework agreement in relation to the provision by the Group of Residential Property Management Services to the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates (the "**2021 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement**") to renew the 2019 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement, which was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting held on 10 November 2021 (the "**Effective Date**") and became effective on the same day, for a term commencing on the Effective Date and ending on 31 December 2023, both dates inclusive. The 2019 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement was terminated on the Effective Date. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ended 31 December 2023, the annual caps for the transactions contemplated under the 2021 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement are RMB146.6 million (including the provision of Residential Property Management Services contemplated under the 2019 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement Services Framework Agreement prior to the Effective Date), RMB238.2 million and RMB335.9 million, respectively. The annual fee paid/payable by the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates under the 2021 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2023 was RMB56.7 million, within the annual cap of RMB335.9 million for the period.

On 15 September 2023, the Company and Powerlong Holdings entered into a framework agreement in relation to the provision by the Group of Residential Property Management Services to the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates (the "2023 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement") to renew the 2021 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement") to renew the 2021 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement in relation to the year ending 31 December 2024 to 31 December 2026, both dates inclusive. For the year ending 31 December 2024, the year ending 31 December 2025 and the year ending 31 December 2026, the annual caps for the transactions contemplated under the 2023 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement are RMB151.0 million, RMB169.0 million and RMB182.0 million, respectively.

4. Commercial Operational Services

Background

On 10 December 2019, the Group entered into a commercial operational services framework agreement (the "2019 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement") with Powerlong Holdings (for itself and on behalf of the other members of the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates), pursuant to which the Group agreed to provide commercial operational services on the commercial buildings owned or operated by the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates, including but not limited to, (i) market research and positioning, (ii) tenant sourcing and opening preparation; and (iii) tenant management and rent collection (the "Commercial Operational Services"), for a term commencing from the Listing Date to 31 December 2021.

On 8 September 2021, the Company and Powerlong Holdings entered into a framework agreement in relation to the provision by the Group of Commercial Operational Services to the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates (the "**2021 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement**") to renew the 2019 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement, which was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting held on 10 November 2021 and became effective on the same day, for a term commencing on the Effective Date and ending on 31 December 2023, both dates inclusive. The 2019 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement was terminated on the Effective Date. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ended 31 December 2023, the annual caps for the transactions contemplated under the 2021 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement are RMB359.8 million (including the provision of Commercial Operational Services contemplated under the 2019 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement prior to the Effective Date), RMB459.4 million and RMB695.2 million, respectively. The annual fee paid/payable by the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates under the 2021 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2023 was RMB359.8 million, within the annual cap of RMB695.2 million for the period.

On 15 September 2023, the Company and Powerlong Holdings entered into a framework agreement in relation to the provision by the Group of Commercial Operational Services to the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates (the "**2023 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement**") to renew the 2021 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement, for a term commencing from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026, both dates inclusive. For the year ending 31 December 2024, the year ending 31 December 2025 and the year ending 31 December 2026, the annual caps for the transactions contemplated under the 2023 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement are RMB471.0 million, RMB573.2 million and RMB653.9 million, respectively.

5. Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services

Background

On 1 January 2019, the Group and the Remaining Powerlong Group agreed to adopt a new common area and advertising space management arrangement, pursuant to which the Group would lease the common area and advertising space from the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates and manage the common area and advertising space. Under such arrangement, the Group would pay an annual rent to the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates, while the income generated from the common area and advertising space management would be received by the Group from independent third party customers and this would not constitute continuing connected transactions for the Group.

On 10 December 2019, the Group entered into a common area and advertising space management services framework agreement with Powerlong Holdings (for itself and on behalf of the other members of the Remaining Powerlong Group and its associates) (the "2019 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group agreed to manage the common area and advertising space in the properties owned by the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates and sublease to the independent third parties (the "Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services"), for a term commencing from the Listing Date to 31 December 2021.

On 8 September 2021, the Company and Powerlong Holdings entered into a framework agreement in relation to the provision by the Group of Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services to the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates (the "2021 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement") to renew the 2019 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement, which was approved by the independent shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting held on 10 November 2021 and became effective on the same day, for a term commencing on the Effective Date and ending on 31 December 2023, both dates inclusive. The 2019 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement was terminated on the Effective Date. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ended 31 December 2023, the annual caps for the transactions contemplated under the 2021 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement are RMB106.8 million (including the provision of Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Contemplated under the 2019 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Contemplated under the 2019 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement work Agreement are RMB106.8 million (including the provision of Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Contemplated under the 2019 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement prior to the Effective Date), RMB147.5 million and RMB191.0 million, respectively. The annual rent paid/payable by the Group under the 2021 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2023 was RMB124.6 million, within the annual cap of RMB191.0 million for the period.

Report of the Directors

On 15 September 2023, the Company and Powerlong Holdings entered into a framework agreement in relation to the provision by the Group of Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services to the Remaining Powerlong Group and/or its associates (the "**2023 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement**") to renew the 2021 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement") to renew the 2021 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement, for a term commencing from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026, both dates inclusive. For the year ending 31 December 2024, the year ending 31 December 2025 and the year ending 31 December 2026, the annual caps for the transactions contemplated under the 2023 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement are RMB221.3 million, RMB255.1 million and RMB307.4 million, respectively.

Powerlong Holdings is a controlling shareholder of the Company and is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the transactions contemplated under each of (i) the 2019 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement, 2022 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement and 2023 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement (the "**Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreements**"); (ii) the Car Parking Lots Sales Agency Services Framework Agreement; (iii) the 2019 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement, 2021 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement and 2023 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement (the "**Residential Property Management** Services Framework Agreements"); (iv) the 2019 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement, 2021 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreements and 2023 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement (the "**Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreements**"); and (v) the 2019 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement, 2021 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement and 2023 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement (the "**Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreements**"); constitute continuing connected transactions of the Group under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Further details of the 2019 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement, the 2019 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement, the 2019 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement are set out under the section headed "Connected Transactions" in the Prospectus. Further details of the 2021 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement, the 2021 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement, the 2021 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement and the 2021 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement are set out in the circular of the Company dated 15 October 2021. Further details of the 2022 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement and the Car Parking Lots Sales Agency Services Framework Agreement are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 11 May 2022 and 6 June 2022. Further details of the 2023 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement Services Framework Agreement, the 2023 Common Area and Advertising Space Framework Agreement, the 2023 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 11 May 2022 and 6 June 2022. Further details of the 2023 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreement, the 2023 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement, the 2023 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement, the 2023 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement are set out in the circular of the Company dated 31 October 2023.

6. Digitalization Service Agreement

Background

On 20 November 2020, the Company entered into the digitalization service agreement ("**2020 Digitalization Service Agreement**") with Shanghai Yueshang, pursuant to which, Shanghai Yueshang agreed that it will provide digitalization technology services to the Group, including but not limited to building internet digital services, information systems and hardware deployment for the Group on a project-by-project basis, for a term commencing from 20 November 2020 and ending on 31 December 2022. As it was anticipated that the existing annual cap for the year ended 31 December 2022 for the procurement of Digitalization Services under the 2020 Digitalization Services Agreement would be insufficient to meet the business needs of the Group, on 11 May 2022, the relevant annual cap for the year ended 31 December 2022 was revised from RMB5.0 million to RMB15.0 million.

On 16 June 2023, the Company entered into the digitalization service agreement ("**2023 Digitalization Service Agreement**") with Shanghai Yueshang to renew the 2020 Digitalization Service Agreement, pursuant to which, Shanghai Yueshang agreed that it will provide digitalization technology services to the Group, including but not limited to building internet digital services, information systems and hardware deployment for the Group on a project-by-project basis, for a term commencing from 16 June 2023 and ending on 31 December 2025, both dates inclusive. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the year ending 31 December 2024 and the year ending 31 December 2025, all of the annual cap for the transactions contemplated under the 2023 Digitalization Service Agreement is RMB15.0 million.

Report of the Directors

The annual fee paid/payable by the Group under the 2023 Digitalization Service Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2023 was RMB14.3 million, within the annual cap for the period of RMB15.0 million.

As at the date of the 2023 Digitalization Service Agreement, Shanghai Yueshang was owned as to 33.8% by Mr. Hoi Wa Fong, an executive Director of the Company and as to 8.3% by Shanghai Jiashang Digital Technology Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, with the remaining 57.9% interests being owned by other independent third parties. By virtue of Mr. Hoi Wa Fong's interest in Shanghai Yueshang, Shanghai Yueshang is therefore an associate of Mr. Hoi Wa Fong and hence a connected person at the listed issuer level of the Company under the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the transactions contemplated under the 2023 Digitalization Service Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Further details of the 2020 Digitalization Service Agreement and the 2023 Digitalization Service Agreement are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 20 November 2020, 11 May 2022 and 16 June 2023.

Confirmation from Independent Non-executive Directors

Pursuant to Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, all the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the 2023 Car Parking Lots Management Services Framework Agreements, the Car Parking Lots Sales Agency Services Framework Agreement, the 2023 Residential Property Management Services Framework Agreement, the 2023 Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement, the 2023 Common Area and Advertising Space Management Services Framework Agreement and the 2023 Digitalization Service Agreement as mentioned above (collectively known as the "Agreements"), and confirmed the Agreements have been entered into:

- (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (b) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (c) according to the agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

Confirmations from the Company's Independent Auditor

In accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, the Group has engaged its auditor (the "**Auditor**") to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Auditor has issued their unqualified letter to the Board containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the aforesaid continuing connected transactions conducted by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 and have confirmed that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the continuing connected transactions mentioned above (i) have not been approved by the Board; (ii) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and (iv) have exceeded the respective annual caps.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

The related party transactions set out in Note 33 to consolidated financial statements include related party transactions disclosed under accounting standards and related party transactions which also constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, and the details of such continuing connected transactions have been disclosed in "Connected Transactions" above. The related party transactions in respect of the remuneration of directors and chief executives of the Company constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, these transactions are exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The related party transactions in respect of the remuneration of key management personnel (other than directors and chief executives) of the Company did not fall under the definition of connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Unless otherwise disclosed in this annual report, the Directors believe, that all other related party transactions " under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules (as the case may be). The Directors of the Company confirmed that they have complied with the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2023 or a waiver from such provisions has been obtained from the Stock Exchange.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the share award scheme of the Company as disclosed under "Share Award Scheme" below, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2023 was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities including debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Our customers primarily consist of property developers, property owners, property owners' associations and tenants.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the revenue amounts from the Group's five largest customers accounted for 16.1% (2022: 18.5%) of the Group's total revenue and the revenue amount from the Group's single largest customer, the Remaining Powerlong Group, accounted for 14.9% (2022: 17.2%) of the Group's total revenue.

Other than the Remaining Powerlong Group, one of the Group's five largest customers in 2023, Xuzhou Powerlong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd (徐州寶龍置業發展有限公司) which is a subsidiary of the Company's substantial shareholder, Powerlong Holdings, and is directly owned as to 100% by Powerlong Holdings, is the Company's connected person. Revenue generated from Xuzhou Powerlong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd was approximately RMB15.9 million, accounting for approximately 0.6% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Other than the Remaining Powerlong Group and its joint ventures or associates which are real estate developers, the Group's customers during the year ended 31 December 2023 were all independent third parties.

Saved as disclosed above, none of the Directors, Shareholders, members of senior management, the close associates of the aforementioned or any other member of the Group who owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital held any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers other than the Remaining Powerlong Group. During the year ended 31 December 2023, other than the Remaining Powerlong Group, none of the Group's major suppliers was the Group's customer.

The Group's suppliers primarily consist of advertising and public relations companies, subcontractors and suppliers providing cleaning, gardening services, security, fire security, event planning and executing, and repair and maintenance services, property owners, owners of units located in the shopping streets and owners of certain shopping mall.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the purchases amount from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 31.7% (2022: 26.2%) of the Group's total purchases and the purchases amount from the Group's single largest customer, the Remaining Powerlong Group, accounted for 17.0% (2022: 15.0%) of the Group's total purchases.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, other than the Remaining Powerlong Group, none of the Group's major suppliers was also the Group's customer and all of the Group's major suppliers were independent third parties. The Remaining Powerlong Group was also the Group's single largest customer during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Saved as disclosed above, none of the Directors, supervisors, their close associates or any Shareholders who, to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, had any interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers other than the Remaining Powerlong Group.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the audited consolidated results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements, is set out on pages 147 to 148 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION FOR HOLDERS OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company is not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the Shareholders of the Company by reason of their respective holding of the Company's securities. Shareholders are recommended to consult their professional advisers if they are in any doubt as to the taxation implications (including tax relief) of subscribing for, purchasing, holding, disposing of or dealing in the securities of the Company.

SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property and equipment of the Company and the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARES ISSUED

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 and details of the Shares issued during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

According to the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Board, as at 31 December 2023 and the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained the public float as required under the Listing Rules.

DONATION

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not make any substantial charitable donations (31 December 2022: Nil).

DEBENTURE ISSUED

The Group did not issue any debenture during the year ended 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: Nil).

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: Nil).

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The consolidation results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 74.

The Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023. Together with the interim dividend of HK\$0.15 per ordinary share for the six months ended 30 June 2023 paid on 20 December 2023, the total dividend for the year 2023 amounted to HK\$0.15 per ordinary share.

There is no arrangement that a shareholder of the Company has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Pursuant to the Articles of Association and subject to the applicable laws and regulations, every Director shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may incur or sustain in or about the execution of their duty in their offices.

Such permitted indemnity provision has been in force for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Company has taken out liability insurance to provide appropriate coverage for the Directors.

RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2023, the reserves of the Company available for distribution were approximately RMB734.6 million (2022: approximately RMB863.5 million).

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group had no bank loans and other borrowings (31 December 2022: Nil).

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. Chen Deli, an executive Director, has renewed his service contract with the Company for an initial term of 3 years commencing from 15 June 2023.

Mr. Zhang Yunfeng, a non-executive Director, has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of 3 years commencing from 29 March 2023.

Other directors have renewed their service contracts (for executive Directors) or letters of appointment (for non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) with the Company for a term of 3 years with effect from 30 December 2022.

None of the Directors has any unexpired service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions" and the related party transactions as set out in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements, none of the Directors nor any entity connected with the Directors had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party subsisting during or at the end of the year ended 31 December 2023.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or their respective close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in a business that competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, other than being a director of the Company and/or its subsidiaries.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Group are decided by the Board with reference to the recommendation given by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the individual performance and comparable market statistics.

Details of the Directors' emoluments and emoluments of the three senior management personnel in the Group are set out in Note 35 and Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any Director or any of the three senior management personnel as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. None of the Directors has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Except as disclosed above, no other payments have been made or are payable, for the year ended 31 December 2023, by the Group to or on behalf of any of the Directors.

CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

Other than disclosed in the sections headed "Continuing Connected Transactions", "Related Party Transactions" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" and Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this annual report, no contract of significance was entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the Controlling Shareholders or any of its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2023 or subsisted at the end of the year and no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a Controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries was entered into during the year ended 31 December 2023 or subsisted at the end of the year.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

On 10 December 2019, each of the Controlling Shareholders entered in to a deed of non-competition (the "**Deed of Non-competition**") in favor of the Company, pursuant to which each of the Controlling Shareholders has, among other things, irrevocably and unconditionally, jointly and severally given certain non-competition undertakings to the Company. Details of the Deed of Non-competition are set out in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders – Deed of Non-Competition" in the Prospectus.

The Controlling Shareholders confirmed that they and their respective close associates had complied with the Deed of Non-competition for the year ended 31 December 2023. The independent non-executive Directors conducted a review of compliance with such undertakings for the year ended 31 December 2023 and were satisfied that the Deed of Non-competition had been fully complied with for the year ended 31 December 2023.

RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Group recognises that employees, customers and business partners are keys to its sustainable development. The Group is committed to establishing a close and caring relationship with its employees, providing quality services to its customers and enhancing cooperation with its business partners. The Company provides a fair and safe workplace, promotes diversity to its staff, provides competitive remuneration and benefits and career development opportunities based on their merits and performance. The Group also puts ongoing efforts to provide adequate trainings and development resources to the employees so that they can keep abreast of the latest development of the market and the industry and, at the same time, improve their performance and self-fulfillment in their positions. Further details in relation to the development and remuneration of the Group's employees are set out in the paragraph headed "Human Resources" in this annual report.

The Group understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with customers and provide the products in a way that satisfies needs and requirements of the customers. The Group enhances the relationship by continuous interaction with customers to gain insight on the changing market demand for the products so that the Group can respond proactively. The Group has also established procedures in place for handling customers' complaints to ensure customers' complaints are dealt with in a prompt and timely manner.

The Group is also dedicated to developing good relationship with suppliers and contractors as long-term business partners to ensure stability of the Group's business. The Group reinforces business partnerships with suppliers and contractors by ongoing communication in a proactive and effective manner so as to ensure quality and timely delivery.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2023.

AUDITOR

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 24 March 2022, PricewaterhouseCoopers ("**PwC**") resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 24 March 2022. The Board resolved, having regard to the recommendation from the Audit Committee, to approve the appointment of Elite Partners as the new auditor of the Company to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of PwC. Elite Partners was re-appointed as the auditor of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 16 June 2023, for a term expiring on the date of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. Elite Partners, which shall retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, has audited the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Company proposes to re-appoint Elite Partners as the auditor of the Company at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Save as disclosed above, there was no change in the external auditor of the Company for the three years preceding the date of this annual report.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS PURSUANT TO THE LISTING RULES

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Company does not have any other disclosure obligations under Rules 13.20, 13.21 and 13.22 of the Listing Rules.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The 2024 annual general meeting (the "2024 AGM") will be held on Friday, 14 June 2024. Notice of the 2024 AGM and all other relevant documents will be published and despatched to shareholders of the Company in due course.

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 11 June 2024 to Friday, 14 June 2024, both days inclusive and during which period no share transfer will be effected, for the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the 2024 AGM. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2024 AGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 7 June 2024.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OF ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of our Directors or chief executives of our Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of our Company or its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as contained in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

(i) Long position in shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name of Director	Name of Director Number of ordinary shares Interest of								
	Personal interests	Beneficiary of a trust	a controlled corporation	Other interests	Total				
Mr. Hoi Wa Fong	_	-	32,537,000 ⁽²⁾	1,500,000 ⁽³⁾	34,037,000	5.29%			
Mr. Chen Deli	11,250,000 ⁽⁴⁾	5,625,000 ⁽⁴⁾	5,807,500 ⁽⁵⁾	-	22,682,500	3.53%			
Mr. Zhang Yunfeng	100,000 ⁽⁶⁾	_	_	-	100,000	0.02%			

Notes:

- (1) The calculation of the percentages is based on the total number of issued shares of the Company (i.e. 642,900,000 shares) as at 31 December 2023.
- (2) Huihong Management (PTC) Limited ("Huihong Management"), the trustee of the Huihong Trust, is wholly-owned by Mr. Hoi Wa Fong for the purpose of a share award scheme (the "Huihong Share Award Scheme") to be adopted at least six months after the Listing. The Huihong Share Award Scheme was adopted by Huihong Management on 31 December 2020. Further details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 31 December 2020. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Hoi Wa Fong is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Huihong Management.
- (3) These shares are held by Sky Infinity Holdings Limited, which is wholly-owned by Sky Infinity Family Limited, which is in turn 50% owned by Seletar Limited and 50% owned by Serangoon Limited, respectively. Seletar Limited and Serangoon Limited are nominees in trust for Credit Suisse Trust Limited, the trustee of The Sky Infinity Trust. Mr. Hoi Wa Fong is the settlor of The Sky Infinity Trust.
- (4) These shares include: (i) 11,250,000 shares allotted and issued to Mr. Chen Deli by the Company pursuant to the subscription agreement dated 10 September 2020 entered into between the Company and Mr. Chen Deli, which shares are held by Mr. Chen Deli in personal capacity as at 31 December 2023; (ii) 11,250,000 shares awarded to Mr. Chen Deli by the Company pursuant to the share award scheme adopted by the Company on 10 September 2020, 5,625,000 shares of which were vested in Mr. Chen Deli on 1 June 2023, while the remaining 5,625,000 shares were not yet vested as at 31 December 2023 and continued to be held by Tricor Trust (Hong Kong) Limited in the capacity of trustee under the share award scheme. Details of (i) and (ii) are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 10 September 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 6 November 2020.
- (5) These shares are held by Soar Eagle Enterprises Limited (鷹翔企業有限公司), which is wholly and beneficially held by Mr. Chen Deli.
- (6) These shares include the awarded shares granted to Mr. Zhang Yunfeng under the Huihong Share Award Scheme on 22 September 2022.

(ii) Long position in shares of associated corporations

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Personal	Interests	ber of ordinary sha Interests of a controlled		Tetel	Approximate percentage of holding ⁽¹⁾
Mr. Hoi Wa Fong	Powerlong Holdings	interests 8,988,000	of spouse 503,400 ⁽²⁾	corporation _	Other interests 597,568,000 ⁽³⁾	Total 607,059,400	14.66%
Ms. Hoi Wa Fan	Powerlong Holdings	61,470,000	-	226,623,000(4)	-	288,093,000	6.96%

Notes:

(1) The calculation of the percentages is based on the total number of 4,140,403,000 shares in issue of Powerlong Holdings as at 31 December 2023.

(2) These shares are held by Ms. Shih Sze Ni Cecilia, the spouse of Mr. Hoi Wa Fong.

- (3) These shares are held by Sky Infinity Holdings Limited, which is wholly-owned by Sky Infinity Family Limited, which is in turn 50% owned by Seletar Limited and 50% owned by Serangoon Limited, respectively. Seletar Limited and Serangoon Limited are nominees in trust for Credit Suisse Trust Limited, the trustee of The Sky Infinity Trust. Mr. Hoi Wa Fong is the settlor of The Sky Infinity Trust.
- (4) These shares are held by Walong Holdings Limited and Mantong (HK) Trading Co., Ltd, which are wholly and beneficially owned by Ms. Hoi Wa Fan.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or the chief executives of the Company had, or were deemed to have, any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which (a) were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (b) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2023, so far as the Directors are aware, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) and companies had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

(i) Long position in shares of the Company

Name of Shareholder	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of ordinary shares	Approximate percentage of holding ⁽¹⁾
Mr. Hoi Kin Hong ⁽²⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	405,000,000	63.00%
Powerlong Real Estate (BVI) Holdings Limited (" Powerlong BVI Holding ") ^[2]	Beneficial owner	405,000,000	63.00%
Powerlong Holdings ⁽²⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	405,000,000	63.00%
Skylong Holdings Limited ⁽²⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	405,000,000	63.00%
Ms. Wong Lai Chan ⁽³⁾	Interest of spouse	405,000,000	63.00%
Huihong Management ⁽⁴⁾	Trustee	32,537,000	5.06%
Ms. Shih Sze Ni Cecilia ⁽⁵⁾	Interest of spouse	34,037,000	5.29%

Notes:

- 1. The calculation of the percentages is based on the total number of issued shares of the Company (i.e. 642,900,000 shares) as at 31 December 2023.
- 2. Powerlong BVI Holding is wholly-owned by Powerlong Holdings, which is in turn owned as to approximately 43.61% by Skylong Holdings Limited, a company wholly-owned by Mr. Hoi Kin Hong. By virtue of the SFO, each of Powerlong Holdings, Skylong Holdings Limited and Mr. Hoi Kin Hong is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares in which Powerlong BVI Holding is interested in. Mr. Hoi Kin Hong and Ms. Wong Lai Chan also hold approximately 0.69% and 0.07% of direct interest in Powerlong Holdings, respectively. Mr. Hoi Wa Fong is the son of Mr. Hoi Kin Hong and Ms. Wong Lai Chan.
- 3. Ms. Wong Lai Chan is the spouse of Mr. Hoi Kin Hong. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Wong Lai Chan is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Mr. Hoi Kin Hong.
- 4. Huihong Management, the trustee of the Huihong Trust, is wholly-owned by Mr. Hoi Wa Fong for the purpose of the Huihong Share Award Scheme which was adopted on 31 December 2020. Further details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 31 December 2020. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Hoi Wa Fong is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Huihong Management.
- 5. Ms. Shih Sze Ni Cecilia is the spouse of Mr. Hoi Wa Fong. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Shih Sze Ni Cecilia is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Mr. Hoi Wa Fong.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

On 10 September 2020, the Board of the Company has resolved to adopt a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme"). A summary of the major terms is set out below:

Purposes and Objectives

- 1. to recognise and motivate the contributions by certain eligible participants and to give incentives thereto in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group;
- 2. to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group; and
- to provide certain eligible participants with a direct economic interest in attaining a long-term relationship between the Group and certain eligible participants.

Eligible Participants

The eligible participants of the Share Award Scheme (the "Eligible Participants") include the following classes of persons:

- (a) any employee of the Group;
- (b) any non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Company, any subsidiary or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest;
- (c) any adviser (professional or otherwise), consultant to or expert in any area of business or business development of any member of the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest; and
- (d) any other group or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the Group.

Administration

The Share Award Scheme shall be subject to the administration of the Board. In the event that a Selected Participant or his/her associate is a member of the Board, such person will abstain from voting on any approval by the Board of an award of Shares to such Selected Participant. The Board may, by passing resolutions, appoint any one or more senior management of the Company as authorised representative(s) to give instructions or notices to Tricor Trust (Hong Kong) Limited (the "**Trustee**") on all matters in connection with the Share Award Scheme and other matters in the routine administration of the trust constituted by the trust deed which establishes the Share Award Scheme (the "**Trust Deed**").

The Trustee will hold the Shares and the income derived therefrom in accordance with the rules of the Share Award Scheme (the "Scheme Rules") and subject to the terms of the Trust Deed.

Duration

Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board pursuant to the Scheme Rules, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing on 10 September 2020. The Share Award Scheme will have a remaining term of approximately 6 years as at the date of this annual report.

Maximum Limit

The Board shall not make any further grant of award of Shares under the Share Award Scheme such that the total number of Shares granted under the Share Award Scheme will exceed 5% of the total number of issued Shares as of 10 September 2020 (being 31,075,000 shares).

The Board shall not instruct the Trustee to subscribe for and/or purchase any Shares for the purpose of the Share Award Scheme when such subscription and/or purchase will exceed 5% of the total number of issued Shares as of 10 September 2020.

There is no maximum entitlement to each awardee.

Operation

Pursuant to the terms of the Share Award Scheme, the Board may, from time to time, at its absolute discretion select any Eligible Participant(s) for participation in the Share Award Scheme as a selected participant and determine the number of Shares to be awarded. The Trustee shall purchase from the open market or subscribe for the relevant number of Shares awarded and shall hold such Shares until they are vested in accordance with the terms of the Share Award Scheme.

Share Award to Directors and/or Connected Persons

Shares may be awarded to Eligible Participants, including the directors of the Company and/or its subsidiaries and/or connected persons of the Company. If Shares are awarded to any director of the Company and/or its subsidiaries and/or connected persons of the Company, such awards shall constitute connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and the Company shall comply with the relevant requirements under the Listing Rules.

Movement of Share Awards

On 24 November 2020, as the grant date, the Company resolved to award (the "Award") an aggregate of 11,250,000 awarded shares ("Awarded Shares") to Mr. Chen Deli. Such Awarded Shares have been issued to a trustee which shall hold on trust for Mr. Chen Deli pursuant to the terms of the Trust Deed. The Awarded Shares shall be vested in two tranches: (1) 50% of the Awarded Shares shall be vested on the third anniversary of the Commencement Date, i.e. 1 June 2023; and (2) 50% of the Awarded Shares shall be vested on the fifth anniversary of the Commencement Date, i.e. 1 June 2023. These Awarded Shares shall then be transferred at no consideration to Mr. Chen Deli after the relevant vesting conditions are fulfilled. As at 31 December 2023, 50% of the Awarded Shares had been vested in Mr. Chen Deli. The remaining 50% will be transferred to Mr. Chen Deli after the relevant vesting conditions are fulfilled.

Further details of the Share Award Scheme and the Award are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 10 September 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 6 November 2020.

As at 31 December 2023, shares issued and outstanding under the Share Award Scheme totaled 11,250,000 shares. Save as disclosed above, for the year ended 31 December 2023, no awarded shares had been awarded, vested, cancelled or lapsed.

The number of Shares still available for future grants is 19,825,000, which represents 3.1% of the Company's issued share capital as at the date of this report.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 25 March 2019 with limited liability, and the shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 30 December 2019.

The Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures with a view to enhancing investors' confidence in the Company and the Company's accountability. The Company therefore strives to attain and maintain effective corporate governance practices and procedures.

The Company has adopted the principles and code provisions of the CG Code set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules as the basis of the Company's corporate governance practices, and the CG Code has been applicable to the Company with effect from the Listing Date.

The Directors are of the view that the Company had complied with all applicable code provisions contained in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 December 2023.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding the Directors' dealings in the securities of the Company. The provisions under the Listing Rules in relation to compliance with the Model Code by the Directors regarding securities transactions have been applicable to the Company since the Listing Date.

Having made specific enquiry of all the Directors of the Company, all the Directors confirmed that they have strictly complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2023.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2023.

USE OF NET PROCEEDS

(i) Use of Net Proceeds from Initial Public Offering and Over Allotment

The Company was listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange on 30 December 2019. The net proceeds from the Listing was approximately HK\$1,380.5 million (equivalent to approximately RMB1,236.9 million). On 22 January 2020, the Company exercised the over-allotment option and issued 22,500,000 shares at a price of HK\$9.5 per share. Discounting the transaction costs attributable to the exercise of the over-allotment option, net proceeds from the over-allotment amounted to approximately HK\$208.0 million (equivalent to approximately RMB184.6 million). The Company intends to apply the proceeds from the over-allotment in proportion to the use of proceeds stated in the Prospectus. The net proceeds from the initial public offering and the over allotment amounted to approximately HK\$1,588.5 million.

