

## FOURACE INDUSTRIES GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 科利實業控股集團有限公司

Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司



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## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS Executive Directors**

Mr. LI Shu Yeh

(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. LI Sen Julian

Ms. TANG Suk Yee

## **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. LIU Kai Yu Kenneth

Mr. LEUNG Wai Chuen

Mr. MAN Yun James

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. LIU Kai Yu Kenneth (Chairman)

Mr. LEUNG Wai Chuen

Mr. MAN Yun James

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. MAN Yun James (Chairman)

Mr. LLShu Yeh

Ms. LI Sen Julian

Mr. LIU Kai Yu Kenneth

Mr. LEUNG Wai Chuen

## **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. LEUNG Wai Chuen (Chairman)

Mr. LIU Kai Yu Kenneth

Mr. LI Shu Yeh

Ms. TANG Suk Yee

Mr. MAN Yun James

## **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Ms. LI Sen Julian

Mr. TSANG Kai Ming

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. TSANG Kai Ming

## **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants and

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

22/F., Prince's Building

Central

Hong Kong

## **COMPLIANCE ADVISER**

Innovax Capital Limited

Room B, 13/F, Neich Tower

128 Gloucester Road

Wan Chai

Hong Kong

## LEGAL ADVISER AS TO HONG KONG LAW

Jeffrey Mak Law Firm

6/F, O.T.B. Building

259–265 Des Voeux Road Central

Hong Kong

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit No. 1107

11/F Manhattan Centre

8 Kwai Cheong Road

Kwai Chung, New Territories

Hong Kong

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

Unit 101 and 201 of Block A, Block B, Block G No. 181 Jiangshi Road Shiwei Community Matian Street Guangming District Shenzhen City

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN CAYMAN ISLANDS

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

## HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

## **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited HSBC Building 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Bank of China Tower 1 Garden Road Hong Kong

Dah Sing Bank Limited 26/F, Dah Sing Financial Centre No. 248 Queen's Road East Wan Chai Hong Kong

Bank of China Shenzhen Branch International Finance Building 2022 Jianshe Road Luohu District Shenzhen Guangdong Province China

## **COMPANY WEBSITE**

http://www.fourace.com

## **STOCK CODE**

1455

## **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

On behalf of Fourace Industries Group Holdings Limited, together with its subsidiaries, (collectively referred to as the "**Group**") and its board ("**Board**") of directors ("**Directors**"), I am pleased to present the Group's annual report (the "**Annual Report**") for the year ended 31 March 2024 (the "**FY2024**" or the "**Reporting Period**") to the shareholders of the Company.

Despite the COVID-19 pandemic has come to an end, geopolitical conflicts such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict and the Israeli-Palestinian conflict persisted. The consequent disruption of the global supply chain affected the recovery of economic activity and drove inflation up significantly. Moreover, major central banks' aggressive interest rate hikes significantly increased the complexity and uncertainty of the economic development environment. Against the backdrop of challenging macroeconomic conditions, the consumer goods and manufacturing businesses have been affected and the recovery in consumer demand has been slow.

For the FY2024, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$268.0 million, representing a year-on-year decline of approximately 26.7% from approximately HK\$365.6 million for the financial year ended 31 March 2023. The considerable decrease in sales for FY2024 was primarily attributable to the decrease in sales to two major customers as a result of their reduced demand for hair styling products.

Despite the Group is affected by the weak consumer sentiment and pressure from retails sales, it would continue to put efforts on improving the competitiveness of its high quality products together with bolstering its research and development capabilities with an aim to enhancing its market share in its existing ODM business and achieving a long-term relationship with its customers.

As disclosed in the Prospectus, the other key attribute of the Group's business strategies is to engage in sales of personal care and lifestyle electrical appliances under its own brand names on an Original Brand Manufacturer ("**OBM**") basis so as to bring more business opportunities to the Group, reduce reliance on sales to the major customers and spread operational risks.

In FY2024, the Company has progressively developed its business under an OBM model and will continue to invest in marketing efforts to further promote the Group's personal care and lifestyle electrical appliances under its own brand names in the PRC and Hong Kong markets, including without limitation (i) conducting offline promotional activities and campaigns in shopping malls and physical advertisements in public areas; (ii) online promotional activities and campaigns on popular social platforms in the PRC such as Douyin (抖音) and Xiaohongshu (小紅書) through artists and key opinion leaders engaged by the Group; (iii) recruitment of salespersons and distributors; (iv) launching the Group's products on popular e-commerce platforms in the PRC such as Taobao (淘寶), Tmall.com (天貓) and JD.com (京東) and physical retail chain stores of well-known distributors; and (iv) engagement of marketing consultants for formulation of marketing and promotional plan and carrying out market analysis.

As always, the Group will look for business opportunities to create higher value for our shareholders. With our prudent, pragmatic business approach and financial strength, we will strive on and tread cautiously to ride through the current and coming difficulties and challenges.

On behalf of the board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to our customers, business partners and all our shareholders for their continuous support and confidence in us. I would also like to thank the management team and all our staff for their efforts and contribution.

## Li Shu Yeh

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Hong Kong, 26 June 2024

## **OVERVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in the design, development and manufacturing of personal care and lifestyle electrical appliances on an ODM basis. Our customers are mainly international brand owners with products marketed mainly in the United States, Japan and Europe. Personal care electrical appliances produced by the Group can be broadly classified into three major categories, including the hair styling series, the grooming series and the beauty care series. In particular, the Group is specialized in hair dryers within its hair styling series which primarily target at the high-end market. In parallel, the Group has continued to and remains dedicated in the development and sale of personal care and lifestyle electrical appliance products with its own brand to retail customers under an OBM model.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

For FY2024, the Group continued to face tough and uncertain global business environment against the backdrop of intensifying geopolitical tensions, high inflation and high interest rate. All these adverse factors have led to sluggish demand and weak consumption sentiment.

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$268.0 million, representing a year-on-year decline of approximately 26.7% from approximately HK\$365.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2023 ("**FY2023**"). The considerable decrease in sales for FY2024 was primarily attributable to the decrease in sales to two major customers as a result of their reduced demand for hair styling products.

Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company decreased by approximately HK\$25.5 million or 39.7% from approximately HK\$64.2 million for FY2023 to approximately HK\$38.7 million for FY2024. The Group's net profit margin decreased by approximately 3.2 percentage points from approximately 17.6% to approximately 14.4% during the same period. The decrease in profit was primarily attributable to the decrease in sales as mentioned above which also led to a decrease in gross profit; the increase in marketing and distribution expenses primarily attributable to the development of the Group's OBM business; partially offset by a mild improvement in the gross profit margin of the Group's products.

In FY2024, the Company has speed up its progress in the development of its business under an OBM model and will continue to invest in marketing efforts to further promote the Group's personal care and lifestyle electrical appliances under its own brand names in the PRC and Hong Kong markets

## **PROSPECTS**

The Group anticipates strong challenge in the financial year ending 31 March 2025 due to continuous geopolitical tensions and economic uncertainties. In view of weaker consumer sentiment, orders from customers may continue to reduce and become slow. However, our management will remain resilient to tackle these situations and our Sales, Production and R&D teams are committed to maintaining strong customer relationship, delivering quality products, leveraging our core technologies and ensuring stability in the supplies of our products to meet the customers' sales to various tiers of markets.

On the other hand, the Group would continue to focus its resources on the development of its business under an OBM model. Having accumulated years of experience in product design and development, the Company is confident that it would be able to leverage its abundant reserve of technical know-how and manufacturing capacity to expand its business into the retail market.

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The Group has been conducting research and development as well as market studies for its personal care and lifestyle electrical appliances. A business plan comprising marketing plan, budget and manufacturing schedule has also been formulated by the Company for the gradual introduction of its products guided by the indicative time frame and priority of resources allocation and product introduction.

The Group has launched its first exquisite personal care product in the PRC and Hong Kong markets and will continue to invest in the further development of its products offerings and ancillary products, optimize the quality and functions of its products and ensure that sufficient resources such as talents, manufacturing capacities and administrative support etc. will be available to the OBM business.

The Directors will continuously revisit the Group's development plans of the OBM business to cope with the changing market conditions and strive for better business performance for the Group and in the best interest of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

## **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

## Revenue

The total revenue of the Group decreased by approximately HK\$97.6 million or 26.7% from approximately HK\$365.6 million for FY2023 to approximately HK\$268.0 million for FY2024. Such decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in sales of hair styling series of the personal care electrical appliances.

## Gross profit and gross profit margin

The Group's gross profit decreased by approximately HK\$15.0 million or 13.3% to approximately HK\$97.4 million for FY2024 (FY2023: approximately HK\$112.4 million). The gross profit margin increased by approximately 5.6 percentage points to approximately 36.3% for FY2024 (FY2023: approximately 30.7%) which was mainly attributable to decrease in direct labour costs and the depreciation in RMB against USD.

## Selling and distribution expenses

The selling and distribution expenses of the Group increased by approximately HK\$16.4 million (approximately 364.4%) to approximately HK\$20.9 million for FY2024 (FY2023: approximately HK\$4.5 million) due to increase in marketing and distribution expenses for the launch of our own brand personal care product in the PRC and Hong Kong markets.

## **Administrative expenses**

The administrative expenses of the Group slightly decreased by approximately HK\$1.7 million or 4.8% to approximately HK\$33.9 million for FY2024 (FY2023: approximately HK\$35.6 million).

### **Finance costs**

The Group recorded a finance cost of approximately HK\$163,000 during the Reporting Period due to an interest expense on lease liabilities (FY2023: approximately HK\$1,000 from bank borrowing). The Group had no bank borrowings since June 2022.

### **Income tax expenses**

The Group's income tax expenses decreased by approximately HK\$2.0 million or 16.5% to approximately HK\$10.1 million for FY2024 (FY2023: approximately HK\$12.1 million). The effective tax rate of the Group for FY2024 was approximately 20.7% (FY2023: approximately 15.8%).

## **Net profit**

Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company decreased by approximately HK\$25.5 million or 39.7% from approximately HK\$64.2 million for FY2023 to approximately HK\$38.7 million for FY2024. The Group's net profit margin decreased by approximately 3.2 percentage points from approximately 17.6% to approximately 14.4% during the same period. The decrease in profit was primarily attributable to the decrease in sales as mentioned above which also led to a decrease in gross profit; the increase in marketing and distribution expenses primarily attributable to the development of the Group's OBM business; partially offset by a mild improvement in the gross profit margin of the Group's products.

## LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE Funding and Treasury Policy

During the Reporting Period, the Group has principally funded the liquidity and capital requirements through capital contributions from the shareholders of the Company, and net cash generated from its operations. The funds were primarily used for purchase of raw materials, various operating expenses and capital expenditure. The liquidity of the Group and its working capital and finance requirements were closely monitored by the Board on a regular basis.

## Liquidity

As at 31 March 2024, the Group maintained cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$253.6 million (as at 31 March 2023: approximately HK\$247.1 million). The Group will continue to maintain a healthy liquidity position to fund its operations and future business development.

## **Borrowings, Charge on Assets and Gearing Ratio**

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had no bank borrowings (as at 31 March 2023: nil).

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had unutilised banking facilities of approximately HK\$34.5 million and are secured by (i) a legal charge over an industrial property of the Group held for its own use in Hong Kong with net book value amounted to approximately HK\$3.5 million as at 31 March 2024 (as at 31 March 2023: approximately HK\$3.6 million); (ii) a legal charge over an industrial property of the Group originally held for earning rental income in Hong Kong but now changed to own use with net book value amounted to approximately HK\$584,000 as at 31 March 2024 (as at 31 March 2023: approximately HK\$619,000); and (iii) corporate guarantee by the Company.

The Group is not committed to draw down the unutilised amount. The Group intended to utilise such facilities for its working capital purposes, including purchase of raw materials to support its business operation, where appropriate.

As at 31 March 2024, the gearing ratio of the Group was nil (as at 31 March 2023: nil). The gearing ratio is calculated by dividing the Group's interest-bearing borrowing by Group's total equity as at the end of the respective financial period and multiplied by 100%. The Group had no interest-bearing bank borrowings since June 2022.

## **FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE**

The Group is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk. The value and convertibility of Renminbi are subject to changes in the PRC government's policies and depend on domestic and international economic and political developments, as well as the supply and demand forces of Renminbi in the local market. As the Group is not involved in any currency hedging activities, any fluctuation in the exchange rate or any shortage of foreign currency may have an adverse impact on operating costs and financial condition.

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## **CAPITAL COMMITMENT**

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had capital commitments contracted but not provided for property, plant and equipment amounted to approximately HK\$0.2 million (as at 31 March 2023: approximately HK\$1.7 million).

### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 March 2024, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (as at 31 March 2023: nil).

## SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not hold any significant investment nor did the Group carry out any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

## FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS AND EXPECTED SOURCE OF FUNDING

Saved as disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 31 August 2020 (the "**Prospectus**") and this report, the Group had no future plans for material investments or capital assets as at 31 March 2024. The Group will continue to monitor the industry closely and review its business expansion plans regularly, so as to take necessary measures in the Group's best interests.

## **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had a total of 446 employees (as at 31 March 2023: 541). The employees' remuneration depends on their particular duties and their performance. The Group's general workers are paid according to the Shenzhen minimum wage standard, and the basic salary of its management, engineering, and technical staff is generally determined with reference to the same industry standards and the staff may be entitled to allowance and bonus or equity incentive based on their performance evaluation. The Group conducts employee performance review annually to evaluate and adjust its employees' remuneration. The Group enters into individual employment agreements with the employees, with terms covering, among other things, positions, salaries, working hours, annual leave and other benefits. During the Reporting Period, the Group's total staff costs amounted to approximately HK\$56.6 million (FY2023: approximately HK\$68.1 million).

Also, training is provided to employees of the Group depending on their departments and the scope of their responsibilities. The human resources department would also arrange for employees to attend training, especially in regards to workplace health and safety.

## **EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Up to the date of this report, there are no important events occurred after the Reporting Period that may affect the Group.

### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

The Board of Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for FY2024. (FY2023: a final dividend of HK1.5 cents and a special dividend of HK0.8 cent).

## CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

**Mr. LI Shu Yeh (李舒野) ("Mr. SY Li")**, aged 77, was appointed as the chairman, executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 29 March 2019. Mr. SY Li is the father of Ms. SJ Li, an executive Director.

Mr. SY Li is primarily responsible for formulating the overall sales and marketing strategies and business development and making major decisions of the Group. He co-founded the Group on 9 March 1988.

Mr. SY Li has more than 35 years of experience in the small household electrical appliances and personal care electrical appliances industry. He has been a director of Fourace Industries Limited (科利實業有限公司) ("**HK Fourace**"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, since 9 March 1988, responsible for the overall management, strategic planning and decision-making of HK Fourace.

Mr. SY Li was the chief engineer at Manuick Industrial Company Limited, a manufacturer of electrical appliances from August 1986 to February 1988, responsible for management of engineering technologies, supervision of product design and quality control and management of the manufacturing departments.

Mr. SY Li was the chief engineer of Sun Cupid Industries Limited, a company principally engaged in the manufacture of small electrical appliances on an original equipment manufacturing (OEM)/original design manufacturing (ODM) basis exporting to multinational customers, from March 1980 to June 1986, responsible for new projects development, electrical design and monitoring safety standard of products.

Mr. SY Li obtained his bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering from the Beijing College of Petroleum\* (北京石油學院) (currently known as China University of Petroleum, Beijing\* (中國石油大學(北京)) in the PRC in July 1970.

Mr. SY Li is the sole director of Ace Champion, a controlling shareholder of the Company holding 468,750,000 Shares, representing 36.7% of the issued share capital of the Company.

## **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Ms. LI Sen Julian (李晨) ("Ms. SJ Li"), aged 48, is an executive Director. She was appointed as an executive Director on 29 March 2019 and is primarily responsible for supervising the overall operations and financial management of the Group. Ms. SJ Li joined the Group in August 2001 and since 17 August 2017, she has been a director of HK Fourace. Ms. SJ Li is the daughter of Mr. SY Li, the chairman, executive Director and Chief Executive Officer.

Ms. SJ Li first joined the Group on 2 August 2001 as a sales assistant, responsible for customer management. From August 2003 to June 2006, she served as an assistant general manager of the Group, responsible for customer communications, project management and product pricing. Ms. SJ Li has been the general manager of the Group since June 2006, responsible for the overall supervision of the sales department, quality management and customer relations. Ms. SJ Li has more than 20 years of experience in the personal care electrical appliances industry.