As set out in the Prospectus, the Company intended to use such proceeds for the purposes as follows: (i) approximately 50% of the proceeds will be used to pursue strategic acquisitions of other small to medium-sized commercial operational service providers in order to scale up its commercial operational service business and expand its commercial operational service portfolio; (ii) approximately 25% of the proceeds will be used to upgrade its information technology systems for digitization and smart operation and management, aiming to enhance consumer experience, improve the quality of services provided to the Group's tenants and improve operational efficiency; (iii) approximately 10% of the proceeds will be used to make equity investment in certain tenants with an aim of establishing close strategic cooperation with them; (iv) approximately 5% of the proceeds will be used for the renovation of retail commercial properties developed or owned by independent third parties under the asset-light business model; and (v) approximately 10% of the proceeds will be used for general business purpose and as working capital of the Group.

On 30 June 2023, the Company revised the use of unutilised Net IPO Proceeds. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 30 June 2023.

		Prospectus	Intended use of the Net IPO Proceeds subsequent to re-allocation	Actual use of the Net IPO Proceeds during the year ended 31 December 2023	Actual use of the Net IPO Proceeds as of 31 December 2023	Unutilised Net IPO Proceeds as of 31 December 2023	Expected timetable
		HK\$ million	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	HK\$ million	
(i)	Pursue strategic acquisition of and investment in other commercial operational service providers	794.3	238.3	4.8	36.3	202.0	On or before 31 December 2026
(ii)	Upgrade the information technology systems	397.1	238.3	15.8	68.6	169.7	On or before 31 December 2026
(iii)	Make equity investment in certain tenants and suppliers	158.8	158.8	-	73.4	85.4	On or before 31 December 2026
(iv)	Renovation of retail commercial properties developed or owned by independent third parties	79.5	79.5	7.1	31.1	48.4	On or before 31 December 2026
(v)	General business purpose and working capital	158.8	158.8	-	158.8	-	-
(vi)	Rental expenses for properties under sub-lease services model	-	714.8	9.6	9.6	705.2	On or before 31 December 2026
		1,588.5	1,588.5	37.3	377.8	1,210.7	

As at 31 December 2023, the use of the Net IPO Proceeds together with the expected timeline of use are as follows:

The remaining amount of unused proceeds is planned to be utilised by 31 December 2026 as revised. The Board will re-assess and revise the timeline of the planned usage of the Net IPO Proceeds where necessary.

As at 31 December 2023, the remaining Net IPO Proceeds that had not yet been utilised were deposited into licensed banks in Hong Kong and mainland China.

(ii) Use of Proceeds from Subscription

On 30 June 2023, the Company revised the use of the unutilised Subscription Proceeds. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 30 June 2023.

The following table sets forth the status of use of the Subscription Proceeds as of 31 December 2023 together with the expected timeline of use:

		Original allocation of the Subscription Proceeds HK\$ million	Planned use of the Subscription Proceeds after re-allocation HK\$ million	Actual use of the Subscription Proceeds during the year ended 31 December 2023 HK\$ million	Actual use of the Subscription Proceeds as of 31 December 2023 HK\$ million	Unutilised Subscription Proceeds as of 31 December 2023 HK\$ million	Expected timetable
(i)	Personnel expansion: attract and recruit additional management personnel to the Group's projects and headquarters	82.0	82.0	-	82.0	-	-
(ii)	Property leasing business: develop three leasing projects, namely Shaoxing Keqiao Powerlong Plaza (紹興柯橋寶龍廣場), Hangzhou Qingshan Lake Powerlong Plaza (杭州青山湖寶龍廣場) and Taizhou Duqiao Powerlong Plaza (台州杜橋寶龍廣場)	109.4	109.4	2.6	22.1	87.3	On or before 31 December 2026
(iii)	IT infrastructure enhancement: create the "Precise Consumer Traffic System" which uses face recognition technology instead of traditional sensors to achieve accurate data collection and perform precise analysis on consumer traffic statistics	82.0	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Upgrade the information technology systems	-	82.0	_	_	82.0	On or before 31 December 2026
		273.4	273.4	2.6	104.1	169.3	

As at 31 December 2023, the unutilised Subscription Proceeds were deposited into licensed banks in Hong Kong and mainland China.

AUDIT COMMITTEE AND REVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company has established the Audit Committee in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. Details of the role and work performed by the Audit Committee are set out in the Corporate Governance Report contained in this annual report. The Audit Committee have reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 with the Company's management and considered that such statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and requirements with sufficient disclosure.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Up to the date of this annual report, the Group had no significant events after the balance sheet date which needs to be disclosed.

On behalf of the Board

HOI Wa Fong Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2024

Independent Auditor's Report

For the year ended 31 December 2023



To the Shareholders of Powerlong Commercial Management Holdings Limited

(incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Powerlong Commercial Management Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 74 to 146, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of change in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Independent Auditor's Report

For the year ended 31 December 2023

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key Audit Matter

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Recoverability of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables

Refer to Note 4 'critical accounting estimates and judgements', Note 22 'operating lease and trade receivables' and Note 23 'prepayments and other receivables' to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2023, the gross amount of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables amounted to RMB490,645,000 and RMB304,497,000, respectively. Management has assessed the expected credit losses of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables with loss allowance of RMB78,288,000 and RMB27,911,000 made against operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables as at 31 December 2023, respectively.

For assessing the recoverability of the operating lease and trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9 to measure the lifetime expected credit losses ("ECL") for operating lease and trade receivables. In estimating ECL, the Group calculated the historical default rate percentage based on the repayment history and ageing profile of the Group's debtors grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, with adjustments to reflect existing market conditions and forward-looking factors. For assessing the recoverability of the other receivables, the Group makes periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records and past experience.

We identified the recoverability of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements, combined with the significant degree of estimations made by management in evaluating the expected credit losses of the operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables. Our major audit procedures in relation to the assessment of recoverability of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables included the following:

- Obtained an understanding of the management's assessment process of the recoverability of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables;
- Assessed the appropriateness of the credit loss provisioning methodology adopted by management and the reasonableness of the key assumptions in estimating the ECL rate with reference to the repayment history of the Group's debtors, which we checked on a sample basis to the repayment records, and movements of the ageing of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables;
- Tested, on a sample basis, the accuracy of the ageing analysis of operating lease and trade receivables as at 31 December 2023 prepared by management, to sales invoices or demand notes, receipt records and other relevant documents;
- d) Checked the mathematical accuracy of the calculation of the loss allowance; and
- e) Tested, on a sample basis, the subsequent settlement of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables to cash receipts and the related supporting documentation.

Based on the procedures performed, we found that the key judgements and estimates made by management in relation to the assessment of the recoverability of operating lease and trade receivables and other receivables were supported by available evidences.

Independent Auditor's Report

For the year ended 31 December 2023

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk
 of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but
 not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

Independent Auditor's Report

For the year ended 31 December 2023

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express
 an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We
 remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Jimmy Siu with Practising Certificate number P05898.

Elite Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Level 23, YF Life Tower 33 Lockhart Road Wan Chai Hong Kong

Hong Kong, 26 March 2024

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 31 December		
		2023	2022	
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Revenue	6	2,635,746	2,549,25	
Cost of services	7	(1,748,725)	(1,714,83	
Gross profit		887,021	834,42	
Selling and marketing expenses	7	(78,589)	(54,56	
Administrative expenses	7	(222,944)	(214,18	
Other income and other gains – net	9	55,734	79,01	
Impairment losses on financial assets – net	3.1.2	(48,344)	(27,95	
Fair value (losses)/gains on financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	15	(1,248)	58	
Operating profit		591,630	617,31	
Finance costs	10	(42,470)	(57,80	
Finance income	10	61,584	53,46	
Finance income/(costs) – net		19,114	(4,34	
Share of results of joint ventures	18	(52)	(2,35	
Share of results of associates	19	996	2,77	
Profit before income tax		611,688	613,39	
Income tax expenses	12	(159,297)	(174,28	
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		452,391	439,11	
Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to:				
– Shareholders of the Company		452,952	443,07	
- Non-controlling interests		(561)	(3,96	
		<i>A</i> E2 201	/20 11	
Earnings per share for profit attributable to shareholders of the Company for the year (expressed in RMB cents per share)		452,391	439,1	
- Basic earnings per share	13	71.33	70.1	
- Diluted earnings per share	13	71.33	69.7	

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

		As at 31 December		
		2023	2022	
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Assets				
Non-current assets				
Property and equipment	14	45,753	12,982	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14	9,890	12,502	
Investment properties	16	749,749	751,872	
Deferred income tax assets	31	92,127	70,065	
Goodwill	17	92,127 20,640		
			20,640	
Intangible assets	17	6,752	8,561	
Investments in joint ventures	18	772	824	
Investments in associates	19	54,516	53,520	
	_	980,199	929,602	
Current assets				
Inventories	20	9,602	-	
Operating lease and trade receivables	22	412,357	232,463	
Prepayments and other receivables	23	328,939	597,763	
Current income tax recoverable		161	759	
Cash and bank balances	24	3,881,880	3,452,680	
		4,632,939	4,283,665	
T tel su te		E 640 400	F 040 007	
Total assets		5,613,138	5,213,267	
Equity				
Share capital and share premium	25	967,206	1,043,940	
Other reserves	26	120,223	171,326	
Shares held for shares award scheme		(44)	(95)	
Retained earnings	_	1,965,883	1,512,931	
Capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company		3,053,268	2,728,102	
Non-controlling interests		4,271	8,027	
Total equity	_	3,057,539	2,736,129	

		As at 31 December		
		2023	2022	
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Deferred income tax liabilities	31	1,235	1,592	
Lease liabilities	29(a)	931,103	901,274	
		932,338	902,866	
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	30	1,097,366	1,094,089	
Advances from lessees		22,087	44,091	
Current income tax liabilities		138,223	152,400	
Lease liabilities	29(a)	64,550	54,370	
Contract liabilities	6(b)	301,035	229,322	
		1,623,261	1,574,272	
Total liabilities		2,555,599	2,477,138	
		2,333,333	2,777,130	
Total equity and liabilities		5,613,138	5,213,267	

The above consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

The consolidated financial statements on pages 74 to 146 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

Hoi Wa Fong Director Chen Deli Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company								
	Notes	Share capital RMB'000 (Note 25)	Share premium RMB'000 (Note 25)	Shares held for shares award scheme RMB'000	Other reserves RMB'000 (Note 26)	Retained earnings RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Non- controlling interests RMB'000	Total equit RMB'00
Balance at 1 January 2022		5,747	1,282,814	(95)	97,281	1,069,856	2,455,603	15,133	2,470,73
Comprehensive income									
Profit for the year		_	-	_	-	443,075	443,075	(3,962)	439,11
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	443,075	443,075	(3,962)	439,11
Transactions with owners Shares Award Scheme and Share Incentive Scheme – value of employee service		_	_	_	74,045	_	74,045	_	74,04
Dividends		_	(244,621)	-	/ +,0+J —	-	(244,621)	(3,144)	(247,76
Balance at 31 December 2022		5,747	1,038,193	(95)	171,326	1,512,931	2,728,102	8,027	2,736,12
Balance at 1 January 2023		5,747	1,038,193	(95)	171,326	1,512,931	2,728,102	8,027	2,736,12
Comprehensive income Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	452,952	452,952	(561)	452,3
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	452,952	452,952	(561)	452,3
Transactions with owners Shares Award Scheme and Share Incentive Scheme									
– value of employee service Dividends	28	-	- (172,906)	-	45,120 _	-	45,120 (172,906)	- (3,195)	45,1; (176,1)
Vesting of awarded shares	20	-	96,172	51		-	(172,300)	(3,133) —	(170,1
Balance at 31 December 2023		5,747	961,459	(44)	120,223	1,965,883	3,053,268	4,271	3,057,5

The above consolidated statement of change in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Year ended 31 December		
		2023	2022
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cash flows of operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	32	682,096	429,885
PRC corporate income tax paid	02	(195,295)	(142,813
Net cash generated from operating activities		486,801	287,072
Cash flows of investing activities Purchases of property and equipment		(44,062)	/E 0.4/
Net proceeds from disposals of property and equipment		(44,062) 1,112	(5,04 ⁻ 875
Decrease in bank deposits with initial term of over three months and within one year		1,112	900,00
Decrease in bank deposits with initial term of over three months and within one year Decrease in bank deposits		-	
Purchases of intangible assets			1,100,00 (4,27
•		(840) 222,040	(4,27
Deposits refunded from/(paid to) a third party for the exclusive sales right for sales of shop Deposit paid to a related company for the exclusive sales right for sales of car park spaces		222,040	(198,00)
		_	(190,000
Net cash generated from investing activities		178,450	1,493,401
Cash flows of financing activities			
Dividend paid		(172,906)	(247,76
Principal elements and interest expenses of lease payments		(75,089)	(73,818
Net cash used in financing activities		(247,995)	(321,583
			. , , ,
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		417,256	1,458,89
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		3,450,788	1,976,94
Foreign exchanges on cash and cash equivalents		(1,322)	14,95
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	24	3,866,722	3,450,78

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Powerlong Commercial Management Holdings Limited (the "Company") was established in the Cayman Islands on 25 March 2019 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are primarily engaged in the provision of commercial operational services and residential property management services in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company was listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 30 December 2019.

The Company's parent company is Powerlong Real Estate (BVI) Holdings Limited ("Powerlong BVI Holdings"). The Company's intermediate holding company is Powerlong Real Estate Holdings Limited ("Powerlong Holdings") whose shares have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since 14 October 2009. As at 31 December 2023, Mr. Hoi Kin Hong ("Mr. Hoi") held approximate 44.37% of interests in the issued share capital of Powerlong Holdings.

Powerlong Holdings and its subsidiaries exclusive of the Group are collectively referred to as the "Remaining Powerlong Group" in these consolidated financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousand Renminbi ("RMB'000"), which is the functional currency of the Company.

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied in all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("HKCO") The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs and disclosure requirements of the HKCO.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

(iii) New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and amended HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual period beginning on 1 January 2023 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments
Amendments to HKAS 1 and	Disclosure of Accounting Policies
HKFRS Practice Statement 2	
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates
Amendments to HKAS 12	Income Tax Expenses due to International Tax Reform
Amendments to HKAS 12	International Tax Reform-Pillar Two Model Rules

Except as stated below, new and amendments to HKFRSs listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(iii) New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year. HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements is amended to replace all instances of the term "Significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The amendments also clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material. If an entity chooses to disclose immaterial accounting policy information, such information must not obscure material accounting policy information.

HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements (the "Practice Statement") is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the "four-step materiality process" to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

The application of the amendments has had no material impact on the Group's financial position and performance but has affected the disclosure of the Group's accounting policies.

(iv) Amendments to HKFRSs that are not mandatorily for the current year

The Group has not early applied the following amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKAS 1 Amendments to HKAS 1 Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 Amendments to HKAS 21 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current¹ Non-current Liabilities with Covenants¹ Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture³ Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback¹ Supplier Finance Arrangements¹ Lack of Exchangeability²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The Group is in the process of assessing the potential impact of the amendments to HKFRSs but are not yet in a position to determine whether the amendments to HKFRSs will have a material impact on the Group's performance and financial position and on the disclosures. The amendments to HKFRSs may result in changes to how the Group's performance and financial position are prepared and presented in the future.