Ms. SJ Li obtained her bachelor's degree in clinical medicine from Tianjin Medical University (天津醫科大學) in the PRC in July 2001.

**Ms. TANG Suk Yee (鄧淑儀) ("Ms. SY Tang")**, aged 57, is an executive Director. She was appointed as the executive Director on 29 March 2019. Ms. SY Tang is primarily responsible for the overall operations and management of Shenzhen Fourace Electrical Appliances Co., Ltd.\* (深圳科利電器有限公司) ("**Shenzhen Fourace**"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Ms. SY Tang joined the Group on 6 June 1988. Ms. SY Tang has more than 30 years of experience in the personal care electrical appliances industry.

Ms. SY Tang first joined the Group on 6 June 1988 as a secretary, where she accumulated experiences of customer management, administration, shipping and operations. Since August 2000, she has served as an assistant factory manager of the Group, responsible for monitoring production progress and shipping. She has been a director of HK Fourace since 17 August 2017 and the executive director and legal representative of Shenzhen Fourace since 22 May 2015, responsible for the overall progress management of the productions of the Group.

Ms. SY Tang completed her tertiary education at Sacred Heart Canossian Convent Commercial School in Hong Kong in June 1985.

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. LIU Kai Yu Kenneth** (廖啟宇) ("**Mr. Liu**"), aged 54, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and joined the Group on 21 August 2020. Mr. Liu is the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. He is primarily responsible for the provision of independent advice to the Board. He has over 20 years of experience in corporate finance and accounting and auditing.

Mr. Liu worked at Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 388), from June 2004 to October 2016, with his last position as assistant vice president in IPO Transactions, Listing & Regulatory Affairs Division, responsible for vetting initial public offering applications. Prior to that, he worked at VC CEF Capital Limited (now known as VC Capital Limited) from September 2000 to May 2003, with his last position as an assistant manager in the corporate finance department, responsible for the provision of corporate finance advices to clients, financial analysis, due diligence, document drafting and negotiation of terms. He worked as an audit officer in the internal audit department of Kowloon-Canton Railway Corporation from January 2000 to September 2000, an assistant manager of the audit and control division of the Hong Kong branch of Banque Nationale de Paris from August 1996 to September 1997, an accountant at Ernst & Young from August 1994 to May 1996, and a junior accountant in the audit department of Kwan Wong Tan & Fong (merged with Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu in 1997) from May 1994 to August 1994, responsible primarily for audit and internal control.

Mr. Liu has been an independent non-executive director of Wuhan Youji Holdings Ltd., the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2881), since June 2024; an independent non-executive director and an independent director of Hangzhou Tigermed Consulting Co. Ltd., the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 3047) and the ChiNext of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 300347), since April 2020; an independent non-executive director of Tianli International Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1773), since June 2018; and an independent non-executive director of Sisram Medical Ltd., the shares of which are listed on Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1696), since August 2017.

Mr. Liu has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since July 1999 and a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since April 2004.

Mr. Liu obtained his bachelor of engineering degree in mechanical engineering from Imperial College of Science, Technology and Medicine of the University of London in the United Kingdom in August 1991. He received his master of business administration degree in international banking and finance from the University of Birmingham in the United Kingdom in December 1998.

**Mr. LEUNG Wai Chuen (梁偉泉) ("Mr. Leung")**, aged 58, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and joined the Group on 21 August 2020. Mr. Leung is the chairman of the nomination committee and a member of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company. He is primarily responsible for the provision of independent advice to the Board. He has over 26 years of experience in auditing, accounting and financial management and company secretarial matters

Mr. Leung has been the company secretary of Grand Ming Group Holdings Limited, a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1271) and principally engages in providing building construction services where he has been responsible for the overall company secretarial matters since 2013. From November 2017 to August 2019, Mr. Leung served as a non-executive director of MOS House Group Limited, a company the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1653) with a principal business of retail and supply of overseas manufactured tiles in Hong Kong, during which he was responsible for supervising and providing strategic advice to the group. He worked as a chief financial officer at Tang Palace (China) Holdings Limited (stock code: 1181), a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange from 2009 to 2012, and served the same at Sinobest Technology Holdings Ltd. (currently known as OKH Global Ltd., the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange (stock code: S3N)) from 2005 to 2008 where he was primarily responsible for their overall financial and accounting management. Mr. Leung served at Neo-Neon Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1868), as a financial controller from December 2008 to May 2009 and as a non- executive director from June 2009 to September 2010, responsible for supervising and providing strategic advice to the group. Mr. Leung also served as a financial controller at WLS Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8021) from 2001 to 2004, where he was responsible for overseeing their financial matters. From 2000 to 2001, he was an accountant at China Overseas Land & Investment Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 688) where he was primarily responsible for its financial reporting management. Prior to this, Mr. Leung then held senior finance or audit positions in several private companies from 1992 to 2000. From 1989 to 1992, Mr. Leung served as an accountant and subsequently an audit senior at Price Waterhouse (now known as PricewaterhouseCoopers), an international accounting firm, where he was primarily responsible for auditing.

Mr. Leung has been an independent non-executive director of E Lighting Group Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8222), since September 2014.

Mr. Leung has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since December 1993, a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants of the United Kingdom since October 1998, an associate of the Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries) since November 2004 and The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators) since November 2004 respectively.

Mr. Leung obtained his bachelor of social sciences degree from the University of Hong Kong in December 1989. He received his master of business administration degree jointly awarded by the University of Wales and the University of Manchester in the United Kingdom in July 2001 through distance learning and his master of business (logistics management) degree from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology (now known as RMIT University) in Australia in September 2007 through distance learning.

**Mr. MAN Yun James** (文恩) ("**Mr. Man"**), aged 67, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and joined the Group on 21 August 2020. Mr. Man is the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of the nomination committee and audit committee of the Company. He is primarily responsible for the provision of independent advice to the Board. He has over 25 years of experience in manufacturing of electrical appliances.

Mr. Man worked at Manuick Industrial Company Limited, a manufacturer of electrical appliances, from March 1984 to January 2004, with his last position as a director, responsible for administration and management of factory affairs, supervision of research and development and design of new products, quality control and customers relations. From May 1981 to March 1984, he served as an electrical engineer of Sun Cupid Industries Limited, a company principally engages in the manufacture of small electrical appliances on an OEM/ODM basis exporting to multinational customers, where he was responsible for customer relations, product design, development of products and safety and quality control. Mr. Man had worked as an engineer in several private companies from January 1979 to May 1981, responsible primarily for development of products and safety and quality control.

Mr. Man obtained his bachelor of science degree in engineering from The University of Hong Kong in November 1978.

### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. TSANG Kai Ming (曾啟明) ("Mr. KM Tsang")**, aged 61, has been the chief financial officer and company secretary of the Company since 29 March 2019, responsible for financial management and control, corporate finance, treasury, investor relations and company secretarial matters of the Group. Mr. KM Tsang joined the Group in November 2018 as a financial controller.

Mr. KM Tsang has more than 30 years of experience in finance and accounting. Prior to joining the Group, he worked in various companies, responsible mainly for finance and accounting. He worked as the financial controller in Bloom & Grow Limited from June 2015 to June 2018; the financial controller and company secretary in Hung Fook Tong Group Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1446), from September 2010 to May 2015; as the group internal audit manager in Popular Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the main board of the Singapore Exchange (stock code: P29), from October 2008 to January 2010; as the senior internal audit and compliance manager in Print-Rite Management Company Limited from November 2007 to October 2008; as the internal audit manager in Hung Hing Printing Group Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0450), from July 2000 to November 2007; in Vitasoy International Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0345), from January 1991 to January 1996, with his last position as internal audit manager; as the finance & accounting manager in Magsec Investments (Far East) Limited from March 1990 to November 1990; in Shui On Investment Company Limited (currently known as Shui On (Holdings) Limited) and Shui On Leisure Enterprises Limited from June 1988 to February 1990, with his last position as senior internal auditor; and as the cost accountant in Amphenol East Asia Limited from August 1987 to June 1988.

Mr. KM Tsang has been an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since April 1992 and a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since May 1997.

Mr. KM Tsang obtained his bachelor's degree in commerce from The University of Southern Queensland (part-time programme) in Australia in April 1999. He obtained a master of management degree from The University of Western Sydney in Australia in October 1998.

**Ms. SHIU Pui Fun (**邵佩芬) **("Ms. Shiu")**, aged 53, is an assistant general manager of the Group, responsible for human resources planning, purchase control and logistics management of the Group. She has over 30 years of experience in the personal care electrical appliances industry. Ms. Shiu joined the Group in November 1990.

From November 2018 to 29 March 2019, Ms. Shiu was responsible for the overall logistic and procurement management, import and export and supervision of human resources of the Group. Ms. Shiu has served as the supervisor of Shenzhen Fourace since May 2015, responsible for overall compliance. Ms. Shiu has been the financial director and an assistant factory manager of the Group from August 2000 to October 2018, responsible for the supervision of the accounts departments in Hong Kong and Shenzhen and logistics of the Group. Ms. Shiu was promoted as a manager of the finance department of the Group in June 1993, responsible for supervision of the accounting departments of the Group and preparation of financial reports. She first joined HK Fourace as an accounts clerk in November 1990, responsible for book keeping.

Ms. Shiu completed her secondary education at the FDBWA Szeto Ho Secondary School in Hong Kong in April 1988.

**Mr. LONG Xiao Ge (隆小鴿) ("Mr. Long")**, aged 42, is a chief engineer of the Group, responsible for supervising development, safety certification and structural engineering of new products of the Group. He has over 12 years of experience in the design and product engineering of personal care electrical appliances. Mr. Long first joined the Group in July 2006 as a project engineer of Shenzhen Bao'an District Gongming Jiangshi Fourace Electrics Factory\* (深圳市寶安區 公明將石科利電器廠) ("**Fourace Factory"**), responsible for testing, research and design of new products and progress management of moulds. He was then promoted to a principal engineer of Fourace Factory in August 2010, responsible for trial testing and supervision of structure and specifications of products. Since July 2014, Mr. Long has been a chief engineer of Fourace Factory, responsible for monitoring progress of development of new products, improving technical aspects of existing products, structural engineering and safety certification of new products.

Mr. Long completed his higher education (majoring in mechatronics) at the Hunan Institute of Engineering\* (湖南工程學院) (merged from Xiangtan Electrical and Mechanical Higher Education College\* (湘潭機電高等專科學校) and Hunan Textile Higher Education College\* (湖南紡織高等專科學校) in June 2000) in the PRC in July 2002.

**Mr. HE Jian (賀健) ("Mr. He")**, aged 51, is a chief engineer of the Group, responsible for supervising development and safety certification of new products of the Group. He has over 20 years of experience in the design and product engineering of personal care electrical appliances. Mr. He first joined the Group in March 1997 as an engineer of Fourace Factory, responsible for development and engineering of new hair dryer products, improving existing products and trial testing. He was then promoted as a principal engineer of Fourace Factory responsible for supervision of the overall design and specifications of the products. Since March 2008, Mr. He has been a chief engineer of Fourace Factory, responsible for monitoring progress of development of new products, safety certification and resolving technical difficulties.

Mr. He completed his tertiary education (majoring in mechanical engineering) at the Shandong Industrial University\* (山東工業大學) (currently known as Shandong University (山東大學)) in the PRC in July 1993.

The board ("**Board**") of Directors of the Company is pleased to present its report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2024.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Group principally engaged in the design, development and manufacturing of personal care and lifestyle electrical appliances on an ODM basis. In parallel, the Group has continued to and remains dedicated in the development of new personal care and lifestyle electrical appliance products with its own brand for sale to retail customers in potential markets under an Original Brand Manufacturer ("**OBM**") model.

### **RESULTS**

The results of the Group for FY2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 46 of this annual report.

## **DIVIDEND**

The Board of Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024.

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Business review of the Group is provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis on page 5 of this annual report.

## PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group is provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis on page 5 of this annual report.

## **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 104 of this annual report.

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

Details of movements in the investment properties of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **BORROWING**

The Group had no bank borrowings during the year ended 31 March 2024.

## SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **TAX RELIEF**

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the shares of the Company.

## **RESERVES**

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

## **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Details of the Company's distributable reserves as at 31 March 2024 are set out in Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save for the share option scheme, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 or subsisted at the end of the year.

## SIGNIFICANT RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS Employees

As of 31 March 2024, the Group had a total number of 446 employees. During the Reporting Period, relationship between the Company and the employees remained stable. The Company did not experience any strikes or other labor disputes which would have material impact on the business activities of the Company.

### **Customers**

The Group endeavours to maintain longstanding relationship with customers by continuous active communication. By engaging in the meetings with the customers and obtaining feedbacks from them, the Group is able to gain a deeper understanding of the customers' requirements and develop desirable products that satisfy the customers needs. As such, the Group has established and maintained long term and strong relationships with the customers.

## **Suppliers**

The Group follows a stringent standard to select its suppliers and only purchase from the suppliers enlisted in the Group's internal list of pre-approved suppliers. Further, the Group conducts a review of the approved list of suppliers annually. The Group is keen on developing and maintaining the business relationships with the suppliers. During the Reporting Period, the Group has maintained good business relationships with the suppliers and is able to secure a stable supply of raw materials at competitive prices.

## **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

For FY2024, sales to the Group's five largest customers combined accounted for 99.3% of the total revenue of the Group (FY2023: 99.4%) and sales to the largest customer included therein accounted for 31.1% (FY2023: 35.5%) of the total revenue of the Group. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers combined accounted for 39.5% (FY2023: 42.9%) of the total purchases for FY2024 and purchases from the largest supplier included therein accounted for 10.2% (FY2023: 12.7%) of the total purchases for FY2024.

None of the Directors, their close associates, or any Shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital during the Reporting Period) had any beneficial interest in the top five customers and suppliers of the Group.

## **DIRECTORS**

The Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 and up to the date of this annual report were:

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. LI Shu Yeh *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Ms. LI Sen Julian

Ms. TANG Suk Yee

## **Independent non-executive Directors**

Mr. LIU Kai Yu Kenneth Mr. LEUNG Wai Chuen Mr. MAN Yun James

Pursuant to Article 84(1) of the Articles of association of our Company ("Articles"), at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years and shall then be eligible for re-election.

In accordance with Article 84(1) and code provision B.2.2 of the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), Ms. LI Sen Julian and Ms. TANG Suk Yee will retire and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the Annual General Meeting.

## **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 9 to 13 of this annual report.

## **DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

Save as disclosed herein, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2024 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate; and none of the Directors, or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the year ended 31 March 2024.

## **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

### **Executive Directors**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from the date of Listing, which could be renewed automatically for periods of one year commencing on the day immediately following the expiry of each term, until terminated by not less than one month notice in writing served by either party on the other.

During the Reporting Period, the basic annual salaries of the executive Directors are as follows:

Name	<b>Basic Annual Salary</b> HK\$
Mr. Li Shu Yeh	1.50 million
Ms. Li Sen Julian	1.11 million
Ms. Tang Suk Yee	0.66 million

## **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company under which each of them has agreed to act as an independent non-executive Director for a term of three years and shall be terminable by either party by giving the other party not less than one month's prior notice in writing. The appointments are subject to the provisions of the Articles with regard to vacation of office of Directors, removal and retirement by rotation of Directors. Save for directors' fees, none of the independent non-executive Directors is expected to receive any other remuneration for holding their office as an independent non-executive Director.

Save as disclosed herein, none of the Directors has or is proposed to have a service contract with the Company or any of the subsidiaries other than contracts expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

All the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at an annual general meeting at least once every three years in accordance with the Articles.

## **REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS**

Details of remuneration of the Directors during the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

### INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received, from each of the three independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

## **DIRECTORS INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

Each of the Directors confirms that he/she does not have any interest in a business, apart from the business of the Group, which competes or is likely to compete, directly or indirectly, with the business of our Group and would require disclosure pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed herein, none of the Directors or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during or at the end of the year.

## CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

There is no transactions, arrangements and contract of significance to the business of the Group between the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, and a controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the Reporting Period. During the Reporting Period, no transactions, arrangements and contract of significance for the provision of services to the Group by a controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries was made.

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles, Directors, managing directors, alternate Directors, auditors, secretary and other officers for the time being of the Company and the trustees for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company, and their respective executors or administrators, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts.

The Company has also arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance for the Directors and officers of the Group.

## **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "**Share Option Scheme**") on 21 August 2020, which has become effective upon the Listing on 15 September 2020. No option had been granted by the Company (and there was no outstanding options) under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption and up to the date of this report.

The total number of securities available for issue under the Share Option Scheme as at 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024 was 125,000,000 Shares, representing 9.78 % of the issued share capital of the Company at 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024.

## 1. Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Board to grant share options to selected eligible persons as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the growth and development of the Group.

## 2. Eligibility of participants of the Share Option Scheme

The Board may, at its absolute discretion and on such terms as it may think fit, grant share options to any eligible person to subscribe at a price calculated in accordance with paragraph 3 below for such number of shares as it may determine in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme. An eligible person ("Eligible Person") is (a) any director or proposed director (whether executive or non-executive, including any independent non-executive director), employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of, or (b) any individual for the time being seconded to work for any member of the Group; or (c) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or any advisory, consultancy, professional or other services to any member of the Group.

The basis of eligibility of any of the Eligible Persons to the grant of share options shall be determined by the Board from time to time on the basis of his contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of the Group, provided that no share option shall be granted to any person which would result in the Company being required under applicable securities laws and regulations to issue a prospectus or other offer document in respect thereof, or will result in the breach by the Company or the Directors of any applicable securities laws and regulations or any filing or other requirements arising.

## 3. Exercise price per share for the exercise of a share option

The exercise price per share payable on the exercise of a share option is to be determined by the Board provided always that it shall be at least the higher of:

- (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant (which is deemed to be the date of Board meeting for approving the grant of options), which must be a business day; and
- (ii) (the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five (5) business days immediately preceding the date of offer of grant,

provided that the exercise price per Share shall in no event be less than the nominal amount of the share.

## 4. Exercise and vesting of options

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period commencing on such date on or after the date on which the share option is granted as the Board may determine in granting the share options and expiring at the close of business on such date as the Board may determine in granting the share options but in any event shall not exceed ten (10) years from the date of grant (which is the date of offer of grant if the offer for the grant of the share options is accepted). The Board may grant options subject to such vesting conditions and performance targets, including any vesting period.

## 5. Acceptance of offers

An offer for the grant of share options must be accepted within thirty (30) days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable by the grantee of a share option to the Company on acceptance of the offer for the grant of a share option is HK\$1.00.

### 6. Maximum number of shares

Subject to any refreshment of the Scheme Mandate (as defined below) or approval of Shareholders in general meeting, the maximum number of shares issuable upon the exercise of all share options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date on which the Share Option Scheme becomes effective i.e. the date of Listing (i.e. 125,000,000 shares) ("Scheme Mandate").

As at 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024, the total number of share options available for grant under the Share Option Scheme is 125,000,000 shares representing 9.78% of the issued share capital of the Company.

## 7. Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Person

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to any Eligible Person(s) (including cancelled, exercised and outstanding share options), in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the number of shares in issue, unless (i) a circular containing the information required by the Listing Rules is despatched to the Shareholders; (ii) the Shareholders approve the grant of the share options in excess of the 1% limit referred to in this paragraph; and (iii) the relevant Eligible Person and his associates shall abstain from voting. The number and terms (including the exercise price) of share options to be granted to such Eligible Person(s) shall be fixed before Shareholders' approval.

## 8. Period of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten (10) years commencing on the date on which the Share Option Scheme becomes effective and shall expire at the close of business on the day immediately preceding the tenth anniversary thereof unless terminated earlier by Shareholders in general meeting.

The Group has no other share scheme other than the Share Option Scheme.

## **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 March 2024.

## INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

So far as the Directors are aware, as at 31 March 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) which are required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which are required, pursuant to Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix C3 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange or which are required pursuant to section 352 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred to therein, were as follows:

Name of Director/ Chief Executive	Nature of interest	Number and class of securities (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of shareholding interest
Mr. Li Shu Yeh (Note 2)	Interest in controlled corporation ( <i>Note 3</i> )	468,750,000 Shares (L)	36.7%
Ms. Li Sen Julian	Beneficiary owner	3,812,500 Shares (L)	0.3 %
Ms. Tang Suk Yee	Beneficiary owner	3,812,500 Shares (L)	0.3 %

### Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the shares of the Company (the "Shares").
- 2. As at 31 March 2024, Ace Champion Inc. ("Ace Champion") is legally and beneficially owned by Mr. Li Shu Yeh as to 100% of its equity interest. Mr. Li Shu Yeh is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Ace Champion is interested in pursuant to Part XV of the SFO.
- 3. Ace Champion, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, is the legal and beneficial owner of 468,750,000 Shares, representing approximately 36.7% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2024.

Save as disclosed above and so far as the Directors are aware, as at 31 March 2024, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company had any interests and/or short positions in the Shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

## INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 March 2024, the following persons, other than the directors or chief executive of the Company, had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, or who was, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the shares of the Company.

Name of person/corporation	Nature of interest	Number and class of securities (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of shareholding interest
Ace Champion (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	468,750,000	36.7%
Forever Golden (Note 3)	Beneficial owner	Shares (L) 468.750.000	36.7%
Tolevel doldell (Note 3)	Deficial Owner	Shares (L)	30.7 %
Ms. Sit Hor Wan (Note 4)	Interest in controlled corporation	468,750,000	36.7%
		Shares (L)	
Ms. Chan Pan Pan (Note 5)	Interest of spouse	468,750,000	36.7%
		Shares (L)	
Mr. Loo Kin Kuen Stephen (Note 6)	Interest of spouse	468,750,000	36.7%
		Shares (L)	

### Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares.
- 2. Ace Champion, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, is the legal and beneficial owner of 468,750,000 Shares, representing approximately 36.7% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2024. The entire issued capital of Ace Champion is beneficially owned by Mr. Li Shu Yeh.
- 3. Forever Golden Inc. ("**Forever Golden**"), is a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, is the legal and beneficial owner of 468,750,000 Shares, representing approximately 36.7% of the issued share capital of the Company.
- 4. The entire issued share capital of Forever Golden is beneficially owned by Ms. Sit Hor Wan, who is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Forever Golden by virtue of Part XV of the SFO.
- 5. Ms. Chan Pan Pan is the spouse of Mr. Li Shu Yeh. Therefore, Ms. Chan Pan Pan is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Mr. Li Shu Yeh is interested under Part XV of the SFO.
- 6. Mr. Loo Kin Kuen Stephen is the spouse of Ms. Sit Hor Wan. Therefore, Mr. Loo Kin Kuen Stephen is deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Ms. Sit Hor Wan is interested under Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified of any other persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) who, as at 31 March 2024, had interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, or who was, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the shares of the Company.

### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group has not entered into nor conducted any connected transaction or continuing connected transactions which are subject to disclosure requirement in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

## **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Details of the related party transactions of the Group are set out in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

Those related party transactions do not fall under the definition of non-exempt connected transaction or non-exempt continuing connected transaction pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

## **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The employees' remuneration depends on their particular duties and their performance. The Company's general workers are paid according to the Shenzhen minimum wage standard, and the basic salary of the management, engineering, and technical staff are generally determined with reference to the same industry standards and they may be entitled allowance and bonus based on their performance evaluation. The Company conducts employee performance review annually to evaluate and adjust the employees' remuneration. The Company enters into individual employment agreements with the employees, with terms covering, among other things, positions, salaries, working hours, annual leave and other benefits. The Group has the Share Option Scheme in place to enable the Board to grant share options to selected Eligible Persons as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the growth and development of the Group. For details in relation to the Share Option Scheme, please refer to the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" from pages 18 to 20 of this annual report.

The emoluments of Directors are determined based on the skill, knowledge, duties and responsibilities. Each Director and senior management are determined by reference to the Company's performance and profitability, as well as remuneration benchmark in the industry and the prevailing market conditions.

No emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors of the Company or the five highest paid individuals (including directors and employees), as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. None of the Directors waived any emoluments for the year ended 31 March 2024.

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules during the Reporting Period and as at the date of this report.

## **CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Wuhan Youji Holdings Ltd., the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2881) with effect from 18 June 2024.

Save as otherwise set out in this report, there is no change in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B of the Listing Rules.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Reporting Period, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

## **DONATIONS**

During the Reporting Period, the Group has made charitable donation of approximately HK\$33,000.

## **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

There are no significant events that may affect the Group after the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

## **USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE GLOBAL OFFERING**

The net proceeds (the "Net Proceeds") from the Global Offering (as defined in the Prospectus) were approximately HK\$66.2 million.

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had used approximately HK\$27.5 million, representing approximately 41.5% of the Net Proceeds, and the remaining balance of the Net Proceeds was approximately HK\$38.7 million (the "Unutilized Net Proceeds").

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 5 June 2024 (the "Change in Use of Proceeds Announcement"), the Board resolved to change the use of the Net Proceeds. Details of the original allocation of the Net Proceeds, the application of the Net Proceeds during FY2024, the utilized Net Proceeds as at 31 March 2024 and the revised allocation of the Unutilized Net Proceeds are set out as follows:

Business objective as stated in the Prospectus	Original allo of the Net PI HK\$' million		Amount of unutilised net proceeds as at 31 March 2023 HK\$' million	Actual use of Net Proceeds during the Reporting Period HK\$' million	Utilized amount of the Net Proceeds as at 31 March 2024 HK\$' million	Unutilized Net Proceeds as at 31 March 2024 HK\$' million	Revised alloc Unutilized N HK\$' million		Expected timeline for use of the Unutilized Net Proceeds
Expanding and upgrading the Company's production facilities to enhance the Company's production capabilities	36.1	54.5%	21.4	(1.7)	(16.4)	19.7	-	-	-
Enhancing the Company's research and engineering capabilities	16.4	24.8%	15.7	(0.3)	(1.0)	15.4	-	-	-
Introducing new products carrying the Company's brands	8.5	12.9%	2.0	(0.3)	(6.8)	1.7	19.3	49.9%	By June 2026
Enhancing the Company's sales and marketing efforts in the global market including the PRC market	2.3	3.5%	1.5	(1.5)	(2.3)	-	17.5	45.2%	By June 2026
Upgrading the Company's information technology system and design-aided software	2.9	4.3%	2.7	(0.8)	(1.0)	1.9	1.9	4.9%	By June 2026
	66.2	100%	43.3	(4.6)	(27.5)	38.7	38.7	100%	

Pursuant to the Change in Use of Proceeds Announcement, the Group has decided to reallocate (i) HK\$19.7 million in the Unutilized Net Proceeds originally intended for expanding and upgrading the Company's production facilities to enhance the Company's production capabilities; and (ii) HK\$15.4 million in the Unutilized Net Proceeds originally intended for enhancing the Company's research and engineering capabilities, for the usage of introducing new products carrying the Group's own brand names (HK\$17.6 million) and enhancing the Company's sales and marketing efforts (HK\$17.5 million). Please refer to the Change in Use of Proceeds Announcement for details.

As at 31 March 2024, the Unutilised Net Proceeds were deposited with certain licensed banks in Hong Kong,

The expected timeline for utilising the Unutilised Net Proceeds for the business objectives in based on the best estimation of the future market conditions made by the Group. It is subject to change based on the current and future development of the market conditions.

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph D.3 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules. As at 31 March 2024, the Audit Committee had three members, comprising three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Leung Wai Chuen and Mr. Man Yun James. The Audit Committee has reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal control and financial reporting matters including a review of the annual results and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 of the Group.

## **MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries with all the Directors, each of the Directors has confirmed that he/she has complied with the Model Code during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

Details of the environmental, social and governance report are set out in the environmental, social and governance report for the Year which will be published on the Group's website according to the Listing Rules.

If you would like to receive the printed version of the report, you may send your request in writing to the Company c/o the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 27 to 40 in this annual report.

## **AUDITOR**

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 have been audited by Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers who shall retire at the Annual General Meeting. A resolution will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting to re-appoint Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers as the auditors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

## Li Shu Yeh

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Hong Kong, 26 June 2024

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "**Board**") is pleased to report to the Shareholders on the corporate governance of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024.

## **CORPORATE CULTURE AND STRATEGY**

The core purposes of the Company are to create value for its shareholders; to be trusted by its customers as well as suppliers; and provide a place where its employees are proud to work with.

In this connection, the Group strives to enhance the presence and expand the market share by pursing the following strategies, including expanding and upgrading the production facilities to enhance the product capabilities; enhancing the product design and engineering abilities; introducing new products carrying own branded name and enhance the sales and marketing efforts to enter into the global market including the PRC market; and upgrading the information technology system.

The Company's purposes, values and strategy form the foundation of the Company's corporate culture. A healthy corporate culture is important to good corporate governance which is crucial for achieving sustainable long-term success of the Group.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Board is committed to achieving high corporate governance standards. The Board believes that high corporate governance standards and a culture of openness are essential in providing a framework for the Group to safeguard the interests of shareholders, enhance corporate value, formulate its business strategies and policies, facilitate effective contribution, and enhance its transparency and accountability, thereby enabling shareholders' evaluation of the Company's application of the principles and code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules (the "CG Code"). The Company has adopted the CG Code as the basis of the Company's corporate governance practices.

## **COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE**

The Company had complied with all the code provisions of the CG Code during the year ended 31 March 2024 except for the deviation from code provision C.2.1, details of which are disclosed in the paragraphs in the subsection headed "The Board" below.

## ADOPTION OF CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry to the Directors, all of them confirmed that they had complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 March 2024 and up to the date of this annual report.

## **THE BOARD**

## **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

The Company intends to comply with all code provisions in the CG Code except for code provision C.2.1 set out in the CG Code, which provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Li Shu Yeh ("Mr. SY Li"), in addition to his duties as the chairman, is also responsible for the corporate strategic planning and overall business development of the Group as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. SY Li is one of the co-founders and he has extensive experience and knowledge in the business of the Group and his duties for overseeing the Group's operations are considered to be beneficial to the Group. The Company considers having Mr. SY Li acting as both the chairman and Chief Executive Officer will provide strong and consistent leadership to the Group and facilitate the efficient execution of the business strategies. Since the Directors would meet regularly to consider major matters affecting operations of the Company, the Directors and the management of the Company believe that this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and efficiently. As a result, the Company currently does not propose to separate the functions of chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of chairman and Chief Executive Officer at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

Save as disclosed above, the Company in compliance with all code provisions of the CG Code.

The Directors will review the corporate governance policies regularly to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

## **Independent Non-executive Directors**

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company has at all times complied with the requirements of the Listing Rules to have at least three independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

Each of the three independent non-executive Directors has confirmed his independence and the Company considers each of them to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

## Non-executive Directors and Director's Re-Election

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company which shall continue for a period of three (3) years, and shall be terminable by either of the parties by giving the other party not less than one (1) month's prior notice in writing. The appointments are subject to the provisions of the Articles with regard to vacation of office of Directors, removal and retirement by rotation of Directors.

The Articles require that at each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years.

The Articles also require that any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of Members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

## Responsibilities, Accountabilities and Contributions of the Board and Management

The Board is responsible for, and has general powers under the Articles for, the leadership, control and oversight of the Company's the overall operational, management and strategic planning.

The Board is also responsible for performing the corporate governance functions, including: developing and reviewing the Company's corporate governance policies and practices; reviewing and monitoring training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and directors; and reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and the disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

The day-to-day management and operations of the Group are delegated to the executive Directors and the senior management of the Company. Certain functions and responsibilities are delegated to committees established by the Board. For details, please refer to the paragraphs headed "Audit Committee", "Remuneration Committee" and "Nomination Committee" below.

## **Continuous Professional Development of Directors**

Directors shall keep abreast of responsibilities as a Director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

Every newly appointed Director will receive formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Internally-facilitated briefings for Directors would be arranged and reading material on relevant topics would be provided to Directors where appropriate. All Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expenses.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, all Directors received regular briefings and updates on the Company's business, operations, risk management, internal controls and corporate governance matters. In addition, all Directors are provided with reading materials summarizing the duties and responsibilities in acting as directors and the recent laws and regulations.

The training records of the Directors for the year ended 31 March 2024 are summarised as follows:

Name of Directors	Type of Trainings
Executive Directors	
Mr. LI Shu Yeh	A and B
Ms. LI Sen Julian	A and B
Ms. TANG Suk Yee	A and B
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Mr. LIU Kai Yu Kenneth	A and B
Mr. LEUNG Wai Chuen	A and B
Mr. MAN Yun James	A and B

A: attending training session/seminars/workshops/conferences/forums

## **Board Meeting**

Notices of not less than fourteen days will be given for all regular Board meetings to provide all Directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for regular Board meetings. For other Board meetings, reasonable notice will generally be given. All Board committee meetings require a notice of at least fourteen days to be given, unless such notification is waived by all members of the respective Board committees. The agenda and accompanying Board papers are dispatched to the Directors or Board committee members at least three days before the meetings to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the papers and be adequately prepared for the meetings. When Directors or Board committee members are unable to attend a meeting, they will be advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the chairman prior to the meeting.