2.2 Subsidiaries

2.2.1 Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

(a) Business combinations not under common control

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations not under common control. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in the profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. It means the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs.

2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.3 Associates

Associates are all entities over which the group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

Where the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity-accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in Note 2.12.

2.4 Joint arrangements

The Group has applied HKFRS 11 to a joint arrangement. Under HKFRS 11 investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor. The Group has assessed the nature of its joint arrangement and determined it to be a joint venture. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

Where the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equal or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of the joint ventures have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in Note 2.12.

2.5 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker ("CODM"), who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

2.6 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised within "other income and other gains" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

2.7 Property and equipment

Property and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment loss. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or, in case of leasehold improvements and certain leased plants and equipment, the lease term, as follows:

- Motor vehicles	5-8 years
– Furniture, fitting and equipment	5 years
- Leasehold improvements	5-20 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within "other income and other gains – net" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

2.8 Investment properties

Investment properties, representing commercial properties held under leases, are held for rental yields and are not occupied by the Group. The Group measured its investment properties at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs less depreciation and impairment loss. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their lease term varying from 2 to 20 years.

2.9 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identified net assets acquired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill is not amortised but its impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of the CGUs containing the goodwill is compared with the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

(b) Customer contracts

Customer contracts acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. They have a finite useful life and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method over the expected life of 2 to 10 years for the customer contracts.

(c) Software

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives (2 to 10 years). Costs associated with maintaining computer software programs are recognised as an expense as incurred.

2.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not ready to use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.11 Financial assets

2.11.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

2.11.2 Recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments
 of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at
 amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income
 when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using
 the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through other comprehensive income: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses) and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the statement of comprehensive income.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in 'other gains' in the period in which it arises.

2.11 Financial assets (Continued)

2.11.2 Recognition and measurement (Continued)

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other income/losses, net in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

2.11.3 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2.12 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 3.1.2 details how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial assets.

For operating lease and trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the assets. The provision matrix is determined based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the operating lease and trade receivables with similar credit risk characteristics and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At all reporting date the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

Impairment on other receivables from third parties and related parties are measured as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

2.13 Inventories

Inventories comprise merchandise purchased for resale and consumables and are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of merchandise is determined on the weighted average basis. Net realizable value is determined based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to disposal.

2.14 Operating lease and trade and other receivables

Operating lease receivables are amounts due from tenants in relation to the operating leases and trade receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of operating lease and trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Operating lease and trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See Note 22 and Note 23 for further information about the Group's accounting for operating lease and trade and other receivables and Note 3.1.2 for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

2.15 Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and at banks and deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investment with original maturities of three months or less.

Bank deposits which are restricted to use are included in 'Restricted cash'. Restricted cash are excluded from cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

2.16 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any group entity purchases the Company's shares (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the owners of the Company until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such ordinary shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, and is included in equity attributable to owners of the Company.

2.17 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within 12 months or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.18 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

(b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.18 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.19 Employee benefits

(a) **Pension obligations**

The Group only operate defined contribution pension plans. In accordance with the rules and regulations in the PRC, the PRC based employees of the Group participate in various defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by the relevant municipal and provincial governments in the PRC under which the Group and the PRC based employees are required to make monthly contributions to these plans calculated as a percentage of the employees' salaries. The municipal and provincial governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired PRC based employees' payable under the plans described above. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligation for the payment of retirement and other post-retirement benefits of its employees. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in independently administrated funds managed by the governments.

The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement scheme are expensed as incurred.

(b) Housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances

Employees of the Group in the PRC are entitled to participate in various government-supervised housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurance plan. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on certain percentages of the salaries of the employees, subject to certain ceiling. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each year. Contributions to the housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances are expensed as incurred.

(c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

(d) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

2.20 Share-based payments

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via the employee share incentive scheme and share award scheme.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions are share-based payment arrangement in which the Group received goods or services as consideration for its own equity instrument. The Group might receive goods or services but have no obligation to settle the transaction with the supplier, as the settlement will be made by a shareholder or another group entity, this transaction is also equity-settled share-based payment transaction.

For an equity-settled share-based payment transaction, the fair value of equity instrument granted is recognised as an employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in equity.

During the vesting periods, the Group revises its estimates of the number of awarded shares that are expected to ultimately vest based on the vesting conditions at the balance sheet date. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/ credited to employee share-based compensation expense in the current year, with a corresponding adjustment to the employee share-based capital reserve.

2.21 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions for legal claims, service warranties and make good obligations are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

2.22 Revenue recognition

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of commercial operational services and residential property management services.

(a) Commercial operational services

- The Group enters into commercial operational service contracts with property developers or owners of shopping malls, pursuant to which the Group provides the following services:
 - market research and positioning, tenant sourcing and opening preparation services during the preparation stage;
 - commercial operational services during the operation stage, including tenant management and rent collection services, other value-added services, mainly including car parks, common areas and advertising space management services.

Revenue from rendering of market research and positioning services is recognised when relevant market research and positioning reports were delivered and accepted by property developers or owners.

Revenue in respect of provision of tenant sourcing and opening preparation services is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation.

For tenant management and rent collection services, and other value-added services, the Group bills a fixed amount for services provided on a monthly basis and recognises as revenue in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice and that corresponds directly with the value of performance completed.

When the Group leases car parks, common areas and advertising space of the shopping malls from property owner by paying a yearly rent, and operate the leased car parks, common areas and advertising space as principal, revenue is recognised on a gross basis when the related service are rendered.

(ii) The Group enters into commercial property management service contracts with tenants, pursuant to which the Group provide commercial property management services including security, gardening, cleaning, repair and maintenance services.

For provision of commercial property management services to tenants at the operation stage of the shopping malls, the Group recognises the fee received or receivable as its revenue over time in the period in which the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the services performed by the Group and all the related management costs as its cost of services.

(iii) The Group operates a chain of retail stores selling inventory. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer.

(b) Residential property management services

The Group provides residential property management services to residential properties, serviced apartments and office building, including pre-sale management services and other value-added services to property developers, property owners and residents.

For residential property management services, the Group bills a fixed amount for services provided on a monthly basis and recognises as revenue in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice and that corresponds directly with the value of performance completed.

For residential property management services income from properties managed under lump sum basis, where the Group acts as principal, the Group entitles to revenue at the value of residential property management services fee received or receivable. For residential property management service income from properties managed under commission basis, where the Group acts as an agent of the property owner, the Group entitles to revenue at a pre-determined percentage of amount of the property management fee received or receivable by the properties.

2.22 Revenue recognition (Continued)

(b) Residential property management services (Continued)

Pre-sale management services mainly include cleaning, greening, repair and maintenance services to property developers at the predelivery stage. The Group agrees the price for each service with the customers upfront and issues the monthly bill to the customers which varies based on the actual level of service completed in that month.

For other value-added services including resident services, community public areas management and operation and advertisement, revenue is recognised when the related other value-added services are rendered. Payment of the transaction is due immediately when the other value-added services are rendered to the customer.

If contracts involve the sale of multiple services, the transaction price allocated to each performance obligation are based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. If the stand-alone selling prices are not directly observable, they are estimated based on expected cost plus a margin or adjusted market assessment approach, depending on the availability of observable information.

(c) Presentation of assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers

When either party to a contract has performed, the Group presents the contract in the consolidated balance sheet as a contract asset or a contract liability, depending on the relationship between the Group's performance and the customer's payment.

A contract asset is the Group's right to consideration in exchange for services that the Group has transferred to a customer.

If a customer pays consideration or the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, before the Group transfers services to the customer, the Group presents the contract as a contract liability when the payment is received or a receivable is recorded (whichever is earlier). A contract liability is the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A receivable is recorded when the Group has an unconditional right to consideration. A right to consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Incremental costs incurred to obtain a contact, if recoverable, are capitalised and presented as assets and subsequently amortised when the related revenue is recognised. The Group applied the practical expedient to recognise the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense immediately if the amortisation period is less than 12 months.

2.23 Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2.24 Leases

The Group as a lessee

The Group leases various properties, including commercial properties and car parks. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purpose.

Lease are recognised as a right-of-use asset (included in "Investment Properties" (Note 16)) and corresponding liability at the date of which the lease asset for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability of each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

2.24 Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include:

- (a) the net present value of the fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments);
- (b) variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate; and
- (c) payments of penalties for terminating of the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- (c) any initial direct cost; and
- (d) restoration costs.

Payments associated with short-term leases with lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term as an expense in profit or loss.

Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to lease of car parks, common areas and advertising spaces that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

Variable lease payments

Variable lease payments based on an index or a rate are initially measured using the index or the rate at the commencement date. The Group do not forecast future changes of the index/rate; these changes are taken into account when the lease payments change. Variable lease payments that are not based on an index or a rate are not part of the lease liability, but they are recognised in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income when the event or conditions that triggers those payments occurs.

Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property leases across the Group. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable upon fulfilment of certain notice period. In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise such options. The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment.

2.24 Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessor

A lessor shall classify each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs with more than a significant amount are capitalised when incurred, and are recognised in profit or loss on the same basis as rental income over the lease term. Other initial direct costs with an insignificant amount are charged to profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

The lease receivable under lease arrangements are recognised as "operating lease receivable" in the consolidated balance sheet.

The Group as a sublease lessor

Sub-lease is a transaction for which an underlying asset is re-leased by a lessee ("sublease lessor") to a third party, and the lease ("head lease") between the head lessor and lessee remains in effect. In classifying a sublease, a sublease lessor shall classify the sublease as a finance lease or an operating lease as follows:

- (a) If the head lease is a short-term lease that the entity, as a lessee, has accounted for the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis, the sublease shall be classified as an operating lease.
- (b) Otherwise, the sublease shall be classified by referenced to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease as finance lease or operating lease.

2.25 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

2.26 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

2.27 Earnings per share

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, and
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in
 ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.28 Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by the person in their dealings with the entity.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

3.1.1 Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group's businesses are principally conducted in RMB. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, major non-RMB assets were cash and bank balances which were denominated in either Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$") or US dollar ("US\$"). Fluctuation of the exchange rate of RMB against HK\$ or US\$ could affect the Group's results of operations. The Group has not entered into any forward exchange contract to hedge its exposure to foreign exchange risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	As at 31 D	ecember
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Financial assets		
– HK\$	11,274	7,792
– US\$	-	70
	11,274	7,862

As at 31 December 2023, if RMB had strengthened/weakened by 5%, against HK\$ with all other variable held constant, posttax profit and equity for the year would have been RMB564,000 lower/higher (2022: RMB390,000 lower/higher), mainly as a result of net foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of HK\$ denominated cash and bank balances.

As at 31 December 2023, if RMB had strengthened/weakened by 5%, against US\$ with all other variable held constant, posttax profit and equity for the year would have been RMB nil (2022: RMB3,500 lower/higher), mainly as a result of net foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of US\$ denominated cash and bank balances.

3.1.2 Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its operating lease and trade receivables, other receivables and cash deposits at banks. The carrying amounts of operating lease and trade receivables, other receivables and cash deposits at banks represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

(i) Cash deposits at banks

The Group expects that there is no significant credit risk associated with cash deposits at banks since they are substantially deposited at state-owned banks and other medium or large-sized listed banks. Management does not expect that there will be any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1.2 Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Operating lease and trade receivables

Operating lease and trade receivables have been assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on different credit risk characteristics. They are categorised as follows for assessment purpose:

Group 1 – Operating lease and trade receivables due from related parties

Group 2 - Operating lease and trade receivables due from third parties

For Group 1, operating lease and trade receivables due from related parties, the Group has large number of customers and there was no concentration of credit risk. Thus, the expected loss rate for Group 1 was 13.11% (31 December 2022: 4.61%), a loss allowance of RMB28,312,000 therefrom was made at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: RMB2,766,000).

For Group 2, the Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses ("ECL") prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for operating lease and trade receivables due from third parties. To measure the ECL, operating lease and trade receivables due from third parties have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The ECL also incorporate forward-looking information. Thus, a loss allowance of RMB49,976,000 therefrom was made at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: RMB41,194,000).

(iii) Other receivables

For other receivables, management makes periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records and past experience. The Group used the 12 months ECL method to assess credit loss of other receivables. Thus, a loss allowance of RMB27,911,000 therefrom was made at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: RMB13,895,000).

- (iv) The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of assets and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:
 - internal credit rating
 - external credit rating
 - actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations
 - actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower
 - significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrowers, including changes in the payment status of borrowers and changes in the operating results of the borrowers.

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1.2 Credit risk (Continued)

The Group accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category of receivables and adjusts for forward-looking macroeconomic data.

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

Internal credit rating	Description	Operating lease and Trade receivables	Deposits and other receivables except prepayments
Performing	The counterparty has a low to moderate risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL – not-credit impaired	12m ECL
Underperforming	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL – not-credit impaired	Lifetime ECL – not-credit impaired
Non-performing	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets which are subject to ECL assessment:

	Internal credit rating	12-month or lifetime ECL	Gross carrying amount 2023 RMB'000	Gross carrying amount 2022 RMB'000
Financial assets at amortised cost: operating lease and trade receivables	Performing	Lifetime ECL	490,645	276,423
Deposits and other receivables, excluding prepayments	Performing	12m ECL	304,497	542,024
Cash and bank balances	N/A	12m ECL	3,881,880	3,452,680

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1.2 Credit risk (Continued)

As at the respective balance sheet date, the loss allowance provision for operating lease and trade receivables due from related parties was determined as follows. The expected credit losses below also incorporated forward-looking information.

	As	As at 31 December 2023			
	Expected loss rate	· · · ·			
Operating lease and trade receivables Related parties (Note 22)	13.11%	215,952	(28,312)		

	As at 31 December 2022			
	Expected Gross carrying L loss rate amount (RMB'000)		Loss allowance provision (RMB'000)	
Operating lease and trade receivables Related parties (Note 22)	4.61%	59,941	(2,766)	

As at the respective balance sheet date, the loss allowance provision for operating lease and trade receivables due from third parties was determined as follows. The expected credit losses below also incorporated forward-looking information.

	Up to 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Operating lease and trade receivables					
(excluding trade receivables from					
related parties)					
At 31 December 2023					
Expected loss rate	6.84 %	21.20 %	30.81 %	100.00%	
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	177,401	53,313	25,213	18,766	274,693
Loss allowance provision (RMB'000)	(12,139)	(11,304)	(7,767)	(18,766)	(49,976)
At 31 December 2022					
Expected loss rate	9.85%	24.40%	35.88%	100.00%	
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	161,908	25,381	15,825	13,368	216,482
Loss allowance provision (RMB'000)	(15,954)	(6,194)	(5,678)	(13,368)	(41,194)

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

3.1.2 Credit risk (continued)

As at the respective balance sheet date, the loss allowance provision for other receivables was determined as follows. The expected credit losses below also incorporated forward-looking information.