B: reading materials relevant to the business of the Group, regulatory updates, corporate governance and directors' duties and responsibilities

Minutes of the Board meetings and Board committee meetings are/will be recorded in sufficient detail to include the matters considered by the Board and the Board committees and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the Directors. Draft minutes of each Board meeting and Board committee meeting are/will be sent to the Directors for comments within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held.

Code provision C.5.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the board should meet regularly and board meetings should be held at least four times a year at approximately guarterly intervals. During the year ended 31 March 2024, four (4) board meetings and one (1) general meeting were held. The attendance of each Director at these meetings is set out in the table below:

Name of Directors	Number of attendance/number of Board meetings	Number of attendance/number of General meetings
Executive Directors		
Mr. LI Shu Yeh	4/4	1/1
Ms. LI Sen Julian	4/4	1/1
Ms. TANG Suk Yee	4/4	1/1
Independent Non-executive		
Directors		
Mr. LIU Kai Yu Kenneth	4/4	1/1
Mr. LEUNG Wai Chuen	4/4	1/1
Mr. MAN Yun James	4/4	1/1

In addition, the Chairman of the Board held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of the other executive directors during the Reporting Period.

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board currently consists of six (6) Directors, comprising three executive Directors and three independent nonexecutive Directors. The functions and duties of the Board include determining Company's business and investment plans, preparing the Company's annual financial budgets and financial reports, formulating proposals for profit distributions as well as exercising other powers, functions and duties as conferred by the Articles.

## **Composition of the Board**

As at the date of this report, the Board comprised the following Directors:

## **Executive Directors**

Mr. LI Shu Yeh (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. LI Sen Julian

Ms. TANG Suk Yee

## **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. LIU Kai Yu Kenneth

Mr. LEUNG Wai Chuen

Mr. MAN Yun James

The biographical information of the Directors is set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 9 to 13 of this annual report. Mr. LI Shu Yeh is the father of Ms. Li Sen Julian.

Save as disclosed in this annual report and to the best knowledge, information and belief of Directors, each of the Directors has no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with any other Directors, senior management, substantial shareholders or controlling shareholders (as respectively defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company.

The list of Directors (by category) is disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules. A list of the Directors identifying their roles and functions is also available on the Company's website at www.fourace.com and on the website of the Stock Exchange.

## **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Company has established the audit committee ("Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee ("Nomination Committee") on 21 August 2020 and delegated various responsibilities to these committees, which assist the Board in discharging its duties and overseeing particular aspects of the Group's activities. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Board committees are posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

## **Audit Committee**

The Company established an Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee include: reviewing the effectiveness of the financial control, internal control and risk management system of the Group, reviewing and monitor integrity of financial statements, half-year report, annual report and accounts of the Company, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, reviewing and monitoring the independence and objectivity of external auditor and performing other duties and responsibilities as may be assigned by the Board.

The Audit Committee consists of three members, who are all independent non-executive Directors, being Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth, Mr. Leung Wai Chuen and Mr. Man Yun James. Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

Two Audit Committee meetings were held during the year ended 31 March 2024.

	Number of attendance/ number of meetings
Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
Mr. Leung Wai Chuen	2/2
Mr. Man Yun James	2/2

The Audit Committee meetings were respectively held on 28 June 2023 and 28 November 2023 to review the annual and interim financial results and report, major internal audit issues, re-appointment of external auditors and its relevant scope of works, the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. All members of the Audit Committee attended the meeting.

## **Remuneration Committee**

The Company established a Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include: reviewing and approving general policy relating to strategic compensation issues, making recommendations to the Board regarding the policy and structure for the remuneration of the Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policies, reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives, reviewing and approving matters relating to share schemes of the Company under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of each Director and senior management.

The remuneration committee is tasked within its term of reference to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules. The remuneration policy and package of the Group's employees are periodically reviewed by the remuneration committee. The remuneration committee has reviewed the remuneration policy and package of the Group, including an assessment of individual performance, attractiveness of the rewards offered by the Company, talent retention and incentivization, the financial condition and performance of the Group. No share awards and share options were recommended to be awarded by the remuneration committee during FY2024. For the year ended 31 March 2024, there were no material matters relating to the share schemes which required review or approval by the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee consists of five members, being two executive Directors, Mr. Li Shu Yeh and Ms. Li Sen Julian, and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Man Yun James, Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth and Mr. Leung Wai Chuen. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Man Yun James.

Two Remuneration Committee meetings were held during the period ended 31 March 2024.

	Number of attendance/ number of meetings
Mr. Man Yun <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
Mr. Li Shu Yeh	2/2
Ms. Li Sen Julian	2/2
Mr. Liu Ka Yu Kenneth	2/2
Mr. Leung Wai Chuen	2/2

The Remuneration Committee meetings were respectively held on 28 June 2023 and 26 January 2024 to review the remuneration policy and structure of the Company and the remuneration packages of the executive Directors and senior management and other related matters.

## **Nomination Committee**

The Company established a Nomination Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.3 of the CG Code and Rule 3.27A of the Listing Rule. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis and making recommendations to the Board regarding any appointment or re-appointment of Directors. As at 31 March 2024, no independent non-executive Director had served more than nine years on the Board.

The Nomination Committee consists of five members, being two executive Directors, Mr. Li Shu Yeh and Ms. Tang Suk Yee, and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Leung Wai Chuen, Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth and Mr. Man Yun James. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr. Leung Wai Chuen.

One Nomination Committee meeting was held during the period ended 31 March 2024.

# Mr. Leung Wai Chuen (Chairman) Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth Mr. Man Yun James Mr. Li Shu Yeh Ms. Tang Suk Yee

The Nomination Committee meeting was held on 28 June 2023 and the Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and also the independence of non-executive Directors as well as made recommendations for directors to be proposed for re-election at the annual general meeting.

## **Board Independence**

The Group has established mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board and such mechanisms will be reviewed annually by the Board:

- at least one-third of the Board are independent non-executive directors in compliance with the Listing Rules requirements, and the Company will assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors on at least an annual basis.
- The Nomination Committee will assess the independence of a candidate who is nominated to be a new independent non-executive Directors before appointment and the continued independence of the current long-serving independent non-executive Directors on an annual basis. All independent non-executive Directors are required to submit a written confirmation to the Company annually to confirm the independence of each of them and their immediate family members, and their compliance with the requirements as set out in the Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.
- All Directors and committees of the Board are entitled to retain independent professional advisors as and when it is required.
- All Directors are encouraged to express their views in an open and candid manner during the Board/Board committee meetings.
- The Chairman of the Board will meet with the independent non-executive Directors at least annually without the presence of the executive Directors.
- A Director (including independent non-executive Directors) who has material interest in any contract, transaction or arrangement shall abstain from voting and not be counted in the quorum on any Board resolution approving the same.
- No equity-based remuneration with performance-related elements will generally be granted to independent nonexecutive Directors.

The Board would review the implementation and effectiveness of the above mechanisms on an annual basis. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Board reviewed the implementations and effectiveness of the above mechanisms and considered that the mechanisms remained effective.

## **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Company has adopted a Board diversity policy which sets out the objective and approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board. The policy provides that the Company should endeavour to ensure equality of opportunity in all aspects of the Group's business and does not discriminate on the grounds of race, gender, disability, nationality, religious or philosophical belief, age, sexual orientation, family status or any other factor. The Board diversity policy further provides that appointments to the Board should be based on merit that complements and expands the skills and experience of the Board as a whole and will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. Taking into account the Company's business model and the backgrounds and experience of the Directors, the composition of the Board satisfies the Board diversity policy.

The Nomination Committee is delegated by the Board to be responsible for compliance with relevant code governing Board diversity under the CG Code. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the existing structure, size diversity and composition of the Board to ensure it has a balance of expertise, skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements the Group's business; reviewed and assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and assessed the Board diversity policy of the Company. The Nomination Committee also monitors the implementation of the Board diversity policy and reports to the Board on the achievement of the measurable objectives and assess the need for setting numerical targets and timeline for achieving diversity under the Board diversity policy. As at the date of this annual report, the female-to-male ratio of the Board members was 1:2. The Nomination Committee and the Board are of the view that the current composition of the Board has achieved the vast majority of objectives set in the Board diversity policy and appropriate balance of gender diversity of workforce has been maintained. Given the current composition and gender diversity of the Board, the Board and the Nomination Committee are of the view that it is not necessary to set numerical targets and timeline for board gender diversity for the time being. The Board is mindful of the objectives for the factors as set out in the diversity policy for assessing the candidacy of the Board members and will ensure that any successors to the Board shall follow the Board diversity policy. Similar considerations will also be in place to assess the candidacy of the senior management team from time to time.

The Group has also taken, and continues to take, steps to promote diversity at all levels of its workforce. Opportunities for employment, training and career development are equally opened to all eligible employees without discrimination. The female-to-male ratio of the workforce (including the senior management) was 1.1:1.0, which is in line with the gender ratio in the manufacturing industry in which the Group operates. The Group considers a number of factor when hiring employees including gender, age, cultural and education background, qualification, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Board considers that the gender diversity in workforce (including senior management) is currently achieved. The nomination committee will continue to review the policy from time to time to ensure its continued effectiveness and the Company will disclose in the corporate governance report about the implementation of the policy on annual basis.

## **REMUNERATION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management by band (excluding Directors) for the year ended 31 March 2024 is set out below:

Remuneration Band (HKD)	Number of Person
HK\$NIL-1,000,000 HK\$1,000,000-1,500,000	2 2

Details of the remuneration of Directors are set out in notes of the consolidated financial statements.

### **DIRECTOR NOMINATION CRITERIA AND PROCEDURES**

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board to the Nomination Committee of the Company and making recommendations to the Board on the nominees for directorship.

The Company has adopted a Directors Nomination Policy which sets out the key selection criteria and principles of appointment and re-election of Directors. According to the Nomination Policy, the Nomination Committee shall consider the following selection criteria, which are not exhaustive, in assessing the suitability of the proposed candidate for the directorship: (i) attributes complementary to the Board; (ii) business experience, expertise and skills; (iii) whether the proposed candidate can give sufficient time and attention for the proper discharge of the duties of a director; (iv) whether the proposed candidate is self-motivated and has a strong interest in the Company's businesses; (v) integrity; (vi) diversity of the Board; and (vii) independence (in case of appointment or re-appointment of independent non-executive Directors).

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Directors Nomination Policy and monitoring its implementation.

## INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT Risk Management and Internal Control

During the Reporting year, the Group has established appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. Management is responsible for the design, implementation and monitoring of such systems, while the Board oversees management in performing its duties on an ongoing basis. Main features of the risk management and internal control systems are described in the sections below:

## **Risk Management System**

The Group adopts a risk management system which manages the risk associated with its business and operations. The system comprises the following phases:

- *Identification:* Identify ownership of risks, business objectives and risks that could affect the achievement of objectives.
- Evaluation: Analyze the likelihood and impact of risks and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly.
- Management: Consider the risk responses, ensure effective communication to the Board and on-going monitor the residual risks.

Based on the risk assessments conducted in 2023/24, no significant risk was identified.

## **Internal Control System**

The Company has in place an internal control system which is compatible with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("**COSO**") 2013 framework. The framework enables the Group to achieve objectives regarding effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The components of the framework are shown as follow:

- Control Environment: A set of standards, processes and structures that provide the basis for carrying out internal control across the Group.
- *Risk Assessment*: A dynamic and iterative process for identifying and analyzing risks to achieve the Group's objectives, forming a basis for determining how risks should be managed.
- *Control Activities*: Action established by policies and procedures to help ensure that management directives to mitigate risks to the achievement of objectives are carried out.
- Information and Communication: Internal and external communication to provide the Group with the information needed to carry out day-to-day controls.
- *Monitoring*: Ongoing and separate evaluations to ascertain whether each components of internal control is present and functioning.

In order to enhance the Group's system of handling inside information, and to ensure the truthfulness, accuracy, completeness and timeliness of its public disclosures, the Group also adopts and implements an inside information policy and procedures. Certain reasonable measures have been taken from time to time to ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of a disclosure requirement in relation to the Group, which include:

- The access of information is restricted to a limited number of employees on a need-to-know basis. Employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality.
- Confidentiality agreements are in place when the Group enters into significant negotiations.
- The Executive Directors are designated persons who speak on behalf of the Company when communicating with external parties such as the media, analysts or investors.

Based on the internal control reviews conducted in 2023/24, no significant control deficiency was identified.

#### **Internal Audit**

In respect of code provision D.2.5 of the CG Code, the Company should have an internal audit (the "IA Function"). Although the Company did not establish a standalone IA department during the year ended 31 March 2024, the Board has put in place adequate measures to perform the IA Function at different aspects of the Group as the Company considers that close and regular supervision by the Executive Directors and senior management, and the maintenance of internal control guidance and procedures on the Group's critical operational cycles could provide sufficient and effective internal control and risk management functions.

The Group's risk management and internal control procedures include a management structure with clearly defined lines of responsibility and limits of authority. It primarily aims to provide a reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are properly safeguarded against misappropriations, transactions are executed in accordance with the management's authorisation, and accounting records are reliable and proper for preparing financial information and are not materially misstated. The procedure is designed to identify, evaluate and manage risks effectively rather than to eliminate all risks of failure.

There are also regular meetings held between the Directors and senior management to review and monitor the business and financial performance against the targets, the progress of certification and progress payments from the customers, the efficiency in the use of the Group's resources in comparison to the budgets, and the operational matters to ensure the Group has complied with the regulations that have material impact to the Group's business. The aim is to enhance the communication and accountability of the Directors and senior management so that significant strategic, financial, operational and compliance risks or potential deviations are timely and properly identified and dealt with in a proper manner.

#### **Effectiveness of the Risk Management and Internal Control Systems**

The Board is responsible for maintaining adequate procedures of risk management and internal control for the Group and the Board had conducted an annual review of its effectiveness during the year ended 31 March 2024 through the Audit Committee. Same as last year's practice, the Company has engaged an external independent internal control adviser to conduct a review on the internal control procedures of the Group at both corporate level and business level (as agreed by the Audit Committee). The review covered material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions during the year ended 31 March 2024. The internal control report has been circulated to the Audit Committee for review and discussion. No significant areas of improvement which are required to be brought to the attention of the Audit Committee have been revealed.

As such, the Board is satisfied that the Group's internal control procedures including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions as appropriate to the Group have been put in place and considers that the Group's internal control procedures and risk management functions are both effective and adequate.

The Board will review the need for the IA Function on an interim and annual basis.

#### ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-BRIBERY POLICY

The Group has formulated and adopted an anti-corruption and anti-bribery policy ("**ACAB Policy**") which applies to all employees (including secondees, temporary or contract staff), officers and directors of the Group and external third parties who deal with the Group (including but not limited to customers, suppliers and consultants).

The Group strictly prohibits any form of bribery or corruption, and is committed to acting professionally, fairly and with integrity in all of its business dealings and relationships wherever the Group operates and implementing and enforcing effective systems to counter bribery and corruption. All Employees (whether acting in their own capacity or on the Group's behalf) are prohibited from soliciting, accepting or offering any bribe in conducting the Group's business or affairs. In conducting all business or affairs of the Group, they must comply with all the applicable laws and regulations including but not limited to the Criminal Law and the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201) of the Laws of Hong Kong (the "POBO"). All Employees should avoid any conflict of interest situation (i.e. situation where their private interest conflicts with the interest of the Group) or the perception of such conflicts. When actual or potential conflict of interest arises, the Employees should make declarations in accordance with the procedures applicable to the Group from time to time.

If any employee of the Group becomes aware of any actual or suspected breach of the ACAB Policy, he/she must report such incidents in accordance with the whistleblowing policy adopted by the Group from time to time to raise concerns on any suspected impropriety, misconduct or malpractice through confidential reporting channels.

The ACAB Policy is subject to review from time to time to ensure it remains relevant to the Group's needs and reflects the current regulatory requirement.

#### WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

The Group has formulated and adopted a whistleblowing policy ("Whistleblowing Policy") which applies to all employees (including secondees, temporary or contract staff), officers and directors of the Group and external third parties who deal with the Group (including but not limited to customers, suppliers and consultants).