	Up to 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Other receivables * At 31 December 2023 Expected loss rate Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	0.84% 104,932	12.99% 198,218	91.50% 620	100.00% 727	304,497
Loss allowance provision (RMB'000)	(877)	(25,740)	(567)	(727)	(27,911)
At 31 December 2022					
Expected loss rate	1.44%	29.27%	89.50%	100.00%	
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	534,459	1,240	4,827	1,498	542,024
Loss allowance provision (RMB'000)	(7,714)	(363)	(4,320)	(1,498)	(13,895)

As at the respective balance sheet date, the loss allowance provision for operating lease and trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments and interest receivable from bank deposits) reconciled to the opening loss allowance for that provision as follows:

	Operating lease and trade receivables RMB'000	Other receivables * RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2023	43,960	13,895	57,855
Provision for loss allowance recognised in profit or loss	34,328	14,016	48,344
At 31 December 2023	78,288	27,911	106,199

	Operating lease and trade receivables RMB'000	Other receivables * RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	43,051	7,131	50,182
Provision for loss allowance recognised in profit or loss	21,192	6,764	27,956
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible	(20,283)		(20,283)
At 31 December 2022	43,960	13,895	57,855

Excluding prepayments and interest receivables from bank deposits.

As at 31 December 2023, the gross carrying amount of operating lease and trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments and interest receivables from bank deposits prepayments) was RMB795,142,000 (2022: RMB818,447,000) and thus the maximum exposure to loss was RMB688,943,000 (2022: RMB760,592,000).

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1.3 Liquidity risk

To manage the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains the level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity grouping based on the remaining period at the end of each reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year RMB'000	Between 1 and 2 years RMB'000	Between 2 and 5 years RMB'000	Over 5 years RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Carrying amount RMB'000
At 31 December 2023						
Lease liabilities	119,361	85,484	249,522	1,119,707	1,574,074	995,653
Trade and other payables*	1,013,054	-	-	-	1,013,054	1,013,054
	1,132,415	85,484	249,522	1,119,707	2,587,128	2,008,707
At 31 December 2022						
Lease liabilities	105,164	92,152	238,445	1,093,574	1,529,335	955,644
Trade and other payables*	995,877	-	-	-	995,877	995,877
	1,101,041	92,152	238,445	1,093,574	2,525,212	1,951,521

* Excluding accrued payroll and other tax payables.

3.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the liability-asset ratio. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities divided by total assets.

As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, liability-asset ratio of the Group is as follows:

	As at 31 December		
	2023 2022		
Liability-asset ratio	45.5% 47.5%		

3.3 Fair value estimation

(a) Financial assets and liabilities

The Group's financial instruments recognised in the consolidated balance sheet are mainly operating lease and trade receivables, other receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost. The carrying value less loss allowance of trade and other receivables and payables are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is assessed by the Group based on valuations using market comparable method determined by independent and professional qualified valuer.

The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had no financial instruments in level 1 and level 2 (2022: same).

The following table presents the Group's financial assets measured and recognised at fair value at 31 December 2023 on a recurring basis:

	At 31 December 2023 Level 3 RMB'000	At 31 December 2022 Level 3 RMB'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — Contingent consideration — Investment Fund	514 9,376	1,528 9,610
Total	9,890	11,138

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were classified as Level 3. There were no transfers between levels during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: same).

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value: the lower of expected discount rate adopted in the discounted cash flow, the higher of expected rate of return and the fair value.

The Group manages the valuation of level 3 instruments for financial reporting purpose on a case by case basis. At least once every reporting year, the Group would assess the fair value of the Group's level 3 instruments by using valuation techniques.

The valuation of level 3 instruments included contingent consideration and investment funds. As these instruments are not traded in an active market, their fair values have been determined by using applicable valuation techniques, which mainly include discounted cash flows and the significant unobservable input is expected discount rate.

If the expected discount rate had been 1% higher/lower, the profit before income tax for the year ended 31 December 2023 would have been approximately RMB559,000 higher/lower (2022: RMB570,000 higher/lower)

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are set out below.

(a) Loss allowance for doubtful receivables

The Group makes loss allowance for receivables based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group used judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs for the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of trade and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the periods in which such estimate has been changed. For details of the key assumptions and inputs used, see Note 3.1.2 above.

(b) Measurement of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

The Group leases various commercial properties and car parks. Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis.

Some of the Group's leases contain extension and termination options. In determining the lease terms, management considers facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

The lease term is reassessed if an option is exercised (or not exercised) or the Group becomes obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The assessment of reasonable certainty is only revised if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs, which affects this assessment, and that is within the control of the lessee. If the actual lease period or the cash flow from exercising extension and termination options is significantly different from management's estimate, the carrying amounts of the right-of-use assets which were included in investment properties and lease liabilities will be affected.

(c) Current and deferred income tax

The Group is subject to corporate income taxes in the PRC. Judgment is required in determining the amount of the provision for taxation and the timing of payment of the related taxations. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

(d) Impairment of assessment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (or group of cashgenerating units) to which goodwill has been allocated, which is the higher of the value in use or fair value less costs of disposal. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash generating unit (or a group of cashgenerating units) and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, or change in facts and circumstances which results in downward revision of future cash flows, a material impairment loss/further impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of goodwill amounted to RMB20,640,000 (2022: RMB20,640,000).

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by CODM. The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segment, has been identified as the executive directors of the Company.

The Group has two business segments:

Commercial operational services

The Group is engaged in (a) the provision of market research and positioning, business tenant sourcing and opening preparation services; (b) commercial operational services during the operation stage, including business tenant management, rent collection services and other value-added services (mainly including car parks, common areas and advertising space management services); and (c) commercial property management services including security, gardening, cleaning, repair and maintenance services.

Besides, to maximise its commercial operational efficiency, the Group leased certain retail commercial properties nearby the shopping malls under management by the Group, and sub-leased them for long-term rental yield.

Residential property management services

The Group provides residential property management services of residential properties, serviced apartments and office building, including pre-sale management services and other value-added services to property developers, property owners and residents.

As the CODM considers most of the Group's consolidated revenue and results are attributable to the market in the PRC and the Group's consolidated non-current assets are substantially located in the PRC, no geographical information is presented.

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Segment results represent the profit earned by each segment without allocation of other income and other gains – net, unallocated operating costs, finance income/(costs) – net, share of results of joint ventures and associates and income tax expenses. Revenue recognised at a point in time from contracts with customers represents revenue from the provision of market research and positioning. Other revenue from contracts with customers is recognised over time. The following is the analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segments:

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Commercial operational services RMB'000	Residential property management services RMB'000	Group RMB'000
Gross segment revenue	2,137,390	498,356	2,635,746
Revenue from contracts with customers — at a point in time — over time	1,960,880 19,906 1,940,974	<u>498,356</u> – 498,356	2,459,236 19,906 2,439,330
Revenue from other source – rental income	176,510		176,510
Segment results Other income and other gains Unallocated operating costs Interest expense Interest income Share of results of joint ventures Share of results of associates	622,327	121,513	743,840 55,734 (207,944) (42,470) 61,584 (52) 996
Profit before income tax Income tax expenses			611,688 (159,297)
Profit for the year			452,391
Amounts included in the measure of segment results: Depreciation and amortisation	82,094	4,078	86,172

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Commercial operational services	Residential property management services	Group
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Gross segment revenue	2,058,280	490,978	2,549,258
		100,070	2,010,200
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,913,537	490,978	2,404,515
– at a point in time	8,364	_	8,364
– over time	1,905,173	490,978	2,396,151
Revenue from other sources			
- rental income	144,743	-	144,743
Segment results	575,378	111,854	687,232
Other income and other gains			79,014
Unallocated operating costs			(148,934)
Interest expense			(57,803)
Interest income			53,462
Share of results of joint ventures			(2,352)
Share of results of associates			2,778
Profit before income tax			613,397
Income tax expenses			(174,284)
Profit for the year			439,113
Amounts included in the measure of segment results:			
Depreciation and amortisation	80,401	3,015	83,416

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) The following is the analysis of the Group's segment assets and liabilities and capital expenditure for the year then ended:

As at 31 December 2023

	Commercial operational services RMB'000	Residential property management services RMB'000	Elimination RMB′000	Group RMB'000
Segment assets Other assets	1,674,099	246,848	(7,070)	1,913,877 3,699,261
Total assets				5,613,138
Segment liabilities Other liabilities	2,122,495	280,461	(7,070)	2,395,886 159,713
Total liabilities				2,555,599
Amounts included in the measure of segment assets: Capital expenditure	114,374	1,749	_	116,123

As at 31 December 2022

	Commercial operational services RMB'000	Residential property management services RMB'000	Elimination RMB'000	Group RMB'000
Segment assets Other assets	1,614,557	213,250	(53,827)	1,773,980 3,439,287
Total assets				5,213,267
Segment liabilities Other liabilities	2,050,595	274,738	(53,827)	2,271,506 205,632
Total liabilities				2,477,138
Amounts included in the measure of segment assets: Capital expenditure	202,593	1,605	_	204,198

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment assets are reconciled to total assets as follows:

	As at 31 D	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Segment assets	1,913,877	1,773,980	
Other assets			
Current income tax recoverable	161	759	
Deferred income tax assets	92,127	70,065	
Unallocated cash and bank balances	3,540,749	3,300,950	
Unallocated property and equipment	1,046	2,031	
Other corporate assets	55,288	54,344	
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	9,890	11,138	
Total assets	5,613,138	5,213,267	

Segment liabilities are reconciled to total liabilities as follows:

	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Segment liabilities	2,395,886	2,271,506
Other liabilities		
Current income tax liabilities	138,223	152,400
Deferred income tax liabilities	1,235	1,592
Other corporate liabilities	20,255	51,640
Total liabilities	2,555,599	2,477,138

The amounts provided to the CODM with respect to total assets and liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the consolidated financial statements. These assets and liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment.

Segment assets consist primarily of property and equipment, investment properties, intangible assets, receivables from commercial and residential property management services and cash and bank balances other than current income tax recoverable, deferred income tax assets, unallocated cash and bank balances, unallocated property and equipment, other corporate assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Segment liabilities consist primarily of trade and other payables, lease liabilities, contract liabilities and advances from lessees other than current income tax liabilities, deferred income tax liabilities and other corporate liabilities.

Capital expenditure comprises additions to property and equipment, investment properties and intangible assets.

6 REVENUE

(a) Revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 is as follows:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Types of services		
Rental income:		
- Commercial property lease income	176,510	144,743
Revenue from contracts with customers:		
- Market research and positioning, business tenant sourcing, opening preparation services	100,019	177,743
- Commercial operation and management services	1,860,861	1,735,794
Commercial operation service during the operation stage	742,437	692,860
— Commercial property management service	1,118,424	1,042,934
- Commercial operational services	1,960,880	1,913,537
	9.160	
 Pre-sale management services Property management services 	376,162	25,455 368,159
Other value-added services	113,034	97,364
- Residential property management services	498,356	490,978
	2,635,746	2,549,258
Types of customers		
External customers (i)	2,242,728	2,070,924
Fellow subsidiaries (ii)	368,313	439,605
Other related parties (iii)	24,705	38,729
	2,635,746	2,549,258

- (i) External customers represented independent third parties.
- (ii) For the year ended 31 December 2023, revenue arising from the Remaining Powerlong Group and other entities controlled by Mr. Hoi (the "Fellow Subsidiaries") contributed 14.0% of the Group's revenue (2022: 17.2%). Other than the Fellow Subsidiaries, the Group has a large number of customers, none of whom contributed 10% or more of the Group's revenue during the year (2022: same).
- (iii) Other related parties represented associates or jointly controlled entities of the Remaining Powerlong Group.

6 **REVENUE** (Continued)

(b) Liabilities related to contracts with customers

	As at 31 December		
	2023 2022 RMB'000 RMB'000		
Contract liabilities	301,035	229,322	

Contract liabilities of the Group mainly arose from the advance payments made by the customers while the underlying services are yet to be provided.

(i) Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in the current reporting period relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

	Year ended 3 2023 RMB'000			
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance				
at the beginning of the year				
 Commercial operational services 	187,294	389,829		
 Residential property management services 	42,028	68,244		
	229,322	458,073		

(ii) Unsatisfied performance obligations

For commercial operational services and residential property management services, the Group recognises revenue in the amount that equals to the rights to invoices which corresponds directly with the value to the customers of the Group's performance to date, on a monthly or quarterly basis. The Group has elected the practical expedient for not to disclose the remaining performance obligations for those types of contracts. The majority of the property management services contracts and property developer-related services do not have a fixed term. The term of the contracts for other value-added services is generally set to expire when the counterparties notify several months in advance the Group that the services are no longer required.

7 EXPENSES BY NATURE

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Employee and other labour costs	1,251,854	1,326,371	
Utilities	249,319	225,286	
Short-term lease expenditure (Note (a) and Note 29(b))	205,733	173,175	
Depreciation and amortisation (Notes 14, 16 and 17)	86,172	83,416	
Promotion and advertising expenses	92,671	49,490	
Travelling and entertainment expenses	18,459	23,361	
Office expenses	19,442	27,366	
Taxes and other levies	10,100	9,867	
Professional fees	23,480	16,023	
Variable lease payments (Note 29(b))	19,280	13,797	
Cost of inventories sold	17,385	-	
Auditors' remuneration			
– Audit services	2,295	2,705	
– Non-audit services	-	142	
Others	54,068	32,585	
Total of costs of services, selling and marketing expenses and administrative expenses	2,050,258	1,983,584	

(a) Short-term lease payment represented the annual fee for leases of car parks, common areas and advertising spaces from Powerlong Group. These lease contracts have lease terms of 12 months or less from the commencement date, and will be subject to negotiation for renew requirements.

8 STAFF COSTS

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Wages and salaries	694,120	618,446	
Social insurance expenses (Note (a))	104,577	118,142	
Housing benefits	36,086	40,852	
Other employee benefits (Note (b))	2,332	6,138	
Share-based payments (Note 27)	45,120	74,045	
	882,235	857,623	

8 STAFF COSTS (Continued)

- (a) Employees of the Group in the PRC are required to participate in a defined contribution retirement scheme administrated and operated by the local municipal government. The Group's PRC subsidiaries contribute funds which are calculated on certain percentage of the average employee salary, subject to certain ceiling, and as agreed by local municipal government to the scheme to fund the retirement benefits of the employees.
- (b) Other employee benefits mainly include meal, travelling and transportation allowances.

(c) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 included one director (2022: two) whose emoluments are shown in Note 35. The emoluments payable to the remaining four individuals are as follows (2022: three):

	Year ended 31	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Wages and salaries	4,800	3,490	
Pension costs, housing funds, medical insurance and other social insurances	453	401	
Bonus	730	661	
	5,983	4,552	

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

		Number of individuals Year ended 31 December 2023 2022		
Emolument bands (in HK dollar ("HK\$")) HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	3	3		
	3	3		

During the year ended 31 December 2023, no emolument was paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of offices (2022: nil).

9 OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS - NET

	Year ended 31 December		
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	
Other income			
Penalty income (Note (a))	22,242	35,999	
Government grants (Note (b))	26,860	19,913	
Others	7,954	8,148	
	57,056	64,060	
Other (losses)/gains			
Foreign exchange (losses)/gains	(1,322)	14,954	
	55,734	79,014	

(a) Penalty income mainly represented the forfeited deposits from tenants due to the premature termination of contracts.

(b) Government grants mainly represented rewards and tax refunds from local government without attached conditions.

10 FINANCE INCOME/(COSTS) – NET

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 December	
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	
Interest expense in respect of: Lease liabilities (Note 29(b))	(43,677)	(57 175)	
Others	(43,077) 1,207	(57,175) (628)	
		()	
	(42,470)	(57,803)	
Interest income in respect of:			
Bank deposits	61,584	53,462	
	61,584	53,462	
Finance income/(costs) – net	19,114	(4,341)	

11 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

The principal subsidiaries of which the Company held direct or indirect interest as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Company name	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment	Kind of legal entity	Nominal value of issued and fully paid share capital/ paid-in capital	Attributable equity interest of the Group as at 31 December 2023	Attributable equity interest of the Group as at 31 December 2022	Principal activities and place of operation
<i>Directly owned:</i> Powerlong (BVI) V Limited	The British Virgin Islands ("BVI") 11 August 2008	Limited liability company	US\$ 50,000	100%	100%	Investment holding, the BVI
Indirectly owned: Powerlong Commercial Group Holdings Limited	Hong Kong, 3 October 2008	Limited liability company	HK\$ 50,000	100%	100%	Investment holding, Hong Kong
Shanghai Shangsheng Investment Management Consulting Company Limited	The PRC, 15 December 2010	Limited liability company	US\$ 3,000,000	100%	100%	Investment holding, management consulting, Shanghai, the PRC
Shanghai Yulong Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 5 March 2012	Limited liability company	RMB 1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Xiamen Hualong Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 14 April 1993	Limited liability company	RMB 5,853,600	100 %	100%	Property Management, Xiamen, the PRC
Shanghai Powerlong Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 5 April 2007	Limited liability company	RMB 5,000,000	100 %	100%	Property management, Shanghai, the PRC
Shanghai Baozhan Commercial Operational Management Company Limited	The PRC, 1 September 2014	Limited liability company	RMB1,000,000	100 %	100%	Commercial operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Qingdao Jimo Powerlong Commercial Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 26 November 2010	Limited liability company	RMB 3,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Qingdao, the PRC
Taicang Baohua Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 9 October 2006	Limited liability company	RMB 3,000,000	100 %	100%	Property management, Taicang, the PRC
Shanghai Powerlong Commercial Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 29 June 2007	Limited liability company	RMB 5,000,000	100 %	100%	Commercial operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Bengbu Powerlong Commercial Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 12 July 2007	Limited liability company	RMB 10,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Bengbu, the PRC

11 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Company name	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment	Kind of legal entity	Nominal value of issued and fully paid share capital/ paid-in capital	Attributable equity interest of the Group as at 31 December 2023	Attributable equity interest of the Group as at 31 December 2022	Principal activities and place of operation
Zhengzhou Powerlong Commercial Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 16 October 2007	Limited liability company	RMB10,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Zhengzhou, the PRC
Qingdao Powerlong Commercial Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 25 February 2008	Limited liability company	RMB 4,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Chengyang, the PRC
Wuxi Powerlong Commercial Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 8 April 2008	Limited liability company	RMB10,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Wuxi, the PRC
Hangzhou Junlong Enterprise Management Company Limited	The PRC, 23 July 2014	Limited liability company	RMB1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Hangzhou, the PRC
Tianjin Junlong Commercial Management Company Limited	The PRC, 21 October 2011	Limited liability company	RMB 1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Tianjin, the PRC
Jiangyou Powerlong Commercial Managemer Company Limited	nt The PRC, 18 September 2017	Limited liability company	RMB 1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Jiangyou, the PRC
Shanghai Baoqian Commercial Operational Management Company Limited	The PRC, 13 November 2014	Limited liability company	RMB 1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Shanghai Xuxin Enterprise Management Company Limited	The PRC, 26 September 2014	Limited liability company	RMB 1,000,000	100%	100%	Property operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Shanghai Huazhan Commercial Operational Management Company Limited	The PRC, 22 September 2014	Limited liability company	RMB 1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Shanghai Jiashang Digital Technology Company Limited	The PRC, 17 April 2019	Limited liability company	RMB 20,000,000	100%	100%	Technology development, Shanghai, the PRC
Shanghai Baojuan Commercial Operational Management Company Limited	The PRC, 9 October 2019	Limited liability company	RMB 1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Shanghai Huaqian Commercial Operational Management Company Limited	The PRC, 30 September 2014	Limited liability company	RMB1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Shanghai Kangqian Commercial Operational Management Company Limited	The PRC, 12 September 2014	Limited liability company	RMB1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Shanghai, the PRC

11 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Company name	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment	Kind of legal entity	Nominal value of issued and fully paid share capital/ paid-in capital	Attributable equity interest of the Group as at 31 December 2023	Attributable equity interest of the Group as at 31 December 2022	Principal activities and place of operation
Shanghai Juanxin Enterprise Management Company Limited	The PRC, 18 September 2014	Limited liability company	RMB1,000,000	100%	100%	Property operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Zhejiang Xinghui Commercial Management Company Limited	The PRC, 27 October 2015	Limited liability company	RMB10,000,000	60%	60%	Commercial operation, Hangzhou, the PRC
Ningbo Yinzhou Junlong Commercial Real Estate management Company Limited	The PRC, 15 May 2020	Limited liability company	RMB 300,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Ningbo, the PRC
Shanghai Jinglong Property Management Company Limited	The PRC, 30 October 2015	Limited liability company	RMB 1,000,000	100%	100%	Property operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Suzhou Powerlong Commercial Real Estate Operation Management Company Limited	The PRC, 19 Jan 2021	Limited liability company	RMB 300,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Suzhou, the PRC
Xiamen Powerlong Shangsheng Commercial Management Company Limited	The PRC, 18 Aug 2021	Limited liability company	RMB 10,000,000	60 %	60%	Commercial operation, Xiamen, the PRC
Shanghai Fuqian Commercial Management Company Limited	The PRC, 9 Oct 2021	Limited liability company	RMB 1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercial operation, Shanghai, the PRC
Xiamen Baolong Liucai Commercial Management Company Limited	The PRC, 2 Feb 2023	Limited liability company	RMB 2,000,000	100 %	100%	Commercial operation, Xiamen, the PRC

* The English name of the subsidiaries represents the best effort by the management of the Group in translating their Chinese names as they do not have an official English name.

The above table listed the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

The directors of the Company consider that the Group's non-controlling interests were insignificant to the Group and thus no summarised consolidated financial information in respect of the Group's non-controlling interest is presented.

12 INCOME TAX EXPENSES

	Year ended 3 2023 RMB'000	11 December 2022 RMB'000
Current income tax expense – PRC corporate income tax	181,716	173,597
Deferred income tax expense (Note 31) – PRC corporate income tax	(22,419)	687
	159,297	174,284

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the group entities as follows:

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Profit before income tax	611,688	613,397	
Tax charge at statutory tax rate of 25% to profits in the respective group entities	152,922	153,349	
Tax effects of:			
 Share of results of joint ventures 	13	588	
 Share of results of associates 	(249)	(694)	
 Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes 	6,611	21,041	
	159,297	174,284	

The effective income tax rate was 26.04% and 28.41% for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, respectively.

PRC corporate income tax

Income tax provision of the Group in respect of operations in the PRC has been calculated at the statutory tax rate of 25% on the estimated assessable profits for the year, based on the existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

Overseas income tax

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 of Cayman Islands and pursuant to the rules and regulations of Cayman Islands, the Company is not subject to any income tax. The Company's subsidiaries in the BVI were incorporated under the International Business Companies Act (as amended) of the BVI and, accordingly are exempted from BVI income tax.

12 INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

Hong Kong profits tax

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made in these consolidated financial statements as the Company and the Group did not have assessable profit in Hong Kong during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: nil). The profit of the group entities in Hong Kong is mainly derived from dividend income, which is not subject to Hong Kong profits tax.

PRC withholding income tax

According to the new Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC, starting from 1 January 2008, a withholding tax of 10% will be levied on the immediate holding companies outside the PRC when their PRC subsidiaries declare dividend out of profits earned after 1 January 2008. A lower 5% withholding tax rate may be applied when the immediate holding companies of the PRC subsidiaries are established in Hong Kong according to the tax treaty arrangements between the PRC and Hong Kong.

13 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2023.

	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022
Earnings (RMB'000)		
Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share (profit for the year		
attributable to owners of the Company)	452,952	443,075
Number of shares ('000)		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	634,978	631,650
Basic earnings per share (RMB cents per share)	71.33	70.15

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022
Earnings (RMB'000)		
Earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share (profit for the year		
attributable to owners of the Company)	452,952	443,075
Number of shares ('000) Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares: Awarded shares	634,978	631,650 3,252
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	634,978	634,902
Diluted earnings per share (RMB cents per share)	71.33	69.79

14 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvement RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Furniture, fitting and equipment RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2023				
Opening net book amount	-	614	12,368	12,982
Additions	37,900	150	6,012	44,062
Disposals	-	(139)	(973)	(1,112)
Depreciation charge	(2,834)	(252)	(7,093)	(10,179)
Closing net book amount	35,066	373	10,314	45,753
As at 31 December 2023				
Cost	37,900	5,643	41,479	85,022
Accumulated depreciation	(2,834)	(5,270)	(31,165)	(39,269)
Net book amount	35,066	373	10,314	45,753
Year ended 31 December 2022				
Opening net book amount	_	1,160	14,993	16,153
Additions	_	148	4,893	5,041
Disposals	-	(396)	(479)	(875)
Depreciation charge	_	(298)	(7,039)	(7,337)
Closing net book amount	_	614	12,368	12,982
As at 31 December 2022				
Cost	_	5,876	38,251	44,127
Accumulated depreciation		(5,262)	(25,883)	(31,145)
Net book amount	_	614	12,368	12,982

Depreciation expenses were charged to the following categories in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Depreciation expenses	10,179	7,337

15 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise equity investments that are held for trading and equity investments for which the Group has not elected to recognise fair value gains and losses through other comprehensive income.

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Opening amounts as at 1 January	11,138	10,558	
Fair value (losses)/gains- net	(1,248)	580	
Closing amounts as at 31 December	9,890	11,138	

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise the following individual investments:

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 December	
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	
Investment fund	9,376	9,610	
Contingent consideration (Note (a))	514	1,528	
	9,890	11,138	

Information about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair value is provided in Note 3.3.

Note:

(a) Business combinations during the year ended 31 December 2020 included the acquisition of Zhejiang Xinghui Commercial Management Company Limited ("Zhejiang Xinghui") at an aggregate purchase consideration of RMB34,799,000.

The contingent consideration arrangement was included in the acquisition of Zhejiang Xinghui, and it entitles the Group to have the receivable from the former owners of Zhejiang Xinghui which contingent upon the achievement of the performance guarantee during the five years between 2020 and 2024.

The fair value of the contingent consideration arrangement was estimated by calculating the present value of the future expected cash flows. The estimates are based on the discount rate and probability of achieving the target and might be modified by inspecting the performance from the acquisition date.

As at 31 December 2023, the fair value of the contingent considerations was RMB514,000 (2022: RMB1,528,000).

16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Leased
	commercial
	properties –
	right-of-
	use assets
	RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2023	
Opening net book amount	751,872
Additions (Note (a))	71,421
Depreciation charge	(73,544)
	(
Closing net book amount	749,749
-	
As at 31 December 2023	
Cost	1,202,204
Accumulated depreciation	(452,455
Net book amount	749,749
Year ended 31 December 2022	
Opening net book amount	632,496
Additions (Note (b))	194,880
Depreciation charge	(75,504
Closing net book amount	751,872
As at 31 December 2022	
Cost	1,130,783
Accumulated depreciation	(378,911
and a state of the second s	(0, 0)0
Net book amount	751,872

⁽a) For the year ended 31 December 2023, the additions of right-of-use assets were mainly comprised of one leased commercial properties with lease term periods of 20 years. The aggregated contract amounts are amounted to RMB132,241,000.

(c) As at 31 December 2023, the fair values of the investment properties approximated to RMB889,480,000 (2022: RMB912,130,000).

⁽b) For the year ended 31 December 2022, the additions of right-of-use assets were mainly comprised of two leased commercial properties with lease term periods of 20 years. The aggregated contract amounts are amounted to RMB332,272,000.

16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(d) Fair value hierarchy

An independent valuation of the Group's investment properties was performed by the independent and professional qualified valuer, to determine the fair value of the investment properties as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

As at 31 December 2023, as certain of significant inputs used in the determination of fair value of investment properties are arrived at by reference to certain significant unobservable market data, the fair value of all investment properties of the Group is included in level 3 of the fair value measurement hierarchy (2022: level 3).

(e) Valuation processes of the Group

The Group's investment properties were valued at 31 December 2023, by independent professional qualified valuer who holds a recognised relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued. For all investment properties, their current use equates to the highest and best use.

The Group's finance department includes a team that review the valuations performed by the independent valuer for financial reporting purposes. This team reports to the senior management of the Group. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the management and valuer.

At each financial year end the finance department:

- verifies all major inputs to the independent valuation report;
- assesses property valuation movements when compared to the prior year valuation report; and
- holds discussions with the independent valuer.

(f) Valuation techniques

Investment properties comprise of right-of-use assets of commercial properties held under leases. Fair values of the investment properties are generally derived using the term and reversionary method. This method is based on the tenancy agreements as at the respective valuation dates. The rental income derived within the tenancy agreements are discounted by adopting term yields and the potential reversionary income are discounted by adopting appropriate reversionary yields for the period beyond the rental period in the tenancy agreements. Potential reversionary income and the reversionary yields are derived from analysis of prevailing market rents and valuer's interpretation of prevailing investor requirements or expectations. The prevailing market rents adopted in the valuation have reference to recent lettings, within the subject properties and other comparable properties.

There were no changes to the valuation techniques during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: None).

Valuation techniques	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs		Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
		As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022	
Income approach	Term yields	6.00%-7.00%	7.00%-7.50%	The higher the term yields, the lower the fair value
	Reversionary yields	7.00%-7.50%	7.00%-7.50%	The higher the reversionary yields, the lower the fair value
	Market rents (RMB/ square meter/month)	32-176	50-208	The higher the market rents, the higher the fair value

17 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Software RMB'000	Customer contracts RMB'000 (Note (a))	Goodwill RMB'000 (Note (a) and (b))	Total RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2023				
Opening net book amount	4,262	4,299	20,640	29,201
Additions	640	-	-	640
Amortisation charge	(1,888)	(561)	_	(2,449
Closing net book amount	3,014	3,738	20,640	27,392
As at 31 December 2023				
Cost	4.917	5,607	20,640	31,164
Accumulated amortisation	(1,903)	(1,869)		(3,772
	(1,000)	(1)0007		(0)
Net book amount	3,014	3,738	20,640	27,392
Year ended 31 December 2022				
Opening net book amount	_	4,859	20,640	25,499
Additions	4,277	-	_	4,277
Amortisation charge	(15)	(560)	_	(575
Closing net book amount	4,262	4,299	20,640	29,201
As at 31 December 2022				
Cost	4,277	5,607	20,640	30,524
Accumulated amortisation	(15)	(1,308)	_	(1,323
Net book amount	4,262	4,299	20,640	29,201

Amortisation of intangible assets were charged to the following categories in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income:

	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Amortisation charge	2,449	575

17 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

(a) During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group acquired Zhejiang Xinghui. Total identifiable net assets acquired as at the acquisition date were amounted to RMB24,822,000, including identified customer contracts of RMB5,607,000 recognised by the Group.