Whistle-blowers may report any activities that constitute improprieties, misconduct or malpractice to the Audit Committee or the Chairman of the Board by email or by post. All information received (including the identity of the whistle-blower) will be kept confidential. Whistle-blowers making genuine and appropriate reports are assured of fair treatment. In addition, all Employees are also assured of protection against unfair dismissal, victimization or unwarranted disciplinary action.

The Whistleblowing Policy is subject to review from time to time to ensure it remains relevant to the Group's needs and reflects the current regulatory requirement.

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024. The senior management of the Company has provided such explanation and information to the Board as necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the financial information and position of the Company in order to put forward such information to the Board for approval.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about its reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 41 to 45 of this annual report.

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

For the year ended 31 March 2024, the remuneration paid or payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers, the external auditor of the Company, for its audit services and non-audit services provided for the year ended 31 March 2024 is summarised as follows:

Service Category	Fees Paid/Payable HK\$'000
Audit services	820
Non-audit services	
<ul> <li>Practice Note 730 Guidance for Auditors Regarding Preliminary Announcements of</li> </ul>	30
Annual Results	
<ul> <li>Provision of China and Hong Kong Transfer Pricing Compliance Service</li> </ul>	67
<ul> <li>Hong Kong Taxation Service</li> </ul>	25
Total	942

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Tsang Kai Ming is the company secretary of the Company, and he is responsible for the company secretarial matters of the Group and assist the Directors in implementation and ongoing compliance with internal control measures of the Group. Details of biography of the company secretary of the Company are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report. Mr. Tsang Kai Ming has complied with the relevant professional training under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### SHAREHOLDER'S RIGHTS

To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

#### Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") and Putting Forward Proposals

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles, any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition, and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

#### **Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board**

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board of the Company, Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

#### **Contact Details**

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Address: Unit No. 1107, 11/F, Manhattan Centre, 8 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong (For the

attention of the Board of Directors)

Fax: 852-24899590

Email: ir.contact@fourace.com

For the avoidance of doubt, Shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the above address and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company endeavours to maintain a balance between meeting Shareholders' expectations and prudent capital management, in respect of which a dividend policy has been adopted by the Company in accordance with the CG Code to set out the principles and factors in relation to the frequency, amount and form of any dividend to the Shareholders.

The factors to be considered by the Board include:

- 1. the actual and expected financial results of the Group;
- 2. the economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group;
- 3. the Group's business strategies, including future cash commitments and investment needs to sustain the long-term growth aspect of the business of the Group;
- 4. the current and future operation, liquidity position and capital requirements of the Group;
- 5. any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders;
- 6. any restrictions under any law and regulation and the Company's Articles of Association and
- 7. any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

The Company will consider paying dividends which are normally the interim dividends and final dividends. The Board may declare special dividends in addition to such dividends as it considers appropriate.

The dividend payout ratio (if any) will vary in each financial year. There is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period.

The Company may distribute dividends by way of cash or wholly or by allotment of shares of the Company. Any declaration of dividend is subject to the applicable laws and regulations including the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and Articles. The dividend policy and the declaration and/or payment of future dividends are subject to the Board's continuing determination that the dividend policy and the declaration and/or payment of dividends would be in the best interests of the Group and Shareholders, and are in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company considers that effective communication with Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain an ongoing dialogue with Shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other general meetings. At the annual general meeting, Directors (or their delegates as appropriate) are available to meet Shareholders and answer their enquiries.

An annual general meeting was held on 9 August 2023.

#### **Shareholders' Communication Policy**

The Company has in place a shareholders' communication policy to ensure that Shareholders' views and concerns are appropriately addressed. Under the policy, the Company will assign dedicated management personnel to be in charge of ensuring effective and timely dissemination of information to Shareholders. The Board shall maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders and other stakeholders. The Company communicates information to Shareholders and other stakeholders mainly through, its periodical financial announcements and reports, annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be convened (if any), all the disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Company's website.

The Board will regularly review the policy to ensure its effectiveness. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Board reviewed the implementations and effectiveness of the policy and considered that the policy remained effective and was properly implemented given the multiple channels of communication in place during the year.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

No changes have been made to the memorandum and articles of association of the Company during the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



羅兵咸永道

#### To the Shareholders of Fourace Industries Group Holdings Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

#### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Fourace Industries Group Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**"), which are set out on pages 46 to 103, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2024;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

#### **Our opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("**the Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

### INDÉPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in our audit is related to revenue recognition — revenue recognised at a point in time.

#### **Key Audit Matter**

## Revenue recognition — revenue recognised at a point in time

Refer to Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group recognised revenue of HK\$268,024,000 primarily from sales of personal care electrical appliances, moulds, tools and spare parts.

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control, at a point in time, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customer has full discretion over the usage of the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products.

We focused on this area because significant audit resources were devoted to this area due to the significance of revenue to the consolidated financial statements.

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures in relation to the auditing of revenue recognition included:

- We understood and evaluated the Group's revenue recognition policy in accordance with HKFRS 15;
- We understood, evaluated and tested, on a sample basis, the Group's relevant controls in relation to revenue recognition;
- We tested, on a sample basis, the sales transactions by examining the relevant supporting documents including but not limited to customers' purchase orders, invoices, delivery documents and payment receipts to assess whether revenue was properly recognised; and
- We tested, on a sample basis, the sales transactions recognised before and after the balance sheet date by tracing to the relevant supporting documents including but not limited to the delivery documents to assess whether revenue was recognised in the correct reporting period.

Based on the procedures performed, we found that the Group's revenue recognised as at 31 March 2024 was supported by the evidence obtained.

### The state of the s

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Hong Wing.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 26 June 2024

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

For the year ended 31 March 2024

		Year ended 3	1 March
	Note	2024	2023
	_	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue	5	268,024	365,561
Cost of sales	8	(170,659)	(253,150)
Gross profit		97,365	112,411
Other income	6	1,438	3,154
Other gains, net	7	3,569	3,954
Selling and distribution expenses	8	(20,853)	(4,458)
Research and development expenses	8	(7,887)	(8,377)
Administrative expenses	8	(33,923)	(35,617)
Operating profit		39,709	71,067
Finance income	9	9,275	5,224
Finance costs	9	(163)	(1)
- Marice Costs		(100)	(1)
Profit before taxation		48,821	76,290
Income tax expenses	10	(10,105)	(12,085)
Profit for the year		38,716	64,205
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Currency translation difference		(3,108)	(6,991)
editericy durisation difference		(5):00)	(0,551)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(3,108)	(6,991)
Total comprehensive income for the year		35,608	57,214
Earnings per share for profit attributable to			
equity holders of the Company for the year			
Basic and diluted earnings per share (HK cents per share)	13	3.0	5.0

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

As at 31 March 2024

		arch	
	Note	2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Right-of-use assets	15	4,689	1,661
Property, plant and equipment	16	96,697	103,570
Investment property	17	-	619
Prepayments	20	6,141	4,575
Deferred income tax assets	25	2,941	2,330
		110,468	112,755
Current assets			
Inventories	18	37,451	31,656
Trade receivables	19	53,619	39,140
Contract assets	5	7,362	8,389
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	20	10,558	8,579
Income tax recoverable		2,885	1,817
Pledged bank deposits	21	-	7,317
Cash and cash equivalents	21	253,573	247,126
		365,448	344,024
Total access		475.016	456.770
Total assets		475,916	456,779
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY			
Share capital	22	12,786	12,786
Reserves	23	401,325	392,578
Total equity		414,111	405,364

## **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

As at 31 March 2024

	As at 31 March		arch
	Note	2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	26	2,390	_
Deferred income tax liabilities	25	7,680	6,053
		10,070	6,053
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	27	25,843	24,440
Accruals and other payables	28	25,042	20,703
Lease liabilities	26	850	_
Income tax payable		-	219
		51,735	45,362
Total liabilities		61,805	51,415
Total equity and liabilities		475,916	456,779

The above consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

The consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes on pages 46 to 103 were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2024 and were signed on its behalf.

Li Sen Julian

Director

Li Shu Yeh Director

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

For the year ended 31 March 2024

	Attributable to owners of the Company							
	Share capital HK\$'000 (Note 22)	Share premium HK\$'000 (Note 23)	Share- based payments reserve HK\$'000 (Note 24)	Capital reserve HK\$'000 (Note 23(a))	Statutory reserve HK\$'000 (Note 23(b))	Exchange reserve HK\$'000 (Note 23)	Retained earnings HK\$'000 (Note 23)	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
At 1 April 2022	12,786	79,756	1,558	2,500	3,884	3,910	260,389	364,783
Profit for the year	_	-	-	-	-	-	64,205	64,205
Other comprehensive income:  — Currency translation difference	-	-	-	-	-	(6,991)	-	(6,991)
Total comprehensive income	_	-	-	-	-	(6,991)	64,205	57,214
Transaction with owners								
Appropriation	-	-	-	-	641	-	(641)	-
Share-based payments	-	-	2,545	-	-	-	-	2,545
Dividend paid	_	-		-		-	(19,178)	(19,178)
At 31 March 2023	12,786	79,756	4,103	2,500	4,525	(3,081)	304,775	405,364
At 1 April 2023	12,786	79,756	4,103	2,500	4,525	(3,081)	304,775	405,364
Profit for the year	_	-	_	-		-	38,716	38,716
Other comprehensive income:  — Currency translation difference	-	-	-	-	-	(3,108)	-	(3,108)
Total comprehensive income	_	-	_	-		(3,108)	38,716	35,608
Transaction with owners								
Appropriation	-	-	-	-	583	-	(583)	-
Share-based payments	-	-	2,546	-	-	-	-	2,546
Dividend paid		-	_	-		-	(29,407)	(29,407)
At 31 March 2024	12,786	79,756	6,649	2,500	5,108	(6,189)	313,501	414,111

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## **CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

For the year ended 31 March 2024

		Year ended 31	
	Note	2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash generated from operations	29	40,515	109,875
Interest received		9,269	3,691
Income tax paid		(10,316)	(10,096)
Net cash generated from operating activities		39,468	103,470
Net cash generated from operating activities		39,406	103,470
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(7,667)	(8,334)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	29(a)	660	349
			<b>(</b> )
Net cash used in investing activities		(7,007)	(7,985)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividend paid	14	(29,407)	(19,178)
Release of restricted bank deposits pledged for borrowings		5,026	_
Repayment of bank borrowings	29(b)	_	(306)
Principal elements of lease liabilities	29(b)	(744)	(401)
Interest paid	29(b)	(163)	(1)
		(27.222)	(10.005)
Net cash used in financing activities		(25,288)	(19,886)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		7,173	75,599
Effect on exchange rate difference		(726)	(702)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	21	247,126	172,229
		,	., _,
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	21	253,573	247,126

The above consolidated cash flow statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Fourace Industries Group Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 29 March 2019 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of home electrical appliances. The ultimate shareholders of the Group are Mr. Li Shu Yeh ("Mr. Li") and Ms. Sit Hor Wan ("Ms. Sit").

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the HKICPA and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

## (i) New standards, amendments to standards and new interpretation adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 April 2023:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Amendments to HKAS 8 Amendments to HKAS 12

Amendments to HKAS 12 HKFRS 17 and Amendments to HKFRS 17 Amendments to HKFRS 17 Disclosure of Accounting Policies

Definition of Accounting Estimates

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from
a Single Transaction

International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules
Insurance Contracts
Initial Application of HKFRS 17 and
HKFRS 9 — Comparative Information

The adoption of the above new and amendments to standards did not have significant financial impact on the consolidated financial statements, except for the adoption of HKAS 12 as stated below.

#### **BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES** 2 (CONTINUED)

#### (ii) New and amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for these reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group.

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	1 January 2024
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new or revised standards, interpretation and amendments, certain of which are relevant to the Group's operations. According to the preliminary assessment made by the directors, management does not anticipate any significant impact on the Group's financial positions and results of operations.

#### **Adoption of Amendments to HKAS 12**

The amendments narrow the scope of initial recognition exemption such that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences on initial recognition such as leases and decommissioning liabilities. The Group should recognise deferred tax assets (to the extent that it is probable that they can be utilised) and deferred tax liabilities at the beginning of the earliest comparative period for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with these transactions. The cumulative effect of recognising these adjustments is recognised in the opening balance of retained earnings, or another component of equity, as appropriate.

By adopting the above amendments, the Group should recognise the temporary difference araised from rightof-use assets and lease liabilities at the beginning of the earliest comparative period.

The adoption of above amendments does not have any impact on the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the current period or any prior period and is not likely to affect future periods, but it affects the disclosure of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities as shown in Note 25.

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the volatility of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to manage certain risk exposures occasionally.

#### Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China ("**the PRC**") with majority of the transactions settled in HK\$, Renminbi ("**RMB**") and United State dollars ("**US\$**"). Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the respective entities' functional currencies.

As at 31 March 2024, certain of the Group's trade and other payables and cash and cash equivalent are denominated in RMB other than the functional currency of the operating units (2023: same). If HK\$ has weakened/strengthened by 5% against RMB, with all other variables held constant, the profit after income tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$510,000 higher/lower, respectively (2023: HK\$321,000 higher/lower).

As at 31 March 2024, certain of the Group's intercompany balances in its PRC subsidiary are denominated in US\$ other than the functional currency of the operating unit (2023: same). If RMB has strengthened/weakened by 5% against US\$, with all other variables held constant, the profit after income tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$324,000 lower/higher, respectively (2023: HK\$500,000 higher/lower).

Since HK\$ is pegged with US\$, there are no significant foreign currency exposure for US\$ dominated financial assets and liabilities.

The remaining assets and liabilities of each company within the Group are mainly dominated in their respective functional currencies. The directors are of the opinion that the volatility of the Group's profits against changes in exchange rates of foreign currencies arising from these assets and liabilities would not be significant. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is performed.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets or liabilities except for cash and cash equivalents.

The Group's income and operating cash flows are less dependent on changes in market interest rates. Accordingly, management are of the opinion that our Group does not have significant cash flow and fair value interest rate risk and no sensitivity analysis is performed.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument would fail to discharge its obligation under the terms of the financial instrument and cause a financial loss to the Group. The credit risk of the Group's financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits, trade receivables, contract assets, and other receivables and deposits, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 3

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### **Credit risk (Continued)**

#### Credit risk of cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits

To manage this risk arising from bank balances, the Group only places its deposits in reputable banks which are all high-credit-quality financial institutions. There has no recent history of default in relation to these financial institutions.

#### Credit risk of trade receivables and contract assets

For trade receivables and contract assets, the debtors have an appropriate credit history. Management considers the credit risk is not high. For new customers, the Company will conduct credit assessment based on credit history and credit information of the customers from overseas affiliated companies. Customers are requested to pay in advance or at delivery if the credit assessment for new customers is unsatisfactory. For existing customers, the Company will conduct ongoing credit assessment and based on the results of the assessment to determine whether the credit limit granted should be revised or not. The Company considered that the expected credit risks of them are minimal in view of the history of cooperation with them.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that the credit terms made to customers with an appropriate credit history and the Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The Group's credit sales are on credit terms ranged from 30 to 120 days. Normally the Group does not require collaterals from trade debtors. As at 31 March 2024, the Group's top five debtors accounted for 99.9% (2023: 99.7%) of the Group's total trade receivables with the largest debtor represents 59.4% (2023: 53.7%). All existing debtors have no significant default in the past. The directors considered that the expected credit risks of them are not high in view of the history of cooperation with them, good payment history and forward looking factors. As at 31 March 2024, provision for trade receivables and contract assets amounted to HK\$11,000 (2023: HK\$6,000) was provided.

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Credit risk of trade receivables and contract assets (Continued)

The following table presents the balances of gross carrying amounts and the loss allowance in respect of trade receivables assessed on individual basis:

Internal credit rating	Average loss rate %	Gross carrying amount HK\$'000	Impairment loss allowance HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2024			
A3 to Aaa	0.002	21,777	(1)
B3 to Baa1	0.026	31,851	(8)
		53,628	(9)
As at 31 March 2023			
A3 to Aaa	0.004	15,496	(1)
B3 to Baa1	0.021	23,650	(5)
		39,146	(6)

#### (iii) Credit risk of other receivables and deposits

The directors for the Group consider the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis during the financial year. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares risk of a default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the third party's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the third party;
- significant changes in the expected performance and behavior of the third party, including changes in the payment status of the third party.

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment/repayable demanded.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments/repayable demanded within 90 days of when they fall due.

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### **Credit risk (Continued)**

#### (iii) Credit risk of other receivables and deposits (Continued)

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group categories a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments/repayable demanded greater than 90 days past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Based on consolidated experience, majority of the other receivables and deposits were settled shortly upon maturity. Based on consolidated experience and forward-looking estimates, the counterparties have a strong financial ability to repay the amount, and therefore, the expected credit loss is immaterial.