The excess of the consideration transferred over the fair value of the identifiable net assets attributable to the Group is recorded as goodwill.

(b) Impairment tests for goodwill

As at 31 December 2023, goodwill of RMB20,640,000 (2022: RMB20,640,000) has been allocated to the cash-generating unit of the subsidiary acquired for impairment testing.

Management performed an impairment assessment on the goodwill as at 31 December 2023. The calculations used cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering an five-year period approved by management.

The following table sets forth each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill:

	As at 31 December 2023 2022	
Revenue (average annual growth rate)	5%	6%
Gross margin	33%	36%
Earnings before interest and tax ("EBIT") margin during the projection period (%)	24%	24%

Revenue refers to the average annual growth rate over the five-year forecast period. It is based on the CGU's growth forecasts and the average long-term growth rate for the relevant industry.

Gross margin refers to the average margin as a percentage of revenue over the five-year forecast period. It is determined based on the CGU's past performance and their expectations for market development.

EBIT margin based on past performance and management's expectations for the future.

By reference to the recoverable amount assessed by the independent valuer as at 31 December 2023, the directors of the Company determined that no impairment provision on goodwill was required as at 31 December 2023 (2022: nil).

18 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

There was no joint venture of the Group as at 31 December 2023 which, in the opinion of the executive directors, are material to the Group.

The movement of the investments in joint ventures during the year is as follows:

	Year ended 3	1 December
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
At beginning of the year	824	3,176
Share of results of joint ventures	(52)	(2,352)
At end of the year	772	824

Details of the Group's joint ventures as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 are as follows:

Name of entity	Place and date of establishment/ incorporation	Authorised/ registered/paid-in capital		tion of p interest	Principal activities
			2023	2022	
Shanghai Baoshen Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	PRC 18 April 2019	Registered and paid-in capital of RMB10,000,000	47 %	47%	Technology development
Hainan Baochang Property Management Co., Ltd.	PRC 7 January 2020	Registered and paid-in capital of RMB10,000,000 and nil respectively	51%	51%	Property management

19 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

There was no associate of the Group as at 31 December 2023 which, in the opinion of the executive directors, are material to the Group.

The movement of investments in associates during the year is as follows:

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
At beginning of the year	53,520	50,742	
Share of results of associates	996	2,778	
At end of the year	54,516	53,520	

19 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Details of the Group's associates as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 are as follows:

Name of entity	Place and date of establishment/ incorporation	Authorised/ registered/paid-in capital	Propor ownershi	tion of p interest	Principal activities
			2023	2022	
Shanghai Huiping Business Management Co., Ltd	PRC 25 December 2020	Registered and paid-in capital of RMB1,000,000 and nil respectively	49%	49%	Commercial operation
Shanghai Yongbao Property Management Co., Ltd	PRC 13 April 2021	Registered and paid-in capital of RMB1,000,000 and nil respectively	49 %	49%	Property management
Shanghai Yueshang Information Technology Co., Ltd (a)	PRC 4 August 2021	Registered and paid-in capital of RMB29,626,000 and RMB29,626,000 respectively	8.33%	8.33%	Technology development

(a) The Company own more than 20% of the voting rights in Shanghai Yueshang Information Technology Co., Ltd ("Shanghai Yueshang") and is able to exercise significant influence on the financial and operating policies of Shanghai Yueshang. Thus, Shanghai Yueshang is regarded as an associate of the Company.

20 INVENTORIES

	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
General merchandise	9,602	_
	9,602	_

21 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

	As at 31 D	ecember
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial assets		
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Operating lease and trade receivables	412,357	232,463
Other receivables (excluding prepayments)	276,586	528,129
Cash and bank balances	3,881,880	3,452,680
	4,570,823	4,213,272
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9,890	11,138
	5,050	11,150
	4,580,713	4,224,410
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities at amortised costs		
Trade and other payables (excluding accrued payroll and other tax payables)	1,013,054	995,877
Lease liabilities	995,653	955,644
	2,008,707	1,951,521

22 OPERATING LEASE AND TRADE RECEIVABLES

	As at 31 D	ecember
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Operating lease receivables (Note (a))		
– Third parties	29,064	24,363
Trade receivables (Note (a))		
– Related parties (Note 33(d))	215,952	59,941
- Third parties	245,629	192,119
	461,581	252,060
Less: loss allowance (Note (b))	(78,288)	(43,960)
	412,357	232,463

22 OPERATING LEASE AND TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(a) The Group's revenue is derived from provision of commercial operational services, residential property management services and lease of properties. Proceeds in respect of service rendering and rental income are to be received in accordance with the terms of relevant property service agreements and tenant contracts. Generally, no credit period is granted.

As at the respective balance sheet date, the ageing analysis of the operating lease and trade receivables due from related parties and third parties based on the demand note dates is as follows:

	As at 31 Dece	mber
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
0-30 days	88,362	52,088
31-180 days	117,970	60,380
181-365 days	187,021	102,095
1-2 years	53,313	25,381
2-3 years	25,213	15,825
Over 3 years	18,766	20,654
	490,645	276,423

(b) The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9. As at 31 December 2023, a provision of RMB78,288,000 (2022: RMB43,960,000) was made against the gross amounts of operating lease and trade receivables (Note 3.1.2).

(c) As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the operating lease and trade receivables were denominated in RMB, and the fair values approximated their carrying amounts.

23 PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	As at 31 De	cember
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Other receivables		
 Payments on behalf of tenants or residents (Note (a)) 	10,877	14,610
 Related parties (Note 33(d)) 	7,731	9,619
 Deposit paid to a related company (Note (b) and Note 33(d)) 	198,000	198,000
 Deposit paid to a third party (Note (c)) 	83,687	300,156
– Others	4,202	19,639
	304,497	542,024
Less: loss allowance	(27,911)	(13,895)
	276,586	528,129
Drangumente		
Prepayments Third partice (Note (d))	30,702	61,330
- Third parties (Note (d))		
– Related parties (Note 33(d))	21,651	8,304
	E0 050	60.604
	52,353	69,634
	220.020	E07 760
	328,939	597,763

(a) Amounts mainly represented the payments of utility fees on behalf of tenants or residential communities.

(b) Amounts represented a refundable deposit paid to a related company for the exclusive sales right of car park spaces in the PRC held by this related company.

(c) Amounts represented a refundable deposit paid to a third party for the exclusive sales right of shops in the PRC held by this third party.

(d) Amounts mainly represented the prepaid utility expenses.

(e) The balances of prepayments and other receivables were all denominated in RMB.

24 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	As at 31 [As at 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Cash at banks and in hand (Note (a))	3,881,880	3,452,680	
Restricted cash – others	(15,158)	(1,892)	
Cash and cash equivalents	3,866,722	3,450,788	

(a) Cash and bank balances were denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 31 [As at 31 December	
	2023	2023 2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
RMB	3,870,606	3,444,818	
HK\$	11,274	7,792	
US\$	-	70	
	3,881,880	3,452,680	

25 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

	Number of ordinary shares	Share c a HK\$'000	apital RMB'000	Share premium RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Shares held for Shares Award Scheme RMB'000
Authorised						
As at 1 January 2022, 31 December 2022,						
1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023	2,000,000,000	20,000	17,905	_	17,905	
Issued						
As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	642,900,000	6,429	5,747	1,282,814	1,288,561	(95)
Dividends	-	_	_	(244,621)	(244,621)	
As at 31 December 2022 and						
1 January 2023	642,900,000	6,429	5,747	1,038,193	1,043,940	(95)
Dividends	_	_	_	(172,906)	(172,906)	-
Vesting of awarded shares	_	_	_	96,172	96,172	51
As at 31 December 2023	642,900,000	6,429	5,747	961,459	967,206	(44)

26 OTHER RESERVES

	Statutory reserves RMB'000 (Note (a))	Shares Award Scheme and Shares Incentive Scheme reserves RMB'000 (Note (b))	Total reserves RMB'000
Balance at 1 January 2023 Shares Award Scheme and Shares Incentive Scheme – value of employee	23,617	147,709	171,326
service (Note 27) Vesting of awarded shares	-	45,120 (96,223)	45,120 (96,223)
Balance at 31 December 2023	23,617	96,606	120,223
Balance at 1 January 2022	23,617	73,664	97,281
Shares Award Scheme and Shares Incentive Scheme – value of employee service (Note 27)	-	74,045	74,045
Balance at 31 December 2022	23,617	147,709	171,326

(a) Statutory reserves

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC and the provision of the articles of association of the Group's subsidiaries, the Group's subsidiaries which are registered in the PRC shall appropriate certain percentage of profit after tax (after offsetting any accumulated losses brought forward from prior years) calculated under the accounting principles generally applicable to the PRC enterprises to reserve funds. Depending on the natures, the reserve funds can be used to set off accumulated losses of the subsidiaries or distribute to owners in form of bonus issue.

(b) Shares Award Scheme and Shares Incentive Scheme reserves

Shares Award Scheme

On 24 November 2020, the Company's shareholders approved and adopted a shares award scheme ("Shares Award Scheme") (Note 27) and the Company has appointed Tricor Trust (Hong Kong) Limited as the trustee (the "Trustee") to assist with the administration of the awarded shares and Elitelong Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Trustee, as nominee. On 4 December 2020, the Board of the Company approved a new issuance of 11,250,000 ordinary shares to the Elitelong Holdings Limited.

Elitelong Holdings Limited was set up as a special vehicle for the purpose of holding the ordinary shares allotted and issued by the Company. As the Company has the power to direct the relevant activities of Elitelong Holdings Limited and can derive benefits from the contributions of the grantees, therefore, Elitelong Holdings Limited is consolidated by the Company and the 11,250,000 shares it held are presented as a deduction in equity as shares held for the Shares Award Scheme reserve.

Shares Incentive Scheme

On 19 July 2019, 8,778 shares were issued and allotted to Huihong Management (PTC) Limited ("Huihong Management") at par value as to 10% of the Company's equity interest before the listing of the Company. Huihong Management was incorporated in the BVI as a special purpose vehicle to hold shares to be granted to eligible grantees under a share incentive scheme ("Share Incentive Scheme") to be adopted at least six months after the Listing, which is consolidated by the Company.

On 10 December 2019, the Company increased its authorized share capital to HK\$20,000,000 by the creation of 1,962,000,000 additional shares of nominal value of HK\$0.01 each. Pursuant to the written resolutions passed by the shareholders on 10 December 2019, the Company was authorized to capitalise HK\$4,499,122.22 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company by applying such sum in paying up in full at par 449,912,222 shares for issue and allotment to the respective shareholders. Accordingly, the numbers of shares held by Huihong Management increased from 8,778 to 45,000,000, i.e.10% of the Company's equity interest before the listing.

27 SHARES AWARD SCHEME AND SHARES INCENTIVE SCHEME

Share Award Scheme

On 24 November 2020, as the grant date, the Company has further resolved to award an aggregate of 11,250,000 awarded shares ("Awarded Shares") to Mr. Chen. Such Awarded Shares have been issued to a trustee which hold on trust for Mr. Chen pursuant to the terms of the trust deed. These Awarded Shares shall then transfer to Mr. Chen after the relevant vesting conditions are fulfilled.

Under the terms of the Shares Award Scheme, when the vesting conditions are fulfilled, the Awarded Shares shall be vested 50% in June 2023 and 50% in June 2025 respectively.

The Awarded Shares represent approximately 1.75% of the total number of shares in issue as of 31 December 2023 (2022: 1.75%).

In June 2023, 5,625,000 Awarded Shares were vested.

The Awarded Shares have an aggregate nominal value of HK\$112,500 and a fair value of HK\$226,688,000 based on the price of HK\$20.15 on grant date (equivalent to approximately RMB192,446,000). For the year ended 31 December 2023, an expense of RMB34,837,000 was recognised in relation to the Shares Award Scheme (2022: RMB55,248,000).

Shares Incentive Scheme

On 21 September 2022, as the grant date, the Company has resolved to transfer, and the eligible grantees have to subscribe for 25,000,000 shares from Huihong Management, at the subscription price of RMB1.1111 per share upon the terms and subject to the conditions under the Shares Incentive Scheme. These shares ("Incentive Shares") shall then transfer to eligible grantees after the relevant vesting conditions are fulfilled.

The Incentive Shares represent approximately 3.89% of the total number of shares in issue as of 31 December 2023 (2022: 3.89%).

Under the terms of the Shares Incentive Scheme, when the vesting conditions are fulfilled, the Incentive Shares shall be vested 100% not later than 31 December 2024. As at 31 December 2023, total number of 12,463,000 shares were subscribed by and transferred to the grantees.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, an expense of RMB10,283,000 was recognised in relation to the Shares Incentive Scheme (2022: RMB18,798,000).

28 DIVIDEND

The 2022 final dividend of HK\$96,435,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB87,924,000) and the 2023 interim dividend of HK\$96,435,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB88,910,000) were paid in 2023.

29 LEASES

(a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated balance sheet

	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Logand in properties for sub-logan to toporto		
Leased in properties for sub-lease to tenants – Leased commercial properties (Note 16)	749,749	751,872
	/+3,/+3	731,072
Lease liabilities		
- Current	64,550	54,370
- Non-current	931,103	901,274
	995,653	955,644

29 LEASES (Continued)

(b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Depreciation charge			
Commercial properties (Note 16)	73,544	75,504	
Interest expense (included in finance costs (Note 10))	43,677	57,175	
Variable lease payments (included in cost of services (Note 7))	19,280	13,797	
Short-term lease expenditure for car parks and			
common areas and advertising spaces (Note 7)	205,733	173,175	
Cash outflows for lease payments (including principal elements and			
relevant interest expense)	75,089	73,818	

(c) A maturity analysis of lease liabilities is show in the table below during the year:

	As at 31 Dece	mber
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Leases are payable:	440.004	105 104
Within one year	119,361	105,164
More than one year but not more than two years	85,484	92,152
More than two years but not more than five years	249,522	238,445
More than five years	1,119,707	1,093,574
Minimum lease payments	1,574,074	1,529,335
Future finance charge	(578,421)	(573,691
Total lease liabilities	995,653	955,644
	000,000	
The present value of lease liabilities is as follows:		
Within one year	64,550	54,370
More than one year but not more than two years	31,118	42,678
More than two years but not more than five years	106,348	101,963
More than five years	793,637	756,633
	995,653	955,644

30 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade payables		
 Related parties (Note 33(d)) 	595	1,341
 Third parties 	173,923	121,378
	174,518	122,719
Other payables		
 Related parties (Note 33(d)) 	141,117	161,335
 Receipts on behalf of tenants or residents (Note (a)) 	84,243	148,224
 Payables for promotion fees on behalf of owners of the commercial properties (Note (b)) 	66,985	45,401
– Deposits received (Note (c))	534,787	487,658
 Payables for business combination 	-	4,241
– Others	11,404	26,299
	838,536	873,158
Accrued payroll	71,389	79,082
Other tax payables	12,923	19,130
	1,097,366	1,094,089

(a) Amounts represented the receipts on behalf of tenants or residents to settle the bills of utilities charges.

- (b) The balance consisted of short-term lease payments of car parks, common areas and advertising spaces and the receipts on behalf of owners of the commercial properties to settle the expenses relating promotion and marketing activities.
- (c) Amounts mainly represented deposits received from tenants as performance securities in relation to tenant agreements or property management service agreements.
- (d) As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximated their fair values.

30 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

(e) As at the respective balance sheet date, the ageing analysis of the trade payables (including amounts due to related parties) based on invoice dates is as follows:

	As at 31 Dece	ember
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 1 year	161,689	116,217
1 to 2 years	9,931	5,009
2 to 3 years	1,940	844
over 3 year	958	649
	174,518	122,719

Generally, no credit period is granted.

(f) Trade and other payables (excluding accrued payroll and other tax payables) were denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 31 D	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
RMB	1,013,054	995,877	

31 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

	As at 31 D	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Deferred tax assets:			
 Deferred tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months 	65,446	55,602	
- Deferred tax assets to be recovered within 12 months	26,681	14,463	
	92,127	70,065	
Deferred income tax liabilities:			
 Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered after more than 12 months 	(1,035)	(1,392)	
- Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered within 12 months	(200)	(200)	
	(1,235)	(1,592)	
	90,892	68,473	

The net movements on the deferred taxation are as follows:

	As at 31 D	As at 31 December	
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
At beginning of the year	68,473	69,160	
Tax credited/(charged) in profit and loss	22,419	(687)	
At end of the year	90,892	68,473	

31 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

	Deferred tax assets – allowance on doubtful debts RMB'000	Deferred tax assets – lease and accruals RMB'000	Deferred tax assets – tax losses RMB'000	Deferred tax liabilities/assets – financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Deferred tax liabilities – leased commercial properties and leased in properties for operation RMB'000	Deferred tax liabilities – fair value of intangible assets RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at 1 January 2023 Credited/(charged) to the income tax	14,463	238,911	4,348	(206)	(187,968)	(1,075)	68,473
expenses	12,087	10,002	(653)	312	531	140	22,419
At 31 December 2023	26,550	248,913	3,695	106	(187,437)	(935)	90,892
As at 1 January 2022 Credited/(charged) to the income tax	12,077	197,434	19,441	(61)	(158,517)	(1,214)	69,160
expenses	2,386	41,477	(15,093)	(145)	(29,451)	139	(687)
At 31 December 2022	14,463	238,911	4,348	(206)	(187,968)	(1,075)	68,473

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not recognise deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of RMB34,597,000 (2022: RMB21,672,000), as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses shall expire in five years from year of occurrence under current tax legislation.

Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset was recognised as follows:

	As at 31 December			
Expiry year	2023	2022		
	RMB'000	RMB'000		
2023	-	5,844		
2024	1,884	1,884		
2025	13,944	13,944		
2026	13,984	_		
2027	4,785	_		
	34,597	21,672		

Deferred income tax liabilities of RMB152,798,000 have not been recognised for the withholding tax and other taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC (2022: RMB153,546,000). Unremitted earnings totalled RMB1,527,980,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB1,535,460,000), as the Group does not have a plan to distribute these earnings out of the PRC in the foreseeable future.

32 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) Cash generated from operations

	Year ended 31 De	ecember
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit before income tax	611,688	613.397
Adjustments for:	011,000	010,007
Depreciation and amortisation (Note 7)	86,172	83,416
Impairment losses on financial assets (Note 3.1.2)	48.344	27,956
Share of results of joint ventures (Note 18)	52	2,352
Share of results of associates (Note 19)	(996)	(2,778
Fair value losses/(gains) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – net	(000)	(2,770
(Note 15)	1,248	(580
Shares Award Scheme and Shares Incentive Scheme – value of employee service	1/2 10	1000
(Note 27)	45,120	74,045
Foreign exchange losses/(gains) (Note 9)	1.322	(14,954
Finance costs (Note 10)	42,470	57,803
	-	
	835,420	840,657
Changes in working capital:		
Inventories	(9,602)	-
Restricted cash as guarantee for operating activities	(13,266)	12,765
Operating lease and trade receivables	(202,607)	(92,631
Prepayments and other receivables	32,577	(4,969
Trade and other payables	(10,135)	(115,581
Contract liabilities and advances from lessees	49,709	(210,356
	682,096	429,885

32 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	Lease liabilities RMB'000 (Note 29(a))	Total RMB′000
As at 1 January 2023		
Cash flows	955,644	955,644
– Outflow from financing activities	(75,089)	(75,089)
Non-cash changes		
– Acquisition – leases	71,421	71,421
- Finance expense recognised	43,677	43,677
As at 31 December 2023	995,653	995,653
As at 1 January 2022	777,407	777,407
Cash flows		
 Outflow from financing activities 	(73,818)	(73,818)
Non-cash changes		
- Acquisition - leases	194,880	194,880
- Finance expense recognised	57,175	57,175
As at 31 December 2022	955,644	955,644

33 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Transactions with related parties

	Year ended 31 December	
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Revenue arising from provision of services (Note (ii))		
– Entities controlled by Mr. Hoi	368,313	439,605
– Entities jointly controlled by Mr. Hoi	24,705	38,729
	393,018	478,334
Office leasing expenditure	0.000	0.011
– Entities controlled by Mr. Hoi	2,292	2,211
Chart target lands and diture for any apple		
Short-term lease expenditure for car parks, common areas and advertising spaces — Entities controlled by Mr. Hoi	198,001	165,601
– Entities controlled by Mr. Hoi	485	2,852
	100	2,002
	198,486	168,453
Purchase of low-value consuming goods and others		
– Entities controlled by the Mr. Hoi	1,251	2,031
	-,	_,001
Purchase of information technology services		
 Entities jointly controlled by the Mr. Hoi 	14,338	12,583

(i) All of the transactions above were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business and on terms as agreed between the transacting parties.

(ii) The provision of services mainly comprised of revenue from commercial operational services and residential properties management services.

33 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Free trademark license agreement

On 8 August 2019, a trademark licencing agreement was entered into between the Group and Powerlong Group Development Co., Ltd. (寶 龍集團發展有限公司, "Powerlong Group Development"), pursuant to which Powerlong Group Development agreed to irrevocably and unconditionally grant to the Group the right to (i) use; and/or (ii) sub-license to a third party due to operational needs arising from its usual and ordinary course of business and other activities, certain trademarks registered in the PRC for a perpetual term commencing from the date of the trademark licensing agreement on a royalty-free basis.

(c) Key management compensation

Compensations for key management other than those for directors and supervisors as disclosed in Note 35 is set out below.

	Year ended 31 December		
	2023	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	3,431	4,877	

(d) Balances with related parties

	As at 31 De	cember
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade receivables		
 Entities controlled by Mr. Hoi 	211,748	56,328
– Entities jointly controlled by Mr. Hoi	4,204	3,613
	215,952	59,941
Prepayments (trade) (Note (i))		
 Entities jointly controlled by Mr. Hoi 	21,651	8,304
	21,651	8,304
Other receivables		
– Entities controlled by Mr. Hoi	204,974	206,892
- Entities jointly controlled by Mr. Hoi	757	727
	205,731	207,619
Trade payables		
- Entities controlled by Mr. Hoi	595	1,341
	595	1,341

33 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(d) Balances with related parties (Continued)

	As at 31 Dece	mber
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Other payables (trade)		
– Entities controlled by Mr. Hoi	129,490	151,242
- Entities jointly controlled by Mr. Hoi	11,627	10,093
	141,117	161,335
Contract liabilities		
- Entities controlled by Mr. Hoi	39,524	35,997
– Entities jointly controlled by Mr. Hoi	3,373	5,326
	42,897	41,323

(i) The prepayments was in relation to a cooperation in information technology development with a joint venture of the Group.

Trade receivables, other receivables, trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities due from/to related parties were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

34 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

		As at 31 Dece	mber
		2023	2022
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Interests in subsidiaries		306,747	306,747
0			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents		12 166	7,855
Other receivables		12,166 1,294,799	1,318,454
Prepayments		243	239
пераушента		245	200
		1,307,208	1,326,548
Total assets		1,613,955	1,633,295
Franke			
Equity			
Capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company	25	967,206	1,043,940
Share capital and premium Other reserves	25 34(a)	403,353	454,456
Shares held for shares award scheme	34(a)	403,355 (44)	454,450 (95)
Accumulated losses	34(a)	(226,845)	(33)
	0+(a)	(220,043)	(174,077)
Total equity		1,143,670	1,323,624
Current liabilities			
Other payables to third parties		8,869	5,710
Other payables to unit parties Other payables to subsidiaries		461,416	303,961
		101,110	000,001
		470,285	309,671
Total liabilities		470,285	309,671
Total equity and liabilities		1,613,955	1,633,295

The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2024 and was signed on its behalf by:

Hoi Wa Fong Director Chen Deli Director

34 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

(a) Reserve movements of the Company

	Other reserves RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
A		(174 677)	270 770
As at 1 January 2023 Shares Award Scheme and Shares Incentive Scheme	454,456	(174,677)	279,779
– value of employee service (Note 27)	45,120	_	45,120
Vesting of awarded shares	(96,223)	_	(96,223)
Loss for the year	_	(52,168)	(52,168)
As at 31 December 2023	403,353	(226,845)	176,508
As at 1 January 2022	380,411	(115,706)	264,705
Shares Award Scheme and Shares Incentive Scheme – value of	300,411	(113,700)	204,700
employee service (Note 27)	74,045	_	74,045
Loss for the year		(58,971)	(58,971)
As at 31 December 2022	454,456	(174,677)	279,779

35 DIRECTORS' BENEFITS AND INTERESTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

The emolument, except for the director's fee, of Mr. Hoi Wa Fong, executive director in relation to his services rendered for the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 were borne by a related party of the Group. The emolument was not allocated to the Group as the management of the Company considers that there is no reasonable basis of allocation (2022: same).

The directors received emoluments from the Group (in their role as senior management and employee before their appointment as directors respectively) for the year ended 31 December 2023 as follows:

Name	Fees RMB'000	Salaries RMB'000	Contributions to retirement benefit scheme RMB'000	Other allowance and benefits in kind RMB'000	Share-based payments RMB'000 (Note 27)	Bonus RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Executive Directors							
Mr. Hoi Wa Fong	240	_	_	_	_	_	240
Mr. Chen Deli	240	1,200	143	-	34,837	300	36,720
Non-executive Directors							
Mr. Zhang Yunfeng	181	-	-	-	484	-	665
Ms. Hoi Wa Fan	161	-	-	-	-	-	161
Ms. Hoi Wa Lam	161	-	-	-	-	-	161
Independent Non-executive Directors							
Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella	269	-	-	-	-	-	269
Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald	269	-	-	-	-	-	269
Dr. Lu Xiongwen	269	-	-	-	-	-	269
	1,790	1,200	143	-	35,321	300	38,754

35 DIRECTORS' BENEFITS AND INTERESTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The directors received emoluments from the Group (in their role as senior management and employee before their appointment as directors respectively) for the year ended 31 December 2022 as follows:

Name	Fees RMB'000	Salaries RMB'000	Contributions to retirement benefit scheme RMB'000	Other allowance and benefits in kind RMB'000	Share-based payments RMB'000 (Note 27)	Bonus RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Executive Directors							
Mr. Hoi Wa Fong	240	-	-	-	-	-	240
Mr. Chen Deli	240	1,200	134	1	55,248	300	57,123
Mr. Zhang Yunfeng	240	930	134	6	968	63	2,341
Non-executive Directors							
Ms. Hoi Wa Fan	158	-	-	-	-	-	158
Ms. Hoi Wa Lam	158	-	-	-	-	-	158
Independent Non-executive Directors							
Ms. Ng Yi Kum, Estella	264	-	-	-	-	-	264
Mr. Chan Wai Yan, Ronald	264	-	-	-	-	-	264
Dr. Lu Xiongwen	264	_	_	-	_	-	264
	1,828	2,130	268	7	56,216	363	60,812

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, no remuneration was paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. Neither the Chief Executive Officer nor any of the directors waived any emoluments for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022

35 DIRECTORS' BENEFITS AND INTERESTS (Continued)

(b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

During the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no termination benefits nor additional retirement benefit received by the directors except for the contributions to a retirement benefit scheme in accordance with the rules and regulations in the PRC (2022:nil).

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services (2022:nil).

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

During the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings entered into by the Company or subsidiaries undertaking of the Company, where applicable, in favor of directors (2022:nil).

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted as at 31 December 2023 or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022:nil).

36 CONTINGENCIES

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (2022: nil).

37 COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable short-term leases arrangements were RMB Nil (2022: RMB213,656,000).

Five-Year Financial Summary

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

		As at 31 December						
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000			
Assets								
Non-current assets	980,199	929,602	809,983	801,365	267,256			
Current assets	4,632,939	4,283,665	4,262,423	3,719,058	2,823,832			
Total assets	5,613,138	5,213,267	5,072,406	4,520,423	3,091,088			
Facility and Robilities								
Equity and liabilities Total equity	3,057,539	2,736,129	2,470,736	2,165,903	1,587,172			
Liabilities								
Non-current liabilities	932,338	902,866	716,189	665,978	190,487			
Current liabilities	1,623,261	1,574,272	1,885,481	1,688,542	1,313,429			
Total liabilities	2,555,599	2,477,138	2,601,670	2,354,520	1,503,916			
Total equity and liabilities	5,613,138	5,213,267	5,072,406	4,520,423	3,091,088			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Year ended 31 December						
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'00		
Revenue	2,635,746	2,549,258	2,463,996	1,921,238	1,620,45		
Cost of services	(1,748,725)	(1,714,836)	(1,642,166)	(1,326,692)	(1,192,05		
Gross profit	887,021	834,422	821,830	594,546	428,40		
Selling and marketing expenses	(78,589)	(54,561)	(43,741)	(36,334)	(41,85		
Administrative expenses	(222,944)	(214,187)	(205,973)	(134,407)	(117,23		
Other income and other gains	55,734	79,014	35,803	32,613	17,29		
Impairment losses on financial assets – net	(48,344)	(27,956)	(22,729)	(22,846)	(7,24		
Fair value (losses)/gains on financial assets – net	(1,248)	580	245				
Operating profit	591,630	617,312	585,435	433,572	279,37		
Finance income/(costs) – net	19,114	(4,341)	21,805	(10,647)	(32,10		
Share of results of joint ventures	(52)	(2,352)	665	(3,009)			
Share of results of associates	996	2,778	742	_			
Profit before income tax	611,688	613,397	608,647	419,916	247,26		
Income tax expenses	(159,297)	(174,284)	(169,935)	(112,550)	(68,65		
Profit for the year	452,391	439,113	438,712	307,366	178,61		
Total comprehensive income for the year	452,391	439,113	438,712	307,366	178,61		
Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to:							
Shareholders of the company	452,952	443,075	438,144	305,064	178,61		
Non-controlling interests	(561)	(3,962)	568	2,302			
	452,391	439,113	438,712	307,366	178,61		



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