The Group reviews regularly the recoverable amount of each individual receivable to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. Over the term of the financial assets, the Company accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers consolidated loss rates for each category of debtors, and adjusts for forward looking macroeconomic data.

No significant changes to estimation techniques or assumptions were made during the financial year.

#### **Liquidity risk**

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

The Group's primary cash requirements have been for additions of property, plant and equipment, and payments for purchases, operating expenses and dividend. The Group mainly finances its working capital requirements through internal resources.

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents considered adequate by the directors to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In the opinion of the directors, the Company does not have any significant liquidity risk.

#### **3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued) Liquidity risk (Continued)

At 31 March 2024, the Group had the following banking facilities with banks:

	As at 31 March 2024 HK\$'000	As at 31 March 2023 HK\$'000
Banking facilities available Banking facilities utilised	34,500 -	34,500
Undrawn banking facilities	34,500	34,500

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had unutilised banking facilities of approximately HK\$34,500,000 (2023: HK\$34,500,000) and are secured by (i) a legal charge over an industrial property of the Group held for its own use in Hong Kong with net book value amounted to approximately HK\$3,492,000 (2023: HK\$3,640,000); (ii) a legal charge over an industrial property of the Group originally held for earning rental income in Hong Kong but now changed to own use with net book value amounted to HK\$584,000 (2023: HK\$619,000); and (iii) corporate guarantee by the Company.

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Where the loan agreement contains a repayment on demand clause which gives the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time, the amounts repayable are classified in the earliest time bracket in which the lender could demand repayment. Balances due within twelve months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Within 1 year or on demand HK\$′000	Between 1 and 2 years HK\$'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2024				
Lease liabilities	980	794	1,776	3,550
Trade payables	25,843	-	-	25,843
Other payables	4,142	_	_	4,142
	30,965	794	1,776	33,535
	Within		More than	

	Within 1 year or on demand HK\$'000	Between 1 and 2 years HK\$'000	More than 2 years but less than 5 years HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
As at 31 March 2023				
Trade payables	24,440	_	_	24,440
Other payables	4,480		_	4,480
	28,920	_	-	28,920

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, retain capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

#### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on consolidated experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group make estimates and assumption concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next year are discussed below.

#### (a) Loss allowance of receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of receivables based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's historical default rates, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. The Group recognised lifetime expected credit loss for trade receivables carried at amortised cost based on individual assessment. The identification of impairment of receivables requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the carrying value of receivables and loss for the impairment of receivables recognized in the periods in which such estimates have been changed.

#### (b) Provision for slow moving inventories

The Group makes provision for slow moving inventories based on assessing the needs and reasonableness of provision for slowing moving inventories at each period end. The identification of slow moving inventories requires the use of judgements and key assumptions which take into consideration of historical sales pattern, ageing and expectation of future sales orders. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and provision for inventories in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

#### (c) Leasehold improvements and factories and buildings on a leased land

The Group had a land in the PRC for land use rights of 45-50 years where the Group's leasehold improvements and factories and buildings situated were without land and property ownership certificates. Without the certificates, the existing factories and buildings might be ordered for demolition or confiscated. The directors are of the opinion, based on the advice from the Group's external legal adviser, that the Group has proper right to the occupancy of the leased land and legal entitlement to the constructions thereon and the probability of being evicted on the ground on an absence of property ownership certificate was remote. As at 31 March 2024, the carrying amount of the related leaseholds improvements, factories and buildings and right-of-use asset is HK\$57,771,000 (2023: HK\$61,428,000).

#### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (d) Current and deferred income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in different jurisdictions. Judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes in different jurisdictions. There are transactions and calculations during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and the PRC and has transactions with customers and suppliers in different countries. The Group's intercompany transactions and cross-border business arrangements during the ordinary course of business may impose inherent uncertainty over the Group's profit allocation and its respective tax position across different jurisdictions. The tax treatments of these transactions or arrangements may be subject to the interpretation by respective tax authorities in different countries. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the year in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences are recognised when management considers it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. When the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred income tax and income tax expense in the year in which such estimates are changed.

#### (e) Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's property, plant and equipment are depreciated based on their estimated useful lives and estimated residual values. The estimate is based on the expected utility of the asset to the Group and management experience in similar assets, and involve management's judgement. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives, and changes in measurement estimate could result in changes in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

#### **5 SEGMENT INFORMATION AND REVENUE**

The executive directors of the Company have been identified as the chief operating decision-maker of the Group who review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance of the Group on a regular basis and allocate resources.

The Group principally engages in the manufacturing and selling of home electrical appliances. The chief operating decision-maker assesses the performance of the company business based on a measure of operating results and considers the company business in a single operating segment. Information reported to the chief operating decision-maker for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment focuses on the operation results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated. Accordingly, the Group has identified one operating segment — manufacturing and trading of home electrical appliances.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, all of the Group's revenues are from contracts with customers and are recognised at a point in time (2023: same).

#### 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION AND REVENUE (CONTINUED)

The Group's revenue by geographical locations, which is determined by the location where the goods were delivered and utilised, is as follows:

	Year ended 31	March
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Japan	172,162	220,632
United States	71,252	103,952
Europe	16,492	24,776
Others (Note)	8,118	16,201
	268,024	365,561

Note: Others mainly include the PRC and other countries within the Asia Pacific region (2023: same).

The Group's non-current assets (excluding deferred income tax assets) by geographical location, which is determined by the location in which the asset is located, is as follows:

	As at 31	As at 31 March	
	2024	2023	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Hong Kong	5,299	5,571	
The PRC	102,228	104,854	
	107,527	110,425	

Revenue from customers contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group is as follows:

	Year ended 3	Year ended 31 March	
	2024	2023	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Customer A	83,250	129,807	
Customer B	82,633	67,444	
Customer C	77,356	124,065	
	243,239	321,316	

The five largest customers accounted for approximately 99.3% of the revenue of the Group for the year (2023: 99.4%).

#### 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION AND REVENUE (CONTINUED)

The Group's revenue by product categories, is as follows:

	Year ended 31 March	
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Personal care electrical appliances		
— Hair styling series	244,950	328,703
— Grooming series	14,874	22,554
— Beauty care series	1,985	1,100
Sub-total	261,809	352,357
Others (Note)	6,215	13,204
	268,024	365,561

Note: Others mainly represented revenue from sales of moulds and tools and spare parts.

#### **Details of contract assets and liabilities**

The Group has recognised the following assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers:

	As at 31 March	
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contract assets	7,362	8,389

	As at 31	As at 31 March	
	2024	2023	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Contract liabilities (Note 28)	16,976	11,497	

#### Notes:

- Contract assets relating to moulds and tools services decreased as at 31 March 2024 due to the decrease in number of orders under different contracts.
- (ii) Contract liabilities represent advanced payments received from customers for goods that have not yet been transferred to the customers. As at 31 March 2024, the contract liabilities mainly included the advance payments received from sale of electrical appliances. The contract liabilities fluctuate during the year due to fluctuation in sales with advanced payments.
- (iii) During the year, all brought-forward contract liabilities at the beginning of the financial year were fully recognised as revenue (2023: same).
- (iv) All contracts entered by the Group are for periods of one year or less. The Group has applied the practical expedient as permitted by HKFRS 15 and the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations is not disclosed.

# 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION AND REVENUE (CONTINUED) Accounting policy on revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amount for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activity. Revenue is shown net of returns and after eliminating sales within the Group. The Group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods to the customers and the payment by the customers exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue is recognised when specific criteria have been met for the Group's activity as described below:

## Sales of original equipment manufacturer/original design manufacturer ("OEM"/"ODM") products

The Group manufactures and sells home electrical appliances and spare parts in the wholesale market and provide toolings and moulds to certain corporate customers. Sales of goods transferred at a point in time are recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the Group has delivered the products to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. The customers have full discretion over the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products. The Group generally offer warranty period of up to 24 months for our products.

Some contracts (or combined contracts) with customers include multiple deliverables, such as the sales of home electrical appliances and provision of related toolings and moulds. The provision of related toolings and moulds are integrated with the production of the home electrical appliances. They are therefore accounted for as a single performance obligation.

Contracts for sales of home electrical appliances and contracts for provision of related toolings and moulds entered into at or near the same time with the same customers (or related parties of the customers) are combined and accounted for the contracts as a single contract as both promises are regarded as a single performance obligation.

Where the contracts include multiple performance obligations, the transaction price will be allocated to each performance obligation based on the stand-alone selling prices. Where these are not directly observable, they are estimated based on expected cost plus margin.

Assets are recognised when costs are incurred to fulfil a contract if the costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the Group can specifically identify, the costs generate or enhance resources of the Group that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future and the costs are expected to be recovered. Otherwise, contract costs are recognised as expenses as incurred.

The Group offers retrospective volume rebate based on aggregate sales over a 12 months period. Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the return, rebate and sales discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the discounts, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. Sales are made with credit terms ranging from 30 to 120 days.

As receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### **OTHER INCOME**

	Year ended 31 March	
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Rental income	140	336
Government grants (Note)	892	1,721
Sales of scrap materials	242	343
Sundry income	164	754
	1,438	3,154

Note:

The government grants for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 2024 mainly represented subsidies received by the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary in the PRC from the Chinese Government for encouraging research and development activities and employee support subsidies.

There are no unfulfilled condition or other contingencies relating to these grants.

#### 7 **OTHER GAINS, NET**

	Year ende	Year ended 31 March	
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	
Exchange gains, net  Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 29(a))	2,967 602	3,607 347	
The tiguins on disposar of property, plant and equipment (Note 27(a))	002	317	
	3,569	3,954	

#### **EXPENSES BY NATURE** 8

Expenses included in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses, research and development expenses and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

	Year ended 31 March	
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Auditors' remuneration		
— Audit services	820	820
— Non-audit services	122	349
Advertising and promotion fee	16,229	_
Land and building management fee	1,555	1,534
Cost of inventories sold (Note 18)	105,647	167,949
Cost of moulds and tools	1,403	4,737
Custom and declaration handling expenses	823	986
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, investment property and		
right-of-use assets (Note 15, 16 and 17)	12,556	13,293
Provision for impairment of slow-moving inventories (Note 18)	791	733
Provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment (Note 16)	_	303
Repair and maintenance expenses	1,776	2,028
Staff costs, including directors' remuneration (Note 11)	56,645	68,142
Legal and professional fee	3,690	2,685
Logistics expenses	248	348
Utilities	6,623	7,269
Subcontracting costs	14,413	18,884
Materials and consumables	2,853	2,901
Cleaning and sewage fee	920	987
Other taxes and stamp duty	1,550	1,841
Other expenses	4,658	5,813
	233,322	301,602

#### **FINANCE INCOME, NET**

	Year ended	Year ended 31 March	
	<b>2024</b> 2023		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Finance income			
— Bank interest income	9,275	5,224	
Finance costs			
— Interest on bank borrowings	-	(1)	
— Interest expenses for lease liabilities	(163)		
Finance income, net	9,112	5,223	

#### **10 INCOME TAX EXPENSES**

The amount of income tax expense charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

	Year ende	Year ended 31 March	
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	
Hong Kong profits tax	8,350	10,186	
PRC corporate income tax	442	1,460	
Total current income tax	8,792	11,646	
Deferred taxation (Note 25)	1,313	439	
Income tax expense	10,105	12,085	

#### (i) Hong Kong profits tax

In accordance with the two-tiered profits tax rates regime effective from 1 January 2018, Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 8.25% on the first HK\$2,000,000, and 16.5% on the remaining balance of the estimated assessable profits of an operating subsidiary for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2024.

#### (ii) PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT")

Under the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC (the "EIT Law"), the applicable income tax rate for the group's subsidiaries in PRC are 25% (2023: 25%) on estimated assessable profits.

#### 10 INCOME TAX EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

## (iii) Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") Pillar Two model rules

Amendments to HKAS 12 International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules provide a mandatory temporary relief from the requirement to recognise and disclose deferred taxes arising from the jurisdictional implementation of the Pillar Two model rules, and provide disclosure requirements for the affected entities to facilitate understanding of the exposure to these rules.

Under the international tax reform, governments are expected to implement a new global minimum tax framework on multinational enterprises (Pillar Two Model Rules). At the date of this report, the Hong Kong government has announced to implement the rules for income years commencing on or after 1 January 2025 while PRC government has not announced the rules yet. The Group assessed the impact in Hong Kong is immaterial. The Group continues to monitor the local legislation for Hong Kong and development of Pillar Two Model Rules in other jurisdictions the Group operates and assess the potential impact.

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the enacted tax rate of the Group entities as follows:

	Year ended 31 March	
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit before taxation	48,821	76,290
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits in		
respective countries	7,923	13,904
Income not subject to tax	(1,523)	(902)
Super deductions from research and development expenditure (Note)	(1,659)	(1,921)
Expenses not deductible for tax purpose	892	847
Tax loss not recognised	4,175	_
Provision for withholding tax on undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	390	338
Under/(over) provision of current tax in respect of prior years	72	(10)
Income tax at concessionary rate and tax incentives	(165)	(171)
Income tax expenses	10,105	12,085

#### Note

According to the relevant laws and regulations promulgated by the State Administration of Taxation of the PRC that was effective from 2023 onwards, enterprises engaging in research and development activities are entitled to claim 200% of their research and development expenses incurred as tax deductible expenses when determining their assessable profits for that year.

#### 11 STAFF COSTS

	Year ended	Year ended 31 March	
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	
Wages, salaries and bonus	49,576	60,387	
Retirement benefit costs — defined contribution plans (Note)			
— Hong Kong	169	113	
— PRC	4,354	5,097	
Share-based payments	2,546	2,545	
	56,645	68,142	

Note: Defined contribution plans

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group does not forfeit any contribution on behalf of its employees who leave the scheme to reduce its contributions for the current year (2023: Nil).

#### 12 EMOLUMENTS OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

#### (a) Directors' and chief executives' emoluments

Remuneration of every director and the chief executive's is set out below:

				For the y	ear ended 31 Mai	rch 2024			
_								Emoluments	
								paid or	
								receivable in	
								respect of	
								director's	
								other services	
								in connection	
								with the	
							Remunerations	management	
							paid or	of the affairs	
					Estimated	Employer's	receivables in	of the	
		Salary, other			monetary	contribution	respect of	Company or	
		allowances	Discretionary	Housing	value of other		accepting office	its subsidiary	
	Fee	and benefits	bonus	benefits	benefits	fund	as director	undertaking	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors:									
Mr. Li Shu Yeh (Chairman and									
chief executive officer)	_	1,500	250	-	-	-	-	_	1,750
Ms. Li Sen Julian	_	1,112	216	-	358	18	-	_	1,704
Ms. Tang Suk Yee	-	660	144	-	358	18	-	-	1,180
Independent non-executive									
directors:									
Mr. Man Yun James	252	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	252
Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth	252	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	252
Mr. Leung Wai Chuen	252	-	-	-		-		-	252
	756	3,272	610	_	716	36	-	-	5,390

#### 12 EMOLUMENTS OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (CONTINUED)

### (a) Directors' and chief executives' emoluments (Continued)

	For the year ended 31 March 2023								
_								Emoluments	
								paid or	
								receivable in	
								respect of	
								director's	
								other services	
								in connection	
								with the	
							Remunerations	management	
							paid or	of the affairs	
					Estimated	Employer's	receivables in	of the	
		Salary, other			monetary	contribution	respect of	Company or	
		allowances	Discretionary	Housing	value of other		accepting office	its subsidiary	
	Fee	and benefits	bonus	benefits	benefits	fund	as director	undertaking	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors:									
Mr. Li Shu Yeh (Chairman and									
chief executive officer)	-	1,500	360	-	-	-	-	-	1,860
Ms. Li Sen Julian	-	1,112	432	-	358	18	-	-	1,920
Ms. Tang Suk Yee	-	660	342	-	358	18	-	-	1,378
Independent non-executive									
directors:									
Mr. Man Yun James	252	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	252
Mr. Liu Kai Yu Kenneth	252	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	252
Mr. Leung Wai Chuen	252	-		-	_	-	-	-	252
	756	3,272	1,134	_	716	36	_	_	5,914

No director and chief executive of the Company waived any emoluments during the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: same).

#### (b) Directors' retirement benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits during the year (2023: same).

#### (c) Directors' termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any termination benefits during the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: same).

#### (d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services (2023: same).

# 12 EMOLUMENTS OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (CONTINUED)

# (e) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There are no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors during the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: same).

#### (f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the year or at any time during the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: same).

#### (g) Five highest paid individuals' emoluments

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include three directors (2023: three) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above (2023: same). The emoluments payable to the remaining two individuals (2023: two) during the year ended 31 March 2024 are as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended 31 March		
	2024	2023		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Salaries, commissions, other allowances and benefits in kind	1,514	1,514		
Discretionary bonus	253	505		
Employer's contribution to provident fund	36	36		
Share-based payment expenses	333	333		
	2,136	2,388		

The emoluments of these individuals are within the following bands:

	Number of individual Year ended 31 March	
	2024	2023
Emoluments bands HK\$1,000,001–1,500,000	2	2

#### 13 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 March 2024.

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	Year ended 31 March		
	2024	2023	
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	38,716	64,205	
Weighted average number of shares in issue (in thousands)	1,278,563	1,278,563	
Basic earnings per share (HK cents per share) (Note)	3.0	5.0	

Note:

Diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2024 were the same as the basic earnings per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the year (2023: same).

#### 14 DIVIDENDS

	Year ende	Year ended 31 March		
	2024	2023		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Final dividend recognised as distribution to ordinary				
shareholders during the year	29,407	19,178		
Proposed final dividend of nil (2023: HK1.5 cents) per share	_	19,178		
Proposed special dividend of nil (2023: HK0.8 cent) per share	-	10,229		
	_	29,407		

Notes.

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Board of Directors proposed to declare a final dividend and a special dividend of HK1.5 cents per share and HK0.8 cent per share, respectively, which was approved by the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") in the annual general meeting held on 9 August 2023.

For the year ended 31 March 2024, the Board of Directors do not recommend to pay a final dividend.

#### 15 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	<b>Land</b> HK\$'000	<b>Office</b> HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2022			
Cost	3,754	840	4,594
Accumulated depreciation	(2,017)	(440)	(2,457)
Net book amount	1,737	400	2,137
Year ended 31 March 2023			
Opening net book amount	1,737	400	2,137
Depreciation (Note 8)	(76)	(400)	(476)
Net book amount	1,661	-	1,661
As at 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023			
Cost	3,754	-	3,754
Accumulated depreciation	(2,093)	_	(2,093)
Net book amount	1,661	_	1,661
Year ended 31 March 2024			
Opening net book amount	1,661	-	1,661
Addition	-	3,984	3,984
Depreciation (Note 8)	(75)	(881)	(956)
Net book amount	1,586	3,103	4,689
As at 31 March 2024			
Cost	3,754	3,984	7,738
Accumulated depreciation	(2,168)	(881)	(3,049)
Net book amount	1,586	3,103	4,689

The right-of-use assets represents the lease on land and office in the PRC, and office in Hong Kong.

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's right-of-use assets in the PRC with carrying amount of HK\$1,586,000 (2023: HK\$1,661,000), represented a leased land where the land owner did not have a proper land certificate. In the opinion of the directors, based on the advice from the Group's external legal adviser, the absence of the land certificate does not impair its carrying value to the Group.

#### 16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvements	Factories and buildings	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Plant and machinery	Moulds and tools	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2022							
Cost	50,039	65,368	3,620	5,487	82,401	11,314	218,229
Accumulated depreciation	(17,911)	(26,007)	(2,361)	(4,535)	(43,411)	(7,835)	(102,060)
Net book amount	32,128	39,361	1,259	952	38,990	3,479	116,169
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	,			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Year ended 31 March 2023							
Opening net book amount	32,128	39,361	1,259	952	38,990	3,479	116,169
Addition	3,079	_	326	_	2,160	86	5,651
Disposal/written off	-	_	_	_	(2)	_	(2)
Depreciation for the year							
(Note 8)	(2,431)	(1,335)	(452)	(719)	(6,055)	(1,789)	(12,781)
Provision for impairment	( ) - /	( )/	,	( ' ' )	(-//	( ) /	( , , ,
(Note 8)	_	(303)	_	_	_	_	(303)
Exchange difference	(1,686)	(359)	(45)	(20)	(2,820)	(234)	(5,164)
Net book amount	31,090	37,364	1,088	213	32,273	1,542	103,570
As at 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023 Cost Accumulated depreciation	51,145	64,972	3,740	5,437	77,689	10,643	213,626
and impairment	(20,055)	(27,608)	(2,652)	(5,224)	(45,416)	(9,101)	(110,056)
Net book amount	31,090	37,364	1,088	213	32,273	1,542	103,570
Year ended 31 March 2024 Opening net book amount Addition	31,090 614	37,364 -	1,088 335	213 456	32,273 1,377	1,542 3,370	103,570 6,152
Transfer from investment							
property (Note 17)	-	604	-	-	- (FO)	-	604
Disposal/written off Depreciation for the year (Note 8,	(2,467)	– (1,355)	(480)	(66)	(58) (5,791)	- (1,426)	(58) (11,585)
Exchange difference	(741)	(143)	(17)	(7)	(1,027)	(51)	(1,986)
Net book amount	28,496	36,470	926	596	26,774	3,435	96,697
					=-,	-,	,
As at 31 March 2024 Cost	50,861	65,415	4,041	5,873	74,319	13,704	214,213
Accumulated depreciation	30,001	33/713	7,071	3,013	, 1,513	.5/104	2.7/2.13
and impairment	(22,365)	(28,945)	(3,115)	(5,277)	(47,545)	(10,269)	(117,516)
Net book amount	28,496	36,470	926	596	26,774	3,435	96,697

#### 16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Depreciation of the Group's property, plant and equipment has been recognised as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended 31 March	
	2024	2023	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Cost of sales	9,723	10,699	
Administrative expenses	1,862	2,082	
	11,585	12,781	

As at 31 March 2024, the Group leased a land in the PRC for land use rights of 45-50 years where the Group's leasehold improvements and factories and buildings situated were without land and property ownership certificates (2023: same). Without the certificates, the existing factories and buildings might be ordered for demolition or confiscated. The directors are of the opinion, based on the advice from the Group's external legal adviser, that the Group has proper right to the occupancy of the leased land and legal entitlement to the constructions thereon and the probability of being evicted on the ground on an absence of property ownership certificate was remote. The aggregate carrying amounts of the related leaseholds improvements, factories and buildings and right-of-use assets are HK\$57,771,000 as at 31 March 2024 (2023: HK\$61,428,000).

#### 17 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2022	
Cost	1,750
Accumulated depreciation	(1,095)
Net book amount	655
Year ended 31 March 2023	
Opening net book amount	655
Depreciation (Note 8)	(36)
Net book amount	619
As at 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023 Cost	1,750
Accumulated depreciation	(1,131)
	(.,
Net book amount	619
Year ended 31 March 2024	
Opening net book amount	619
Depreciation (Note 8)	(15)
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(604)
Net book amount	-
As at 31 March 2024	
Cost	1,750
Accumulated depreciation	(1,146)
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(604
Net book amount	_

As at 1 September 2023, the Group held the property for own use, and thus reclassify it to property, plant and equipment. Depreciation expense has been included in administrative expenses.

#### 17 INVESTMENT PROPERTY (CONTINUED)

Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for investment property are shown below:

	Year ended 31 March	
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
	11K3 000	000 ډ۸۱۱
Rental income	140	336
Other direct operating expenses from property that generated rental income	(23)	(42)
	117	294

An independent valuation of the investment property as 31 March 2023 was performed by an independent professionally qualified valuer, Avista Valuation Advisory Limited. It holds a recognised professional qualification and has recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued.

The investment property was valued by direct comparison method where comparison is made based on prices realised or market prices of comparable properties. Comparable properties of similar size, character and location are carefully weighed against all the respective advantages and disadvantages of each property in order to arrive at a fair comparison of market value. As at 31 March 2023, the fair value of the investment property is approximately HK\$8,500,000.

#### **18 INVENTORIES**

	As at 31 Ma	arch
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Raw materials	19,441	17,978
Work-in-progress	5,681	6,456
Finished goods	12,329	7,222
	37,451	31,656

The cost of inventories sold recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$105,647,000 for the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: HK\$167,949,000).

As at 31 March 2024, provision for impairment of inventory amounted to HK\$1,308,000 (2023: HK\$1,406,000) was recognised. For the year ended 31 March 2024, written-off of inventory amounted to HK\$843,000 (2023: HK\$1,068,000).

For the year ended 31 March 2024, inventory provision amounted to HK\$791,000 (2023: HK\$733,000) was charged to 'cost of sales' in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### 19 TRADE RECEIVABLES

	As at 31 March	
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	53,619	39,140

The Group's sales are on credit terms primarily ranging from 30 to 120 days. At 31 March 2023 and 2024, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables, based on invoice date, was as follows:

	As at 31 Ma	arch
	2024 HK\$′000	2023 HK\$'000
Up to 3 months	38,421	36,999
3 to 6 months	15,198	2,141
	53,619	39,140

The Group applies the general approach to provide credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which taken into account the probability of default and loss given default with reference to the historical delinquency ratio of finance lease receivables, collateral values, credit rating of customers and current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors. Based on the assessment, provision for expected credit loss of trade receivables amounted to HK\$9,000 (2023: HK\$6,000) was provided.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31 March 2024 was the carrying amounts of the trade receivables (2023: same). The Group did not hold any collateral as security. The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 31	March
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
US\$	53,605	39,001
RMB	3	139
HK\$	11	-
	53,619	39,140

#### **20 OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS**

	As at 31	March
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current		
Prepayments for purchase of property, plant and equipment	5,939	4,575
Rental deposits	202	-
	6 141	4 575
	6,141	4,575
Current		
Deposits	79	200
Prepayments	4,747	4,927
Interest receivables	1,538	1,532
Other receivables	1,188	858
Amount due from e-commerce platforms	543	-
Value-added tax recoverable	2,463	1,062
<u></u>	10,558	8,579 
	16,699	13,154

The carrying amounts of other receivables, deposits and prepayments are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 31	As at 31 March	
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	
RMB	14,478	10,599	
HK\$	704	734	
US\$	1,517	1,821	
	16,699	13,154	

#### 21 PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	As at 31 March	
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Pledged bank deposits	-	7,317
Cash at banks	253,557	247,083
Cash on hand	16	43
	253,573	247,126
Maximum exposure to credit risk	253,557	254,400

As at 31 March 2023, pledged bank deposit of HK\$5,026,000 is pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group. The effective interest rate of pledged bank deposits was 0.30% per annum and had a renewal period of 31 days. The carrying amount of pledged bank deposit was denominated in US\$. No pledged bank deposit as at 31 March 2024

As at 31 March 2023, pledged bank deposit of HK\$2,291,000 is held in designated bank account as collateral for a bank quarantee of the Group as requested by Shenzhen Electric Power Supply Bureau for stabilising electricity supply. The effective interest rate of pledged bank deposits was 0.29%. The carrying amount of pledged bank deposit was denominated in RMB. No pledged bank deposit as at 31 March 2024.

Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies.

	As at 31	March
	2024 HK\$′000	2023 HK\$'000
US\$	227,551	213,317
RMB	14,253	29,733
HK\$	11,749	4,054
EUR	11	12
Japanese Yen	9	10
	253,573	247,126

As at 31 March 2024, cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$7,902,000 (2023: HK\$21,756,000) were held in the PRC banks and were subject to local exchange control regulations. These local exchange control regulations provide for restrictions on exporting capital from the country, other than through normal dividends.

#### 22 SHARE CAPITAL

	As at 31 March 2024 Number of Nominal value ordinary of ordinary shares shares HK\$		As at 31 Ma Number of ordinary shares	arch 2023 Nominal value of ordinary shares HK\$
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	10,000,000,000	100,000,000	10,000,000,000	100,000,000
Issued and fully paid: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	1,278,562,500	12,785,625	1,278,562,500	12,785,625

#### 23 RESERVES

		Attributa	able to owner	rs of the Comp	any		
	Share premium HK\$'000	Share- based payments reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000 (Note a)	Statutory reserve HK\$'000 (Note b)	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2022	79,756	1,558	2,500	3,884	3,910	260,389	351,997
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	64,205	64,205
Other comprehensive income Currency translation difference	-	-	_	-	(6,991)	-	(6,991)
Total comprehensive income for the year		=			(6,991)	64,205	57,214
<b>Transaction with owners:</b> Appropriation ( <i>Note b</i> ) Share-based payments ( <i>Note 24</i> ) Dividend paid	- - -	- 2,545 -	- - -	641 - -	- - -	(641) - (19,178)	- 2,545 (19,178)
	-	2,545		641		(19,819)	(16,633)
Balance at 31 March 2023	79,756	4,103	2,500	4,525	(3,081)	304,775	392,578
Balance at 1 April 2023	79,756	4,103	2,500	4,525	(3,081)	304,775	392,578
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	38,716	38,716
Other comprehensive income Currency translation difference	-	-	-	-	(3,108)	-	(3,108)
Total comprehensive income for the year	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		_	(3,108)	38,716	35,608
<b>Transaction with owners:</b> Appropriation ( <i>Note b</i> ) Share-based payments ( <i>Note 24</i> ) Dividend paid	- - -	- 2,546 -	- - -	583 - -	- - -	(583) - (29,407)	– 2,546 (29,407)
_	_	2,546	_	583	_	(29,990)	(26,861)
Balance at 31 March 2024	79,756	6,649	2,500	5,108	(6,189)	313,501	401,325

#### Notes:

On 5 June 2019, the entire issued shares of Fourace Industries Limited ("Fourace HK") were transferred to Fourace Industries Group Limited ("Fourace BVI") in exchanges of the Company crediting as fully paid at par the two nil-paid shares held by Ace Champion Inc. and Forever Golden Inc. respectively. HK\$2,500,000 was credited to capital reserve, representing the excess of net assets value of Fourace HK over the nominal value of the two nil-paid shares of the Company.

#### 23 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

*Notes: (Continued)* 

(b) The PRC laws and regulations require companies registered in PRC to provide for certain statutory reserves, which are to be appropriated from the profit after income tax (after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years) as reported in their respective statutory financial statements, before profit distributions to equity holders. All statutory reserves are created for specific purposes. A PRC company is required to appropriate an amount of not less than 10% of statutory profits after income tax to statutory surplus reserves, prior to distribution of its post-tax profits of the current year. A company may discontinue the contribution when the aggregate sum of the statutory surplus reserve is more than 50% of its registered capital. The statutory surplus reserves shall only be used to make up losses of the company, to expand the company's operations, or to increase the capital of the company. In addition, a company may make further contribution to the discretional surplus reserve using its post-tax profits in accordance with resolutions of the board of directors.

#### 24 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

During the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, share-based payment expenses recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income included:

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March	31 March
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Share-based payment	2,546	2,545

On 28 June 2021, the Company resolved to grant a total of 28,562,500 award shares as approved by the Board of Directors. Accordingly, 20,937,500 shares and 7,625,000 shares were granted to certain employees and directors on 28 June 2021 and 9 August 2021, respectively. The purpose of the share award is to (a) two directors and twenty-four employees, in order to recognize their contributions, and (b) drive the continuous business operation and development of the Group.

The awarded shares are subscribed by the issuance of new shares of the Company to the employee and directors in Hong Kong and the PRC on 12 October 2021 and 22 December 2021, respectively. From the date of issue and allotment of the award shares, there are three years of lock-up period. During the lock-up period, sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of any interest in any award shares is not allowed. As at 31 March 2024, no share awards have been vested.

#### **25 DEFERRED INCOME TAX**

The balances shown in the consolidated balance sheet, after appropriate offsetting, are as follows:

	As at 31	March
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Deferred tax assets	2,941	2,330
Deferred tax liabilities	(7,680)	(6,053)
Net deferred income tax liabilities	(4,739)	(3,723)

The movements in the net deferred income tax assets are as follows:

	Decelerated depreciation allowances HK\$'000	Lease liabilities HK\$'000	Unrealised profit in inventories HK\$'000	Provision for inventory HK\$'000	Share- based payments HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
Deferred income tax assets:						
As at 1 April 2022	1,208	-	286	182	388	2,064
Credited to consolidated statement of comprehensive income	(272)	-	(139)	183	542	314
Exchange difference	(13)	-		(14)	(21)	(48)
As at 31 March 2023	923	-	147	351	909	2,330
As at 1 April 2023	923	_	147	351	909	2,330
Credited to consolidated statement of comprehensive income	(835)	792	(79)	(12)	545	411
Exchange difference	231			(12)	(19)	200
As at 31 March 2024	319	792	68	327	1,435	2,941

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 March 2024, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$4,175,000 (2023: Nil) in respect of tax losses amounted to HK\$17,802,000 (2023: Nil). It comprised with tax losses HK\$3,242,000 (2023: Nil) that can be carried forward against future taxable income with no expiry date, and tax losses amounted to HK\$14,560,000 (2023: Nil) that will expire up to and including 2029.

#### **25 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)**

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000	Right-of-use assets HK\$'000	Withholding tax HK\$'000 (Note (i))	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
Deferred income tax liabilities:				
As at 1 April 2022	(3,355)	-	(2,293)	(5,648)
Charged to consolidated statement of comprehensive income	(415)	-	(338)	(753)
Exchange difference	348	_	_	348
As at 31 March 2023	(3,422)	-	(2,631)	(6,053)
As at 1 April 2023	(3,422)	-	(2,631)	(6,053)
Charged to consolidated statement of comprehensive income	(542)	(792)	(390)	(1,724)
Exchange difference	97	-	_	97
As at 31 March 2024	(3,867)	(792)	(3,021)	(7,680)

Note:

Pursuant to the relevant PRC enterprise income tax rules and regulations, withholding tax is imposed at 5% (2023: 5%) on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by subsidiaries established in the PRC from 1 January 2008 onwards.

#### **26 LEASE LIABILITIES**

	As at 31 March		
	2024	2023	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Current	850	_	
Non-current	2,390	_	
	3,240	_	
Minimum lease payments due			
Within 1 year	980	_	
— Over one year and less than five years	2,570	_	
Less: total future interest expenses	(310)	_	
Present value of lease liabilities	3,240	_	

The Group leases offices in Hong Kong and PRC. These liabilities were measured at net present value of the lease payments during the lease terms that are not yet paid.

The total cash outflows for leases for the year were HK\$907,000 (2023: HK\$401,000).

#### **27 TRADE PAYABLES**

The ageing analysis of the trade payables based on invoice date was as follows:

	As at 31 M	arch
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 1 month	11,936	10,474
1–2 months	3,426	8,140
2–3 months	5,486	2,158
Over 3 months	4,995	3,668
	25,843	24,440

The credit terms of trade payables granted to the Group are usually cash on delivery and from 30 to 90 days.

#### **27 TRADE PAYABLES (CONTINUED)**

Trade payables are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 31 March		
	2024 HK\$′000	2023 HK\$'000	
US\$	852	594	
HK\$	596	1,481	
RMB	24,395	22,344	
Japanese Yen	-	21	
	25,843	24,440	

The carrying amounts of the trade payables approximate their fair values.

#### **28 ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES**

	As at 31 March		
	2024	2023	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Accrued expenses			
— Staff costs	3,337	3,633	
— Others	1,679	1,910	
Contract liabilities (Note 5)	16,976	11,497	
Provision for employees' benefit	587	1,093	
Other payables	2,463	2,570	
	25,042	20,703	

The carrying amounts of accruals and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 31 March	
		2023 \$'000
US\$	<b>5,037</b> 1	0,076
RMB	13,813	7,089
HK\$	6,192	3,538
	<b>25,042</b> 2	0,703

#### 29 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	Year ended 31 March	
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Profit before taxation	48,821	76,290
Adjustment for:		
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(602)	(347)
Finance costs	163	1
Finance income	(9,275)	(5,224)
Depreciation (Note 8)	12,556	13,293
Non-cash employee benefits expenses — share-based payments	2,546	2,545
Provision of impairment of property, plant and equipment (Note 16)	-	303
Provision for impairment of slow-moving inventories (Note 18)	791	733
Provision of allowance for expected credit loss	3	7
Operating cash flows before movement in working capital:	55,003	87,601
Inventories	(7,585)	23,269
Trade receivables	(14,482)	50,063
Contract assets	1,027	(3,737)
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	(2,640)	2,128
Pledged bank deposit	2,291	129
Trade payables	2,386	(40,558)
Accruals and other payables	4,515	(9,020)
Cash generated from operations	40,515	109,875

#### (a) Significant non-cash transactions

In the consolidated cash flow statement, proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment are analysed as follows:

	Year ended 31 March		
	2024	2023	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Net book amount (Note 16)	58	2	
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	602	347	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	660	349	

#### 29 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flow will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

	<b>Borrowings</b> HK\$'000	Lease liabilities HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
As at 1 April 2022	306	401	707
Cash flows			
— Repayment of bank borrowings	(306)	_	(306)
— Payment of lease liabilities	-	(401)	(401)
At 31 March 2023	-	-	-
As at 1 April 2023	_	_	_
Cash flows			
— Payment of lease liabilities	-	(907)	(907)
Non-cash movement			
— Addition of leases	-	3,984	3,984
— Interest accruals	_	163	163
At 31 March 2024	_	3,240	3,240

#### **30 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY**

	As at 31	March
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets as per consolidated balance sheet		
Financial assets at amortised cost:		
Trade receivables	53,619	39,140
Other receivables and deposits	3,550	2,590
Pledged bank deposits	-	7,317
Cash and cash equivalents	253,573	247,126
Total	310,742	296,173

	As at 31	As at 31 March		
	2024	2023		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Liabilities as per consolidated balance sheet				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:				
Lease liabilities	3,240	_		
Trade payables	25,843	24,440		
Accruals and other payables	4,142	4,480		
Total	33,225	28,920		

#### 31 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2023 and 2024, the Group had the following capital commitments:

	As at 31 March		
	2024	2023	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Contracted but not provided for:			
Property, plant and equipment	179	1,702	

#### 32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties are those parties that have the ability to control, jointly control or exert significant influence over the other party in holding power over the investee; exposure or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or joint control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

(a) Save as disclosed in Note 12 and 14 of this report, the directors of the Company are of the view that the following parties were related parties that had transaction with the Group during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2024:

Name of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Mr. Li Shu Yeh	Ultimate shareholder and executive director of the Company
Ms. Sit Hor Wan	Ultimate shareholder of the Company
Ms. Li Sen Julian	Executive director of the Company
Ms. Tang Suk Yee	Executive director of the Company

#### (b) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors (executive and non-executive) and the senior management of the Group. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

	Year ende	d 31 March
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Wages and salaries	5,509	6,231
Discretionary bonus	998	1,848
Retirement benefits — defined contribution plans:		
— Hong Kong	72	72
— PRC	36	36
Share-based payments	1,268	1,268
	7,883	9,455

#### **33 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

There are no contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2023 and 2024.

#### **34 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the principal subsidiaries of the Company as at 31 March 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Name of subsidiaries	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Date of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and principal place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital	Proportion shares dire	ectly held
					2024	2023
Directly held:						
Fourace Industries Group Limited	The British Virgin Islands (" <b>BVI</b> "), limited liability company	11 April 2019	Investment holdings, Hong Kong	US\$3 (2023: US\$3)	100%	100%
Profits Praise Enterprises Limited	The BVI, limited liability company	20 February 2023	Investment holdings, Hong Kong	US\$1 (2023: Nil)	100%	-
Indirectly held:						
Witty Mind Enterprises Limited	The BVI, limited liability company	20 February 2023	Investment holdings, Hong Kong	US\$1 (2023: Nil)	100%	-
Profit Brilliant Limited ("英益有限公司")	Hong Kong, limited liability company	24 February 2023	Inactive	HK\$1 (2023: Nil)	100%	-
Fourace Industries Limited ("科利實業有限公司")	Hong Kong, limited liability company	18 August 1987	Sales and marketing of electrical appliances, Hong Kong	HK\$2,500,000 (2023: HK\$2,500,000)	100%	100%
Regal Silver Limited ("銀雄有限公司")	Hong Kong, limited liability company	3 February 2023	Sales and marketing of electrical appliances, Hong Kong	HK\$1 (2023: Nil)	100%	-
Shenzhen Fourace Electrical Appliances Limited* ("深圳科利電器有限公司")	People's Republic of China (the " <b>PRC</b> "), limited liability company	22 May 2015	Manufacturing and supplying of electrical appliances, the PRC	HK\$44,000,000 (2023: HK\$44,000,000)	100%	100%
Shenzhen Tian Hao Regal Silver Technology Limited* ("深圳天浩銀雄科技 有限公司")	The PRC, limited liability company	13 April 2023	Manufacturing and supplying of electrical appliances, the PRC	HK\$30,000,000 (2023: Nil)	100%	-

<sup>\*</sup> English translation is for identification purpose only

#### 35 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets			
Non-current asset			
Investment in a subsidiary		185,226	185,226
Current asset			
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments		259	264
Amount due from subsidiaries		99,024	96,884
Cash and cash equivalents		695	2,201
		99,978	99,349
Total assets		285,204	284,575
		203,201	201,373
Equity			
Share capital	22	12,786	12,786
Reserves	35(a)	271,860	271,087
Total equity		284,646	283,873
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accruals and other payables		558	702
Total liabilities		558	702
Total equity and liabilities		285,204	284,575

The balance sheet was approved by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2024 and was signed on its behalf.

Li Shu Yeh Director

Li Sen Julian Director

#### 35 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Reserve movement of the Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Share-based payments reserve HK\$'000	(Accumulated losses)/ retained earnings HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> HK\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2022	264,982	1,558	(1,067)	265,473
Profit for the year	=	=	22,247	22,247
Total comprehensive income			22,247	22,247
<b>Transactions with owners</b> Share-based payments Dividend paid	- -	2,545 –	– (19,178)	2,545 (19,178)
		2,545	(19,178)	(16,633)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	264,982	4,103	2,002	271,087
Balance at 1 April 2023	264,982	4,103	2,002	271,087
Profit for the year	-	-	27,634	27,634
Total comprehensive income			27,634	27,634
<b>Transactions with owners</b> Share-based payments Dividend paid		2,546 -	- (29,407)	2,546 (29,407)
	_	2,546	(29,407)	(26,861)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	264,982	6,649	229	271,860

#### **36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 36.1 Subsidiaries

#### Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

#### **Business combination**

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations other than business combination under common control. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs.

#### Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKFRS 9 in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquired fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

#### **36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### 36.1 Subsidiaries (Continued)

#### **Separate financial statements**

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

#### 36.2 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

#### 36.3 Foreign currency translation

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("**the functional currency**"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### **Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other gains, net".

#### **Group companies**

The results and financial position of all the Group's entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the Group's presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (c) all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

# 36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 36.4Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets included the rights to use certain properties under leases which are measured at cost. The initial costs of right-to-use assets include the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
- Any initial direct costs; and
- Restoration cost.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over their lease term using the straight-line basis, as follows:

Land 45 to 50 years
Office premises 2 years

#### 36.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the year in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold improvements 5% or over the remaining period of the lease, whichever is shorter Factories and buildings 2% or over the remaining period of the lease, whichever is shorter

Office equipment 20%

Motor vehicles 10%–25%

Plant and machinery 10%

Moulds and tools 33%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 36.7).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within "other gains, net" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

# 36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 36.6 Investment property

Investment property, principally comprising a leasehold land and building, is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group. In such cases, the operating lease concerned are accounted for as if it was finance lease. Investment property is initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs. The investment property is subsequently measured at cost less depreciation and impairment loss.

Depreciation of land and building is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate its costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Land portion
 Remaining lease term of the land

Building portion40 years

The assets' residual value and useful life is reviewed, and is adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 36.7).

#### 36.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. All impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

#### 36.8 Financial assets

#### 36.8.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets at amortised cost only if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows;
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

#### 36.8.2 Recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction cost of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### 36.8.3 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and reward of ownership.

# 36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 36.9 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

#### 36.10 Impairment of financial assets

The Group's financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to HKFRS 9's expected credit loss model. The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 3.1 sets out the details on how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables and contract assets. The provision matrix is determined based on consolidated observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and contract assets with similar credit risk characteristics and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the consolidated observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

For other receivables, the Group measures the impairment as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of the other receivables has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

#### 36.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

#### 36.12 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment.

#### 36.13 Cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits

In the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks with original maturity of three months or less. Pledged bank deposits represent the amounts of cash pledged as collateral to banks for the bank facilities and a bank guarantee.

# 36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 36.14 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 36.15 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 36.16 Lease liabilities

The Group leases one land and one property to operate as its factory and office premises. Property lease is typically made for fixed periods of two years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain various different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Property leases are recognised as right-of-use assets at the date of which the respective leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

#### 36.17 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the years comprises current and deferred income tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### **36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### 36.17 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

#### **Current income tax**

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### **Deferred income tax**

#### Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Consolidated Financial Information. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

#### Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

#### Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

#### **36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### 36.18 Employee benefits

#### **Employee leave entitlements**

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### **Pension obligations**

Hong Kong

The Group participates in a pension scheme under the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance ("MPF Scheme") for all employees in Hong Kong. The contributions to the MPF Scheme are based on minimum statutory contribution requirement of 5% of eligible employees' relevant aggregate income up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 per employee per month. The assets of this pension scheme are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. Other than the contributions, the Group has no further obligation for the payment of retirement and other post-retirement benefits of its employees in Hong Kong.

#### The PRC

In accordance with the rules and regulations in the PRC, the PRC based employees of the Group participate in a defined contribution retirement benefit plan organised by the relevant provincial government in the PRC under which the Group and the PRC based employees are required to make monthly contributions to these plans calculated as a percentage of the employees' salaries.

The provincial government undertakes to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired PRC based employees payable under the plan described above. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligation for the payment of retirement and other post-retirement benefits of its employees. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in independently administrated funds managed by the PRC government.

The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement schemes are recognised as employment costs when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### **36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### 36.19 Share-based payments

#### (a) Equity-settled share awards

The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the share awards is recognised as an employee benefits expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the share awards granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, the Company's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save or holding shares for a specified period of time).

The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of awards that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing performance and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the awards are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited directly to equity.

If the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, at a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee, as measured at the date of modification.

#### (b) Share-based payment transactions among group entities

The grant by the Company of award shares and options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent entity accounts.

#### **36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)** 36.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

#### 36.21 Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

#### 36.22 Rental income from investment property

Rental income from investment property is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### 36.23 Contract assets and contract liabilities

Upon entering into a contract with a customer, the Group obtains rights to receive consideration from the customer and assume performance obligations to transfer goods or services to the customer. The combination of those rights and performance obligations give rise to a net asset or net liability depending on the relationship between the remaining rights and the performance obligations. The contract is an asset and recognised as contract assets if the measure of the remaining conditional rights to consideration exceeds the satisfied performance obligations. Conversely, the contract is a liability and recognised as contract liabilities if consideration received (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer exceeds the measure of the remaining unsatisfied performance obligations.

Contract assets relating to the moulds and tools services are the Group's right to consideration in exchange for services that the Group has transferred to the customer. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the right to bill the customer has been established and receipt of the consideration is conditional only upon the passage of time.

#### 36.24 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the entities' shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

# 36 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 36.25 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

#### 36.26 Research and development

Research expenditure and development expenditure arising from research phase shall be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Research expenditure and development expenditure arising from development phase that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique intangible asset controlled by the Group are recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale
- Management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it
- There is an ability to use or sell the intangible asset
- It can be demonstrated how the software will generate probable future economic benefits, and
- The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognise as an asset in a subsequent period.

# **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the published results and of the assets, liabilities and equity of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the Company's annual reports, is set out below.

#### **RESULTS**

	Year ended 31 March				
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000
Revenue	268,024	365,561	473,390	437,446	362,094
Profit before taxation	48,821	76,290	72,291	71,913	55,082
Income tax expenses	(10,105)	(12,085)	(12,570)	(13,774)	(11,726)
Profit for the year	38,716	64,205	59,721	58,139	43,356
Profit for the year attributable to					
equity holders of the Company	38,716	64,205	59,721	58,139	43,356

#### **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

	As at 31 March				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets					
Non-current assets	110,468	112,755	123,087	118,828	120,846
Current assets	365,448	344,024	346,947	308,306	149,414
Total assets	475,916	456,779	470,034	427,134	270,260
Equity and liabilities					
Total equity	414,111	405,364	364,783	347,458	192,484
Non-current liabilities	10,070	6,053	5,648	4,433	3,063
Current liabilities	51,735	45,362	99,603	75,243	74,713
Total liabilities	61,805	51,415	105,251	79,676	77,776
Total equity and liabilities	475,916	456,779	470,034	427,134	270,260

# FOURACE A 和 利 FOURACE INDUSTRIES GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 科利實業控股集團有限公司